

THE PLYMOUTH MAIL

VOLUME XXVIII. No. 32

PLYMOUTH, MICH., FRIDAY, JULY 14, 1916

WHOLE No. 1450

The Fountain at the Rexall Store

Elkay's Straw Hat Cleaner

Enough in each package to clean two hats and make them as nice as new.

10c A PACKAGE

We have several preparations to prevent fly pests on cattle and horses as a spray, from 50c to \$1.25 a gallon. Remember we have

LEE'S - POULTRY - REMEDIES

ALSO

Dr. Roberts' Veterinary Remedies

Each a complete line for the treatment of your poultry and live stock.

"Mandy Lee" Poultry Book FREE on Application

BEYER PHARMACY

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THE GREATEST POSSESSION

"If you love your friend better than your friend loves you, Do not grieve with the pain of pride! Know yourself fortunate. You are the happier of the two. For it is good to be loved; it is better to love. It is sad to be hated; it is sadder to hate. You are as weak as your hate is strong. Resolve it to nothing!"

Hate is a costly thing and not worth the price. You are as strong as your love is strong. Let it take in the whole world, Some as your heart's dearest, Many as your brothers and sisters, All as worthy a kind thought, a salute and a comradely touch of the hand."

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

SERVICES IN THE VILLAGE HALL

Sunday, July 16th:

10 a. m.—"The Greatest Possession."

11:20 a. m.—Sunday-school.

WELCOME

The Annual School Meeting

The annual meeting of District No. 1, Plymouth, was held in the Methodist tabernacle Monday evening and was largely attended by taxpayers of the district and patrons of the school. Dr. J. J. Travis, president of the board of education, called the meeting to order. After the reading of the minutes of the last annual meeting by the secretary of the board, Miss Lina Durfee, a detailed report of the receipts and disbursements for the past year was read by the secretary. The report shows that the total receipts for the year from all sources including the insurance money were \$48,012.76, while the disbursements were \$22,289.43, leaving a balance in the treasury of \$25,723.33. The budget as made up by the board called for the sum of \$16,500 to be spread upon the tax roll of the district for school purposes for the coming year. With the exception of the payment of the interest on bonds of \$4,500, this is the same amount as was raised last year, \$12,000. By a unanimous vote the budget was accepted by the meeting. A report of the committee appointed by President Travis for the purpose of finding suitable places for the housing of the various grades for the coming year was read by Dr. Luther Peck, and was as follows:

Mr. Chairman:— Permits me to say a few words in way of an explanation for the appropriation of \$1500 asked to defray the expenses of housing our pupils for the ensuing year. You are all very well aware that we are seriously handicapped in caring for all the grades this year. It is our plan to hold full sessions in all the grades excepting the kindergarten. Last year it was imperative to hold only half sessions in some of the grades. It is only through the generosity of Mrs. W. O. Allen, the Christian Science, Baptist and the Universalist churches, and several of the lodges that enabled us to hold sessions at all. The board feels greatly indebted to these people and myriad of thanks are extended to them.

It is the desire of the superintendent to place the 7th and 8th grades and high school pupils as near together as possible, and that his office and consulting room may be in close proximity to these six grades; for in so doing he will be privileged to render more efficient service to the pupils. Last year the K. P. Lodge rooms were not large enough to take care of the high school grades, but as a member of the committee to look after the housing of these people, I am prepared to say at this time that it is quite probable we can procure the Bennett Mfg. Company's plant for these grades. By building a sort of a tabernacle effect of two rooms to this building, we will be able to care for the 7th and 8th grades also. This will mean of course a little financial outlay to add on these two rooms, and to heat and ventilate them properly. It will also require money to partition off the large main room of the Bennett factory building to accommodate the different grades of the high school and to install blackboards and other needed paraphernalia. I am led to infer, we may be able to rent this building for a nominal charge of about fifty dollars per month. This will total about five hundred dollars for rental of the building. Adding the two rooms which I have mentioned in the foregoing, equipping them with heat and light, and looking after the installation of toilets, etc., will increase the above figures several hundred dollars more.

If the Christian Science church, the Baptist and Universalist churches will continue to grant us the privilege of using their buildings again this year, (and I am informed that they are willing) these rooms will take care of the 1st, 2nd and 3rd grades respectively. We believe the 4th, 5th and 6th grades can be properly housed through the extended generosity of the Masonic, K. P. and Odd Fellows lodges. This leaves the kindergarten yet to be cared for. To properly look after these little ones, we may be able to rent some large room in a private dwelling.

So when we consider upkeep, the repairs and remodeling that might be necessary to make, in putting the rooms back at the end of the year in the same condition in which they were received, we believe the sum of fifteen hundred dollars may be needed.

Respectfully submitted,
J. J. Travis, President

President Travis had look occasion to explain to the meeting the contents of the board regarding the rental of housing the children for the year school.

Plymouth Will Have Gala Day

Plymouth is to have another gala day this summer. The big event will be staged under the auspices of the Plymouth Fire Department, who have successfully pulled off these celebrations for the past several years. The date has been fixed for Thursday, August 10. The boys are planning on a fine program of sports and amusements. One of the features of the day will be a monster automobile parade. A complete program will be outlined in next week's paper. Anyone desiring any information in regard to the celebration should write or see C. A. Hearn, chief Plymouth Fire Department.

Valuations in Townships

There has been a rapid increase in the wealth of Wayne county as shown by the completion of the work of the boards of review who will soon make their report to the board of supervisors. The total is \$932,325,357, including Detroit, showing an increase for the year of \$246,377,042. This figure is the full value of the property in the county, it is said, the valuation having been made on a 100 per cent basis. The following is the valuation of Plymouth township and several of our neighboring townships this year and last:

	1916	1915
Plymouth	\$2,137,715	2,068,565
Northville	1,818,500	1,571,760
Canton	1,414,000	1,180,000
Livonia	1,170,330	1,016,680

W. T. Conner is driving a new Buick Six touring car purchased from Bentley Bros., the local agents.

Elect New Officers

The Busy Woman's Bible Class held their annual meeting at Mrs. Louise Hillmer's Tuesday afternoon. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

Teacher—Mrs. J. R. Rauch
President—Mrs. Silas Sly
Vice President—Mrs. Wm. Tillotson
Secretary—Mrs. Geo. Cramer
Treasurer—Mrs. I. W. Hummel

A pot-luck supper was served and a most enjoyable time was had by all.

Another Contest

The Methodist Sunday-school which convenes each Sunday at 11:30 in the Methodist tabernacle will have a three months' attendance contest with the Methodist Sunday-school of Dearborn. Having in mind the similar contest recently completed with the Northville Methodist Sunday-school, it goes without saying that considerable interest and enthusiasm will be manifested in this new contest.

The contest with Dearborn will begin next Sunday, July 16th and end on Sunday, October 1st. All members, former members and those not connected with any other Sunday-school are urged to come out this coming Sunday and swell the attendance; incidentally you will then learn full particulars about the contest.

Superintendent Parker of Dearborn, is known to be a live wire. Through his efforts that school has been built up from a very small beginning to an average attendance of about 123 within four years. He says Dearborn will go in to win. We beat Northville and we can beat Dearborn. Everybody come to Sunday-school next Sunday.

The L. O. T. M. will have a pot-luck supper in Grange hall Thursday evening, July 20th. Deputy Gilbert of Detroit, will be present, and all members are requested to attend.

NOTICE!

There have been several complaints made to the water commissioner regarding my sprinkling during restricted hours. To those people I wish to extend a cordial invitation to call and see for themselves just when and how long this water without heating is used in the village.
Max E. Allen.

The Coolest Place In ...Town...

PINCKNEY'S PHARMACY

Where They Serve the Famous

Polar Brand Ice Cream

Made By The

Arctic Ice Cream Company,

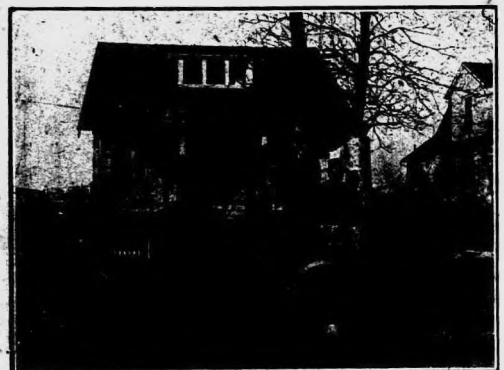
Detroit, Mich.

Pinckney's Pharmacy

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Always Open. Free Delivery

We Are Here For Service



Hardware, Plumbing and Heating

Newhouse & Hillman

Phone 287. The Heating Men.

Buy Your Winter Fuel Now

Use GENUINE GAS COKE and SaveMoney.....

Summer Prices as Follows:

July Price at Works	\$4.25 per ton
August Price at Works	\$4.50 per ton
July Price Delivered	\$5.25 per ton
August Price Delivered	\$5.50 per ton

Coke ordered and paid for in July will be delivered any time up to September 1st at July prices.

Plymouth & Northville Gas Co.

3 per cent isn't much
4 per cent is only fair,
but **5 Per Cent**

with your savings secure and at your command is

A GOOD INVESTMENT

THE NATIONAL LOAN AND INVESTMENT CO.

Pays Five Per Cent

For Further Particulars See

Carl Heide,

Plymouth Phone 127 F-2 Local Agent

Sunday Morning, July 16

Methodist Tabernacle

Sermon Subject:

"CHRIST, LIFE'S GREAT DYNAMIC"

Sunday Evening Subject

SOIL

SEED WEATHER THE MAN and then HARVEST

JOSEPH DUTTON, PASTOR

PLYMOUTH, MICHIGAN.

SPECIAL -- FEATURE

PLYMOUTH OPERA HOUSE

Saturday Evening, July 15th

A Notable All-Star Cast in a Picturization of

"The Chorus Lady"

PARAMOUNT PICTURES

The first show will be over in time for the free pictures on the street.

Two Shows

Admission 10c



Modern Methods

No section can prosper without a bank, unless they go back to barter and exchange and the days of the STAGE COACH.

Therefore it is the duty of all who desire the welfare of this community to encourage the banking business by depositing their money.

In return, it is the bank's duty to loan its funds to its own community first, as this bank does.

Plymouth United Savings Bank

PLYMOUTH, MICHIGAN.

Good foods are not a luxury, but a necessity, Velvet Brand Ice Cream

has more Cream than the law requires.

We Serve It Clean and Cold

You Need It This Weather.

"NYAL QUALITY STORE."

Phone 123. O. M. ROGKWEIL, Ph. G.

WORLD'S EVENTS IN SHORT FORM

BEST OF THE NEWS BOILED DOWN TO LIMIT.

ARRANGED FOR BUSY PEOPLE

Notes Covering Most Important Happenings of the World Compiled in Briefest and Most Succinct Form for Quick Consumption.

Mexican War News

The note of Secretary Lansing accepting the proposals of General Carranza to resort to diplomacy was received with jubilation at Mexico City.

Word was received at Webster City, Ia., that Prof. D. A. Kent, formerly a professor at the state agriculture college at Ames and later owner of the Lake Cairo farm, south of the city, had been killed in Texas by Mexican border raiders, with two of his ranch hands.

Word reached Brownsville, Tex., from reliable sources that General Ricault, commanding Matamoros, had issued positive orders that under no circumstances were American troops to be fired upon unless they actually landed on Mexican soil.

The Ward line steamer Monterey arrived at Havana from Vera Cruz with 251 passengers, mostly American refugees. The ship passed through a cyclone.

The immediate danger of the Mexican crisis was eliminated by the delivery of Carranza's friendly and conciliatory note to Secretary of State Lansing at Washington, which promises co-operation against border raids and paves the way for the settlement of the entire controversy by diplomatic means. Carranza, in effect, withdraws all threats against the American expeditionary force in Mexico.

Domestic

The positive death list from the gulf coast hurricane and a series of storms and floods that followed in Alabama and Georgia stands at nine, with at least forty persons reported missing aboard small schooners in the gulf. Property damage probably will reach \$5,000,000.

The German merchant super-submarine Deutschland has arrived in Chesapeake Bay. She is now at her dock at the pier of the Eastern Forwarding company, Locust Point, Baltimore. She is 315 feet long. The boat carries no passengers. Her cargo consists entirely of dyestuffs—a thousand tons of them. She is commanded by Captain Kalir and has a crew of 29 men. The Deutschland traveled 4,180 miles, 1,800 miles of this being under water. The trip was made in 16 days.

Arrival of the Third Pennsylvania Infantry completed the concentration at El Paso, Tex., of the First Pennsylvania Infantry brigade.

To dispute numerous statements to the contrary the Canadian government officially announced that American travelers in Canada would not need passports to travel in the country, or would not suffer any inconvenience or annoyance of any kind. There is no difference between traveling in Canada now and before the beginning of the European war.

The net result of summary activity by the Boston police after they learned that an automobile had been driven up to the house of Police Sergeant Duffee of Salem with the body of Duffee's sister-in-law in the tonneau, was ten persons arrested and held as having some connection with a case of illegal operation.

Walter F. Strubaker Fish, Jr., member of the millionaire Strubaker family of South Bend, Ind., was on his way to San Francisco to claim his fiancée, Miss Kathleen Coleman, who eloped with Hugh Porter, son of the late William Porter, vice president of the Associated Oil company. They were married in California.

The treasury of the city of Nashville, Tenn., was looted of \$71,877.79 by former city officials from 1909 to 1914, according to the final report to the city commission by James Cameron, an expert accountant.

Joseph Ramsey, former president of the Washash railroad, died at East Orange, N. J., following a stroke of apoplexy. He was fifty-six years of age and at the time of his death was president of the Lorraine, Ashland & Southern railroad.

Edward B. McLean began suit in the District of Columbia Supreme court at Washington to break the will of his father, the late John R. McLean, publisher. McLean is the sole heir, but the property, estimated at \$20,000,000, was held in trust for him.

Property valued at approximately \$2,800,000 is disposed of in the will of the late John V. Steger, piano manufacturer, which was filed at Steger, Ill., for probate. The bulk of the estate goes to the two sons, Chris G. Steger and George F. Steger.

Joseph Irwin, thirty-one, son of W. G. Irwin of Peoria, Ill., and nephew of E. M. Woodruff, mayor of Peoria, Ill., and his bride of two weeks, a nurse, attempted to commit suicide at the Hotel Macatawa, at Holland, Mich., by cutting the arteries in their wrists.

Judge Landis in the federal court at Chicago entered the formal decree dissolving the Associated Bill Posters and Distributors of the United States and Canada. The decree conforms to the decision he gave some two months ago.

European War News

In the Somme region the French, according to an official statement issued at Paris, penetrated German trenches more than a mile deep on a two and a half mile front east of Flancourt and captured the village of Blaches, while the British reported further progress around Ovillers.

On the Italian front Rome reports Italian advances on the upper Astico and the occupation of Agnola pass in the northern sector.

On the eastern front General Brusiloff announced he had broken down the last serious resistance of the Germans in his drive to Kovel, Volodynia, and made a 15-mile advance. Petrograd says 12,000 prisoners were captured.

The British steamer Pendennis, 2,123 tons gross, with a cargo of timber, from Gothenburg for Hull, has been captured by a German warship off the Norwegian coast and brought to a German port, according to a wireless message from Berlin.

Food riots have broken out in Liege and many persons have been hurt, according to information received at Amsterdam.

The British troops in their new advance have gained several important successes, among which are the capture of the Leipzig redoubt, according to the official statement issued by the London war office. East of La Boisette the British have captured German trenches on a front of nearly 2,000 yards, to a depth of 500 yards.

Official announcement was made at Berlin that the British steamship Lesrits was held up by German warships near the English coast and seized as a prize.

Germany, in its official report at Berlin, admits a retreat on the eastern front, and Petrograd adds the details, which show great advances by the Russians after fighting on a long front, in which the czar's troops captured the Manevitch station, on the railway line between Saray and Kovel, and the villages of Komarov and Grady. The official statement given out in Petrograd tells of tremendous captures of men and munitions by Russians in Galicia and Volhynia and general gains at other points.

Northwest of Kolomea the Russians are within ten miles of Nadworna, well to the rear of the Austrian right flank, facing Tarnopol. On the extreme right flank of General Brusiloff's front the Russians are viciously attacking the Germans at Czortorysk and Kofki, according to a dispatch from Petrograd.

A defeat for the Austrians, in which they were driven back nearly five miles on the Delaty-Kolomea road, is officially admitted in the statement issued by the Austrian war office at Vienna.

Dispatches to London from Scotch say the former German cruiser Breslau, now renamed the Midulla, in the Turkish naval service, torpedoed a transport loaded with supplies and sank a sailing vessel.

Washington

Naval officials at Washington were certain that American marines under Col. Joseph H. Pendleton had entered Santiago, Santo Domingo, without opposition and are now patrolling the city.

President Wilson's note formally accepting Carranza's proposal that differences between the United States and the de facto government of Mexico be settled by direct negotiations was handed to Eliseo Arredondo, the Mexican ambassador designate at Washington.

Rear Admiral W. B. Caperton was designated by Secretary Daniels at Washington as commanding officer of the Pacific fleet, with rank of admiral, to succeed Admiral Cameron McRae Winslow, who will retire.

All of the resources of the federal public health service at Washington will be utilized in an effort immediately to stamp out the epidemic of infantile paralysis now current in New York city.

Orders for retirement July 29 of Admiral Cameron McRae Winslow, commander of the Pacific fleet, who will then reach the age limit, were issued by the navy department at Washington.

Foreign

Official announcement was made at London of the appointment of Edwin Samuel Montagu as minister of munitions.

The American steamship Jacob Luckenbach was sunk in collision with an unidentified ship off Dover. Its crew of 31 men was rescued.

David Lloyd-George, minister of munitions of Great Britain, was appointed secretary of state for war, succeeding the late Lord Kitchener, who was drowned when a British cruiser berthed him to Russia was sunk. Sir Edward Grey, the foreign secretary, has been raised to the peerage.

A violent earthquake at Caltanissetta, Sicily, causing the death of nearly 300 persons is reported in an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Rome. It is said the victims were in three sulphur mines.

Sporting

Eddie Halbe won the first annual 100-mile automobile race at Grand Rapids, Mich. Ralph de Palma was second and Andy Bairt was third.

Personal

Judge Frank Baker of the appellate court of Illinois died in a sanitarium at Harvard, Wis., of heart disease. Judge Baker was born at Melmore, O., May 11, 1847. He received his A. B. degree at Ohio Wesleyan university in 1869.

LETTER FROM STATE CAPITOL

THAT APPRAISAL OF THE PERE MARQUETTE AGITATES MR. CRAMTON JUST NOW.

MR. HEMANS IS' SARCASTIC

Boose at Agricultural Fairs Must Be Cast Out Under New Rules if State Aid is Allowed, and Buildings Owned or Rented for Ten Years.

Lansing, Mich.—That the state railroad commission will not give a decision on the reorganization of the Pere Marquette railroad until they have exhausted every effort to gain knowledge from all sources and that they will wait at least a reasonable time for the interstate commerce commission report now under way of preparation, was made known at an informal hearing held in the executive office.

Congressman Cramton had asked for a conference with Governor Ferris on the Pere Marquette reorganization and the governor asked the attorney general and three members of the state railroad commission to be on hand in order that all might know the congressman's attitude on the situation, which developed the fact that his only desire was to have the railroad commission wait until the federal appraisal of the physical values of the railroad was out, being of the opinion that such a document would prove of unlimited value to the commission in arriving at its answer to the petition for a reorganization.

Congressman Cramton informed the governor that he had wired the commission asking if a telegram containing information relative to the federal appraisal would be made a part of the Pere Marquette reorganization hearing record and as he had not received a favorable answer, in fact said to answer except an acknowledgment of the telegram had been received, he deemed it proper as a citizen of Michigan as well as his official position to inform the governor of the federal investigation as to values of the road now under way.

His mission was futile, however, so far as receiving any direct statement from the governor or the commission that the matter would be delayed until the federal report was out, but Chairman Hemans informed the governor that all matters received pertaining to the reorganization of the Pere Marquette were carried in the records and that every effort would be made to gain all the information possible, even to the extent of perhaps granting further hearings in the matter.

Mr. Hemans explained to the governor that the commission's opinion was really only a tentative one; that the court fixed the terms of the reorganization and that the only reason the matter was brought to the railroad commission first was to ascertain the attitude of the state body in regards to reorganization.

"I do not know when the matter will be disposed of by the commission," said Chairman Hemans. "We are grateful to Mr. Cramton and any others who have information on this subject and in a measure will be guided by it. The commission is anxious to see the government report, have had it in mind and cannot say when we will dispose of the matter now before us as we have not as yet held a conference on the matter."

Mr. Hemans did, however, take some exception to Mr. Cramton's attitude in coming to see the governor and not the commission first, and spoke of the matter only after Mr. Cramton had said he did not desire to punch the government authorities up too much on the appraisal. "You go easy with the Washington officials but you come to the governor of this state and ask a delay in the proceedings, in other words press this commission instead of trying to bury the federal report," was one jab Chairman Hemans made at the congressman from Lapeer following the congressman's statement that he did not want to punch the Washington officials too hard.

Before coming to the executive office Mr. Cramton held a long conference with the attorney general. The attorney general told the governor that if the worst came that it would probably only mean a division of the eastern and western properties of the road. Mr. Hemans asked if even this division were desirable if a complete reorganization, keeping the road intact, were possible.

Mr. Cramton's argument to the governor was that at a capitalization of \$110,000,000 the system would still be full of water and that in his opinion the government report should be first received before the state commission acted. He could not promise when the report would be ready but thought in September or October. Two years have now elapsed since the federal work of the appraisal of the Pere Marquette properties was begun and it was in a resolution introduced by Congressman Cramton.

Cost of Carriages. The careless use of kerosene, gasoline and dynamite and fires caused the death of five persons and injured eleven others during June, according to the report of the state fire marshal. Five children between two and six years of age were seriously or fatally burned. Five buildings were burned or destroyed, four hotels and one school house, entailing a loss of \$110,000.

Money For Fairs.

Drastic rules and regulations pertaining to the conduct of agricultural societies that expect to receive state aid from the appropriation of \$50,000 placed at the disposal of the Michigan Fair commission, were adopted at a meeting of the commission. Hereafter no fair can receive money from the state unless the association is incorporated and owns its grounds or holds a lease for a period of at least ten years. The agricultural societies must also own their buildings in which the exhibits are to be placed.

An association, in order to receive aid from the state must hold an annual fair and the premium lists must be published at least sixty days prior to the opening of the exhibition. The concessions must be of a clean and moral nature, otherwise the commission will withhold support. Gambling devices will not be tolerated by the commission and no intoxicating liquors shall be sold on the grounds. The commission also decided that copies of these rules must be posted in conspicuous places on the fair grounds.

Officers Re-elected.

At the annual meeting of the public domain commission William R. Oates was elected state game and forestry warden for a term of three years. Oates has already served one year under the new administration and had previously been state game warden for four years when the department was under the control of the governor. Chief deputy John Baird of Saginaw was also appointed for a term of three years. The commission decided to abolish the branch office of the state game warden maintained by Oates at Marquette and hereafter he will have to spend his entire time in the Lansing office. All of the employees of the state game and forestry department were retained. A. C. Carlton was re-elected secretary of the public domain commission. Marcus Schaaf was re-elected state forester and Glen Munshaw was continued as state trespass agent. Edwin Havens was re-elected assistant secretary of the public domain commission.

Prohibition Petition Filed.

Superintendent Grant Hudson of the Michigan Anti-Saloon League and Major Arthur P. Loomis, one of the managers of the state-wide prohibition campaign, filed with Secretary of State Vaughan the initiatory petitions necessary to submit the constitutional amendment providing for state-wide prohibition to a vote of the people at the November election. The petitions, which were gathered in every county of the state, contained approximately 75,000 signatures. While the law requires but 45,000 signatures, the officials of the anti-saloon league filed more than the required number. More petitions are being received by each mail. Although the law does not require the filing of the petitions until July 5, the anti-saloon league officials placed them in the hands of the state department at an earlier date.

The State Cash.

The state of Michigan had \$12,400,000 on hand in all funds at the close of business, according to the monthly report of State Treasurer Haarer. Of this amount \$5,997,546.90 was in the general fund while there was \$6,322,736.98 in the primary school fund which will be disbursed among the various counties this month. The report also marks a year period and shows that the receipts in the general fund for the year amounted to \$14,142,570.77 and disbursements of \$11,180,538.98.

Senator Smith Says:

Senator William Alden Smith, calling on friends in the state offices had this to say about a war with Mexico:

"There'll be no war for the simple reason that Carranza doesn't want it. He owes all the standing he has in the world today to this government, and he is not going to fight it. Why, this government put hot bricks when his feet and fed him hot milk when he was a very sick man, politically speaking, in Mexico. When we dealt with him we went contrary to the wishes of 75 per cent of the people of that country." He added that the National Guard would very shortly return home and that congress would aid the soldiers' dependents.

Soldiers' Relief Funds.

The plan for the relief of soldiers' dependents, as suggested by the Saginaw supervisors who would have each county board of supervisors appropriate money, was knocked completely out so far as the co-operation of state officials was concerned, by an opinion of Attorney General Fellows. In his opinion to the governor, he holds that a county board of supervisors cannot raise money for any given project unless express authority be given to it by the constitution or by the legislature. Then he says the raising of money for soldiers' dependents does not come within the constitution and the laws pertaining to the levying of the taxes by the county boards.

Bert C. Tibbetta, who was sentenced to Jackson prison for life on his confession of slaying Humphrey Jackman at Shakhuddie, 15 years ago, is again seeking a pardon and has interested jurors who convicted him.

Petitions for smaller units of local option bearing 133,000 names have been filed in Lansing. They ask a constitutional amendment making the township, village or city the unit for the local option. The dry petitioners filed last week but more than enough names despite some irregularities.

Miss Addie Spaulding, aged eighty-three, one of the oldest residents and the last of the pioneer school teachers of Barry county, is dead at her home here. She is survived by her son, Walter Spaulding, near here at this town.

Seen and Heard in Michigan

Ypsilanti.—While bathing in the Huron river near Turle hill, south of this city, Joe and Ceila Supliski, aged five and six years, were drowned. They resided in Detroit at 370 Williams street, and, together with their mother, Mrs. John Supliski, were visiting at the home of Thomas Stielinski. According to witnesses, Joe got into deep water and his little sister, Ceila, went to his rescue. The boy grabbed her and both went down.

Morrice.—A mysterious fire destroyed the \$4,000 farm home of John Rought, four miles east of here, while the family was away. The fire occurred about eight o'clock and, as every person living on the street was away, it burned unchecked. The first intimation the family had of the loss was when they started for home. Mr. Rought states that there had not even been a match lighted in the house that day.

Iron River.—Miss Ethel Purcell, a stenographer, who for the last three sessions of the state legislature was official stenographer, first in the house and last session in the senate, died here from a fracture of the skull received in a runaway accident.

Port Huron.—James Bourke, seventy-five years old, and son Arnold, twenty-six years old, of Sandusky, were instantly killed at Crosswell when the automobile in which they were riding was struck by a Pere Marquette passenger train. Father and son had gone to Detroit and purchased the automobile, which they intended to drive to their home.

Owosso.—Physicians refused to sign the certificate of Mrs. Charles Parkhurst, thirty-six years old, who died suddenly at her home, near Hancock. Symptoms support a theory of poisoning. The prosecuting attorney and sheriff called there and had the woman's stomach sent to the state analyst. She was taken ill while preparing dinner and died soon afterwards.

Lansing.—Seeing his chum, Howard Wade, going down the third time, Roy Bailey dove off the Michigan avenue bridge into the Grand river and swam ashore with Wade. Wade, a woman before, had tipped over in a canoe. Bailey had left Wade in the canoe at the foot of the bridge with a warning to stick close to shore, while he went after some cigarettes. Wade paddled into midstream and lost control of the canoe.

Sandusky.—Although Mrs. Lee Gore, who lives one-half mile south of Argyle, was seriously burned in an effort to save the life of her two-year-old daughter when her home caught fire, the attempt was unsuccessful. Mrs. Gore rushed into the house when the fire was discovered, ran through flames until she reached the child and carried it out. The child was dead before she got it out of the house.

Muskegon.—Despondent because his son, Corporal Roy Robbins of Company G, Thirty-second Michigan Infantry, the Muskegon company, was called out on National Guard duty, Frank Robbins, wealthy Oceann county farmer, committed suicide by hanging himself in the peak of his barn. His wife, knowing his state of mind, called on friends to look for him and they found the body.

Flint.—Stilson Rumbold, twenty-six, a clerk in hardware store, occupied possible death when Raymond Fry, another clerk, pulled the burning fragments of clothing from his body following an explosion of a gasoline bulb torch. The explosion sent a spray of burning gasoline over Rumbold's clothing, who became excited and raced wildly about the basement of the store. His hands, arms and body were badly burned before Fry could extinguish the flames.

Detroit.—Valuation of Wayne county is placed at near the billion mark in the report of the committee on equalization of the board of supervisors. The total value of taxable real and personal property in the county is placed at \$932,325,357. This figure is the full value of the property in the county. It is said, the valuation having been made on a 100 per cent basis. The total boost over last year's valuation is \$246,377,042. In 1915 the total valuation was \$685,948,315.

Muskegon.—Bernie F. Beach, instructor of agriculture in the public schools of Hart, is in charge of the school gardens of this county for the coming summer, taking the place of C. L. Nash, who has become county agent of Branch county after two years as instructor in agriculture at the local high school.

Battle Creek.—The name of E. J. Phelps, president of the Kalamazoo National bank, and father of Rev. W. H. Phelps, former Battle Creek preacher and now of Lansing, has been suggested by the Michigan Railways company to the members of the car men's union as the third arbiter in the wage dispute between the employees and the company.

Mt. Pleasant.—Probate Register Mrs. Sadie Morey has complained to the prosecuting attorney of Isabella county that she has been required to refund a part of her salary each month to Probate Judge Graham. She says she has been required to return to the judge each month \$11.00 of her salary, out of a statutory salary of \$300 a year. Judge Graham does not deny that he took the money, but gives as a reason that he wanted to teach a member of his own family to do the work so that, in case the register were ill or quit, work he would not be without office help.

Hilledale.—Although she is not yet twenty-one years old, Mrs. Tena Smith is married for the third time. Her husband now is Harold T. Camp, fifteen years old. Her last marriage was annulled when she testified that she was drugged when the ceremony was performed and that she did not know it was taken place.

Mt. Pleasant.—Addison Spaulding, aged eighty-three, one of the oldest residents and the last of the pioneer school teachers of Barry county, is dead at her home here. She is survived by her son, Walter Spaulding, near here at this town.

MARKET QUOTATIONS

Live Stock. DETROIT—Cattle, receipts, 1,621; best heavy steers \$8.50@8.85; mixed steers and heifers, \$7.25@7.50; handy light butchers, \$6.50@7.75; light butchers, \$6@6.75; best cows, \$6.25@6.75; butcher cows, \$5.75@6; common cows, \$4.75@5.25; calves, \$3@4.25; best heavy bulls, \$6@6.75; bologna bulls, \$5.50@6; feeders, \$4.75@7.75; stockers, \$6@7.25; milkers and springers, \$4@6.50. Calves, receipts 771; best grades selling at \$12@13 and common and medium \$8.50@11. Sheep and Lambs, receipts 897; best lambs, \$11.25; fair lambs \$10@10.50; light to common lambs, \$8.75@9.25; fair to good sheep, \$6@6.50; culls and common, \$3@4.50. Hogs, receipts 4,821. The \$10 mark on hogs has again been reached and the general market was 10c higher for good quality stuff. Pigs sold from \$9.40@9.50 and yorkers and mixed grades \$9.75@10. One extra fancy bunch sold at \$10.10.

EAST BUFFALO—Cattle, receipts, 140 cars; heavy grades 50@75c lower; other grades 15@22c lower; choice 10 prime steers, \$10.25@10.75; fair to good, \$9.50@10; plain, \$9@9.25; very coarse and common, \$8.50@9; best Canadian steers, \$9.75@10; fair to good, \$9.20@9.40; common and plain, \$8.50@9; choice heavy butcher steers, \$9.75@10; fair to good, \$9.25@9.50; common and plain, \$8.50@9; choice heavy butcher steers, \$9.75@10.25; fair to good, \$9.25@9.50; best handy steers, \$11@10.40; light thin, \$7.50@8; prime yearlings, \$9.75@10.25; do common to good, \$8.25@9.50; best handy butcher heifers, \$8@8.50; common to good, \$7@7.75; best fat cows, \$7.50@8; good butcher cows, \$6.50@7.25; medium to fair \$5.25@6; cutters, \$4.60@4.75; canners, \$3.25@4.25; best bulls, \$7.50@7.90; good butcher bulls, \$6.25@6.50; sausage bulls, \$5.50@5.75; light bulls, \$5@5.25; best feeders, \$7.50@7.75; common to good, \$6.75@7.25; best stockers, \$7.25@7.50; common to good, \$6.25@7; milkers and springers, \$6@8.50. Hogs: Receipts 60 cars; steady; heavy and yorkers, \$10.50; pigs and light, \$10@10.25. Sheep and lambs: Receipts, five cars; steady; top lambs, \$11@11.50; yearlings, \$9@9.50; wethers, \$7.75@8.25; ewes, \$6.75@7.50. Calves: Receipts, 900; strong; tops, \$13; fair to good, \$12@12.50; fed calves, \$4.75@5.50.

Grain, Etc. DETROIT—Wheat—Cash No. 2 red, \$1.08; September opened without at \$1.10 1/4, declined to \$1.09 1/4 and closed at \$1.10 1/4; December opened at \$1.13 1/4, declined to \$1.12 1/4 and closed at \$1.13 1/4; No. 1 white, \$1.05. Corn—Cash No. 3, 78c; No. 4, 76c; No. 3 yellow opened at 80c, declined to 79 1/2c and closed at 80c; No. 4 yellow, 78@79c; No. 3 white, 79 1/2c. Oats—Standard, 43c; No. 3 white, 42c; No. 4 white, 40@41c. Rye—Cash No. 2, 98c. Beans—Immediate and prompt shipment, \$7. Seeds—Prime red clover, \$8.90; prime alfalfa, \$9.50; prime timothy, \$3.50. Hay—No. 1 timothy, \$19.50@20; standard timothy, \$18.50@19; light mixed, \$18.50@19; No. 2 timothy, \$17@18; No. 1 mixed, \$13@14; No. 2 mixed, \$8@10; No. 1 clover, \$10@11; rye straw, \$7.50@8; wheat and oat straw, \$6.50@7 per ton, in carlots, Detroit.

Feed—In 100-lb sacks, jobbing lots; Bran, \$24; standard middlings, \$25; fine middlings, \$30; cracked corn, \$32; coarse corn-meal, \$32; corn and oat chop, \$29 per ton. Flour—Per 196 lbs. in eighth paper sacks: Best patent, \$5.90; second patent, \$5.70; straight, \$5.50; spring patents, \$5.20; rye flour, \$6 per bbl.

General Markets. Cherries—Sour, \$2@2.25 per bu. New Apples—\$1.50@2 per hamper, Peaches—Six-basket crates, \$2.50@2.75. Oranges—California Valencia, \$4@4.50 per box. Cocoanuts—\$7.50 per sack and 90c @1 per doz. Pineapples—Florida, \$3@3.75 per case and \$1.25@1.75 per doz. Berries—Strawberries, \$2.50@3 per 24-qt case; blackberries, \$4@4.25 per 24-qt case; huckleberries, \$4@4.50 per 24-qt case; gooseberries, \$2.50@2.75 per 24-qt case; black raspberries, \$4@4.25 per 24-qt case; red raspberries, \$5.50@5.75 per 24-qt case; red currants, \$1.75@2 per 24-qt case. Mushrooms—45@50c per lb. Green Corn—\$5@5.50 per bbl. Cabbages—New, \$2.50@2.75 per crate. Asparagus—Section, \$1.25@1.50 per box. New Potatoes—White, \$3.55@3.75 per bbl. Lettuce—75@80c per bu; head lettuce, \$1.50@1.75 per hamper. Onions—Texas Bermudas, \$2.15@2.25 per crate; southern, \$3.85@4 per 100-lb sack. Celery—Florida, \$2.75@3 per crate and 98c@1 per doz; Kalamazoo, 18@25c per doz. Nuts—Spanish chestnuts, 10c per lb; No. 1 hogs, 17@17 1/2c; No. 2 hogs 16@17c; stags, 12@13c; ducks, 18@19c; geese, 12@13c; turkeys, 22@23c per lb. Tomatoes—Hothouse, \$2@12 1/2 per lb; Florida, \$2.75@3 per crate; 4-basket crates, 90c@1. Hides—No. 1 cured, 18 1/2; No. 1 green, 15c; No. 1 cured bulls, 12c; No. 1 green bulls, 10c; No. 1 cured veal kip, 20c; No. 1 green veal kip, 18c; No. 1 cured mutton, 12c; No. 1 green mutton, 10c; No. 1 cured calf, 8c; No. 1 green calf, 7c; No. 1 cured hareskins, \$6; No. 2 hareskins, \$5; No. 2 hogs 1c and No. 3 kip and calf 1 1/2c lower than the above; sheepskins, as to amount of wool, 50@55.

Chickens—Hatched, \$1.25@1.50 per 100; broilers, \$1.50@1.75 per 100; old hens, \$1.25@1.50 per 100. Eggs—Fresh, \$1.25@1.50 per 100; old, \$1.00@1.25 per 100. Butter—Cream, \$1.25@1.50 per lb; salted, \$1.00@1.25 per lb. Lard—\$1.25@1.50 per lb. Tallow—\$1.00@1.25 per lb. Soap—\$1.25@1.50 per lb. Candles—\$1.25@1.50 per lb. Matches—\$1.25@1.50 per 100.

Wool—\$1.25@1.50 per lb. Hides—\$1.25@1.50 per lb. Bones—\$1.25@1.50 per lb. Horns—\$1.25@1.50 per lb. Hooves—\$1.25@1.50 per lb. Tails—\$1.25@1.50 per lb. Skins—\$1.25@1.50 per lb. Furs—\$1.25@1.50 per lb. Feathers—\$1.25@1.50 per lb. Eggs—\$1.25@1.50 per 100. Butter—\$1.25@1.50 per lb. Lard—\$1.25@1.50 per lb. Tallow—\$1.25@1.50 per lb. Soap—\$1.25@1.50 per lb. Candles—\$1.25@1.50 per lb. Matches—\$1.25@1.50 per 100.

Wheat—\$1.08. Corn—\$1.05. Oats—\$0.43. Rye—\$0.98. Beans—\$7.00. Seeds—\$8.90. Hay—\$19.50. Straw—\$7.50. Berries—\$2.50. Cherries—\$2.00. Apples—\$1.50. Peaches—\$2.50. Oranges—\$4.00. Cocoanuts—\$7.50. Pineapples—\$3.00. Mushrooms—\$4.50. Green Corn—\$5.00. Cabbages—\$2.50. Asparagus—\$1.25. Potatoes—\$3.55. Lettuce—\$1.50. Onions—\$2.15. Celery—\$2.75. Nuts—\$10.00. Tomatoes—\$2.00. Hides—\$18.50. Wool—\$1.25. Bones—\$1.25. Horns—\$1.25. Hooves—\$1.25. Tails—\$1.25. Skins—\$1.25. Furs—\$1.25. Feathers—\$1.25. Eggs—\$1.25. Butter—\$1.25. Lard—\$1.25. Tallow—\$1.25. Soap—\$1.25. Candles—\$1.25. Matches—\$1.25.

Total \$738,437.69. Mrs. E. L. Calkins, who was recently re-elected president of the Michigan W. C. T. U. for the twelfth year is confined to her home at Battle Creek as a result of an automobile accident at Rosebush, Isabella county, where she was on a campaign tour for the statewide dry movement. The West Michigan Pike association tourists will leave Chicago Monday on the 600-mile tour to Mackinac City. Stops will be made at the Twin Cities, Macatawa Park, Hart, Manistee, Glen Haven and Harbor Springs. A large boulder will be placed in front of the old Will Carleton homestead, birthplace of the poet, two miles east of Hudson,

HISTORIC CRIMES and MYSTERIES



THE IRON JUDGE OF MALTA.

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He was buried down by the sea, near where St. Paul was shipwrecked once upon a time, and the grass grew over him, and his memory became dim in the hearts of men. The years passed on, and Judge Cambo often sat by his window and gazed at the sleeping town, which was bathed in brilliant moonlight. Had Judge Cambo not been sitting by his window that night, his name would never have been known outside the island of Malta, which is about eight miles wide and seventeen long, but he couldn't sleep well that night, for one reason or another, so he took his seat by the window, and eventually became known all over the world, or wherever lawyers congregate. Thus we see upon what a small peg destiny sometimes hangs.

There is no doubt that Judge Cambo was a man of integrity and ability. Some even hold that he had a conscience. In his youth he was considered sentimental and went so far, upon occasion, as to write poetry. But he took up the study of the law quite early, and the law became an infatuation with him. As the years went on he became saturated with it, so that it took full possession of his soul and mind. He judged everything in the earth and the waters under the earth by his Maltese law, which was somewhat different from that now prevailing, as the island then was under the dominion of the Knights of St. John. In the mind of Judge Cambo, though he perhaps wouldn't have confessed it, justice was a small thing as compared with the law. If justice and the law could be made to walk comfortably along the same road, well and good,



Presently the Baker beheld the Corpses, and stood looking at it, as though dazed.

otherwise, the law had the right of way, and justice must scratch for itself.

So Judge Cambo sat at his window, in the soft Mediterranean night, and as he looked into the street beneath him he saw one man stab another. The wounded man, who had been lying for his life, reeled and fell. At this moment the murderer's cap fell off, and his face was fully exposed to the judge. The judge and the assassin stared at each other for a moment, and then the latter replaced his cap, threw away the sheath of his knife and ran. The learned jurist sat at his window, gazing calmly at the dead man. An ordinary man might have raised an alarm, but the judge did nothing. It is possible that he was raking through his mind for a law that would fit the case.

The night wore on and morning was approaching, and the judge remained at his window. Then a baker came into the street, carrying his loaves for distribution. Presently the baker beheld the corpse, and stood looking at it, as though dazed. Then he saw the sheath of the knife, picked it up and examined it and put it in his pocket. Then he passed the corner and seized him. The unfortunate baker was led away to prison and the judge, calm and serene, lay down for a few lines of slumber.

In due season the baker was brought up for trial in the criminal court, and the presiding judge at that court was Cambo. He had come to the conclusion, after ruminating over all the law he had absorbed in the course of his career, that he had no right to act from his own private knowledge in a matter brought before him in his official capacity. Learned writers, discussing the case, have said that he acted conscientiously, and a few have expressed their belief that he acted properly. Such is the reverence for law.

The baker came up for trial, a wretched and terrified man. The police had a strong case against him. He was arrested just as he was leaving the corpse, and he had the sheath of a dagger or stiletto in his pocket. But as the case wore on it became apparent that the evidence wasn't conclusive enough, and there was a probability that the accused would be acquitted.

Then this marvelous Judge Cambo

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used every endeavor to make the baker confess the crime. He threatened and entreated, but the accused persisted in declaring his innocence. So Judge Cambo ordered him to the torture and he was stretched upon the rack. For a time he stuck to his claim of innocence, but when the agony became intolerable he confessed to the crime which he had never committed, and Judge Cambo looked on, calm and inscrutable, and wrote down the racked man's confession as it came from his blood-flecked lips. Surely there never was a more zealous public official than Judge Cambo!

The judge was now quite satisfied. The prisoner had been proved guilty according to the law, and there was nothing further to do except to sentence the man to death, which the judge did with much feeling, rebuking him mildly for trying to obstruct the course of justice by refusing to confess. So the unfortunate baker was taken forth from the jail upon a lowering day and done to death by the executioner.

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Diese Abteilung ist für die Familienglieder, welche am liebsten Deutsch lesen.

Vom Schauplatz des europäischen Völkerrieges.

Die „Große Offensive“ der Alliierten an der Westfront, durch welche die Deutschen aus Nordfrankreich und Belgien getrieben werden sollten, ist bereits recht klein geworden. Die 35 Kilometer breite britisch-französische Front, von welcher aus von Sere, nördlich des Baches Ancre, bis Douaumont, südlich der Somme, die Offensive angelegt war, ist auf sieben Kilometer zusammengeschumpft.

Die englischen und französischen Stimmen, welche die öffentliche Meinung vor allzu hoch gespannten Erwartungen in Verbindung mit der Offensive an der Westfront warnen, werden immer lauter und entschiedener. Verdun, so heißt es, diene der Deterrence der gemeinsamen alliierten Vorkampfbewegung als Vorbild. Das systematische Vorgehen der Deutschen gegen die Stellung soll also auf der britischen und der französischen Front auf beiden Ufern der Somme nachgeahmt werden. Dann aber würde es sich gar nicht mehr um eine Offensive handeln, dann würde auch an der nördlichen Front der großen Schlachtaufstellung ein Feldzug begonnen haben. Die britisch-französische Vorkampfbewegung könnte aber nur dann als Eröffnung eines Feldzuges betrachtet werden, falls die Bewegung auf die gesamte Westfrontlinie Nordfrankreichs und Belgiens übergriffe. Denn das Ziel solcher Feldzüge könnte doch nur die Vertreibung der Deutschen aus Nordfrankreich und Belgien sein. Das ist je denn auch jedesmal als Endziel hingestellt worden, so oft es an irgend einem Punkt der Alliierten-Front etwas lebendiger wurde. In die Zukunft, die Deutschen von der sieben Kilometer breiten Front an den beiden Ufern der Somme aus Nordfrankreich und Belgien zu werfen, dürften jedoch höchstens die blühenden „Augenzungen“ und die Schreimachine - Strategen glauben oder zu glauben vorziehen.

Weniger den eigenen Wünschen als dem Druck seitens der Alliierten gehorchend, hat England keine große Offensive, von der die englische Presse und ihre Anhänger in diesem Lande schon seit Wochen plaudern, eingeleitet. Wenn die deutschen Stellungnahmen nicht stärker wären als die biblischen Mauern von Jericho, dann wären sie vor den Siegestromen der Entente - Presse und ihrer amerikanischen Ableger, längel in Trümmern dahingefahren.

Sie sind es aber nicht. Die deutschen Linien in Frankreich und Belgien haben schon manchem Sturm ergetrotzt. Wohl biegen sie sich unter der Wucht der feindlichen Uebermacht, aber sie werden nie brechen. In der jeldgrauen Nacht Deutschlands, an den Rändern und Wäldern seiner Feinde, an der Unübersichtlichkeit ihrer technischen Ausrüstung, vor allem, an dem jeldigen, unbegreiflichen Willen des Volkes, das dem Feinde dort gegenübersteht, werden die feindlichen Wellen wie an Meerestellen zerbrechen. Gemis werden sie sich an einzelnen Stellen, vielleicht sogar an vielen, in die Felsen hineinragen und Teile werden müssen unter dem jürstürmenden Druck abbrechen, aber die eigentliche Front wird halten.

Die Vergangenheit ist auch in diesem Falle ein gutes Omen für die Zukunft.

In den letzten Tagen ist unendlich viel gelesen worden. Der letzte große Versuch der Alliierten, die letzte äußerste Kraftanstrengung der Feinde Deutschlands, ist schon mit großem Siegesgeschwall eingeleitet worden. Dörfer und Städte fielen wie die Fliegen, zu Tausenden wurden die verhassten Feinde, die immer weichen wollen, in der Presse hingeladelt. Aber man soll sich nicht verblüffen lassen. Der Sturm wird sich ausbreiten, und das Vertrauen, das die Freunde Deutschlands noch nie getaucht hat, wird auch diesmal die Siegesklieder der Feinde überleben.

Bericht der Gesundheitsbehörde.

Die Gesundheitsbehörde der Ver. Staaten hat auf Grund einer längeren Untersuchung über die Gesundheitsverhältnisse in den Ver. Staaten einen Bericht abgegeben, in dem ein staatliches Krankenversicherungssystem nach europäischem Muster empfohlen wird.

Fünfundzwanzig unter tausend sind stets krank, heißt es in dem Bericht, „und der durchschnittliche Arbeiter verliert jährlich neun Arbeitstage wegen Krankheit. Der größte Teil dieser Krankheitsfälle ist verhiutbar oder könnte auf alle Fälle auf ein Minimum reduziert werden.“

„Tugend eine Art Krankenversicherung in den Ver. Staaten sollte auf der Grundlage aufgebaut sein, daß es leicht ist, Krankheiten zu verhüten,“ fährt der Bericht fort, „und Amerika sollte von den Erfahrungen profitieren, die in europäischen Ländern in dieser Hinsicht gesammelt sind.“

Ein Krankenversicherungssystem in diesem Lande sollte die folgenden fünf Punkte umfassen:

1. Kranfengel und ärztliche sowie medizinische Hilfe für alle Lohnarbeiter in Krankheitsfällen, für einen geringeren Ausmaß als jetzt möglich ist. Dadurch würde ärztliche Hilfe auch den am geringsten bezahlten Arbeitern zugänglich gemacht werden, die am meisten unter Krankheit zu leiden haben.
2. Die Kosten sollen von den Arbeitgebern, Arbeitern und dem Staat getragen werden, da diese Gruppen für die Zustände verantwortlich sind und durch die Versicherung profitieren. Dies kann bewerkstelligt werden, indem die Arbeiter wöchentlich einen kleinen Beitrag zahlen, der durch Beiträge von den Arbeitgebern und vom Staat ergänzt wird und sich in dem Verhältnis reduziert, wie die Krankheitsrate abnimmt.
3. Die nationalen, staatlichen und lokalen Gesundheitsbehörden sollen mit den drei verantwortlichen Gruppen zusammenarbeiten, um das System einzuführen und in Betrieb zu erhalten.
4. Eine bessere Basis für die Zusammenarbeit der ärztlichen Profession mit den öffentlichen Gesundheitsbehörden muß geschaffen werden.
5. Um dem Versicherungssystem den Charakter einer Bevormundung oder einer Wohltätigkeitsanstalt zu nehmen, ist es nötig, daß die Arbeiter, Arbeitgeber und der Staat gemeinschaftliche Kontrolle des Systems übernehmen.

Der Bericht schließt mit der Versicherung, daß eine staatliche Krankenversicherung sich sehr gut den amerikanischen Verhältnissen anpassen ließe, und wenn einmal eingeführt, sich als ein Gesundheitsmaßregel von außerordentlich großem Wert erweisen wird.

Staatliche Verteilung des Getreides.

Wie n. Nach längeren Konferenzen zwischen den Ministern des Innern und der Landwirtschaft von Oesterreich sowohl wie Ungarn hat man sich auf ein System geeinigt, wonach das Getreide in allen Teilen der Doppel - Monarchie gleichmäßig verteilt werden soll. Gleichzeitig wird damit eine Preisoberhöhung verbunden sein.

Unter dem neuen Plane wird die Verteilung eine direkte sein und alle Vereinigungen, Gilden oder Gesellschaften, die früher als Mittelsmann gedient haben, kommen in Fortfall. Die Kriegs - Getreide - Gesellschaft für das Reich“ wird die einzige Organisation sein, die dazu berechtigt ist, den Ministern Anweisungen auf die Speicher zur Herausgabe von Getreide zu Maßgaben auszugeben. Das Reich muß an die Hauptverwaltungen zur gleichen Verteilung unter die Bevölkerung geliefert werden.

Die in Aussicht gestellte Preisoberhöhung ist den Forderungen der Müller und nicht den Ernteausichten anzuschreiben.

Berberisches Monopol in Alaska.

Washington. Die amerikanische Handelskommission ordnete eine Untersuchung der Verhältnisse bei den Bahnen und Schiffahrtsgesellschaften in Alaska an. Die Sampson-Sardware Co. giebt nämlich an, daß es unmöglich ist, Geschäfte zu betreiben, weil die Bahnen und Schiffahrtsgesellschaften die Amerikaner Emelling und Keining Co. allen anderen industriellen Unternehmungen vorziehen. Die erwähnte Gesellschaft befindet sich befanntlich in den Händen der Guggenheims.

Rühener anstatt Berlin.

London, Ont. Berlin, Ont. dessen Bewohner kürzlich bejchlossen hatten, den Namen der Stadt, die ihre ganze Entwicklung dem deutsch-amerikanischen Bevölkerungsgemeinschaften verdankt, zu ändern, wird in „Sintant“ Rühener“ heißen. Ein großer Feiertag folgte der Auswah, bei dem die Rühener anstatt Berlin.

Aufteilung Elsaß - Lothringens?

Berlin, über London. In amtlichen Kreisen spricht man davon, daß Elsaß - Lothringen nach dem Krieges ausfallen soll, als selbständiges „Reichsland“ verwaltet zu werden, und ein einige Bundesstaaten verteilt werden soll. Der Rheinanteil ist Bayern zugeordnet. Die anderen Staaten sind Preußen und Baden.

Plenty of Apples Left.

Cold storage holdings of apples were 43.9 per cent greater on April 1 than a year ago, according to figures of the department of agriculture, just announced. Reports were received from storage houses all over the country, showing that 32.8 per cent of the December 1 holdings remained in storage. The 422 co-operating stores reported 1,589,249 barrels and 1,295,730 boxes on hand on April 1.

Contrivance.

When a girl promises to marry a man, Miss Ginger, isn't it a sore proof that she loves him? "Not at all. She might do it just to spite another man."

ANSWER TO PRAYER

Conditions That Must Accompany a Real Revival of Religion.

Prayer in its relation to a revival of religion concerns, in the first place, the one who prays. No matter how far the river flows, it must have a fountain. Unless the heart of the petitioner at the throne of grace is moved to a revived condition the prayer itself will lose power over the community. As a rule God answers through human agency, though not always by means of the one who kneels before his mercy seat. The prayer may be for the baptism of the Holy Spirit upon the preacher or the evangelist who is carrying on a distinctively religious work; but it must be also borne in mind that a large part of the evangelist's success is through those who are his co-workers and who themselves have been brought into newness of life through frequent visits at the throne of grace. In other words, without a praying constituency the evangelist is handicapped. If the hearts of the people are prayerless, they will be unresponsive to his message. Given a praying community, one that has been much on its knees, and the soil is in large measure prepared for the seed of the Gospel. It is largely the reflex action of individual prayer upon a neighborhood that brings about the wonderful manifestations of divine grace, under the preaching of certain evangelists.

It is not possible for one to feel the blessing of God in his own heart and life without in some way communicating some portion of that blessing to others. The full measure that he has received he will not impart, any more than the fountain can empty itself to him who stoops to drink. But the influence for good is there, and that influence, like the brook from the fountain, will invigorate all that it touches. The first necessity is to make sure that the fountain is not only not dry but filled to overflowing.

Time for a Revival.

Just as soon as we can have a praying community we can have a revival, and without that the abiding results will be small. It is admitted that all blessing is from God. Whatever power the evangelist may have it is the blessing of God upon his labors that accomplishes the reformation of individual lives. If we look no farther than the preacher, we will fail. We may be instructed, we may be entertained, and great throngs may for a while listen to the powerful words of a gifted speaker, but no great blessing will come unless we are looking away beyond him to that divine One who only can change the heart. His grace is sufficient, and his grace alone. And we know upon his own testimony that if we "prove him" he will "open the windows of heaven and pour out a blessing." It is not the preacher that does it. The preacher is simply one avenue through which the Spirit of God comes to the people. If there had been no praying in that upper room in Jerusalem there would have been no revival of religion when the disciples came down the stairs, their hearts all warmed, and their brows all aglow with the tongues of fire. It must never be forgotten that Pentecost began at the top of the stairs, not at the foot. If prayerful lips had not invoked those mysterious influences in the prayer chamber, there would have been no gift of tongues before the mighty multitude; and those strangers from different parts of the world would not have heard those unlearned men "speaking in their respective tongues the mighty works of God."

But this praying must not be solely for the transformation of oneself. To pray for one's neighbor creates at once a sympathy for one's neighbor. We are interested in those we pray for. There is a trinitary consisting of yourself, your neighbor and your God. You are at one point of the triangle, your neighbor at another, and God at the third. You have direct contact with God and your neighbor, and God has direct contact with your neighbor and you. Whatever other influences may come in, you three hold the points of the triangle—United Presbyterians.

Christ the Physician.

We require to be born again. Partial faults may be corrected by other physicians; our worldly interest will often cure idleness and wastefulness; our natural affection and humanity will make us kind to our relations and friends, and dispose us to relieve the distresses of our neighbors; our regard for our bodily health will keep us free from sensual indulgence; our sense of honor may preserve our tongue from falsehood; but this is only removing a local complaint, while the general decay of the constitution is going on as fast as ever. Christ only can make us sound from head to foot, in the body and in the limbs, free from outward sores and from inward weakness and sickness.—T. Arnold, D. D.

Hypocrisy.

Somewhere I have read of a civic celebration held in Paris in the days before the Pan-European conflict, rendered such festivities inadvisable. It was in early winter, so there were naturally no leaves or blossoms on the trees, but the ingenuity of man came to the rescue and imitation leaves and foliage were attached to every tree. Everywhere throughout the city, and along the Champs d' Elysees, one could see hundreds of bushes and trees seemingly in full bloom.

Here is a vivid picture of the hypocrite. With him it is always winter, but he pretends to possess the warmth of religious life and masquerades in flowers not his own. An external view would show the foliage of a well-orderd Christian life, while God, who sees and knows our innermost thoughts, knows it is but sham.—Alan Pressley, Wisconsin.

Nothing so covers the nerves,

so tempers passion and anger, so cures discontent, so brings man to such a level, and so creates such true fellowship, as the divine spirit of meekness.—H. W. Beecher.

Central Meat Market

Call Central Meat Market, phone 23, for

Choice Meats,

Smoked Meats of all Kinds, Home Made Bologna and Sausages.

Try them and you won't eat any other.

FRANK RAMBO, Manager

BOTH PHONES FREE DELIVERY

Dr. E. L. Ferguson, Veterinary Surgeon

Office at Plymouth Hotel
Calls answered day or night.
PHONE NO. 19.

PRETTY WORTH MODEL

BLOUSE BODICE THAT IS ALTOGETHER CHARMING.

Would Look Well With Almost Any Evening Gown - Lettuce-Green Taffeta is the Material Used in the Garment.

My sketch shows a blouse bodice created by Worth. Is it not charming? And how cleverly this artist has treated the raised waist line. The material of the original model was lettuce-green taffeta and the folded waist band was made of black satin, with a very long diamond buckle in front, writes a Paris correspondent.

There was a little blouse, slightly full, and on the shoulders small, very becoming puffs. Such a blouse bodice as this could be worn with almost any evening skirt. It would look especially well with a flounced dress of black Chantilly lace, or a plaited skirt of black crepe de chine. Or it would of course look splendid if accompanied—as indicated in my sketch—by a paanier dress made of the same lettuce-green taffeta as the bodice.

Worth is making excellent use of old-world silks. Some of his evening dresses are expressed in flowered stuffs which show designs in bright, almost crude, colors on a blurred background. Lettuce-green is often seen at this season, also a bright shade of puce and a rather hard blue which combines well with invisible green or very dark gray.

The high collar shown in this sketch might be made of georgette crepe, doubled; or it might, as in the case of the original model, be of the same material as the rest of the dress.

Worth is creating very beautiful evening gowns which are composed almost entirely of lace, or of brocaded satin. He has never cared to take from the value of rich materials by mixing them indiscriminately.

If the lace be rich and valuable—and the Maison Worth rarely uses lace which is not valuable—it is allowed to

Detroit United Lines

Plymouth Time Table

(EASTERN STANDARD TIME)
EAST BOUND

For Detroit via Wayne 6:28 a. m. 8:48 a. m. and every hour to 7:48 p. m.; also 9:48 p. m. and 11:30 p. m. changing at Wayne.

NORTH BOUND

Leave Plymouth for Northville 6:08 a. m. and every hour to 7:08 p. m.; also 9:08 p. m. and 10:48 p. m. and 12:28 a. m.

Leave Detroit for Plymouth 4:30 a. m. and every hour to 5:30 p. m.; 7:30 p. m.; also 9 p. m. and 10:30 p. m.

Leave Wayne for Plymouth 6:48 a. m. and every hour to 7:48 p. m.; 9:48 p. m.; also 10:17 p. m. and 12:08 a. m.

Cars connect at Wayne for Ypsilanti and points west to Jackson.

Beautiful Monuments

are often marred by ill shaped and poorly cut letters. Note the work we have erected; or better still, visit our works and see the class of work we are turning out in this line.

All Raised Work

Every letter and figure raised, out good and deep and square in on the best quality of granites obtainable. We have a reputation for doing good work, and we are bound to keep it. Before placing your order, call on the house, where quality prevails and get the best.

LYON GRANITE CO.

Two Shops: Pontiac, Rear of Pontiac Steam Laundry, Phone 1262J. Plymouth, Main street, Phone 261.

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Sixth-door south of Baptist church.

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OFFICE OVER BAUCH'S STORE
Phone: Office 30-P2 Residence 30-F3

Married Life.

"Was your courtship romantic?" "A little bit. I met my wife on the 78th floor of an office building. We took the elevator together. At the 57th floor a minister got on. We enlisted him, eventually reached the ground floor, sent for a license and were married."

Advanced Case.

"Your friend Dubwaite seems to have a very good opinion of himself." "I should say so! Why, Dubwaite thinks a bronze plate will some day mark the street corner where he stands every afternoon to wait for a suburban car."

Ancient History.

Jonah had just been swallowed by the whale. Gazing about his narrow quarters, he said: "Oh, well, this isn't any worse than the flat I've been living in." Whereupon he dozed himself and proceeded to take a nap.

Observing the Formalities.

"Any news from that bandit today?" "Yes. He has given orders that if anybody comes to capture him we are to say he is not at home."

Fine Field.

Madge—"Did you have anything to talk about at the club meeting?" "Marjorie—"Lots! On account of the storm there were only three of us present."

Only Disappeler.

When an old bachelor begins to think that a wife is essential to his happiness, marriage is the only thing that will dispel the delusion.

For Softening Leather.

A hand-operated machine to knead the stiffness out of leather has been invented by an Oklahoma man.

No Cause for Complaint.

"My good man," said the philosopher to the laborer who was amputating weeds from a piece of vacant real estate, "do you ever have occasion to complain of your lot?" "No, sir," answered the honest son of toil. "I don't own this lot."

Empty Words.

"What was the substance of his speech?" "I can read my stenographic report if you care to hear it. The speech had no substance."



THE PLYMOUTH MAIL

Notice to Water Takers

F. W. SAMSEN L. B. SAMSEN, Editor and Manager

Farming Hints. We believe in the greatest freedom for the youth; we believe in a happy environment that will create noble characters; we believe the spirit of the boy should be held sacred and directed toward the achievement of higher things in life than social gossip and amusement...

Notice is hereby given to water takers that the hours for the use of village water for sprinkling purposes have not been changed, but remain the same as heretofore and every user is expected to comply strictly with the rules governing the use of village water for this purpose under penalty of having their water turned off for any violation thereof.

Proceedings of Township Board

July 5, 1916. At a regular meeting of the township board of the township of Plymouth held on the above date. Meeting called to order by Supervisor Wm. T. Rattenbury.

GET RID OF THE SQUEAKS

Annoying Noises That Are Frequent Even in the Best-Built Houses Can Be Stopped.

There are very few houses which do not have floors that are always squeaking as persons walk over them. Such squeaking is very annoying, and many different suggestions have been made to remedy the nuisance, but, curiously enough, only a few of the suggestions have proven of any real value.

WOMAN WAS A DIME AHEAD

But She Felt the Least Bit Uncomfortable When She Thought of the Fat Man.

The woman slipped a dime into the glove on her left hand. She would be at the subway in a moment, and the dime so placed would facilitate matters. As she passed the foot of the bridge extension by the city hall the ring of a coin as it struck the pavement reached her ears.

LOWLY FOLLOWERS OF POET

Great Ones of the Earth Long Refused to Recognize Shakespeare, But He Had His Disciples.

William Shakespeare, "the monarch of mankind," was in life a humble youth who came, with his people, from an interior village to a place in the fields outside the walls of the chief city. He had to do with a stable. He returned whence he came, and was not seen by his disciples after his disappearance from the theaters.

DID NOTHING FOR A COLD

At Least That Was Old Abijah's Assertion, and He Proceeded at Once to Prove It.

Old Abijah Meeker tottered into the store, crawled in behind the red-hot stove, and sat carefully down in the warmest corner of the battered old settle. Taking out his handkerchief, he gave a mighty sneeze and sonorously blew his nose; then, squinting and blinking, he glowered round.

Sailors Do Own Washing.

Did you ever notice how epic and span Uncle Sam's jacksies always look when they are on shore leave or aboard ship? And did you ever realize that Jack is his own washwoman? They have washdays aboard the fighting ships as well as the housewives have theirs.

Fox Liked His Comfort.

An unusual sight met the gaze of a Duarte (Cal.) man when he opened his house the other morning and found his swinging seat occupied by a full grown fox. With the cushion for a nest the fox was resting comfortably and evidently enjoyed his quarters.

How Do You Say It?

What word is most frequently mispronounced? "Arctic," widely pronounced without the first c, would have a high place in the list. Others might be these: Culinary for culinary. Is mentable for lam-entable.

Quill Pens in History.

Quill pens were made in the fifth century. There is no record of their earlier use. Theodoric, the Ostrogoth king, is said to have been illiterate and unable to write his own name.

Constipation and Indigestion

"I have used Chamberlain's Tablets and must say they are the best I have ever used for constipation and indigestion. My wife also used them for indigestion and they did her good."

CHURCH NEWS

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE. First Church of Christ Scientist, corner Main and Dodge streets. Sunday morning service, 10:30 o'clock. Subject, "Life." Sunday-school at 11:30 a. m. Wednesday evening testimony service, 7:10.

BAPTIST

Rev. Archibald L. Bell, Pastor. Morning worship, 10 o'clock. Theme of sermon, "The Renewal of the Church Covenant." 11:15, a. m., Sunday-school. 6 p. m., young people's meeting. Leader, M. J. Stanley. 7 o'clock, evening service. Subject of sermon, "The Question of Human Destiny." Prayer meeting, Thursday evening at 7 o'clock.

PRESBYTERIAN

Rev. B. F. Farber, Pastor. Services of this church will be held in the village hall Sunday, July 16th, as follows: Morning worship at 10 o'clock. The pastor preaches. Theme, "The Greatest Possession." Sunday-school at the close of the morning service. The public is most cordially invited to these services.

METHODIST

Rev. Joseph Dutton, Pastor. 10 a. m., public worship. 11:30 a. m., Sunday-school. 7 p. m., public worship. Two mid-week services. The tabernacle is a good spot in which to get cooled off. Bring your friends with you.

ST. JOHN'S EPISCOPAL MISSION.

R. Midworth, Mission. Sunday, July 16.—Divine service at 10:15 a. m. Morning prayer and sermon. Subject, "Faith Triumphant in Failure." Everybody welcome.

LUTHERAN

Sunday-school at 9 o'clock standard time. Morning service at 9:45 will be delivered in German. English services at 7 o'clock. The pastor will preach. All are welcome.

BIBLE STUDENTS

"Seek ye the Lord, all ye meek of the earth; righteousness, seek meekness; it may be ye shall be hid in the day of the Lord's anger." Zephaniah 2:3. This is the only scripture in the Bible that Bible Students know of that guarantees safety to any thing in the great time of trouble now closing in upon the world.

OBITUARY.

The remains of Willard Moore, who died in Detroit Friday, were brought to the home of his son, Arthur Moore on Harvey street, last Saturday morning. The funeral was held from the Methodist tabernacle Monday afternoon, Rev. Joseph Dutton conducting the services. Interment in Riverside cemetery.

Danish West Indies.

The Danish West Indies, comprising the three islands, St. Croix, St. Thomas and St. John, have an aggregate area of 138 square miles. The 28,000 inhabitants, most of whom are of the negro race, are engaged in the cultivation of sugar cane, cotton, fruit and vegetables.

Conventional Plutoerast.

We have been carefully studying cartoons and caricatures for forty years, and we are pretty well convinced that the cartoonists are quite certain that no man can have a large sum of money without having at the same time a pair of gray side whiskers.—Houston Post.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION

OF THE

Plymouth United Savings

BANK,

At Plymouth, Michigan, at the close of business June 30, 1916, as called for by the Comptroller of the Banking Department.

RESOURCES.

Table with columns for Loans and Discounts, Commercial Deposits, Savings Department, Bonds, Securities, Commercial Department, Savings Department, Premium account, Overdrafts, Banking House, Furniture and fixtures, Items in transit, Commercial, Due from banks in reserve cities, U. S. and National bank, Currency, Gold coin, Silver coin, Nickels and cents, Due from banks in reserve cities, U. S. and National bank, Currency, Gold coin, Silver coin, Nickels and cents, Total.

LIABILITIES.

Table with columns for Capital stock paid in, Surplus fund, Undivided profits, Dividends unpaid, Contingent deposits, Total.

The Ford—a simple car of proved quality. A car anyone can operate, anyone can care for and a car that brings pleasure, service and satisfaction to everybody. The car of more than a million owners. Reliable service for owners from Ford agents everywhere. Touring Car \$440; Runabout \$390; Couplet \$590; Town Car \$640; Sedan \$740. On display and sale at our garage. We also have some splendid bargains in Second-hand Cars.

The Bonafide Garage Phone No. 87 F-2 Wm. J. Beyer, Prop. Who'll Be the Next to Build? Look What A Wide Choice! A Good Store Building—for use or for rent. A Nice Home, Cottage, Bungalow or Mansion. A Good Barn, on the farm or in town. A Shed, for automobile, stock or machinery. A New Porch, or Addition to the House. A Henery or Penco. Be the Next and See Us For Lumber and Building Material Plymouth Lumber & Coal Co. CHAS. MATHER, Sec. & Manager

Vacation and Picnic Time IS SURELY HERE Here Are A Few Preparedness Suggestions For Vacation... For Picnics... C. G. DRAPER Jeweler and Optometrist 140 Main St. Phone 247

HAYING TOOLS BEFORE YOU BUY YOUR HAYING TOOLS SEE OUR LINE OF Osborne Mowers, Rakes and Loaders The Osborne line is an exceptionally strong one and we carry them in stock and sell them at rock bottom prices. Be sure and come and see us before you buy. We want your business. Special attention given to Repair Work. HENRY J. FISHER North Village.

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BARBER SHOP AT PIERCE'S RESTAURANT NORTH VILLAGE H. R. Burch

COMING! H. W. FREED'S Trained Animal Show Will Exhibit Under Canvas PLYMOUTH, THURSDAY, JULY 20, '16 Show Grounds, Opposite Plymouth Hotel NEW FACES NEW ACTS Educated Dogs, Ponies and Mules, Acrobats, Aerialists and Jugglers See the WONDERFUL RIDDING ROOSTER SEE BIG BRUNO The Performing Black Bear, the Peer of all Trained Wild Beasts Admission 25c. Children Under 12 Years, 15c Doors Open at 7 P. M. Performance One Hour Later Big Free Street Parade at 7 O'clock

THOMAS F. FARRELL Republican Candidate for COUNTY CLERK Primaries August 29, '16

NOTICE TO WATER TAKERS! RULE 14.—Water Rates shall be due and payable semi-annually in advance at the office of the Village Treasurer on the first days of January and July in each year, unless otherwise provided for in the schedule of rates. If rates are not paid within 30 days after due, the water will be turned off. Village Tax Notice Village Taxes are now due and payable at the office of the Village Treasurer in the council chamber at the Village Hall from 8:30 a. m. to 12:30 p. m. and 2:00 p. m. to 6:00 p. m. Winn B. Hubbell, Village Treasurer

