

VOLUME XXVIII. No. 45

PLYMOUTH, MICH., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1916

WHOLE No. 1463

Next Week is Edison Week



DO you know that over 600,000 people are now employed in industries founded by Thomas A. Edison?

Next week is being observed by many of these industries in recognition of Mr. Edison's scientific achievements.

We observe the week by giving an Edison recital every day and also by making it possible for a certain number of people in this community to compete in the

\$1,000 PRIZE CONTEST

for the best descriptions of the enjoyment and musical education derived in the home from Mr. Edison's favorite and probably greatest invention

The NEW EDISON

We have set aside a limited number of these wonderful new instruments. They have been specially tested and will be placed in homes in this city on an absolutely free three days' trial during Edison Week.

Those who secure the benefit of these Edison Week free trials will be eligible to the big \$1,000 contest for the best opinions of the value of the New Edison in the home.

These opinions must not be over 200 words in length. Their literary quality does not count. Professional writers and all members of the phonograph trade are barred.

What the Edison Company wants are the real heartfelt opinions of the people after they have heard this wonderful new instrument in their homes.

The first prize is \$500.
Second, \$200.
Third, \$100.

Then there are consolation prizes aggregating \$200. In addition, the Edison Company will pay ten cents per word for opinions, which, although not winning prizes, are considered suitable for publication.

See Us Before Monday Noon

about the prize contest and our free trial offer. Edison owners are eligible. Come to us for an entry blank.

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The Man Who Made Duluth Dry

.....and.....

A Male Quartette Rendering Campaign Songs

....will appear at....

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

SUNDAY EVENING AT 7 O'CLOCK

Sunday, October 15th:

11:20 a. m.—Sunday-school.

10 a. m.—Observance of Good Citizenship Day. Theme: "Religion and Patriotism."

7 p. m.—Senator Jones.

WELCOME



We Give You Terms on Victrolas.....

If you are thinking of buying a Victrola, come to see us. Our stock is new and complete and our terms are right.

We have 1500 new Victor Records from which to make your record selection. A number of new Hawaiian Records in stock.

If you already own a Victrola call us up and have us deliver a number of new Records for you to try at home.

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Other machines from \$15.00 to \$400.

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Always Open.

Free Delivery

Council Transacts Some Important Business

An adjourned regular meeting of the common council was held Monday evening for the purpose of taking up several important matters. Prof. Hoed of Ann Arbor, the engineer in charge of preparing the plans and specifications for improving the water system, was present with the plans and explained them in detail to the council. The plans call for a 160,000 gallon steel tower tank to be located in the park at the rear of the Presbyterian church, and two booster pumps to be located in the small triangle plot on Mill street near the Lapham store in north village. A small artistic building will be erected to house the pumps. The spring is to be covered and other improvements made there to conserve the water supply. The council accepted the plans and will proceed at once to advertise for bids on the same, and they will be opened at the first regular meeting in November.

Mr. Cox, the engineer in charge of the proposed paving on Union and Depot streets was present to confer with the council regarding the starting of this improvement. Mr. Cox gave it as his opinion that it would not be advisable to build any concrete pavement at this time, owing to the uncertainty of weather conditions. The matter was left with the committee on streets, and after a conference with Mr. Cox decided to do only the preliminary work this fall and lay the paving as early as possible in the spring.

Mr. Long, representing the Pere Marquette R. R. was present and asked the council for the use of the village water during the night hours. He stated that the P. M. was preparing to install an electric pumping station here to relieve the water supply shortage, but that it would not be possible to do this before next spring and their present supply was inadequate to meet their needs. After some little discussion the council voted to give the company the water between the hours of 8:00 p. m. and 6 a. m. and on Sundays, until such time as they deemed it advisable for them to terminate the agreement to protect the best interests of the village. The price named was \$115 per month. Mr. Long asked if the council would be willing the company should have the water at the meter rate charged the factories. This they agreed to do, and Mr. Long said he would submit the propositions to the company for their final decision.

The council rejected special assessment No. 19 on the Union and Depot streets paving, as it was found that inasmuch as one of the special assessors, W. T. Conner, was interested in abutting property, the assessment would not be legal. The president appointed E. N. Passage to act with the other members of the board, F. J. Pierre and Carl Heide, and a new assessment was ordered made on the basis of foot frontage instead of property valuation, as was made on the first assessment.

The water committee reported that they had looked into the matter of extending the water mains to the new plant of the Plymouth Motor Castings Co., and found that it would require about 2,500 feet of pipe to reach the new plant, and would cost in the neighborhood of \$2,000. President Robinson stated that he had talked with a number of citizens regarding this matter and all expressed themselves as favoring giving the company the water by all means. J. B. Hickey of the Plymouth Motor Castings Co., was present and made a few remarks regarding the new plant. The proposition was finally put to a vote of the council and carried without a dissenting vote. The council did the right thing in this matter and their action will meet with the hearty approval of every citizen who wants to see Plymouth progress along industrial lines. A plant that will employ over a hundred men means something to Plymouth, and the Plymouth Motor Castings Company should receive as much encouragement and help as it is possible to give them.

Former Jewish Rabbi to Speak Here

An address giving promise of more than ordinary interest will be given from the platform of the Methodist tabernacle next Sunday evening, the speaker being a former Jewish Rabbi, who was converted to christianity and is now a member of St. Paul's Methodist Episcopal church in New York City, of which Dr. Charles L. Goodell is pastor. This former Jewish Rabbi, whose name is Solomon, was at one time in charge of a Hebrew temple in St. Petersburg, Russia. He will tell of his own conversion to Christianity, and judging from the letters written by those who have heard him, he has an interesting story to tell.

Woman's Literary Club Held First Meeting

The Woman's Literary club held their first regular meeting October 6th, at home of Mrs. E. C. Leach. The meeting was called to order by the president, Mrs. R. E. Cooper. About forty members and two visitors were present. A brief business session was followed by the program, which was opened with a piano solo, played by Miss Madeline Bennett. Mrs. Cooper then introduced the speaker for the afternoon, Miss Elizabeth Smith of Detroit, who gave an interesting talk on "Practical Club Work." During the social hour light refreshments were served by members of the first division.

Farmers' Mutual Held Annual Meeting

The annual meeting of the Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance Co. of Monroe and Wayne counties was held at Monroe October 2-3, 1916. The reports of the secretary and treasurer show the company to be in a most flourishing condition. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year:
President—James H. Vreeland
Vice President—Frank G. Brunst
Secretary—E. W. Hilton
Treasurer—O. H. Stevens.
The following is a condensed statement of the treasurer's report:
Receipts for the year \$61378 45
Disbursements 81141 78
Balance previous year 238 67
238 10
Balance Oct. 1, 1916 5472 77
Members, Oct. 1, 1916, over 10,000.
Amount at risk, over \$21,000,000.
Amount to be levied for 1916, \$51,000.
Rate of assessment, \$2.50 per \$9,000.

State Grange Master Will Talk to Local Dairymen

The Plymouth branch of the Mutual Dairymen's Association will hold a meeting in the Grange hall Saturday evening, Oct. 14, at 7:30 o'clock. John C. Ketcham, master of the State Grange, of Hastings, Mich., will be present and give a talk on matters pertaining to dairying. Mr. Ketcham is well qualified to give a splendid talk on the dairy question and he is sure to have something of interest to say to the dairymen of this community. All dairymen of Plymouth and vicinity are urged to be present and hear this speaker. The ladies are especially invited to attend.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Cook and Mr. and Mrs. Albert Gayde attended the races at Monroe yesterday.

Friends here have received announcements of the marriage of J. Maurice Campbell and Miss Helen Shaw, at the residence of the bride's parents, 404 Philadelphia Ave., West, Detroit, Saturday, October 28. Mr. Campbell is the son of Dr. and Mrs. E. E. Campbell of this village.

Plans For New Methodist Church Are Here

The plans for the new Methodist church, which is to replace the beautiful structure which was destroyed by fire last March, are now in the hands of the local committee and several contractors are already figuring on the job with a view to putting in bids. The plans were drawn by W. E. N. Hunter of Detroit, one of the most successful church architects, who has some of the finest church edifices in Michigan to his credit, and they provide for a beautiful house of worship of medium size which will be a credit to the Methodist society and to the community.

The church will occupy the site of the building destroyed by fire, set forty feet back from the sidewalk in the center of the lot, with a frontage on Church street of sixty feet and a depth of fifty feet. It will be of the most modern type of church architecture, presenting a distinctively churchly appearance but without the conventional tower and spire. The building is to be of brick, with genuine cut Bedford stone trimming and a slate roof over all.

At the corner next to the school building will be the main entrance leading into a tile floored foyer which extends the entire depth of building and from which one may pass into any part of the auditorium. At the end of this foyer is the stairway to the basement rooms. The auditorium is planned to seat three hundred people with three banks of circular pews, and the floor will be of selected oak.

The pulpit and altar arrangement will be specially attractive, the pulpit platform occupying the center of the west side of the auditorium, with the choir loft immediately behind the pulpit and the organ in the corner at the right with the choir room under the organ. The pastor's room will be at the left of the platform with an entrance from Church street.

A full basement is provided for with complete and up-to-date equipment for the social life of the church. The main room, which will be used as a dining hall and Sunday-school room is 35x48 feet in dimensions, with facilities to divide part of it off for smaller Sunday-school rooms. In addition the basement will contain the kitchen, butler's pantry, boiler and fuel rooms.

It is planned to begin operations just as soon as the contract can be let and to rush the work to a speedy completion. In the meantime the Methodist services will be held in the village hall as soon as the tabernacle is disposed of.

DRUGGERY

fades to a memory when you banish the hot stove, the heavy irons and the many weary steps of the old-fashioned ironing day by using an


Electric Flat Iron

The electric iron makes ironing a light task quickly and pleasantly performed. Attach it to the lamp-socket in the dining room, the porch, any room in which you have electric service, that's all. No changing of irons, no walking, no scorching of delicate fabrics. Costs only a few cents to operate.

Sold on easy monthly installments. Come in and see.

The Detroit Edison Co.

MAIN STREET, PLYMOUTH.




Time is Money

Every tick of the clock may be made of value to you by depositing your funds in this bank and investing the surplus over your checking account requirements in high grade securities.

We are prepared to give our customers expert advice as to the safety of proposed investments.

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PLYMOUTH, MICHIGAN.



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ARE STANDARD

Let us figure on heating your home and enjoy a warm house.

Newhouse & Hillman

Phone 287. The Heating Men.

See the Beautiful ALLEN CAR

Favorite Hill Climbers and General All Around Purpose Car

Classics, Regular, Roadsters and Sedans

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AGENT

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Get your system in trim for the long cold winter by taking

NYAL'S TONIC

WE RECOMMEND AND GUARANTEE.

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WORLD'S EVENTS IN SHORT FORM

BEST OF THE NEWS BOILED DOWN TO LIMIT.

ARRANGED FOR BUSY PEOPLE

Notes Covering Most Important Happenings of the World Compiled in Briefest and Most Succinct Form for Quick Consumption.

European War News

Lying off Nantucket light, where every liner bound to and from New York must get its bearings, the German submarine U-53 torpedoed and sank six ships. Four of them were British, one a passenger carrier. The other two were neutrals—one Dutch and the other Norwegian. An American steamship was held up, but was allowed to proceed.

The Norwegian consul general at Archangel telegraphs to the foreign office at Christiania that at least two American ships, the Hawita and the Columbia, and one French steamer have been torpedoed in the waters between Vardoe and Archangel.

The city of Kronstadt, in the southeastern portion of Transylvania, its leading industrial and commercial center, and which was occupied by the Roumanians shortly after their entry into the war, has been recaptured by the Austro-German forces, the war office at Berlin announced.

In the face of a far superior force, mainly German, the Roumanian front from Hermannstadt to Kronstadt (70 miles) has been withdrawn to the Carpathian front, according to Bucharest, to insure defense of the frontier passes.

Roumanian troops have withdrawn from their positions in the region of Fogaras, Transylvania, before attacks of superior forces, says the official statement issued at Bucharest by the Roumanian war office. Violent engagements continue in other sections of Transylvania.

The British forces which recently crossed to the eastern bank of the Struma River on the Macedonian front have occupied the village of Nevrojan, it was announced officially by the British war office at London.

The 25,000-ton transatlantic liner Franconia of the Cunard line, one of the finest vessels on the Atlantic, has been sunk by a German submarine, according to a Lloyd's announcement at London. Twelve of the crew of 302 are unaccounted for.

Sixteen Roumanian battalions (about 15,000 men) that crossed the Danube between Turtukai and Siliastria into Bulgaria have been destroyed, according to an official statement issued by the Sofia war office.

A fresh Russian defeat in Volhynia Tuesday, west of Lutsk, was announced by the German war office at Berlin. "Thousands of dead were left on the battlefield," the statement said.

Serbian have crossed the Toberna river and defeated the adversary on the Nize mountain in Serbia, and also captured the Kessall railroad station, according to advices received at Paris. The Serbian territory recaptured now embraces 89 square miles including seven towns.

German submarines between September 20 and 29 sank in the North sea, and the English channel 35 hostile vessels with a total tonnage of 14,000, the Overseas News agency announced at Berlin.

"As the result of an encircling attack," the German war office announced at Berlin, "Roumanian forces which had crossed the Danube near Rjabove, south of Bucharest, withdrew in a hasty flight."

Domestic

Nell J. Berston, sixty, wealthy real estate dealer, was shot and killed in his office at Flint, Mich. Kobbery is believed to have been the motive.

Two men entered the Citizens' State bank at Covington, Ind., held up the cashier, S. P. Graves, and took \$2,000. They were pursued by a posse and, after a battle, were captured.

Frank McDonald confessed to Detroit police that he and his brother Henry wrecked a Michigan Central train at Bridgeport, Ont., May 30, 1911. Two persons were killed in the wreck.

The Pittsburgh and Allegheny Telephone company has granted its central office operating force a wage increase of 45 per cent, according to an announcement made at Pittsburgh. Nearly 250 persons are affected.

Three men were killed and several were injured seriously when three cars of dynamite exploded at the mill of the Illinois Powder company at Grafton, Ill. The dead are: Superintendent Peterson and two workmen.

Kidnaped by a band of Greeks and held for \$15,000 ransom, Robert Perry, thirty-five years old, manager of the Moffatt coal mines at Oak Creek, Colo., shot and killed one of his captors and escaped. Another of the kidnapers was arrested.

The British steamer Hawkehead, at anchor in Hampton Roads off Sewall's Point, Va., was run down and sunk by the steamer City of Norfolk, outward bound from Norfolk for Baltimore with passengers. No lives were reported.

Two councilmen of Ollton, Okla., were manhandled by a mob of 300 citizens who surrounded the Ollton (Okla.) city hall in a demonstration against the men whom they held responsible for putting the town in debt for a water-works plant.

The passengers and crew of the Ward line steamer Antilla, bound from Guantanamo for New York, and which reported by wireless that it was 120 miles off the Virginia capes, were saved and brought into Hampton Roads on the United States coast guard cutter Onondaga, says a dispatch from Washington.

A divorce suit was filed at Reno, Nev., by Philander C. Knox, Jr., son of the former secretary of state, through Attorney Cole L. Harwood. The plaintiff makes but one charge, desertion, shortly after he was married in December, 1914, at Burlington, Vt.

The safe in the People's Savings bank at Ottawa Lake, Mich., was blown. Bank officers report that \$1,200 was stolen.

James Couzens, new multi-millionaire police commissioner of Detroit, Mich., who draws \$5,000 salary, announced the establishment of a bonus system for members of the Detroit police force. The bonus, provided personally by Mr. Couzens, will amount to about \$10,000 annually.

Henry Rider of Howell, Mich., was shot and killed; A. J. Rider, his brother, of Hammonville, president of the New Jersey Cranberry Growers' association, and Mrs. Elsie Smathers, also of Hammonville, were wounded seriously by a band of Italians at Atison, N. J., near Hammonville, N. J., in an attempt to rob the party of an \$8,400 pay roll.

Spurred on by the exhortations of "Mother" Jones, labor agitator, 300 wives and women relatives of striking streetcar men battled with the police in New York in the most serious riot since the walkout on the traction lines began a month ago. Scores of women were injured.

Ellis E. Shookman, cashier of the Burrows bank at Burrows, Carroll county, Indiana, came to Indianapolis and surrendered himself to the authorities following the discovery of a shortage of \$18,000.

A plot to assassinate Theodore P. Shonts, president of the Interborough Rapid Transit company in New York and that Shonts' life was imperiled first became known when the police announced that two men who are detained at police headquarters will be charged with conspiring to kill Shonts.

Nine men are dead in a fire which destroyed the central portion of the main building of Christian Brothers' college at St. Louis. Two of the known dead were aged members of the Christian Brothers' order. All of the students escaped from the building. Five known to be dead were firemen. The loss is \$300,000.

Major General Goethals, governor of the Panama Canal Zone; George Rublee, federal trade commissioner, and Commissioner Clark of the Interstate commerce board, have been named by President Wilson to be members of the board created by congress to investigate the eight-hour law.

Acting Secretary of State Polk announced at Washington that he did not believe there was any truth in the story published by the New York Evening Post, that Germany has decided to request President Wilson to use his influence to bring about peace.

Gen. Emiliano Chamorro, until recently minister to the United States, has been elected president of Nicaragua.

Field Marshal Terauchi has been appointed by the emperor to succeed Count Okuma as premier of Japan. It was announced at Tokyo.

"I'd no more debate with Gompers than with a tramp on the street corner." This is the answer of Senator Sherman to the proposal that he meet in public debate Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, whom Senator Sherman recently attacked in the senate.

President Wilson discussed the European war, peace and American business in three speeches at Omaha. He declared America is as ready to fight as any nation in the world, but that its cause must be just. After the war, he said, this nation must join a league of nations to preserve the peace of the world.

Charles E. Hughes spent an hour visiting his boyhood home in Newark, N. J., where his father was minister of a Baptist church from 1839 to 1874.

Mexican War News

The Mexican government prepared a decree at Mexico City providing for the death penalty for robbers, bandits and those convicted of holdups. The decree is similar to the one issued by Benito Juarez.

Personal

Ma. William Warner, Missouri legislator and former United States senator, died at Kansas City, Mo.

Diefe Abteilung ist für die Familienglieder, welche am liebsten Deutsch lesen.

Vom Schauplatz des europäischen Völkrieges

Von berufener Seite vom ersten Branten des deutschen Reiches, ist vor wenigen Tagen die militärische Lage Europas in kurzen Worten aus einandergeleitet worden. Der deutsche Reichsführer hat jamma jamma erklärt, daß Deutschland sich im Westen auf die Verteidigung beschränken, dafür aber auf dem östlichen Kriegsschauplatz offen zu kämpfen werde. Dies wurde zwar nicht wörtlich erklärt, doch lassen seine Worte keine andere Deutung zu und so wurden die auch die Berliner „Germantia" sagt, vom deutschen Volk angefaßt. In Paris oder London hätte man bei dieser Gelegenheit das Rundwort sehr voll genommen und eine große Offensiv angekündigt, und man faßte die deutschen Propagandare wüßigen, die erklären, daß sie in der Kämpferreihe gerne die Frontlinie nach Vorder- und Londoner Wälder vermiechten. Das deutsche Volk bedarf ihrer nicht. Das deutsche Volk bringt seinen Führern ein durch die Vergangenheit gerechtfertigtes Vertrauen entgegen, das weder durch kleine Rückschläge noch durch die Rügen der Entente - Presse in seinen Grundfesten erschüttert werden kann. Das hat die Sonne - Offensive der Alliierten mehr als alles andere bewiesen. Die Kommentare der deutschen Presse und die Versicherungen kompetenter Persönlichkeiten atmen daselbe Vertrauen und dieselbe Zuversicht wie zu Anfang des Krieges.

Einige Leute über die öffentliche militärische Lage kann dieses Vertrauen nur noch weiter befestigen. Dem Deutschlands Sache steht jetzt schon deshalb, weil durch den Zusammenbruch der russischen Waffenlieferungen und die Verhinderung eines russisch - rumänischen Durchbruchs die Initiative in deutschen Händen geblieben ist. Auf die Bedeutung der Kämpfe bei Gornomirast ist in den Berichten schon wiederholt hingewiesen worden. Die Tatsache, daß General von Falkenhain, der bisherige Oberbefehlshaber der deutschen Truppen auf dem östlichen Front, die Verantwortung für die Durchbruch nach Süden zu verweigern und lediglich von Zufahrt mit der Aufstellung der rumänischen Front zu beginnen.

Amersfoort ist die gänzlich verriegelten der rumänischen russischen Offensiv im Gebiete von Dornomirast, dem gegebenen Angriffspunkte gegen Belgrad. Insgar, weil von Dornomirast aus die großen Eisenbahnlinien über Klausenburg nach dem Süden Zielverbindung am leichtesten zu unterbrechen wären, wenn nur die Berge nicht wären. Sie und die Truppen der deutschen Verbündeten haben ein Vordringen der Feinde dort trotz der größten Anstrengungen unmöglich gemacht und werden dies auch in der Zukunft tun, denn trotz des neuen Bundesgenossen ist die russische Stoßkraft bedenklich erlahmt, die Ereignisse der letzten Wochen haben dies mit überzeugender Deutlichkeit bewiesen. Die der Reichsführer selbst sagte, sind schwere Kämpfe im Osten zu erwarten. Es liegt auf der Hand, daß Rußland sich nicht von dem gewis kommenden deutschen Offensiv im Osten überumpeln lassen will. Für diesen Zweck werden die Kräfte gespart.

Die Bulgaren haben ihre Stellungungen auf der ganzen Front, namentlich aber auf dem wichtigen Hügel, stetig verbessert und dies, trotz wiederholter Angriffe der verbündeten Serben, Kuffen und Franzosen. Die Söhne von Kaimakalan, die Monastir und den ganzen südlichen Teil des früheren Serbien gegen Süden schützen soll, bleiben fest in bulgarischen Händen. Die Verbündeten über serbische Soldaten, die auf dem heimathlichen Boden kämpfen, gehören ins Reich der Fabel. Man hat auch seit Tagen nichts mehr davon gehört, und ihnen ist es vielleicht ergangen wie den braven Donkoffen, die drei Tagemärsche weit in Ungarn eingedrungen waren. Sie sind auch auf Nimmerwiedersehen verschwinden, weil sie eben nie existiert haben.

Tiefelben überschüssigen Eingemerkungen, die in diesem Falle durch die Zufahren als solche gekennzeichnet werden, kommen auch vom westlichen Kriegsschauplatz zu uns. Alles geht auf das Einordnen hin, und man darf sicher gehen, daß Bierpomp Worgans Reise nach London, um dort eine neue \$250,000,000 - Anleihe anzufordern, mit den künftigen Verbindungen der Entente - Presse und ihrer Kameradschaften in unserm Lande, sehr, sehr viel zu tun hat.

Die Gesamtverluste der Briten während der Monate der Sommerkampagne betragen, wie noch den amtlichen Verhältnissen ausgerechnet ist, mehr als 300,000 Mann, im Monat September mehr als 8500 Mann pro Tag. Die Ertrugenshatten der gesamten Offensiv stellen sich in ihrem bisher weitesten Umfang in der Bewegung von Comblès und einer geringfügigen Verlängerung der Angriffsbasis nördlich bei Trepval und am Süden, bei Verdunbois dar. An einzelnen Stellen des Kampfgebietes zeigen die Kämpfe zur Zeit hin und her. Ypern und Terroume dürften eines Tages wieder fallen, wie Comblès gefallen ist, aber nur nach einer nochmaligen und für die Alliierten nicht fatalen Schwächung ihrer Kräfte.

Was den deutschen Erfolg, d. h. die Möglichkeit die deutsche Front trotz einiger Teilverluste zu halten, vor allen Dingen ermöglicht, ist das durch die deutsche Verteidigung bedingte langsame Vordringen der Alliierten, das ein Anstoßen weiterer stark befestigter Stellungen hinter einer verlorenen Stellung gelehrt. Immer wieder werden die Alliierten neue „erste und zweite Linien" der Deutschen zu nehmen haben, bis ihre im Munde geschwätzten Kräfte verfliegen. Dieser Zeitpunkt wird und muß kommen, er ist eine absolute Notwendigkeit, bedingt durch die durchgehenden Opfer, mit denen die Alliierten ihre Vorteile zu bezahlen haben.

Das Fazit der besprochenen Tatsachen, aus denen das Unmöglichkeit des Durchbruchs durch die deutsche Front hervorgeht, ist vor allen Dingen das, daß das Vertrauen derer, die auf Deutschlands vollständigen Sieg bauen, auf unumstößlichen Tatsachen angeht, die durch nichts aus der Welt geschafft werden können.

Handelsvertrag mit der Schweiz.

London. In dem Handelsabkommen zwischen Deutschland und der Schweiz wird, wie dem Reichsamt für den Handel auf Grund einer Berliner Zeitschrift von Amsterdam aus gemeldet worden, bestimmt, daß die eigenen Erzeugnisse der beiden Länder, sowie die Waren, die in jedem der beiden Länder angefertigt sind, ausgetauscht werden können, soweit sie nicht für den heimischen Verbrauch benötigt werden.

Deutschland soll sich zur monatlichen Lieferung von 255,000 Tonnen Kohlen, sowie auch von bedeutenden Mengen von Stahl und Eisen verpflichtet haben, deren die Schweiz für ihren eigenen Gebrauch bedarf. Beide Teile einigten sich darauf, daß die Frage der Ausfuhr - Erlaubnisse so schnell als möglich zur Entscheidung kommen soll.

Mit Bezug auf deutsche in der Schweiz angelegte Waren, wie die zur Zeit keine Ausfuhrerlaubnis gewährt werden kann, hat die Schweiz sich verpflichtet, diese Waren aufzubewahren und sie nach Beendigung des Krieges Deutschland zurückzugeben. Welche um Ausfuhr von Kriegsmaterial, das in der Schweiz aus Rohmaterial verfertigt worden, welches aus Deutschland kommt, werden behufs Genehmigung einem schweizerischen Sonderausfluß unterbreitet werden.

Dieses Abkommen erlischt, wie es in der Vorrede heißt, im April 1917.

Amerika's reicher Exporthandel.

Washington. Der amerikanische Export hat im Monat August einen Wert von \$510,000,000 erreicht, eine in der ganzen Welt noch nicht dagewesene Höhe und um \$35,000,000 mehr als der bisherige Rekord im Juli und um \$45,000,000 höher als im Juni dieses Jahres.

Der Export belief sich auf \$198,247,391, um \$47,000,000 weniger als im Rekordmonat Juni, aber höher als in irgend einem vorherigen August. Der Export belief sich für die mit August beendeten 12 Monate auf \$4,750,000,000, der Import auf \$2,300,000,000. Die Bilanz zu Gunsten der Ver-Staaten belief sich auf \$2,465,000,000 gegen \$1,363,000,000 reip. \$374,000,000 in der zwei vorherigen Jahren.

WILL CONFER ON U-BOAT ACTIVITIES

SECRETARY WILSON AND SECRETARY LANSING TO HOLD CONFERENCE ON SUBMARINE RAIDS.

BERNSTORFF MEETS WILSON

Secretary Daniels Instructed to Keep the President Fully Informed on U-Boat Happenings.

Long Branch, N. J.—Secretary Lansing left Washington for the President's summer residence to hold a conference over the submarine raids off the American coast.

Announcement that the secretary of state would confer with the president confirmed the impression that the American government considered the attacks on vessels off the American coast by a German submarine as fraught with grave possibilities. At the same time, it was made clear there is nothing in the reports so far received to show that international law or the earlier promises of Germany have been violated.

Concern over the situation centered chiefly about the possibility of what might happen if the submarine attacks are continued.

The position of the American government and its determination to make a full investigation before acting was made clear in the following statement given out by the president:

"The government will, of course, first inform itself as to all the facts that there be no mistake or doubt so far as they are concerned, and the country may rest assured the German government will be held to the complete fulfillment of its promises to the government of the United States. I have no right now to question their willingness to fulfill them."

Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, who came here to give the president a personal letter from the German emperor on Polish relief, discussed with President Wilson the new activities of German submarines. It was understood the president made it clear that while the American government had no intention of interfering with the legitimate activities of submarines, it would insist on the strict observance of the pledges given previously by the German government.

The executive offices here were kept in communication with Secretary Daniels and received preliminary reports assembled by the navy department on the submarine activities.

The general trend of these reports was to the effect that, so far as has been determined, the rules of international law had been complied with by Germany. It was made clear, however, that these reports were of a preliminary character, and were not conclusive. Secretary Daniels was instructed to keep the president fully informed.

AUXILIARY CRUISER IS SUNK

1362 Men Were Picked Up, and 638 Are Missing.

Paris.—The steamer Gallia, an auxiliary cruiser carrying 2,000 Serbian and French soldiers, was torpedoed and sunk by a submarine. Thirteen hundred and sixty-two men were picked up by a French cruiser and landed in boats on the southern coast of Sardinia, have been accounted for thus far. The torpedo caused the explosion of ammunition in the hold of the Gallia and also destroyed the wireless apparatus, making it impossible to send calls for help. The crew and troops took to rafts and small boats, a number of which were picked up by the French cruiser. Others reached the Sardinian shore.

The Gallia was a 1,500-ton steamer, 574 feet long and 64 feet beam. She was built in the Seine in 1913 and owned by the Compagnie de Navigation Sud Atlantique of Bordeaux.

ITEMS OF STATE INTEREST

The Millford village council is to be requested by petition of the citizens to raise \$1,000 by taxation to assist the Detroit Auto Dash company in excavating for additions to its plant which would double its capacity.

George Mayner, a Newaygo county farmer, went to Muskegon and hired a stranger to cut wood for him on his farm. The stranger returned with him, but Mayner reported to the sheriff that he was missing and that a pocketbook with \$27 also had disappeared.

The domestic relations committee of the morals efficiency commission of Grand Rapids has reported in favor of restraining hasty marriages and making divorce more difficult in ordinary cases.

The war department at Washington issued the following orders: "Colonel Segwick Rice, cavalry, and Captain Asa L. Singleton, infantry, will proceed to Jackson, Mich., to inspect the Michigan State Penitentiary farm. Captain Raymond F. Fowler, corps of engineers, will proceed to Detroit for duty."

Earnings of the Pere Marquette increased \$37,818 from July 31 to Sept. 30, over the same period a year ago. Increases were shown from all sources of revenue. Freight revenues showed a gain of \$73,210 and passenger revenue of \$34,448.

Albion college freshmen and sophomores broke all known records for a tug of war when they pulled for an hour and forty minutes across the Kalamazoo river. The affair finally was called a draw. Class rivalry re-joined police intervention at the time.

FIND VOLCANO IN MINDANAO

Recent Eruption Was Apparent, Lieutenant Donnelly Says of the Discovery.

Mindanao has a new volcano, according to the Mindanao Herald. Lieutenant Donnelly, while on a hike into the interior of Lanao province, discovered an active volcano in the Piyagungan range of mountains, which heretofore was not known to exist. Lieutenant Donnelly says of his discovery in the following report:

"June 5, 1916, the undersigned, in command of a combined detachment of the First Catabato company, and the First General Service company, on reconnaissance patrol from Kapand northward through the Piyagungan mountain range, came in sight of an active volcano which from all indications had recently erupted a discharge of volcanic ash and either smoke or flame."

"From the fact that foliage in the forest on the mountain sides three miles to the southeast had been scorched as though by flame, hot smoke or toxic gas, and that ground vegetation of scrub grass and weeds had been partially destroyed, leaving the stalks intact and the scorched leaves retaining their form, it was thought that the eruption had been recent. At all events, so recent that the wind had not blown away nor destroyed the fragile remnants of the burned foliage."

TENDER SKINNED BABIES

With Rashees and Irritations Find Comfort in Cuticura. Trial Free.

Baby's tender skin requires mild, soothing properties such as are found in Cuticura Soap and Ointment. Cuticura Soap is so sweet, pure and cleansing and Cuticura Ointment so soothing and healing, especially when baby's skin is irritated and rashy. Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Bicycling in England. Several princesses have lately been seen a wheel, and ladies from big country houses are using their bicycles constantly to save the precious petrol of the car. Thousands of girls now going into towns to work live in homes which never had to consider convenience of access to city offices. They require bicycles, and so do the girls whose buses have been stopped, while the greatest demand of all comes from the munition workers generally. The munition girls are buying enormous numbers of machines.—Manchester Guardian.

Important to Mothers. Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *W. D. Parke*. In Use for Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria.

Quite Forceful. "I fear Cholly has no stability of character."

"No will power, you mean?" "Yes."

"That's where you are mistaken. I happen to know that he has clung to the same brand of cigarettes for the past seven years."

Paradoxical Dining. "I expect a square meal today." "Well, dear, I'm giving you one." "That's like a woman's logic. How can you give a man a square meal with a round of beef?"

Women Once Invalids

Now in Good Health Through Use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Say it is Household Necessity. Doctor Called it a Miracle.

All women ought to know the wonderful effects of taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound even on those who seem hopelessly ill. Here are three actual cases:

Harrisburg, Penn.—"When I was single I suffered a great deal from female weakness because my work compelled me to stand all day. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for three months and was made stronger by its use. After I was married I took the Compound again for a female trouble and after three months I passed what the doctor called a growth. He said it was a miracle that it came away as one generally goes under the knife to have them removed. I never want to be without your Compound in the house."—Mrs. FRANK KNORR, 1642 Fulton St., Harrisburg, Penn.

Hardly Able to Move. Albert Lea, Minn.—"For about a year I had sharp pains across my back and hips and was hardly able to move around the house. My head would ache and I was dizzy and had no appetite. After taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Liver Pills, I am feeling stronger than for years. I have a little boy eight months old and am doing my work all alone. I would not be without your remedies in the house as there are none like them."—Mrs. F. E. YOST, 611 Water St., Albert Lea, Minn.

Three Doctors Gave Her Up. Pittsburg, Penn.—"Your medicine has helped me wonderfully. When I was a girl 18 years old I was always sickly and delicate and suffered from irregularities. Three doctors gave me up and said I would go into consumption. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and with the third bottle began to feel better. I soon became regular and I got strong and shortly after I was married. Now I have two nice stout healthy children and am able to work hard every day."—Mrs. CLAUDE DUNN, 34 Gardner St., Troy Hill, Pittsburg, Penn.

All women are invited to write to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for special advice, and will receive it free.

Better Be Safe Than Sorry! Rev. A. B. Donaldson was an original case. He quit preaching to sell mining stock. He interested wealthy Farmer Downs and got him to make a small investment, first. Then he made love to his only daughter, and annexed \$37,700 more. He's now in the penitentiary; and the farmer would be in the poorhouse but that the Rev. couldn't carry the farm away with him.

Urban Realty Mortgage Company 46-48 W. Congress St., Detroit on improved, income-producing Detroit Real Estate—every \$1 of investment secured by more than \$2—interest and principal GUARANTEED by a good strong company with \$200,000.00 paid-up Capital. Certificates issued for \$50, \$100, \$500 and \$1,000—and a line from either you or your bank will bring ample proof of their perfect safety and desirability as an investment. Better Be Safe than Sorry!

Constipation Vanishes Forever Prompt Relief—Permanent Cure CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS never fail. Purely vegetable—act surely but gently on the liver. Stop after dinner—cure distress—cure indigestion, improve the complexion, brighten the eyes. SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE. Genuine must bear Signature.

ABSORBINE will reduce inflamed, swollen joints, sprains, bruises, soft bunchees, hemorrhoids, boils, polli, evil, scalds, and infected sores quickly as it is a positive antiseptic and germicide. Pleasant to use, does not blister or remove the hair, and does not work the burn. \$2.00 per bottle delivered. Book 75¢ free.

COLD IN HEAD CATARRH INSTANTLY RELIEVED BY THE OLD DR. MARSHALL'S CATARRH SNUFF

NEW PENSION BILLS Widows and former widows (now single) with war service and widows, including war, 1916-1918, and widows of military and naval service, who were in the service of the United States, are eligible for pension.

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Central Meat Market

Call Central Meat Market,
phone 23, for

Choice Meats,

Smoked Meats of all Kinds,

Home Made Bologna and Sausages.

Try them and you won't eat any other.

FRANK RAMBO, Manager

BOTH PHONES FREE DELIVERY

Dr. E. L. Ferguson,
Veterinary Surgeon
Office at Plymouth Hotel
Calls answered day or night.
PHONE NO. 19.

Detroit United Lines

Plymouth Time Table
(EASTERN STANDARD TIME)
EAST BOUND
For Detroit via Wayne 8:30 a. m. 8:45 a. m. and every hour to 7:45 p. m.; also 9:45 p. m. and 11:30 p. m. changing at Wayne.
NORTH BOUND
Leave Plymouth for Northville 6:00 a. m. and every hour to 7:00 p. m.; also 9:00 p. m. and 10:45 p. m. and 12:30 a. m.
Leave Detroit for Plymouth 4:30 a. m. and every hour to 7:30 p. m.; also 9:30 p. m. and 11:15 p. m.
Cars connect at Wayne for Ypsilanti and points west to Jackson.

Beautiful Monuments

are often marred by ill shaped and poorly set letters. Note the work we have executed; of better skill, visit our works and see the class work we are turning out in his line.

All Raised Work
Every letter and figure raised, out good and deep and square in the best quality of granite obtainable. We have a reputation for doing good work, and we are bound to keep it. Before placing your order, call on the house where quality prevails and get the best.

LYON GRANITE CO.

Two Shops: Pontiac, Rear of Pontiac Steam Laundry. Phone 12821. Plymouth, Main street. Phone 251

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Sixth door south of Baptist church.
Hours—Till 9 a. m., 2 to 4 p. m., evenings and Sundays by appointment.
Telephone 3

Dr. A. E. PATTERSON

Office and residence, Main street, next to Express office.
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Eyes accurately fitted with Glasses.
From Examination, for or on trial.
Office opposite to U. S. Waiting Room, Plymouth, Mich.

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Daily Thought.
There are certain times in our life when we find ourselves in circumstances that not only press upon us, but seem to weigh us down altogether. They give us, however, not only the opportunity, but they impose upon us the duty of elevating ourselves, and thereby fulfilling the purpose of the Divine Being in our creation.—Goethe.

Corroboration.

A policeman, whose evidence was taken at his bedside in the hospital, deposed: "The prisoner sat upon me, calling me an ass, a precious dolt, a scarecrow, a ragamuffin and an idiot." And, this being the conclusion of his depositions, his signature was preceded by the formal ending, "All of which I swear is true."

National Flag.

Each of the stars in the flag stands for a state. The 13 red and white stripes represent the original "Old Thirteen" states. It is said that John Paul Jones was the first to fly the flag on the ocean. But, like most every other question of antiquity, this is a subject of dispute.

Optim-Eating an Old Vice.

Optim-taking, or optim-eating, is a very old vice. Without harking back to its use in those times which so many writers and speakers refer to as classic times, it is interesting to recall that in the time of Thomas De Quincey the opium habit was extensive in England—that is, it was extensive in the word of De Quincey, who should have had an intimate knowledge of this subject, he taken at its face value, and most men are certainly willing to accept that writer's word on this subject.

Jay Martz, recently appointed clerk of the supreme court of Michigan, had held the deputy clerkship for seven years, and his efficiency was recognized by the court in making the appointment unanimous.

NOT HINDERED BY SOLITUDE

Donald Smith, Who Became Famous, Was Too Busy in Labrador to Become Lonely.

Back in 1847 a young fellow named Donald Smith was sent to take charge of an isolated fur-trading post in the interior of desolate Labrador. It was a terrible place; blizzard-swept in winter, tormented by midges and mosquitoes through the short hot summer—the sort of place where a modern novelist's hero turns to brandy and ends with suicide. Smith was there 20 years. He read books, leaped the country, built up an experiment farm that excited the admiration of the Smithsonian Institution, saved money, and started the career that ended in Westminster abbey. Donald Smith became Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal, and his place in history is secure as one of the great builders of our modern North America. It all began in the unlikelyst place imaginable, that lost for store in the wilds of Labrador, and Smith tells us the secret in his own words, says Collier's.

"People speak of the solitude of Labrador. It wasn't a solitude for me. I knew everybody there, from the oldest white traders and fishermen to the youngest Indian hunters and Eskimos, and even their dogs. I knew every turn in the coast line and head in the river, and every natural object had an interest for me. As for annual I can honestly say I did not know the meaning of the term. Time never hung heavily on my hands. I was always busy, and when I had no actual and definite task I was planning."

BANK "RUN" SUPREME FOLLY

Disastrous Alike to the Depositors and the Institution Which is Subject to the Raid.

One of the most troublesome, and also useless happenings of every-day life is a bank "run." It has its inception in a rumor that apparently comes from nowhere. A chance remark, a trivial misunderstanding, a deliberate and vicious thrust from a vengeful person—any one of these agencies is sufficient to start a horde of depositors feverishly to the rescue of their savings. The hopelessness of their mission is what makes it most regrettable. In the majority of instances the rumor of insolvency has no foundation and the frightened depositors who draw their funds merely lose the interest they would have earned and often lose the principal to thieves. When a bank is actually in distress its doors are closed before the depositors have warning so that a "run" is senseless under any conditions.

Youngstown had a half dozen such scares in its history and yet it has never had an insolvent bank. The trouble-maker who preys upon the fears of the simple-minded has been responsible in each instance. Unfortunately the trouble-maker is a most elusive person. It is difficult to run him down and send him to jail where he belongs.—Youngstown Telegram.

New Stained-Glass Process.

A process has been perfected in France for applying colors to glass by heat, so that stained glass windows can be made without fastening many pieces of glass of different hues to gether.

Excellent Rules for Life.

Worry less, work more; ride less, walk more; frown less, laugh more; eat less, chew more; preach less, practice more.

Much Water Needed.

It takes two tons of water to grow enough wheat to make a loaf of bread; fifteen to twenty tons to grow a pound of beef.

Fitting is Important.

Don't crowd an auto tire of wrong size on a rim simply because you can force it on. Make it fit.

Daily Thought.

Whatever may happen to thee it was prepared for thee from all eternity, and the complication of causes was from eternity spinning the thread not only of thy being, but of all that is incident to it.—Marcus Aurelius.

Plants Used in Commerce.

There are 4,200 species of plants used for commercial purposes. Of these 420 are used for perfume.

Fact About Poker.

The best poker hand is made up of calling cards.

Optimistic Thought.

Every difference of opinion is not a difference of principle.

James Couzens became the official head of the Detroit police department Saturday morning.

MARKET QUOTATIONS

Live Stock.
DETROIT.—Cattle Receipts, 2,984. Best heavy steers, \$8@8.25; best handy weight butcher steers, \$6.75@7.25; mixed steers and heifers, \$5.50@6.25; light butchers, \$4.75@5.50; best cows, \$5@5.75; butcher cows, \$4.50@5; common cows, \$4.25@4.75; canners, \$3.50@4.20; best heavy bulls, \$5.50@6; hologna bulls, \$5@5.50; stock bulls, \$3.75@4.50; feeders, \$4@6.75; stockers, \$4.50@6.25; milkers and springers, \$4@7.50.
Calves Receipts, 989. Good grades brought \$12 to \$12.75, and culls and heavy grades, \$5 to \$7.50.
Sheep and Lambs Receipts, 6,845. Best lambs, \$10@10.35; fair lambs, \$9@9.75; light to common lambs, \$8@8.50; fair to good sheep, \$6.25@7; culls and common, \$4@5.
Hogs Receipts, 11,412. Yorkers bringing \$9 to \$9.10, mixed and good butchers \$9.15 to \$9.25 and pigs \$8.50 to \$8.75.

EAST BUFFALO.—Cattle—Receipts, 220 cars; prime grades steady; common and medium 15@25c lower; choice to prime native steers, \$9.60@10.25; good to choice, \$8.25@8.75; fair to good, \$7.50@8; dry-fed yearlings prime, \$9.50@10; best handy steers, \$7.25@7.50; light butcher steers and heifers, mixed, \$6.75@7.25; western heifers, \$6.25@6.75; best heavy fat cows, \$6.50@7; butcher cows, \$5@5.50; cutters, \$4.25@4.50; fancy bulls, \$6.75@7.25; butcher bulls, \$6@6.25; common bulls, \$5@5.25; good stockers, \$6@6.50; light common stockers, \$5@5.25; feeders, \$6.50@7; best milkers and springers, \$8@10.50; medium, \$6@7.50; common, \$4@5.00; Hogs—Receipts, 100 cars; market 15c lower; heavy, \$9.80@9.90; Yorkers, \$9.50@9.65; pigs, \$9. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 30 cars; market steady; top lambs, \$10.50@10.65; yearlings, \$8.50@9; wethers, \$7.50@8; ewes, \$7.25@7.50. Calves—Receipts, 900; slow; tops, \$12.50@12.75; fair to good, \$11.50@12; fed calves, \$5@5.50.

Grain, Etc.

DETROIT.—Wheat—Cash No. 2 red, \$1.61; December opened with an advance of 1/4¢ at \$1.65, gained 1/4¢, declined to \$1.64 and closed at \$1.65; May opened at \$1.66 1/2, advanced to \$1.67; declined to \$1.65 1/2 and closed at \$1.66 1/2; No. 1 white, \$1.58.
Corn—Cash No. 3, 90c; No. 3 yellow, 92 1/2¢; No. 4 yellow, 90 1/2¢@91 1/4¢. Oats—Standard, 51 1/2¢; No. 3 white, 50 1/2¢; No. 4 white, 49 1/2¢.
Rye—Cash No. 2, \$1.25 1/4.
Beans—Immediate and prompt shipment, \$5; October, \$4.95.
Seeds—Prime red clover, \$9.85; alfalfa, \$9.85; timothy, \$2.35; alfalfa, \$10@11.
Hay—No. 1 timothy, \$14@15; standard timothy, \$13.50@14; light mixed, \$17@18; No. 1 mixed, \$10@11; No. 1 clover, \$9@10; rye straw \$6.50@7 per ton in carlots, Detroit.

General Markets.

Flums—\$2.25 per bu.
Nuts—Chestnuts, 28@30c per bu.
Cranberries—\$2.50 per bu. and \$7@7.50 per bbl.
Pears—Common, \$1@1.25; Bartlett, \$1.75@2 per bu.
Peaches—Fancy, \$1.50; AA, \$1.25; A, \$1; B, 50@60c per bu.
Apples—Fancy, \$2.50@4; choice, \$2@2.75 per bbl; No. 2, 60¢@1 per bu.
Grapes—Delaware and Niagara, 14@15c for pony baskets; Concord, 22@23c for 8 lb baskets; island grapes, 35@40c for 10 to 12 lb baskets.
Celery—Kalamazoo, 18@25c per doz.
Tomatoes—Home-grown, \$1.75@2 per bushel.
Cabbage—\$2.75@3 per 100-lb crate, \$1.50 per bu and \$40 per ton.
Maple Sugar—New, 15@16c per lb; syrup, \$1.25@1.50 per gal.
Potatoes—In carlots: Round, \$1.40@1.50; long, \$1.25@1.35 per bu.
New Honey—Fancy white, 14@15c; amber, 10@11c; extracted, 7@8c per pound.
Onions—Spanish, \$1.65@1.75 per crate; Michigan, \$2.60@2.75 per 100-lb sack.
Lettuce—Head lettuce, \$2.25@2.50 per case; leaf lettuce, 7@8c per lb; hot-house, 15c per lb.
Sweet Potatoes—Virginia, \$1.25 per bu. and \$2.75 per bbl; Jersey, \$1.75 per hamper and \$4.75 per bbl.
Live Poultry—Broilers, 18@19c; No. 1 hens, 18c; good hens, 17c; medium hens, 16c; ducks, 15c; geese, 13@14c; turkeys, 24@25c.

Tallow—No. 1, 7 1/4¢; No. 2, 6 1/2¢ per pound.

Hides—No. 1 cured, 19c; No. 1 green, 16c; No. 1 cured bulls, 14c; No. 1 green bulls, 12c; No. 1 cured veal kip, 23c; No. 1 green veal kip, 19c; No. 1 cured murrain, 18c; No. 1 green murrain, 16c; No. 1 cured calf, 28c; No. 1 green calf, 27c; No. 1 horsehides, 35.50; No. 2 horsehides, \$4; No. 2 hides, 1c and No. 2 kip and calf 1 1/2¢ lower than the above; sheepskins, as to amount of wool, 50¢@11.25 each.

Dried Fish—Cod in bulk, 12 1/2¢ per lb; in 1-lb boxes, 24¢ case, \$3.75 per case; boneless herring, \$1.25 per 10-lb box.

More than 2,900 members of the Michigan Boys' conference will meet in Lansing, Dec. 1-3. Seven bands will lead a march of the visitors through the streets of Lansing. The conference is a branch of Y. M. C. A. work for boys between 14 and 18 years old.

GEN. KIRK PLEASED WITH CAMP COTTON

Michigan Commander Makes Tour of Investigation.

TWO BATTERIES MAKE CAMP

Artillery Units Find Themselves Installed With Ohio Men and Division Headquarters Near the City.

El Paso, Tex.—General Kirk and his staff, who arrived here ahead of the Thirty-third Michigan infantry and other units from that state which have at last reached the Mexican border, after waiting four months in Camp Ferris for orders to move, expressed themselves as greatly pleased with the camp in which the Thirty-first and Thirty-second Michigan have spent the past ten weeks here.

General Kirk made a tour of investigation, accompanied by Lieutenants Phillips and Foster of his staff and Lieutenants Norton and Hawkes, who were in charge of the camp during the absence of the Thirty-first and Thirty-second regiments on their like to Las Cruces, N. M.

All expressed themselves as pleased with the camp, which they declared was in much better shape than they had expected to find it, after viewing the sand hills of the surrounding country.

Batteries A and B made camp between Camp Stewart and Fort Bliss, about four miles from the city and five from Camp Cotton. They are in the same camp with the Ohio artillery and division headquarters. Both officers and men express delight at the warm, sunshiny climate and register relief of escaping from the cold weather at Grayling.

More Schools to Teach Farming.

Lansing.—Pupils in 12 additional Michigan high schools will be afforded the opportunity this year of acquiring the fundamentals of farming through new courses which have been established in a dozen towns and cities throughout the state. The total number of schools now offering agriculture as part of the high school curriculum is 80. In the 48 schools which existed prior to this fall 2,574 pupils were enrolled, according to Prof. W. H. French of M. A. C., who has direction of the agricultural departments in the state at large.

Those schools into which agriculture was introduced this fall are: Colon, Durand, Elk Rapids, Frankfort, Howell, Lawton, Ludington, Owosso, St. Joseph, Scottville, Three Rivers, Traverse City and Vicksburg. M. A. C. graduates have been placed in charge of the new departments in all of them.

Few M. A. C. Students From Country.

The matriculation slips filled out by freshmen entering the Michigan Agricultural college this year show that the fathers of only 161 of the 523 freshmen are farmers or men engaged in agricultural pursuits. The parents of the other two-thirds of the class represented practically every profession and calling.

The fact that not more than 161 of the new students came from the farm this fall has been attributed to the off season which the farmers have suffered in the past two years and the consequent heavy damage to crops.

The average age of the entering class was a little over nineteen years. The oldest freshman was forty-four years of age. The youngest was sixteen.

State Crop Report Issued.

According to the Michigan crop report, issued by Secretary of State Vaughan, the estimated yield of wheat in the state is 15.78 bushels an acre. The percentage of acreage shown this fall as compared with last year is 88. The total number of bushels of wheat marketed in Michigan last month was 218,728.

The average estimated yield in bushels per acre of the principal crops follows: Barley, 23.12; oats, 28.90; corn, 10.02; potatoes, 40.64; buckwheat, 11.58, and beans, 7.48. The estimated yield of sugar beets is 6.98 tons per acre.

"Because of the unfavorable season much of the acreage of corn, potatoes and beans was a total failure and crop correspondents quite generally say that fully 25 per cent of the estimated acreage planted has not been harvested," said Secretary Vaughan.

Men Paid Too Much.

Camp Ferris.—A conflict in the national defense act of June 3 and the former law relative to the pay of a mess sergeant has caused those holding this position in the Michigan organization here to be paid \$6 a month too much, it was discovered by a lieutenant. The old law provided that a regular sergeant who did the mess sergeant work in addition to his own was entitled to \$8 more than the usual \$30. The new law created the grade of mess sergeant and established the pay at \$30 a month. The mess sergeant under the new law has no other duties, and hence is not considered entitled to more pay. Practically \$500 too much has been paid out to mess sergeants here and will be collected from their pay this month.

May Muster Out Troops.

An order to requisition rations for Michigan troops to be mustered out was received by Maj. Walter G. Rogers, camp quartermaster, from the war department.

Although this order was taken by many to mean that the mustering out of the Thirty-first and Thirty-second Michigan regiments was planned shortly, Maj. F. L. Wells, senior mustering officer, who has twice recommended that the recruit and casual depot be moved from here to Fort Wayne, interpreted it as nothing more than a routine order sent out by the quartermaster's department to all mobilization camps. It is highly probable that the Michigan troops will be mustered out at Fort Wayne, as inadequate winter quarters and facilities for camping here in cold weather, would make it decidedly disastrous, it is believed, for the Guardsmen, especially as they are coming from a warm southern climate.

New Incorporations.

Kilgers Realty company, Detroit, \$5,000; Carl A. and Harry Kilgers, C. H. Mars.
Floyd Laboratories, Inc., Grand Rapids, \$1,000.
Stonehouse Dry Goods company, Grand Rapids, \$8,000.
Jefferson Auto Sales company, Detroit, \$9,000; Roy H. Burgess, Redford, John B. Dawson and Vene G. Perry, Detroit.
Detroit Commerce company, Detroit, \$10,000; William V. Bowers, E. A. Patton, J. D. Lynch.
Dixie Tropical Trucking company, Battle Creek, \$25,000.
East End Land company, Detroit, \$50,000; Joseph G. Hamblet, Jr., F. G. Collins, H. F. Cope, etc.
All Lady Garment company, Detroit, \$10,000; Philip H. Cole of Detroit and Edward L. Desmon and V. H. Cohn of Highland Park.
Detroit Armada and Northern Lumber company, Detroit, \$25,000.
Chase-Reynolds company, Mount Clemens, \$5,000.
Omar Mill and Elevator company, Omer; capital stock decreased from \$28,000 to \$18,000.

schedule, will be outside his province.

Such is the essence of a new article which has been laid down by the state board of agriculture for the direction of the college department of marketing and it is believed to be the result of charges, currently circulated, that the department was going into a phase of the marketing problem outside its jurisdiction.

In its new instructions to the marketing commissioner the board said: "The field agent in marketing shall investigate the production and marketing of farm products. He shall assist in the organization of co-operative and other associations and afford them such advice and assistance as he may; shall assist in establishing grades and standards for market purposes, and shall give information to Michigan producers on the market conditions in the various states of the Union and foreign states. He shall gather such facts as may be available regarding the relative crop production and the relative demand, both at home and abroad, and shall gather and present to the agricultural producers and the public all such facts and information as may be attainable regarding such production and market condition."

"We do not deem it advisable, however, that he enter into the question or practice of fixing or attempting to fix or establish prices on any agricultural products. We deem it the business of the field agent in marketing to supply the agricultural producers the above information speedily and in plain and concise form, so that the individual may judge when to sell and what prices to ask."

Few M. A. C. Students From Country. The matriculation slips filled out by freshmen entering the Michigan Agricultural college this year show that the fathers of only 161 of the 523 freshmen are farmers or men engaged in agricultural pursuits. The parents of the other two-thirds of the class represented practically every profession and calling.

The fact that not more than 161 of the new students came from the farm this fall has been attributed to the off season which the farmers have suffered in the past two years and the consequent heavy damage to crops.

The average age of the entering class was a little over nineteen years. The oldest freshman was forty-four years of age. The youngest was sixteen.

State Crop Report Issued. According to the Michigan crop report, issued by Secretary of State Vaughan, the estimated yield of wheat in the state is 15.78 bushels an acre. The percentage of acreage shown this fall as compared with last year is 88. The total number of bushels of wheat marketed in Michigan last month was 218,728.

The average estimated yield in bushels per acre of the principal crops follows: Barley, 23.12; oats, 28.90; corn, 10.02; potatoes, 40.64; buckwheat, 11.58, and beans, 7.48. The estimated yield of sugar beets is 6.98 tons per acre.

"Because of the unfavorable season much of the acreage of corn, potatoes and beans was a total failure and crop correspondents quite generally say that fully 25 per cent of the estimated acreage planted has not been harvested," said Secretary Vaughan.

Men Paid Too Much.

Camp Ferris.—A conflict in the national defense act of June 3 and the former law relative to the pay of a mess sergeant has caused those holding this position in the Michigan organization here to be paid \$6 a month too much, it was discovered by a lieutenant. The old law provided that a regular sergeant who did the mess sergeant work in addition to his own was entitled to \$8 more than the usual \$30. The new law created the grade of mess sergeant and established the pay at \$30 a month. The mess sergeant under the new law has no other duties, and hence is not considered entitled to more pay. Practically \$500 too much has been paid out to mess sergeants here and will be collected from their pay this month.

May Muster Out Troops.

An order to requisition rations for Michigan troops to be mustered out was received by Maj. Walter G. Rogers, camp quartermaster, from the war department.

Although this order was taken by many to mean that the mustering out of the Thirty-first and Thirty-second Michigan regiments was planned shortly, Maj. F. L. Wells, senior mustering officer, who has twice recommended that the recruit and casual depot be moved from here to Fort Wayne, interpreted it as nothing more than a routine order sent out by the quartermaster's department to all mobilization camps. It is highly probable that the Michigan troops will be mustered out at Fort Wayne, as inadequate winter quarters and facilities for camping here in cold weather, would make it decidedly disastrous, it is believed, for the Guardsmen, especially as they are coming from a warm southern climate.

New Incorporations.

Kilgers Realty company, Detroit, \$5,000; Carl A. and Harry Kilgers, C. H. Mars.
Floyd Laboratories, Inc., Grand Rapids, \$1,000.
Stonehouse Dry Goods company, Grand Rapids, \$8,000.
Jefferson Auto Sales company, Detroit, \$9,000; Roy H. Burgess, Redford, John B. Dawson and Vene G. Perry, Detroit.
Detroit Commerce company, Detroit, \$10,000; William V. Bowers, E. A. Patton, J. D. Lynch.
Dixie Tropical Trucking company, Battle Creek, \$25,000.
East End Land company, Detroit, \$50,000; Joseph G. Hamblet, Jr., F. G. Collins, H. F. Cope, etc.
All Lady Garment company, Detroit, \$10,000; Philip H. Cole of Detroit and Edward L. Desmon and V. H. Cohn of Highland Park.
Detroit Armada and Northern Lumber company, Detroit, \$25,000.
Chase-Reynolds company, Mount Clemens, \$5,000.
Omar Mill and Elevator company, Omer; capital stock decreased from \$28,000 to \$18,000.

Ask for and Get
SKINNERS
THE HIGHEST QUALITY
SPAGHETTI
36 Days After Cook For
SKINNER MFG. CO. OMAHA, U.S.A.
JAMES HANCOCK BROTHERS MANAGER

W. L. DOUGLAS
"THE SHOE THAT HOLDS ITS SHAPE"
\$3.00 \$3.50 \$4.00 \$4.50 & \$5.00
Save Money by Wearing W. L. Douglas shoes. For sale by over 9000 shoe dealers. The Best Known Shoes in the World. W. L. Douglas shoes and the real price is stamped on the bottom of every shoe. The value is guaranteed and the wearers protected against high prices for inferior shoes. The retail prices are the same everywhere. They cost no more in San Francisco than they do in New York. They are always worth the price paid for them.
The quality of W. L. Douglas shoes is guaranteed by more than 40 years experience in making fine shoes. The smart style and the leader in the fashion centers of America. They are made in a well-equipped factory at Brockton, Mass., by the highest paid, skilled shoemakers, under the direction and supervision of experienced men, all working with an honest determination to make the best shoes for the price that honest men buy.
Ask your shoe dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes. If he cannot supply you with the kind you want, take no other shoe. Write for interesting literature explaining why you should buy the best quality of shoes for the price. By return mail, postage free.
LOOK FOR W. L. Douglas name and the retail price stamped on the bottom.
W. L. Douglas Shoe Co., Brockton, Mass.
Retail Price \$2.00 to \$5.00

Puts a ...
Distemper
CURES THE SICK
And prevents others having the disease no matter how exposed. 50 cents and \$1 a bottle, 95 and \$10 a drum bottles. All good druggists and turf goods houses.
CHEMISTS and Bacteriologists, Gooden, Ind., U. S. A.

Magneto Repairing
STARTING, LIGHTING AND IGNITION
Guaranteed work at prices you'll be glad to pay.
24-hour Out-of-Town Service
Detroit Magnets Exchange, 97 W. Adams, Detroit

Japan's Rising Cotton Trade. Japan's exports of cotton yarn have shown a large increase since the latter part of last year. According to the Japan Chronicle, report of investigations made by the Spinning association, exports of various cotton cloths during the first half of this year amounted in value to \$23,415,072. This figure is unprecedentedly large and shows an increase of \$4,123,487 over the amount for the preceding six months and \$10,906,488 over that of the corresponding period last year. The highest rate of increase was seen in the exports to India, followed by the exports to Siberia, while the exports to the Philippines decreased by about one-half, as compared with the preceding half year.

Naturally. "Does this training for high leaping keep you busy?" "I must say, it keeps me on the jump."

Argentina is spending \$60,000,000 on an irrigation system.

DRUGGISTS HIGHLY RECOMMEND

DR. KILMER'S SWAMP-ROOT

Satisfied With Results. I have been selling Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root for six and one-half years and my customers are always satisfied with the results obtained from the use of the medicine and speak favorably regarding it. I have used it for "pain in the back" and a bottle or two put me in good shape and made me feel fine again. I believe Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root will cure any cases for which it is recommended if they are not of too long standing. Very truly yours, FRANK JENKINS, Druggist, Pilgrim, Texas. November 11th, 1915.

Prove What Swamp-Root Will Do For You

Send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample size bottle. It will convince anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information, telling about the kidneys and bladder. When writing, be sure and mention this paper. Regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles for sale at all drug stores.

Leonardo da Vinci Statue. The museum of fine arts at Budapest, Hungary, has acquired what is declared to be a treasure in an almost unknown bronze statue of Leonardo da Vinci, executed by himself.

The Hungarian sculptor Stephen Ferenczy bought the bronze in Italy early in the nineteenth century without knowing that Da Vinci was its creator.

It was

NEW = GROCERY = STORE = OPENING

Specials For Saturday

10 lbs. H. & E. Sugar - - 79c
3 Large Cans Condensed Milk 25c

Saturday, October 14th

We wish to announce to the people of Plymouth and vicinity that we will open our new Grocery Store, located in the Hotel Plymouth block, on Saturday, October 14. Our stock consists of a complete line of Staple and Fancy Groceries, fresh and clean. It will be our aim to keep the best quality of goods at lowest prices at all times, together with prompt service and courteous treatment. We cordially invite you to call and see us in our new store on opening day.

QUALITY AND SERVICE OUR MOTTO.

Specials For Saturday

4 10c boxes Corn Flakes 25c
Peanut Butter, in bulk, 15c lb.

Hotel Plymouth Block

HEARN & GORTON

Hotel Plymouth Block

FREE DELIVERY

PLYMOUTH, MICH.

PHONE NO. 29

THE PLYMOUTH MAIL

BY
F. W. SAMSEN
L. B. SAMSEN, Editor and Manager
Statement of Ownership, Management, Etc.
Of the Plymouth Mail, published weekly at Plymouth, Mich., for October 1, 1916, required by the Act of Congress of August 24, 1912.
Editor, L. B. Samsen, Plymouth, Mich.
Managing Editor, none.
Business Manager, L. B. Samsen, Plymouth, Mich.
Publisher, F. W. Samsen, Plymouth, Mich.
Owner, F. W. Samsen, Plymouth, Mich.
Known bondholders, mortgages and other security holders, holding one per cent or more of the total amount of bonds, mortgages or other securities.—None.
Signed: L. B. Samsen, Editor.
Sworn to and subscribed before me this 12th day of October, 1916.
[SEAL] R. A. Cassidy,
Notary Public, Wayne County, Mich.
(My commission expires July 14, 1918.)

Death of Mrs. John Robinson

Ellen Dennis was born April 25, 1845, in Swinhead, Lincolnshire, England. She was united in marriage to John Robinson June 12, 1866, at Wyberton, England. June 26th she and her husband set sail for New York, arriving there six weeks later. Mr. and Mrs. Robinson came from there to Denton, Wayne county, where they remained for fifteen years. From there they removed to Plymouth township, where the rest of their lives have been spent. Ten children were born to this union, and three sons and one daughter remain to mourn the loss of a loving mother. There are six grandchildren, also. But most of all she will be missed by her devoted and aged companion with whom she has walked for fifty years. Devotion to her home and loved ones, an ever readiness to extend a helping hand to those who were sick and in distress, patient in her illness, thoughtful for the comfort of those who cared for her were virtues she possessed in no small degree. She passed from this life October 8, 1916, being 71 years, five months and ten days of age.

In And Around Plymouth

Wayne's new bank will open for business, Saturday, October 14.
Fred M. Warner of Farmington, has been elected president of the Oakland Motor Car Co., Pontiac.
The Wyandotte Poultry & Pet Stock Association will hold their annual show, December 13 to 17.
Billy Sunday has been engaged to deliver a sermon at the coliseum at Ann Arbor, Monday, Oct. 23. The subject of his sermon will be "Booze."
Rev. Joseph Dutton, formerly pastor of the Methodist church of this village, has been elected vice president of the Livingston County Ministerial Association.
The Board of Road Commissioners of Washtenaw county are favoring a project for connecting the city of Ypsilanti and the end of the concrete highway in Wayne county with pavement.
The Rochester Era issued a fine thirty-two page "Get-together" edition last week. The paper was illustrated with views of the town, etc. It was a very creditable edition indeed.
Thomas E. Wall of Ann Arbor, and Thornton Dixon of Monroe, both candidates for the Republican congressional nomination in the second district, are out working for their successful opponent, Mark Bacon, of Wyandotte.
"Uncle Billy" Nunn of South Lyon, known to hundreds of traveling men, is dead at the age of 80 years. Mr. Nunn has been connected with the hotels in South Lyon for over thirty years, and had a large acquaintance with the traveling public.
The citizens of Wayne are jubilant over the fact that the Harroun Motors Company have decided to locate their big plant in that village. The company have acquired the old Prouty and Glass carriage factory building as a nucleus around which the future business of the company will be built. It is expected that 2000 cars a month will be built, and that by the first of March over 2,000 men will be employed.

New Grocery Store Opens Saturday

Hearn & Gorton will open their new grocery store in the Hotel Plymouth block, to the public, Saturday, Oct. 14. The store room, which has been nicely decorated, and with new fixtures, presents a very neat appearance, indeed. A new front has been put in with large windows on both sides of the door, which gives two nice display windows. The new firm will carry a complete line of staple and fancy groceries at all times. Mr. Hearn, the senior member of the firm, has had a number of years' experience as a grocery clerk, which well qualifies him to know the wants of the public in the grocery line. Both members of the new firm are popular young men in Plymouth, and they have many friends who wish them success in their first business venture. We call your attention to their opening announcement in this issue of the Mail.

Elect New Officers

Silver Star Lodge, No. 40, Star of Bethlehem, elected the following officers for the ensuing year at a recent meeting of that society:
Commander—Kathryn Baird
Vice Com.—Elmer Blunk
Scribe and Accountant—Cora Blunk
Treasurer—Charles Curtiss
Past Com.—Mina Curtiss
Marshal—William Felt
Sentinel—Owen Hanchett
Pianist—Blanche Hanchett
Chaplain—Abbie Felt
Physician—Dr. A. E. Patterson

Annual Bazaar

The ladies of the M. E. church will hold their bazaar in the village hall, Thursday and Friday, Nov. 2 and 3. Aprons, fancy work, doll clothes, baked goods, candy and such farm products as can be secured will be for sale. Several new features will be added. An entertainment will be given Thursday evening. Full particulars later.

STORY OF A TEXAS OUTLAW

"The Lone Star Ranger," an intensely interesting narrative of Life and Adventure in the Southwest.
Of the picturesque and turbulent life along the Mexican border back in the seventies, Zane Grey writes entertainingly in his latest work of fiction, "The Lone Star Ranger," which we have secured as our next serial. Book reviewers almost in unison have declared it the best story of its kind ever written. This is what some of them say:
"The Lone Star Ranger" is a glowing tale of a lurid period in the history of our great Southwest.—New York World.
"It is all capital stuff of its kind, the sort of a story that is likely to make one forget his every-day concerns and worries. We are in darkest Texas in the days of rustlers, bad men, and rangers."—N. Y. Tribune.
"There is a breeze and buoyancy in the narrative, and the author's unadorned colloquial style greatly enhances the illusion of reality."—Philadelphia Press.
"It is a story of such intense interest that the reader is swept along from page to page until he fairly lives through each desperate adventure in which Buck participates. It is one of the most fascinating of all Zane Grey's tales."—Boston Globe.
"Let nobody say that chivalry and knightdom are dead in America. Here is a stirring novel of wild border days of Texas in the early settlement, depicting principally a conflict between outlaws and Texas Rangers—a novel in which the two qualities named are vividly portrayed."—Portland Oregonian.
"There's a punch in this yarn that makes it one of Grey's best."—Portland Telegram.
"Mr. Grey is known as a writer of western stories of invigorating quality. The latest is the most robust of them all. A thrilling story of action; it is a good romance, too."—The Lone Star Ranger will be a popular tale."—Boston Herald.
You will never regret reading this story. We are exceedingly pleased at the opportunity of issuing it at this particular time when interest in everything associated with Texas and the Mexican border country is at high tide. The first installment will appear soon. Watch for it.

CHURCH NEWS

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE.
First Church of Christ Scientist, corner Main and Dodge streets. Sunday morning service, 10:30 o'clock. Subject, "Doctrine of Atonement." Sunday-school at 11:30 a. m. Wednesday evening, testimony service, 7:10. Reading room in rear of church open daily except Sunday, from 2 to 4 p. m. Everyone welcome. A lending library of Christian Science literature is maintained.
PRESBYTERIAN.
Rev. B. F. Farber, Pastor.
Services of this church will be held on Sunday, Oct. 15th, as follows: Morning worship at 10 o'clock. Good Citizenship Day will be observed. The pastor preaches. Theme, "Religion and Patriotism." Sunday-school at close of morning service. Evening service at 7 o'clock. Senator Richard Jones, the man who made Duluth "dry," will speak and a male quartette will render campaign songs at this service. Prayer meeting, Thursday evening at 7 o'clock. The public is cordially invited to attend these services.
BAPTIST.
Rev. Archibald L. Bell, Pastor. Phone 54W.
Morning worship, 10 o'clock. Theme of sermon, "The Gospel of Good Cheer." 11:15 a. m., Sunday-school. 6 p. m., Young People's meeting. 7 p. m., evening worship. Subject of sermon, "Self Denial in Christian Work." Mid-week prayer meeting Thursday evening, 7 p. m.
METHODIST.
Rev. Frank M. Field, Pastor.
The pastor will preach Sunday morning at ten o'clock on "A Safe Place to Live." Sunday-school at 11:30. At the evening service, 7 o'clock, a converted Jewish Rabbi, formerly of St. Petersburg, Russia, now a Methodist in New York City, will speak, telling of his conversion to Christianity. Mid-week devotional service Thursday evening at 7 o'clock. All services in the tabernacle in Central Park.
LUTHERAN.
Sunday-school at 9 o'clock. Subject, "The Lord's Prayer." Morning services at 9:45 will be in German. Ephesians 4:1-6. Theme, "Effort to Keep the Unity of the Spirit in the Bond of Peace." Evening services at 7 o'clock will be in English. Text, St. Luke 14:1-11. Theme, "The Sunday Celebration." There will be services Sunday afternoon at the Livonia church in German.
ST. JOHN'S EPISCOPAL MISSION.
H. Midworth, Missionary.
Sunday, Oct. 15.—Divine service at 10:15 a. m. Morning prayer and sermon at 11:15 a. m. "The Message of the Convention." Come and bring your friends.

Local News

The Mail \$1.00 per year.
Subscribe for the Mail today.
Read the ads in the Mail. The merchant who advertises wants your trade.
Keep open date for annual fish supper at the Baptist church, Friday evening, October 20, 5 to 7:30 o'clock.
The Plymouth High school foot ball team will play at Belleville with the high school team of that place today.
Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Tillotson left Wednesday morning for Detroit where they will visit their daughter for a few days. From Detroit they will visit friends at Morenci, Hudson, Adrian and Tecumseh. They expect to be gone about three weeks.
The Busy Woman's Bible Class met at the home of Mrs. Charles Roberts Tuesday afternoon with a good attendance. The meeting was called to order by the president. Mrs. Tillotson conducted the devotional scripture reading from psalms 37, all repeating the Lord's prayer. After the business meeting a social hour was enjoyed, the business serving ice cream and cake. The next meeting will be held at the home of Mrs. Ida Stevens.
For a Muddy Complexion
Take Chamberlain's Tablets and adopt a diet of vegetables and cereals. Take outdoor exercises daily and your complexion will be greatly improved within a few months. Try it. Obtainable everywhere.—Adv.

Big Reduction in Price for 1917

Ford Chassis	\$325.00
Ford Runabout	\$345.00
Ford Touring	\$360.00
Ford Coupelet	\$505.00
Ford Town Car	\$595.00
Ford Sedan	\$645.00

F. O. B. Plymouth, add \$4.40.
How could they ever do it?
Steel is at war prices and the highest wage in the world is being paid to the men that make them.
The Ford car is just as good as they ever were and the very best steel that can be made is used in the making. Order a Ford today.

The Bonafide Garage

Phone No. 87 F-2
Wm. J. Beyer, Prop.

New Fall Stock AT RIGGS'

Our new fall stock is in and every department is complete with nice bright new merchandise. Although most all lines of goods have advanced in price from 25 to 50 per cent. We bought early and can offer most of these goods at old prices.
Its time for that New Cloak or Suit ladies, and we are prepared to show you a handsome line of

NEW REDFERN and CONDE GARMENTS

in all the new styles, colors and makes. Also a great line of Cloaks for the children.

Men's and Boy's Clothing Department

is filled with all the new styles in Suits and Overcoats. Latest Models and Prices Low.

Men's Suits and Overcoats \$7.50 to \$20.00

Boy's Suits and Overcoats \$3.50 to \$12

Don't fail to look over this department.

New Shoes for Ladies, Men and Children

All Newest Styles at Lowest Prices.

New Fall Hats and Caps, Ladies' and Gents' Furnishings, Dry Goods, Blankets, Quilts, Outing Flannels, Underwear, New Curtains, Draperies, Carpets, Rugs, Mattings, Linoleum, Oil Cloth, Trunks, Hand Bags, Suit Cases, Etc.

Don't fail to look over our great new stock. Do your fall trading at this store, where you can find anything you need to wear for the whole family. It pays to trade at this store.

SPECIAL BARGAINS IN ALL DEPARTMENTS, SATURDAY, OCT. 14

Plymouth, Michigan. **E. L. RIGGS**

Sunday Evening HEAR A JEWISH RABBI.

Methodist Tabernacle
TELL OF HIS CONVERSION TO CHRISTIANITY.

Sunday Morning F. M. FIELD SPEAKS ON "A SAFE PLACE TO LIVE"

Automobile Agency

PAIGE CARS

Plymouth and surrounding territory is open and we want someone who is thoroughly alive to the money making possibilities of handling Paige Cars in this district. The commissions are large, the car the most attractive and sales the easiest.

Get in touch with us at once.
Fairfield Model 6-46 Seven-Passenger \$1,375.00
Fleetwood Model 6-38 Five-Passenger \$1,090.00

Wetmore Quinn Co.,
DISTRIBUTORS
279 Jefferson Ave. W. Detroit, Mich.

Clover Growers!

HYDRATED LIME in 50 pound sacks, easy to handle and highest available agricultural lime on the market.

300 lbs. to 500 lbs. per Acre

Will sweeten your land sufficiently to grow clover. We have one car load on hand which we will sell at

\$7.50 per ton

Wheat Growers!

Use our **EUREKA 1-8-2 FERTILIZER** this season. There is none better made. Ask about our long time payment system. Think of it a 1-8-2 Fertilizer at

\$28.00 per ton

Join Our Association and Get Our Members Special Prices.


Plymouth Vegetable Growers Association

Telephone 177 F-3.

A Three Years' Cruise in a Whaling Ship

(continued from other side of page)

The iron. The captain called us into the cabin, and asked why we had refused duty. We respectfully declined to talk about it. Our friend Mr. Wideas began to scold, using strong expressions with adjectives, when the captain stopped him, and told him we were the best men he had aboard the ship, and that there was some reason that he did not understand, for ten men to refuse to do their duty; but he would watch in future, and hoped there would be no further trouble. Now as we were well through that scrape and on our way to the Arctic once more, we all felt better, got through the straits early in May, and took one bowhead, that made us two hundred and thirty-three barrels, the blubber was twenty-two inches thick and full of oil. I told you of a whale that made us only eighty barrels, and we were thirty-six hours getting him, while we were only forty-eight minutes getting this one. The large whales are not as limber as the smaller ones, and never cause so much trouble. This season proved to be very foggy. Once we were brought to a sense of danger by hearing the breakers on St. Mathew's island, almost in the same place our second mate landed, when he brought off the frozen snow. It was quite a deep bay and we were almost in the center of it with the wind blowing directly in. Our great trouble was to keep away from the breakers, the ice abores the island, so if the ship should become a hurricane and the ship drag her anchor, there would be nothing to keep us from certain destruction. On the morning of the third day we took our only chance by running between pinnacles rock and the island, (there is a bar between the two with only twelve feet of water over it), our ship drew thirteen feet, six inches, we must have gone over it on the crown of a sea. We might have tried many times more and the consequence almost certainly would have been a loss of ship and lives. From this place we sailed into an extensive bay on the Arctic coast named Masinca bay, so-called because the natives always greet visitors with these two words, masinca salupa. I could not find anybody to give me the meaning, but suppose it is the way they express their pleasure at meeting. I believe these Eskimos to be the dirtiest human beings on earth, and then they are the strongest. I do not mean physically, but smelly; also they are not at all choice of what they eat. The first thing they wanted was molait and towack; so as we had tobacco in our pockets, we passed our plugs to them and had great cause to be thankful their mouths were no larger. By this time the steward brought up a six quart pan of molasses. They ranged themselves around it and each one dipped his two fingers in the molasses and from that



Oysterettes
the Oyster Cracker that makes the best oyster better.

Serve them with soups, salads, chowder, etc. They will add to your reputation as a hostess.

Always fresh. At all grocers.

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

5c



to his mouth and continued to do so as long as they could get any that way. Then they took the tobacco from their mouths and swabbed the rest up with it, and swallowed the whole. That appeared to taste so good to them that they wanted more. We stayed in this bay most of the time to an anchor, about six weeks and took about eleven hundred barrels of weight oil. There is an old rule amongst whalers as soon as we have one thousand barrels aboard, they give us a barrel of flour to be cooked in any way we wish; so we had the cook make fried cakes for some days, and we cooked them in the oil, as we were trying out constantly. Now ladies, don't turn up your noses at that, for I assure you you will not, there was no fish taste, and the oil when just tried out was just as clean and nice as lard, but we had plum duff, plain duff and warm soft bread, made out of that flour, so it was used up all too soon. These natives live on whale blubber and seals; in fact, any kind of fat seems to be eaten by them. The time had now arrived for us to leave the cold climate, and go back to the Sandwich Islands, and start from there to the United States. We did not get any oil on this trip; had pleasant weather and arrived all safe, but necessary supplies and were just about to start for home when the captain received orders to go north another season. I made up my mind not to go anywhere. I had plenty of that part of the world, and enough was as good as a feast. I was wondering how to get away, as my time of going when a steamer was arrived, towing two barges containing a circus. The authorities decided that instead of firing the guns as usual at sundown, they would defer that warning for visitors to go to their ships, until after the performance, and then as it was quite dark, it was easy for me to make a mistake in the boats, and get aboard a ship that the crew told me was homeward bound. It happened the ship I went to laid next to the one I had left, so I could be on the watch for visitors, and of course get out of sight when Mr. Wideas came looking for me. I stayed almost two weeks aboard this ship, and had the pleasure of seeing the old vessel, that had been my home thirty months, sail away, and leave me without a dollar, and I did not have even my belongings. One day the captain received orders to go north again, when I heard that it did not make me feel very good, as I had left my share of sixteen hundred barrels of oil, and all my clothes. But as there is no earthly use of crying for spilled milk, I watched my chance and got under the stern sheets of the boat the captain went ashore in, and landed with the crew, and then as deliberately as possible went up into the mountains. About the middle of the afternoon I came down and surrendered myself to the consul. He tried to make me believe I had been stowed away on some ship, although I told him I had been up in the mountains he did not believe me. There was a penalty of \$40 attached to the vessel for allowing a man to stow away, and I was not that kind of a man after being treated so kindly to report him, and thereby get them into trouble. The consul tried a long time to get me to tell the name of the ship, but I stuck to my text. Then he told me to wait and he would get a constable to take me to prison. I told him I knew the way, and if he would give me an order I felt sure they would admit me; so he did. When I passed it to the jail keeper, he laughed to see his look of astonishment. He did not seem willing to let me in at first, but I told him it was all right, and pointed to the consul's name. At last he let me in, and I boarded with him three days; one loaf of bread and all the water I wanted, being the daily living for which I paid one dollar a day. By giving myself up I saved six dollars, as the constable was allowed six dollars for his trouble, so my bill all told was nine dollars, instead of fifteen. The third day of my stay in the calaboose, a captain came to see me, and we made a bargain for the voyage home. I took the two positions of carpenter and boat-steer. He gave me thirty dollars. I paid my bill and went to the village, bought what clothes was necessary, then went aboard the ship Abagail of New Bedford, and while we lay in port went ashore at my pleasure. At the end of a week we set sail and started for home, sweet home. Although I had no place to call home on earth, yet I looked forward with a great deal of pleasure to the time I should once more feel that I was in the only country on earth, that could with truth claim to be the home of the brave and the land of the free. Although we were a little over five months in making this passage, yet we took fourteen whales, making something over six hundred barrels, my share at the sixtieth lay being five hundred and fifty dollars. Although I lost what belonged to me on the majestic, I landed in New Bedford with means enough to have carried me to Detroit, and support me a year; but in six weeks days was off to sea again without a dollar.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

October 2, 1916
Regular meeting of the common council was called to order by the president, H. C. Robinson on the above date. Members present: President Robinson, Trustees, Reber, Streng, Patterson, Todd. Absent: Hall, Robinson.
Minutes of September 5-18 read and approved.
Moved by Patterson and seconded by Reber that the clerk and president draw a check for \$12,075.00 for the retiring of electric light bonds and interest. All voting aye. Carried.
The following bills were presented for payment:

Adams Express	\$ 40
Wm. Pankow	25.50
H. Eubler	90.00
J. Oldenbary	20.00
H. B. Jolliffe	11.95
H. E. Newhouse	12.00
Common Idw. Co.	12.57
C. A. Hearn	62.40
J. D. McLaren	12.00
Schneider Bros.	42.85
H. H. Robinson	10.00
Robert Walker	4.50
Phoenix Hose Co.	7.00
R. L. Walker	2.00
Acacia Fire Co.	10.00
Royal Hosp. Co.	9.00
Wood and Lumber Co.	40.19
Plymouth Mail	42.42
Plymouth Lumber & Coal Co.	16.25
Detroit Edison Co.	5.00
A. W. Lyon	7.00
Gen. Springs	2.00
Morris W. Salom & Co.	5.00
A. T. Knowlton Co.	1.25
James B. Chew & Sons	191.12
New Jersey Car & Spring Co.	156.20
Walker Mfg. & Supply Co.	157.96
Contractor Publishing Co.	4.30
Engineering & Contracting	10.50
Flower-Stephens Mfg. Co.	34.01
General Electric	1.54

Motion made by Patterson and seconded by Streng that the bills be allowed and warrants drawn on the proper funds to pay the same. All voting aye. Carried.

Motion made by Todd and seconded by Streng that the request of George Wilcox be referred to the street committee with power to act. Carried.

Motion made by Reber and seconded by Todd that the matter of fixing the approach at Wm. Beyer's garage be referred to the street committee with power to act. Carried.

Motion made by Reber and seconded by Todd that the Methodist church have the use of the village hall as requested, they to pay all running expenses. Carried.

Motion made by Todd and seconded by Patterson that the request of the Plymouth Motor Castings Co. be referred to the water committee, they to report at the next meeting. Carried.

Motion made by Patterson and seconded by Reber that the clerk be instructed to sign contracts with the Edison Co., for electricity, jail and hose cart houses. Carried.

Motion made by Todd and seconded by Streng that we rent Fisher & Thompson the hall for the next year for \$50.00 per month, two nights per week, Wednesday and Saturday nights, other nights pro rata. Carried.

Motion made by Todd and seconded by Patterson that the request of the M. E. ladies for the use of the village hall Nov. 9-10, 1916, be granted. Carried.

Motion made by Patterson and seconded by Todd that the resignation of H. B. Jolliffe as treasurer be accepted and Roy R. Barrett be appointed treasurer of the village to fill vacancy. Carried.

Motion made by Patterson and seconded by Streng that council adjourn to Oct. 9, 1916.
C. A. Hearn, Village Clerk

To All Whom It May Concern

Notice is hereby given that the Common Council and Board of Special Assessors of the Village of Plymouth State of Michigan, will meet at Board of Review in the Common Council Chambers of said Village, on Monday, October 23rd, 1916, at 10 o'clock p. m. for the purpose of reviewing special assessment roll number 18, the same covering the amount assessed to the various property owners in the special assessment district for the paving of portions of Depot and Union streets in said village.
C. A. HEARN, Village Clerk.

Golf Playing Brought Fortune.

When the duke of York was living in Edinburgh in 1681 he was told that a certain shoemaker named Paterson was the best golf player in Scotland, and him, the duke, later James II, chose as partner in a foursome, winning a huge stake. He promptly turned over the money to Paterson, who forthwith built a house in which the duke placed a stone with a Paterson crest bearing the motto, "Far and Sure."

How Catarrh is Contracted

Mother's are sometimes so thoughtless as to neglect the colds which their children contract. The inflammation of the mucous membrane, at first acute, becomes chronic catarrh, a disease that is seldom cured and that may prove a life's burden. Many persons who have this loathsome disease will remember having had frequent colds at the time it was contracted. A little forethought, a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy judiciously used, and all this trouble might have been avoided. Obtainable everywhere. -Adv.

The Mail \$1.00 per year.
Subscribe for the Mail today.
Read the ads in the Mail. The maximum advantage is yours.

WELL TO HOLD ON TO MONEY

Rainy-Day Dollar is the One That Makes for Wealth—Think of Tomorrow.

"All things are obedient to money," was an old Latin proverb in the days of Horace and Tacitus and Cicero. Another of their proverbs runs thus in a weak English translation: "You have lost your money; perhaps it would have lost you had it remained." Cicero said: "The desire for money is to be shunned; for nothing is so characteristic of a narrow and little mind as to love riches." He had in mind, however, rather public affairs than the comforts of one's own home, where success in acquiring some money is the condition of having the comforts, remarks the Hartford Courant.

There is a line in this matter, between enough and too much. The ordinary man is doing well if he gets up to the line on the smaller side. It is only the extraordinary man who crosses the line and so gets into the zone of danger. Even the zone of danger is not very dangerous if good sense goes with one into it. The same good sense is equally required in order to use small sums in the right way. The man who plays the fool with \$5, is not likely even to get together \$500 with which to play the fool. Opportunity does not knock at his door, because he has made no provision to meet opportunity when she comes along. "If you put me in the bank," this spirit of money says, "I will work for you, and when opportunity knocks at your door I will be waiting there to help you." The pith of the matter for the ordinary man lies in these words. Until a man can think of tomorrow in the handling of the money that he has today there is no chance that that money will be waiting to help him on day-to-morrow when he needs help.

Subscribe for the Mail today.

USES FOR PUMICE STONE

Available in the House in Almost innumerable Ways, and its Cost is of Small Moment.

Few people understand the value of pumice stone and realize the various purposes it may be made to serve in the household, remarks the Philadelphia Ledger. Its very cheapness brings it within the reach of those of every income. It means, as it may be purchased in large pieces for only a few cents where painters' supplies are sold.

It is generally rough and unfit for use when purchased new, but this is easily remedied by grinding of the rough edges on a grindstone; then as soon as it is used it becomes perfectly smooth.

Keep a piece on the washstand and in the bathroom to remove stains from the hands, for it will act like a charm when all other remedies have failed if moistened with soap and rubbed over the stained places.

For cleaning the cooking utensils it is no equal; when food adheres to the bottom of kettles, pots and pans, or burns in them, partly fill with water, cover and let boil; if of a greasy nature add soap or a spoonful of powdered borax; empty as soon as the contents become loosened, then rub well with a piece of pumice stone kept for such purposes; it will become as smooth and polished as when new.

All painters use pumice for smoothing rough spots on woodwork that sandpaper will not remove, and dentists use the very finely powdered stone to remove tartar from teeth.

For a Muddy Complexion—Take Chamberlain's Tablets and adopt a diet of vegetables and cereals. Take outdoor exercises daily and your complexion will be greatly improved within a few months. Try it. Obtainable everywhere. -Adv.

Does Prohibition Prohibit?

- Prohibition does Not Prohibit.
- Prohibition substitutes the blind-pig, the pocket-peddler, drug-store saloon, the jug train, the express blind tiger, all illegal, living by illegal means, existing by law violation by their patrons, for the licensed saloon. Prohibition cannot relieve the people they seek to abolish.
- Alabama bears witness to the fallacy of prohibition.

Alabama's Testimony:

(From the National Monthly, July.)
"Alabama's prohibition law has been flagrantly violated in the rural communities since it became operative two years ago. Men, known as prohibitionists, are financially concerned in this wholesale violation of law. State representatives who voted for passage of prohibition are parties to a conspiracy to make money out of the law. All this has been an open secret for a long time. But no one was prepared for the revelation that millions are invested in this lawless enterprise.
"There is no longer any doubt as to the facts.

"Prohibition members of the legislature, municipal and county officials have been caught and are hopelessly entangled in the net spread by the attorney general. Liquor in astonishingly large quantity is known to be secreted in small towns throughout the state. It is served to the people by bootleggers and blind pig operators at \$1.50 a quart. Cost per gallon to the combine is \$2.00. This liquor belongs to prohibition legislators, mayors of towns, sheriffs, probate judges and private citizens with capital to invest."

- IN GIRARD, ALABAMA, IN JUNE, \$1,500,000.00 WORTH OF CONTRABAND LIQUORS WERE FOUND. GIRARD HAS 5,000 POPULATION. STATE TROOPS WERE CALLED OUT TO GUARD THE LIQUOR. THEY WERE ON DUTY SIX WEEKS.
- Illicit stills and "moonshining" are prevalent all over Alabama.
- The law says manufacture and sale of liquor in Alabama is unlawful.
- Liquor is being made and sold illegally all over the state. State officials themselves are at the head of this illegitimate industry.
- Alabama residents did not want prohibition. It was thrust on them by legislative enactment. By legislators with axes to grind. By men in high office, sworn to observe and enforce laws, who voted for it, that they might illegally make money in dealing with a commodity they themselves had declared contraband.
- Had Home Rule obtained in Alabama such graft, such demoralization, such out-lawry would not now exist.
- Similarly, conditions with state-wide prohibition will exist in Michigan.
- Don't Alabamaize Michigan.
- Vote for the Home Rule system that permits each city, village and township to decide its liquor problem for itself. Settle the liquor question by adopting Home Rule.
- Don't increase evils by adopting state-wide prohibition.
- Vote "YES" for HOME RULE—TRUE RULE and "NO" against state-wide prohibition November 7th.
- Learn how taxes will increase under State-Wide Prohibition.
- Write L. J. Wilson, Publicity Manager, Michigan Home Rule League, 1933 Cass Bank, Detroit, Michigan.



Like Maker-- Like Car

AFTER ALL the quality of a product is precisely the quality of the maker—no more, no less.

YOU KNOW THE REO FOLK—by repute if not by actual contact.

AND YOU KNOW that Reo integrity has long been one of the greatest assets of the automobile industry. That Reo service is the standard by which you judge all others.

AND KNOWING THAT you know that the quality—the sturdiness—the dependability of Reo cars must be of the best—the very best.

AND NO MATTER whether your preference or your purse dictate a Reo the Fifth at \$875 or the New 7-Passenger Reo Six at \$1250, in either case you'll receive for your money the best value it is possible to obtain in a car of either class.

AND PLUS—the Reo guarantee.

Call, Write or Phone for Demonstration of Reo Cars and Trucks.

IRA WILSON, ELM

Telephone Redford 144 M-12
P. O., Plymouth, Mich. Route No. 5



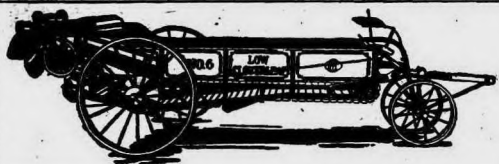
Who'll Be the Next to Build?
Look What A Wide Choice!

- A Good Store Building—for use or for rent.
- A Nice Home, Cottage, Bungalow or Mansion.
- A Good Barn, on the farm or in town.
- A Shed, for automobile, stock or machinery.
- A New Porch, or Addition to the House.
- A Fanny or Fence.

Be the Next and See Us For Lumber and Building Material.

Plymouth Lumber & Coal Co.

CHAS. MATHER, Sec. & Mgr.



Drive It Into the Barn

As we told you, a Low Cloverleaf gives the manure a double beating, and spreads manure eight feet wide or better. But the wonderful thing is that it does this from a box only 45 inches wide. The spreader itself is so narrow that it can be driven into any modern barn and loaded from the gutters. Only one handling of the manure for the quickest, best job of spreading you ever did. How does that sound to you?

If you have even begun to think about buying a spreader, come in and see this Low Cloverleaf. You will say you never saw a better manure spreader. It won't take long to look it over. We have one set up for you to see.

Special attention given to repair orders.

OPPOSITE PARK **D. L. DEY**
TELEPHONE 336.

WE ARE HEADQUARTERS FOR



ICE CREAM
Fine Candy
Postcards.....

Murray's Ice Cream Store
Pennington Ave., Plymouth.

HEADQUARTERS!

FOR FIELD AND GARDEN SEEDS

of the highest quality at the lowest prices.
A complete line of fresh seeds.

Our brands of Alsike, June, Mammoth, Alfalfa Clover, Timothy Seed, Rape, Hungarian, Millet, Vetches, Field Peas, Field Corn, Etc., are the best.

Our many varieties of Garden Sweet Corn, Peas, Radishes, Beets, Onions, Turnips, Cucumbers, Muskmelons, Etc., guarantee a most satisfactory garden.

Early Rose Seed Potatoes, \$1.25 per bushel. Late Seed Potatoes, \$1.00 per bushel.
Place your order early.

J. D. McLaren Co.

TELEPHONE 91.

Delicious Syrup and Molasses



Those fine, flavory hot cakes taste all the better when covered with some of our clear, sweet syrup that comes to you fresh and clean.



We sell the best known, most reliable brands on the market—corn and maple syrup—at prices that you can't beat anywhere else.

And our stock of molasses for baking and cooking purposes will please you in every way—in quality, richness, flavor and price. Give us a trial.

Telephone Orders Given Prompt Attention
North Village Phone 53
GAYDE BROS.

Ask the best dressed people of Plymouth about my work.

R. W. SHINGLETON'S TAILOR SHOP

with a MODERN DRY CLEANING PLANT operated in connection.

A business which owes its successful growth to Work of Merit and Satisfied Customers.

PHONE NO. 237-F2

WANTED!

SMALL FARMS

The demand for small farms from 15 to 40 acres exceeds the supply. Owners of such places who wish to sell, should list their places with me AT ONCE as now is the time of the year when prospective purchasers are getting located for next year.

DO IT NOW!

R. R. PARROTT
Phone 39 No. 136 Main St.
Plymouth, Mich.

Local News

Swifts fertilizer for sale at A. J. Lapham's.
The legal time for hunting rabbits in Michigan opened Oct. 1.
Mrs. Addie Field of Rushton, was a guest of Mrs. C. A. Pinckney Tuesday.
Dairymen! don't fail to hear John C. Ketcham at the Grange hall, Saturday evening.
Leigh Markham of Detroit, visited his aunt, Miss M. L. Markham last Thursday.
Mrs. M. J. Warren of Romeo, is visiting her son and wife, Mr. and Mrs. G. Warren.
Mrs. Martha Geddes of Chelsea, visited at E. S. Roe's from Saturday until Tuesday.
Supervisor Rattenbury is in Detroit this week where the board of supervisors are in session.
Mrs. W. C. Hull of Lansing, spent Sunday and Monday at her father's, Thomas McGill's.
Mr. and Mrs. N. E. Sherwood and Mrs. Albert Gayde visited friends in Lansing Monday.
Miss Mary Rogers of Ann Arbor, spent the first of the week with her sister, Mrs. Wm. Hoyt.
Mrs. John C. Farber of Crawfordsville, Ind., is visiting at the home of her son, Rev. B. F. Farber.
To develop beginners into pianists, accompanists and teachers has always been the work of Frank Stevens.
Mr. and Mrs. Charles Draper and children are visiting relatives at Ionia and Lowell a few days this week.
Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Johnson, Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Riggs and E. L. Riggs motored to Lapeer last Sunday.
Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Pettingill and Mrs. Ida Duon were the guests of relatives and friends at Bad Axe the past week.
Mrs. George Holbrook returned to her home in Hollywood, Cal., last Saturday, after a three months' visit with relatives here.
Holloween dancing party given by the Catholic ladies, Tuesday evening, Oct. 31, at the Grange hall. Every body welcome.
Mrs. Robert Mimmack and Mrs. Ella Nichols attended the Grand Chapter of the O. E. S. at Grand Rapids Wednesday and Thursday.
Mrs. H. E. Newhouse is at the University hospital, Ann Arbor, where she underwent an operation for throat trouble last Tuesday.
Mr. and Mrs. Henry Kyle and daughter and Mr. and Mrs. Brooks and son of Walled Lake, were guests of Mrs. O. Newman last Sunday.
Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Brewer and Mrs. Fred Brewer of Saginaw, and Mr. and Mrs. Dan McLaren of Chelsea, were guests of Mrs. John McLaren, Sr., last Friday.
Rev. B. F. Farber is attending a meeting of the Synod of Michigan, representing the Presbyterian churches of the state, which is in session at Howell this week.
The Plymouth High school foot ball team went down to defeat at the hands of the Ypsilanti High team on the local gridiron last Friday afternoon. The score was 51 to 19.
Dr. and Mrs. J. L. Olsaver and Miss Hazel Conner attended a reunion of the Third Michigan Cavalry at Whitmore Lake last evening. Mrs. Olsaver and Miss Conner sang several duets during the evening.
Mrs. E. L. Riggs, who has been on an extended visit in California and other western states returned home Wednesday. Her mother, Mrs. S. M. Reed, who accompanied her, remained in California and will spend the winter there.

Buckwheat wanted. Wilcox Bros.
Swifts fertilizer for sale at A. J. Lapham's.
Davis Hillmer of Detroit, was home over Sunday.
Mrs. F. W. Hamil visited friends in Flint Thursday.
Snow apples, call Norman Miller, phone 252-F22.
Joseph Stanley has moved into his new house on Mill street.
W. C. Gale, who has been seriously ill, is better at this writing.
Mrs. H. J. Fisher is visiting her parents at Wayne this week.
Miss Matilda Schaberg of Saginaw, is visiting Mrs. Wm. Gayde.
Miss Hilda Smye of Ypsilanti, visited her parents here over Sunday.
Mrs. Frank Toncray entertained relatives from Portland, Ore., Sunday.
Mrs. Ray Reed of South Lyon, visited Mrs. Elmer Toncray the first of the week.
Mrs. Fred Buck of Monroe, was a guest of Mrs. M. M. Willett Wednesday.
The Kraus Sample Shop have a large ad this week to which we call your attention.
Miss Merle Guy of Sunfield, was the guest of Mrs. J. W. Blickenstaff over Sunday.
Dairymen! don't fail to hear John C. Ketcham at the Grange hall, Saturday evening.
Miss Ella Schmyser of Bad Axe, is spending the week with her aunt, Mrs. A. W. Vardon.
Glenn Passage, who is working in Flint, spent Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. Passage.
F. D. Schrader attended the National Undertakers' Convention held in Columbus, Ohio, several days this week.
Miss Eva Passage and Miss Ethel England spent Saturday and Sunday in Ypsilanti visiting the latter's brother.
Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Kuhn were called to Grand Rapids the first of the week to attend the funeral of the former's uncle.
Mrs. Barmore and Mrs. Fletcher motored out from Detroit last week Thursday and spent the day with Mr. and Mrs. James Horan.
Mr. and Mrs. John Newman and children and Mr. and Mrs. Fred Fisher of Detroit, were Sunday visitors with Mr. and Mrs. Louis Reber.
The secretaries of the various lodges and societies are requested to send in items to the Mail pertaining to any social doings they may have, also election of officers.
Mrs. M. M. Willett and son Chase visited at the home of their daughter and sister, Mrs. Clarence Teufel at Toledo, from last Friday until Wednesday.
Mrs. Charles Adams of Franklin, Mich., spent a few days last week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Toncray, enroute to Flint where she will make her home.
The Home Missionary Society of the Methodist church held an all day meeting at the home of Mrs. I. N. Dickerson last Wednesday. A pot luck dinner was served.
The Daisy Mfg. Co. closed down its plant at three o'clock yesterday afternoon and paid the expenses of all its employees to Detroit and return to hear Billy Sunday. Three carloads made up the party.
Mrs. Clarence Teufel of Toledo, was given a shower by the Lady Maccoabees at the Grange hall, last week Thursday evening. Mrs. Teufel was the recipient of a number of pretty gifts. Light refreshments were served.
The Michigan Universalist convention has been in session this week at Charlotte. Members from Plymouth in attendance were Mrs. Safford, Miss Ada Safford and George Bryant. Miss Safford was elected a trustee of the convention for three years.
Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Wakely and two daughters and F. A. Spicer of Detroit; Mrs. H. F. Doerr and son of Bad Axe, and Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Spicer and two children and Hiram Murray met Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Spicer in honor of Mrs. Spicer's birthday.
Mr. and Mrs. Baker and Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Burgess and family of Carleton, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. James Gottschalk, south of Plymouth, last Sunday. Miss Mescal Beaubien and brother Frank and Mr. and Mrs. Gus Collins of Detroit, were also guests at the Gottschalk home Sunday.
J. E. Wilcox has in his possession an account book in which the first entry was made in 1672 by his great-grandfather. The book is bound in full leather and is in a remarkably good state of preservation, although the leaves appear somewhat yellow and browned with age. An examination of the book shows the old form of letters and language at that time. It is quite a curiosity.

Swifts fertilizer for sale at A. J. Lapham's.
Snow apples, call Norman Miller, phone 252-F22.
Dairymen! don't fail to hear John C. Ketcham at the Grange hall, Saturday evening.
Rev. Strasen and wife, Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Fisher, Mrs. Wm. Blankenburg, Mrs. Vina Wingard and Mrs. Peter Gayde attended the mission festival at Northfield, Sunday.
The score card of the weekly shoot of the Plymouth Gun club was lost last Sunday and we are unable to give the score this week. All members who expect to take part in the shoot for the supper, are requested to be present at the shoot next Sunday.
LeRoy Wheeler, Secretary.
A CARD—We desire to thank the friends and neighbors for their many acts of kindness and words of sympathy during our recent bereavement; the minister for his words of comfort; the beautiful singing; the beautiful floral pieces sent by neighbors, the Hamilton Co. employees and the Helping Hand society; the gentlemen who loaned their autos and all who assisted in any way.
JOHN ROBINSON AND FAMILY.
A CARD—We wish to extend our sincere thanks to the neighbors and friends for their kindness and sympathy shown us in our recent bereavement and for the beautiful floral offerings.
Mrs. T. P. Geer
Mr. C. A. Root
Mr. J. C. Root
Mrs. Mabel Cunliffe

Wants, For Sale, To Rent, etc.
See per Line, One Insertion

FOR SALE—Two teams, two large furniture wagons and two sets of harness complete and all in first-class condition. Great bargain. Reason for selling have changed to automobile delivery. Apply Brushaber, 15 Abbott street between First and Michigan, Detroit. 45-1t.

FOR SALE—4 Duroc Jersey pigs, weighing from 80 to 100 pounds. Inquire of Levan Bros., Northville, first farm above fish hatchery. 45-1t

WANTED—Dishwasher to work days at Pierce's restaurant, Plymouth. 45-1t

WANTED—Widow with daughter 15, wants housekeeping in respectable home where no other woman is in charge. In Plymouth or on electric line to Ann Arbor preferred. Address at B. 435 Liberty street, Lansing, Mich. 45-1t

FOR SALE—Dining room table. Phone 292 R. 45-2t

FOR SALE—House and 2 1/2 acres of land on South Main street. Enquire of Robert Birch, on the premises. 45-2t

FOR SALE—Two good patchwork quilts made by St. John's Guild at \$3.00 each. Phone No. 80. 45-1t

FOR SALE—Good cook stove with reservoir. A bargain if taken at once. Phone 289-W. 24 West Ann Arbor street. 45-1t

FOR SALE—Art Garland No. 55, good as new. Inquire at 216 South Main street. Phone 214. 45-1t

FOR SALE—Building in north village, next to Pfeiffer's meat market, formerly used as barber shop. Cheap if taken at once. Will Todd. 45-1t

FOR SALE—Apples and Keifer pears. Phone 317-F11.

FOR SALE—Dry oak, maple, beech stove wood. James Kincaid, Stark, Plymouth P. O., Route 5. 45-1t

WANTED—A Round Oak hard coal stove. Phone 261-W. 44t

FOR SALE—One Shropshire ram, three years old. Inquire of C. W. Honeywell, phone 254F-5. Route 1. 44-1t

FOR SALE—Building known as Methodist Tabernacle on Main street. Leave bids at George Richwine's store. 44-1t

WANTED—Carpenters and painters at Eloise. Apply to Dr. Jno. J. Marker, Supt. 44-1t

FOR SALE—Peninsular base burner stove, in very good condition. Enquire of Henry Simpson, 39 Maple street. 44-1t

FOR SALE—Upright piano. Inquire at A. G. Burnett's, 67 Ann Arbor st. 44-1t

FOR SALE—Lot on Dept street. Inquire of Wm. Waterman. 27-1t

FOR SALE—Mare coming five years old. Sound and well broke. C. E. Durham, Route 3, near Plymouth. 43-2t

FOR SALE—King 4-cylinder, 5-passenger touring car in good condition. Two extra rims and tires. F. A. Dibble. 43-1t

WANTED—Bean pickers. J. D. McLaren Co. 44-1t

FOR SALE—12 well located lots in the heart of the village. Prices reasonable. Inquire of George Wilcox. 14-1t.

WANTED—1915 and 1916 Ford touring cars. State lowest cash price. A. E. Flint, 287 Townsend avenue, Detroit, Mich. 43-2t

FOR SALE—Lot 50x122. Geo. C. Gale, Plymouth, Mich. 25-1t

FOR SALE—A thirty-five dollar gasoline stove for \$10.00. Good as new. Inquire of Mrs. E. H. Tighe, 14 Main street. 41-1t

GALE'S

Just received a new stock of Hawaiian Pine-apple, best grade, 25c cans for 20c or 6 cans for \$1.00.

We have a large stock of Coffee, Fresh Roasted at 25c, 30c, 35c, 38c, 40c.

Sweet Potatoes, 7 pounds for 25c.

We have in stock Hubbard Squash, Cabbage, Celery, Tokay Grapes, Apples, Etc.

New stock of Dolls, 5c, 10 and 25c.

For White Dishes, China and Glassware give us a call.

A good Ford Truck for sale cheap.

JOHN L. GALE

THE HOME OF QUALITY GROCERIES



EVERY one should arm himself to meet the cold weather this coming winter. Eat the proper foods and get your blood in condition to laugh at the cold weather. The properly-packaged, politely-sold groceries to be found in this store will whet the edge of your appetite's intentions.

Folks should give more thought to eating! In the fall eat food that's heating!!

Courtesy, Cleanliness, Honesty, Service.

Brown & Pettingill,

THE WHITE FRONT GROCERY

Telephone No. 40.

Free Delivery

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THE AUCTION BLOCK

A Novel of New York Life

By REX BEACH

CHAPTER XXII—Continued.

"Your brother—forced his way into my room."

"What are you talking about?" Mrs. Fennell drew her guest swiftly inside. "Hush! Don't make a show of yourself."

"What's all this?" came from Harden Fennell, who was sprawled in a chair, covered with a shawl.

"Be still!" his wife cried, sharply. "Will you send someone for Bob?" Lorelei asked, more quietly. "I want to leave."

But her hostess protested. "Now why stir up trouble? Bob is drunk; he and Bertie are old friends. Bertie will apologize in the morning, and after all, it was nothing."

"Will you send for my husband?" Mrs. Fennell's gaze hardened; she stiffened herself, saying coldly:

"Why, certainly, if you insist upon rousing the whole household; but he is in no condition to understand this silly affair. You might have some consideration for us."

Bright disks of color were burning in Lorelei's cheeks; she was smiling peculiarly.

"Best easy," she said. "I've no wish to embarrass you nor drag my husband into this rotten business. It seems to me as modern as the rest of you, but I'm—old-fashioned."

There came a knock at the door, and Hayden's voice, calling:

"Bertie! Let me in!"

His sister opened the door an inch or two. "You mustn't come in now," she expostulated, then cried sharply:

"Why, you're badly hurt. You're all bloody!"

As Hayden agreed in a burst of profanity, she exclaimed fretfully: "Oh, this is dreadful! Go to your room, for heaven's sake! I'll see what I can do with this—with Mrs. Wharton."

Lorelei broke out sharply: "If you'll permit me to thank you for your hospitality, I'll leave at once."

"Leave? At this hour?"

Lorelei's forced smile bared her even, white teeth. "Of course, if it's too much trouble I can walk—"

"No trouble at all," Mrs. Fennell showed some relief. "I'm dreadfully sorry. Still, I can't permit you—"

"In ten minutes, then, if there's no train I may ask your chauffeur to drive me into the city."

"Why, to be sure! Er—what shall I tell Bob when he asks for you?"

"Use your own judgment, please. You can handle drunken men better than I. And don't trouble to send a maid to my room. I'll be downstairs when the car comes."

She was pacing the gloom of the porte-cochere when an automobile swung out from among the trees and swept the shadows flying with its brushes of flame. As she directed the driver, from an open window behind her came a drunken shout: a burst of men's laughter followed the car as it rolled away.

So that was the charmed circle to which she had aspired, those the people she had envied; behind her was that life to which she had sold herself, and this was the end of her dream of fine ladies and gallant gentlemen! Lorelei scarcely knew whether to laugh or cry. She reached the little apartment in the hooped hours before the dawn, and straightway began her packing. Since Bob was doubtless in a drunken stupor which would last for hours, she did not hurry.

Only once did she halt in her labors, and then only from surprise. In a bureau drawer she uncovered a bundle of letters and documents addressed to her husband, which in some way aroused her curiosity. Swallowing her qualms, she examined the contents. They proved to be, in the main, letters from Bob's mother and father urging him to break off his marriage. Those from Mr. Wharton were characteristically intolerant and dictatorial; those from Bob's mother were plaintive and infinitely sad. Both parents, she perceived, had exhausted every effort to win their son from his infatuation, both believed Lorelei to be an infamous woman bent upon his destruction, and judging from the typewritten reports enclosed with some of the father's letters, there was ample reason for such a belief. These reports covered Lorelei's every movement, they bared every bit of ancient scandal connected with her, they recounted salacious stage gossip as fact and falsely construed those actions which were capable of more than one interpretation. It gave the girl a peculiar sensation of unreality to see her life laid out before her eyes in so distorted a shape, and when she read the business-like biographies of herself and the members of her family she could only marvel at Bob's faith. For evidently he had not answered a single letter. Nevertheless, after preparing an early breakfast, she sent her trunks downstairs and phoned for a taxicab.

CHAPTER XXIII.

On Tuesday afternoon a badly shaken, exceedingly frightened young man called at Campbell Poppe's boarding house.

"Bob! Been on another bat?" cried Poppe, at sight of his caller. Wharton took a fleeting glance at himself in a mirror and nodded, noting for the first time the sacks beneath his eyes, the haggard lines from nostrils to lip corners.

"I'm all in, Lorelei's quit me," he said, dully.

"Quit you?" Poppe frowned. "Tell me about it."

"Well, I climbed the vine again and fell off. She packed up—disappeared—been gone since Saturday night, and I can't find her. Nobody seems to know where she is. I'm hard hit, Poppe."

"Let's be sensible. I want you to like me," Poppe tried to appear amiable, but the effort resulted in a painful smirk.

"Eh?"

"We like the same things—let's be friends. You needn't tell me anything about Lorelei, but I do want your advice about Bob."

"I suppose there's no reason why you shouldn't come in. You'll probably wriggle in somehow, even if you have to steal a key. If you don't know the truth you'll probably make up something about Lorelei, as you did about me—buzzer!" Poppe began to perspire, as he always did when deeply embarrassed. But the door swung wide, and he entered with a strained, unnatural smile upon his face.

"You see I'm not concealing her anywhere," Miss Demorest challenged.

"Of course not. We never suspected you, but we're afraid something has happened to her."

"I should say there has! You want scandal! I'll give you some." Adoree's eyes were flashing now. Have you any idea what that girl went through out there on Long Island? Listen." She plumped herself down beside Poppe and began to talk swiftly with an intensity of indignation that made her forgetful of her diabolical. When she had finished her story her shocked blue eyes interrogated his, and the critic roused himself with an effort. He found that he was tightly holding the fingers of her right hand, but dropped them and cleared his throat.

"You say she's staying here with you?"

"I didn't say so, but she is."

"Doesn't she care for Bob any more?"

"Yes! At first she was furious, but we've talked a good deal, and I think she does care—away down underneath. She may not know it herself, but she does. But she won't go back. She declares she won't spall her whole life for a drunken wretch like him, and she's quite right, of course."

"She's quite wrong, of course! Bob's done pretty well for a man of his type, and he's had a hard lesson. After all, it's a woman's part to sacrifice—she's not happy unless she gives more than she gets. You and I must bring them together."

"How?"

Poppe had been thinking while he talked, and now he sketched his plan eagerly.

"You are perfectly detestable and horrid," she told him, when he had finished, "but I suppose there must be some good in you." She laid her hand upon his arm again, and Poppe's salient cheeks were glowing and his eyes as bright as hers.

"Great! You're all right!" he said. "I'll call for you after the show."

Adoree's smile was uncertain as she demurred. "Perhaps you'd better meet me here. What will people say?" But Poppe was insistent.

CHAPTER XXIV.

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ing that maybe she took the river. You see, I'm all gone." He sank into a chair, twitching and trembling in a nervous collapse.

"Better have a drink," Poppe suggested; but Bob returned roughly:

"That's what broke up the sketch. I got stewed at Fennellcourt—high-bat week-end party—fast crowd, and the usual trimmings. Never again! That is, if I find my wife."

"Fennellcourt! Suppose you tell me all about it. If there's a chance that it's suicide—"

"Pope's reportorial instinct brought the last word into juxtaposition with 'Fennellcourt,' and he saw black headlines.

"Judge for yourself. Maybe you can help me; nobody else can." Bob recounted the story of the house party. He could remember little of Sunday's occurrences; not until late that evening had he fully grasped the fact that Lorelei had gone. Even then he was too befuddled to act. Neither Mrs. Fennell nor her husband could give him any help, and Bert Hayden had been confined to his room all day Sunday as the result of a fall or an accident of some sort. Monday morning, while still suffering from the effects of his spree, Bob had returned to the city to find his home deserted, and he could find no trace of Lorelei in any quarter. So, as a last resort before calling in the police, he had come to Poppe. When he had finished his somewhat muddled tale he stared at the critic with a look of dumb appeal.

Campbell began in a matter-of-fact, positive tone. "She's altogether too healthy to think of suicide, rest easy on that score. You're weak enough emotionally to do such a thing, but not she. Besides, why should she? I can't imagine that any act of yours could very deeply offend anybody, even your wife. However—" He studied briefly. "Have you been to see Miss Demorest?"

"Sure! Adoree hasn't seen her."

"Possibly?" Poppe eyed his caller speculatively. "So you decided to Jimmy her into society, eh? Who was at the party? Oh, heavens!" he exclaimed, as Bob muttered over the list of names. "How did she compare with those sacred cows?"

"Oh, great! The men went crazy over her—I knew they would."

"But how did the women treat her?"

"Why, all right. I didn't notice anything."

"What? No, of course you didn't. You were probably too drunk to notice much." Bob flushed. "Well, something must have happened to alarm her, and since you were too maudlin to be of any assistance, she evidently took the bit in her teeth. I can't blame her. For heaven's sake, why did you set her in with that crowd? If you wanted to take her plimbling, why didn't you hire a guide and go into the red-light district?"

Bob defended himself listlessly. "That's the only crowd I know: it's the only set that's open to a Pittsburgh fernace man's son. Those people aren't so bad; I guess they're no worse than the rest. If a person goes looking for neediness he can find it nearly anywhere. I never did—and I never saw anything very scandalous around that bunch."

"One's observations are never very keen when they're made through the bottom of a glass," observed Poppe.

Bob exploded irritably. "All right, lieutenant! Play 'Jerusalem' on the cornet while I pass the tambourine. I want my wife, not a 'Ballington Booth' on the terrors of intemperance. She's the only person who can straighten me up. . . . I was doing fine. Had a job. . . . I'll go straight to hell again if I don't find her." There was no doubt of the man's sincerity; his mental and his physical condition were obvious.

Poppe did his best to repair the wreckage in his degree, and, having quieted the sufferer, he set out for Miss Demorest's home.

Adoree, clad in slightly soiled negligee, answered his ring, then, recognizing him, blocked the door hastily, exposing a face overcast with defiance and contempt.

"Aha!" she exclaimed. "Aha!" and Poppe's sensitive ego recoiled before the fierce challenge of her tone. Invariably she greeted him with contempt; invariably he arose to the challenge and overcame her attack; invariably she fought him on every subject. And yet all the time he vaguely suspected that they were really in complete accord and growing to like each other.

"I've come to see Lorelei," he explained, affably.

"She's not here."

"Then I'd like to talk with you." The door opened slightly, and Poppe smiled, whereupon the opening narrowed.

"No. You can't come in. I've just cleaned house."

In desperation the man exclaimed: "I won't sit down, but I must talk to you. Really, I must, but—duncks, if nothing else."

"Duncks!" Adoree's expression altered.

"Let's be sensible. I want you to like me," Poppe tried to appear amiable, but the effort resulted in a painful smirk.

"Eh?"

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There is a Real Difference

Cream of tartar, derived from grapes, is used in Royal Baking Powder because it is the best and most healthful ingredient known for the purpose.

Phosphate and alum, which are derived from mineral sources, are used in some baking powders, instead of cream of tartar, because they are cheaper.

If you have been induced to use baking powders made from alum or phosphate, use Royal Baking Powder instead. You will be pleased with the results and the difference in the quality of the food.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO.
New York

A Lecture on Christian Science

By Willis F. Gross, C. S. B.

Member of the Board of Lectureship of The Mother Church, The First Church of Christ, Scientist, in Boston, Mass.

The lecture given by Willis F. Gross, C. S. B., of Boston, Mass., at the village hall last Friday evening was well attended. Mr. Gross is a fine speaker and held the closest attention of his hearers. He said in part:

"In the latter half of the nineteenth century one of New England's illustrious women made a discovery, the far-reaching importance of which the world has scarcely begun to realize. The discovery was this—namely, that the healing of sickness results from the operation of the same spiritual law whereby sin is destroyed and men gain the glorious liberty of the children of God.

The world's greatest religious teacher made no distinction between the healing of sickness and the destruction of sin. If the one who came to teach mortals the way to harmony, rejected the prevailing belief regarding disease and suffering, would it not be well for all men to accept his interpretation of divine law, especially when by so doing it becomes possible to experience the good results of the best healing system the world has ever known?

"The apostles continued to do the same works as when the Master was with them, thus demonstrating that the power to heal was not dependent upon the presence of the personal Jesus. It is not known that Paul had ever seen Jesus, but he was none the less successful in healing and preaching than were the twelve and the seventy.

"The spiritual method of healing disease established by the Master was gradually lost sight of and it finally disappeared. For nearly sixteen centuries it was considered that the healing works of the early Christians involved a setting aside of law and order that is not to be expected in this age. Christian Science claims no more than is admitted was at one time an evidence of spiritual teachings understood and practiced. The true idea of God and man is the Science of Christianity, and when this Science is understood there can be no question as to whether the healing of disease is as divinely natural as the overcoming of sin.

"Christianity is more than a confession of faith; it is a vital principle which remains forever the same. If the good results and the healing power either the fundamental teachings have not been rightly interpreted or the student has failed in his application. The early Christians were capable of many good works because thought was quickened and faith in God became a vital force instead of a blind belief.

"Spiritual understanding must be as effectual now as it was in the beginning of the Christian era. Even greater works should follow because man has had abundant opportunities to test the practical worth of those teachings which present the highest concept of God and man.

"Spiritual teachings are altogether reasonable when rightly interpreted, and they bring to human recognition a sense of God's power and love which destroys fear, overcomes anxiety, and lifts the heavy burden of sin and suffering.

"Right thinking is necessary in every human endeavor and the purpose of all education is to turn thought into proper channels. The relation of right thinking to good health is beginning to receive the consideration it should. Too much attention has been given to the things that are to be feared and too little consideration to the things that are desired. The effort to establish health should be made along the same lines that insure success in other directions. The thought of disease must be eliminated. Thinking about disease is not right thinking, and if this wrong practice is indulged it is not reasonable to expect harmonious bodily conditions to result.

W. G. T. U.

Eighteen members of the Plymouth Union attended the convention of the First District of the Women's Christian Temperance Union, held in the Presbyterian church of Northville, October 4th and 5th. The convention was of great interest and reports showed excellent work done by the various unions. Also a remarkable increase in membership throughout the district. Plymouth Union was able to report an increase of thirty-one during the year, the present membership being one hundred and six.

Mrs. Anna McGill of Plymouth, gave a podium talk on Thursday afternoon which attracted the audience, and responded to a hearty ovation with one of the most amusing selections ever rendered.

Mrs. M. A. Patterson was elected president of the First District and in appreciation of her faithful service for fifteen years as recording secretary, she was presented with a set of beautiful silver fruit knives. The retiring president, Mrs. D. G. Jones of Detroit, was the recipient of a dozen silver teaspoons. Mrs. Campbell of Plymouth, will receive the office of treasurer.

We also, the following from the last district convention: Mrs. J. P. Tamm, chief medical officer of the Baltimore and Ohio Railway.

LIFE IN RUSSIAN VILLAGES

Unusually Monotonous, Since Each is Devoted to One Particular Branch of Trade.

A peculiar form of Russian life is the occurrence of villages devoted to a particular branch of trade. Each village, each district, each province has some special occupation. Thus one province is noted for the manufacture of axes, in another the inhabitants are all engaged in cutting wood for fuel, in another they are all market gardeners and fruit growers.

In some parts of the empire the people all live in villages or towns, there being no solitary dwellings. Among the people of wealth and the nobility there is, of course, much leisure time and much of it is spent in card playing, attending balls and banquets. Card playing seems to be the most fashionable amusement.

As in many of the countries of Europe, much of the buying and selling is done at fairs where the people for miles around assemble to buy and to sell in the order of the day. These occasions relieve the monotony of the life of the lower classes.

Not many years ago the peasants were all serfs. Though they were not slaves, they belonged to the land on which they lived. They could only be sold as the land exchanged proprietors. Since the emperor gave them their freedom a laborer gets 40 cents a day for his work and a mechanic 80 cents.

They pay from 8 to 12 cents a pound for beef, and other articles in proportion. Cabbage soup with black bread, generally made of rye, and a limited amount of meat constitute the principal food for the lower classes.

WISDOM IN LAWS OF MOSES

Scientists Today Recognize Value of Regulations Made for the Welfare of the People.

The sanitary laws of Moses were not only on a line with modern rules of hygiene, but in some cases, in advance of them, according to a contemporary. The Jew, a thousand or two years before Christ, settling in a semi-tropical country, was forbidden to eat pork or shellfish, and milk was described as a source of contagion. The Talmud prescribes a method of slaughtering animals that today is acknowledged by our market men to be the most sanitary.

Nearly four thousand years before Koch gave to the world his researches in bacteriology, the Mosaic law pointed out the danger to man from tuberculosis in cattle, but did not forbid infected poultry as food. It was only a few years ago that German specialists discovered that fowl tuberculosis was harmless to man.

The Mosaic law also enforced the isolation of patients with contagious diseases and the burial of the dead outside all cities. These hints the gentle world did not fully accept until a century or two ago.

Moses not only prescribed fasting at certain periods of the year, but commanded whole families to go into camps in the summer, where, for a time, they could live closer to nature. Many of the laws of Moses were nothing else than hygienic prescriptions for the health of both mind and body. —Youth's Companion.

Our First Foreign War.

The first foreign war in which the United States was engaged began 115 years ago, when Tripoli issued a declaration of war against the new-world republic. The ruler of the practical African state had learned that the United States had paid larger sums to Algiers than to himself, and demanded a greater annual tribute. This was refused, and on June 10, 1801, he declared war. An American squadron under Commodore Richard Dale was dispatched to the Mediterranean, and was followed by squadrons commanded by Commodore Morris and Commodore Preble. The war continued until 1805, and was characterized by several feats of valor performed by American sailors. The bay of Tripoli and other Barbary rulers, who had long preyed upon the commerce of America and Europe, were brought up with a short turn. Prior to the Tripolitan war the United States and France fought several sea engagements, but war was not officially declared, and the difficulties were settled without recourse to open and avowed hostilities.

Dependancy

When you feel discouraged and despondent do not give up, but take a dose of Chamberlain's Tablets and you are almost certain to feel all right within a day or two. Dependancy is very often caused by indigestion and biliousness, for which these tablets are especially valuable. Obtainable everywhere.—Adv.

WEST PLYMOUTH.

Hunting, fishing, trapping or trespassing of any kind whatever is strictly forbidden on any property belonging to D. W. Packard.

Mr. and Mrs. Melburn Partridge and family and Mr. and Mrs. Norman Miller and family visited at J. E. Drayton's at Flat Rock, Sunday.

After a long illness, Mrs. John Robinson passed away Thursday afternoon, Oct. 5. The sympathy of the community is extended to the bereaved family.

Mrs. Frank L. Becker entertained in honor of three of her daughters' birthdays Sunday. The daughters were Mrs. Mildred Jewell, Mrs. Nina Blunk and Miss Bernice Becker. The immediate friends and relatives were present.

Miss Hazel Schoch spent a portion of last week at Northville caring for her cousin, Mrs. Groner who was ill.

Miss Mildred Becker and Miss Hazel Schoch were Detroit visitors Saturday.

Miss Hazel Schoch went in to the city Sunday to hear Billy Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Sillifont and son of Detroit, were guests at Gus Gates' Saturday and Sunday.

Gus Gates and wife entertained five auto loads of friends and relatives from Detroit Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Bert Eldred and children of Leamington, Ont., were here to attend the funeral of Mrs. Eldred's mother, Mrs. Robinson.

Miss Letta Hix of Oregon, Mrs. Alfred Butler and Miss Francis Harrison of Wayne, and Sam Bills and wife of Inkster, were guests of George Butler and wife Monday.

Arthur Rounds of Inkster, visited George Butler Sunday.

Mrs. A. J. Rounds of Flint, is visiting her niece, Mrs. George Butler.

Hunting or trapping on Mrs. A. Stout's farm is forbidden.

FRAIN'S LAKE

The Arbor Farmers' club was entertained Wednesday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Mattison.

Mr. and Mrs. Theda Lyke and Miss Mabelle Sherwood motored to Battle Creek, Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Morris Galpin will accompany Mr. and Mrs. Adelbert Curtis and son, Glen, on a motor trip to the western states this week.

The Dixboro Ladies' Aid will give a miscellaneous shower in honor of Mrs. Lydia Schmidt Laragood, who was married at the home of Mrs. John Schmidt, Saturday.

Andrew Gale and wife of Salem, spent Sunday with Wm. Gale.

Edward Lyke and family spent the week-end in Detroit.

Mrs. Burton Galpin and Mrs. Mary Rice were week-end visitors in Detroit.

Fred Fishbeck and wife were in Howell Tuesday, to attend the funeral of Henry Rider, who was killed while visiting his brother in New Jersey.

Mrs. Charles Freeman expects to spend the week-end with her sister near Flint.

Miss Leola Quackenbush and Clinton Lester were married at the home of the bride Thursday evening at eight o'clock.

Mrs. Gus Lidke entertained friends from Detroit through the week-end.

PIKE'S PEAK.

Mrs. Newman of Redford, is helping care for her mother, Mrs. Hix, who is very sick.

John Mecklenburg entertained company from Detroit, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Merrylyes made a business trip to Plymouth, Saturday.

Chester Wright of Belleville, is visiting his nephew, Chas. Wright, this week.

Mrs. Otto Kaiser of Greenfield, and Mrs. Walter Sciffins of Plymouth, visited Mrs. George Hix last Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Hazel Klatt of Inkster, is spending the week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. Klatt.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Parrish visited their daughter, Mrs. Geo. Hix, last Monday.

LIVONIA CENTER.

Manny Blunk and wife of Plymouth, were Sunday guests of Mr. and Mrs. Paul Lee.

Mrs. Palmer Chilson spent Sunday at Novi, the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Ed. Halstead.

Mr. and Mrs. O. E. Chilson, in company with Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Patterson of Plymouth, motored to Detroit Saturday and visited at the home of Charles Ward.

J. M. Stringer has erected a new store house.

Mrs. R. E. Wolfe and son Harvey have been in Romulus for the past week, demonstrating pianos.

Mrs. Wm. Cort spent last Thursday at the home of her sister, Mrs. Wm. Esch.

Miss Dora Haas was an over Sunday guest of friends in Detroit.

Proceedings of Township Board

[OFFICIAL]

Oct. 4, 1916

At a regular meeting of the township board of the township of Plymouth held on the above date. Present: Supervisor Ratsbury, Justices Campbell and Wilcox and Clerk Samsen.

Meeting called to order by the supervisor. Minutes of the meeting of Sep. 6, were read and approved.

The following bills were presented: Harry C. Robinson \$ 3.50 Dr. J. H. Kibbie 3.50 J. D. McGowan & Co. 2.50 George White 25.50 Plymouth Lumber & Coal Co. 3.98 Brown & Pottsville 6.98

Motion made by Campbell, supported by Wilcox, that the bills be allowed and warrants drawn on the treasurer. Carried.

Motion to adjourn. Carried.

R. G. Samsen, Township Clerk.

We Do Cleaning,
Dyeing, Pressing
and Repairing.
Prices Reasonable.



Skirts Made-to-Measure With Your Own Material. \$1.00

Coats That Lead Them All

We have Ladies' Coats as low as \$5.00

Children's and Misses Coats from \$2.50 to \$7.50

To people who are looking for Guaranteed Merchandise, the kind that is sure to give satisfaction, we urge you to come in and compare Prices, and most of all compare Materials with what others are showing.

Saturday Special Only

LADIES' COATS Taken from our regular \$16.50 numbers, made of Wool Velour, Fancy Mixture and Bolivias, large collar effects, trimmed with high-grade Silk Plush and some trimmed with Fur.

Only \$10.75

Remember

That we are showing the biggest line of Suits for miles around. It will pay to look these over.

Dresses

Serges, Peter Thompson's, Taffetas, Chiffons and Silk Poplins. \$3.95 to \$25.00.

Skirts

Serge and Wool Poplins, Striped Taffeta and and Corduroys. Serge Skirts, all sizes. \$2.95.

Men's good weight, mixture, Work Sox, pair 5c

Children's Sweaters

Colors—white, copenhagen, navy, oxford, cardinal, brown and heather.

SPECIAL 69c and \$1.50

Men's Sweaters

Regular \$6.50 All Wool heavy weight, with Ruff Collar. \$3.95.

Plate Special

Some very pretty Decorated, Semi-Porcelain Plates, regular price 15c, Saturday. 2 for 15c.

THE KRAUS SAMPLE SHOP

OPPOSITE POSTOFFICE

PLYMOUTH, MICH.

LAPHAM'S CORNERS

Miss Grace Shoebridge was home for the week-end.

Mrs. Lillie Smith spent Saturday afternoon with her mother in Plymouth.

Mrs. Holmes and Mrs. Etta Smith took dinner Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Holmes at Salem and attended the meetings at Salem.

Mrs. Will Mager was in Ann Arbor Monday.

Coda Savery, wife and daughter and Mr. and Mrs. Will Cole and family motored to Dearborn Sunday and spent the day with Mrs. Cole's parents.

Rollo Dixon and family spent Sunday with Will Mager and family.

Mrs. Myrta Lyke and Miss Ethel Rich were in Plymouth, Monday.

Mrs. Myrtle Savery's division of the Ladies' Aid society will hold a baby show Nov. 4, at the home of Mrs. Savery. All babies under 30 months will be eligible to prizes. Babies will be divided into three classes, viz.: Up to 10 months; from 10 to 20 months; from 20 to 30 months. Everyone is invited. Mothers from a distance are urged to bring their babies, as a prize will be given the baby from the greatest distance.

The Lapham's Ladies' Aid furnished the supper for the men's "dry banquet" at Salem town hall Wednesday evening.

Miss Fern Murray spent Tuesday with her cousin, Miss Wash Roberts.

NEWBURG

The E. A. S. will hold their annual chicken supper and bazaar, Friday, Oct. 20. Come one, come all to the Newburg hall.

Remember the Epworth League every Sunday evening. Come out and help the young people.

Mrs. Geo. Chilson is quite ill. Mr. Chilson is slowly improving.

Miss Hazel Grovenstein, formerly of this place, was united in marriage to Raymond Danger of Ortonville, Oct. 4.

EAST PLYMOUTH

On Sunday last, Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Thomas entertained friends from Detroit, with a camp supper in the woods at Crossbrook. The guests were Mr. and Mrs. Earle Hase and son and Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Dullman, daughter Evelyn and sons Arthur and Edward.

Mrs. G. C. Ravilov visited her sisters, Mrs. McKay at Grosse Pointe and Mrs. Denny in Detroit, for a few days last week.

Miss Grace Tillotson entertained her Sunday-school classmates at her home on the Plymouth road, last Wednesday with a "weeny" roast. All had a good time.

Mrs. Henry Hager has returned home from her week's visit in Detroit.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Bakewell, son Nelson and daughter Beatrice, left last Saturday for Sombra, Canada, where they will spend their vacation visiting numerous relatives and friends.

Mrs. John Thompson has been very sick for some days past, but is somewhat better at this writing.

Mrs. R. H. Warner and son Stillman and Mrs. George Cramer of Plymouth, were Sunday visitors at the home of Mrs. John Cool.

Will Farrand, wife and daughters and Clyde Blank of Plymouth, were Sunday callers at Emil Rucker's.

Mrs. Louis Thomas attended the John McCormack concert in Detroit Tuesday.

Sunday callers at John Thompson's were John Cogger and wife and Ed Cogger and wife of Detroit. George Henry, wife and children of South Lyon, visited there Monday.

Mrs. Marian Tillotson of Plymouth, is visiting her nephew, Arthur Tillotson for a few days.

Miss Clara Coverdill took dinner with Mrs. John Cool Wednesday.

The last meeting of the Larkins Club was held at the home of Mrs. Emil Schilling on the Plymouth road on Thursday of last week. The members of the club have enjoyed many pleasant meetings and are sorry to disband. A pleasing feature was the presentation of



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a fine bedspread and bath towel to their secretary, Mrs. Harmon Gates, as a token of regard and appreciation of her services. The proceedings terminated with the serving of light refreshments.

Charles Strebbins, wife and children visited Fred Rucker and family south of Plymouth last Sunday.

Harmony Alma and Lillias Minehart visited their uncle, Louis Minehart of West Plymouth last Sunday.

PERRINSVILLE.

James Cousins and wife entertained company from Detroit Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Beyer and son spent Sunday with W. J. Beyer and wife at Plymouth.

Fred Theuer and wife of Inkster, spent Sunday afternoon with Henry Kubik and wife.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Ossennacker entertained company from Detroit Sunday. Mildred Beahr and Alma Steinhart gave a shower for Mr. and Mrs. Floyd

Willson Saturday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Hancock. They received many nice presents.

Mr. and Mrs. Pearl Whelan called on Mr. and Mrs. Peter Kubik Tuesday evening.

Roy Tait spent Sunday afternoon at Northville.

Harry Lewis and wife of Plymouth spent Sunday at Tom Bridgals.

Mrs. John Kubik entertained her sister from Detroit last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Hough and Mrs. Alma Tait spent Sunday afternoon with Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Clark at Northville.

The L. A. S. will hold their annual church fair and chicken pie supper at the hall, Saturday evening, Nov. 4.

When You Take Cold

With the average man a cold is a serious matter and should be treated with as some of the most dangerous diseases start with a common cold. Take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and get rid of your cold as quickly as possible. You are not experimenting when you use this remedy, as it has been in use for many years and has established a reputation. It comes in a pleasant and palatable form. Obtainable everywhere.—Adv.