



As a Family Christmas Gift This Wonderful Instrument— THE EDISON DIAMOND DISC

How much is spent in your family for Christmas presents given to one another? Amounts to a substantial sum in the aggregate, doesn't it? And, after all, many of the gifts aren't perhaps appropriate—so often they reflect the donor's tastes rather than the recipient's. Nowadays many families are eliminating the numerous small presents. The Edison Diamond Disc makes an ideal group gift.

BEYER PHARMACY The Retail Store Block South P. M. Depot

"WORLD INDEPENDENCE" TO COME AFTER THE GREAT WAR

It is predicted that what the American colonies claimed July 4, 1776, the whole world shall have not many months from now: Political freedom, civil liberty, personal independence. But thoughtful Americans know that this "independence" actually makes the states more "dependent" on each other than ever.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH SCHEDULE OF SERVICES:

- 9:30 a. m.—The session will meet in the church parlors to receive those desiring to unite with the church.
10:00 a. m.—Public worship. "God's Two Kinds of Forgiveness."—Lk. 7:47. Members will be received and the ordinance of baptism will be administered.
11:20 a. m.—Sabbath-school. C. H. Rauch, Supt. Lesson, "Nehemiah Rebuilds the Walls of Jerusalem"—Neh. Ch. 4. Classes for all ages, and competent teachers have charge.
2:00 p. m.—Junior Christian Endeavor. Miss Ellen Gardner and Mrs. Whipple superintend this important work. Last Sabbath about thirty children were present.
6:00 p. m.—Senior Christian Endeavor. Topic, "Self-Control"—1 Cor. 9:24-27. (Consecration meeting). Leader, Miss Regina Polly. New members to be elected.
7:00 p. m.—Evening worship. "The Bruised Reed"—Mt. 12:20.

Everybody cordially invited; specially those without a church home.

Christmas Shopping....

should be done early this year of all years if you wish an assortment from which to select your gifts, as there will be no re-orders on account of the freight situation.

We have our full line of Christmas Goods on display including Dolls, Toys, Fancy Baskets, Stationery, Perfumes, Box Candy, Parisian Ivory, etc.

Also the finest line of Christmas Booklets, Tags, Cards and Seals ever in town.

Come and see our line before selecting elsewhere.

Pinckney's Pharmacy

Always Open. Free Delivery

HEATING PLUMBING SERVICE.....

is the big thing in life; we make it the dominant idea in our business.

Lay aside your Xmas Gifts NOW. Anything you desire may be placed aside for Christmas delivery.

Pyrex Baking Ware, Aluminum Dishes, Silverware, Sweepers

and many other pleasing gifts. Install a Bathroom outfit as a Xmas present to wife, daughter and son.

Yesterday is gone—forget it. Tomorrow never will come—you should worry. Today is here—step lively.

North Village F. W. HILLMAN

TINNING HARDWARE

With the County Agent

It has been a year since agitation for a County Agent was first started in this county. The body of men organized for the purpose was called The Wayne County Farmers' Federation.

Plymouth Agricultural Association Buys Tomato Plant

At a well attended meeting of the members of the above Association, held last Saturday evening at the Grange hall, Secretary G. C. Ravlier gave a preliminary report of the financial condition of this organization, which created a considerable surprise among the members, for the showing that this young organization has made pleased even the most critical members.

The Proposed New Charter

On five pages of this paper will be found the proposed new charter for Plymouth. A special election for its adoption or rejection has been called for Monday, December 17, 1917, notice of which also appears in this issue.

Elect New Officers

At the annual meeting of Plymouth Rock Lodge, No. 47, F. & A. M., held in Masonic hall, last Friday evening, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

Quarterly Communion Service

The quarterly observance of the sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be held at the Presbyterian church, December 9th, a week from next Sunday.

Committee Meeting

The general evangelistic committee of the Fikes campaign will meet, Sunday afternoon, at 2:00 o'clock, in the Methodist church, on call of the chairman, W. J. Burrows, to transact closing business, before dissolving the committee.

James Taylor of Jackson, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Vealey, over Sunday.

Aged Resident of Canton Passes Away

James Clinton Knapp, a life-long resident of Canton township, passed away at his home there, Thursday, November 22, 1917, aged 77 years, 2 months and 26 days. The funeral was held from his late home last Sunday afternoon, Rev. Karl P. Miller officiating. Interment at Riverside cemetery.

Alumni Will Give Reception and Entertainment

The Plymouth High School Alumni is planning a dedication and reception for December 6th and 7th in the adequate auditorium of the new High School. All the proceeds will be used in placing an alumni memorial.

A musicale will be given in connection with this. Hand bills will give further announcements and synopsis of "Mr. Bob" tickets. 35 cents; no extra charge for reserved seats. Seats reserved at Pinckney's. Friday evening, Dec. 7, a six o'clock dinner will be served, to which every Plymouth alumnus and a guest are invited.

On Way to War Front

The following from the Los Angeles Times, November 17th, will be of interest to our readers:

"Boren R. Benton, 19-year-old son of R. P. Benton, a member of Exemption Board No. 16, in the Porto Heights district, left last night for Fort McDowell, at San Francisco, to join the United States Engineers. From San Francisco, the young soldier will start within a few days for New York City, where he will go through a course of training at Columbia University, preparatory to active service at the war front. The exemption official's son is one of the youngest men to enlist in the engineering branch of the army in this city. He is assigned to what is known as the 'Gas and Flame Corps.' He has made a special study of chemistry for the last three years and this knowledge is understood to have played a part in his selection for a branch of the service, which, like the camouflage work, is comparatively new in war operations."

Mrs. Benton, who is living with her sister, Mrs. C. W. Olds, expects to meet her son in New York before his departure for France.

Art Exhibit Great Success

The Plymouth public school art exhibit and festa was a splendid success, as all who were present will acknowledge. The proceeds will be stated in next week's Mail, but we assure you that you have made possible many fine pieces of art for our children and the school, one more thing to be thankful for this season. The student body and faculty certainly worked for and appreciate the co-operation of Plymouth and its community.

Kuhn's Cash Store

These Prices Will Save You Money

- Granulated Sugar, per pound.....8c
Large Bar Ivory Soap, (When we have it).....10c
Stott's Fancy Flour.....\$1.50
Golden Egg Macaroni or Spaghetti.....10c
Standard Gasoline, per gallon.....23c
Onions, per pound.....4 1/2c
White Ribbon Raisins, per package.....11c
Crisco, per can.....42c
Large Head Rice, 3 pounds.....27c
Galvanic Soap, per bar.....5c
Kirk's Flake White Soap, per bar.....5c
Corn Flakes, large size package.....10c
Store Cheese, per pound.....33c
Oyster and Butter Crackers, per pound.....16c
Coal Oil, per gallon.....13c
Choice Potatoes, per peck.....40c
Best Creamery Butter, per pound.....50c
Cider Vinegar, per gallon.....25c
Black Pepper, 1/4 pound.....10c
Burlington Peerless Flour, per sack.....\$1.45
Hull's Columbus Flour, per sack.....\$1.59
Hull's City of the Straits Flour, per sack.....\$1.43
Good Lard, per pound.....31c
Dedicated Brand Coffee, per pound.....25c
Yum-Buck Coffee, with dishes, per pound.....33c
Fresh Beef and Pork at reasonable prices
Fruit or Wilbur's Stock Food, One-Half Retail Price
Men's Heavy Fleece-lined Underwear, per garment.....69c
Men's Union Suits.....\$1.48
Ladies' Union Suits.....\$1.23

Delivery Saturday afternoon. Telephone orders must be in Saturday Noon for Saturday Delivery.

GEORGE E. KUHN PHONE 301 F-4, PLYMOUTH EX.

Come to Horton's at Newburg and Save Your Money

SATURDAY SPECIALS

- Commercial Flour, 24 1/2 lb. sack.....\$1.55
Early June Peas, "Wireless Brand".....13c can or 2 for 25c
Milkmaid's Oats, small package.....12c
Larger Jar of Cocoa.....25c
Campbell's Vegetable and Tea soups, per can.....11c
Largest Can Milk.....12c
Sweet Can Milk.....6c
Borden's Malted Brand, per package.....12c
Milkmaid Tapioca, per package.....18c
Store Cheese, per pound.....33c
Cottage Cheese, per pound.....33c
Lamb chops, per pound.....24c
Borden's Steak, per pound.....25c
Parsnips and Potatoes, per pound.....27c
Sweet Potatoes, per pound.....17c
Pumpkins, per pound.....18c
Canned Apples.....25c
Borden's Apples.....20c

Please get your order in by noon Saturday.

WE DELIVER THE GOODS

J. H. HORTON

PHONE 418-22

..FREE..

For this week only, we will give you a

Tooth Brush

with every purchase of Penslar Tooth Paste, Nyal Tooth Paste or Norwich Dental Cream.

Central Drug Store

Successors to Rockwell's Pharmacy Phone 122

News of the Week Cut Down for Busy Readers

U.S.—Teutonic War News

The diminishing effectiveness of the German submarine was officially recognized by the United States government.

Arrival of American troops in France has kept pace with the expectation of the war department, Secretary Baker said at Washington in the first statement he has ever authorized in connection with the progress being made in increasing General Pershing's forces.

The first official admission that the draft law is to be amended and that a plan is being considered for calling out youth down to eighteen years was made at Washington by Provost Marshal General Crowder in a letter to the exemption boards.

One American medical reserve officer attached to the British forces was killed in Flanders, General Pershing reported to the war department at Washington. First Lieutenant Orlando Gochnaur was killed. His next of kin is Mrs. F. A. Gochnaur, Freeport, Ill.

Premier Lloyd George opened the allied war conference at London with a speech in which he told the members of the American mission present that the collapse of Russia and the reverses to Italy "made it even more imperative than before that the United States send as many troops as possible across the Atlantic as early as possible."

Foreign

About 150 pro-German Greeks have been arrested at Athens charged with espionage, propaganda and diffusion of false news. They will be expelled.

The Vatican is accused in an editorial in the London Morning Post of being implicated in the propaganda which, the newspaper says, was largely responsible for the recent Italian reverses.

The bolshevik government at Petrograd, according to a report to London from Haparanda, has sent representatives to meet German Socialist delegates, probably at Stockholm, to arrange an armistice and negotiate a peace.

Leon Trotsky, who is in charge of foreign affairs in the bolshevik cabinet, emphatically declared at Petrograd that the soldiers and workmen's government was against a separate peace with Germany.

A reduction of the Russian armies, beginning with the class conscription in 1918, has been proclaimed by M. Lenin, the bolshevik leader, in an official announcement issued at Petrograd. The order is to take effect immediately. The note of Leon Trotsky, the bolshevik foreign minister, to the allied embassies, conveying the announcement of the proposal for an armistice, reached the embassies.

One of the largest and most important chemical works in Germany, the Greibheim, near Frankfurt-on-Main, was destroyed by an explosion, according to a dispatch received at Zurich from Frankfurt.

An Amsterdam dispatch says the independent socialists tried to hold meetings in Berlin on Sunday despite the government prohibition.

General Kaledine, the Don Cossack leader, is described in dispatches received at the state department from Swedish sources as "the man of the hour." He is said to be holding Petrograd at his mercy as regards food and is expected to take possession of the capital shortly.

Domestic

Two thousand dollars was obtained from the Italian-American bank at Denver, Colo., by two young men, who held up the cashier and escaped in an automobile.

Telegrapher Hart failed an attempt to rob the Dexter bank at Dexter, Mich. He threw a semaphore, stopping a train after all wires out of the city had been cut. The bandits escaped.

The temporary halt in the movement of wheat to the seaboard was explained in a statement issued at Washington saying that the railroads had stopped shipments for a time so that the corn may be moved.

Dan Shay, former Milwaukee baseball manager, was found not guilty of murder in the second degree for shooting to death Clarence Boell, a colored café waiter, by a jury in criminal court at Indianapolis. Shay's plea was self-defense.

Two men were burned to death in a fire in a frame building at Duluth, Minn. They were identified as Fred Olson and Ole Larson. The fire caused an explosion.

Crackmen entered the Farmers and Merchants' bank at Hillside, Ill., through the door of the vault and carried off \$400 in currency.

The Trustee State bank of Elmwood, N. D., was entered and after forcing the safe the robbers escaped with more than \$4,000.

HOUSEKEEPERS WARNED

Washington, Nov. 24.—This statement was made by Herbert Hoover, United States food administrator:

"We have reports from various parts of the country of crooks, thieves and confidence operators who are going from house to house purporting to be authorized by the food administration and other departments of the government to collect or commandeer foodstuffs for the government or the army."

"I wish to say emphatically that no department of the government has or will ever make such demands on householders, and that all such people are petty frauds and should be held for the police. The government agencies are investigating various cases and information is sought of all such persons by this department."

Althea Karlson, a young school teacher, who recently shot and killed her father at their home in the Town of Scotts, near Kalamazoo, Mich., was acquitted by a circuit court jury.

Washington

An offer by the British admiralty to decorate certain officers and men of two American destroyers for their services in combating German submarines has been declined, Secretary Daniels announced at Washington, because the laws of this country prevent sailors and soldiers from receiving decorations from foreign governments.

The railroad brotherhood chiefs, in a statement issued at Washington after a two hours' conference with President Wilson on the wage dispute, announced that any suspension of transportation would be avoided, and declared their willingness to discuss and consider any proposed solution of the difficulties.

There is to be another shakeup in the emergency fleet corporation at Washington, the organization charged with construction of ships for the government's vast merchant marine program. Rear Admiral Washington L. Capps sent to Secretary of the Navy Daniels his resignation as general manager of the fleet corporation.

The appointment of William C. Gorgan, surgeon general of the army, as head of a committee selected by the war department to investigate food conditions at army camps was made known at Washington in a joint statement by Secretary Baker and Food Administrator Hoover, answering complaints of waste at army camps.

It was announced at Washington that the departmental commanders have been relieved of the duty of assigning troops to guard industries and railroads as the first step in the war department's general plan for co-operating with the states in a system of internal control during the war that will not drain the fighting forces.

Three officers and 18 enlisted men lost their lives when the United States destroyer Chauncey was sunk in the dark by a collision in the war zone. Vice Admiral Sims reported the accident to Washington. He said the Chauncey's commander, Lieutenant Commander Walter E. Reno, died at his post on the bridge.

Federal milk control by regional commissions has been decided on, the national food administration announced at Washington. It is not expected that a uniform national price will be attained, but it is believed many important reforms will result among both producers and distributors.

American shipyards whose construction was completed by the government completed last week 20,000 tons of merchant shipping. The shipping board announced at Washington that this brought their total output since the commandeering order was issued, August 4, up to 28 vessels of 150,000 tons' capacity.

European War News

In the past few days the Germans have sunk five Dutch fishing boats, three outside the barred zone, according to a special dispatch to London from Amsterdam.

According to advices received at Amsterdam Gen. von Ludendorff, first quartermaster general of the German armies, has started for the eastern front in connection with the Russian offer of a truce.

A British patrol vessel was torpedoed by an enemy submarine in the Mediterranean November 19, according to an admiralty statement issued at London.

General Byng's victory over the Germans was acclaimed by the bells of London. It is the first time they have pealed since the war began. News of the great success of the British troops has stirred the nation beyond words.

It was announced in London that British forces operating against the Turks in Palestine have reached the outskirts of Jerusalem. Occupation of the Holy City by General Allenby's forces is expected without serious opposition.

Seventeen British merchantmen were sunk by mines or submarines last week, according to the weekly statement issued in London by the British admiralty. Of these, ten were vessels of 1,600 tons and over and seven of less than 1,000 tons.

In a war casualty list issued at Ottawa, Ont., appear the names of Joseph Goodman of Chicago and W. E. McKenna of Freeport, Ill., wounded and Sergt. Robert Lewis of Chicago, killed.

RAPID PROGRESS MADE BY ROOKIES

FIRST CONTINGENTS AT CUSTER HELP NEW MEN TO GRASP INSTRUCTIONS.

BIG FOOD DEALERS FACE BAN

Although Orders to Get Licenses Were Issued to All, Many Have Failed to Apply.

Lansing. The 12,000 men just added to Camp Custer, division officers say are making greater progress in learning soldierly than those who preceded them. Not that they possess greater intelligence or greater learning powers and adaptability, but where the camp of the first days had only a comparatively few instructors, the officers and regular army non-coms, now it has thousands potentially in the men who have been training here for the past two months.

Under the program each man in the first two contingents aids in teaching the "rookies."

In addition orders have gone forth that the program of the past eight weeks will be renewed for the benefit not only of the rookies, but for the older men themselves, and especially those who have shown that they had not grasped it thoroughly.

Division officers believe the camp's program will not be retarded by the new men more than a month or six weeks.

Big Dealers Must Get Licenses

George A. Prescott, State food administrator, has received word from National Food Administrator Hoover that many Michigan elevators, canners, jobbers, commission men, brokers, wholesalers and retailers, doing a business of \$100,000 a year, have not applied to the government food administration for licenses as they should have done by November 1 and that proceedings will be started immediately to suspend trading operations of such firms unless applications are received at once.

Lists of licenses will be forwarded the Michigan administrator soon. Complaints of violations of the above-named tradesmen should be reported to Michigan's food administrator and not to Washington.

Of the 2,900 restaurants and hotels in Michigan, Mr. Prescott says that 1,300 of them have signed pledges already to observe meatless and wheatless days and further co-operate with the food administration. Monthly reports will be made by restaurants and hotels to the food administrator on blanks, which will show the amount of meats and wheat saved each month.

Mr. Prescott says there are no "knockers" among the hotel or restaurant men and that co-operation exists along every line.

Small boarding houses are asking the food administrator for a menu that they can serve on meatless and wheatless days, as their patrons, many times workmen from factories, demand meat and bread. This situation has been taken care of, however, by sending out menus showing how to make various dishes from fish and substituting "Johnny cake" or fried mush for bread.

Many Marksmen at Waco

Because a large percentage of the Michigan and Wisconsin soldiers have been accustomed, since their boyhood to hunting during the open season in their states, the division at Camp MacArthur, Waco, is going to produce a high standard of marksmanship, according to officers who acted as instructors at the rifle range.

"A recruit who has done any gunning generally knows the mechanism of a gun," said one of the range officers. "He is accustomed to recoil and can handle a rifle with safety to himself and others about him. He needs little instruction about aiming, is a good judge of range, and in a dozen minor ways finds his training as a hunter of value to him in the army."

State Bean Growers Are Hopeful

The bean situation in Michigan is encouraging, said James N. McBride, state director of markets, on his return from Washington, where he went to intercede with the federal food administrator to give Michigan bean growers a chance.

Mr. McBride came back with the information that due consideration of the cost of growing beans would be given in the future. The prices which the government fixed for beans for the army and navy would mean \$6 beans to Michigan growers, and Mr. McBride believes that it is imperative that a representative of Michigan growers be at Washington for the next 60 days at least.

Auto Deaths On the Increase

Automobiles were responsible for 190 deaths in Michigan in 1916. The 1916 official figures, still incomplete, have reached 256, while the statistician of the state vital statistics department has already recorded 250 deaths due to motor cars this year. In 1912 there were 76 deaths, but the total has grown rapidly since then. Slayings and cases of self-destruction vary from year to year, despite the increase in population. Michigan averages 436 cases of self-destruction a year.

Farmer-to-Consumer System Fails

The farmer-to-consumer system of potato distribution devised last summer by State Market Director Jas. McBrine has crumbled, because thousands of bushels of Michigan potatoes have frozen in the ground. Out of 13 carloads contracted for Detroit at \$1.10 a bushel, delivered, only two and a half bushels were delivered. More than 1,000 Detroiters deposited money for 8,500 bushels of potatoes. Only 1,800 bushels were available. The deposited money will be refunded.

Compensation and Insurance

Maj. Gen. Joseph T. Dickman, commander of Camp Custer, has requested the newspapers to assist in imparting information as to the soldiers' allotment, dependents, compensation and insurance measures adopted by the war department.

He declares the allotment, compensation and insurance system "the most philanthropic measure ever adopted by any country in the world to care for its soldiers and their dependents."

Compensation Compulsory

The compensation system operates for the benefit of both the soldier and his dependents, particularly the latter. It is compulsory.

Every enlisted man with a wife is compelled to allot at least half his pay to her, whether she is dependent or not. To this amount, which is never lower than \$15, the government will add \$15 for the wife, \$25 for a wife and child, and \$32.50 for a wife and two children. An allowance of \$5 each will be made for other children.

In the event the soldier is a widower the government adds \$5 to his \$15 for one child, \$12.50 for two children, \$20 for three children, \$30 for four children, and \$5 additional for each additional child.

If the soldier is single the government adds to his \$15, \$10 for one parent, \$20 for both parents. Similar arrangements have been made when the allotment goes to a sister or brother with a child or children or to grand-children.

In the event of a soldier's death the government will give his childless widow \$25 per month; widow with one child, \$35; widow with two children, \$47.50, and \$5 additional for each additional child. If he leaves no widow the government will pay his one child \$20 per month, two children \$30, three children \$40 and \$5 additional for each additional child. The mother of a dead soldier receives \$20 per month.

The compensation to a widow or mother continues until their death or remarriage, that to a child until it is of age.

If a soldier is totally disabled he will be compensated monthly as follows: \$30 if without a wife and children; \$45, if with wife; \$55 if with wife and one child; \$65 if with wife and two children; \$75 if with wife and three or more children; if with no wife and but one child, \$40, and \$10 for each additional child. If he has a widowed mother dependent on him the government will add \$10 to the above sums. For loss of both eyes, both legs or both arms a soldier will receive a flat sum of \$100 per month. Insurance is Voluntary.

The insurance is voluntary and can be taken by any soldier or sailor in sums not less than \$1,000 nor greater than \$10,000. The premium rate is 60 cents per month per \$1,000 for men at 21 up to \$1.20 per month per \$1,000 for men at 41.

The insurance is payable to beneficiaries in 240 monthly installments, covering a period of 20 years.

One point army officers wish emphasized is that the insurance payments will be made in addition to the compensation allowed by the government as enumerated above.

In such event the widow of a soldier who had subscribed for \$10,000 insurance would receive monthly for 20 years \$41.67 in insurance payments and \$25 in compensation for herself and from \$10 to \$5 additional for each child.

Hundreds Discharged From Waco

That drastic measures must be taken by the government to conserve the youth of the nation was the opinion expressed by officers of high rank at Camp MacArthur, Waco, Texas, after it had been learned that between 500 and 600 enlisted guardsmen and as many more selected soldiers will have to be discharged from the service because of physical disability.

Guardsmen are being discharged at the rate of about 10 a day. A number of these are Michigan men.

Because of the tremendous task ahead of the medical board that examines each man up for a discharge, it is doubtful whether the selective soldiers receive consideration for several weeks, although it is known that more than 500 of the 3,000 that came down here from Camp Custer will be sent to the hospital as unfit for military service. That this many eventually will be discharged is almost certain.

In almost every case considered so far, the soldier discharged was afflicted long before he enlisted. Among the most common grounds given for certificates of disability are "mentally deficient," flat foot, goitre, defective eyes, rheumatism, joint trouble and the results of injuries received early in life.

CAMP CUSTER NOTES

Co. G, 337th Infantry, has been made recipient of a present of \$100 from residents of the Soo, the company members' home town.

The most remarkable physique in camp is that of Lawrence Myers, Detroit negro. Cantanment medical officer declares his physique is perfect. Myers is 6 feet tall and weighs 197 pounds. He was a sparring partner of Jack Johnson.

The war department has placed up to cantanment commanders the authority to pass on claims for exemption on the ground of dependent relatives when such claims are made by men now in service. Such claims must be filed within seven days after arrival at camp.

A protective league for young women, to look after the welfare of girls living in the zone of Camp Custer, is to be organized under the direction of the War Recreation commission.

STATE NEWS

Houghton—James D. Kinne, 55 years old, was killed when a revolver he was cleaning exploded.

Manistiquette—A gold piece was presented each of Schoolcraft county's 18 selected men at a banquet.

Holland—The headlights of an approaching automobile frightened away robbers who were holding up N. K. Prins, veterinary.

Kalamazoo—Maj. Gen. J. T. Dickman of Camp Custer sent a platoon of Kalamazoo county boys to this city to act as an escort to the 72 Kalamazoo youths who left for camp. A patriotic parade marked the departure of the men.

Saginaw—Resolutions calling on President Wilson to consolidate under the American Red Cross all future campaigns for funds for war time benevolences were adopted here at a meeting of wealthy and influential citizens.

Oxford—How are you going to substitute cottage cheese for meat when even in a country neighborhood you can't get cottage cheese? That question is asked here because the high price of feed has caused the slaughter of so many milk cows that there now is a shortage of sweet milk for the local trade.

Iron Mountain—William H. Hampel of Randville, 13 miles from this city, who lost his life when the United States destroyer Chauncey was sunk, left this city last spring, shortly before war was declared, to enlist in the navy. He was an officer on the Chauncey. Before enlisting he was a section hand on the C. M. & St. P. railroad.

Wyandotte—Two members of Wyandotte Home Guards were injured seriously and six others hurt slightly when an automobile owned and driven by F. J. Patten, Detroit, ran into the company's rear columns, on Biddle avenue, Wyandotte. Patten asserted he could not see the men because of blinding lights of another car.

Manistiquette—Filer Fiber Co. has opened its half million dollar plant employing 120 men.

Caro—Mrs. Alpin Greenfield, 22, died as a result of burns sustained at a fire in a local 10-cent store. Pouring oil in a stove to start a fire caused the fatal accident.

Detroit—When a team of runaway horses attached to a brewery wagon plunged through a school yard during the recess hour, Mildred Henze, was trampled to death.

Dimondale—Mrs. Ray Ireland, Dimondale's first woman munition maker, lost three fingers while working on a punch press. Her husband, who is a corporal at Camp Custer, has applied for his discharge.

Lansing—The attorney-general has ruled that no one is entitled to run a motor vehicle under a 1918 license before January 1. The sole purpose of permitting such licenses to be obtained now is to avoid confusion.

Hillsdale—Sergt.-Maj. Frederick K. Powell, of the British Royal Fusiliers, was killed in action the day after his promotion for bravery, according to word received here by his brother, A. R. Powell. Two other brothers, and three brothers of Mrs. Powell, are in service.

Mt. Pleasant—Sheriff J. E. Coon, of Isabella county, has rounded up seven men charged with a long list of burglaries in this and adjoining counties. The use of a peculiarly treaded tire on the auto of one of the men gave the officers a clue and enabled them to run down the gang.

Lansing—Petition to increase the telephone rates in 25 towns of the state have been filed with the Michigan railroad commission by the Citizens' Telephone company. Increases are sought in Ada, Alto, Byroncenter, Clarksville, Freeport, Graton, Harvard, Jamestown, Leroy, Manton, Moline, Tustin, Bellevue, Caledonia, Middleville, Lowell, Nashville, Reed City, Rockford, Saranac, Vermonville, Heidelberg and Ionia.

Kalamazoo—His mind unbalanced by a headache lasting seven years, Fred Price, 47 years old, of Comstock, was committed to the state hospital for the insane.

Ludington—Mrs. Edwin Shelby cut her wedding cake with her husband's ashre. Her husband, Lieut. Edwin Shelby, of New Orleans, is instructor in military tactics at Washington.

Detroit—Ten years in prison is the penalty Judge Connolly inflicted upon Simon Meschmow, who kidnaped a 14-year-old girl and "eloped" to Cleveland. William Woo was sentenced to serve a similar term for a like offense.

Pontiac—Locked in the refrigerator in his store at the Nine-mile road, J. H. Baehr was robbed by two strangers who rifled the safe they had forced him to unlock. He escaped from the icebox by pulling the lock off. The robbers took \$400.

Grand Rapids—Donald Carson, 14, lost two toes from his right foot when a shotgun in the hands of Charles Marbrose was accidentally discharged.

Marquette—After having been lost in the woods for three days on the Tequamenon river in Luce county, John Dietrich, of Saginaw, returned to Congressman Fordney's hunting camp at which he was staying, recounting a story of unusual hardships. While trailing a deer, he says, he got off the trail and next day found himself near the shore of Lake Superior, almost a score of miles from camp.

Reed City—Public schools and churches of Reed City were closed and all meetings cancelled on account of an epidemic of smallpox.

Detroit—United States Marshal Behrman put a \$1,000 padlock on the mouth of Frank Mansfield to prevent him from making further remarks against the government. Mansfield, who is an alien enemy, was taken before the marshal on the charge of making utterances, strongly pro-German, and was required to furnish a \$1,000 bond, to be forfeited if he again talked against the United States.

RELIEF FROM COAL SHORTAGE NEAR

FEDERAL FUEL ADMINISTRATION PROMISES TO HAVE COAL SENT HERE AT ONCE.

PENNSY MINES TO FILL NEEDS

According to Dr. Garfield, Michigan's Desperate Plight Will Be Relieved Shortly.

Lansing—Michigan's coal famine will be ended within a few days.

The promise was made by Dr. Garfield in person to John C. Hicks, president of the St. Johns National bank, of St. Johns, Mich., and a special assistant to W. K. Prudden, of Lansing, federal fuel administrator for Michigan.

Administrator Garfield's promise, which relates entirely to anthracite, or hard coal, means, according to Mr. Hicks, that a supply of coal entirely adequate to meet all of the state's needs will be sent here direct from the hard coal fields of Pennsylvania, which furnishes practically all of the anthracite coal used in the country.

No Strings on Pledge

According to Mr. Hicks, Fuel Administrator Garfield in his promise made no stipulation or condition of any sort, save as to the method coal dealers are to employ in bringing about distribution of the coal, and this is simple.

Under details worked out by Mr. Hicks and the national fuel administrator's anthracite division, Michigan's coal dealers, to obtain what coal they need, must apply to State Fuel Administrator Prudden, at Lansing, giving first the amount of coal needed, and then the name of their source of supply in 1916.

With this information in hand, Mr. Prudden, acting under authority from National Fuel Administrator Garfield, will see to it that the dealer is supplied through the same source from which he obtained his supply last year.

Railroads Will Co-operate

When asked if the railroad companies and other distributors and sources of supply would comply with the national fuel administrator's directions, Mr. Hicks said:

"Yes, that phase of the matter is covered fully under Dr. Garfield's authority. Coal companies must obey his instructions. If they do not, Dr. Garfield is empowered to find a way to make them."

Mr. Hicks said that, following his conference with Dr. Garfield, he talked with many of the larger coal operators in the east, and found them, without exception, entirely willing to co-operate with the government.

RAILROADS MERGE FACILITIES

Equipment of All Lines Pooled to Get Maximum Efficiency.

Washington—Face to face with a threat of complete government operation and the cutting of their profits to a minimum, the railroads of the country have taken drastic steps to avert these contingencies.

At the conference here the roads representatives were told that their services must be improved or the job turned over to the government.

The following plan is to be put into effect at once: Engines, rolling stock, machine tools and employes from railroads west of Chicago are to be transferred to the service of railroads east of Chicago. The shops of the western roads are to be used for repair work on eastern road equipment. Train service west of Chicago is to be cut to the bone.

The government is to take full control of all the railway systems with the management of the roads executing the governmental orders.

U. S. NOT TO SEIZE STATE MINES

Prudden Says Action is Not Likely if Operators Continue Work.

Lansing—Although the government stands ready to take over the Michigan coal mines, if necessary, there is no likelihood of such action at this time.

One or two of the mines have been inclined lately to dispute some of the arrangements made for them by State Fuel Administrator Prudden, and the Washington order is the result. The federal authorities have simply told Mr. Prudden that if he says the word they will take over control of the mines.

The state administrator says that most of the Michigan operators are playing fair and if they continue to do so, action on his part will be withheld.

Slackers Taken to Camp by Auto

Pontiac—Two Pontiac draft men who, it is said, were not very anxious to go to Camp Custer with the contingent leaving here last week, missed the train and reported later to the military board. Rather than leave the home after their alleged attempt to defeat the effort of the board to send them, an automobile tour was arranged. The two men were landed at Camp Custer not long after the special train bearing the others from Pontiac had arrived.

Hunting Accident Proves Fatal

Charlottesville—Glenn Goodrich, 17 years old, of Benton township, is dead from a wound received when he was accidentally shot in the hip while hunting.

Returns From Hospital, Auto Upsets

Grand Haven—Mrs. Pearl Brown, returning from a seven weeks' treatment at an Ann Arbor hospital, suffered serious injuries when the automobile in which she was riding collided with another car.

Detroit United Lines

Plymouth Time Table (EASTERN STANDARD TIME) EAST BOUND. For Detroit via Wayne 10:30 a. m. 4:45 a. m. and every hour 7:45 p. m. also 9:45 p. m. and 11:15 p. m. changing at Wayne.

Beautiful Monuments. are often marred by ill shaped and poorly cut letters. Note the work we have erected; or better still, visit our works and see the class work we are turning out in this line.

W. H. BETTEYS, M. D. Office and residence 11 Mill Street. Sixth door south of Baptist church.

Dr. A. E. PATTERSON. Office and residence, Main street, next to Express office.

C. G. DRAPER. JEWELER and OPTOMETRIST. Eye accurately fitted with Glasses.

R. E. COOPER, M. D. C. M., Physician & Surgeon. OFFICE OVER RAUCH'S STORE.

Some Notable Dignitaries. Somewhere in the wilds of Afghanistan there is an amer who boasts of as many high dignities as there are days in the year, among them being: "The Sovereign of the Universe, whom God created to be as accomplished as the moon at her plenitude; whose eye glitters like the northern star, a king as spiritual as a ball is round, who, when he rises, shades all his people, and from under whose feet a sweet odor is wafted." But perhaps the most remarkable title any monarch was ever proud in own was borne by the king of Monomotapa, whose praises were sung by his court poets and musicians as "Lord of the Sun and Moon, Great Magician and Great Thief."

Long and Short Falls. In one Kansas City building, the elevator boy who works mornings is very short, and the one who is on afternoons is very tall. When the short one comes up into view, he says "Watch your step," and you step out and down, although the floor is more frequently up. Consequently, you stub your toe and lose your dignity. Then about noon, the tall boy looms up. He says "Watch your step," and your sense of distance tells you the step is up. You raise your foot up, and fall down, crashing into the back of the car, providing some delicate old lady isn't in the way. Altogether, the variety of boys is very annoying to a man with a lame, stiff knee.—Kansas City Star.

Application of Term Creole. The term Creole is of uncertain origin, and has been applied to different race blends and mixed nationalities. George W. Cable, a native of Louisiana which is sometimes called "the Creole state" and author of a novel entitled "Old Creole Days," says: "The term did not first belong to the descendant of Spanish but of the French settlers. But such a meaning implied a certain excellence of origin, and so came early to include any native of French or Spanish descent by either parent whose new allegiance with the slave race entitled him to social rank. Later the term was adopted by, not conceding to the natives of mixed blood, and it

# HAPPENINGS in the CITIES

## Gilded Youths of Gotham Stage "Roughhouse"

NEW YORK.—Of course there must be tricks in every trade, but it isn't every day that they are unmasked as vigorously and with the acclamation which greeted the unveiling of a haberdashery plot at One Hundred and Sixteenth street and Broadway.



That section of the city's profile happens at present to be decorated largely with Columbia students, and it was in and about these that the skirmish began and ended.

Those of the population of Morningside Heights who were privileged to be in at the death were first introduced to the carnage when two youths met at the subway exit at that point. To avoid extravagant language, each youth was garbed as beautifully as the fairest lily of the field.

From a sartorial standpoint the two lads were most emphatically there. None but a cross-eyed old maid could have passed the two without sighs for a cozy corner, dim light and Romeo-and-the-balcony small talk.

Consequently, when suddenly they met, engaged each other in spirited conversation and then fell to with short jabs and counter-uppercuts and right hooks, there was little hurrying to classes in lab. 3 or philosophy 4.

But finally, unfortunately, a policeman from the West One Hundred and Twenty-fifth street station arrived and pried the two apart, still gnashing collar buttons and gold teeth at each other.

The two were representatives of clothing concerns near Columbia who have been made stalking horses for the trade of the students.

When Hubby Realizes," greeted Judge Fred W. Coon in a North side court. Judge Coon smiled appreciatively. "It's nice of you to bring your sketch down here," he said.



"We're not ready, and we won't be, and we didn't bring the sketch here, and it isn't going to be at any theater any more," said W. K. Abrams, husband of Miss Johns.

"Absolutely," said Miss Johns. A patrolman explained: "She had him arrested after the performance last night for peace disturbance."

"He has too much temperament," Miss Johns said. "He beat me, and my arms are black and blue, and my nerves wrecked from his brutal treatment."

"You ought to have fatfoot skates," it was his first remark. "How'd you come to get rockers?"

"Rockets? Why, Mr. Curtis bought them for me. Aren't they right?" "Take you twice as long to learn," indifferently.

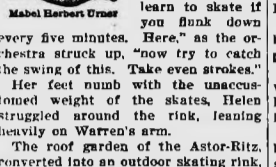
For the next ten minutes he piloted her along in languid gum-chewing silence, not troubling to direct her awkward efforts.

"Do I lift my feet enough?" determined to force some instructions. "Oh, that'll come. You can't do much the first lesson."

## The Married Life of Helen and Warren

By MABEL HERBERT URNER

HELEN IS CONSPICUOUSLY AWKWARD AT A FASHIONABLE ICE-SKATING RINK



"Lift your feet—don't slide 'em! And skate." Instructed Warren. "You're stiff as a ramrod. Try to sway from your hips."

"Dear me, my ankles ache so! Let me sit down—just for a second."

"You'll never learn to skate if you flunk down every five minutes. Here," as the orchestra struck up, "now try to catch the swing of this. Take even strokes."

Her feet numb with the unaccustomed weight of the skates, Helen struggled around the rink, leaning heavily on Warren's arm.

The roof garden of the Astor-Ritz, converted into an outdoor skating rink, was crowded with devotees of the new craze.

It was a fashion show on ice. "Warren I can't—I can't go around again!"

With a grunt of disdain he let her sink on one of the benches. Then free from her incumbering restraint, he swung off to the center, where a few of the more skillful were doing figures.

Warren, who at college had been captain of the hockey team, was an expert skater. With a thrill of pride Helen watched him glide through the most intricate figures with easy grace.

"Ready?" again he swooped down upon her. "No, you're not going to sit there! The only way to learn to skate—is to skate."

"My feet are numb. It's these shoes—they're laced too tight."

"That's all right, you want 'em tight. Bend your knees! Keep your feet under you—don't let 'em slide off to the side."

Trying to remember all these instructions, Helen floundered on. "You're clumsy enough, but thank heaven, you're not fat! Look at that tame hippo! Jove, I'd hate to have to steer her around."

white figures flying over the ice under the glowing Japanese lanterns and the clear star-spangled sky.

The glass-protected orchestra throbbed an accelerated waltz, as Christina away, leaped awaited, her fur-edged, pink-lined skirt swirling straight with her dizzy toe spins.

"Oh, not after that," protested Helen. But Warren dragged her out and put her through another ten minutes of persistent, rigorous coaching.

By this time she was chilled through, with reddened nose and wind-blown hair. Warren, relentless, would not let her stop for repairs.

"Never mind your hair—this is no beauty contest. You're learning to skate."

"But my ankles are giving out—I can't!" "Way to strengthen them. Come on, now—take longer strokes."

"Hello, Curtis! What're you doing here?" a tall, shaggy-coated man bore down upon them. "Didn't think you'd fall for this skating craze."

"Jack Wheeler!" beamed Warren. "Well, it's made a lot of the old-timers get their skates out of camphor. How're you making out?"

"Little stiff in the joints. Nearly broke my neck out there on an inside back three."

"That was a nasty turn. Have you met Mrs. Curtis?" "Dear, I've had enough," conscious of her reddened dishevelment. "You skate with Mr. Wheeler—I'll go in."

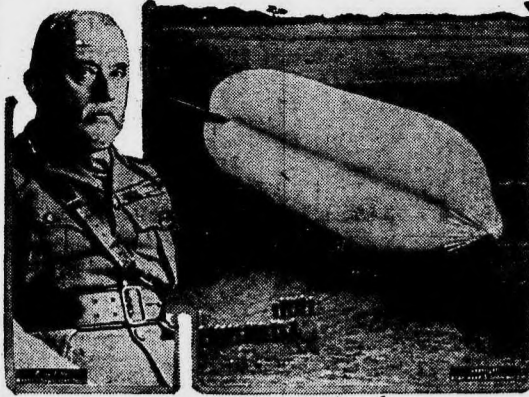
"Oh, no, you're not through yet. Got to get our four bucks' worth. You rest here while I take a turn with Wheeler."

As they spun off, Helen glanced longingly toward the exit. If only she could get into the dressing room to fix her loosened hair. She would have to go half way around the rink on the ice. Dared she risk it? Gingerly she rose, dug her skates into the ice, and, holding to the railing, minced toward the steps.

Just then two women, skating together, lost their balance and lurched heavily against her. They did not go down, but Helen, knocked from her insecure footing, fell sprawling.

The next second a man was lifting her to her feet, while others gathered up her vanity bag and its frivolous contents, scattered over the ice.

## DEFENDING ENGLAND AGAINST RAIDERS



This massive dirigible balloon is but one of the great number of similar craft guarding the coasts of Great Britain from attacks by Zeppelins and German airplanes. At the left is Field Marshal Sir John French, at the head of the British home defense forces.

## NEWSPAPER MAN DESCRIBES VISIT TO HEADQUARTERS

Nerve Centers of British and Canadian Armies Peaceful Even in Battle.

IS LIKE BUSINESS HOUSE

Function Calmly and Efficiently Without Turmoil or Slightest Disorder—Young Staff Officers Complain Because They Must Stay Out of the Show.

London.—During the past three years of warfare there have been daily communications emanating from a mysterious place called general headquarters, whose location or surroundings have never been mentioned, in fact are not known to the average soldier fighting in France, writes Hal O'Flaherty in the New York Sun.

To the citizen unacquainted with the affairs of giant armies the mention of the term general headquarters brings up a picture of a building in the heart of the great army activities, with muss-plattered couriers dashing up on horse or cycle and with sentries pacing to and fro armed to the teeth, while worried generals sit about great tables within tracing upon their maps the various positions in the front line.

The fact of the matter is that British general headquarters is perhaps the most peaceful and orderly place that one could imagine. The roads approaching the main buildings are not lined with troops and paraphernalia of war, nor is there any of the much-talked-of dramatics of fighting.

Guards Are Unarmed. It is a business house, conducted on the most advanced systems of efficiency. The traffic coming up to the heart of the gigantic chain of fighting units is regulated by military policemen who know their business and keep motorists and pedestrians going in the right direction.

The soldiers on duty in front of the building visited by the correspondent were unarmed and directed the arriving officers in a manner as courteous as that displayed by the commissionaire at the war office in London. With in there was nothing to indicate the presence of the greatest army chiefs.

The furnishings were modest, almost homely, and the atmosphere of the whole place was that of a peaceful and well conducted business establishment.

To secure an interview with one of the men who conduct the affairs of the British armies was simplicity itself. A telephone call sufficed to tell him of our coming and we were ushered into his office immediately upon our arrival.

An officer of the United States army, known as a "liaison officer," had quarters nearby. He has been working as hard as any man of affairs at home could work and his surroundings showed he wasn't in the habit of entertaining visitors.

"Take that rocking chair over in the corner," he said as we entered, and one of the party went over as directed and sat on the wooden box that had held his typewriter. A wooden table, two chairs and a rack for books made up the furnishings of his office.

On his table was a stack of correspondence a foot high, which if it could be read by the German high command would probably give them heart failure. There was something significant in that stack of letters. It was probably the first nucleus of a correspondence between the directing officials of the American army and the British upon whom they are depending for advice and information.

The following afternoon brought us by a lucky chance to Canadian headquarters, where we had the privilege of spending several hours with other men who are conducting operations. It was more than a lucky chance that brought us to Canadian headquarters almost at the same hour that the Ger-

mans began an attack—it was an act of providence.

Lighted by Lamps and Candles. It can be set down here without further parley that two newspaper men were never treated more royally than we were by these men who at the moment we entered their quarters were directing a barrage against a strong German attack.

In the midst of the tea the door opened and for a few minutes we were under the impression that every general on the western front had been deluged into our presence. It was a party of officers who had dropped in for tea and a chat with the army commanders.

Instead they had a rather amusing talk with two American correspondents, who were found interesting because they had been with the American army on the Mexican border and in France and had some idea of what the United States troops could do.

Their intense interest in preparations of the United States for war was manifested in every question, and their friendliness toward everything American was more than evident.

In two minutes the formality of introduction was over with and for fully half an hour the Canadian general staff dropped their heavy responsibilities and enjoyed the unique experience of entertaining two Americans.

It was the first time that such a gathering had ever assembled in this particular building and all made the most of it.

The staff captain who had introduced us suggested that we get a little exercise, explaining that the staff officers usually spend an hour in the evening playing badminton or some other game just to keep in condition.

We went out to a well constructed court similar to a tennis court and taped off in the same manner. For an hour we watched four officers bat the feathered shuttlecock across the net with a display of skill and strategy that was worthy of men who used strategy in a greater and more deadly manner.

We took a hand in the game for a time and then watched four others play off the staff champion.

Meet Famous Strategist. When the game broke up and we re-entered the headquarters building we were presented to a man whose name is famous the length and breadth of the British front. His keen strategists and forceful work have won for him the praise and admiration of every Canadian fighting in France and his record as a fighter would fill several books.

We were fortunate in having an opportunity of talking with him, for he, like the late General Funston, is keenly interested in newspaper work and it gave us a good start on the right plane. We explained to him our reasons for coming to headquarters and how the war was to meet us had broken down.

his office, where a number of telegraph and telephone operators sit at keys and switchboards. A cup of coffee is steaming at his desk, a broad, flat table, upon which is spread a great detail map with flags marking the line of attack. He drinks the coffee, lights his pipe and turns to greet his brother officers.

Men Go Over the Top. The hour of the attack is marked by a general glance at watches and then the phone rings. The men are over the top! Several phones ring. A number of objectives have been reached. An S. O. S. signal from "A" section. All reports are marked upon the big map by flags, and as each objective is reached a new flag is added.

As reports of trouble come from different points certain barrages are instructed to cut loose with everything they have.

A "cut-in" shows the men lying by their guns, which are loaded and trained upon certain points. The S. O. S. signal comes to the gunner nearest the string, who reaches out and gives it a yank while the other gunners jump into action.

Before the first shell has reached its destination a second is on its way and the big show is on in full swing. We see the men bombing the Germans out of dug-outs; fighting hand to hand in the open ground with vicious thrusting of bayonets.

Finally the picture reverts to headquarters, where we see the officer, tired eyes but smiling, reading the congratulations from all along the line and transmitting them to the victorious men out in the shell holes and trenches.

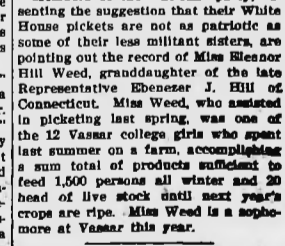
"I don't believe there's a one of us that wouldn't have given a great deal to be right down there with our men," he said. "That's the worst of having a staff job. One must take a distant view of things and stay out of the show, which isn't a pleasant task, especially for that young officer who just handed me this report. I'll venture to say that he'd sell with joy if he got orders to go back to his regiment tonight."

Along toward midnight our disabled car came limping up to headquarters for us and our farewells were said outside the door in the inky blackness of a rainy night. We shook hands there in the darkness with these men who had been our hosts. From the distance came the deep-throated growl of heavy guns.

"We never let up on them," said a voice from the steps. "It has been just as you hear it now for months, and we'll keep on until we finish the job. We are going to win."

And that is the spirit that pervades not only the headquarters staff but every camp and every dugout on the British front.

## PROUD OF HER RECORD.



Members of the National party, resenting the suggestion that their White House pickets are not as patriotic as some of their less militant sisters, are pointing out the record of Miss Eleanor Hill Weed, granddaughter of the late Representative Ebenezer J. Hill of Connecticut. Miss Weed, who assisted in picketing last spring, was one of the 12 Vassar college girls who spent last summer on a farm, accomplishing a sum total of products sufficient to feed 1,600 persons all winter and 20 head of live stock until next year's crops are ripe. Miss Weed is a sophomore at Vassar this year.

## DESCENDS IN BURNING PLANE

British Airman Recovers From Injuries Received After 1,000 Foot Drop.

London.—After one of the most miraculous escapes of the war, Major Bennet, D. S. O., is today recovering from his injuries in the Grosvenor hospital. While flying alone at a height of more than 1,000 feet his engine caught fire. He headed the machine toward the ground, from the flames reached his feet. He climbed out of the seat and crawled along the body of the plane toward the tail while the blazing plane plunged toward the earth. The flames reached him again. He swung himself off the frame and hung by his hands under the machine—now a mass of kerosene. He fell into a plowed field and was picked up suffering from a broken arm, scores of cuts and with all his hair scorched to a crisp.

Miss Mattie Johnson, who has tried it. She has divided her ten acres as follows: Two acres for strawberries and raspberries; two acres for wheat for chickens; three acres for alfalfa for cattle, hogs and horses; one acre for corn for chickens and hogs; one-half acre for vegetable garden; one-half acre for yard; one-half acre for beans and yams. Apple, plum and cherry trees are planted in the back yard and about the garden. She also may be kept at a profit, she says.

## ODDS AND ENDS

A Chinese textile made of raw silk can be washed in the earth a year without deterioration.

A German agriculturist has developed a method of extracting the fibrous inner bark of hop vines for use in the manufacture of cordage.

Death in Life. What we call "death" is after all, merely the culmination, premature or natural, of the dying that is going on within us each minute.

Well Protected. Friend—"Why do you maintain such a large office force?" Financier—"To prevent outsiders from bothering me."

IGNORANT NATION IS AT WAR. Recruit Says His Home Town in Arizona Also in Dark About World Affairs.

TEN ACRES FOR ONE FAMILY. Montana Woman Says It Is Sufficient, and She Has Tried It Also.

Billings, Mont.—Ten acres is enough to support a family, according to

# MEMBERS!

**THIS Association has ordered a High Grade Dairy Feed, analysis, Protein, 26 per cent. and Fats, 5 per cent. Call the office, get the price and place your order. We have every reason to believe that Dairy Feed will go higher—it has went up \$2.00 per ton since we placed this order.**

**We are now booking orders for Fertilizers.**

**It is urged that you place your order as soon as possible if you wish to be sure of getting just what you want.**

## Plymouth Agricultural Association

Telephone 370. Plymouth, Mich.

### The Universalist Meeting

The Universalist meeting held in the school house, Tuesday evening, called out a good audience composed chiefly however, of those who already knew and respected the church. Dr. Willis A. Moore of the Detroit church gave a simple statement of the more prominent points of the Faith and some items of interest about its development. Attention was called to the fact that the founder of the Red Cross, Clara Barton, that Saint, whom any church might be glad to claim, grew up in the Universalist church and found in its teachings of Brotherhood, the inspiration of her life work.

Important among the items of doctrine, Dr. Moore told this story in explanation of the position with regard to the personality of Jesus: Two men were climbing a mountain to find a home at its top. They lost their way and had differing opinions as to how to get there. Then they heard a voice and saw a man way up near the top calling to tell them how to get there. They started on to follow him, but then fell to wrangling about how the man got there. One said he must have come down from the top, the other that he must have come up from the bottom to have known all the devious ways by which they must come to get there. They took to abusing each other because they thought differently about who the man was when all the time he was up there showing them the way to the thing they most wanted. So with Jesus, He stands way above us bearing God's special message to us as to how we should come to Him.

A short address was made by Dr. George Armond who twelve years ago left the field, which he had occupied thirteen years as a Baptist evangelist. The work had not satisfied him as worth while and just now he comes back into the religious life again, still uncertain with what church to identify himself. He is studying the Universalist church with the idea that this most nearly expresses his thought of any which he has found.

—Contributed

### Death of Well Known Livonia Resident

Otto Melow, a well known and highly respected resident of Livonia township, passed away, Wednesday morning at 9:15 o'clock, at the age of 77 years. Mr. Melow had been in poor health for several years and had been confined to the house for the past six months. Death was caused from hemorrhage of the stomach. The funeral services will be held from the Lutheran church at Livonia Center, Sunday afternoon, at two o'clock. Rev. Charles Strasen will officiate. Services in both German and English. Interment in Livonia cemetery. Obituary next week.

Report of the Treasurer of the Y. M. C. A. Army Fund.

By subscription	\$1282.00
Picture Show	40.70
Collection at picture show	159.55
Collection at Depot	111.43
	\$1573.68
To C. T. Cudmore, Treasurer Y. M. C. A., Detroit	\$1567.58
Printing	5.00
Telephoning	50
Cloth for signs	60
	\$1573.68
W. T. Shaw, Treas.	

### CHURCH NEWS

**St. John's Episcopal Mission**  
H. Midworth, Missioner  
Sunday, Dec. 2—(advent)—Public worship at 10:15 a. m. Morning prayer and sermon.  
Mr. Torre's Sunday-school class meets at 9:30 sharp. Children joining the class must be at the church at that time.

**Baptist**  
Rev. Archibald L. Bell, Pastor.  
Phone 84W  
December 2, 1917—Morning worship, 10:00 a. m. Theme of sermon, "What Jesus is to Us." 11:20, a. m., Sunday-school. 6:00 p. m., Young People's meeting. Topic, "Self Control." Leader, Mrs. Farrand. 7:00 p. m., evening service. Subject, "Seven Things Christians Should Do." Monday evening at 7:00 p. m., meeting of S. W. L. Wednesday evening from 7:00 to 8:00 p. m., Youth's Bible Instruction Class. Thursday evening, mid-week prayer meeting at 7:00 o'clock.

**First Church of Christ, Scientist**  
First Church of Christ, Scientist, corner Main and Dodge streets. Sunday morning service, 10:30 o'clock. Subject, "Ancient and Modern Necromancy alias Mesmerism and Hypnotism. Denounced."  
Sunday-school at 11:30 a. m. Wednesday evening testimony service, 7:10. Reading room in rear of church, open daily except Sunday, from 2 to 4 p. m. Everyone welcome. A lending library of Christian Science literature is maintained.

**Bible Students**  
A. K. Dolph, Pastor.  
The class are starting in the new study of "The Finished Mystery," with a relish, zeal, zest and determination characteristic of bible students all over the land. This quality of a real warm perseverance is a good one and can stand cultivation in all proper walks of life. Surely then, how much more those matters pertaining to the deeper things of God. "Study," says the great apostle. It takes study, time and thought to delve deeply into prophecy—the inner secrets of God's words. Some of them written thousands of years ago and just beginning to come to pass now in our very day. Are you willing to pay the minimum price—study, time and attention? If so, there is a nice class in your very town for this scholarly and noble purpose. Why don't you come?

**Lutheran**  
Rev. Charles Strasen  
Next Sunday a new church year begins in the Lutheran church. There will be no Sunday-school on account of the celebration of the Lord's supper. Confessional services begin at 9:45, central standard time and will be in English. The morning sermon will also be in English. Text, St. Matthew 21:1-9. How shall we meet and receive the Lord at the beginning of a new church year. The evening services will be in German. The sermon will be a Thanksgiving sermon.  
Sunday afternoon at 2:00 o'clock, sun time, the funeral services for Otto Melow will be held at the Livonia Lutheran church. The service will be both in German and English.

**Methodist**  
Rev. Frank M. Field, Pastor.  
Another class will be received into membership at the service Sunday morning and also Sunday evening. Sixty people were received last Sunday. The pastor will preach Sunday morning at 10 o'clock on the theme, "We See Jesus." Sunday-school at 11:30, with classes for all

ages, and Epworth League service for all young people at 6:00 p. m. "Modern Pagans" is the subject for the gospel service Sunday evening at seven o'clock, based upon the recent book of that title written by Charles M. Sheldon, author of "In His Steps." A splendid chorus choir with a dozen men's voices, will lead in the song service. Prayer meeting, Thursday evening from 7:00 to 8:00, and an instruction class for new members of the church from 8:00 to 8:30. Junior League for all boys and girls, Thursday afternoon at the close of the school.

**Presbyterian**  
Karl P. Miller, Minister.  
Sunday, Dec. 2—9:30 a. m., the session will meet in the church parlors to receive those desiring to unite with the church at the morning service, 10:30 a. m., public worship. "God's Two Kinds of Forgiveness"—Lk. 7:47. Members will be received and the ordinance of baptism administered. 11:20 a. m., Sabbath-school. C. H. Rauch, superintendent. Lesson, "Nehemiah Rebuilds the Walls of Jerusalem."—Nehemiah Ch. 4. Classes for all ages and competent teachers have charge. 2:00 p. m., Junior Christian Endeavor. Miss Ellen Gardner and Mrs. Whipple superintend this important work. Last Sabbath about thirty children were present. 6:00 p. m., Senior Christian Endeavor. Topic, "Self-Control." 1 Cor. 9:24-27. (Consecration meeting.) Leader, Miss Regina Polly. New members to be elected. 7:00 p. m., evening worship. "The Bruised Reed"—Mt. 12:20. Everyone cordially invited, specially those without a church home.

### In and Around Plymouth

**Subscribe for the Mail today.**  
Milford's oldest resident, Mrs. Maria Bennett, is dead at the age of 94 years.

The Brighton Argus and the Milford Times goes into the \$1.50 a year class January 1st.

J. H. Steers, for 25 years in business in Northville, is closing out his hardware stock and will retire from business. Mr. Steers formerly published the Mail.

Northville's allotment of \$1,000 for the Y. M. C. A. drive seems to have been a little too large for a small town, as \$700 was the amount subscribed.—Northville Record.

There is now talk of having a municipal service flag for Northville. As most people no doubt are already aware, this means a white flag with a blue star for every soldier who has gone from any town, or from any home or business place.—Northville Record.

According to the figures of the state tax commission, which has been at work on Washington county valuations all summer and fall, the entire county has been boosted in value a total of \$25,727,103. The total valuation of the county is \$75,225,420.—Chelsea Standard.

J. W. Harding and son of New Hudson, recently threshed 1834 bu. (machine measure) of Worthy oats from 23 1/2 acres of ground, or a yield of about 78 bu. per acre. This is a direct result of pure bred seed, proper fertilization, by use of 300 pounds of commercial fertilizer per acre, and a well prepared seed bed.—South Lyon Herald.

Miss Marjorie Reeb is spending the week with relatives at Fulton. Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Reeb went to Fulton, Wednesday, where they were guests of friends, Thanksgiving.

Mr. and Mrs. Collin Morrison of Wayne, were over Sunday guests of Mr. and Mrs. L. B. Warner.

Mrs. Addie Simonds has closed her home in Northville for the winter, and will stay with relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. John Krumm of Battle Creek, were guests of their daughter and husband, Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Reeb, over Sunday and the first of the week.

The Misses Ella Jackson and Aiva McGraw visited friends in Detroit, Sunday.

Harry Brown and Scott Cortrite of Camp Custer, spent Thanksgiving at home.

Plymouth Rebekah lodge entertained about 25 members of Belle-ville Rebekah lodge, Friday evening, Nov. 23rd. Two candidates were initiated, after which a fine banquet was served to about seventy members and friends.

## NISSLY, WEBB & MARRS

YPSILANTI PHONE 788 MICHIGAN

### Dry Goods, Rugs, Carpets Curtains and Linoleum

In all departments of our store you will find the best the market affords for the price. We handle nothing but standard goods.

### Some of Our Exclusive Specialties

- "Athena" Underwear
- "W. B. Corsets"—a fit for every figure
- "Sahlin" Waists—for slender people.
- "Phoenix" Silk and Lisle Hose.
- "Niagara Maid"—Silk Gloves.
- "Onyx" Hose—Silk—for ladies.
- "Cadet" Hose for Ladies and Children.
- "Dove" Undermuslins.
- "Brighton Carlsbad" Nightwear.
- Dress Goods and Silks.
- Staple Goods—always of the best standard makes.
- Novelties in Fancy Goods and Neckwear.
- Special values in Linen and Housekeeping goods.
- Ladies' Waists.
- "Boston Maid" House Dresses—Fast Colors.

IF IT'S NEW—IT'S HERE.

THREE FLOORS FULL OF NEW MERCHANDISE

Visit Our Carpet, Rug and Linoleum Department.

Our Whole Second Floor Devoted to This Line. Window Shades Made to Order.

Courteous attention given you always—whether you buy or not.

We cash bankable paper. "Trade with busy people"

### THE PLYMOUTH MAIL

—BY—  
F. W. SAMSEN  
L. B. Samsen, Editor and Manager.

### Get Auto Licenses Early

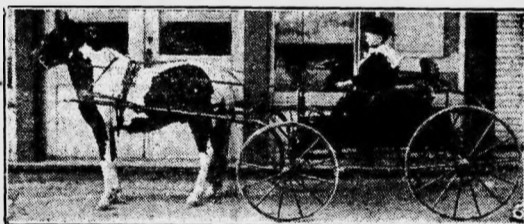
The Department of State, charged with collecting the State tax on motor vehicles, would be glad if those interested in registering cars by January 1st would send in their application at once. Holding back until January by those who want plates immediately, imposes a great task on the department and occasions delay and discomfort that can readily be avoided if applications are sent in this month or early in December. All those who will require plates are urged to take prompt action as suggested. Our Branch office, 200 Majestic Building, Detroit, is prepared to issue plates to those who call, but not by mail. Mail orders should be sent to Department at Lansing. This Department has nothing to do with the collection of the U. S. Federal tax. Applications can be secured now at the offices of village, city, county clerks, sheriffs, and all garages.

### New England Grangers Are Entertained in Detroit

A very pleasant event occurred in Detroit, Saturday evening, when the Michigan State Grange Master, J. C. Ketcham, and Mrs. Ketcham of Hastings, Mich., accompanied by about twenty-five New England Grangers, arrived in Detroit on their way home from the 51st annual session of the National Grange, which was held in St. Louis, Mo., November 14-23. The party was received by thirty-five Wayne, Washtenaw and Lenawee County Pomona Grangers, and entertained at luncheon at the Tuller hotel, the event being a complete surprise to the guests. Owing to the fact that the St. Louis train, which should have arrived at 2:45 was five hours late, a tour of the city had to be cancelled. After a most cordial welcome from Jennie Buhl, state secretary, of Ann Arbor, and greetings from the guests and local Grangers, interspersed with music, the party left on a late train for their homes in the New England states. To many of those representing the three Michigan counties, this meeting was a renewal of acquaintances made at Washington, D. C., a year ago. Mr. and Mrs. L. F. Root, L. Dean, James Gates, Miss Bertha and Herbert Warner and Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Spicer were in attendance, representing Plymouth Grange. It was practically decided at the St. Louis session that Michigan will have the pleasure of entertaining the National Grange in 1918, New York at Niagara Falls in 1918, and Massachusetts in 1920 at Plymouth Rock. There were thirty-three states in the Union represented at St. Louis as active Grange states.

**Certain Cure for Croup**  
Mrs. Rose Middleton of Greenville, Ill., has had experience in the treatment of this disease. She says, "When my children were small my son had croup frequently. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy always broke up these attacks immediately, and I was never without it in the house. I have since recommended it for croup and colds to my friends."—A.P.T.

# FREE



# FREE

## LOOK! FREE SHOW LOOK!

For All Boys' and Girls Living Within Trading Distance of Our Store

### Monday, November 3rd, at 4:00 P. M.

IN FRONT OF OUR STORE. A PRESENT FREE TO ALL WHO ATTEND.  
IF YOU WOULD LIKE TO OWN A

# Beautiful - Shetland - Pony

## BUGGY AND HARNESS FREE

DON'T FAIL TO BE THERE. MOTHERS COME AND BRING THE BABIES.

WE HAVE A PRESENT FOR ALL.

### MONDAY, DECEMBER 3rd, at 4:00 P. M.

The Pony People Will Be Here on This Date

# HEARN & GALPIN

# Central Meat Market

Call Central Meat Market,  
phone 28, for

## Choice Meats,

Smoked Meats of all Kinds.

Home Made Bologna and Sausages.

Try them and you won't eat any other.

### FRANK RAMBO, Mgr.

PHONE NO. 23.

# Pfeiffer's Cash Market

When you want the best meats that money will buy—Try this Market.

When you want tender, juicy steaks—Try this Market.

When you want Spring Chicken—Try this Market.

When you want real, old-fashioned sausage, the kind that tastes like sausage—Try this Market.

When you want Frankforts like they used to make—Try this Market.

Farmers, when you have anything in the meat line to sell—Try this Market.

### WILLIAM C. PFEIFER

Local Phone 90-F

Free Delivery



The Ford is an honest car in the fullest sense of the term—built on an honest design with honest materials, sold at an honest price with the assurance of honest performance and an equally honest, efficient after-service. Besides, it has proved beyond question that the Ford is most economical, both to operate and maintain. It is one of the utilities of daily life. Your order solicited. Efficient after-service is behind every Ford car. Runabout, \$345; Touring Car, \$360; Coupelet, \$560; Town Car, \$545; Sedan, \$695; One-Ton Truck Chassis, \$600. All f. o. b. Detroit.

### Beyer Motor Car Sales Co.,

PHONE 87-F2.

WM. BEYER, Prop.



## Staple and Fancy Groceries

### American and English Dinnerware Fancy China

North Village  
Phone 53

### GAYDE BROS.

# Manure - Spreaders

If you are going to need a new Manure Spreader this fall, you should buy now. The prices are sure to be higher later, and it means a big saving to buy now. We handle two of the best makes on the market today. They are the

## Low 20th Century and the New Idea

Come in and let us show you these Spreaders today, whether you buy or not.

WE CAN PLEASE YOU.

### HENRY J. FISHER

Village

Phone No. 79

## Envy

"I yum!" exclaimed Caleb Pease, half to himself, "a pusion would almost think Enoch Bates had moved in somewhere along on this stretch of road and had got a grudge agin somebody, from the thank-y-ma'ms there is here."

The wagon jolted perilously and the summer boarder had to hold her hat with one hand, but she found breath to ask questions.

"Who was this Enoch Bates? Some local celebrity?"

"He want's reely what you could call celebrated, 's I know of," Caleb said thoughtfully, "and yit he was some noted hereabouts for certain things."

"Just what form did his notoriety take?" persisted the boarder.

"Well," said Caleb judicially, "for one thing, he was about the snuggest man that you most ever saw, in a money way. He raised a lot of stuff on his farm and sold everything he could git a cent for, and lived off'n the leavin's. I don't s'pose he et ten apples a year, though he was fond of 'em. He sold 'em all and put the money away. And as for eggs, I presume likely he'd forgot even what they tasted like, for eggs are 'bout the same as money here. Enoch used to keep a big flock of hens; and then he used to buy up eggs and ship 'em, a couple of hundred dozen at a clip, sometimes

"To show you how he valued an egg: He had a boy workin' for him one time and he sent the boy to the henhouse to gether the eggs, and he was gone a speck longer'n Enoch thought needful. It happened that there was more eggs than the boy could get into the basket, so he put a couple into his pocket. When he got back to the house Enoch took him to do 'bout bein' gone too long—took hold of him and give him a shakin', 's I remember it, and in doin' that he made out to break one of the eggs in the boy's pocket.

"When he found out what had happened it madded him so that he started in to give the boy a reg'lar lickin', and so doin' he busted the other egg, and that set him purty nigh demented. He finished by giving the boy a good trouncin' and sent him back to the poorhouse, where he got him.

"'Nother thing 'bout Enoch was that he had a jealous disposition—mean and envious, you know. It took a number of shapen, but the only one that matters in this case is about Johnny Doan's boss. He had a nice steppin' little drivin' boss and he liked to shove her right along—nothin' to hurt her for the boss liked to go as well as Johnny liked to have her. But it thorned Enoch to see Johnny kite past his place goin' so smooth, and he havin' nothin' but a wind-broken old animal that could scarcely get out of his own way.

"There was a wet place in the road 'twixt Enoch's place and Johnny's, and the s'lectmen hired Enoch to fix it. While he was workin' on it he got a mean idea and went and made some of them thank-y-ma'ms jounces, like them we've jest come over, right cross ways of the road.

"He said he done it to turn the water out into the ditch; but everyone knew well 'nough that he done it so Johnny couldn't speed past 'thout bein' in danger of lamin' his boss or springin' an ax, or somethin' like that.

"Well, one mornin' a day or so after he'd got the road all fixed for Johnny Enoch was loadin' up his wagon with eggs to take 'em to the station. He had the boss hitched in and was jest goin' to put the last case of eggs into the back of the wagon when the boy that he'd trounced and sent away went by the house. What possessed Enoch, I don't know, but I s'pose he was only tryin' to scare the boy. He that as it may, he grabbed his horse whip and started toward him, yellin' and switchin' the whip, and he made such a touse that the old boss started and ran away with the load of eggs in the wagon and the tallboard down—a hundred dollars' worth of eggs if there was a cent's worth!

"Well, Enoch was makin' so much racket himself that the boss got a good start 'fore he realized it, and then it was too late to ketch him, and down the road the boss went, straight for that jouncy strip that Enoch had made to ketch Johnny.

"Well," continued Mr. Peasee with grim enjoyment, "I d'know as there's much more to add to it. When the boss struck them jounces the eggs begun to go into the air, a whole case at a time—and when a case of eggs goes out of the tail of a wagon and lights on the frozen ground it makes quite a mess. Yes'm, quite a mess!

"And for that reason!" concluded Mr. Peasee, "them hummocks in the road are known round here as 'Enoch Bates' jounces' to this very day."—Youth's Companion.

### Sandpaper Use.

Soapstone sinks easily collect grease along the sides and back; a rub with a small piece of sandpaper keeps the sink smooth and clean.

### An Old Man's Stomach

As we grow older and less active, less and less food is required to meet the demands of our bodies. If too much is habitually taken, the stomach will rebel. When a man reaches the advanced age of 85 or 90, you will find that he is a light eater. Be as careful as you will, however, you will occasionally eat more than you should and will feel the need of Chamberlain's Tablets to correct the disorder. These tablets do not contain opium, but are made of the most reliable ingredients. They also cause a gentle movement of the bowels.—Adv.

## ICEBERG AS A SEA WONDER

Among the More Interesting Things to Be Seen in "Steamer Lanes" of the Atlantic.

Among the wonders of the sea there are few more interesting things than icebergs for their size, shapes and the manner in which they array themselves.

Icebergs exhibit a tendency to form both clusters and long lines, and these groupings may arise from the effects both of ocean currents and of storms.

Some very singular lines of bergs, extending for many hundreds of miles east of Newfoundland, have been shown on official charts issued by the government. Two of these cross each other, each keeping on its independent course after the crossing. In several instances parallel lines of bergs leave long spaces of clear water between them.

Curiously enough, while enormous fields of ice invade the so-called "steamer lanes" of the Atlantic at the opening of spring during certain years, in other years at that season there is comparatively little ice to be seen. The ice comes, of course, from the edges of the Arctic regions, from the ice-bound coasts of Greenland and Labrador, where huge bergs, broken from the front of glaciers at the point where they reach the sea, start on their long journeys toward the south, driven by the great current that flows from Baffin's bay into the northern Atlantic ocean.

## NONE NEEDED HIS PRAYERS

After Tainted Money Warning Colored Pastor Expresses Satisfaction With Purity of the Flock.

The collections had fallen off badly in the colored church and the pastor made a short address before the box was passed.

"Ah don't want any man to give more dan his share, breddren," he said, gently, "but we mus' all gib ercordin' to what we rightly hab. Ah say rightly hab, breddren, because we don't want no tainted money in de box. Squire Jones tole me dat he done miss some chickens dis week. Now et any ob our breddren hab fallen by de wayside in connection wid dese chickens, let him stay his hand from dat box.

"Deacon Smith, please pass de box an' Ah'll watch de signs an' see dere's anyone in dis congregation dat needs me ter wrestle in prayer for him."

The effect of this brief discourse was instantaneous and remarkable. Throughout the congregation loud whispers of "Len me a quatah," "Ter me hab half a dollar," "Gib me a sheckle 'til mawnin'," were heard. Apparently everyone put something in the box.

The Rev. Sam Small Smith surveyed the coins with a satisfied smile as he remarked:

"Ah done tole Squire Jones dat none ob my lambs was guilty of sech diabolical eccentricity."

### On Finding Fault.

It is much easier to pick fault with others than to be correct yourself. It is better to be forbearing. No one likes others to be expecting of him about every little mistake or folly. Be not so to others. Be ready to overlook small things, to make allowances. Because you can do this or that or live so or so, it is not to be expected that everyone can do or be the same. Though you may think your way the best, someone else may have just as good ideas—or better. Who made you judge, that you can make laws for all? Do you want to toe the mark of another's making? If not, do not expect others to come up to your line. Live your own life the best you can, and while you try to help, leave the lives of others to their Creator for judgment. A habit of dictating grows on one. It is better to watch out and stop yourself before you begin. If it is part of your business to direct others, do so in the right spirit, with a respect to their rights and your own self-respect. Nagging is belittling to yourself and does harm, not good. It improves or reforms no one. A habit of finding fault renders one disagreeable. Make criticisms and suggestions with great care. Seek what you can commend and emphasize that.—Milwaukee Journal.

### Preserving Flowers in Wax.

It is not generally known that preserving flowers in wax is one of the easiest of tasks. Ordinary candles may be used. To prepare the wax, it is only necessary to cut the candles into chunks, being careful to remove the wicks. The wax is then melted in a saucepan over a flame, after which it is ready to receive the flowers. Each flower should be dry on the surface when treated; there should be no rain or dewdrops on the petals. Take the blossoms separately and dip them for a moment or so into the liquid wax, constantly moving them about. Immerse the blossoms completely and also an inch or so of the stem. Then take them out and hold until dry. Do not lay them on a table or flat surface until they are dry as this will crush them.

### No Time Lost.

Marion—Is it true Albert has jilted you? The wretch! Still, try to act like a sensible girl and look out for another fellow.

Dorothy—Your advice comes too late, dear.

Marion—Heavens, Dorothy! You have not taken poison?

Dorothy—Well, n—n—no; the fact is I—I became engaged again yesterday.

### Subscribe for the Mail today.

Mrs. P. O. Stuchell Tells How She Cared Her Son of a Cold  
"When my son, Ellis, was sick with a cold last winter, I gave him Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It helped him at once and quickly broke up his cold," writes Mrs. P. O. Stuchell, Quincy, Pa. This remedy has been in use for many years. Its good qualities have been fully proven by many thousands of people. It is pleasant and safe to take.—Adv.

## MANIA FOR BURIED TREASURE

Seekers of Wealth Always at Work on Sunken Spanish Vessels Along European Coast.

There have always been treasure-seekers diligently endeavoring to discover and bring to light the wealth hidden by their predecessors. Only a few years ago a princess of the royal blood of Britain was seeking for gold in the depths of the sea. She—it was the Princess Louise—had the right to the hulks of the vessels of the ill-fated Spanish Armada, which went down off the Isle of Mull during their scared and hurricane-driven flight round the British Isles. She had little more luck than her ancestors, who had been working at that treasure-trove since the seventeenth century, for only a few old cannon and a small number of coins were brought to the surface.

In the days when Drake sailed the seas a Spanish galleon always meant plenty of gold to the British sailor, and romance and tradition have taken nothing from their luster, so that wreckers and treasure-hunters are practically always at work at some one or other of the ancient Spanish wrecks that lie all round the coasts of Europe.

It is not generally known that when Queen Victoria died she left to the Princess Beatrice her rights to the gold in the ships of the Spanish Armada lying at the bottom of the English Channel. How rich a trove that it may be is judged from the fact that longshoremen all along the south coast make a practice of seeking for the coins that a south-wester drives on to the beach out of these same vessels.

## GOOD PROFIT IN CAR RIDE

After Paying Woman's Fare Man Extracts Her Last Quarter From His Trouser's Cuff.

She boarded a trolley. All the seats were occupied and she had to stand. When the conductor shouted, "Fares, please!" she gave a sudden start and dropped something. She began to look on the floor. The conductor kept on saying, "Fares, please!"

"I've dropped it," said the young woman. "I've dropped a quarter, and I don't seem to be able to see it."

"I can't help that," replied the conductor. "You'll have to pay your fare."

"I haven't any more money."

"Then you'll have to get off at the next corner."

"I'll send the money to the company by mail. I have an appointment in 15 minutes, and if I have to walk I will be frightfully late."

A young man sitting in the seat in front of the distressed damsel spoke up:

"Pardon me, miss," he said, "may I pay your fare?"

"I'd be awfully obliged," she replied. So the fare was paid. The polite young man wouldn't even give the girl his name and address and soon left the car.

As the car started again he whistled to the conductor, and when he got that functionary's attention, ostentatiously he extracted from the cuff of his trousers the lost 25-cent piece, held it triumphantly aloft and hastened, grinning, down a side street.—New York Evening Post.

### Light From the Left Side.

The well-known fact that, when using the eyes for any near work, the illumination should come from the left side rather than the right is often disregarded. Let anyone who considers the matter of little importance once demonstrate to himself the difference and he will never forget it. Take a pencil and paper and try to write while in such a position that the light will fall from the right side. The shadow of the hand or pencil or both is thrown on the paper in such a way as partly to cover the characters one is making. This necessitates a closer viewpoint and a conscious strain on the eyes. Now let the position of the writer be reversed so that the light falls on the work from the left side. He will notice that the shadows fall away from the work he is doing and leave the field unobscured. In making the change he cannot help but notice the feeling of ease that immediately is experienced by the eyes. This applies to any other kind of near work in which the fingers work under the guidance of the eyes. This fact should be remembered in planning school-rooms, workrooms, offices and any places where steady close work is to be performed.

### Wise for His Years.

Tommy had been promoted by the chemist. He was now allowed to serve behind the counter. The other morning a middle-aged lady, looking her full age, came in.

"Have you any cream for restoring the complexion?" she asked bashfully. Tommy was a wise lad. He eyed her too vivid cheeks with open admiration.

"Pardon me, madam," he said politely. "Don't you mean cream for preserving the complexion?"

"And the delighted lady bought six boxes right away.

### Encouraging Strife.

"You started in your announcement of my marriage to Miss Susan Spats that we were 'lunched upon the troubled sea of matrimony.'"

"Well, young man," replied the editor of the Digginsville Clarion, "what's wrong with that sentence? It's a fine figure of speech."

"Maybe so, but it looks to me like an invitation for my wife's relatives to get busy and start something."

J. H. Sayre & Son have just sold this year's crop of beans from \$7 acres, to C. L. Bailey here. They had 294 bushels and received for them \$2180.12, or \$7.50 per acre.—South Lyon Herald.

Sixty acres, one-half mile from town; level land, plenty of timber for farm use, good orchard, good two-story house, 40 ft. well, tools, etc. Price only \$1250.00. Easy terms. Call for catalogues of these great farm bargains. E. N. Passage.

## State Horticultural Society to Meet

The 47th annual meeting of the Michigan State Horticultural society will again be held in Grand Rapids, Dec. 4, 5, 6. The meetings will be held in the Coliseum. The program is full of new ideas and all the latest subjects in horticulture will be discussed. The up-to-date fruit grower cannot afford to miss this opportunity as he will find many things of interest to aid him and his work.

There will be the largest display of spray machinery and other horticultural accessories ever shown at this time. This alone will well repay attendance at the meeting. There will be special features on the program, making the meeting very attractive to the ladies, who should attend. The sessions will open at ten o'clock Tuesday morning, Dec. 4.

The Mail only \$1.00 year.

## Piano Tuning, Voicing and Action Regulating

### C. E. STEVENS

Tuner for Ypsilanti Conservatory of Music

Phone No. 107J, Plymouth

ANN ARBOR, MICH.  
932 Mary Street

## W. E. SMYTH

### Watchmaker and Optimetrist

Watches and Clocks Repaired

Watch Inspector for the Michigan Central R. R. for 17 years.

Ground Floor Optical Parlor.

Plymouth, Michigan

## "PANAMA SPECIAL"

### Registered Duroc Boar

FOR SERVICE

### LYNDON FARM

3 1/2 miles southwest of Plymouth

## MORTGAGE SALE

Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage and executed by the Maloney-Campbell Realty Company, a Michigan Corporation and Harry M. Conely and Anna Conely, husband and wife, to John Howard McClements and Mable McClements, his wife, dated the twelfth day of March, 1917, which mortgage was recorded on the nineteenth day of March, 1917, in the office of the Register of Deeds for Wayne county, Michigan, in Liber 818 of Mortgages on page 497, in which mortgage it is provided that should there be any default in the payment of any interest or principal, when the same is made payable, and should the same remain unpaid and in arrears for the space of thirty days, then and from thenceforth the whole of the principal sum and interest shall at the option of said mortgagees become due and payable immediately thereafter; and default having been made in the payment of the interest due on the twelfth day of September, 1917, and more than thirty days having elapsed since the said payment of said interest became due and payable, and the same remaining yet unpaid, therefore the said mortgagees by virtue of the option contained in said mortgage declares the whole amount of money secured by said mortgage including principal and interest to be due and payable immediately. On said mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice the sum of one thousand forty dollars (\$1040) and an attorney's fee of twenty-five dollars (\$25), provided for in said mortgage, and no suit or proceeding at law having been instituted to recover the moneys secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

HEREFORE, by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and the statute in such case made and provided, notice is hereby given, and on Saturday, the sixteenth day of February, A. D. 1918, at ten (10) o'clock in the forenoon we shall sell at public auction to the highest bidder, at the south front door of the county building in the City of Detroit, Michigan, (that being the place where the Circuit Court for the County of Wayne, Michigan, is held,) the premises described in said mortgage, or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay the amount due on said mortgage, with six per cent interest and all legal costs together with an attorney fee of Twenty-five Dollars (\$25) as provided by law and as covenanted for therein, the premises being described in said mortgage as follows, to-wit: "The parcel of land, situated in the Township of Romulus in the County of Wayne and State of Michigan, described as follows, to-wit: The East half (1/2) of the North half (1/2) of the Northwest quarter (1/4) of the Northeast fractional quarter of Section Four (4), T. 3, S. R. 9, East, containing ten (10) acres more or less."

Dated, Plymouth, Mich., November 13th, 1917.

John Howard McClements,  
Mable McClements,  
Mortgagees.

Willis L. Lyons, Howell, Mich.  
Attorney for Mortgagees.

PHONE 318-F12

### MISS ANNA L. YOUNGS

PIANO AND HARMONY

MEMBER M. M. T. A.

PLYMOUTH, MICHIGAN.

# Beyer Motor Car Sales Co.

DEALERS IN  
New and Second-Hand Automobiles, Tires, Oils,  
Gasoline and Automobile Accessories

### Complete stock of Tires in stock at all times

Remember, we are headquarters for TIRES. Call and look over our stock of TIRES. We are handling all standard makes and sizes:

GOODYEAR, UNITED STATES, GOODRICH, FIRESTONE, AJAX, PENNSYLVANIA, DEFIANCE, SWINERT, MILLER & DIAMOND, and a few other makes. Sizes from 28x2 1/2 up to 37x5. We also carry a line of BICYCLE TIRES.

## USED CARS

A the present time we have the following used cars for sale:

Four 1916 Ford Touring Cars, at each ..... \$200  
Two 1914 Ford Touring Cars, at each ..... \$150  
One 1915 Ford Touring Car ..... \$150  
Two 1917 Ford Chassis, at each ..... \$225  
One 1917 Ford Roadster ..... \$250  
One 1914 Ford Commercial Car ..... \$185  
One E M F 30 Touring Car ..... \$300  
One 1-Ton Smith Form a Truck ..... \$550

Don't take chances on your Radiator Freezing—Let us dope it for you and insure it against frost.

PHONE 82-F2  
**W. J. Beyer, Prop.**



## OUR STOCK IS SUCH

That you may depend on finding here just  
What You Want When You Want It

None of our customers have ever had to postpone their building operations because we couldn't supply their needs. See us for Lumber and Building Material.

### Plymouth Lumber & Coal Co.

CHAS. MATHER, Sec. & Manager



# Charter of the Village of Plymouth

**PREAMBLE**  
In order to establish a more perfect village government and to better provide for, promote and maintain the essential interests of all our people, the citizens of this village, under the constitution and laws of the State of Michigan do ordain and establish this charter for the village of Plymouth.

## CHAPTER 1

(1) Section 1. The Village of Plymouth shall be and continue a body politic and corporate under the Constitution and Laws of the State of Michigan.

(2) Section 2. The Village is constituted of the people residing within the territorial boundaries herein specified, and the lands and other real property embraced therein and all other property having a situs therein in contemplation of law shall be the same.

(3) Section 3. Beginning at the corner post of section 27, T. 1, S. R. 8 E. and running thence along the north and south  $\frac{1}{4}$  line of said section 27, 39 minutes W. 58.75 ft. to a post; thence S. 75 degrees E. 189.19 ft. to a post; thence S. 0 degrees 25 minutes E. 176.1 ft. to a post in section line; thence continuing S. 0 degrees 25 minutes E. 683 ft. to a post; thence N. 132.0 ft. to a post in section line; thence N. 88 degrees 45 minutes E. 2683 ft. to a post in  $\frac{1}{4}$  line; thence continuing N. 88 degrees 45 minutes E. 674 ft. to a post; thence N. 1 degree W. 682 ft. to a post in section line; thence continuing N. 1 degree W. 221 ft. to a post; thence S. 66 degrees 48 minutes E. 80 ft. to a post; thence N. 1 degree 45 minutes W. 2354.5 ft. to a post in  $\frac{1}{4}$  line; thence along  $\frac{1}{4}$  line 88 degrees E. 604 ft. to a post; thence N. 284.0 ft. to a post in section line; thence S. 2 degrees E. 1350 ft. to a post; thence S. 87 degrees 58 minutes W. 1340 ft. to a post in  $\frac{1}{4}$  line; thence N. 88 degrees W. 1433.5 ft. to a post; thence S. 2 degrees E. 1389 ft. to a post; thence S. 85 degrees 12 minutes W. 800 ft. to a post; thence N. 83 degrees 42 minutes W. 529 ft. to a post; thence continuing N. 83 degrees 42 minutes W. 2756.2 ft. to a post in  $\frac{1}{4}$  line; thence S. 1 degree 42 minutes E. 817.7 ft. to a post being the N.  $\frac{1}{4}$  point of section 27; thence along the S. 2 degrees E. 2071.4 ft. to the point of beginning.

(4) Section 4. Under the name and style of the Village of Plymouth, the Village may sue and be sued, plead and be pleaded, complain and be complained in any court of competent jurisdiction, contract and be contracted with and acquire and hold real and personal property for the purposes for which it is incorporated, have a common seal and change same at pleasure, and exercise all the powers in this charter conferred, together with such implied and incidental powers as are possessed by municipal corporations in this State. Said Village may exercise all municipal powers in the management and control of municipal property and the administration of the municipal government, whether such powers be conferred by statute or otherwise. Said Village may do any act to advance the interests of the Village or to provide for the safety, order and good government of the Village and the general welfare of the inhabitants thereof.

## CHAPTER 2

### Registration, Nominations and Election.

(5) Section 1. There shall be but one election district in said Village, which shall include the entire Village within the boundaries thereof. Whenever the number of voters cast at any regular village election shall exceed six hundred the Commission may divide and from time to time re-arrange the Village into such election districts as may be convenient.

### REGISTRATION

(6) Section 2. The Commission shall, at least twenty-one (21) days prior to each regular or special election, appoint two qualified electors of the Village, who shall, together with the Village Clerk, be the Board of Registration. On the second Saturday prior to the day of holding any regular or special election, the Commission may appoint such board shall be in session in the voting place of the Village from 9 o'clock in the forenoon until 9:30 in the afternoon, central standard time, for the purpose of completing the registration of the electors of the Village; and in case of the absence of either of the electors so appointed, those who shall be in attendance are authorized to appoint a qualified elector of the Village, to fill the vacancy occasioned by such absence. Notice of the time and the place of registration shall be given by the Board of Registration. Members of the Board of Registration shall each receive the sum of Three Dollars as full compensation for such services.

(7) Section 3. Registration of voters shall be had as follows:

- (a) Appearance in person before the Board of Registration on the day fixed for that purpose; or
- (b) Filing with the Village Clerk at any time before the meeting of the Board, for presentation by him to the Board, an affidavit of the person desiring registration, setting forth in writing the qualifications by virtue of which the right to vote is asserted; or
- (c) The Board of Registration may, of its own motion, register any person who is known to be a qualified elector, and in such case the Board of Registration shall determine his or her qualifications.

The Board shall, at each meeting, carefully revise the register of voters by striking therefrom the names of all persons who shall have ceased to possess the qualifications for registration, and in its discretion, refuse to accept any affidavit filed with the Village Clerk, in which event if such person shall not appear in person before the Board, the Board shall make known its reasons for such refusal to the Board of Registration. The Board of Registration shall determine his or her qualifications, and if found qualified, shall be registered according to the provisions of this charter.

on the register its certificate of the number of registered voters and shall also set forth the number of such voters which are male and the number which are female; and all particulars not herein specified, provided, the Board, in making and completing any such registration, shall proceed in the same manner and conform to the same rules, as nearly as may be, as are provided by the general law for registering electors in townships.

(8) Section 4. The mode of nomination of all elective officers provided for by this charter shall be by petition. The name of any elector of the Village shall be printed upon the ballot, whenever a petition as herein prescribed shall have been filed in his behalf with the election authorities. Such petition shall be signed by at least twenty-five (25) electors, and filed on or before the fifteenth day of January.

No elector shall sign petition for more candidates than the number of places of that particular designation to be filled at such election and should he do so his signature shall be void as to the petition or petitions last filed.

(9) Section 5. The signatures to the nomination petition need not all be appended to one paper, but to each separate petition shall be attached an affidavit of the circulator thereof, stating the number of signers of such paper and that each signature appended thereto was made in his presence and is the genuine signature of the person whose name it purports to be. With each signature shall be stated the place of residence of the signer, giving the street and number or other description sufficient to identify the same. The form of the nomination petition shall be substantially as follows:

We, the undersigned, electors of the Village of Plymouth hereby nominate . . . . . whose residence is . . . . . for the office of . . . . . to be voted for at the election to be held in the Village of Plymouth on the . . . . . day of . . . . . 19 . . . . . and we individually certify that we are qualified to vote for a candidate for the above office and that we have not signed more nomination petitions for candidates for this office than there are persons to be elected thereto. Name . . . . . Street and Number . . . . . (Space for signature)

being duly sworn, I depose and say that he is the circulator of the foregoing nomination paper containing the signatures, and that the signatures appended thereto were made in his presence and are the signatures of the persons whose names they purport to be. (Signed) . . . . . Subscribed and sworn to before me this . . . . . day of . . . . . 19 . . . . . Justice of the Peace (or Notary Public)

ular municipal election shall be applicable to challenges made at such primary election. The Board of Election Inspectors shall, immediately upon the closing of the polls, publicly count the ballots and announce the number of votes cast for each of the candidates, and make return thereof forthwith to the Village Clerk, upon proper blanks to be furnished by said Village Clerk.

(14) Section 10. Upon the official ballot the names of the candidates for the several offices shall be so printed and the ballots so numbered that upon successive ballots the names of the several candidates will alternately or successively appear in the several positions in the list of names, as provided in the preceding section.

(15) Section 11. The Clerk shall prepare ballots for printing and copies of ballots shall be on file in the office of the Clerk at least twelve days before election. The ballots shall be printed on plain substantial white paper and shall be numbered and perforated in accordance with the requirements of the general laws of the State governing the numbering of the election ballots, but they shall have no party mark, vignette or designation mark whatever.

(16) Section 12. The ballot shall be substantially the same as provided by law.

(17) Section 13. Having caused said ballots to be printed, the said Village Clerk shall cause to be delivered to the Inspector of Elections at the polling place a number of such ballots equal to at least twice the number of votes cast at the last municipal election.

The Commission shall also provide and cause to be kept by the Clerk, for use at all elections, suitable ballot boxes of the kind required by law to be kept and used in townships.

(18) Section 14. Whenever it shall be necessary at any municipal election to elect an officer to fill a vacancy, candidates for the nomination to such office shall designate such fact in their statement of candidacy and in the petition filed in support of and in the same and both the primary and election ballot shall distinguish thereon the candidates for the unexpired term from the candidates for the regular full term. Immediately preceding the name of the candidate for the unexpired term on the ballot shall appear the words, "Vote for one." The two candidates receiving the highest number of votes at the primary election for commissioner or no others, shall be placed upon the election ballot at the municipal election as candidates for such office for such term, and the candidates receiving the greatest number of votes for such office at the municipal election shall be declared elected thereto.

### ELECTIONS

(19) Section 15. An election shall be held on the second Monday of March of each year beginning in 1918, at such place in the Village as shall be designated by the Commission.

(20) Section 16. Special elections may be appointed by resolution of the Commission, adopted at least twenty-one days in advance thereof, which shall set forth the purpose and object thereof and the time when the same is to be held, provided, no special election shall be held in any year, unless a greater number of candidates be permitted by general law.

(21) Section 17. The inhabitants of the Village having the qualifications of electors under the Constitution and Laws of the State, and no others, shall be electors therein.

(22) Section 18. It shall be the duty of the Commission, at least twenty-one days before any election held under the provisions of this charter to appoint a Board of Election Inspectors for each voting district in the Village, consisting of five members for each district, each of whom shall be a duly qualified elector; and if at the opening of the polls at any election any of the inspectors so appointed shall not be present, or perform the duties of such inspector, the electors present at such voting place may, viva voce, such number of electors with the inspector or inspectors present, shall constitute a board equal to the number fixed by the Commission, and such electors so chosen, shall be inspectors at that election during the continuance thereof. Each inspector of the election shall receive Two Dollars as full compensation. Two gatekeepers shall be chosen, viva voce, at each voting place to serve during such election. Each gatekeeper shall receive Two Dollars as full compensation.

(23) Section 19. The inspectors of Election in each district shall choose one of their number chairman of the board, and shall designate one of their number to act as clerk of the election, and another of their number to act as second clerk, and such electors chosen or appointed as inspectors of election shall receive Two Dollars as full compensation. Two gatekeepers shall be chosen, viva voce, at each voting place to serve during such election. Each gatekeeper shall receive Two Dollars as full compensation.

(24) Section 20. Notice of the time and place of holding any election shall be given by the Commission, and the questions to be voted upon, except as herein otherwise provided, shall be given by the Clerk, at least fourteen days before the day of such election, by posting such notices in three public places in the Village and by publishing a copy thereof in a newspaper of general circulation in the Village designated by the Commission, the same length of time before the election; and in case of a special election or the submission of any question or proposition the notice shall set forth a copy of the resolution proposed at such election or submitting such proposition.

(25) Section 21. On the day of election, the polls shall be opened at seven o'clock in the morning, or as soon thereafter as may be, and shall be kept open until five o'clock in the afternoon of the same day.

The inspectors shall cause proclamation to be made upon opening the polls, and shall cause proclamation to be made of the closing of the polls one hour, thirty minutes, and fifteen minutes, respectively, before the closing thereof, provided, that in the event of a tie vote, the polls shall be kept open until eight o'clock in the afternoon of the same day and no longer.

(26) Section 22. All elections in

said Village shall be conducted as nearly as may be in the manner provided by law for holding general elections in the State, except as herein provided, and the inspectors of such election shall have the same powers and authority for the preservation of order, and for enforcing obedience to their lawful commands during the time of holding the election and the canvass of the electors, as are shall be upon inspectors of general elections in this State.

(27) Section 23. Immediately after closing the polls, the inspectors of election, shall, without adjournment, publicly canvass the votes received by the candidates, and shall immediately thereafter make a statement in writing, setting forth in words at full length, the whole number of votes given for each office, the names of the persons for whom such votes were given, and the number of votes given for each question voted upon, and the number of votes for and against the same, which statement shall be certified under the hands of the inspectors to be correct, and they shall forthwith deposit such statement and certified together with said poll lists, and the register of electors, and the boxes containing said ballots, with the Village Clerk. The manner of canvassing said votes shall be the same as prescribed by law for canvassing votes at general elections held in this State, and the inspectors shall in addition, except as herein otherwise provided, conform as nearly as may be to the duties required of inspectors of election at general elections.

(28) Section 24. The Commission shall also provide and cause to be kept by the Clerk, for use at all elections, suitable ballot boxes of the kind required by law to be kept and used in townships.

(29) Section 25. Whenever it shall be necessary at any municipal election to elect an officer to fill a vacancy, candidates for the nomination to such office shall designate such fact in their statement of candidacy and in the petition filed in support of and in the same and both the primary and election ballot shall distinguish thereon the candidates for the unexpired term from the candidates for the regular full term. Immediately preceding the name of the candidate for the unexpired term on the ballot shall appear the words, "Vote for one." The two candidates receiving the highest number of votes at the primary election for commissioner or no others, shall be placed upon the election ballot at the municipal election as candidates for such office for such term, and the candidates receiving the greatest number of votes for such office at the municipal election shall be declared elected thereto.

(30) Section 26. Any candidate for office failing of election as shown by the returns of the Board of Election Inspectors, shall be ineligible for re-election to the same office for a period of two years after such removal or resignation.

(31) Section 27. It shall be the duty of the Clerk, within one week after the meeting and determination of the Commission, as provided in this charter, to notify each person elected, in writing, of his election; and he shall also, within one week after the appointment of any person to any office, in like manner so notify such person of the appointment.

(32) Section 28. Within one week after the official bond or oath of office is required to be filed, the Clerk shall report in writing to the Commission the names of all persons elected or appointed to any office, who shall have neglected to file such oath or bond.

(33) Section 29. Any person who shall agree to perform any service in the interest of any candidate for any office provided for in this charter, in consideration of any money or other valuable thing for such services performed in the interest of any candidate, shall, upon conviction, be punished by fine not exceeding One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00), or be imprisoned in the county jail not exceeding thirty days, or both, in the discretion of the court.

(34) Section 30. It shall be unlawful for any candidate for any primary or municipal election, for any primary or municipal election, or any person in his behalf, directly or indirectly, to buy or give to, or cause to be bought for, or given to any elector any cigar or intoxicating liquors, or drinks of any kind; it being the intent of this section to prohibit the custom of treating in any manner by candidates for public office or by any person on behalf of such candidates. Any person violating the provision of this section shall be guilty of misdemeanor and shall, upon conviction, be punished by fine not exceeding One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00), or by imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding thirty days, or both, in the discretion of the court.

(35) Section 31. It shall be unlawful for any candidate at any primary or municipal election, for any primary or municipal election, to buy or give to, or cause to be bought for, or given to any elector any cigar or intoxicating liquors, or drinks of any kind; it being the intent of this section to prohibit the custom of treating in any manner by candidates for public office or by any person on behalf of such candidates. Any person violating the provision of this section shall be guilty of misdemeanor and shall, upon conviction, be punished by fine not exceeding One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00), or by imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding thirty days, or both, in the discretion of the court.

(36) Section 32. It shall be unlawful for any candidate for any primary or municipal election, or any person in his behalf, directly or indirectly, to employ or hire any hack, carriage, motor vehicle, or other conveyance for the purpose of conveying voters to the polls at any primary or municipal election. Any violation of this section shall be punished as provided in Section 30 of this charter.

(37) Section 33. No person shall hold any elective office under this charter unless he shall be at least twenty-five (25) years of age, a citizen of the United States, a freeholder of the village and resident thereof for at least two years prior to his election.

(38) Section 34. No person shall be elected or appointed to any office in the Village, who has been or is a member of any fraternal organization or board of officers thereof, or to any school district, county or other municipal corporation of the State. All votes for any appointment of any such defaulter shall be void.

(39) Section 35. A person may hold an appointive office, other than Assessor or Treasurer, in the Village, though not a resident thereof.

(40) Section 36. Every officer elected or appointed in the Village before entering upon the duties of his office, shall take and subscribe an oath of office, which shall be filed and kept in the office of the Village Clerk, to support the Constitution of the United States, and the Constitution of the State of Michigan; to endeavor to secure and maintain an honest and efficient administration of the affairs of the Village of Plymouth, free from partisan distinction or control, and to perform the duties of his office to the best of his ability. In case of his failure to do so, within seven days after receiving notice of his election or appointment, he shall be deemed to have declined the office.

(41) Section 37. Every officer elected or appointed in the Village before entering upon the duties of his office and within the time prescribed for filing his official oath, shall file with the Village Clerk such bond or security as may be required by law, or any ordinance of the Commission, and with such securities as shall be provided by the Commission, conditioned for the due performance of the duties of his office, except that the bond or security given by the Clerk shall be deposited with the Village Treasurer.

(42) Section 38. Any holder of an elective office may be recalled and removed therefrom by the qualified electors of the Village of Plymouth in the manner now or which at any time hereafter may be provided by general law.

(43) Section 39. No person who has been removed from an office by recall or who has resigned from his office after a petition for his recall and removal has been filed, shall be eligible to be elected or appointed to any office within two years after such removal or resignation.

(44) Section 40. Any officer holding office by election by the electors may, if written charges shall be preferred against him, for any of the causes specified in Section 4 of this charter, be suspended from office by a majority vote of the Commission until such charges shall be heard and determined; and any officer elected or appointed by the commission may be in like manner suspended from his office, and in the event of such suspension it shall be the duty of the Commission to proceed to the hearing of such charges at the next regular meeting, or an adjournment thereof, and to determine the matter at such meeting, and if such charges are sustained by the vote of a majority of said Commission, the said officer shall be removed from office; but if such officer shall not be removed, he shall be entitled to resume his office and receive pay during the period of such suspension.

(45) Section 41. The Commission may remove from office any of its members, including the President, and may remove any other officers of the Village, either elective or appointive for any of the following causes, to-wit:

- (a) Conviction by a court of competent jurisdiction of any offense under the charter or ordinances of the Village, or of this State or of the United States.
- (b) Wilful violation of any provision of the charter or ordinances of the Village.
- (c) Intoxication or habitual drunkenness.
- (d) Incompetency to perform the duties of his office.
- (e) Wilful neglect of duty.
- (f) Corrupt or wilful malfeasance or misfeasance in office.
- (g) Wilful misconduct to the injury of the public service.

Said proceedings may be initiated by any member of said Commission or by any member of the Village, as hereinafter provided. Upon the filing with said Commission of a complaint in writing specifying any matter or thing made cause for removal under this charter, which complaint shall be signed by not less than twenty-five electors of said Village and verified by the oath of at least one of said signers, the said Commission shall proceed to hear and determine said matter as herein provided.

If said officer is found guilty by a majority of the Commission he shall be removed from such office and the reason for such removal shall be entered upon the records of the Commission with the names and votes of the members voting on the question—no officer shall be removed unless first furnished with a copy of the charges in writing and allowed to be heard in his defense, and verified by the oath of at least one of said signers, the said Commission shall have power to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of papers by subpoena or written order. The Commission shall hear and determine said charges within ten days after service of a copy thereof, unless said proceedings shall be adjourned for cause to a time not exceeding thirty days in all; and then at such adjourned meeting to appear and answer such charges, his default shall be deemed good cause for his removal. Any officer removed or suspended shall be liable to a fine not to exceed Fifty Dollars, or confinement in the county jail not to exceed sixty days, on conviction of such offense.

(46) Section 42. No money shall be appropriated except by ordinance of the peace of said Village.

(47) Section 43. The violation of any sub-sections (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g) of this section shall be deemed misdemeanor punishable as provided, in this charter and in case no punishment is otherwise provided, the person so offending shall, upon conviction thereof by any court of competent jurisdiction, be punished by a fine not exceeding the Hundred Dollars or by imprisonment in the county jail for a period not exceeding ninety days, or by both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the Court; and in every case of such conviction the person so offending shall be liable to the procedure provided for in the following section.

(48) Section 44. If any incumbent of any office, whether elected or appointed, shall be by any court of competent jurisdiction or by the Commission found guilty of any matter or thing which is made cause for removal under this charter, his said office shall become vacant without further proceeding and said vacancy shall thereupon be filled according to law.

### CHAPTER 4

#### ELECTIVE OFFICERS—Who Are.

(49) Section 1. All the corporate powers of the Village of Plymouth are hereby vested in a Village Commission, consisting of five commissioners elected as hereinafter provided.

(50) Section 2. The Commission shall elect one of its members as Chairman, who shall be entitled President, and who shall hold such office for a term of one year. The Commission shall elect a General Manager, as provided in section 4 of Chapter 7, who shall be Clerk of the Village.

(51) Section 3. All elective officers shall hold their respective offices for the term of two years from the fourth Monday in March, following their election and until their respective successors are elected, and qualified and enter upon the duties of their offices, except that at the election held in the year 1918, five Commissioners shall be elected, two for a term of two years, and three for a term of one year, and on each odd year thereafter there shall be elected three Commissioners and on each even year there shall be elected two Commissioners. Provided that any officer elected to fill an unexpired term shall continue his office until the expiration of the term which he was elected to complete and until his successor is elected and qualified.

(52) Section 4. If a vacancy occur in any elective office, except by recall as provided in the general law pertaining thereto, the Commission shall appoint an eligible person to fill such vacancy until the next regular municipal election. Any vacancy shall then be filled by election for the unexpired term.

(53) Section 5. Resignation of officers shall be made to the Commission. If any officer elected or appointed to office shall fail to take and file the oath of office, or shall fail to give bond or security required for the due performance of the duties of his office within seven days after receiving his certificate of election and resigning, he shall be deemed to have resigned from office, and his successor shall be elected and qualified.

(54) Section 6. The Commission shall receive such compensation for its services as shall be fixed by ordinance, a sum of not less than Two Dollars for each meeting of the Commission by them respectively attended during their term of office, but not to exceed Sixty Dollars in any one year, such payment to be made out of the general fund in the Village Treasury.

(55) Section 7. Compensation of Elective Officers. The Commission shall receive such compensation for its services as shall be fixed by ordinance, a sum of not less than Two Dollars for each meeting of the Commission by them respectively attended during their term of office, but not to exceed Sixty Dollars in any one year, such payment to be made out of the general fund in the Village Treasury.

(56) Section 8. The Commission shall be the judge of the election and qualifications of its own members subject to review by the courts in cases of contest.

(57) Section 9. The Commission shall determine its own rules of procedure and may punish its members for disorderly conduct. A majority of the Commissioners shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business; a less number may adjourn from time to time, and may compel the attendance of absent members in such manner as shall be prescribed by ordinance or rules of the Commission; and all pending business and business noticed or set down for hearing at such meeting shall be taken up and heard at such adjourned meeting, or the next regular meeting, without further notice. No office shall be created or abolished, street, alley or public ground be vacated, real estate or interest therein purchased, leased, sold or disposed of, or private property be taken for public use, unless by a concurrent vote of four-fifths of all the members of the Commission, which vote shall be taken by yeas and nays, nor shall any vote of the Commission be reconsidered or rescinded at a special meeting, unless there be present as many members of the Commission as were present when such vote was taken. No standing committees shall be constituted of more than one person. No ordinance shall be offered or introduced at other than a regular meeting, nor shall any ordinance be adopted within fourteen days after it shall have been introduced.

### Employing Transportation to Polls

(36) Section 32. It shall be unlawful for any candidate for any primary or municipal election, or any person in his behalf, directly or indirectly, to employ or hire any hack, carriage, motor vehicle, or other conveyance for the purpose of conveying voters to the polls at any primary or municipal election. Any violation of this section shall be punished as provided in Section 30 of this charter.

(37) Section 33. No person shall hold any elective office under this charter unless he shall be at least twenty-five (25) years of age, a citizen of the United States, a freeholder of the village and resident thereof for at least two years prior to his election.

(38) Section 34. No person shall be elected or appointed to any office in the Village, who has been or is a member of any fraternal organization or board of officers thereof, or to any school district, county or other municipal corporation of the State. All votes for any appointment of any such defaulter shall be void.

(39) Section 35. A person may hold an appointive office, other than Assessor or Treasurer, in the Village, though not a resident thereof.

(40) Section 36. Every officer elected or appointed in the Village before entering upon the duties of his office, shall take and subscribe an oath of office, which shall be filed and kept in the office of the Village Clerk, to support the Constitution of the United States, and the Constitution of the State of Michigan; to endeavor to secure and maintain an honest and efficient administration of the affairs of the Village of Plymouth, free from partisan distinction or control, and to perform the duties of his office to the best of his ability. In case of his failure to do so, within seven days after receiving notice of his election or appointment, he shall be deemed to have declined the office.

(41) Section 37. Every officer elected or appointed in the Village before entering upon the duties of his office and within the time prescribed for filing his official oath, shall file with the Village Clerk such bond or security as may be required by law, or any ordinance of the Commission, and with such securities as shall be provided by the Commission, conditioned for the due performance of the duties of his office, except that the bond or security given by the Clerk shall be deposited with the Village Treasurer.

(42) Section 38. Any holder of an elective office may be recalled and removed therefrom by the qualified electors of the Village of Plymouth in the manner now or which at any time hereafter may be provided by general law.

(43) Section 39. No person who has been removed from an office by recall or who has resigned from his office after a petition for his recall and removal has been filed, shall be eligible to be elected or appointed to any office within two years after such removal or resignation.

(44) Section 40. Any officer holding office by election by the electors may, if written charges shall be preferred against him, for any of the causes specified in Section 4 of this charter, be suspended from office by a majority vote of the Commission until such charges shall be heard and determined; and any officer elected or appointed by the commission may be in like manner suspended from his office, and in the event of such suspension it shall be the duty of the Commission to proceed to the hearing of such charges at the next regular meeting, or an adjournment thereof, and to determine the matter at such meeting, and if such charges are sustained by the vote of a majority of said Commission, the said officer shall be removed from office; but if such officer shall not be removed, he shall be entitled to resume his office and receive pay during the period of such suspension.

(45) Section 41. The Commission may remove from office any of its members, including the President, and may remove any other officers of the Village, either elective or appointive for any of the following causes, to-wit:

- (a) Conviction by a court of competent jurisdiction of any offense under the charter or ordinances of the Village, or of this State or of the United States.
- (b) Wilful violation of any provision of the charter or ordinances of the Village.
- (c) Intoxication or habitual drunkenness.
- (d) Incompetency to perform the duties of his office.
- (e) Wilful neglect of duty.
- (f) Corrupt or wilful malfeasance or misfeasance in office.
- (g) Wilful misconduct to the injury of the public service.

Said proceedings may be initiated by any member of said Commission or by any member of the Village, as hereinafter provided. Upon the filing with said Commission of a complaint in writing specifying any matter or thing made cause for removal under this charter, which complaint shall be signed by not less than twenty-five electors of said Village and verified by the oath of at least one of said signers, the said Commission shall proceed to hear and determine said matter as herein provided.

If said officer is found guilty by a majority of the Commission he shall be removed from such office and the reason for such removal shall be entered upon the records of the Commission with the names and votes of the members voting on the question—no officer shall be removed unless first furnished with a copy of the charges in writing and allowed to be heard in his defense, and verified by the oath of at least one of said signers, the said Commission shall have power to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of papers by subpoena or written order. The Commission shall hear and determine said charges within ten days after service of a copy thereof, unless said proceedings shall be adjourned for cause to a time not exceeding thirty days in all; and then at such adjourned meeting to appear and answer such charges, his default shall be deemed good cause for his removal. Any officer removed or suspended shall be liable to a fine not to exceed Fifty Dollars, or confinement in the county jail not to exceed sixty days, on conviction of such offense.

(46) Section 42. No money shall be appropriated except by ordinance of the peace of said Village.

(47) Section 43. The violation of any sub-sections (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g) of this section shall be deemed misdemeanor punishable as provided, in this charter and in case no punishment is otherwise provided, the person so offending shall, upon conviction thereof by any court of competent jurisdiction, be punished by a fine not exceeding the Hundred Dollars or by imprisonment in the county jail for a period not exceeding ninety days, or by both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the Court; and in every case of such conviction the person so offending shall be liable to the procedure provided for in the following section.

(48) Section 44. If any incumbent of any office, whether elected or appointed, shall be by any court of competent jurisdiction or by the Commission found guilty of any matter or thing which is made cause for removal under this charter, his said office shall become vacant without further proceeding and said vacancy shall thereupon be filled according to law.

### CHAPTER 5

#### Who May Be Recalled.

(42) Section 1. Any holder of an elective office may be recalled and removed therefrom by the qualified electors of the Village of Plymouth in the manner now or which at any time hereafter may be provided by general law.

(43) Section 2. No person who has been removed from an office by recall or who has resigned from his office after a petition for his recall and removal has been filed, shall be eligible to be elected or appointed to any office within two years after such removal or resignation.

(44) Section 3. Any officer holding office by election by the electors may, if written charges shall be preferred against him, for any of the causes specified in Section 4 of this charter, be suspended from office by a majority vote of the Commission until such charges shall be heard and determined; and any officer elected or appointed by the commission may be in like manner suspended from his office, and in the event of such suspension it shall be the duty of the Commission to proceed to the hearing of such charges at the next regular meeting, or an adjournment thereof, and to determine the matter at such meeting, and if such charges are sustained by the vote of a majority of said Commission, the said officer shall be removed from office; but if such officer shall not be removed, he shall be entitled to resume his office and receive pay during the period of such suspension.

(45) Section 4. The Commission may remove from office any of its members, including the President, and may remove any other officers of the Village, either elective or appointive for any of the following causes, to-wit:

- (a) Conviction by a court of competent jurisdiction of any offense under the charter or ordinances of the Village, or of this State or of the United States.
- (b) Wilful violation of any provision of the charter or ordinances of the Village.
- (c) Intoxication or habitual drunkenness.
- (d) Incompetency to perform the duties of his office.
- (e) Wilful neglect of duty.
- (f) Corrupt or wilful malfeasance or misfeasance in office.
- (g) Wilful misconduct to the injury of the public service.

Said proceedings may be initiated by any member of said Commission or by any member of the Village, as hereinafter provided. Upon the filing with said Commission of a complaint in writing specifying any matter or thing made cause for removal under this charter, which complaint shall be signed by not less than twenty-five electors of said Village and verified by the oath of at least one of said signers, the said Commission shall proceed to hear and determine said matter as herein provided.

If said officer is found guilty by a majority of the Commission he shall be removed from such office and the reason for such removal shall be entered upon the records of the Commission with the names and votes of the members voting on the question—no officer shall be removed unless first furnished with a copy of the charges in writing and allowed to be heard in his defense, and verified by the oath of at least one of said signers, the said Commission shall have power to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of papers by subpoena or written order. The Commission shall hear and determine said charges within ten days after service of a copy thereof, unless said proceedings shall be adjourned for cause to a time not exceeding thirty days in all; and then at such adjourned meeting

CHAPTER 5.

Departments of Government. (71) Section 1. The executive and administrative powers and authority of the Village not herein otherwise provided for, shall be distributed among the departments, as follows:

- 1st. Department of Finance and Auditing.
2d. Department of Public Safety.
3d. Department of Public Works.
4th. Department of Public Health.

CHAPTER 6.

Appointed Officers—Who Are.

(72) Section 1. The President shall, by and with the consent and approval of the Commission, appoint one Treasurer, one Assessor, two members of Board of Review, one Village Attorney, one Health Officer, and such other appointive officers as shall be provided for by ordinance or resolution of the Commission, whose duties and appointments shall be specially provided for and whenever they shall deem such appointments necessary and advisable for the execution of the powers granted by this Charter; powers and duties of such appointive officers shall be prescribed by the Commission subject to the provisions of this Charter.

(73) Section 2.

The Commission shall appoint three Trustees who shall be freeholders and electors of the Village, and who shall constitute a Board of Cemetery Trustees. The three trustees so appointed shall hold their office for the term of three years, except that at the first appointment one shall be appointed for one year, one for two years, and one for the term of three years, from the second Monday in April of the year when appointed, and annually thereafter one shall be appointed as hereinafter provided.

(74) Section 3. Any appointive officer established by this charter or by any ordinance, except general manager, may be conferred upon any member of the Commission who shall be otherwise eligible thereto. Any two or more of the appointive officers, or any part of the powers and duties of any of them, may be combined in any one person, except that the office of Treasurer may be combined with that of Assessor, but with no other office.

(75) Section 4. Appointments to office under this charter shall be made on the first Monday in April of each year, unless a different time shall be prescribed in this charter or in the ordinance or resolution creating the office; but appointments which, for any cause, shall not be made on the first Monday of the day provided in the ordinance or resolution creating the office, may be made at any subsequent regular or special meeting of the commission.

(76) Section 5. The term of office of all appointive officers shall continue until the first Monday of April next after such appointment, and until their successors are appointed, qualified and enter upon the duties of their offices, unless a different term of office shall be prescribed in this charter or in the ordinance or resolution creating the office, but they shall hold their respective offices wholly at the pleasure of the Commission.

Officers appointed to fill vacancies in elective offices shall hold their office until the next regular municipal election and perform such other duties consistent with his office as may be imposed by the Commission. He shall be recognized as the official head of the Village by the Courts for the purpose of serving civil processes, by the Governor for military purposes and for all ceremonial purposes.

CHAPTER 7.

Powers and Duties of Officers.

(77) Section 1. The President shall preside at the meetings of the Commission and perform such other duties consistent with his office as may be imposed by the Commission. He shall be recognized as the official head of the Village by the Courts for the purpose of serving civil processes, by the Governor for military purposes and for all ceremonial purposes.

(78) Section 2. At the time of public danger or emergency he may, with the consent of the Commission, exercise within the Village the powers conferred upon sheriffs to suppress disorder, and have authority to command the assistance of all able bodied citizens to aid in the enforcement of the ordinances of the Commission and to suppress riots and disorderly conduct.

(79) Section 3. In the absence of the President, the President's duties shall be performed by another member appointed by the Commission.

(80) Section 4. The General Manager shall be the general executive officer and Clerk of the Village. He shall be elected by the Commission on the basis of his educational and executive and administrative qualifications. The choice shall not be limited to inhabitants of the Village or State.

(81) Section 5. The General Manager shall receive such compensation as shall be fixed by the Commission. He shall be elected for an indefinite period. He shall be removable at any time after six months he may demand written charges and a public hearing on the same before the Commission, and his final removal shall take effect, but during such hearing the Commission may suspend him from office. During the absence or disability of the General Manager the Commission shall designate some properly qualified person to perform the duties of the office.

THE DUTIES OF GENERAL MANAGER AS CLERK.

(82) Section 6. The Clerk shall keep the corporate seal and all the documents, official bonds, papers, files and records of the Village, not in this charter or the ordinance of the Village, entrusted in some other officer. He shall be the Clerk of the Commission, and shall attend its meetings. In case of the absence of the Clerk, or if from any cause he shall be unable to discharge or disqualified from performing the duties required of him, then the Commission may appoint one of their number, or some other person, to perform the duties of the Clerk for the time being. The Clerk shall record, or cause to be recorded, all the ordinances of the Village, and shall cause to be signed and registered all licenses granted; he shall, when required, make and certify, under the seal of the Village, copies of the papers and records filed and kept in his office; and such copies shall be evidence in all places of the matters therein contained, to the same extent as the original would be.

He shall possess and exercise the powers of the Township Clerk so far as the same are required to be performed within the Village, except as to the filing of chattel mortgages; and he shall have authority to administer oaths and affirmations in matters pertaining to the affairs of the Village and shall make no charge for such services.

(83) Section 7. The Clerk shall be the general accountant of the Village; and all claims against the corporation shall be filed with him for adjustment. After examination thereof, he shall report the same, with all accompanying vouchers, and counterclaims of the Village, and the true balance as found by him, to the Commission for allowance, and when allowed shall draw his warrant upon the Treasurer for the payment of the amount thereof, which warrant is to be made, and take proper receipts therefor; but no warrant shall be drawn upon any fund after the same has been exhausted. When any tax or money shall be levied, raised or appropriated, the amount thereof shall be reported to the Village Treasurer, stating the objects and funds for which it is levied, raised or appropriated, and the amounts thereof to be credited to each fund.

(84) Section 8. The Clerk shall keep books relative to Property and Debts.

(85) Section 9. The Clerk shall have charge of all the books, vouchers and documents relating to the accounts, contracts, debts, and revenues of the corporation; he shall counter-sign and register all bonds issued, provide and keep in his office an indexed book of records of each bond issued, and shall, in addition, issue, rate of interest, amount of principal and interest having been paid, amount unpaid, when due, to whom issued, where payable, for what purpose issued; shall keep a list of all property and effects belonging to the Village, and all its debts and liabilities; he shall keep a complete set of books, exhibiting the financial condition of the corporation in all its departments, funds, resources and liabilities, with a proper classification thereof, and showing the purpose for which each fund was raised; he shall also keep an account of all moneys received for each of the several funds of the Village, and credit him with all warrants drawn thereon, keeping an account with each fund.

(86) Section 10. The Clerk shall report to the Commission, whenever required, a detailed statement of the receipts, expenditures and financial condition of the Village, of the debts to be paid, and moneys necessary to meet the estimated expenses of the corporation, and shall perform such other duties pertaining to his office as the Commission may require.

(87) Section 11. The Clerk shall collect by the Village Treasurer, in which he shall charge him with all the moneys received for each of the several funds of the Village, and credit him with all warrants drawn thereon, keeping an account with each fund.

(88) Section 12. The Clerk shall report to the Commission, whenever required, a detailed statement of the receipts, expenditures and financial condition of the Village, of the debts to be paid, and moneys necessary to meet the estimated expenses of the corporation, and shall perform such other duties pertaining to his office as the Commission may require.

(89) Section 13. In case of emergency, purchases may be made without competition if a sufficient appropriation has heretofore been made against which such purchases may lawfully be charged. In such cases a copy of the invoice or receipt, kept on file with the Village Clerk, together with a certificate by the Commission or General Manager stating the facts of the emergency. A copy of this certificate shall also be attached to and filed with the voucher covering payment for the supplies.

(90) Section 14. No contract, agreement or other obligation involving the expenditure of money shall be entered into, nor shall any ordinance, resolution or order for the purchase of money be passed by the Commission or by the Village Clerk, unless the Village Clerk shall first certify to the Commission or to the proper officer, as the case may be, that the money required for such contract, agreement, obligation or expenditure is in the treasury to be drawn from the fund from which it is to be drawn and not appropriated for any other purpose; which certificate shall be filed and immediately recorded. The sum so certified shall not thereafter be considered appropriated until the contract, agreement or obligation is completed, agreed or obligated.

(91) Section 15. All moneys actually in the treasury to the credit of the funds from which they are to be drawn, and all moneys applicable to the payment of the obligation or appropriation to meet it, that are anticipated to come into the treasury before the maturity of such contract, agreement or obligation, from taxes or assessments, or from sales or services, products or by-products, or from any Village undertaking, fees, charges, accounts and bills receivable under the credit of the Village, collection, and all moneys applicable to the payment of such obligation or appropriation, which are to be paid into the treasury, prior to the maturity thereof, arising from lawfully authorized bonds sold and in process of being collected, shall be deemed in the treasury to the credit of the appropriate fund and subject to such certification.

(92) Section 16. No contract involving an expenditure in excess of three hundred dollars shall be awarded upon the approval of the General Manager, unless the Commission shall first certify to the Commission or to the proper officer, as the case may be, that the money required for such contract, agreement or obligation is in the treasury to be drawn from the fund from which it is to be drawn and not appropriated for any other purpose; which certificate shall be filed and immediately recorded. The sum so certified shall not thereafter be considered appropriated until the contract, agreement or obligation is completed, agreed or obligated.

(93) Section 17. All moneys actually in the treasury to the credit of the funds from which they are to be drawn, and all moneys applicable to the payment of the obligation or appropriation to meet it, that are anticipated to come into the treasury before the maturity of such contract, agreement or obligation, from taxes or assessments, or from sales or services, products or by-products, or from any Village undertaking, fees, charges, accounts and bills receivable under the credit of the Village, collection, and all moneys applicable to the payment of such obligation or appropriation, which are to be paid into the treasury, prior to the maturity thereof, arising from lawfully authorized bonds sold and in process of being collected, shall be deemed in the treasury to the credit of the appropriate fund and subject to such certification.

(94) Section 18. No contract involving an expenditure in excess of three hundred dollars shall be awarded upon the approval of the General Manager, unless the Commission shall first certify to the Commission or to the proper officer, as the case may be, that the money required for such contract, agreement or obligation is in the treasury to be drawn from the fund from which it is to be drawn and not appropriated for any other purpose; which certificate shall be filed and immediately recorded. The sum so certified shall not thereafter be considered appropriated until the contract, agreement or obligation is completed, agreed or obligated.

(95) Section 19. All moneys actually in the treasury to the credit of the funds from which they are to be drawn, and all moneys applicable to the payment of the obligation or appropriation to meet it, that are anticipated to come into the treasury before the maturity of such contract, agreement or obligation, from taxes or assessments, or from sales or services, products or by-products, or from any Village undertaking, fees, charges, accounts and bills receivable under the credit of the Village, collection, and all moneys applicable to the payment of such obligation or appropriation, which are to be paid into the treasury, prior to the maturity thereof, arising from lawfully authorized bonds sold and in process of being collected, shall be deemed in the treasury to the credit of the appropriate fund and subject to such certification.

(96) Section 20. In no instance shall contracts be let as a whole, nor shall bids for parts of the work be taken when such bids taken shall exceed the estimate for the improvement contemplated.

VILLAGE ATTORNEY.

(97) Section 21. The Attorney, in addition to the other duties prescribed in this charter, shall be the legal adviser of the Village, and shall act as the attorney for the Village in all legal proceedings in which the Village is interested, and shall prosecute all offenses against the ordinances of the Village. He shall perform such other duties in relation to the legal matters of the Village as shall be required of him by the Commission.

VILLAGE TREASURER.

(98) Section 22. The Treasurer shall have the custody of all moneys, bonds other than official, mortgages, notes, leases and evidences of value belonging to the Village; he shall receive all moneys belonging to, and receivable by the corporation, and keep an account of all receipts and expenditures thereof; he shall pay no money out of the treasury, except in pursuance of and by authority of law, and upon warrants signed by the Clerk and President or General Manager, which shall specify the purpose for which the amounts thereof are to be paid; he shall collect and keep an account of and be charged with all taxes and moneys appropriated, raised, or received, for each and every fund of the Village, and shall keep a separate account of each fund and shall credit thereto all moneys raised, paid in or appropriated therefor, and shall pay every warrant out of the particular fund raised for the purpose for which the warrant was issued.

have the same power to administer oaths and secure the attendance of witnesses and the production of books and papers as is vested in the Commission.

(90) Section 13. The General Manager shall be entitled to a seat in the Commission and shall have the right to introduce ordinances and resolutions and to take part in the discussion of all matters coming before the Commission, but he shall have no vote thereon. He shall hold no office other than such as may be conferred upon him by the Commission, with the exception of that of Notary Public.

(91) Section 14. The General Manager shall act as the Purchasing Agent for the Village and as such he shall purchase all the supplies for the Village. He shall also sell personal property not needed, or unsuitable for public use, and the proceeds of such sale shall be deposited in the fund condemned as useless by the Commission or the General Manager. He shall maintain a store room or store house in which shall be stored all supplies and materials purchased for the Village and not delivered directly to the Village Treasurer, and he shall inspect all supplies delivered to determine quality and quantity and conformance with specifications; and no bills shall be honored by the Village unless the accompanying invoice shall be endorsed as approved by the Village Purchasing Agent.

(92) Section 15. The Village Purchasing Agent may require from the proper officials, at such times as memoranda of the quantity and kind of supplies to be paid for from the appropriation, and the amount thereof. Upon the certification that funds are available in the proper appropriations, such goods shall be purchased and shall be paid for from the funds in the proper department for that purpose. However, this procedure shall not apply to purchases of such things as cash, to the credit of the store account, to be furnished the several departments on requisition, goods so furnished to be paid for by the department furnished therewith by warrant made payable to the credit of the store account, and such warrants shall not furnish any supplies for, or purchase any supplies for, any department unless there be to the credit of such department available appropriation balance, in excess of all unpaid obligations, sufficient to pay for such supplies, before making any purchase or sale to an amount in excess of three hundred dollars, the Village Purchasing Agent shall give opportunity for competition, all proposals to be upon similar specifications, and upon such rules and regulations as the Commission shall establish.

(93) Section 16. In case of emergency, purchases may be made without competition if a sufficient appropriation has heretofore been made against which such purchases may lawfully be charged. In such cases a copy of the invoice or receipt, kept on file with the Village Clerk, together with a certificate by the Commission or General Manager stating the facts of the emergency. A copy of this certificate shall also be attached to and filed with the voucher covering payment for the supplies.

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FINANCIAL REPORTS.

(100) Section 23. The Treasurer shall report to the Commission, at the first meeting of each month if required, a report of the amounts received and reported by him to each fund, and on what account received, and the amount paid out by him from each fund during the preceding month, and the amount of each month's receipts in each fund on the last day of said preceding month. He shall also exhibit to the Commission, annually on the first Monday in March a full detailed report for the preceding fiscal year, and as often and for such period as the Commission may require, a full and detailed account of the receipts and disbursements of the treasury for the preceding fiscal year, classifying them therein by the funds to which such receipts are credited and out of which such disbursements are made, and with a balance remaining in each fund; which account shall be filed in the office of the Clerk, and such account shall also contain a statement of all outstanding bonds, including the date of issue, rate of interest, amount of principal interest, and the amount of principal unpaid, when due and for what purpose issued.

(101) Section 24. Said Treasurer shall take vouchers for all money paid from the treasury, showing the amount and fund from which payment was made, which vouchers upon settlement with the proper officers of the Village shall be surrendered and filed with the Clerk.

(102) Section 25. The Treasurer shall not receive or disburse any money belonging to the Village, separate and distinct from his own moneys, and he is hereby prohibited from using either directly or indirectly, the corporation moneys, warrants or evidences of debt in his custody or keeping, for his own use or benefit, or for the use of any other person.

(103) Section 26. The Treasurer shall be a qualified and competent bookkeeper, and shall perform all the duties of the Treasurer as prescribed by the Commission. He shall give a full and correct account and vouchers as shall be satisfactory to the Commission.

ASSESSOR.

(104) Section 27. The Assessor shall perform such duties in relation to the assessment of property and levying taxes in the Village as are prescribed by this charter.

BOARD OF ASSESSMENT AND REVIEW.

(105) Section 28. The Assessor and two qualified freeholders and electors of the Village, to be annually appointed by the Commission, and with the consent and approval of the Commission, shall constitute a Board of Assessment and Review. If a member of the board shall be interested in any special assessment directed by the Commission, there shall be no objection to his being present in his stead in making the assessment, who for the purpose of that assessment, shall be a member of the board.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY.

(a) POLICE DEPARTMENT.

(106) Section 29. The Village Marshal shall be the Chief of Police. He shall be subject to the General Manager, and Commission, and shall have the direction of the police of the Village. For the preservation of the Village, the police and watchmen shall have all the powers and authority of constables. It shall be their duty to suppress all riots, disturbances and breaches of the peace; to arrest all persons fleeing from justice, to apprehend upon view any person found in the act of committing a crime, or violating the ordinances of the Village in any manner involving a breach of the peace, and to take the offender before the proper magistrate or officer, to be punished; to make complaints before the proper magistrate or officer, to be punished; to believe that any person known or unknown, who has committed a crime or any violation of the ordinances of the Village; and to serve all processes that may be delivered to them for that purpose, and generally to perform all such duties as may be required by the Commission for the good government of the Village.

It shall be their duty to see that all the ordinances and regulations of the Commission, made for the preservation of quiet, good order, and for the safety and protection of the inhabitants of the Village, are promptly enforced, and that the officers of the police shall, within said Village, be vested with all the powers conferred upon sheriffs, for the preservation of quiet and good order. When any person has committed or is suspected of having committed any crime, or misdemeanor, or any violation of the ordinances of the Village, the police officers of the Village shall have the same right to pursue, arrest and detain such person within the Village limits as the sheriff of the county. They shall have power to serve any process to be directed or delivered to them, in all proceedings for violations of the ordinances of the Village. Such processes may be served anywhere within the Village.

REMOVAL OF BUILDINGS BY DEPARTMENT.

(107) Section 30. The Chief of Police shall keep a record of all arrests and the cause thereof, and shall enter therein, within twenty-four hours after any person shall be arrested, the name of the person so arrested, the cause of arrest, the age and nationality of the person arrested, and if discharged without being taken before a court, the reason for such discharge, which record shall be the property of the Village.

REPORT TO COMMISSION.

(108) Section 31. The Chief of Police shall report in writing and on oath to the Commission at their first meeting each month, all arrests made by him and the cause thereof, and all persons discharged from arrest during the month; also the number of persons arrested for breaches of the ordinances of the Village; the amount of fines and fees collected by him. All moneys collected or received by the Chief of Police, unless otherwise directed by this charter, shall be paid into the Village treasury, and the Treasurer's report therefor shall be filed with the Clerk.

POLICE FORCE—ESTABLISHMENT OF.

(109) Section 32. The Commission of said Village may provide for the establishment of a police force, and may authorize the General Manager or Chief of Police to appoint, with or without the consent of the Commission, from time to time, such number of policemen and night watchmen as they shall deem expedient for the good government of the Village, and for the protection of the persons and property of the inhabitants, and they may authorize the General Manager of the Village, in cases of emergency and danger, to appoint temporarily, such number of policemen as in his judgment, the occasion may require.

RULES OF POLICE DEPARTMENT.

(110) Section 33. The Commission shall have the power to prescribe the powers and duties of policemen and watchmen, and they may invest them with such authority as may be necessary for the preservation of quiet and good order in the Village.

ESTABLISHMENT AND MAINTENANCE OF.

(111) Section 34. The Commission shall have power to enact such ordinances and establish and enforce such regulations as they shall deem necessary to guard against the occurrence of fires, and to protect the property and persons of the citizens against damage and accident resulting therefrom; and for this purpose to establish and maintain a fire department; to organize and maintain fire companies; to employ and appoint firemen to receive and enforce such rules and regulations for the government of the department, the employees, firemen and officers thereof; and for the care and management of the engines, apparatus, property and buildings pertaining to the fire department.

APPLIANCES—COMMISSION MAY PROVIDE.

(112) Section 35. The Commission may purchase and provide suitable fire engines and apparatus for the extinguishment of fires; and may purchase and provide fire hydrants and reservoirs in the streets, public grounds and other suitable places in the Village; and make all necessary provisions for a convenient supply of water for the use of the department.

BUILDINGS FOR.

(113) Section 36. The Commission may also provide or erect all necessary buildings for keeping the engines, carriages, teams and fire apparatus of the department.

CHIEF OF FIRE DEPARTMENT.

(114) Section 37. The Chief of the Fire Department shall be subject to the direction of the General Manager and the regulations of the Commission; shall have the supervision and direction of the department and the care and management of the fire engines, apparatus and buildings for.

APPOINTMENTS TO AND REGULATIONS FOR.

(115) Section 38. The Chief of the Fire Department or other officer acting as such, may command any person present at a fire to aid in the extinguishment thereof, and to assist in the protection of property thereat. If any person shall willfully disobey any such lawful requirement or other lawful order of any such officer, he shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by imprisonment in the county jail for a term not exceeding ninety days or by fine not exceeding One Hundred Dollars, or by both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the court.

APPOINTMENTS TO AND REGULATIONS FOR.

(116) Section 39. The Commission may provide for the appointment of or may employ such number of firemen as may be deemed necessary; and for the examinations by them from time to time, of the stoves, furnaces and heating apparatus and devices in all dwellings, public buildings and structures within the Village, and in all places where combustible or explosive substances are kept, and to cause all such as are unsafe with respect to fire, to be put in a safe condition.

FIRE LIMITS—PROVISIONS FOR ESTABLISHING.

(117) Section 40. The Commission may prescribe by ordinance from time to time, limits or districts within which wooden buildings and structures shall not be erected, placed, or enlarged, and to direct the manner of constructing buildings within such limits, and with respect to protection against fire, and the material of which the outer walls and roofs shall be constructed.

PREVENTION OF FIRE—REGULATIONS FOR.

(118) Section 41. The Commission may also prohibit within such places or districts, as they shall deem expedient, the location of shops, the prosecution of any trade or business, the keeping of lumber yards, and the storing of lumber, wood, or other easily inflammable material in open places when, in the opinion of the Commission, the danger from fire is thereby increased, and may regulate the storing of gunpowder, oils, and other combustible and explosive substances, and the use of lights in buildings, and generally may pass and enforce such ordinances and regulations as they may deem necessary for the prevention and suppression of fires.

REMOVAL OF BUILDINGS—AS NUISANCES.

(119) Section 42. Every building or structure which may be erected, placed, enlarged, or kept, in violation of any ordinance or regulation of the Commission for the prevention of fires, is hereby declared to be a nuisance, and may be abated or removed by the direction of the Commission.

COMPENSATION OF FIREMEN.

(120) Section 43. The officers, firemen and employees of the department shall receive such compensation as the Commission may prescribe.

DESTRUCTION OF BUILDINGS BY DEPARTMENT.

(121) Section 44. The Chief in charge of the department at any fire with the consent of the General Manager or any two Commissioners, may cause any building to be pulled down or destroyed, when deemed necessary in order to arrest the progress of the fire. Whenever any building is so pulled down or destroyed, the person who has an interest in such building may, within six months thereafter, present his claim for damages to the Commission of said Village, and it shall thereupon be the duty of the Commission to pay such claimant such amount as shall be determined by the Commission, taking into consideration the fact whether or not such loss would probably have occurred to such building if it had not been pulled down or destroyed, and whether the same was insured or not. If the Commission and such claimant shall not be able to agree upon the amount of damages to be paid such claimant, then the amount of such damages shall be ascertained by the appraisal of a jury to be selected in the same manner as in case of a jury to appraise damages for taking of private property for public use. Such jury may visit the premises and may hear all the proofs in the case, and shall allow such claimant such amount of damages as they may deem proper under the circumstances, as above stated.

the Village, and for the protection of the persons and property of the inhabitants, and they may authorize the General Manager of the Village, in cases of emergency and danger, to appoint temporarily, such number of policemen as in his judgment, the occasion may require.

(110) Section 33. The Commission shall have the power to prescribe the powers and duties of policemen and watchmen, and they may invest them with such authority as may be necessary for the preservation of quiet and good order in the Village.

ESTABLISHMENT AND MAINTENANCE OF.

(111) Section 34. The Commission shall have power to enact such ordinances and establish and enforce such regulations as they shall deem necessary to guard against the occurrence of fires, and to protect the property and persons of the citizens against damage and accident resulting therefrom; and for this purpose to establish and maintain a fire department; to organize and maintain fire companies; to employ and appoint firemen to receive and enforce such rules and regulations for the government of the department, the employees, firemen and officers thereof; and for the care and management of the engines, apparatus, property and buildings pertaining to the fire department.

APPLIANCES—COMMISSION MAY PROVIDE.

(112) Section 35. The Commission may purchase and provide suitable fire engines and apparatus for the extinguishment of fires; and may purchase and provide fire hydrants and reservoirs in the streets, public grounds and other suitable places in the Village; and make all necessary provisions for a convenient supply of water for the use of the department.

BUILDINGS FOR.

(113) Section 36. The Commission may also provide or erect all necessary buildings for keeping the engines, carriages, teams and fire apparatus of the department.

CHIEF OF FIRE DEPARTMENT.

(114) Section 37. The Chief of the Fire Department shall be subject to the direction of the General Manager and the regulations of the Commission; shall have the supervision and direction of the department and the care and management of the fire engines, apparatus and buildings for.

APPOINTMENTS TO AND REGULATIONS FOR.

(115) Section 38. The Chief of the Fire Department or other officer acting as such, may command any person present at a fire to aid in the extinguishment thereof, and to assist in the protection of property thereat. If any person shall willfully disobey any such lawful requirement or other lawful order of any such officer, he shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by imprisonment in the county jail for a term not exceeding ninety days or by fine not exceeding One Hundred Dollars, or by both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the court.

APPOINTMENTS TO AND REGULATIONS FOR.

(116) Section 39. The Commission may provide for the appointment of or may employ such number of firemen as may be deemed necessary; and for the examinations by them from time to time, of the stoves, furnaces and heating apparatus and devices in all dwellings, public buildings and structures within the Village, and in all places where combustible or explosive substances are kept, and to cause all such as are unsafe with respect to fire, to be put in a safe condition.

FIRE LIMITS—PROVISIONS FOR ESTABLISHING.

(117) Section 40. The Commission may prescribe by ordinance from time to time, limits or districts within which wooden buildings and structures shall not be erected, placed, or enlarged, and to direct the manner of constructing buildings within such limits, and with respect to protection against fire, and the material of which the outer walls and roofs shall be constructed.

PREVENTION OF FIRE—REGULATIONS FOR.

(118) Section 41. The Commission may also prohibit within such places or districts, as they shall deem expedient, the location of shops, the prosecution of any trade or business, the keeping of lumber yards, and the storing of lumber, wood, or other easily inflammable material in open places when, in the opinion of the Commission, the danger from fire is thereby increased, and may regulate the storing of gunpowder, oils, and other combustible and explosive substances, and the use of lights in buildings, and generally may pass and enforce such ordinances and regulations as they may deem necessary for the prevention and suppression of fires.

REMOVAL OF BUILDINGS—AS NUISANCES.

(119) Section 42. Every building or structure which may be erected, placed, enlarged, or kept, in violation of any ordinance or regulation of the Commission for the prevention of fires, is hereby declared to be a nuisance, and may be abated or removed by the direction of the Commission.

COMPENSATION OF FIREMEN.

(120) Section 43. The officers, firemen and employees of the department shall receive such compensation as the Commission may prescribe.

DESTRUCTION OF BUILDINGS BY DEPARTMENT.

(121) Section 44. The Chief in charge of the department at any fire with the consent of the General Manager or any two Commissioners, may cause any building to be pulled down or destroyed, when deemed necessary in order to arrest the progress of the fire. Whenever any building is so pulled down or destroyed, the person who has an interest in such building may, within six months thereafter, present his claim for damages to the Commission of said Village, and it shall thereupon be the duty of the Commission to pay such claimant such amount as shall be determined by the Commission, taking into consideration the fact whether or not such loss would probably have occurred to such building if it had not been pulled down or destroyed, and whether the same was insured or not. If the Commission and such claimant shall not be able to agree upon the amount of damages to be paid such claimant, then the amount of such damages shall be ascertained by the appraisal of a jury to be selected in the same manner as in case of a jury to appraise







# Odorless Dry Cleaning!

That's only one of the many new features in our Cleaning Department

Your work in this line is solicited.

Satisfaction Guaranteed.

## R. W. SHINGLETON

PHONE NO. 237-F2

**Black Hawk and  
Corn King  
Manure Spreaders  
Lead Them All  
Let Us Show You**

OPPOSITE PARK  
**D. L. DEY**  
TELEPHONE 336.

# Christmas Cards

We have the largest stock of Christmas Cards to be found anywhere. See them.

Why don't you try the Ginger Bread Candy?

**Murray's Ice Cream Store**  
Penniman Ave., Plymouth.

# Rubber....

This is the time of the year when you want to

## Keep Your Feet Dry

We have every style in the line of RUBBERS—from the widest toe to the extreme narrow—all widths and sizes—high and low heels.

We make a specialty of fitting RUBBERS, just the same as we do fitting SHOES.

WELCOME ALWAYS AT

# C. R. WILLIAMS

Shoe Store on the Corner  
YPSILANTI, MICHIGAN

# SPECIAL SALE ON MILLINERY GOODS

I will sell all my fall and winter hats, feathers, flowers and ornaments at cost.

Ladies' Hats from .....\$1.00 to \$4.50  
Children's Hats from .....75c to \$1.75  
Feathers, Flowers and Ornaments from .....10c to \$1.00

**ORA O. OLDS**

439 N. Mill street. Plymouth, Michigan.

# Special for Saturday

Stock Up! Buy Now!

## Columet Baking Powder

Three 18c cans for .....25c  
Two 15c cans for .....25c  
Two 25c cans for .....40c  
It is good and will keep.

## BULK COFFEES

(Saturday Only)

**BIG BEN, regular price, 22c lb.,  
Special for Saturday, 18c lb.,  
29c and 33c Bulk Coffee at 25c and  
and 30c per lb.**

Sweet June Peas, per can .....12c, 17c  
Sweet Corn, per can .....14c, 17c  
Fall's Best Hominy, per can .....14c  
Tomatoes, per can .....18c, 23c  
Kraut, per can .....20c  
Mince Meat, per pkg. ....10c

Corn Starch, per pkg. ....10c  
Lemon and Vanilla Extracts...10c, 25c  
Salmon, per can .....15c, 20c, 25c, 27c  
Aunt Jemimas Pancake Flour, 2 for 25c  
Teco Pancake Flour, per sack .....12c  
Henkle's Buckweat Flour, per sack 12c

WE DELIVER EVERY MORNING

# HEARN & GALPIN

MAIN STREET PLYMOUTH PHONE 29

# Real Estate and Insurance

**R. R. PARROTT**  
Phone 39 No. 288 Main St.  
Plymouth, Mich.

# Local News

Mrs. J. E. Pettingill visited friends at Dearborn, Sunday.

Don't forget the dates of the "Rummage Sale"—Dec. 5, 6, 7, 8. Dorothy and Virginia Dodsley of Detroit, visited friends here over Sunday.

Wyllis Degrin and Ward Sterling of Flint, visited at Archie Collins', Saturday.

Everybody is going. Where? To the M. E. "Rummage Sale"—December 5, 6, 7, 8.

Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Blackstone of Pontiac, were guests of Mrs. Mary Chaffee, Sunday.

Wyllis Parks and family have moved into Mrs. Caroline Bennett's house on Depot street.

Miss Mae England and Will White of Northville, visited Sidney England at Camp Custer, Sunday.

These are the days for hot drinks. Drop in and get a cup of hot coffee at the Central Drug Store.

Mrs. Alice Hutton and daughter, Elizabeth, of Pontiac, were guests at Frank Rambo's, over Sunday.

Miss Florence Caster of Detroit, formerly of this place, was the guest of Plymouth friends, over Sunday.

Mrs. B. F. Farber of Detroit, visited friends here the latter part of last week and attended the Presbyterian bazaar.

Mrs. Charles Reed and J. E. Ferguson of Richmond, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Riggs, the latter part of last week.

Mrs. H. H. Passage has closed her home here and has gone to Detroit to stay with her daughter, Mrs. Floyd Remington, for a few weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Wright have moved from the Hix house on East Ann Arbor street into part of the double house, vacated by Mr. and Mrs. Zeno.

Mr. and Mrs. Archie Collins were over Sunday visitors in Northville and attended the wedding of Wyllis Degrin of Flint, and Miss Virginia Edwards of Northville.

The Mail would be pleased to get the name and address of every soldier, who has gone from Plymouth township since the present war was declared. You can send in or telephone us these addresses. We would like to print letters from the boys, one or more each week, if we could get them.

See our ad for free goods. Central Drug Store.

George McGill of Detroit, spent Thanksgiving with his father and sister.

Mrs. O. A. Fraser and Mrs. Ellen Woodard spent Thanksgiving with friends in Detroit.

Miss Nellie Rooke has gone to Flint for a few days' visit with her sister, Mrs. Harry Hannan.

Miss Esther Strasen of Detroit, spent Sunday with her parents, Rev. and Mrs. C. Strasen.

Everybody come to the "Rummage Sale," given under the auspices of the M. E. Aid society.

Mrs. Frank Staples and little son, Robert of Flint, were guests of Mrs. Hulda Knapp, last Monday.

Clara and Helen Gayde of Detroit, are spending the week with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Gayde.

Mr. and Mrs. George Lee and daughter Florence, were guests of relatives at Ypsilanti, Thanksgiving.

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Gale entertained several relatives at Thanksgiving dinner at their home on Penniman avenue.

Mrs. Maxwell Moon of Highland Park, has been spending the week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. T. Conner.

Dr. and Mrs. J. L. Olsaver were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Maynard Riley in Chicago, the latter part of last week and over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Linus Galpin and five daughters, Naomy left Wednesday for a week's visit with friends at Battle Creek and Lansing.

E. C. Hough and family, Mrs. L. C. Hough, Dr. and Mrs. J. H. Kimble and Dr. and Mrs. J. L. Olsaver took Thanksgiving dinner at Westwood Inn.

Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Johnson and Mrs. C. A. Pinckney entertained several relatives at a family dinner at their home on Church street, yesterday.

Levi Zeno and family have moved from one of Mrs. J. D. McLaren's houses on east Ann Arbor street into rooms in the rear of the bakery in the Daggett block.

Hearn & Galpin have a large ad this week that will surely interest the boys and girls of Plymouth and vicinity. They are going to give away a pony, buggy and harness.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Heide entertained a company of relatives at a six o'clock dinner at their home on Mill street last Monday evening in honor of their nephew Harold Sage.

Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Spicer entertained about twenty-five relatives at Thanksgiving dinner at their home in West Plymouth. Guests were present from Plymouth, Sheldon and Detroit.

Charles F. Chappel, a former Plymouth boy, who has been in training at Fort Benjamin Harrison, received the appointment as First Lieutenant. His new duties begin at Camp Custer, Dec. 15th.

The Ladies Aid of the Lutheran church will give a thimble party at home of Mrs. Ed. Bolton on Map Ave. next Wednesday afternoon, December 5th. Ladies please bring your thimble and needles.

The building recently occupied by Karl Hillmer's laundry on Penniman avenue, is being repainted and otherwise remodeled on the interior, and when completed will be occupied by Charles McConnell, as a barber shop.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Gayde entertained at a family dinner at their home on Starkweather avenue, last Sunday in honor of their nephew, Harold Sage, who left Tuesday for Columbus, Ohio. About fourteen guests were present.

A "Rummage Sale," conducted by the Ladies Aid society of the M. E. church, will be held in the vacant store in the Coleman block, recently occupied by Wood's studio, beginning next Wednesday, Dec. 5th, and continuing the balance of the week.

Miss Ruth Jenkins went to Flint for last week-end, and on Saturday was bridesmaid at a wedding, when her friend, Miss Ezella Robinson, became the bride of Ernest Bowers.

Mr. and Mrs. Bowers were guests of Rev. and Mrs. Field at the Methodist paragon, over Sunday and also spent Thanksgiving here.

Since the beginning of the work of the Red Cross in our village several ladies have kindly donated their sewing machines to be used in the work room. During the past week, two more machines, which were greatly needed, have been added through the generosity of Mrs. L. H. Bennett and Mrs. E. C. Hough. On account of the school vacation this week Thursday and Friday the Red Cross rooms will not be open.

Mrs. W. R. Sweeney and Miss Della Entrican will continue to give instruction in the knitting of socks at the Red Cross rooms every afternoon next week.

Last Sunday marked a high point in the history of the local Methodist church, chairs having to be brought in to accommodate the large crowd present and fifty-eight people, mostly adults and heads of families, being received into membership, sixteen of these coming by letter from other churches and forty-two on confession of faith. One of these was Pietro Limonaco, a bright young Italian.

Another large class will be received next Sunday for the benefit of those who could not be present last Sunday. Next Sunday night the pastor, Rev. F. M. Field, will introduce an interesting feature into the service, giving a sermon-review of the book, "Modern Pagans," which is just out and was written by Charles M. Sheldon, the author of "In His Steps."

All who heard Dr. Fikes in the recent campaign will enjoy this story, which is built around a leading business man and his family, who were very critical toward an evangelist conducting a campaign in their town.

I. N. Dickinson is building a new house on Fairground avenue.

Mrs. E. G. Purdy of Caro, has been the guest of Mrs. Adella Markham this week.

Hot Coffee and Hot Bouillon are fine drinks for this weather. Central Drug Store.

Mrs. Ellen Woodard of Detroit, is visiting Mrs. O. A. Fraser and other relatives here.

Dolls, Doll heads and Doll beds, Games and Story books for the children, at Draper's.

Series of Lessons for Bible Study Classes, arranged by Mary Moody Parker, 15c, at Draper's.

Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert Brown and little daughter of Detroit, spent Thanksgiving with their parents here.

Mr. and Mrs. Ray Holcomb and little son of Detroit, visited the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Carmen Root, last Sunday.

Louis P. Reeba of Hobson, Mont., and F. C. Reeba of Fulton, Mich., were week-end guests of their brother, C. F. Reeba and family.

If you are looking for a good pair of pants to wear out that coat and vest with, you will find it at the M. E. "Rummage Sale," Wednesday, Dec. 5th.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Gayde and family went to Detroit, last Sunday, to attend a family reunion at the home of the latter's sister, Mrs. John Strong and Mrs. Clara Wolfe. About twenty-five guests were present.

Harold Sage and Milton Wisely left for Columbus, Ohio, where they have enlisted in the aviation corps. They expect to take a six weeks' course in mechanics before they take up the work of aviation.

Vernon Henderson left Monday morning for Camp Custer to go into military training.

Ed. Bolton and Fred Reiman returned home Saturday from a two weeks' deer hunt near Cummins, Mich. Each one got his quota of one deer, but unfortunately returned home empty handed.

Mr. Bolton shot his deer shortly after his arrival in camp and it was eaten there. Owing to a six miles wash-out on the railroad, Mr. Reiman was forced to leave his behind.

Wants, For Sale, To Rent, etc.  
See page Line, One insertion

FOR RENT—House on Ann Arbor street. Inquire at Riggs' store. 52tf

FOR SALE—66 acres, 2 horses, 1 cow, chickens, crops, tools and implements known as the John Cool farm, Schoolcraft road. Owner, H. Wilkinson, 1721 West Gd. Boulevard, Detroit. 52tf

FOR SALE—Holstein Bull, one year old. Eli Schock, phone 317-F-3

LOST—A gold locket with a letter H engraved thereon. Finder will please leave at Pettingill & Campbell's store. 52tf

FOR SALE—Dry Buzz Wood. John Bunney, phone 320-F-6. 52tf

FOR RENT—The store now occupied by McConnell's barber shop, after December 7th. Inquire at 419 Main street. 52tf

WANTED—High school boy wants work for Saturdays. Permanent job preferred, but will do any work offered. Phone 48R.

WANTED TO RENT—Good up-to-date house. Box 364, Plymouth P. O. 52tf

LOST—A new tail board for a new Maxwell auto truck. Finder please notify F. L. Becker, phone 317-F-31, Plymouth. 52tf

FOUND—Pocketbook containing small sum of money. Owner can obtain same by proving property and paying for this ad. Charles B. Holmes, 575 Kalgog. 552tf

To Rent—House, corner Ann Arbor and Mill streets. Phone 136. 52tf

FOR SALE—Mixed Wood. Phone 251-F-11. 52tf

FOR SALE—Woven wire bed springs and one cotmote. Mrs. E. C. Lanfer, phone 34. 52tf

FOR SALE—A new ball-bearing trailer, capacity one ton. Equipped with fenders and tail light. Having purchased a truck, have no further use for it. F. L. Becker, phone 317-F-31. 51tf

FOR SALE—Peninsular Base Burner, nearly new. Charles Hirschlieb, 848 Starkweather Ave., phone 169-J. 49tf

For Sale—1 Registered Duroc boar, also ten pigs, eight weeks old. F. L. Becker, phone 317-F-31. 48tf

FOR SALE OR RENT—House. Enquire of Dan Adams. 51tf

FOR SALE—Choice White Wyan-dotte Cockerels, \$2.00 and \$3.00 each if taken soon. C. W. Honeywell, phone 258-F-5. 51tf

HOUSE FOR SALE—349 Adams street, Plymouth. All in good shape. Henry Ray, Plymouth. 48tf

WANTED—To rent this fall, a farm of from 80 to 120 acres. Address, Box 487. 48tf

FOR SALE—Filling dirt, 10c per load. Inquire of E. O. Huston. 39tf

FOR RENT—Well furnished room, 248 Starkweather avenue, near P. M. depot. 48tf

# Local News

Miss Verne Rowley, who underwent an operation at Harper hospital the first of the week, is improving.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Cotner, Jr., and Miss Catherine Cotner of Detroit, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Bennett, Thanksgiving.

Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Ford have gone to Romulus, where they are caring for Samuel R. Kingsley, an aged gentleman, who is quite ill.

Mrs. John Proctor, who has been very ill in the McLaren hospital at Ann Arbor for the past two weeks, has sufficiently improved so as to be taken to her home in Canton.

Mrs. Elizabeth Carnathan died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Thomas Wilson, on the Plymouth road, Saturday, November 24th, at the age of 91 years. The funeral was held from the home, Tuesday afternoon at one o'clock, Rev. F. M. Field officiating. Interment at Riverside.

Last Week Thursday evening an old car in the railroad yards, used as a laborers bunk house was burned to the ground. The fire department responded to the alarm. A blaze in the roof of the house owned by Chas. Shear, just at the village limits on Penniman avenue, called out the firemen again on the following Friday morning. The fire was extinguished without much damage.

A woman in this section received one of those chain prayer letters and was warned to write the paper to seven friends, and if she did not something fierce would happen to her on the seventh day. Well, there did something happen. A couple of dogs got to fighting, forced their way into the kitchen and the man was pounding them with the broom, and in the fracas the woman received a well-directed blow on top of her head with the broom, intended for the fighting dogs. She saw stars and several planets mixed up with the dogs, and next time she will heed the warning.—Orion Review.

# Collection of Taxes

A CARD—We wish to thank our neighbors and many friends for the kindness and sympathy shown us in our recent bereavement, especially do we thank the Rev. Karl P. Miller for his comforting words; also those who furnished automobiles and those who sent the beautiful floral offerings. Mrs. J. C. Knapp and Family.

I will be at the store of Pettingill & Campbell, Saturday, December 1st, and every Saturday during the month, and at Gayde Bros. store on Monday, December 3rd, and every Monday during the month for the collection of taxes. C. H. Rathburn, Township Treasurer.

# GALE'S

Just received new Hand-painted China for wedding presents, birthday presents, showers, etc., Coming: New stock of white ware, cups and saucers, plates, fruit and vegetable dishes, etc.

In Groceries, we have new goods in pancake Flour, Buckwheat Flour, Meal, Whole Wheat Flour, Aunt Jemima Buckwheat, etc.

Flour sale still continues: Farmington, Plymouth, Lotus, Columbus, Henkel's Bread, Gold Medal.

Fruits and Vegetables at lowest prices.

# JOHN L. GALE

Just Pick Up the Receiver and Place It To Your Ear

Ask Central for our number and our answer You will hear



Then just mention needed items - You'll always find them here

How quick your order in our wagon will appear.

10 lbs. Buckwheat Flour  
75c

Sauer Kraut, 10c per quart

# OUR WEEKLY RECIPE

## ALMOND SOUFFLE

Whites of 3 eggs 1/4 tsp. almond extract  
6 tbsp. sugar 1/4 c. chopped almonds  
Beat whites until stiff, add the sugar gradually. Then stir in nuts and flavoring. Turn into buttered chafing dish, steam 20 minutes. Serve with whipped cream and currant jelly sauce.

# WE SELL THE INGREDIENTS

# PETTINGILL AND CAMPBELL

The Home of Quality Groceries  
Phone 36 and 40



# A Toast

to the charming hostess, whose BEAUTY is enhanced by the rich Jewels

which adorn her person and are reflected in CUT GLASS and

# Silver

of the most artistic designs. You will find JEWELS for your person and CUT GLASS and SILVER for your table at our up-to-date establishment. We are always delighted to show our wares.

# C. G. DRAPER

Jewelry and Optician  
146 Main St. Phone 374



**Costs Less and Kills That Cold**

**CASCARA QUININE**

The standard cold cure for 20 years—in tablet form—safe, sure, no opiates—comes cold in 24 hours—grip in 48 hours. Money back if it fails. Get the genuine box with Red top and Mr. HILL'S picture on it.

Costs less, gives more money. 24 Tablets for 25c. At Any Drug Store.

W. N. U., DETROIT, NO. 48-1917.

**THE NEW METHOD**  
(By L. W. Bower, M. D.)

Backache of any kind is often caused by kidney disorder, which means that the kidneys are not working properly. Poisonous matter and uric acid accumulate within the body in great abundance, overworking the sick kidneys; hence the congestion of blood causes backache in the same manner as a similar congestion in the head causes headache. You become nervous, despondent, sick, feverish, irritable, have spots appearing before the eyes, bags under the lids, and lack ambition to do things.

The latest and most effective means of overcoming this trouble, is to eat sparingly of meat, drink plenty of water between meals and take a single An-ri-c tablet before each meal for a while.

Simply ask your favorite druggist for An-ri-c, double strength. If you have lumbago, rheumatism, gout, droopiness, begin immediately with this newest discovery of Dr. Pierce, who is Chief Medical Director of Invalida Hotel and Surgical Institute in Buffalo, N. Y. Send in cents for trial pkg. Large package 60c.

**Smart Boys.**  
The schoolmaster was giving the boys a lecture on thrift, and pointed out that even animals exercised that quality, instancing how squirrels always stored up nuts for the winter. Then he asked for another illustration of thrift in animals, and one boy cried out:  
"A dog."  
"A dog! In what way does a dog practice economy?"  
"Please, sir, when he runs after his tail he makes both ends meet."

**Everybody Does.**  
"He's made a failure of everything."  
"That so? Why doesn't he try writing for moving pictures?"

Ridicule seldom kills unless the death is deserved.

**A PROMINENT MICHIGAN RESIDENT SPEAKS**

Ossos, Mich.—"I can recommend An-ri-c to anyone who is afflicted in the way I was. The An-ri-c Tablets have done wonders for me. I am still using them and I think another supply will perform a permanent cure. I have lived in this neighborhood for about 50 years and most people round here know me."—CHARLES WAKEMAN.

The lower intestine is like a garbage box and should be cleaned occasionally.

You will escape many ills and clear up the coated tongue, the sallow complexion, the dull headache, the lazy liver, if you will take a laxative made up of the May-apple, leaves of aloes, root of jalap, and sold by druggists for nearly fifty years as Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. Adv.

**COUNTY AGENT PLAN WINNING IN STATE**

**Agriculturists Now Are Employed in 51 Counties—Only Few Districts Disapprove.**

**WORK WAS STARTED IN 1912**

Alpena County First in Retaining Trained Worker to Co-operate With Farmers in Building Up Agriculture.

From Office of Publications, Michigan Agricultural College.

East Lansing, Mich.—A little more than five years ago the county of Alpena, in northwestern Michigan, drew ridicule and a horse-laugh from the old guard and standpats in the farming game by announcing to a complacent and unsuspecting world that it had made a place on its pay roll for an agricultural "specialist" whose business it would be to advise and work with farmers in Alpena county and their neighbors in Presque Isle and Montmorency. The experiment was undertaken at the suggestion of and in co-operation with the Michigan Agricultural college and the United States department of agriculture.

"More nonsense," fumed some of the skeptics.

But Alpena's supervisors were of pioneer stock and they could not be laughed out of their determination to give the county-agent plan a trial. A few weeks later they were joined in their experiment by Iron, Kent and Kalamazoo counties—and with them now are a half-dozen others.

The public, however, has thus far heard as a rule only criticism of the county agent, criticism that oftentimes has emanated from more or less disappointed persons who in attempting to fleece the farmer may have been foiled in their designs by a wide-awake agricultural leader. Contrasting with these derogatory plaints stands the report issued a few days ago from the college by the director of extension and the state leader of county agents.

What the report showed was this: Michigan now has 51 county agents in the service of 51 county agents, while in the remaining 32 counties a majority have indicated that they will employ agents by the first of the coming year. Only a half-dozen have refused to take on men. The counties have discovered (as with beef before Michigan took the pledge) that as a rule there are no bad agents; some are merely better than others.

Of these 51 counties which since 1912 have joined with the college and the United States department of agriculture in the employment of co-operating agriculturists, 32 were provided with men before the war broke out. The others have "come in" as a result largely of what they saw during the summer of the work of the temporary field men employed to help cope with problems arising in the food campaign. The terms of these temporary agents ended on November 1, whereupon 19 counties voted at once in favor of keeping someone on the job permanently. This has left 32 counties still without agents, though assurance has been received by the leaders at M. A. C. that most of these will make the necessary appropriations before the present year ends.

That such a cordial reception of the county agent plan would be encountered was hardly looked for even in quarters most confident of its ultimate success.

As it has really turned out, not more than six or eight counties have flatly rejected county agents, and where this has occurred it has been found that the fault can be laid not to the county agent idea but to either the man who acted as agent, or to the dampening efforts of certain influential reactionaries.

Considering, however, that most of the men who acted as emergency agents appointed in a hurry, without opportunity being given the state to thoroughly try them out, the misfits among them were few. One turned out to be more of a real estate boomer than an agricultural agent; another devoted so much energy to keeping his political fences mended that he couldn't find time to give farmers assistance in mending theirs, and in a third instance just plain incompatibility of temperament in the agent was the thorn which stuck in the ribs of the supervisors and kept them from voting an appropriation for continuation of the office.

Gradually, where such untoward conduct is detected, the responsible individuals are being dismissed.

But that such difficulties are rare has been well borne out by the report showing 51 counties definitely committed this year to the county agent

plan, where five years ago Alpena stood alone.

With Alpena now are Iron, Kent, Kalamazoo, Allegan, St. Clair, Branch, Saginaw, Houghton, Newaygo, Gogebic, St. Joseph, Marquette, Dickinson, Lenawee, Ontonagon, Cheboygan, Otawa, Mason, Muskegon, Van Buren, Berrien, Manistee, Menominee, Schoolcraft, Missaukee, Presque Isle, Delta, Wayne, Chippewa, Tuscola, Alger, Luce, Emmet, Charlevoix, Antrim, Grand Traverse, Kalkaska, Osceola, Clare, Oceana, Bay, Clinton, Shiawassee, Genesee, Oakland, Calhoun, Jackson, Washtenaw, Wexford and Cass.

**MICHIGAN WHEAT SMUTTY**

Grain Arriving in Detroit Market is Heavily Infected, Inspections Show.

By DR. G. H. COONS, Specialist in Plant Diseases, Michigan Agricultural College.

East Lansing, Mich.—A few weeks ago one of the greatest of the nation's grain buyers branded Michigan wheat as about the smuttiest appearing on the market. Whereupon there were many staunch defenders of Michigan's fair name who ruffed up in high dudgeon at what they deemed a slur upon Michigan agriculture. Nevertheless the fact remains that Michigan wheat is not merely smutty—it is very smutty. Confirmation of this has recently come from Detroit.

Dr. N. Kopoloff, who has been assisting in the smut eradication work in Michigan—detailed to this state by the United States department of agriculture—reports that during September 39.2 per cent of the 41 cars of wheat received at the Detroit market were infected with stinking smut, while out of ten cars received in the first days in October, four had stinking smut.

George Miller, who has been doing similar work, quotes Mr. Rucker, chief inspector for the Detroit Board of Trade, as stating also that 80 per cent of Michigan rye carried ergot this year. The ruling of the board is to reduce the grade of rye one point if it is found to contain more than 1 per cent of ergot. This means a reduction in price of 1 1/2 to 2 cents.

There might perhaps be little room for criticism if stinking smut was like the weather—something that cannot be controlled. But it can be gotten rid of. The new treatment of wheat for this disease has been tried everywhere in the state and where directions have been followed, excellent results have come.

County Agent Smith of Kent tells of a case where the grain was badly injured by doubling the time it was left covered, the dilute formaldehyde method being used. The man upon being shown the new method treated the rest of his grain successfully, and as the advertisements say, "He will now use no other."

Certain county men have found that the directions carry the idea that 50 bushels are to be treated and give no specific pointers for handling two, five or ten bushels. The department acknowledges the validity of this criticism and is now working to standardize the method. Reports of poor results from the method in Allegan county have also been investigated. A farmer there stated that his grain had germinated, grew a few inches, and remained yellow. Examination showed that the trouble present was due to deep planting in a rather poor seed bed. Wherever the drill had planted at the proper depth, as in the harder, better packed portions of the field, the stand was perfect and the color and growth normal.

**Plan Many Schools.**

More than 100 of the two-day schools which in many sections of the state will replace the old farmers' institutes have been arranged for by the Michigan Agricultural college. Some of these, in a few of the northern counties such as Cheboygan, will be conducted in December, but most of them will not be put on before January 1. A few of the towns which will have these schools follow: New Richmond, Ganges, Gilead, Quincy, California, Munroe, Riggsville, Wolverine, Sparta, Cadmus, Arcadia, Onokama, Manistee, Chief, Dublin, Ludington, Victory township, Morey, Pioneer, Lucas, Moddersville, Fremont, Garfield, Grand Haven, Coopersville, Berlin, Jamestown, Zealand, Holland, Fair Haven, China, Burchville, Colon, Lawton, Decatur, Hartford, Gobberville, Lacota, South Haven, Covert Reese, Cars, Petoskey, East Jordan, Bugham, West Branch, Sandusky, Marlette, Arcadia, Birmingham, Cedar Springs, Dryden, Grant, Ironton, Lawrence, St. Johns, Schoolcraft, Sturgis, Ludington, Athens, China, Fair Haven, Lowell, Allenton, Three Rivers, Greenville, Ithaca, Wolverine, Freesoll, Mt. Tabor, Eau Claire, Buchanan, Millburg, Union City, Spring Port, Onaway and Millturburg.

**Seed Worth Saving.**

Good seed potatoes, free from blight and rot, are always worth saving for one's own future crop, or to supply others.

**DEVELOP FOWLS TO PRODUCE**

To Increase Yield of Eggs, Select Pullets of High Record and Mate With Best Males.

**WORK TO INCREASE PROFITS**

No Better Time During Year Than in Winter Months—Eggs Sure to Bring Higher Prices.

There is no better place in the year's work for poultry to increase the profits than during the winter months. The average keeper of hens will never do much better at present, and it's up to our readers to reap the harvest. A little more effort, better methods, modern housing and feeding methods will increase the number of eggs during the next three months. And eggs are going to be worth money this winter.

The raising of Siberian hares for commercial purposes has been undertaken on a large scale by business men near Hamilton, Ontario.

**Backache of Women**

**How this Woman Suffered and Was Relieved.**

Fort Fairfield, Maine.—"For many months I suffered from backache caused by female troubles so I was unable to do my house work. I took treatments for it but received no help whatever. Then some of my friends asked why I did not try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I did so and my backache soon disappeared and I felt like a different woman, and now have a healthy little baby girl and do all my house work. I will always praise Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to women who suffer as I did."—Mrs. ALTON D. OAKES, Fort Fairfield, Maine.


**The Best Remedy is**

**LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND**

**Thousands of women have proved this**

**Why don't you try it?**

LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO. LYNN, MASS.



**ALL SUCCEED WITH MISTAKES**

While One May Fail in Every Other Endeavor One May Make a Splendid Record for Errors.

Mistakes are things anybody can make successfully, writes Strickland Gillilan in Farm Life.

I have known people who seemed to fall at every other kind of manufacturing, who could make as splendid specimens of mistakes as one could wish to see.

Yes, and do it easy! I have made mistakes.

Yep, I have. I used to think I made none.

Now I list that thing as one of the biggest mistakes I ever made or knew about.

These days I find myself wondering if I am not the fellow who invented them.

Sometimes a fellow takes a miss that nobody else would take, and afterwards finds out it was a miss-take.

Anybody under twenty never admits that he has made a mistake.

And he is usually honest about it.

If anybody goes wrong, blame it onto somebody else.

After twenty-five he begins to think of a few he made when he was eleven. By the time he is forty-five he will forget the mistakes he made in early youth because, in looking back over the trail, the little ones of childhood are completely hid by the whoppers he has made since he was thirty-five.

I don't know why people have to make mistakes.

But they are built that way. I believe I never made the same mistake twice.

This encourages me. For as I look back over a mistake-

**STRANGLES**

Or Distemper in stallions, brood mares, colts and all others in most destructive. The germ causing the disease must be removed from the body of the animal. To prevent the trouble the same must be done.

Will do both—cure the sick and prevent those "suscepted" from having the disease. 50 cents and \$1 a bottle; 25 and 50 the dozen. All druggists, harness houses, or manufacturers.

**SPohn's Compound**  
SPohn MEDICAL CO., Manufacturers, Coates, Ind., U.S.A.

**NEW AUTOMATIC LIGHT BUOY**

Produces Its Own Electric Current and Requires Only Casual Attention Being Operated at Small Cost.

Because an automatic light buoy designed by an inventor of marine apparatus produces its own electric current and demands only casual attention, the cost of maintaining it amounts to practically nothing, says Popular Mechanics Magazine. Its mechanism is not complicated. A vertical shaft mounted on ball bearings is actuated by a weighted horizontal arm that swings back and forth as the buoy is rocked by the waves. The motion is transmitted through gears to a light-tight generator makes a few quick turns and develops a strong spark that passes through a gas-filled glass tube and produces a bright flash of light.

Obviously the strength and frequency of the flashes increase as the sea grows rougher. The primitive outer cylinder of the lamp is red, blue, or any desired color. There is no filament in the gas-filled tube.

When man was given dominion over the beasts it implied self-control.

There are some sins which we can forgive—they are our own.

Continued Winter Fishing. Owing to the establishment of additional cold storage plants in Newfoundland, it is probable that the winter fishery will be continued in Placentia, Trinity and Bonaventure bays, as well as on the southwest coast, until the ice obstructs operations. It is said that this is an opportune time further to develop turbot fishing in the deep waters of Trinity bay.

Here and There. Cheering the boys who go to war is no good unless you also do something to cheer them after they get there.—Exchange.

Likely. The man who does what he likes when he likes in the way others will like is likely to be liked by all.

**CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS**

**WHAT YOU SURELY NEED**

is a healthy, active, industrious liver. Small doses of these pills taken regularly insure that. You may also need a purgative sometimes. Then take one larger dose. Keep that in mind: it will pay you rich dividends in Health and Happiness.

Small Pills Small Doses Small Price

**ROSY CHEEKS or HEALTHY COLOR indicates iron in the blood. Pale or faces usually show its absence. A condition which will be much helped by**

**CARTER'S IRON PILLS**

The Producer. "Why call me the consumer?" asked the man who pays the bills. "All I do is produce!"



**False Limbs for Animals.** A new invention of artificial legs for horses, mules and dogs was offered to the Philadelphia branch of the Red Star Animal Relief by a French-American veteran who refuses to disclose his name.

This man, who, since the war started, has taken 21 trips to Europe with horses for France, claims that although the horse or mule will no longer be good for active service, it may be used for light farm work if these legs are used.

The leg, or crutch, which has been used successfully in the United States, is made of steel, with a special quadrant spring imitating the vertical and lateral flexings of the ankle and fetlock. By means of this many crippled horses and mules, which would otherwise be killed, will be given a chance to live.

**OLD SORES, ULCERS AND ECZEMA VANISH**

Good, Old, Reliable Peterson's Ointment Stops Itching Instantly.

"Had 51 ulcers on my legs. Doctors wanted to cut off leg. Peterson's Ointment cured me."—Wm. J. Nichols, 40 Wilder St., Rochester, N. Y.

Get a large box for 30 cents at any druggist, says Peterson, and money back if it doesn't help you at once. Always keep Peterson's Ointment in the house. Fine for burns, scalds, bruises, and the surest remedy for skin diseases, pimples, itching eczema and piles the world has ever known.

"Peterson's Ointment is the best for bleeding and itching piles I have ever found."—Major Charles E. Whitney, Vinoyard Haven, Mass.

"Peterson's Ointment has given great satisfaction for Salt Rheum."—Mrs. J. L. Weiss, Cuylerville, N. Y.

All druggists sell it, recommend it. Adv.

**Mistaken for Patriotism.**

A small youngster has been drilled by his mother in politeness and courtesy toward the opposite sex until he is a model for his years, relates the Indianapolis News. It is quite as natural for him to rise when a woman enters the room as it is for the average boy to sit still. One day he was playing with a companion of his own age who is quite as bright, but hasn't acquired all the rules of etiquette along with infantile diseases. This boy's mother came into the room several times in the course of the morning, and each time the polite youngster rose to his feet and stood until she had gone. After a time the other youngster noticed this strange proceeding, and said curiously: "Say, do you think my mother is the 'Star-Spangled Banner'?"

**State of Ohio City of Toledo, Lucas County.**

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is holder in fee simple of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm is the owner of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of KALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE.

Given to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1917.

DR. J. W. GARDNER, Notary Public.

KALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the System. Druggists, E. C. French, Toledo, Ohio. F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

**Their Hobbies.** A woman wants to show her friends the broom closet, the linen chute and all the other various little conveniences in the new house, but a man's chief joy is to show off the small-shower in the bathroom.

To keep clean and healthy take Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. They regulate liver, bowels and stomach.—Adv.

If you can't afford the best, then get the best that you can afford.

**FLORIDA FARM FRACIS**

Minneapolis, Minnesota County; best soil in East, 365 growing days annually. 10 acres. Light soil and best view in Minnesota.

Excellent school facilities. MINNESOTA LAND AND TRADING COMPANY, Inc., 400 Broadway, N. Y. City.

**DR. J. W. GARDNER'S SWEET PILLERS FOR CHILDREN**

Relieve Feverishness, Constipation, Colic, and other ailments of the stomach and bowels. Used by Mothers for years. All Druggists. Price 25c. Green Booklet Sent Free. L. S. G. & Co., New York, N. Y.

**PARKER'S BARKING BALLS**

For Coughs, Croup, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, and all ailments of the throat and lungs. Price 25c. L. S. G. & Co., New York, N. Y.

**DR. PIERCE'S PEASANT PELLETS**

For Coughs, Croup, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, and all ailments of the throat and lungs. Price 25c. L. S. G. & Co., New York, N. Y.

**The Most Delightful Gift of All**

There is no more appropriate and pleasing remembrance than a ring. It has a personal touch and carries with it a sentiment that no other gift does. It is ever present, ever remembered and lasts for years.

**W-W-W Rings**

are designed by artists of rare ability. Their designs and workmanship stand out.

Every W-W-W Ring is a safe purchase because the stones are guaranteed secure. If at any time a stone comes out or is broken we will replace it and reset it without any charge whatever.

W-W-W Rings come in all prices ranging from \$3 to \$15 and even higher. Come in and see them today.

**C. G. DRAPER,**  
JEWELER AND OPTOMETRIST  
148 Main St. Phone 274

**REPORT OF THE CONDITION**  
—OF THE—  
**Plymouth United Savings Bank.**

At Plymouth, Michigan, at the close of business November 30, 1917, as called for by the Commissioner of the Banking Department:

**RESOURCES.**

Loans and Discounts, viz:	
Commercial	\$134,318.00
Real Estate	399,894.25
Stocks, Bonds and Securities	1,230.00
Commercial Department	2,549.00
Savings Department	451,622.14
Real Estate	477,282.14
Premiums	12.20
Overdrafts	8,400.00
Banking house	3,294.01
Furniture and fixtures	3,294.01
Items in transit	
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$1,444,483.74</b>

**LIABILITIES.**

Capital stock paid in	\$50,000.00
Surplus fund	40,000.00
Undivided profits, net	40,222.50
Dividends unpaid	15.00
Commercial deposits	2,549.00
Object to checks	872,290.05
Certificates of deposit	54,369.11
Credit for cash	189.74
Cashier's checks outstanding	8,400.00
Int.	
Savings deposits (book ac- count)	541,262.08
Savings certificates	100,000.00
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$1,444,483.74</b>

State of Michigan, County of Wayne, ss:  
I, E. K. Bennett, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief and correctly represents the true state of the bank's affairs as shown by the books and records of the bank.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 30th day of November, 1917.  
E. K. BENNETT, Cashier.  
My commission expires July 14, 1918.

Correct—Attest:  
F. A. DIBBLE  
J. W. HENDERSON  
D. D. ALLEN, Director.

Herman Ruppell has returned to Detroit to live.

Mr. and Mrs. Bartell and family visited Mrs. Gedde, near Wayne, Sunday.

Lee Cool and family were entertained at a birthday supper at Bert Willis's, Saturday evening. A pleasant time was passed by all.

Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Miller entertained for Thanksgiving, Mrs. Theresa McGraw and Julius Miller, wife and children.

William Wyers and family of Detroit, were Saturday visitors at the home of William Bakewell.

H. C. Hager and wife were dinner guests of Mr. and Mrs. Jay Biddle in Detroit, Sunday. Eight other guests were present and all enjoyed a pleasant visit.

**LAPHAM'S CORNERS**

Mr. and Mrs. Burt Nelson entertained Mr. and Mrs. Grover Simpson and daughter and Miss Minnie Perkins and brother, Floyd, at dinner on Sunday, the occasion being the hostess' birthday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Smith and wife were in Plymouth, guests of their daughter, on Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. William Tait spent Saturday with their daughter, Mrs. Glenn Whittaker, and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Korabacher, Mr. and Mrs. Will Cole, Mrs. Goda Savery, George Walker and daughter, Sadia, attended the Red Cross fair at Ann Arbor, Saturday.

Mrs. Wesley Orr and children were called to Detroit, last week, on account of the serious illness of her grandmother.

There was no school in Lapham's district, Friday or Monday, on account of the illness of the teacher.

Miss Velma Nelson spent the weekend at the home of her teacher, Miss Regina Prochow, of near Ann Arbor.

Don't forget the chicken-pie dinner at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wesley Orr on Saturday, Dec. 1st. Proceeds for the benefit of the Ladies' Aid.

Charles Bovee and family called on Glenn Lyke and family, Sunday afternoon.

Charles Tait and wife spent Sunday with the latter's parents, Walter Holmes and wife.

Carl Blaid and Miss Ethel Green of Plymouth, spent Sunday at their home here.

Mrs. Fred Bovee of Plymouth, Mrs. Egloff and Mr. and Mrs. Claude Bridger of Detroit, called at the home of the former's son, Charles Bovee, Sunday afternoon.

**WEST PLYMOUTH**

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Sharrow spent several days this week in Saginaw, meanwhile attending the convention of the Michigan Beekeepers' association.

Little Robert Colbourne visited relatives in Detroit, this week.

Kenneth Packard, son of Ellsworth Packard, from Pinconning, Mich., visited Gus Gates and family, last Saturday.

Avery Gates has been quite sick the past week with tonsillitis.

Alfred Innis bid the high dollar on the school house of District No. 7, and is busy wrecking the same this week. With the articles too numerous to mention the auction brought \$17.95 to the district's funds.

Now, boys and girls, of the Kenyon, Tiffin, Cooper's Corners or any other school, can you come up to this record? The teacher of the Allen school phoned us that not a pupil in the school had been tardy or absent during the month of November, and that only two tardy marks were on her books for the entire fall term and they were perfectly excusable. Pretty fine record that. Why not try to have several scholars with a report just like that for December?

Charles Tiffin and daughter, Ermah, were Detroit visitors, Thursday.

Miss Helen O'Bryan visited her grandparents in Wayne, the weekend.

Tiffin school was closed Friday, the teacher, Miss Jenkins, going to Flint, where she acted as bridesmaid for a friend.

John Robinson, Jr., and A. W. Taylor made a business trip to Detroit, Monday. Mr. Taylor is starting a new business enterprise in this locality, establishing a grocery store and general supplies at his residence on the corner.

**HE WAS NOT TO BE OUTDONE**

Roosevelt Would Not Allow Magazine Writer-Sportsman to Tell the Biggest Yarn.

Colonel Roosevelt gave a luncheon in his New York office one day to a company of young magazine writers. These young writers had had many adventures, and they told the colonel many interesting stories. One, however, a sportsman, drew the long bow.

After the sportsman had drawn the long bow almost to the breaking point in a yarn about a hippopotamus, Colonel Roosevelt fixed his glittering eyes on the criminal and began:

"Let me tell you an experience of my own, my boy, an experience almost as incredible as yours. In 198 I was shooting grizzly bears in the Rockies. I tracked a grizzly to a high peak one day. I advanced toward it along the edge of a precipice 300 feet high. Getting a good shot at last, I let drive, but missed. The bear came for me then like lightning. I took aim again, but as I was about to fire my foot slipped, I fell, and my gun dropped and rolled over the precipice. There I lay, unarmed and helpless, and the maddened grizzly not six feet away."

Here the colonel paused and took a sip from the tall glass of milk—milk is his favorite beverage—before him.

The maddened young man frowned impatiently.

"Well?" he said. "Well? Go on. What happened?"

The colonel, looking him calmly in the eye, replied:

"The grizzly devoured me."

**FRAIN'S LAKE**

William Gale, who has been under the doctor's care for a week, is improving.

Gottlieb Staebler passed away Monday after a short illness, aged 79 years.

Mrs. John Cook of Howell, spent several days at the home of Edward Lyke.

Little Murray Fishbeck, who has been ill, is better.

Mrs. Charles Freeman will entertain Thanksgiving.

Mrs. Edward Lyke was pleasantly surprised last Friday evening, to find about fifty friends at her home, when she arrived from one of the neighbors, where she had been invited for the evening. The occasion was to celebrate her birthday anniversary. The evening was spent in progressive game, after which refreshments were served.

**WILLOW CREEK**

James Darnell from Camp Custer, visited in this neighborhood, Sunday.

Theodore Harmon and wife took Sunday dinner with the Mesdames Marion and Emily Tillotson. Other afternoon and evening callers were: Isaac Tillotson, wife and son, Leroy, Mrs. Smythe and Miss Elzora Harmon.

Mr. and Mrs. Harris and children, Tom and Elizabeth, and Mrs. Blackmore of Detroit, visited at J. W. Blackmore's, Sunday.

Genevieve Everett visited her cousin Catherine Linch, at Ypsilanti, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Hix of Grand Rapids, visited at William Harmon's, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. William Harmon and Mrs. Harriman spent Tuesday with Jeannette Hannan at Wayne.

Walter Bowen of Detroit, visited his mother, Mrs. Bowen, Sunday.

Mrs. Charles Rittenhouse has been on the sick list.

**ELM**

A series of meetings will be held at the school building here, commencing Monday evening, December 3rd, conducted by Rev. Karl P. Miller of First Presbyterian church of Plymouth. All are earnestly invited to be present.

(1) Pray to God as soon as you rise from your bed—5.10 a. m. (2) Wash your body and keep your surroundings clean—5.10 to 5.30 a. m. (3) Prostrate yourself before your parents or guardians, and take good exercise—5.30, 6:30 a. m. (4) Prepare well your lessons—8:30, 9 a. m. (5) Attend school regularly and punctually, and do the school work properly. (6) Obey and respect your teachers, and the teachers of the other classes and other respectable persons. (7) Read till 8 p. m. at home. (8) Pray to God and go to bed—9 p. m. to 5 a. m. (9) Keep good company and avoid bad company. (10) Practice righteousness at all times.

Two Types of Elephants.

There are two distinct types of elephants—the African and Indian. The former have developed the largest animals and are quite different from the Indian type, having only four visible toes on the rear feet, as against five in the Indian, the ears are very much larger and the spinal ridge of the African shows a marked hump or rise, beginning at the hips, whereas the Indian elephant's back slopes gently downward from the forest sun, while the Indian slopes away from it to the heaviest, coolest shade.

The age of the elephants is widely disputed, the best calculations of hunters and scientists being admittedly only a little more than hazards.

Sir Samuel Baker, an authority, states the average life of an elephant to be about 60 years. It is exactly known that elephants have lived in captivity for 130 years. Naturalists believe, however, an elephant's life in the wild state to be as long, according to a recently published book called "The Elephant."

Only Rubber-Producing Plant.

Successful attempts have been made to bring under profitable cultivation the desert rubber plant, guayule. The wild shrubs have long been collected in great quantities in Mexico, and the rubber, which grades much lower than para, is extracted by such simple processes as to make its production very profitable. The task of the developing methods of cultivation, says a Carnegie Institute report, has now been successfully accomplished by Dr. W. E. MacCallum, who, in making a genetic analysis of the plant, has found that it includes several elementary species, which do not readily interbreed. Studies of the plant have been made at the desert laboratory, Tucson, while in the same neighborhood a company has purchased 7,900 acres of land on which to establish guayule culture. This is the only rubber-producing plant growing within the borders of the United States.

**NOT PROMULGATED BY MOSES**

Hindu Ten Commandments Are Hung on Walls of Theological College at Madras.

There are ten commandments hung on the walls of the Hindu Theological College in Madras, and while they were not promulgated by Moses, they might be displayed in every Christian college with advantage, says an exchange. They are:

(1) Pray to God as soon as you rise from your bed—5.10 a. m. (2) Wash your body and keep your surroundings clean—5.10 to 5.30 a. m. (3) Prostrate yourself before your parents or guardians, and take good exercise—5.30, 6:30 a. m. (4) Prepare well your lessons—8:30, 9 a. m. (5) Attend school regularly and punctually, and do the school work properly. (6) Obey and respect your teachers, and the teachers of the other classes and other respectable persons. (7) Read till 8 p. m. at home. (8) Pray to God and go to bed—9 p. m. to 5 a. m. (9) Keep good company and avoid bad company. (10) Practice righteousness at all times.

**SALEM**

Mrs. Beattie McCullough of Plymouth, spent Sunday with her sister, Mrs. John Herrie and family.

Frank Rider was a Detroit visitor, Saturday.

Frank Huff and family were Ypsilanti visitors, Saturday.

Mrs. Henry Doane and Mrs. Charles Kessler were at South Lyon, Monday evening.

Arthur Branch and family were Brighton visitors, Sunday.

Will Statezni was a week-end guest at Archie Kerr's. Mrs. Statezni and little son returned home with him.

Mrs. Maude Harper of Detroit, is at her father's home quite ill with heart trouble.

Miss Hildreth Wheeler of the U. of M., was home for the week-end.

The neighbors and friends of Wesley Wilson gave him a very agreeable surprise, Friday night.

Miss Cora Benwick of the State Normal, was a week-end visitor at J. Renwick's.

Will Groth of Detroit, was a week-end guest of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Groth.

Miss Margaret Wilson was a Sunday guest at Albert Groth's.

Clyde Whittaker and Maude Gracen of Plymouth, were home Sunday evening.

Jay Tenant was a South Lyon caller, Monday.

Thanksgiving services were held in the Congregational church, Thursday morning. Rev. Lucas preached, and Mrs. J. M. Baker, Mrs. Irving Stevens were Detroit shoppers, Monday.

George Youngs and wife visited their son and family in Detroit, last week. Their son and granddaughter accompanied them home.

Mrs. Floyd Smith and Mrs. Charles Kessler were in Northville, Saturday.

F. J. Whittaker was in South Lyon, Monday.

Remember the Baptist bazaar at town hall, Friday, Dec. 7th. Everybody invited.

**Notice of Special Election**

Notice is hereby given that a special election of the electors of the Village of Plymouth, State of Michigan, will be held in the Village of Plymouth on Monday, the 17th day of December, A. D. 1917, at which said election there will be submitted to the electors of said Village the question of the adoption of a proposed new charter for the said Village as heretofore prepared by the Charter Commission.

Notice is further hereby given that the poll or place of holding said election will be the Village hall of said Village and that the polls at said election will be open from 7 o'clock in the morning to 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day.

Notice is further hereby given that the ballots on such election will have printed thereon the proposition to be submitted at such election as follows: "For the adoption of a new charter for the Village of Plymouth as prepared by the Charter Commission," followed by the word "Yes" and the same words followed by the word "No" and any elector desiring to vote at the adoption of said charter shall make a cross opposite said word "Yes" and any elector desiring to vote against the adoption of said charter shall make a cross opposite said word "No" and his vote shall be counted accordingly as he shall set his cross opposite either of said words "Yes" or "No."

Notice is further given that the ballots cast at such election and the results of such election will be certified by the board of inspectors in the same manner as prescribed by law for canvassing votes and making returns thereof at other Village elections.

Dated, November 30, 1917.  
Harry C. Robinson, President.  
Frank J. Tousey, Clerk.

**Registration Notice**

To the Electors of the Village of Plymouth:

Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the Board of Registration of the Village of Plymouth will be held in the Village hall in the Village of Plymouth on Saturday, December 15, 1917, for the purpose of registering the names of all such persons who shall be permitted to vote at the special election to be held in the Village of Plymouth for the purpose and said Board of Registration will be in session on the day and at the place aforesaid from 9 o'clock in the forenoon until 5 o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose aforesaid.

Dated, November 30th, 1917.  
Frank J. Tousey, Village Clerk.

**Some Information.**

"Sedentary work," said the lecturer on physical torture, "tends to lessen the endurance."

"In other words," butted in the smart aleck, "the more one sits the less one can stand."

"Exactly," retorted the lecturer, "and if one lies a great deal one's standing is lost completely."—Judge.

**People Will Think.**

"What did they do with that accused official?"

"Pending a hearing, they have suspended him without prejudice."

"Looks to me like another sample of something that can't be done."

"Suspend a man without prejudice."

**An Old Man's Stomach**

As we grow older and less active, less and less food is required to meet the demands of our bodies. If too much is habitually taken, the stomach will rebel. When a man reaches the advanced age of 50 or 60, you will find that he is a light eater. Be as careful as you will, however, you will occasionally find more than you should and will feel the need of Chamberlain's Tablets to correct the disorder. These tablets do not contain poison, but strengthen the stomach and enable it to perform its functions naturally. They also cause a gentle movement of the bowels.—Advt.

**The United States Government Food Administrator Says:**

"Baking Powder Breads of corn and other coarse flours are recommended"

**ROYAL BAKING POWDER**

**ABSOLUTELY PURE**

Makes delicious muffins, cakes and coarse flour breads

**CORN MEAL MUFFINS**

1/2 cup corn meal  
1 1/4 cups flour  
1/2 teaspoon salt  
4 level teaspoons Royal Baking Powder  
2 tablespoons sugar  
2 tablespoons shortening

**NUT BREAD**

3 cups cracked corn  
1 level teaspoon Royal Baking Powder  
1 1/2 teaspoons salt  
1 1/2 cups milk and water  
1/2 cup sugar or corn syrup  
1 cup chopped nuts (not too fine) or 1 cup raisins, washed and soaked  
1/2 cup water, sugar or corn syrup and nutmeats or raisins, washed and soaked

Mix together corn, baking powder and salt; add milk and water, sugar or corn syrup and nutmeats or raisins. Put into greased loaf pan, allow to stand 10 minutes to warm place. Bake in moderate oven 45 to 48 minutes.

Over red, white and blue booklet, "Best War Time Recipes" containing additional similar recipes, send for on request. Address Royal Baking Powder Company, Dept. H, 135 William Street, New York

**Woman's Christian Temperance Union**

The W. C. T. U. held their meeting at the home of Mrs. Ernest Burden, Thursday afternoon of last week. Although there was not a large attendance, on account of many members having to attend to other engagements, the meeting was enjoyed by all present. The next one will be held at the home of Mrs. Clarence Sayles, Dec. 13.

The forty-first annual convention of the National Woman's Christian Temperance Union to be held at Washington, D. C., December 2-7, promises to be of unusual interest. It will be distinctively a patriotic convention. The topic of the different department addresses will be, "How My Department Helps the Nation." Afternoon and evening sessions will be addressed by speakers of prominence, among whom are: Congresswoman Jeannette Rankin, Dr. Anna Howard Shaw, Carrie Chapman Catt, Mrs. Henry W. Peabody, Mary Harris Armour, William Jennings Bryan, Herbert C. Hoover, Congressman Edwin Webb, Charles H. Randall and Senator Morris Sheppard, the originator of the bill that made Washington dry, and others. An opportunity will be given the delegates to visit the House of Representatives while in session. Michigan delegates will make the trip in two Pullmans, one leaving Grand Rapids, Friday noon, Nov. 30, and the other leaving Detroit Friday evening of the same date. The two cars will join at Pittsburg, Saturday morning, making the day trip from there to Washington together, arriving in Washington at 7:15 p. m. The First District, to which the Plymouth Union belongs, will be represented by its president, Mrs. M. A. Patterson, of Plymouth.

Mrs. Floyd Smith and Mrs. Charles Kessler were in Northville, Saturday.

F. J. Whittaker was in South Lyon, Monday.

Remember the Baptist bazaar at town hall, Friday, Dec. 7th. Everybody invited.

**PERRINSVILLE**

Mr. and Mrs. Alex Murdock and children and Mr. and Mrs. Ed Holmes spent Sunday visiting friends and relatives in Detroit.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Theuer and daughter spent Sunday at Oral Holmes.

Arthur Hanchett has purchased a new Ford.

Miss Hildred Baehr and Clinton spent Saturday shopping in Detroit.

There was a fine attendance at church Sunday. Try and make it better next Sunday.

Saturday evening about twenty-five young people gathered at the home of Edmund Wolff, to celebrate Anthony Tuschazki's birthday. Games were played until 12 o'clock, when refreshments were served, after which the young people took their leave, voting the party a success.

Don't forget the fair and supper in the hall, Saturday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. G. Baehr and Clinton spent Thursday afternoon at Eloise.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Theuer and Mr. and Mrs. A. Murdock spent Monday in Detroit.

**For a Weak Stomach**

As a general rule all you need to do is to adopt a diet suited to your age and occupation and to keep your bowels regular. When you feel that you have eaten too much and when constipated, take one of Chamberlain's Tablets.—Advt.

**EAST PLYMOUTH**

Miss Anna Baker of Plymouth, was a Monday afternoon caller at Cressbrook.

Mrs. John Cool entertained at Sunday dinner: L. S. Cool, wife and three children.

Dallas Reed is visiting for three weeks at the home of his mother in Ohio.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Palphreyman were in Detroit, Sunday, to visit Mrs. Palphreyman's cousin, who is seriously ill at this writing in Providence hospital.

Henry Ruppell and wife of Detroit, visited the former's sister, Mrs. William Bartell, from Wednesday until Friday of last week.

Charles Melow, wife and daughter, Helen, and Mrs. Mary Bates attended a birthday party at the home of Fred Gates in Plymouth, Saturday evening.

Arthur Tillotson, wife and children spent Sunday at Emil Rocker's.

Theodore Schoof, wife and children visited relatives in Detroit, Sunday.

John Thompson, wife and son attended the funeral of the former's aunt, which was held in Ypsilanti, Tuesday.

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**WHOLESALE**

**THE MEET SHOP**

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**Wm. GAYDE**

North Village Phone 274

**CUT THIS OUT—IT IS WORTH MONEY**

DON'T MISS THIS. Cut out this slip, enclose it with 5c and mail to Foley & Co., 2843 Sheffield Ave., Chicago, Ill., writing your name and address clearly. You will receive in return a trial package containing Foley's Honey and Tar Compound, for bronchial and grippe coughs, colds and croup; Foley Kidney Pills, for lame back, weak kidneys, rheumatism, bladder troubles; and Foley Cathartic Tablets, a wholesome and thoroughly cleansing cathartic for constipation, biliousness, headache and sluggish bowels. You will also receive, free of charge, Foley's Family Liniment, containing Alphabet for Children, and "Health Hints"; Foley's Booklet on "Kidney Diseases" and a few simple suggestions for those having kidney and bladder troubles. You can secure all these for only 5c.

**SOLD EVERYWHERE**

**Commissioner's Notice.**

In the matter of the estate of Franklin S. Tillotson, deceased, the undersigned, having been appointed by the probate court for the county of Wayne, State of Michigan, Commissioner to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against said estate, do hereby give notice that we will meet at the office of Voorhies & Dayton in the Village of Plymouth, in said County, on Wednesday, the 28th day of January, A. D. 1918, and on Tuesday, the 29th day of March, A. D. 1918, at two o'clock P. M. of each of said days for the purpose of examining and allowing said claims, and that four months from the 28th day of January, A. D. 1918, and one month from the 29th day of March, A. D. 1918, were allowed by said Court for creditors to present their claims to us for examination and allowance.

Dated, November 16th, 1917.  
WILLIAM T. CONNER,  
FRID A. DUBOIS,  
Commissioners.

**Commissioner's Notice.**

In the matter of the estate of Katharine Sankoff, also known as Katie I. Sankoff, deceased, we, the undersigned, having been appointed by the Probate Court for the County of Wayne, State of Michigan, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against said estate, do hereby give notice that we will meet at the office of Voorhies & Dayton in the Village of Plymouth in said County, on Wednesday, the 16th day of January, A. D. 1918, and on Tuesday, the 29th day of March, A. D. 1918, at two o'clock P. M. of each of said days for the purpose of examining and allowing said claims, and that four months from the 16th day of January, A. D. 1918, and one month from the 29th day of March, A. D. 1918, were allowed by said Court for creditors to present their claims to us for examination and allowance.

Dated November 16th, 1917.  
BENJAMIN VEALEY,  
THEODORE F. CHELSON,  
Commissioners.

**GREEN GOLD JEWELRY**

in a great number of new and attractive patterns—all moderately priced.

BAR PINS, RINGS, PENDANTS  
CUFF LINKS, BROOCHES,  
NECKLACES, ETC.

set with Pearls, Sapphires—also other precious and semi-precious stones.

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