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There is the greatest difference in the world in the quality of perfumes. Cheap-perfumes often put on a bold front and pass for something they are not, but the person of refinement and of discrimination demands perfumery that is dainty and exquisite. Our perfumes are selected to please this class of people. Our sachet powders and toilet requisites are all of the very highest quality. Try them.

BEYER PHARMACY

Phone No. 211 2R. *The Rexall Store* Block South of P. M. Depot

Every Member Day

Next Sunday, November 1st, is to be called, "Every Member in Church and Sunday-School Day," at the

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

The object is to have every member of the church in attendance upon the morning service and then every member of the Sabbath-school in attendance upon the Sunday-school. Families have their reunions where they endeavor to bring together, at one time and place, every member of the family. Who cannot the church do the same thing? It will do us good to have our church family all present in one service. Come. Special music. Timely themes. Visitors will be cordially welcomed.

Themes for November 1st:

10 a. m.—"The Challenge of the Master."

7 p. m.—"Utilizing the Waste Things."

WELCOME

Something New in Talking Machines

THE CRESCENT AT \$40.00

will play any kind of Record, Columbia, Victor or Edison. It is the latest in talking machines, being equipped with a UNIVERSAL TUBE, which makes it possible to change from a Steel Needle to a Diamond Point Record by a mere turn of the Sound Box. Also agents for the

Columbia Graphophone

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We invite you to come in and let us demonstrate to you our Machines and Records.

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When perplexity comes to you over any business or financial matter—if you are considering making an investment of any kind and want to be sure you are right before you finally decide—

CONSULT THIS BANK

We will take pleasure in giving you full benefit of our information on any subject, and investigate for you the possibilities and probabilities of any proposition.

It is a pleasure for us to serve our customers, so do not hesitate in asking.

The Plymouth United Savings Bank

Corn and Oats

are high and every farmer should be interested in saving every dollar possible in the feed line. The best way to do this is to grind all the grain fed on the farm and Grind the Grain at Home. You can do this with a 4 H. P. Gray Gasoline Engine and a Letz Feed Grinder and Crusher. I will furnish the above all complete with 20 ft. of 4 ply 4 inch Canvas Belt for \$125 and guarantee this outfit to grind from 12 to 20 bushel per hour and do as good a job of grinding as can be done anywhere.

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You have cold feet call 287 for heating.

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Strong Candidate

Edward Gayde's Friends Pulling Hard for His Election.

It is not often that the people of Plymouth and vicinity take as deep an interest in the welfare of a political candidate as they are taking in Edward Gayde, republican nominee for the office of Representative in the Legislature from the Third District of which Plymouth is a part. From every part of the district there comes assurances of support for Plymouth's candidate. Mr. Gayde is a Plymouth product and has spent all the years of his life in this village. He has the faculty of "making good" with everything he tackles. He is and has been one of our most prominent and successful business men for a number of years and has always taken an active part in the public affairs of both the village and township in which he lives. He has been honored with public office in both, and he has discharged the duties of these offices with credit to himself and to the people whom he served. Mr. Gayde is a man who has the utmost confidence of his neighbors and acquaintances, a man who is strictly honest and conscientious in all his dealings and whose word can always be depended upon. If the voters see fit to elect him as state Representative, and there is every reason to believe they will, we have no hesitation in saying that he will be a credit to the district he represents and that he will give the people of this district and state faithful service and careful administration of its affairs. There is no doubt but what Plymouth will give Mr. Gayde a handsome vote on election day, Nov. 3, and he is entitled to it.

Plymouthites Appear Before Supervisors

Wayne people presented a numerously signed petition to the board of supervisors last week asking that a cement road be constructed from Wayne running north to the Plymouth road, striking this road at a point four miles east of Plymouth village. This petition came up for consideration at a meeting of the road and bridge committee of the board last Friday morning. This fact did not come to the notice of Plymouth people until late Thursday night through information given by President Hillmer, who had been to the city that day. It was the intention of the Wayneites to influence the supervisors to build this road instead of one contemplated from Plymouth south to Michigan avenue.

Naturally enough Plymouth citizens were indignant over this move and on Friday morning more than twenty-five appeared before the committee to make a protest against this action, the number being further augmented by a number of representative citizens from Northville. Chairman Hines of the good roads commission was also present at the request of Plymouth citizens. Both sides of the situation were presented to the committee by several gentlemen, when Chairman Hines read from a report of the 1913 meeting of the board of supervisors the action then taken by the board on recommendation of the commissioners in relation to roads to be constructed, in which the road from Plymouth was one of the number. Mr. Hines still favored the Plymouth road and the road and bridge committee agree with him, so that the 1913 action of the board will remain in force. Mr. Hines stated this road would have been built this year, had they been able to sell enough bonds to make the improvement, the commissioners lacking some \$135,000 of the amount authorized to be sold. The road will be built next year, but just which route will be selected has not yet been determined by the commissioners.

Governor Ferris in Plymouth

It has been many years since Plymouth has seen as large a gathering at a political meeting as that which greeted Governor Woodbridge N. Ferris at the opera house, Wednesday afternoon. The governor and his party arrived by the 2:00 o'clock train from Detroit and were met at the station by the local democrat committee, the Plymouth band and about thirty automobiles from this village and vicinity and Northville. The procession was formed on the arrival of the train, and headed by the band on an auto truck, the parade came up town and then back to the opera house. Gov. Ferris rode in an Alter car, made in Plymouth, and driven by Guy Hamilton, president of the Alter Motor Car Co. Asa Joy, chairman of the meeting, and F. D. Schrader, chairman of the local democrat committee accompanied the governor.

The opera house was filled to its capacity when chairman Joy called the meeting to order and introduced Hon. Chas. E. Downing, State Representative from this District. Other speakers were Congressman Samuel W. Beakes from the Second District, Carl Price of Alabama, Judge Hanley of Detroit, Mr. Bresnahan, candidate for Prosecuting Attorney from Wayne county, and Governor Ferris himself, in whom the chief interest of the meeting centered. The governor spoke for about forty minutes and discussed the various questions of state affairs. His remarks were listened to with close attention and he was frequently interrupted by bursts of applause. At the conclusion of his speech the governor and his party left for Detroit on a special car on the D. U. R. The local democrat committee left nothing undone to make the meeting a splendid success and gave the governor a royal reception. The stage decorations were fine and reflect much credit upon those who had this feature in charge.

Mr. and Mrs. Zenas Blakely of Toledo, and Mrs. Walter Wingard of Wayne, were called here this week on account of the death of Oliver Wingard.

Mrs. Geo. Wilkinson of Chicago, and Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Addison and children of Toledo, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Conrad Springer the latter part of last week and over Sunday. Miss Iva Jackson and Howard Shipley were quietly married in Detroit last Tuesday. Mr. and Mrs. Shipley will make their home for the winter with Mrs. Geo. Peterhans in north village.

The Plymouth and Northville Gas Co. have commenced the excavating for the new gas plant here. The new building will be built of brick and will be 35x77 feet. Adrian Anderson has the contract. The laying of gas mains on the streets of the village will commence within a few days.

High School Entertainment

The High School has secured the Alabama Jubilee Singers for a concert to be given at the opera house on Thursday evening, November 5th. This concert is not to be compared with the cheap light concerts, but is strictly high-class and first-class. There will be no "soon" songs, ragtime or vaudeville. Neither will there be any operatic gymnastics, but the concert will consist of the old plantation melodies, Negro camp-meeting songs and lullabies and sketches from Paul Laurence Dunbar, the Negro poet. It is interesting, amusing and instructive. About twenty typical Negro songs by Prof. James A. Dooley, principal of the Southern Normal and Industrial College of Brewton, Alabama, and his family the Dooley Quintette, who are well known and come highly recommended. Tickets 15c and 25c.

Epworth League Banquet

The seventh annual banquet of the Epworth League will be held Tuesday evening, November 24th in the new banquet hall of the M. E. church. In view of the fact that this will be a social dedication of the new addition, the committees have exerted extremely great efforts to secure the finest talent in the state to appear on the program. In spite of the pronounced success that these banquets have acquired in former years, this is to be the best that has ever been offered to the Plymouth public. We will have with us Eddie Guest the popular humorist, Dr. M. S. Rice of the North Woodward M. E. church, Dr. C. H. Allen, Supt. Detroit District, and Judge Hulbert of the probate court. Also in the musical line we have secured Signor Bartolotta, the famous Italian tenor, accompanied by Miss Arbutus Wolf. Ticket announcements in next week's Mail.

Death of Oliver Wingard

Oliver Wingard passed away Tuesday evening, at Harper hospital, where he was taken only a few days ago for an operation. Although Mr. Wingard has been in failing health for several months, his death came as a great shock to his friends here. The deceased is survived by his wife, one son, Russell, two sisters and many friends. The funeral services will take place from his late residence this (Friday) afternoon at two o'clock. Rev. Joseph Dutton will take charge of the service. Interment in Riverside cemetery.

A Marvelous Escape.
"My little boy had a marvelous escape," writes P. F. Bastians of Prince Albert, Cape of Good Hope. "It occurred in the middle of the night. He got a very severe attack of cramp. As luck would have it, I had a large bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in the house. After following the directions for an hour and twenty minutes he was through all danger." Sold by all dealers.—Adv.

J. W. BLICKENSTAFF & CO.'S DRUG STORE

Phone us your Drug Wants. "The Nyal Store" We deliver to all parts of the village free of charge.

Special Sale, Saturday, Oct. 31st

White Pine and Red Spruce Compound for coughs and colds, 25c bottles Saturday for 17c.

Milk Emulsion, very beneficial to stomach and bowel trouble. 50c bottle Saturday for 30c.

MENTHOLATUM 25c jar Saturday for 18c

Liquid Tar Shampoo, a fragrant preparation for general toilet use and shampooing. 25c bottles Saturday for 15c.

Wyal's Face Cream with Peroxide. Superior non-greasy nourishing skin tone, soon absorbed, leaves no shine. 2 oz. jar 25c. 4 oz. jar 50c.

Moorland Bouquet Face Powder natural or white. 25c box Saturday for 15c.

Go to Blickenstaff's to Buy your Drugs Right "THE NYAL STORE" Open Every Night and Sunday

The Last Shot

FREDERICK PALMER

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SYNOPSIS.

At their home on the frontier between the Browns and the Grays, Colonel Westering of the Grays, and Captain Lanstron, chief intelligence officer of the Browns, are talking over the war. The Browns, who are in the lead, are being urged to give up the fight. The Grays, who are being urged to give up the fight, are being urged to give up the fight.

CHAPTER III—Continued.

"You think I am joking?" she asked. "Why, yes!"

"But I am not! No, no, not about such a ghastly subject as a war today!" She was leaning toward him, hands on knees and eyes burning like coals without a spark. "I—she paused as she had before she broke out with the first prophecy—"I will quote part of our children's oath: 'I will not be a coward. It is a coward who strikes first. A brave man even after he receives a blow tries to reason with his assailant, and does not strike back until he receives a second blow. I shall not let a burglar drive me from my house. If an enemy tries to take my land I shall appeal to his sense of justice and reason with him, but if he then persists I shall fight for my home. If I am victorious I shall not try to take his land but to make the most of my own. I shall never cross a frontier to kill my fellowmen.'"

Very impressive she made the oath. Her deliberate recital of it had the quality which justifies every word with an urgent faith.

"You see, with that teaching there can be no war," she proceeded, "and those who strike will be weak; those who defend will be strong."

"Perhaps," he said. "You would not like to see thousands, hundreds of thousands, of men killed and maimed, would you?" she demanded, and her eyes held the horror of the sight in reality. "You can prevent it—you can!" Her heart was in the appeal.

"The old argument! No, I should not like to see that," he replied. "I only do my duty as a soldier to my country."

"The old answer! The more reason why you should tell the premier you can't! But there is still another reason for telling him," she urged gently. "Now he saw her not at twenty-seven but at seventeen, girlish, the subject of no processes of reason but in the spell of an intuition, and he knew that something out of the blue in a flash was coming.

"For you will not win!" she declared. "This struck her. Square jaw and sturdy body, in masculine energy, resolute and trained, were set indomitably against feminine vitality.

"Yes, we shall win! We shall win!" he said without even the physical demonstration of gesture and in a hard, even voice which was like that of the machinery of modern war itself, a voice which the aristocratic wife, the Louis XVI curts, or any of the old gasp-and-stand heroes would have thought utterly lacking in histrionics suitable to the occasion. He remained rigid after he had spoken, handsome, self-possessed.

"There was no use of beating families into submission against a stone wall. The force of the male was supreme. She smiled with a strange, quivering blossoming of the lips. She spread out her hands with fingers apart, as if to let something run free from them into the air, and the flame of appeal that had been in her eyes broke into many lights that seemed to scatter into space, yet ready to return at her command. She glanced at the clock and gasp, almost abruptly.

"I was very strenuous riding my hobby against you, wasn't I?" she exclaimed in a flutter of distraction that made it easy for him to descend from his own stool. "I stated a feeling. I made a guess, a threat about your winning—and all in the air. That's a woman's privilege; she men grant, isn't it?"

"We enjoy doing so," he replied, all amiability. "Thank you!" she said simply. "I must be at home in time for the children's lesson on Sunday. My sleeper is engaged, and if I am not to miss the train I must go immediately."

With an undeniable shock of regret he realized that the interview was over. Really, he had had a very good time; not only that, but—

"Will it be ten years before we meet again?" he asked.

"Perhaps, unless you change the rules about officers crossing the frontier to take tea," she replied.

"Even if I did, the vice-chief of staff might hardly go."

"Then perhaps you must wait," she warned him, "until the teachers of peace have done away with all frontiers."

"Or, if there were war, I should expect to be answered in kind. He half smiled, but this night started another thought, and she would miss her peace."

"But she made no reply. "And you may come to the Gray capital again. You are not through traveling!" she added.

"This aroused her afresh; the same was back in her eyes. "Yes, I have all the memories of my forefathers to enjoy, all their lessons to study," she said. "There is the big world, and you want to have had the best of all its climates in your lungs, the vision of all its people, your feet on the soil of all its three acres and a cow."

It is in the soil of your three acres. I love to feel the warm, rich earth of our own garden in my hands! Hereafter I shall be a stay-at-home; and if my children win," she held out her hand in parting with the same frank, earnest grip of her greeting, "why, you will find that tea is, as usual, at four-thirty."

He had found the women of his high official world—a narrower world than he realized—much alike. Striking certain keys, certain chords responded. He could probe the depths of their minds, he thought, in a single evening. Then he passed on, unless it was in the interest of pleasure or of his career to linger. This meeting had left his curiosity baffled. He understood how Maria's vitality demanded action, which exerted itself in a feminine way for a feminine cause. The cure for such a fad was most clear to his masculine perception. What if all the power she had shown in her appeal for peace could be made to serve another ambition? He knew that he was a great man. More than once he had wondered what would happen if he were to meet a great woman. And he should not see Maria Galland again unless war came.

CHAPTER IV.

Times Have Changed. The 53d of the Browns had started for La Tir on the same day that the 128th of the Grays had started for South La Tir. While the 128th was going to new scenes, the 53d was returning to familiar ground. It had detoured in the capital of the province from which its ranks had been recruited. After a steep incline, there was a welcome bugle note and with shouts of delight the centipede's legs broke apart! Bankers, laborers, doctors, valets, butchers, manufacturers and judges' sons threw themselves down on the greenward of the embankment to rest. With their talk of home, of relatives whom they had met at the station, and of the changes in the town was mingled talk of the crisis.

Meanwhile, an aged man was approaching. At times he would break into a kind of trot that ended, after a few steps, in shortness of breath. He was quite withered, his bright eyes twinkling out of an area of moth patches, and he wore a frayed uniform coat with a medal on the breast.

"Is this the 53d?" he quavered to the nearest soldier. "It certainly is!" some one answered. "Come and join us, veteran!" "Is Tom—Tom Fragin here?"

The answer came from a big soldier, who sprang to his feet and leaped toward the old man.

"It's grandfather, as I live!" he called out, kissing the veteran on both cheeks. "I saw sister in town, and she said you'd be at the gate as we marched by."

"Didn't wait at no gate! Marched right up to you!" said grandfather. "Marched up with my uniform and medal on! Stand off there, Tom, so I can see you. My word! You're bigger than your father, but not bigger than I was! No, sir, not bigger than I was in my day before that wound sort of bent me over. They say it's the lead in the blood. I've still got the bullet!"

The old man's trousers were threadbare but well darned, and the holes in the uppers of his shoes were carefully patched. He had a merry air of optimism, which his grandson had inherited.

"Well, Tom, how much longer you got to serve?" asked grandfather. "Six months," answered Tom. "One, two, three, four—grandfather counted the numbers off on his fingers. "That's good. You'll be in time for the spring ploughing. My, how you have dived out! But, somehow, I can't get used to this kind of uniform. Why, I don't see how a girl'd be attracted to you fellows, at all!"

"They have to, for we're the only kind of soldiers there are nowadays. Not as gay as in your day, that's sure, when you were in the Hussars—eh?" "Yes, I was in the Hussars—in the Hussars! I tell you with our sabres gleaming, our horses' bits a-jingling, our pennons a-flying, and all the color of our uniforms—tell you, the girls used to open their eyes at us. And we went into the charge like that—yes, sir, just that gay and grand. Colonel Galland leading!"

Military history said that it had been a rather foolish charge, a fine example of the vainglory of unreasoning bravery that accomplishes nothing, but no one would suggest such skepticism of an humorous event in popular imagination in hearing of the old man as he lived over that intoxicated rush of horses and men into a battery of the Grays.

"Well, didn't you find what I said was true about the lowlanders?" asked grandfather after he had finished the charge, referring to the people of the southern frontier of the Browns, where the 53d had just been garrisoned.

"No, I kind of liked them. I made a lot of friends," admitted Tom. "They're very progressive."

"Ah, eh? You're joking!" To like the people of the southern frontier was only less conceivable than liking the people of the Grays. "That's because you didn't see deep under them. They're all on the outside—a slightly lank! Why, if they'd done their part in that last war they'd have licked the Grays until they cried for mercy! If their army corps had stood its ground at Valmer—"

"You've always said," interrupted Tom.

"And the way they could tripel I can't stomach it, could you? And I don't see anything I am partial to it's been a kind of tripel. And their light blue—"

"But I sort of got used to their ways," said Tom.

"Eh, eh? Grandfather looked at grandson quizzically, seeking the cause of such heterodoxy in a northern man. "Say, you ain't been falling in love?" he asked. "You—you ain't going to bring one of them southern girls home?"

"No!" said Tom, laughing. "Well, I'm glad you ain't, for they're naturally light-minded. I remember 'em well." He wandered on with his questions and comments. "Is it a fact, Tom, or was you just joking when you wrote home that the soldiers took so many baths?"

"Yes, they do."

"Well, that beats me! It's a wonder you didn't die of pneumonia!" He paused to absorb the phenomenon. Then his half-childish mind, prompted by a random recollection, slipped to another subject which set him to giggling. "And the little crawlers—did they bother you much, the little crawlers?"

"The little crawlers?" repeated Tom, mystified. "Yes. Everybody used to get 'em just from living close together. Had to comb 'em out and pick 'em out of your clothes. The chase we used to call it."

"No, grandfather, crawlers have gone out of fashion. And no more epidemics of typhoid and dysentery either," said Tom.

"Times have certainly changed!" grumbled Grandfather Fragin. Interested in their own reunion, they had paid no attention to a group of Tom's comrades nearby, sprawled around a newspaper containing the latest dispatches from both capitals.

"Five million soldiers to our three million!" "Eighty million people to our fifty million!" "Because of the odds, they think we are bound to yield, no matter if we are in the right!"

"Let them come!" said the butcher's son. "If we have to go, it will be on a wave of blood."

"And they will come some time," said the judge's son. "They want our land."

"We gain nothing if we beat them back. War will be the ruin of business," said the banker's son.

"Yes, we are prosperous now. Let well enough alone!" said the manufacturer's son.

"Some say it makes wages higher," said the laborer's son, "but I am thinking it's a poor way of raising your pay."

"There won't be any war," said the banker's son. "There can't be without credit. The banking interests will not permit it."

"There can always be war," said the judge's son, "always when one people determines to strike at another people—even if it brings bankruptcy."

"It would be a war that would make all others in history a mere exchange of skirmishes. Every able-bodied man in line—automatics a hundred shots a minute—guns a dozen shots a minute—"

"—and aeroplanes and dirigibles!" said the manufacturer's son. "To the death, too!"

"And not for glory! We of the 53d who live on the frontier will be fighting for our homes."

"If we lose them we'll never get them back. Better die than be beaten!" Herbert Stranaky, with deep-set eyes, slightly squinting inward, and a heavy jaw, an enormous man who was the best shot in the company when he cared to be, had listened in silence to the others, his rather thick but expressive lips curving with cynicism. His only speech all the morning had been in the midst of the reception in the public square of the town when he said:

"This home-coming doesn't mean much to me. Home? Hell! The hedgerows of the world are my home!" He appeared older than his years, and hard and bitter, except when his eyes would light with a feverish sort of fire which shone as he broke into a lull in the talk.

"Comrades," he began. "Let us hear from the Socialist!" a Tory exclaimed. "No, the anarchist!" shouted a Socialist.

"There won't be any war!" said Stranaky, his voice gradually rising to the pitch of an agitator relishing the sensation of his own words. "Parliament is the played-out trick of the ruling classes to keep down the proletariat. There won't be any war! Why? Because there are too many frightened men on both sides who do the world's work. We of the 53d are a provincial lot, but throughout our army there are thousands upon thousands like me. They march, they drill, but when battle comes they will refuse to fight—any comrades in front of whom the flag of the 53d is hoisted."

"Hold on! The flag is sacred!" cried the banker's son. "Yes, that will do!" "Shut up!" Other voices formed a chorus of angry protest.

"I know you thought it; now I've caught you!" This from the sergeant, who had seen hard fighting against a savage foe in Africa and therefore was particularly bitter about the Bodilpoo affair. The welt of a soar on the gaunt, fever-yellowed cheek turned a deeper red as he seized Stranaky by the collar of the blouse.

Stranaky raised his free hand as if to strike, but paused as he faced the company's boyish captain, slender of figure, aristocratic of feature. His indignation was as evident as the sergeant's, but he was biting his lips to keep it under control.

"You heard what he said, sir?" "The latter part—enough!" "It's incitation to mutiny! An example!"

"Yes, put him under arrest." The sergeant still held fast to the collar of Stranaky's blouse. Stranaky could have shaken himself free, as a mastiff frees himself from a puppy, but this was resistance to arrest and he had not yet made up his mind to go that far. His muscles were weaving under the sergeant's grip, his eyes glowing as with volcanic fire waiting on the madness of impulse for eruption.

"I wonder if it is really worth while to put him under arrest?" said some one at the edge of the group in amiable inquiry. The voice came from an officer of about thirty-five, who apparently had strolled over from a nearby aeroplane station to look at the regiment. From his shoulder hung the gold cords of the staff. It was Col. Arthur Lanstron, whose plane had skimmed the Gallands' garden wall for the "easy bump" ten years ago. There was something more than mere titular respect in the way the young captain saluted—admiration and the diffident, boyish glance of recognition which does not presume to take the lead in recalling a slight acquaintance with a man of distinction.

"Dellarme! It's all of two years since we met at Miss Galland's, isn't it?" Lanstron said, shaking hands with the captain.

"Yes, just before we were ordered south," said Dellarme, obviously pleased to be remembered. "I overheard your speech," Lanstron continued, nodding toward Stranaky. "It was very informing."

A crowd of soldiers was now pressing around Stranaky, and in the front rank was Grandfather Fragin. "Said our flag was no better'n any other flag, did he?" piped the old man. "Beat him to a pulp! That's what the Hussars would have done."

"If you don't mind telling it in public, Stranaky, I should like to know your origin," said Lanstron, prepared to be as considerate of an anarchist's private feelings as of anybody's. Stranaky squinted his eyes down the bony bridge of his nose and grinned sardonically.

"That won't take long," he answered. "My father, so far as I could identify him, died in jail and my mother of drink."

"That was hardly to the purple!" observed Lanstron thoughtfully. "No, to the red!" answered Stranaky savagely.

"I mean that it was hardly inclined to make you take a roseate view of life as a beautiful thing in a well-ordered world where favors of fortune are evenly distributed," continued Lanstron.

"Rather to make me rejoice in the hope of a new order of things—the recreation of society!" Stranaky uttered the sentiment with the triumphant pride of a pupil who knows his text-book thoroughly.

"(TO BE CONTINUED.)"



Hubby Has Given Up His Porch Bunk and Wife is at a Loss to Understand Why.

Until recently Detective Sergeant Tim Bailey was a lover of mince pie. Today if anyone offered him a bakery full of mince pies he would turn on his heel and do a quick countermarch. Figuratively he has had his fill of the good old pastry.

At dinner time one day not long ago Bailey went into a little restaurant near the Hall of Justice. "Three boiled eggs, a cup of Java and a 12 by 14 wedge of mince pie," he told the waiter.

Bailey polished off the eggs and coffee in great haste, and then attacked the pie. He had just begun when a big black cat that had been reposing on the counter a few feet away awoke, stretched, struck at a vagrant fly with a chubby paw, and then leaped into the display window of the place. The window was laden with delicacies to allure the hungry passerby.

The first thing that Tabby made for was the remains of the pie that had been out for Bailey. Kitty's first bite was Bailey's last. He dropped his fork with a bang, reached for his hat and rushed up to the counter.

"See-y," he cried, "what are you running here, a restaurant or a banana club?" He paid his bill, and was away down the street before the dazed keeper of the place could catch his breath—New York Times.

Sharpen the Appetite. Jokohave (visiting Suburban)—"And you have a gastronomic, too. Well I put an edge on a dull appetite!" Suburban—"Certainly! If you turn the handle long enough."

On the other hand, with eggs at one cent a dozen, the ordinary egg should be a million.

By this time the excited commanding the regiment, who had noticed the excitement from a distance, appeared, forcing a gap for his passage through the crowd with sharp words. He, too, recognized Lanstron. After they had shaken hands, the colonel scowled as he heard the situation explained, with the old sergeant, still holding fast to Stranaky's collar, a capable and insistent witness for the prosecution; while Stranaky, the fire in his eyes dying to coals, stared straight ahead.

"It is only a suggestion, of course," said Lanstron, speaking quite as a spectator to avoid the least indication of interference with the colonel's authority, "but it seems possible that Stranaky has clothed his wrongs in a garb that could never set well on his nature if he tried to wear it in practice. He is really an individualist. Enraged, he would fight well. I should like nothing better than a force of Stranaky's if I had to defend a redoubt in a last stand."

"Yes, he might fight." The colonel looked hard at Stranaky's rigid profile, with his tight lips and chin as firm as if cut out of stone. "You never know who will fight in the pinch, they say. But that's speculation. It's the example that I have to deal with."

"He is not of the insidious, plotting type. He spoke his mind openly," suggested Lanstron. "If you give him the limit of the law, why, he becomes a martyr to persecution. I should say that his remarks might pass for back-rank grumbling."

"Very well," said the colonel, taking the shortest way out of the difficulty. "We will excuse the first offense."

"Yes, sir!" said the sergeant mechanically as he released his grip of the offender. "We had two anarchists in my company in Africa. He observed in loyal agreement with orders. They fought like devils. The only trouble was to keep them from shooting innocent natives for sport."

Stranaky's collar was still crumpled on the nape of his neck. He remained stock-still, staring down the bridge of his nose. For a full minute he did not vouchsafe so much as a glance upward over the change in his fortunes. Then he looked around at Lanstron gloweringly.

"I know who you are!" he said. "You were born in the purple. You have had education, opportunity, position—everything that you and your kind want to keep for your kind. You are smarter than the others. You would hang a man with spider webs instead of hemp. But I won't fight for you. No, I won't!"

He threw back his head with a determination in his defiance so intense that it had a certain kind of dignity that freed it of theatrical affectation.

"Yes, I was fortunate; but perhaps nature was not altogether unkind to you," said Lanstron. "In Napoleonic times, Stranaky, I think you might even have carried a marshal's baton in your knapsack."

"You—what rot!" A sort of triumph played around Stranaky's full lips and his jaw shot out challengingly. "No, never against my comrades on the other side of the border!" he concluded, his dogged stare returning.

Now the colonel gave the order to fall in; the bugle sounded and the centipede's legs began to assemble on the road. But Stranaky remained a statue, his rifle untouched on the sword. He seemed of a mind to let the regiment go on without him.

"Stranaky, fall in!" called the sergeant.

Still Stranaky did not move. A comrade picked up the rifle and fairly thrust it into his hands.

"Come on, Bert, and knead dough with the rest of us!" he whispered. "Come on! Cheer up!" Evidently his comrades liked Stranaky.

"No!" roared Stranaky, bringing the rifle down on the ground with a heavy blow.

General Markets. Lemons—California, \$4.50@5 per box. Oranges—Valencias, \$3.50@4 per box. Pineapples—Florida, \$4@4.50 per case. Cranberries—\$5.50@5.75 per bbl, \$2 per bu. Apples—\$1.50@2.50 per bbl and 50 @75c per bu. Coconuts—\$4.50@4.75 per sack and 75c per doz. California Fruits—Grapes, \$1.15@1.25 per box. Pears—Bartlett's, \$1.75@2 per bu; sugar pears, 50@75c per bu. Grapes—Blue, 15@16c; Niagara, 18 @20c; Delaware, 20@22c per 8-lb basket. Tomatoes—80c@1 per bu. Chestnuts—10@12c per lb. Cabbage—Home-grown, 75c@1 per bbl. Dressed Calves—Fancy, 16c; common, 10@11c per lb. Onions—70c per 100 lbs in bulk and 80@85c per 100 lbs in sacks. Sweet Potatoes—Virginia, \$2.40@2.50 per bbl and \$1 per bu; Jersey, \$3.50@3.60 per bbl and \$1.25 per bu. Potatoes—Carlots, 45@48c per bu in bulk and 50c per bu in sacks. Cheese—Wholesals lots: Michigan flats, 14@14 1/2c; New York flats, 16 1/2@15 3/4c; brick, 13 1/2@14; Hamburger, 12@13c; imported Swiss, 30@32c; domestic Swiss, 20@21c; long horns, 14 1/2@15c; daisies, 14 1/2@15c per lb. Live Poultry—Broilers, 13@13 1/2c per lb; heavy hens, 13@14c; medium hens, 11@12c; No. 2 hens, 10@11c; old roosters, 11c; ducks, 14@14 1/2c; young ducks, 14@14 1/2c; geese, 13 1/2 @14c; turkeys, 19@20c per lb. Honey—Choice to fancy new white comb, 15@16c; amber, 10@11c; extracted, 6@7c per lb. Hides—No. 1 cured, 16c; No. 1 green, 12c; No. 1 cured bulls, 13c; No. 1 green bulls, 10c; No. 1 cured veal kip, 16c; No. 1 cured veal kip, 14c; No. 4 cured murrain, 12c; No. 1 green murrain, 10c; No. 1 cured calf, 12 1/2c; No. 1 green calf, 11c; No. 2 horsehides, \$4.50; No. 3 horsehides, \$3.50; No. 2 hides 1c and No. 2 kip and calf 1 1/2c lower than the above; sheepskins as an amount of wool, 25@30c.

MARKET QUOTATIONS

Live Stock, Grain and General Farm Produce.

Live Stock. DETROIT—Cattle: Receipts, 1,735; market for canners steady; all others 25@50c lower and dull; best heavy steers, \$8; best handy weight steers, \$7.50@7.75; mixed steers and heifers, \$6.50@7; handy light butchers, \$6.25 @6.75; light butchers, \$5@6.25; best cows, \$6@6.25; butchers cows, \$5 @5.50; common cows, \$4.50@5; canners, \$3.50@4.50; best heavy bulls, \$6 @6.25; bologna bulls, \$5.25@5.50; stock bulls, \$4.75@5; feeders, \$3.50@7; stockers, \$5.50@6; milkers and springers, \$4@6. Veal calves: Receipts, 378; market steady; best, \$10@11.25; others, \$7 @8.50. Sheep and lambs: Receipts, 6,075; market steady; best lambs, \$7.50; fair lambs, \$7@7.35; light to common lambs, \$6@6.75; fair to good sheep, \$4@4.75.

EAST BUFFALO—Cattle—Receipts 6,200; market slow, 15@20c lower; choice to prime native shipping steers, 1,250 to 1,500 lbs. \$9.35@9.75; fair to good do, \$8.65@9; plain and coarse, \$7.75@8; Canadian steers, 1,300 to 1,450 lbs., \$8@8.15; do, 1,100 to 1,200 lbs., \$7.50@7.75, choice to prime handy steers, \$8.25@8.50; fair to good, \$7.25 @7.50; light common, \$7@7.15; yearlings, \$8@8.75; prime fat heifers, \$7.50 @7.75; good butchers' heifers, \$7.50 @7.75; light do, \$5.75@6.25; best heavy fat cows, \$6.25@6.75; good butchers' cows, \$5.50@5.75; canners, \$3.25@3.75 cutters, \$4@4.50; best feeders, \$7.25 @7.50; good do, \$6.25@6.50; best stockers, \$5.50@6.75; common to good, \$5.50 @6; best bulls, \$6.75@7.35; good killing bulls, \$6@6.50; stock and medium bulls, \$5@6; milkers and springers, \$35@50. Hogs—Receipts, 19,000; market 10c lower; heavy and-yorkers, \$7.65@7.70, pigs, \$7.50@7.60. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 17,000; market 15@25c lower; top lambs, \$7.75 @7.85; yearlings, \$6@6.50; wethers, \$6.50@6.75; ewes, \$5@5.25. Calves slow; tops, \$11.25; fair to good, \$9.50@10.50; grassers, \$4@5.50.

Grains Etc. DETROIT—Wheat—Cash No. 2 red, \$1.13 1/2; December opened without change at \$1.17 1/2; advanced to \$1.19 and closed at \$1.18 1/2; May opened at \$1.24 1/2, advanced to \$1.26 and closed at \$1.25 3/4; No. 1 white, \$1.10 1/2; No. 2 mixed, 6c at \$1.09. Corn—Cash No. 3, 75c; No. 3 yellow, 2c at 76 3/4c; 2 at 77c; No. 4 yellow, 75c. Oats—Standard, 3 cars at 50 1/2c, closing at 51c; No. 3 white, 3 cars at 50c, closing at 50 1/2c; No. 4 yellow, 49 1/2c. Rye—Cash No. 2, 91c. Beans—Immediate, prompt and October shipment, \$2.15; November, \$2.20. Cloverseed—Prime spot, \$3; December, \$9.15; March, \$9.35; sample red, 36 bags at \$8.25, 17 at \$7.75, 12 at \$7.25 prime alsike, \$8.60; standard alsike, 12 bags at \$7.50. Timothy—Prime spot, \$2.60. Alfalfa—Prime spot, \$9.25. Hay—Carlots, track Detroit: No. 1 timothy, \$16@16.50; No. 2 timothy, \$14@14.50; No. 3 timothy, \$11@12; No. 1 mixed, \$12@12.50; No. 2 clover, \$11@12; rye straw, \$7.50@8; wheat and oat straw, \$7@7.50 per sack. Flour—in one-eighth paper sacks, per 196 lbs, jobbing lots: Best patent, \$6; second patent, \$5.50; straight, \$5; spring patent, \$6.20; rye flour, \$5.80 per bbl. Feed—in 100-lb sacks, jobbing lots: Bran, \$4; standard middlings, \$2; fine middlings, \$3; coarse cornmeal, \$3; cracked corn, \$32; corn, and oat chop, \$28 per ton.

WHY NOT TRY POPHAM'S ASTHMA MEDICINE. Give Popham's Asthma Medicine a Trial. Case, Sold by Druggists. Price \$1.00. Trial Package by Mail 75c. WILLIAMS' MFG. CO., Props., Cleveland, O.

LAUGHTER WILL COME BACK

World is Not Always to Stagger Under the Overwhelming Desolation of the War.

Some people wonder why theaters are running during the awful world tragedy which is being enacted in Europe. The reason why they ought to run is well stated by John Palmer in the Saturday Review:

"Let the theater still exist to remind us that the war will pass; that laughter will come back to the world; that art will one day be restored; that we shall not always stand at the edge of ruin; that it is not necessary to dwell forever with grave faces, self-consciously in the shadow of distress. Thereby we shall help to keep our country in sane mind and good heart in these coming days and destroy in its cradle the infant assumption of our entertainers that one theme alone is able at this time to possess us."

"This war will never, so long as it lasts, be in a less degree the commanding factor of our lives. But we need not, therefore, act like stunned creatures and play continually with one fixed idea. We have to keep our sense of proportion. We must hold on to our humor and keep it bright, and the theater is going to continue, must help us in this."

How Unreasonable! Many business men actually believe that spelling ought to be an accomplishment of the average college graduate. A young bachelor of arts was recently put to work running a small printing press in the back room of a banker's office. He was to set up and print a number of circulars to be sent out to customers of the house.

When the work was finished, it was found to differ decidedly from the standards of spelling set by the late Messrs. Webster and Worcester. The young man was summoned to an audience with his chief. The interview was not pleasant, and the young man showed as much by his face when he rejoined the rest of the office force.

"What's the matter, John?" someone asked him. "Matter enough," replied John. "The boss expects an educated man to spell just like a blooming stenographer." Youth's Companion.

Proof Positive. "Hold on a minute," said a man to his party over the telephone, "central's on the line." "I ain't either!" exclaimed the indignant central.

Don't try to convince a mule that he is stubborn. He knows it.

Count the Cost!

Men who watch their pennies are learning that FATIMA gives them a chance to enjoy 20 real 15 cent cigarettes at a price only slightly more than they pay for 10

MRS. THOMSON TELLS WOMEN

How She Was Helped During Change of Life by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Philadelphia, Pa.—"I am just 52 years of age and during Change of Life I suffered for six years terribly. I tried several doctors but none seemed to give me any relief. Every month the pains were intense in both sides, and made me so weak that I had to go to bed. At last a friend recommended Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to me and I tried it at once and found much relief. After that I had no pains at all and could do my housework and shopping the same as always. For years I have praised Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for what it has done for me, and shall always recommend it as a woman's friend. You are at liberty to use my letter in any way."—Mrs. THOMSON, 649 W. Rensselaer St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Change of Life is one of the most critical periods of a woman's existence. Women everywhere should remember that there is no other remedy known to carry women so successfully through this trying period as Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential), Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

READERS of this paper desiring to see the contents of the enclosed upon their own paper, please send them to the publisher, retaining all rights of publication.

Money for Christmas. Selling guaranteed wear-proof hosiery to friends & neighbors. Big Xmas business. Wear-Proof Millie, 3200 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.—Adv.

Designation Needed. Will not Professor Lounsbury, Ambrose Bierce, Mr. Herrick or some other watchdog of the linguistic treasury, invent some word to designate accurately an assemblage of persons who go to see a moving picture show. "Audience" is presumably taboo for such a company, and "crowd" doesn't sound right or natural, while "assemblage" and "company" are wide of the mark. Probably the scope of the commonly accepted and familiar "audience" will have to be extended for the purpose.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar-coated, tiny granules. Easy to take as candy. Adv.

Bringing the News. As evidence of the upside-down conditions of the world (writes "H.") I notice in this morning's paper Bordeaux news wired from Stockholm. Detroug news wired from New York. Bucharest news wired from Rome, and Berlin news wired from Saloniki. In due course I expect to hear from Spitzbergen that Shackleton has reached the South pole.—Manchester Guardian.

Smile on wash day. That's when you use Red Cross Ball Blue. Clothes whiter than snow. All grocers. Adv.

Too Much Style. "Why did you leave your boarding house?"

"My landlady was too formal." "That's a singular reason." "You see, it was this way. She put on so many airs that I kept forgetting she was my landlady and not my hostess. At the end of a week she had me so badly bluffed I was afraid to ask for a second helping."

A man's best friend is a woman who can keep him from making a fool of himself.

FORGOT THE PAST

By JOHN ECCLES.

(Copyright, 1914, by W. G. Chapman.) At first John Charlton had eaten out his heart in loneliness; then, as the weeks slipped into months, he grew reconciled to his fate. He could never hope to return to England. He had been accused of forging his father's name to a check.

His elder brother, the heir to the estate, was the culprit. His brother's wife had come to John and pleaded, with tears in her eyes, that she assume the guilt. Everybody would suspect her, she said frankly, because of his recklessness and improvidence. There was a girl—Amy Nairn; she had looked favorably on the young man, and he had been wildly in love with her. But then John Charlton was never able to resist a woman's pleading. And his sister-in-law had taken him at a weak moment.

The upshot was that John went into exile. He had pleaded with Amy to share his lot, and she had laughed first; then, when he told her that he was accused of forgery, her pretty brows contracted and she had indignantly dismissed him.

So John had settled down to farming in Jamaica, with the small sum his father gave him. John often fancied the old baronet underfoot, but if he did, he gave no sign. He shook hands with John; and so they parted in silence.

That was four years ago, and at first John's heart had overflowed with anguish. Time and again he had been tempted to write to Amy, explaining matters to her. But he refrained. And at last he ceased to think of the past, except in the desolate hours of midnight.

Then Haldee came into his life—Haldee, the only child of the rich Creole plantation owner, with her soft ways and winning innocence. The old

"Elr John, allow me to present you to some of your old friends," the secretary was saying.

And John, still wandering in London in May; with his nostrils full of the sweet scent of hyacinths in the parks, was brought back to consciousness of the dreary perfumes of the ballroom by seeing his sister-in-law and—Amy.

He found himself bowing mechanically, just as though he had only left them the day before. He looked into Amy's face. What had there ever been in that woman, to whom he had given all the passion of a first love? He had dreamed of her three years till Haldee came into his life, this red-cheeked English girl, with the faint smile and the worldly face. How far away his past life seemed all of a sudden!

"John," his sister-in-law was saying, "won't you come out with us upon the veranda? I have something to tell you."

John followed the ladies outside. He was leaning against the veranda rail now, and his sister-in-law's words were buzzing in his head.

"You acted a very noble part, John," she said. "We—the family—shall never cease to be grateful to you. Few men would have done as much for their brothers. But after poor Arthur's death the lawyer went through his papers. He was a dreadful man, Mr. Smeaton, one of those mutton-whiskered Puritanical men who think that everything irregular is a crime. He found in your brother's desk a written, signed confession and insisted that it should be made public to the world."

John remembered Mr. Smeaton, a kindly old man who had always taken an interest in him. So Smeaton was unexpectably to retrieve his honor.

"We begged and pleaded, John, but nothing could move him," his sister-in-law continued. "We even offered him three thousand pounds to hush up the matter, but it wouldn't do. The old wretch threatened to make the tale public himself unless we did. So it had to be done, John." She sighed.

"Well, you can guess what a row there was in England, especially as you are now the heir to the property. In fact, things got so hot that I found it best to take a holiday in some place where the rumors hadn't got busy yet. Amy promised to come with me, and she has kept her word. You know you and Amy were always good friends, John. So now I shall leave you two together to talk over old times."

The woman was gone, and John stood unsteadily against the railing, looking into the hard, worldly face of Amy Nairn. How could he ever have loved her? How could he? How could he? He could not answer his own question.

"John, I am so sorry," said Amy, putting out her hand. John took it and it felt cold and cat-like in his own.

"John," whispered Amy, "do you remember what you asked me that night before you came away? I have never forgotten, John. And I am so sorry for our misunderstanding. I have often thought of you, John."

He would have liked to have thrust his fist into the woman's face. What a deliverance his had been! But Amy was singularly obtuse.

"I will admit," she said, "that my motives in accompanying your sister-in-law were not altogether altruistic, John. In fact, I—I—I wanted to see you again." She looked down and shuffled her feet in simulated confession. Amy had singularly pretty feet—almost as pretty as Haldee's—and she had always been aware of the fact.

"And now I've said as much as I dare, John," she added, raising her eyes to his.

"I am sorry," said John, bowing. "Sorry, John?"

"That you should have made this long journey for nothing. I cannot marry you."

"How dare you!" she exclaimed, with flaming cheeks. "Has Jamaica made a brute of you, John?"

"No, a man," he answered. "When I go to England I shall take my wife with me. You see, we are to be married before the end of the month, Amy."

His last picture of her was seeing the sudden cat-like cruelty flame into her face and eyes as she stood, sphinx-like, against the rail. But the picture faded within a moment. For the air was full of the sweetness of a Jamaica night, and John was riding home to his bride-to-be—Haldee.

No Harm Done. Her friends had asked their young hostess to play for them, and she was performing a difficult selection from Wagner. In the midst of it she suddenly stopped in confusion.

"What's the matter?" asked one of the visitors.

"I—I struck a false note," faltered the performer.

"Well, what of it?" cried another guest. "Go ahead. Nobody but Wagner would ever know it, and he's dead."—Ladies' Home Journal.

For Aching Feet. One of the best remedies for aching of the feet is resting the muscles in the soles of the feet by changing the shoes frequently. Every pair of shoes is cut from a different last and the tread will be varied with every change of the shoes. Bathing the feet with either very hot or very cold water, wiping them dry and then rubbing them with spirits of camphor will cool the feet and remove the aching.

Bunker Language. The daughter of a very prominent Liberal statesman is telling this story against herself, says the London Daily Sketch. She was fossling round the timber North Berwick way, accompanied by an elderly outspoken male. "Do you think I'm improving in my game at all, Sandy?" she remarked, casually. "No, I don't see you as far as to say that, Sandy, but we've got a guide trip," he answered.

Little Stern Command. This stern command must come to the aid of the perplexed fact: "Stand up and do your medicine—don't play the baby act."

Wolverine News Brevities

Ann Arbor.—There is a great deal of satisfaction on the Michigan campus over the fact that the regents have approved a petition of Albion college to co-operate with Michigan university in an engineering course, which will include five years of study all told, the first three years being taken in Albion, upon successful completion of the first engineering year here, the student will be granted an A. B. from Albion and will return to Michigan for his fifth year, upon the completion of which he will get his bachelor of science in engineering degree from Michigan.

Port Huron.—The steamer Robert L. Fryer is held in Bella river at Marine City and efforts to release her have so far been without result. The Fryer was being towed out of the river by one of the Reid tug when she caught between the sunken wreck of the steamer Tampa and a submerged pile. The steamer, which was partially burned last spring, has been sold to parties in Winnipeg and was to have been fitted out preparatory to making the trip to a Lake Superior port. Several tugs are at work on her.

Linden.—Herbert Hoxie was shot and robbed of \$32 on the highway five miles south of Flint. Hoxie alighted and was placing side curtains on his buggy when a man with a gun ordered him to put up his hands. Thinking it was a joke Hoxie continued to place the curtains and was fired upon, the bullet causing a slight flesh wound in his neck. He then submitted to a search conducted by two men. Mrs. Hoxie held \$10 and her diamond ring under the cushion and was not molested. The robbers escaped.

Howell.—Isaac Stowe, eighty-four years old, father of Probate Judge E. A. Stowe of Howell, and former state representative in 1874, died at his home in Isocot township. He came to Michigan with his parents from Vermont when six years old. He was for many years supervisor from Isocot township and was secretary of the Livingston Mutual Fire Insurance company. Funeral services with Masonic rites will be held at Isocot and the burial will take place at Howell.

Kalamazoo.—After fighting the state board of charities and corrections for years, the board of supervisors gave in and voted to expend \$12,000 on the county jail. The jail has been condemned yearly and the board always has fought every effort to have it repaired. A few months ago the state board advised the supervisors that if the jail was not repaired it must be allowed.

Sault Ste. Marie.—Persistent rumors are afloat that an aeroplane rises every night from a point south-west of Sault Ste. Marie and sails over the rapids to the Canadian locks. There is a strict military guard at the locks and Austro-German prisoners are being held in the Canadian Soo. Members of the Canadian militia have been instructed to fire at any aeroplane.

Kalamazoo.—There will be no wedding bells for Tille Vic at present. A few days ago Martin Hiam-bols obtained a marriage license to wed the young woman. She returned the license to the county clerk's office declaring that she did not intend to wed him and wanted the license destroyed.

East Lansing.—To reduce the expenses of M. A. C. students, President Snyder in his annual report to the state board of agriculture recommended that a bakery, meat room and storehouse be provided. He estimates the cost at not more than \$8,000.

Lansing.—According to reports current at the state house, an effort will be made at the next session of the legislature to transfer the work of compiling vital statistics from the secretary of state's department to the state board of health.

Manistee.—With a record-breaking fruit crop and a below-normal demand, canning factories in this section are running day and night to take advantage of the low prices. Grapes are the only fruit being shipped out in any quantity.

Fenton.—Aviator O. E. Williams of Scranton, Pa., made a slight over Fenton in his aeroplane, accompanied by a guest. He rose from Woodhull Landing and passed over the village at a height of about two thousand feet.

Hillsdale.—George Mason, eight-seventeen, died at the home of his son, W. G. Mason, known as "Big Mason," who has a nation-wide reputation as a Y. M. C. A. worker.

Lansing.—An effort to have the next legislature strengthen the state arena laws will be made by the fire marshal's department.

Lansing.—The annual report of State Land Commissioner A. C. Carlton shows that the state owns 606,037 acres of land in Michigan, of which 275,080 acres constitute permanent forestry reserves. Although very little land was sold by the state last year, the average price received per acre was \$7.55.

Flint.—Rev. S. O. Landis announced his resignation as pastor of the Central Christian church of this city. He will become an evangelist for the Church of Christ with Ohio, Indiana, Iowa and Michigan as his territory.

Holland.—Lucas Deweed, a retired farmer living north of Holland, has taken out a license to wed Miss Laura Smith of Bangor. Mr. Deweed is more than eighty years old and the bride-to-be is thirty-one years of age. Several years ago Deweed won distinction as a long-distance walker, making a trip from Texas to Michigan on foot.

Grand Rapids.—At the request of Humane Officer Randolph, Prosecuting Attorney DeWitt issued an order denying Henry Frazier, a hobo, the privilege of carrying a live bear with him in his trunk.

WINCHESTER Self-Loading Shotgun 12 GAUGE, 5 SHOTS

The recoil reloads this gun. You simply pull the trigger for each shot. This new gun is safe, strong and simple. It has all the good points of other recoil-operated shotguns, and many improvements besides. Among them are Nickel steel construction and a reloading system that requires no change for different loads.

It's the Fowling Gun Par Excellence

NAVY'S LAST WOODEN SHIP

Relic of the Old Type of War Vessel Passes to New Jersey's Naval Militia.

The Adams, the last of the old wooden ships of the United States navy, which from 1908 until last fall was the training ship of the Pennsylvania State Nautical school, has been turned over to the New Jersey naval militia for their cruise off the Maine coast, we read in the Philadelphia Ledger.

This relic of the "old navy" is one of the most picturesque ships now afloat. Bark rigged, with her towering masts and high black topsides and the guns peering through her ports, she is an object of admiration and curiosity in every port she visits.

She was built in 1874. Until June, 1899, when she went to Samoa, she had an uneventful existence. During the controversy with Germany she was the sole defender of the American flag in that territory. She then was sent to the Pacific coast, and in 1894 went ashore in Bering strait. She was scuttled, repaired, and brought back to the United States. She then went out of commission, until 1908, when she was turned over to the Pennsylvania State Nautical school.

The Result. "I made the dressmaker take out a lot of stitches in my waist." "Til bet she was ripping mad."

"There's a Reason"

You may have small care what the reason is, so long as your food really nourishes your body and keeps your brain healthy, active and a money-maker.

But when signs of nervous prostration set in, you want to know why you can get sure help from

Grape-Nuts

FOOD

A 10-days' trial usually brings improvement in body and mind, and the experience will show

"There's a Reason"

Grocers everywhere sell Grape-Nuts.



"And Now I've Said as Much as I Dare, John!"

man would have been well content to have John for a son-in-law without asking any questions. He knew that John was cold-blooded by the Kingston aristocracy, that he was omitted from invitations to the governor's balls and dinners. But he did not care. John was a good manager, and Haldee loved him.

So, four years after John's arrival, they became engaged. The marriage was to take place in a month's time. Then it was that something happened.

John Charlton received an invitation to the ball at the government house.

He stared incredulously at the engraved invitation note, for it was the same governor who had always cold-shouldered him. However, he went.

Perhaps it was because he wanted Haldee to take her rightful place in Jamaica society; perhaps it was merely his longing to look upon the faces of his own kind again. John went, and when he entered the ballroom and saw the men of his rank, and the women in evening dress, his heart leaped in his breast. Haldee suddenly seemed like somebody very distant and remote from him.

And the governor shook him by the hand. Afterward John danced. He danced with English girls, with the bloom of the moist English summer still on their cheeks. And then the governor's secretary drew him aside.

"Charlton," he said—John knew the man officially—"there will be some more guests later in the evening. A party has just arrived by the late English steamer. I want you to stay and meet them. The governor wants it."

John assented. His thoughts were back in his own country, and in his heart he saw the busy streets of London, the row where he had ridden in boyhood, the placid countryside and smooth lawns of his father's home.

"The fact is," continued the secretary, "I don't know if you have heard—you cannot have heard, because nobody knew your address, and we were asked to find and notify you. Your father is dead, Charlton."

John listened, apparently unmoved, for his mind was still playing that curious trick, and he was living over the past with his father again. He remembered the old man's affection for him when he was a little boy, how they

Flas Threatened Explosion. Reims cathedral had a narrow escape from destruction in July, 1881, when some plumbers, who had been mending the roof, left a braiser, half extinguished, among the timbers. The following morning smoke and flames were seen issuing from the spire which crowned the choir of the cathedral. It was late in the afternoon before the flames could be extinguished, and by that time the central spire, most of the roof and the transept gables were completely destroyed. Louis XI was so furious when he heard of the catastrophe that he announced his intention of evicting the canons of the cathedral, through whose negligence the fire was said to have spread, and putting monks in their places.

A ring with a glass set in it will make any little girl happy until she meets another little girl with a ring that has two glass sets in it.

NEARLY CRAZY WITH ECZEMA

854 Plum St., Youngstown, Ohio.—"Blotches like ringworms started to come out all over my face and neck. Later it took the form of white flakes and when I would rub they came off in little white scales. The eczema so disfigured me that I was ashamed to go out anywhere. It itched all the time and whenever I perspired or got my face the least bit wet, it would burn until I very nearly went crazy. The more I rubbed or scratched the more it spread and it made me so restless I could not sleep at night.

"One day a friend prevailed upon me to get a sample of Cuticura Soap and Ointment. They caused the itching to stop instantly and in a very few days my face and neck began to show a marked improvement. I used three cakes of Cuticura Soap and one box of Cuticura Ointment and my face and neck are completely cured." (Signed) Newton D. W. Chapman, Feb. 27, 1914.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address postcard "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston."—Adv.

Superseding Europe. For the manufacture of pottery of the better grades considerable clay, mainly kaolin, is imported into this country from Europe and China, the value of these imports last year exceeding two million two hundred and fifty thousand dollars. It was probable, says the United States geological survey, that under the necessity due to the war of now finding a domestic supply, these finer clays can be in large part replaced. Already a process of decoloring kaolin is reported as successful, and this may make large deposits of kaolin and ball clay available for the manufacture of white ware and pottery.

Important to Mothers. Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fitch* in Use For Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria.

Could Be Easily Put Right. "Aren't you afraid to run about in your bare feet, over such a rough pavement?" was asked of a fair-haired little maid, whose snowy "tootsies" betrayed their unaccustomed contact with the coarser things of earth. "Aren't you afraid you'll get out or wounded?"

"Yes, a little," returned the child frankly, "but, if I do, it's no matter. My papa's a doctor, and getting mended up again won't cost anyone a cent!"

YOUR OWN DRUGGIST WILL TELL YOU that *Dr. J. C. Fitch's* Castoria is the best medicine for children. It is a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fitch* in Use For Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria.

But Not With Water. He—I gave a poor man a dollar yesterday and told him to come around and let me know how he was getting on.

She—That was good of you; like casting your bread upon the waters.

He—Yes, something like that. Anyway he came back this morning "soaked."

Progress Reported. "Have you learned that new dance?"

"Well, replied Uncle Fippsote, "I haven't quite learned it, but I'm getting on as yet, but I've got over being afraid that I'll fall down."—Washington Star.

Bolls Biliousness Malaria Constipation

Are You Troubled?

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery

For over forty years has been lending its aid to just such cases as this. In our possession we have thousands of testimonials of like character.

Perhaps you are skeptical, but isn't it worth at least a trial in view of such strong testimony? Isn't it reasonable to suppose that if it has done so much for others it can do as much for you?

Your druggist will supply you in from ten to twenty cents, or you can send 50 one-cent stamps for a trial box. One-cent stamps for a trial box.

Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

The Army of Constipation

Is Growing Smaller Every Day.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are responsible for it—not only give relief, they permanently cure Constipation. Millions use them for Biliousness, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Sallow Skin.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Theoretically China is a republic, but it is hardly believable that it is such in the sense that this country is. We may be sure that, despite its republican name, China is ruled largely by a few men at Beijing. Self-government is something that is slowly acquired. It cannot be brought about in a day by conventional rulings.



Neuralgia

There is no need to suffer the annoying, excruciating pain of neuralgia; Sloan's Liniment laid on gently will soothe the aching head like magic. Don't delay. Try it at once.

Have What Others Say. "I have been a sufferer with Neuralgia for several years and I have tried different Liniments, but Sloan's Liniment is the best Liniment for Neuralgia on earth. I have tried it successfully; it has cured me."—H. H. Wilson, a General Art.

Mrs. Ruth C. Claypool, Indianapolis, Mo., writes: "A friend of ours told us about your Liniment. We have been using it for 12 years and think there is nothing like it. We use it on everything, sprains, cuts, burns, bruises, sore throats, toothaches, and on everything else. We can't get along without it. We think it is the best Liniment made."

SLOAN'S LINIMENT

is the best remedy for rheumatism, backache, sore throat and sprains.

At all dealers, 25c.

Send four cents in stamps for a TRIAL BOTTLE

Dr. Earl S. Sloan, Inc. Dept. B. Philadelphia, Pa.

Be Good To Yourself

by keeping in good physical trim and you will be the best friend to yourself and a pleasure to others. Most sicknesses begin in the ordinary and minor ailments of the digestive organs, and for these ailments

Beecham's Pills

have become the most popular remedy, because they are so safe, so certain, and prompt in their beneficial action. They tone the stomach, stimulate the liver, regulate the bowels. By cleansing the system and purifying the blood they prove that they

Are the Best Of Good Friends

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World. Sold everywhere. In boxes, 10c, 25c.

DR. J. D. KELLOGG'S ASTHMA

Remedy for the prompt relief of Asthma and Hay Fever. Ask Your Druggist for it. Write for FREE SAMPLE. NORTHROP & LYMAN CO., LEE, SUFFOLK, VA.

Are You Troubled?

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery

For over forty years has been lending its aid to just such cases as this. In our possession we have thousands of testimonials of like character.

Perhaps you are skeptical, but isn't it worth at least a trial in view of such strong testimony? Isn't it reasonable to suppose that if it has done so much for others it can do as much for you?

Your druggist will supply you in from ten to twenty cents, or you can send 50 one-cent stamps for a trial box. One-cent stamps for a trial box.

Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

ABSORBINE

Removes Bursal Inflammation, Thickening of Secretions, Curbs Filled Tendons, Swells Stopped Sprains, Lameness, Ailments, Does not blister, remove the hair or lay on the face. \$2.00 a bottle, delivered. Back 1/2 free.

ABSORBINE is the antiseptic, stimulant for mankind. For Syphilis, Strains, Gouty or Rheumatic deposits, Swellings, Painful Varicose Veins. Will tell you more if you write. \$1 and \$2 per bottle in dealers or direct. Manufactured only by F. W. Johnson, N. E. St. Louis, Mo. U. S. Patent.

THE PLYMOUTH MAIL

F. W. SAMSEN Editor and Manager

SUBSCRIPTION RATES: Year, payable in advance, \$1.00

FROST SEEN AS A CURATIVE

Russian Scientist Has New Idea Which May Be Found to Work Out Perfectly.

The Russian scientist, Bachmeteff, is reported to have succeeded in freezing rats and other small animals, and bringing them back to life, apparently uninjured, by a process of gradual thawing.

A practical part of the Russian scientist's experiments seem to indicate the possibility of freezing and restoring limited areas, or organs, of the body, and applying this method to cure disease. The bacillus of tuberculosis, for example, is killed by a temperature six degrees below freezing point.

Champion Egg Producer. It would be hard to say off-hand which is the champion egg producer of the universe, but the starfish will take some beating.

It has been estimated recently that the female Luidia ciliaris, a seven-rayed starfish, well known in northern seas, produces two hundred million eggs.

And yet the adults of this species are far from common. There are so many odds against these objects arriving at maturity that nature has to be prodigal that a few at least of the young ones may survive. It is an almost invariable rule that where the production of young is enormous, the mortality is great, and animals that produce few at birth, or breed at long intervals, have a proportionately long life.

"WITH A CORPORAL'S GUARD"

Single-Handed Victories of the Past Seem to Have Been Duplicated in Alsace.

Like the lineaments of a smiling child peering around the corner of a hideous false face, the grim mask of war occasionally lowers to disclose for a moment a fleeting glimpse of cheerfulness or even of comedy, says the Washington Post.

One such occurrence has been reported from the French invasion in Alsace. A fortified outpost was taken, lost and taken again. At the final sortie of the invaders one lone Frenchman advanced to announce that he was already in full possession. When asked how it happened, he told how the enemy had become aware that he was present and how by various subterfuges known at least to romance he had converted himself into a host.

This caused them to remain on the defensive, as good soldiers do in the presence of superior numbers. Worthy of the pages of Tumas and Balzac and Hugo, if true! Also of Shakespeare and Benkiewicz and Mulbach, in order that the genius of no nation may be ignored. Did not Falstaff stand off with his redoubtable sword the II in buckram? Was not that other prince of braggarts as well as of fighters, Pan Zagloba, mightiest in his cups? Shall Vende alone claim a Gaurain to disperse a column with a corporal's guard? And if memory remains true, was there not a certain captain of Koepenick, self-brevetted, who demanded the keys of Paris in the Kaiser's own domains and got away with it?

It may be well that war at its worst is not equal to quenching these irrepressibles. Their antics illumine the dark canvas of battle as a single ray of light thrown on the somber background of lowering clouds. Somewhere between the laureled conqueror and that worthy who cried "Me and Sally killed the bar," lie the bold exploits that capture redoubts single-handed. They are the peculiar possession of no one nation, and their valorous deeds may well serve to lighten the hearts of those who know how to fight in companies and brigades.

Newburg fair this evening an evening.

Tom Leith on the Job.

Tommy Leith, once the fiery football coach of Adrian college, whose regime here was famous because of the Maul-tsch-Beule-James-Stump all-star team that he coached, hired and waylaid to play for Adrian one fall, is busy at his old game of recruiting stars. He is now coaching manager of the Mack Park Maroons, which is contesting with the Heralds for the honor of being the leading independent team of Detroit.

With a lineup of former college stars, including "Fudge" Pierce, who was with Leith at Adrian. Tommy has quite a formidable team for an independent aggregation. Among his latest star recruits is "Dutch" Leonardson, the Britton lad who was such a star with M. A. C. The Maroons were beaten Saturday by the Ann Arbor independent team, who claim they could beat any team in the state except the U. of M. Varsity itself. Adrian Times. Tom Leith was a former Plymouth.

Local News

Last week Friday a license was granted Thomas Smith of this place to sell Cura Ammon of Lancaster, Ohio.

Mrs. M. M. Willett entertained her three sisters, Mrs. A. Herrick and daughter Hazel, Mrs. A. Miller and daughter Ruth and Mrs. W. A. Eckles and daughters Iva and Ila Wednesday, in honor of her birthday.

Darwin Nelson, an aged gentleman of eighty years, passed away at his home in Salem township last Tuesday evening. The funeral services were held at the Lapham's church yesterday afternoon. Interment in Lapham's cemetery.

Mr. and Mrs. Norval Ayers, Jr. and little son and Mr. and Mrs. Frank Allen Spicer of Detroit; S. Spicer and family and Hiram Murray of West Plymouth; Dr. and Mrs. Dewey of Ann Arbor; and Mr. and Mrs. Norval Ayers, Sr. of Ypsilanti, were visitors at H. A. Spicer's last Sunday.

Last Friday evening the first number on the Citizens Entertainment Course was given at the opera house, when Professor Montraville Wood of Chicago, assisted by his daughter, Miss Allene Wood gave a scientific lecture in which they demonstrated the ultra-violet ray, the gyroscope, and the monorial car. This lecture was intensely interesting to all present. Professor Wood and his daughter gave many demonstrations of the wonderful power of electricity. Professor Wood is widely known throughout the country to scientists and laymen, having been associated in his work for several years with Thomas A. Edison. If the remainder of the entertainments are as pleasing to the public as this lecture, the success of the course will be assured.

ELM.

Norman Wilson is building a new barn on his farm at Elm.

A large number from here attended the funeral of Otto Melow at Gilt Edge last week.

Will Wolf, Sr. has been drawn as additional juror from Livonia to fill out in the circuit court.

Chas. Rathburn has been reshingling and otherwise improving his home.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Hirschlieb called on Mr. and Mrs. Will Pankow at Newburg Sunday.

Mrs. G. V. Shaw of Detroit, called on friends and relatives in this vicinity last week.

A number of invited guests from this vicinity attended the Wolf-Salchow wedding at Gilt Edge Wednesday.

Dan McKinney has been attending the Board of Supervisors the past two weeks in Detroit.

School Notes

The Seventh grade have a foot ball, "armed by the pupils.

Mrs. Bills was a visitor in the Seventh grade, Monday.

The Britcher twins of the First grade are absent on account of sickness.

The State Teachers' Institute will be held at Kalamazoo, Thursday and Friday. All the High School teachers and Miss Caster will attend.

High School visitors this week, were Imogene Smith and Clyde Whittaker.

The Seniors received their class pins last week and are now proudly wearing the same.

The opening number of the "Lecture Course" was given last Friday evening. We were glad to note that the High School was so well represented.

The Seniors have taken a step backward in years and are writing letters to Benjamin Franklin, in Eng. IV.

A series of talks are to be given to the High School on Friday afternoons as follows: Mr. Dutton gives "The Story of the Building of the Bible"; Mr. Bell, A series of biographical sketches on Burns, Kant, Gladstone and others; Mr. Farber, "The Korncels of Character"; Mr. Reeb, "Some Essential Lessons for Life."

Plymouth met their first foot-ball defeat of the season last Friday at Royal Oak. The game ended with a score of 13-0 in favor of Plymouth's opponents.

This was the same margin by which Plymouth defeated Royal Oak in the first game of the season, so the teams consider themselves even.

The next game is November 6 at Plymouth with Positive reserves. Your support will be appreciated by the P. H. S. Athletic Association.

Stop those Early Bronchial Coughs. They hang on all winter if not checked, and pave the way for serious throat and lung diseases. Get a bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar Compound and take it freely. Stops coughs, soothes colds, breaks run-inflamed throats, loosens the phlegm and is mildly laxative. Best for children and grown persons. No opiates. Sold by J. W. Bickman & Co.—Adv.

CHURCH NEWS

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE.

First Church of Christ, Scientist corner Main and Dodge streets. Sunday morning service 10:30. Subject, "Everlasting Punishment." Sunday-school at 11:30 a. m. Wednesday evening testimonial service 7:10. Ready room in rear of church open daily except Sunday, from 2 to 4 p. m. Every-one welcome.

METHODIST

Rev. Joseph Dutton, Pastor. 10 a. m. public worship at the village hall, 11:30 Sunday-school at village hall. The public is cordially invited.

ST. JOHN'S EPISCOPAL MISSION.

B. Midworth, Missionary. Sunday, November 1. All Saints Day. Service at 2:15 prompt. Evening prayer and sermon.

PREBYTERIAN

Rev. B. F. Farber, Pastor. Next Sunday morning is "Every Member in Church and Sunday School Day." At 10 o'clock we wish to see every member of the congregation in attendance upon the morning service. The pastor preaches. His theme, "The Challenge of the Master."

At 11:30 o'clock we wish to see every Sabbath-school scholar in his or her place. Presbyterian Guild at 6 o'clock. All members requested to be present to answer to roll-call. Subject: "Twelve Great Verses. XI The Work Verse." Evening service at 7 o'clock. The pastor preaches. Theme: "Utilizing the Waste Things." Prayer meeting on Thursday evening at 7 o'clock. James IV. "Faith as a Principle of Purity in Character." A cordial invitation is extended to the public to attend these services.

BAPTIST

Rev. Archibald L. Bell, Pastor. Phone 84 W. Morning worship 10 o'clock. Theme of Sermon "Confessing Christ." Sunday-school at 11:15. B. Y. P. U. at 6 p. m. Evening sermon at 7 o'clock. Subject of sermon, "The Story of Daniel," illustrated. Mid-week prayer meeting, Thursday evening at 7 o'clock. Rev. Bell gave the first of a series of illustrated sermons last Sunday evening. The new bondoption lantern purchased by the young people is all that the manufacturer claims for it. The pictures are beautiful and instructive, and were much enjoyed by the young people. Needless to say the older ones also enjoyed the service. The pastor announced he would give the story of Daniel next Sunday evening, with illustrated hymn, "Work for the Night is Coming."

BIBLE STUDENTS.

"God has appointed a day (1000 years a day) 11. Pet. 3:8, Pa. 90:4) in which he will judge (try or give trial not necessarily sentence) the world (world is separate and distinct from church, the church are on trial now) 1. Pet. 4:17, by that man (complete Christ or church—head and body—glorified) whom he hath ordained. Acts 17:31. "They lived and reigned with Christ a thousand years." Rev. 20:4. Satan bound for 1000 years." Rev. 20:2. "The nations not deceived (for at least 1000 years)." Rev. 20:3. Won't that be grand? Earth still not burned, Eeiee, 1:4. Swords all into plowshares, appears into pruning hooks. Isa. 2:4. Every man under his own vine and fig tree with none to make afraid, Micah 4:4. All war ceased, Pa. 46:9. Peace on earth good will to men (not angels, but men) Lk. 2:14. The scripture fulfilled, His will done on earth as in heaven, Lk. 10:10. Let us all regain our confidence in the book of books, and continue to pray for such an age as this. It is surely coming. Always the darkest just before day.

LUTHERAN.

Services Sunday morning at 9:30 standard. Sunday-school at 10:45. Rev. G. D. Ennis of Monroe will preach. The public is cordially invited to attend these services.

Accidents Will Happen

And when they do you should be prepared with a bottle of RENNE'S PAIN-KILLING MAGIC OIL, a healing remedy for cuts, wounds, sprains, swellings, rheumatism, lame back and stiff neck. Used internally also for cramp, colic, dysentery and sick stomach. It is a clean, pleasant and effective remedy. Price 25 cts. Sold by J. W. Blickestaff & Co. and Beyer's Pharmacy.—Adv.

Probate Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, county of Wayne. In the matter of the estate of Allen F. Moon, deceased. The final account of John Nash, as executor of the last will and testament of said deceased for said county of Wayne, held at the Probate Court Room in the city of Detroit, on the sixth day of October in the year one thousand nine hundred and fourteen. Present Henry S. Hulbert, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of John Nash, executor of the last will and testament of said deceased, having been appointed to this court and Paul A. Noonan having filed therewith his petition praying that the residue of said estate be assigned to the persons entitled thereto. It is ordered, That the fourth day of November next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said Court Room, be appointed for examining and allowing said account and hearing said petition. And it is further ordered, That a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said date of hearing in the Plymouth Mail, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county of Wayne. HENRY S. HULBERT, Judge of Probate. EDWIN R. PALMER, Deputy Register.

Commissioner's Notice.

In the matter of the estate of Harriet S. Brownell, deceased. We the Undersigned, having been appointed by the Probate Court for the County of Wayne, State of Michigan, Commissioner to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against said deceased, do hereby give notice that we will meet at the office of R. N. Fessenden, Plymouth Mich., in said county, on Thursday the 11th day of December A. D. 1914, and on Wednesday the 17th day of February A. D. 1915, at two o'clock P. M. of each of said days, for the purpose of examining and allowing said claims, and that four months from the 17th day of October A. D. 1914, were allowed by said Court for creditors to present their claims to us for examination and allowance. Dated October 17th, 1914. LOUIS HILLMER, ALBERT SAYDE, Commissioners.

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PIKES PEAK

Mrs. Ransom Lewis visited her daughter, Mrs. May Stevens of Newburg Saturday.

Mrs. S. Herr of Detroit, visited her sister, Mrs. Edie Caughell last Tuesday.

Mrs. Long of Hand Station, visited her daughter, Mrs. Robert McKee, Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Hetsler and children, Otis and Thelma of Detroit, visited Mrs. Hetsler's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Wright and family, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Herschlieb visited Mr. and Mrs. Mecklenburg, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Gressel and son of Canton, visited Mr. and Mrs. Robert McKee last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Wright attended the funeral of the former's uncle, Daniel Stoffet at Romulus last Tuesday.

Judge Durfee Endorses Judge Hulbert

Edgar O. Durfee, veteran judge of the probate court, has come out with an endorsement of his two colleagues, Judges Hulbert and Hanley, the one a Republican and the other a Democrat, and commends them to the electors on the grounds of their personal fitness for the work. Although a staunch Republican himself, the judge takes the ground that a court which is established for the protection of the widows and orphans should not be made a political machine, "and I never will be if I can help it." Judge Durfee has been on the bench since 1882, and until Judge Hanley was appointed, taking a large part of the probate division. He still takes the probate work in addition to his judicial work. He is thoroughly posted and competent, and does his work in a most conscientious manner.—Adv.

Stoves Delivered in Double-Quick Time. Step into our store any morning this week, pick out the "Garland" heater, base burner, range or cookstove you like best, and on the same day we will deliver it to your home, set it up for you and build a fire in it. Use the stove every day for a month. See if you have ever seen anything to equal it in any way. We will guarantee you permanent satisfaction. If "Garland" ever fails to give the service of a first-class stove, you'll find both us and the manufacturer ready to adjust the transaction to your complete satisfaction. Such is our faith in "Garland" Stoves and Ranges. For 41 years they have proven themselves the "world's best." Over four million families have used them. We have no hesitancy in saying that "Garlands" are the utmost in stove quality. Makes no difference what style of stove you want or what you wish to pay, there is a "Garland" to suit you. May we show you these stoves? Won't you come in and take a look at them—and price them? They're all right from the big factory in Joliet, Ill. See them today, before the winter, with its cold, ice and bad snow, will be upon us before we realize it. Best be comfortable now, in a warm cozy home. THE CONNER HARDWARE CO., LTD. Our Prices Are Right.

Take Our advice—swat that fly! Better still, keep the flies out of your home. That's what we do in this bakery. So when you order our fine, tasty cakes you're sure to get something made in a clean, sanitary, up to date bake-shop. We carry a wide assortment of pastry, and of course you have heard of our bread. PLYMOUTH HOME BAKERY G. A. TAYLOR

BASK IN THE HEAT Our Coal. And peace and contentment will possess your soul! Good coal for the cold season sold at right prices is our sole reason for expecting your order. Plymouth Coal & Lumber Co. CHAS. MATHER, Sec. & Manager.

TRY PLYMOUTH MAIL LINERS—IT PAYS

WOOD'S STUDIO will be located in the building formerly occupied by Pinckney's Pharmacy, and will have all the latest PHOTOGRAPHIC STYLES, so that I can please the most exacting patron. I am prepared to do the following classes of work: Portraiture Enlarging, all kinds of Commercial Work, Mechanical Retouching and Developing and Printing for amateurs. Picture Framing, either Square or Oval. Wood's Studio

Chas. E. Downing Candidate for Re-election to the Legislature is endorsed by Hon. Jas. McBride, candidate for Lieut. Governor. McBride says in his letter: Burton, Mich., Oct. 21, '14. My Dear Mr. Downing: I will not be with you in the House again as I am on the ticket for Lieutenant Governor. I wish every voter in your district knew as I know the good work you have done at Lansing. Whenever there was a measure that was for the common good, it always had your support. All my bills relating to farm matters had your earnest support, and your amendment to the Oleo bill for State Institutions saved the dairy interests a considerable loss. On the re-writing of the Live Stock Sanitary Bill you gave valuable assistance; also on the Fertilizer Bill. There is absolutely every reason for the unanimous vote of the farmers of your district for you. We have too many other fellows who are not farmers already in the legislature now, regardless of party you ought to have the second term and opportunity to continue your good work. I would vote for you even though I am a Progressive if in your district. Very Truly, Jas. N. McBride.

The Real Home of HOME-MADE CANDY Made by Murray, sold by Murray and protected from flies and dirt by Murray. Ice Cream and Soda at all Times Murray's Ice Cream Store Penniman Ave., Plymouth.

FLORIDA TRAVEL ON THE MAGNIFICENT SOUTH ATLANTIC LIMITED Sold Through Electric Lighted Train to Jacksonville Over the LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R. Observation Sleeping Car from Cincinnati. Operating Service Between Cincinnati and Louisville. Leave both cities Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, Saturday, Sunday, and on alternate days. Tickets on sale at all agents. For full particulars apply to any agent or to the General Agent, DETROIT, MICH.

Stop those Early Bronchial Coughs. They hang on all winter if not checked, and pave the way for serious throat and lung diseases. Get a bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar Compound and take it freely. Stops coughs, soothes colds, breaks run-inflamed throats, loosens the phlegm and is mildly laxative. Best for children and grown persons. No opiates. Sold by J. W. Bickman & Co.—Adv.

DETROIT BUSINESS UNIVERSITY 65-71 West Grand River Ave. offers the very best in practical Business Training for a lucrative situation. Our graduates winners. Our work is high grade in every particular. Write for our latest announcement. It may prevent you from making a mistake. R. H. Shaw, President, M. McManus, Registrar.

New Fall & Winter Styles

For Ladies, Misses and Children,
Men, Young Men and Boys.

This store is now packed full in all departments of the

NEWEST AND FINEST MERCHANDISE

to be had anywhere. No need to go to the city or catalogue houses. You can get better values here. We've got the merchandise and the prices to convince you. All we ask is to look over our lines.

Ladies', Misses' and Children's Coats, Suits & Dress Skirts

Modern and Worth styles—no better make in the world. All the latest styles and cloths.

Ladies' Coats and Suits	\$7.50 to \$30.00
Misses Coats and Suits	5.00 to 20.00
Dress Skirts	3.50 to 8.00
Children's Coats	2.50 to 10.00
Raincoats	5.00 to 12.00

Clothing Department

Represents all the new styles and the very best makes.

Men's Suits and Overcoats	\$7.50 to \$20.00
Young Men's Suits & Overcoats	7.00 to 20.00
Men's Suits and Overcoats	3.00 to 10.00
Men's Pants	1.00 to 5.00
Young Men's Pants	1.00 to 4.00
Men's Pants	.39 to 1.25
Overcoats	3.00 to 10.00
Young Men's Balmcoats	\$10.00, \$12.15
and complete line of Mackinaw Coats	\$5.00 to \$8.00

Suits and Overcoats made to Order

Fully Guaranteed in every way. **\$15 to \$30**

Shoe Department

Never before has our Shoe department been so well represented as now. All the leading makes and styles.

Men's Fine and Working Shoes. \$2.00 to \$4.50

Boys' Fine and School Shoes. 1.50 to 3.00

Ladies' Shoes. 1.50 to 4.00

Girls' Shoes. 1.50 to 2.50

Children's Shoes. .50 to 1.50

Everything in the way of Light and Heavy Rubbers and Rubber Boots.

Carpet & Rug Dep't.

Complete lines at Lowest Prices.

All Wool Ingrain Carpet	69c to 75c yd
3/4 " " " " " "	55c to 60c yd
1/2 " " " " " "	40c to 50c yd
Granite	25c to 30c yd
9x12 Brussels Rugs	\$12.00 to \$15.00
9x12 Velvet Rugs	16.50 to 20.00
9x12 Axminster Rugs	19.00 to 30.00
9x12 Ingrain Rugs	6.00 to 10.00

Other sizes in stock.
Oil Cloth and Linoleums.

Hat & Cap Department

The largest and most complete line we have ever shown.

Men's Soft and Stiff Hats. \$1.00 to \$3.00

Young Men's Soft & Stiff Hats. 1.00 to 3.00

Boys' Soft and Stiff Hats. .50 to 2.00

Men's and Boys' Caps. .25 to 3.00

Full stock of Gloves and Mittens.

DRY GOODS DEPT'M'T

BETTER THAN EVER BEFORE

Dress Goods, Silks, Velvets, Trimmings, Table Linens, Fleece Goods, Outing Flannels, Quilts, Curtains, Draperies, Embroideries, Hosiery, Gloves and Mittens, Underwear, Ladies' Waists, House Dresses, Kimonos, Sweaters, etc.

Corset Department

The best makes and finest fitters.

American Lady. \$1.00 to \$3.00

R. & G. 1.00 to 3.00

Neuro, for stout figures. 3.00 to 5.00

Suit Cases, Trunks, Hand Bags, etc.

Men's Furnishings

Silver Brand Shirts. \$1.00 to \$1.50

Silver Brand Collars. 15c, 2 for 25c

Swell Neckties. 25c, 50c and 75c

Suspenders. 25c and 50c

Handkerchiefs. 5c to 15c

Collar Buttons, Cuff Buttons, Tie Pins, Night Robes, Pajamas, Underwear.

We cordially invite you to visit our store, look over the goods and prices and we will guarantee to convince you we can save you money on your Fall purchases.

Respectfully,

E. L. RIGGS

Central Meat Market

Call Central Meat Market, phone 23, for Choice Meats, Smoked Meats of all Kinds, Home Made Bologna and Sausages.

Try them and you won't eat any other.

FRANK RAMBO, Manager

BOTH PHONES FREE DELIVERY

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Office and Residence 138 Main Street Plymouth, Mich.

Dr. A. E. PATTERSON
Office and residence, Main street, next to Express office
Hours—entire day, 2 to 4 p. m. and after
Telephone 808, Plymouth, Mich.

Detroit United Lines

Plymouth Time Table
Effective May 20, 1914

EAST BOUND
For Detroit via Wayne: 5:30 a. m. and every hour to 7:30 p. m.; also 9:30 p. m. changing at Wayne.

NORTH BOUND
Leave Plymouth for Northville 6:30 a. m. and every hour to 7:30 p. m.; also 9:30 p. m.

Leave Detroit for Plymouth 6:30 a. m. and every hour to 7:30 p. m.; also 9:30 p. m.

Leave Wayne for Plymouth 6:44 a. m. and every hour to 7:44 p. m.; also 9:44 p. m. and 12 midnight.

Cars connect at Wayne for Ypsilanti and Pointe aux Lacs west to Jackson.

General Election

Notice is hereby given to the qualified electors of the Township of Plymouth, county of Wayne, state of Michigan, that the next ensuing general election will be held at the village hall in the village of Plymouth, Tuesday, November 3, A. D. 1914, for the purpose of electing the following officers, viz:

State—One Governor, one Lieutenant Governor, one Secretary of State, one State Treasurer, one Auditor General, one Attorney General.

Congressional—One representative in Congress for the congressional district of which said township forms a part.

Legislative—One senator in the state legislature for the senatorial district of which said township forms a part; one Representative in the State Legislature for the Representative District of which said Township forms a part.

County—One Sheriff; one County Clerk; one County Treasurer; one Register of Deeds; one Prosecuting Attorney; two Circuit Court Commissioners; two Coroners; one County Surveyor; one County Drain Commissioner.

Also for the purpose of voting upon the following propositions, viz:

To amend Sec. 10 of Article 10 of the Constitution of the State of Michigan authorizing the State to issue bonds for the construction and permanent improvement of the public wagon roads.

To amend Article 8 of the Constitution of Michigan by adding a new section thereto to stand as Section 15, of said Article, authorizing counties to issue bonds for the construction of drains and the development and improvement of agricultural lands within the county.

To amend Sec. 1 of Article 3 of the Constitution of Michigan relative to the right of students while in attendance at any institution of learning, members of the legislature while in attendance at any session of the legislature or commercial travelers to vote.

To amend Article 12 of the Constitution of this State, to be known as Section Ten, relative to the incorporation, regulation and supervision of fraternal beneficiary societies with the power to issue death benefit certificates.

The polls of said election will open at 7 o'clock a. m. and will remain open until 5 o'clock p. m. of said day of election unless the Board of Election Inspectors shall, in their discretion, adjourn the polls at 12 o'clock noon for one hour. Dated October 19, 1914
HOWARD BROWN,
Township Clerk.

Duty Plain.
You know your duty. No man ever looked for it and did not find it—Phillips Brooks.

Subscribe for the Mail.

Fraternal Insurance Amendment Bad

PROPOSED CHANGE IN STATE LAW WOULD WORK INJURY IT IS SAID.

GOOD PLACE TO VOTE NO ON AT THE NOVEMBER ELECTION.

At the request of the state insurance department, Atty-Gen. Fellows has given an opinion relative to the effects which the amendment to the constitution initiated by the New Era association would have on fraternal insurance organizations in Michigan. His opinion is rather unfavorable to the amendment, which would effect 367,544 policy holders in such organizations in the state.

He holds that if it is adopted the state would be unable to compel fraternal organizations to keep their assessments high enough to furnish adequate protection to their policy holders, and that no provision is made for the incorporation of new organizations.

He holds that the amendment would prevent the legislature from compelling a society to have a ritual and lodge system, but not prohibit a society from having the same should it so desire.

He is of the opinion that societies domiciled in other states, particularly those to which the mobile or New York conference bill is in effect (and such is the case in a majority of the states), could not continue to operate in Michigan, and conversely Michigan societies would either have to withdraw from those states or re-incorporate in some other state and withdraw from Michigan.

It looks like a good amendment on which to vote NO.

Adventure of a Former Plymouth Boy with Robbers.

In order to understand the situation, he has an office in a corner of warehouse apart from factory. In basement of warehouse he keeps a man named Wheeler making porch work. His son Allen aged 16 was in the office with him. O. L. Miller of Indianapolis, son of M. S. Miller of this place writes: We have been having some unusual experiences lately. On Saturday the 10th of Oct., while I was making up my payroll in my office, three colored men walked in, one pointing a revolver at me to let me not to stir. I had \$180, part in envelopes, part in bills and silver exposed on the desk. I got up at once and tried to knock the gun from his hand and began calling for Wheeler. My son also pitched on to him and while we were struggling with him the other two men grabbed seventeen dollars and ran. I kept hold of him until we got outside and about fifteen feet from the office door. (In the meantime he had shoved Allen away from him and Allen had fallen down into one corner of the office.) Then I heard some one coming up behind me and thought one of the other men was going to jump onto me, at the same time Allen came out of the office just in time to see the man hit me on the head with his gun. This either caused me to let go of him or I did so on hearing the man behind me. The man coming however was Wheeler and if I had hung on a half minute longer we could have caught him, Wheeler and Allan chased him four or five squares then lost track of him. Neither Allen or I was hurt except a cut on my head where the man hit me, which I had a doctor dress and it has healed all right.

The gun did not go off and I hardly think it was loaded. The following Monday evening my car was stolen but the next morning some one called up the phone telling where it could be found. I found it uninjured, but that same evening as Allan and I were coming home from the office and just turning into our driveway a machine ran into us hitting us squarely on the side throwing us around against the curb, breaking both rear wheels and bending the rear fenders, but Allan and I escaped without a scratch.

BIRDS THAT CROSS THE SEA

Smaller Feathered Wanderers Are Helped on the Journey by Their Larger Companions.

How such tiny migrants as goldcrests cross the sea has often been a mystery to many, although it has always been known that they sometimes alight upon the fishing boats in the North sea to rest and break the long journey.

Redwings and fieldfares leave their nesting haunts in Scandinavia and arrive in flocks to feed on the hips and haws in our hedgerows, or the berries of the elder rowan tree, and even the mistletoe. Following in their wake come the merlin, the great gray shrike, the goldcrest, the short-eared owl, and others, including the woodcock, which, on arrival after crossing the North sea, are often so exhausted as to suffer themselves to be overtaken and picked up by hand.

Strange as it may seem, the larger migratory birds sometimes give a lift to smaller and weaker travelers, who, availing themselves of the broad platform afforded by their expanded pinions and the soft plumage of the dorsal feathers, among which they nestle and hold on with their tiny feet, are carried across the North sea in comfort, and alight in safety on our British soil.

In this way a golden-crested wren was actually observed to alight from the back of a short-eared owl on its arrival from Norway to our shores.—London Tit-Bits.

Blighted Chestnuts.

An exhaustive examination by experts from the office of drugs and poisonous plant investigations, United States department of agriculture, into the many reports of poisoning by chestnuts from trees afflicted with the blight proves conclusively that there is no ground to suspect such chestnuts. In all the reported cases the disease was due to something else but chestnuts or to hardening eating of perfectly healthy nuts. Raw chestnuts are indigestible, and it is well known that many people have an idiosyncrasy against them.

Get Salt by Sun Evaporation.

In the Philippine islands salt is extracted from sea water by crude processes. The greater part is obtained by sun evaporation; a small proportion by artificial heat. The Chinese have introduced slightly improved methods. About forty million pounds of crude salt are produced annually. In the mountain provinces a small quantity of poor grade salt is produced by evaporating the water from carbonated springs, but the supply falls far short of the demand and the quality is rarely satisfactory.

Topic for Letter Writing.

Who of us, on sitting down to write a letter, when many things had been in thought to write, has not felt a sudden dearth of topics? Why not keep marked envelopes and cards for regular correspondents? While busy about your housework, you think of something you wish to write. Make a note of it on a card and slip it into its special envelope. Then when you sit down to write the letter you save time and thought, and your letters are far more satisfactory to your friends.

French Cabinet Changes.

The appointment of M. Delcasse as French minister of war makes the fifty-ninth change in that post during the past forty-three years—that is to say, since the establishment of the third republic. As, however, several statesmen have filled the post more than once, it has had only 33 different occupants under the republic.

Foley Cathartic Tablets.

You will like their positive action. They have a tonic effect on the bowels, and give a wholesome, thorough cleansing to the entire bowel tract. Give the liver to healthy activity and keep stomach sweet. Constipation, headache, dull, tired feeling never afflict those who use Foley Cathartic Tablets. 25c. Sold by J. W. Hickenstaff & Co.—Advt.

Magazines. Prices right. Service right. I will meet any reasonable offer. Try it. Frank W. Beals, Plymouth, Mich.

Subscribe for the Mail now. Only \$1.00 per year.

Advertise It In the Mail.

Ancient and Modern Methods of Feed Grinding

The grinding of grain has been of vital importance to man and beast ever since humanity discovered its nutritious value. In ancient times grinding was more of a crushing process, done by hand with crude shaped stones. In Bible times women did most of the grinding. The Indians by their methods simplified this laborious work to a certain extent. Finally came the old-fashioned grist mill then followed other improvements. As usual, great creations come when the world needs them most and the

LETZ GRINDER

is today recognized as mankind's greatest achievement in the perfection of a grinding mill. It is far superior to other similar machines that there's not the slightest opportunity for comparison. Call at our war-rooms and let us show you this grinder. It does its right and no farmer can afford to be without one. We also sell you a good 4 VOLTAGE ENGINE to run the grinder.

OPPOSITE PARK **D. L. DEY**
TELEPHONE 336

At The New Meat Market

You Can Get the Choicest Cuts of

Fresh and Salt Meats

Try our Home-made Sausage. It is fine.

Try our Pure Home-rendered Lard and you will use no other

PHONE US YOUR ORDERS

PFEIFER & SCHAUFELE

Local Phone 90-F2 Free Delivery

New and Wonderful Invention

FOLDING BATH TUB

that should be in every home. No plumber or connection of any kind required, and takes no room except when its in use.

Come in and let me show you one. They are guaranteed for ten years.

James Adam,

26 Penniman Ave., Plymouth

The Emerson Gas Engines

More Power Per Gallon

Emerson Type S Engines have an entirely new arrangement of valves and spark. On a given quantity of fuel they develop more power than other engines of the same bore stroke and speed. Come in and get a FREE book proving the above seemingly extravagant claims of superiority. A size for every farm. We have sold 1 1/2 h. p., 7 h. p. and 10 h. p. Emerson Engines and they are doing fine work. We also sell INTERNATIONAL ENGINES. We carry a full line of

Farm Implements, Emerson Foot-Lift Plows,

Emerson Ideal Top Buggies

It will pay you to look over this buggy before you purchase.

Call and let us show you the

Emerson Low-Down Manure Spreader, light draft and easy to load.

GAYDE & FISHER

North Village. Telephone No. 70

GLASSES FITTED

—AT—

Smyth's Optical Parlors

Curing headaches, dizziness and all symptoms of eyestrain a specialty.

Repairing American and Imported Watches, Clock, Jewelry and Spectacles.

Diamonds Reset.

W. E. SMYTH,

Plymouth Watchmaker and Optometrist.

Dealer in Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

PLYMOUTH, MICH.

Local News

Special meeting P. & A. M. 1:30 p. m. sharp at lodge rooms to-day, for funeral of Bro. O. Wingard. By order W. M.

Subscribe for the Mail now.

The Ladies Aid of the Methodist church will hold their annual fair on Tuesday and Wednesday, December 1 and 2.

Mrs. Bush and little son of Watertown, Conn., have located here and will reside in the Perrin house on Dodge street.

Robt. Druond and family, of Oakland county, and Mrs. J. Wiley of Detroit, visited at Chas. Greenlaw's last Sunday.

Vote for Otto Stoll for Register of Deeds.—Advt.

Mrs. Chas. Chappell of Toledo, returned home Tuesday after several days stay with her mother, Mrs. William McClungha.

We call the attention of our readers to the large ad of E. L. Higgs on another page. Some money saving bargains are offered.

The remodeling of the Jewell home on Harvey street has made another added improvement to this popular thoroughfare.

R. S. Wood is moving his photograph gallery into the store room formerly occupied by the Phoenix Pharmacy on Penniman avenue.

Major Safford and wife, Dr. and Mrs. Hamilton and Mr. and Mrs. Robert Safford of Detroit, were guests at Mrs. Ella Safford's last Sunday.

Messrs. Wm. J. Hill, E. O. Jennings, Michael Kelley, Thomas Longstaffe and John Garen of Detroit, were guests of Robert Minnick last Sunday.

Mrs. J. J. Rookie and children left Wednesday for Detroit where they will visit for a few days before going to their new home at Cheesaning.

A big line of underwear for men, women and children at Rauch's.

Mrs. George Springer and Mrs. Conrad Springer leave tomorrow (Saturday) for a few weeks visit with friends at Hart, Scottville and Ludington.

Vote for Otto Stoll for Register of Deeds.—Advt.

Will Henry, who has been quite ill for the past few weeks, is slowly improving and has gone to his son George's home at South Lyon for a few days' visit.

Wm. Coats new bungalow on Main street is nearing completion and is an added improvement to the street, as it is one of the prettiest houses erected this year.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Gale visited their son Harmon Gale last Sunday afternoon. During the afternoon they enjoyed an auto ride to Ypsilanti with their son.

The friends of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Taylor, Jr. sympathize with them in the loss of their infant son, who was born Saturday morning, October 24 and lived but a short time.

The many friends of W. C. Brown, who was quite seriously injured in an automobile accident near Trenton last Friday evening, will be pleased to know that he is improving nicely.

Miss Fannie Luksche, who has been ill at the home of her sister, Mrs. Fred Kaiser, for several months past, is slowly improving and has gone to the home of her parents at South Lyon.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Bradner have returned home from a two weeks' stay with friends in Detroit. Mr. Bradner has been attending the meeting of the Wayne County Supervisors.

Vote for Otto Stoll for Register of Deeds.—Advt.

Mrs. Mary Baur of Rochester, New York, was a week-end visitor with Mrs. H. A. Spicer. This was a very pleasant visit as the two ladies were girlhood friends and had not met in several years.

Geo. Carson of Northville, fell from a scaffold, last week Thursday while working on A. J. Lapham's store in north village. His head was quite seriously cut, but he is much improved at this writing.

A pleasant meeting was held at the Presbyterian church last Tuesday evening. About seventy-five members and friends were in attendance. After a short business session a social hour was enjoyed, a short program was given and light refreshments served.

Sweaters for men, women and children at Rauch's.

With the exception of a little sidewalk curbing to be built, the contractors have finished the Penniman avenue pavement. When the street has been cleaned up it is going to present a fine appearance and will be a great improvement in the business section of Plymouth.

Mr. and Mrs. George Springer pleasantly entertained at dinner Sunday, the following guests: Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Addison and family of Toledo, Mrs. Geo. Wilkinson of Chicago; Miss Grace Stewart and Gordon Stewart of Detroit; Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Springer and Mr. and Mrs. Conrad Springer of this place.

Avoid Sedative Cough Medicines. If you want to contribute directly to the occurrence of capillary bronchitis and pneumonia, use cough medicines that contain cocaine, morphine, heroin and other sedatives when you have a cough or cold. An expectorant like Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is what is needed. That cleans out the culture beds or breeding places for the germs of pneumonia and other germ diseases. That is why pneumonia never results from a cold when Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is used. It has a world wide reputation for its cures. It contains no morphine or other sedative. For sale by all dealers.—Advt.

Mrs. Carrie Frisbie of Chelsea, is visiting friends in town.

Mr. and Mrs. Sheldon Gale were Detroit visitors Wednesday.

Miss Nellie Smith visited relatives in Leamington, Ont., last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Burrows spent Sunday with friends in Detroit.

Henry Smith of Detroit, was a guest at Chas. Renger's last Sunday.

Mrs. John Rosenworth of Romulus, is visiting Mrs. Geo. Peterhans.

Marion Smith visited friends at Wayne last Saturday and Sunday.

Vote for Otto Stoll for Register of Deeds.—Advt.

Mrs. Mary Briggs is visiting old friends at Farmington this week.

All Silk Jersey Top Petticoats at \$2.00, \$2.25 and \$2.75 at Rauch's.

Glady Earl left this week to attend boarding school at Highland Park.

Mr. and Mrs. Craft of Pontiac, visited at Mrs. Helen Miller's last Sunday.

Miss Lotte Huffman of Detroit, visited relatives here the first of the week.

Miss Ella Patten was an over Sunday guest with her parents at Walled Lake.

Mat Williams of Detroit, was calling on old friends here the first of the week.

Chas. Mason and family of Detroit, visited at Dr. Grainger's over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Warren Stevens of Detroit, visited relatives in town over Sunday.

J. A. Lapo of Lake Odessa, is visiting his granddaughter, Mrs. J. W. Blickenstaff.

Mrs. Ella Shaffer and Miss Ivelata Cole are visiting friends in Detroit this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Chauncey Pitcher and son Keith are visiting friends in Detroit this week.

Mrs. Griffith of Lexington, Mich., is visiting her son, W. J. Griffith and family.

The Woman's Literary Club will meet with Mrs. E. C. Leach this Friday afternoon.

Miss Helen Stewart of Greenville, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Stewart.

Vote for Otto Stoll for Register of Deeds.—Advt.

Mrs. Fried Genz and daughter Blanche visited friends in Detroit over Sunday.

Mrs. O. C. Anderson and little Catherine visited friends in Flint the first of the week.

Miss Gail Johnson of Marshall, was the guest of Mrs. J. W. Blickenstaff last Sunday.

Dr. and Mrs. W. A. Dewey of Ann Arbor, Sundayed with Dr. and Mrs. Luther Peck.

Mrs. E. E. Caster has returned home from a two week's stay with her sister at Jackson.

Mrs. Harry Patterson of Detroit, visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Bissell, this week.

A Halloween party will be given by the Elm school Friday evening, Oct. 30. Everybody welcome.

Mrs. R. H. Baird of Howell, was the guest of her sister, Mrs. F. A. Dibble, the first of the week.

Simon Newhouse of Muir, has come to spend the winter with his son, Harry Newhouse and family.

Silk Petticoats in colors at \$1.98 at Rauch's.

The Misses Gail Johnson and Marjory Davis of Marshall, spent the week-end with Miss Nellie Rook.

Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Ford were called to Romulus last week on account of the death of Daniel Stoffet.

Mrs. E. C. Merritt and daughter Ellen of New Haven, have been visiting relatives in town the past week.

Mrs. Ella Nichols visited her nephew, H. B. Bennett and family, at Walkerville, last Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Wheeler, Miss Bethel Sprague, and Maurice Fullerton were Detroit visitors last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Claire and daughter Alice, of Farmington, visited Mr. and Mrs. M. M. Willett last Sunday.

A CARD—We desire to extend our sincere thanks to the neighbors and friends for their many acts of kindness during our recent bereavement, also for the floral offerings and the singers at the service.

Mrs. Otto C. Melow and children.

A CARD—We wish to thank the relatives, friends and neighbors for the beautiful floral offerings and for their assistance in our sad bereavement. Special thanks to Rev. E. King for his kind words.

Mr. and Mrs. John Proctor.

NOTICE! The Supt's of the Poor will buy about 8000 bu. of potatoes in the near future, and will receive bids for the same delivered at Eloise. Send all quotations to the Supt's of the Poor at Eloise, Mich.

Wants, For Sale, To Rent, etc.

5c. per Line, One insertion

FOR SALE—Good house and lot on Holbrook avenue, price \$1250; one with large lot, good house, on Starkweather avenue, cheap at \$2500; a fine one on Penniman avenue at \$7000; one on Main street at \$4500; a few good building lots for sale, prices and terms are right, house and lot on Bluff street at \$2,500, house and lot on Union street at \$2,500 and house and lot on south Main street at \$1,400. E. N. Passage. 46-ft

FOR SALE OR RENT—I will sell or rent my two houses in Northville. Easy payments. Dr. A. J. Rickel, Northville. ft.

FOR SALE—A silver cornet in fine condition. Will be sold cheap. Enquire at Mail office.

FOR SALE—A sow and nine pigs. H. D. Ingall, phone 253-F11. 46-ft

FOR SALE—A house on Maple Ave., only built a few years ago, large lot, cellar and good well. Enquire of Mrs. E. L. Riggs. 46-ft

FOR SALE—House and lot on E. Ann Arbor street, cheap. Enquire at the Mail office.

FOR RENT—Dwelling house on Penniman Ave. E. H. Tighe, 'phone No. 156. 46-ft

WANTED—A girl for general house work. Mrs. E. H. Tighe, 'phone 156. ft.

FOR SALE—One hard coal base burner. Hand cider mill and press in good condition. Also one full-blood Jersey cow, and one two year old colt coming three, one land roller. Also rooms to rent. Enquire at No. 11 S. Harvey street.

FOR SALE—Good dairy butter. C. W. Honeywell. Call at residence or 'phone 254-F3.

FOR SALE—Second-hand windmill. Enquire or phone Supt's. of the Poor at Eloise, Mich. 47-2t

FOR RENT—Furnished house-keeping rooms. 84 Penniman avenue.

FOR SALE—Base burner. A-1 condition. Albert Stever. 47-1t

FOR SALE—Cabbage. Apply at F. W. Schuett's. 'Phone 259-F2. 47-1t

FOR RENT—A comfortable 7 room house on Mill street, one-half mile south of village limits. Enquire next door. It

FOR SALE—25 yards of rag carpet, 20 pullets. 'Phone 179. 47-3t

TO RENT—Garage. Enquire of Mrs. Jennie Voorhies. 47-1t

BERTHA F. BEALS, Pianist and Accompanist Teacher of Piano

Studio, 8 Mill Street. Phone 99t

Mrs. John Patterson Music Teacher

54 Penniman Avenue

Select Your Insurance Co. as You Would Your Bank

Mutual Life Insurance Co. of New York (Life)

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With a business extended over the whole world, these companies offer undoubted security and stability. Send for particulars and rates.

A. J. E. Torre, (District Agent) Plymouth, Michigan

"A man is known by the Company he is in."

"Lest We Forget"

Memory is the life of the dead. Perpetuate that memory of your loved ones by the erection of a suitable and substantial memorial.

Our Aim Is This To satisfy every customer, to give them the best stock obtainable, raise all letters so you can read them after the stone has crumbled while. Prices the lowest consistent with quality.

LYON GRANITE CO. Two Shops: Pontiac, Roar of Pontiac Steam Laundry. 'Phone 1282J. Plymouth, Main street. 'Phone 215.

Steam and Hot Water Heating Round Oak Warm Air Furnaces

Geo. E. Humphries Plumber and Tinner 'Phone 275W Plymouth, Mich.

Eave Trough, Conductor Pipe, Tin, Copper and Sheet Metal Work.

TRY MAIL LINERS

GALE'S.

Just received a new stock of this year's Fruits Prunes Dried Appricots, Raisins, Cutrais, English Walnuts, Tokay Grapes, Etc.

A new stock of Gold and Silver Watches at \$1.00. They keep good time. Buy one.

For high-class Groceries give us a call.

New goods in China and Glassware.

Phone 16 **JOHN L. GALE**

THE HOME of Quality Groceries

WE COULDN'T IF WE WOULD, Neither Would We If We Could



Sell You, Inferior Goods. "Quality Groceries" Our Motto

Brown & Pettingill,

THE WHITE FRONT GROCERY Telephone No. 40. Free Delivery

Subscribe for the Mail Now

A Beautiful Mantle Clock

That keeps accurate time. It is not only useful but ornamental. It makes a room more cheerful and home-like. We have them ranging in price from

\$2.50 to \$12.00

In different styles and finish. They make a handsome present. If you want to be long remembered by some dear friend, present him or her one of these ornate and serviceable clocks.

Call and see our new American Typewriter, price \$10.00. Our price \$6.50

C. G. DRAPER

Jeweler and Optometrist. 148 Main st. Phone 247



IF we told you how many barrels of sugar we sold in a year you'd open your eyes. This world is not so sour after all. Buying only the best grades of sugar in big, wholesale quantities, we are able to keep your sugar bowl filled at a very reasonable price. Our satisfied customers are pleased to recommend our complete line of groceries.

GAYDE BROS.

Plymouth, Michigan

DR. S. E. CAMPBELL 25 W. Ann Arbor Street 'Phone 45

PLYMOUTH, MICHIGAN Glasses and Spectacles Fitted Correctly.

C. G. DRAPER Jeweler and Optometrist

VIENNA MELANCHOLY AS A SEPULCHER AS WAR GOES ON AND NEWS IS BARRED

(The following story is the first received in the United States telling of actual war conditions in Vienna. It is written by the first American-trained newspaper woman who has had an opportunity to see things as they are in Austria.)

By ALICE ROHE. (United Press Staff Correspondent.) Vienna—Vienna is a city of lost hope, of gloom, of gray despair.

The once gayest and most beautiful capital of Europe is today the saddest, the most distressed. Silent, hopeless protests against the horrors of war which have turned this wonderful, joyous city into a melancholy sepulcher for the living, permeates every stratum of society.

I have seen a procession of 4,000 mothers, whose husbands have died in Galicia, carrying in their arms their fatherless babes. They filed past the great old palace of the ministry of war. It was their mute appeal for peace.

I have seen a procession of little children, plaintive and futile emissaries of life, silently protesting against needless death.

Dazed by War Horrors. I have seen trains arriving, every one crowded to suffocation with the wounded and dying. From the midst of these maimed and mutilated, sickened and suffering men, I have seen uncomprehending soldiers, dazed by the horrors of war, crazed with joy at being home again, dragged from their companions and placed under arrest.

Their crime?—Why, they cried out in the delirium of excitement their curses against the Russians who had brought such terrible defeat to the Austrian armies. For no news must be whispered by the wounded or the fugitive which reflects the truth of Austrian disasters.

And above these visual pictures of the melancholy Vienna of today, I have sensed the touch of those gray wings of dread which cast their shadow over the town—the soot, the sordid, the horrible wings of cholera.

I have felt with the people, standing beside this hideous enemy, the plague—its sister specter, hunger.

Seventy Thousand Now in Hospitals. In Vienna today 70,000 wounded are being cared for in hospitals, schools, universities, hotels, churches. The Red Cross admits its inability to care for all the wounded, and the sight of helpless men, suffering needlessly and hopelessly, is one which confronts the worker in the cause of humanity.

In all Europe there does not exist today another capital where the public is treated so inconsiderately in regard to war news. The newspapers publish nothing save the official statements and their "news" can be guessed at.

Arrests are made hourly of Viennese who whisper words of Austrian defeat. Spies are everywhere.

In a cafe on the Praterstrasse I sat in a nervous crowd and saw whispering refugees from Galicia passing their story on, furtively and fearfully. Suddenly I saw a young man whose pale face told of recent suffering deserted by his companion, who went to the door, whispered to an officer and departed. In a moment the fugitive was arrested. He had talked to a spy.

Talks to Young Mother. At the same station where the incoming trains bring new misery for gay Vienna that was I talked with a young mother whose husband lay dead on the battlefield. She had fled to the capital to plead with the government which had taken her husband and robbed her children of a father for means of support and some of the necessities of life. She told in patient, resigned tones of her sufferings in bringing her three children from Galicia, where her home was to be her heaven no longer, and where blood ran deep in the garden beds which she had tended so faithfully waiting the return of her husband.

"When we arrived at the frontier," she said, "the scenes were awful. We were herded like animals and were treated worse than we treat our dogs. It was days in securing a place in the trains because I had no money. There was a point of view on the train, and he demanded our passports, such money as we had, and when we could show neither he refused for days to let us go on."

The natural impulse of these fugitives here is to speak of the evil days which have befallen them, of their losses and the carnage—and they cannot understand why they are arrested for it.

Moves Citizens to Despair. The sight of automobiles carrying wounded soldiers past the brilliant Hof theater, past the opera, past the glorious splendor of St. Stephen's, where formerly gay parties were held on pleasure, is one that moves the Viennese to despair.

I talked to one of these wounded soldiers as the car in which he was being carried was stopped in front of the Burg theater for repairs. He told me in whispers, while the guards were busy with the car, of the frightful ravages made by the Russians and the Serbians upon the Austrians.

"They have buried our dead in heaps," he said, tears couring down his face. "They were killed like sheep driven to a slaughter yard; the Russian artillery has done unbelievable things. The Russians waste their ammunition as though it were free as

air. Their infantry is not good, but how terrible is the artillery—how terrible!"

The spirit of patriotism in the Viennese runs to its highest flood when these wounded men are being conveyed through the streets.

Show Captured Arms. Before the palace of the minister of war, beside the monument of Maria Theresa and of Prince Schwarzenberg, the cannons and arms captured from the Russians are on view. They are insignificant arms, but the people do not tire of gazing them. The meager signs of Austrian success are like gleams of hope in a leaden sky of despair.

And patrolling the streets one sees increasing in number daily nondescript army uniforms. Every color and sort of ancient regalia has been brought forth from old storehouses.

In the hour when war and its horrors are keeping a pall over Vienna, the sight of religious processions, headed by priests praying for Divine aid, brings out in relief the picture of faith. The churches are constantly filled with women and children, praying for husbands and fathers and brothers who may never return. In the time of sorrow too great to endure alone the people are throwing themselves more and more upon the bosom of the church, which has offered them consolation so many times before.

Rich Are Accused. While the devout are filling the churches and the wounded are filling the hospitals, while the wretched fugitives are bringing with them famine from Galicia, accusations and protests are rising above the murmurs of distress, against the rich.

On different subscription lists opened daily for the Red Cross the sight of unbelievably small sums given by members of the nobility and by millionaires has brought forth waves of indignation. A feudal prince who is among the richest men in Europe has subscribed 20 crowns (\$4). Everywhere one hears criticism of the aristocracy, of the high nobility and their avarice. This selfishness, say the people, is traditional, but the public believed that in an hour like this even the lightest purses of the nobility would open. It has been suggested that a list be published, giving the names of the nobility, of the rich who have been guilty of avarice, and who have added to the general public depression. Emperor Francis Joseph does not conceal his indignation against these grasping members of the nobility.

HESSIAN PRINCE SHOT IN BACK, SAY ALLIES

By HAROLD ASHTON. (International News Service.) Calais.—Hospitals, both in the field and at the base, are full of work just now, for the fighting that is going on is fierce and reckless.

Troops upon entering a small village, held strenuously for several days by the Prussians, came upon the body of Prince Max of Hesse. He had been dead three days. The body had been stripped of everything but the tunic and socks and was marked with five revolver wounds made from behind. The tale is whispered that he was the victim of his own soldiers.

A rough coffin of real boards was made for the boy—he was little more than that—and then for three long days the body lay in an outbuilding of a small farmhouse. The body now has been sent into the German lines.

Continual night fighting has been going on. The nights have been desperately cold, but the men and horses of the allies have a splendid supply of blankets and good, hot food is turned out smoking from the traveling field kitchens.

Troops Have Plenty. The troops have more than enough of coffee, jam galore and cigarettes by the tens of thousands. Their spirit is excellent, their health good, their hearts high and they are still singing. They are looking forward cheerfully enough to a tempestuous Christmas day in the trenches.

Calais is taking it all placidly enough. The city is filled with Belgian refugees wandering at will anywhere, anyhow, sleeping under the stars, amid stable litter in byways, in filthy back streets, on steamboats and on fishing boats.

In the harbor, where hundreds and hundreds of fishing boats from all along the coast lie thick as their own packed fish after a spell of great hauling, there is a living population almost equal to the population of the town at normal times.

Whole families are herding in an intolerable atmosphere. There are families in rags and tatters with all their cherished household goods, while clustering around them are families of the well-to-do, fat and well-fed, with fur to warm them and jewels to decorate them.

Waiting for Boats. Every day hundreds of them are marshaled off to the quay, where they wait in long, dreary, patient lines, in rain or shine, for an English boat to carry them away.

We are murdering one another as hard as we can and in the wake of it all comes this pitiable, heart-breaking stream of innocent sufferers, crouching submissively to the lash.

UNABLE TO BREAK LINES OF ALLIES

Berlin and Paris Reports Agree That Positions Are Practically Unchanged.

WITNESS TELLS OF FIGHTING

Battle in the Northwest Described by Correspondent of London Paper—Destruction Wrought by Armored Trains—Russian Claims Are That Germans Have Been Forced Back From Warsaw—Italians Land in Avlona—Mine Sinks French Steamer.

London, Oct. 27.—The official reports given out in Paris and Berlin tonight agree that the Germans have been unable to break through the line of the allies drawn up in Belgium west of the Yser canal between Nieupoort and Dixmude.

The French statement makes the further claim that the violent attacks of the Germans in the district between La Bassee and the Somme river also have failed, but the German statement says that southwest of Ypres and west and southwest of Lille the army of the kaiser is going forward after having inflicted heavy losses on the British troops.

The Germans also assert that their artillery has driven the British fleet away from the shore line between Nieupoort and Ostend, where the warships have been bombarding the trenches of the Germans. Three vessels are said to have been hit by shells from the shore batteries.

Nieupoort Is Bombaraded. The big guns of the Germans bombarded Nieupoort and the allies had to withstand constant attacks of masses of troops.

On the line from Sotons to Craonne the allies are said to have obtained a slight advantage in today's fighting, while on the eastern wing the French are credited with a gain which, it is claimed, placed the German lines of communication in difficulty. The French here pushed well forward and left only a narrow outlet twelve miles wide for a possible German retirement.

The French are said to occupy every position of importance in the Vosges.

The French have become more active in the East along the Alsatian border and are said to be making preparations and securing advanced positions in view of possible attacks by the Germans with their big howitzers on the Belfort fortress. It now seems to be realized that no fortress has any chance of holding out when once these big German guns are brought into action against it.

Germans Bring Great Guns. It is reported from Amsterdam that the Germans are bringing their 43-centimeter guns to the coast to use against the allies' warships, but the British sailors are credited with saying that their vessels can prevent these guns being put in position.

The British fleet which did such execution in bombarding the German flank as they advanced along the coast seems to have withdrawn. The belief is expressed here that the fleet will be able to render untenable German occupation of any part of the Belgian or French coasts.

The opinion also is expressed here that the operations of the allied vessels in the North sea, off the Belgian coast, and in the vicinity of the Straits of Dover may cause the German fleet to come out and give battle.

Armies Cannot Move Rapidly. Yesterday's crossing of the Yser apparently had only a moral effect, as the Germans were confronted by solid lines of allied troops and were prevented from advancing without overwhelming efforts further toward the channel ports.

The character of the country prohibits a rapid movement, as the land is cut up by canals, and two strong series of defensive works separate them from Dunkirk.

The German infantry executed a number of night attacks, not only on the extreme wing, but also in the vicinity of Lille, where they encountered a most obstinate resistance. The allies are displaying wonderful energy in this region. The commanders are sparing their men many hardships and are able to give constant reliefs to the troops on the firing line.

Both sides speak of the heavy losses they have imposed on their adversaries, but say nothing of their own dead or wounded, to fill the places of whom reinforcements are being brought forward.

German Official Report. The latest Berlin statement, in the form of a report from the general staff, is as follows: "West of the Yser canal, between Nieupoort and Dixmude, which is still occupied by the enemy, our troops attacked the hostile positions, which are obstinately defended.

"The British fleet was forced back by the heavy artillery fire. Three ships were hit. During the afternoon of October 25 the fleet kept beyond the distance of sight.

"Near Ypres the battle is stagnant. Southwest of Ypres and west and southwest of Lille our attacks are progressing. During severe street fighting the English suffered great losses, leaving about five hundred prisoners.

CZAR'S DAUGHTER INSPECTS HER REGIMENT



Grand Duchess Olga, eldest daughter of the czar, inspecting the regiment of cavalry of which she is the colonel, before its departure for the front.

"North of Arras a heavy French attack broke down, the French losses being severe."

French Official Report. The official communication issued by the French war office in Paris said: "In Belgium, Nieupoort has been violently bombarded and the efforts of the Germans have continued on the front between Nieupoort and Dixmude without, according to the latest advice, any result whatever having been reached.

"All the front comprised between La Bassee and the Somme has been equally the object of violent attacks at night, all of which have been repulsed.

"On the remainder of the front there is nothing to report."

Tells of Hard Battle. The correspondent of the Daily News, who has been in an armored train to the banks of the Yser, gives a description of the battle in the northwest.

"The battle rages along the Yser with frightful destruction of life," he says. "Air engines, sea engines, and land engines death-sweep this desolate country vertically, horizontally, and transversely. Through it the frail little human engines crawl and drag, walk and run, skimming, charging, and blundering in little individual fights and tussles, tired and puzzled, ordered here and there, sleeping where they can, never washing, and dying unnoticed. A friend may find himself firing on a friendly force, and few are to blame.

"On Thursday the Germans were driven back over the Yser; on Friday they secured a footing again, and on Saturday they were again hurled back. Now a bridge blown up by one side is repaired by the other; it is again blown up by the first or left as a death trap till the enemy is actually crossing.

Fests of Armored Trains. "Actions by armored trains, some of them the most reckless adventures, are attempted daily. Each day accumulates an unwritten record of daring individual feats, accepted as part of the daily work. Day by day our men push out on those dangerous explorations, attacked by shell fire, in danger of cross fire, dynamite, and ambuscades, bringing a priceless support to the threatened lines.

"Now we are near the river at a flat country farm. The territory is scarred with trenches and it is impossible to say at first who is in them. So incidental and separate are the fortunes of this river-side battle. The Germans are on our bank, enfilading the lines of the allies' trenches. We creep up, and the Germans come into sight out of the trenches, rush to the bank, and are scattered and smashed. The allies follow with a fierce bayonet charge.

"The Germans do not wait. They rush to the bridges and are swept away by the deadliest destroyer of all, the machine gun. The bridge is blown up, but who can say by whom? Quickly the train runs back."

DRIVEN BACK FROM WARSAW

Advices From Petrograd Are to the Effect That Retreat of the Germans Continues.

London, Oct. 27.—There has been no slackening of the retreat of the German armies from before Warsaw, according to the best information here. Apparently the kaiser's troops have been driven from position after position and have been forced to continue their hurried marches toward the frontier without getting a moment's rest from the pursuing armies which the Grand Duke Nicholas is pushing forward at top speed.

An official statement from Petrograd regarding the operations in Poland says: "The precipitate flight of the Germans continues. They are evacuating Lodz, 75 miles west southwest of Warsaw. They made an unsuccessful attempt to arrest the offensive Rus-

slan movement by clinging to positions at Sokhatchoff, from which, however, they were dislodged with heavy losses.

"We have progressed along the routes from Nova to Alexandria, where we captured numerous prisoners and cannon.

Break Down Austrian Resistance. "The stubborn resistance of the Austrians in Galicia is weakening and our troops are making vigorous progress in the region south of Sambor and Staromasto, where we took 11 cannons and many caissons.

"The entire valley of the River Sprynce is covered with bodies of the enemy, estimated to aggregate at least 5,000.

"All attempts by the Germans to resume a partial offensive on the East Prussian front have been repelled."

Germans Nearer Augustowo. A dispatch from Berlin says the following German official communication has been issued: "In the eastern theater the war our offensive on Augustowo is progressing. The battle near Ivangorod is favorable, but there has been no decision."

According to a dispatch from Rotterdam, the Voesische Zeitung of Berlin says that the Russians, who had withdrawn most of their troops from Lemberg, have now sent 80,000 men there who are strenuously fortifying the town. The Russians, the paper says, are clearly determined to keep Lemberg at all costs.

Italians Land in Avlona. Rome, Oct. 27.—Avlona, Albania, was occupied yesterday by Italian naval forces.

The expedition was in the nature of a relief and sanitary organization, which purposes to take the large population which has taken refuge in the city to escape the persecutions of the insurgents. These people are said to be in a deplorable state.

Everything was done to remove from the expedition anything savouring of political or territorial occupation. Plans were taken to show that Italy's step was merely for the purpose of seeing that the decision of the London conference creating an autonomous Albania was carried out.

Britons to Lead Russians. London, Oct. 26.—A dispatch received tonight by the Marconi Wireless Telegraph company from Berlin says that the Vienna Reichspost reports that several days ago a new Anglo-French-Russian naval convention was concluded under which the chief commands of the Russian Baltic and Black sea fleets are placed in the hands of British admirals. Great Britain, according to the newspaper, undertakes to reinforce those fleets with its own squadrons.

More Canadians for War. Ottawa, Oct. 26.—It has been decided to send 15,000 more Canadian soldiers to Europe in December instead of 10,000, the number specified in the announcement of Premier Borden two weeks ago. The ready response to the call for volunteers and speedy delivery of rifles and other equipment have enabled the government to increase the size of the second expeditionary force.

French Steamer Sunk by Mine. Dover, via London, Oct. 26.—The French steamer Amiral Ganteaume was disabled today by a mine just outside of Boulogne harbor.

Twenty-five hundred passengers were transferred safely to the channel steamer Queen. Between twenty and thirty women and children were drowned during the panic that followed the blast.

Succeeds von Moltke? Paris, Oct. 26.—The Rome correspondent of the Havas agency says that according to dispatches received in Rome from Berlin Maj. Gen. Erich von Falkenhayn, the German minister of war, has been appointed chief of the general staff, succeeding Gen. Helmuth von Moltke, who is ill.

LETTER FROM THE STATE CAPITOL

COMMISSIONER OF STATE BOARD OFFICE PREPARES REPORT FOR YEARS.

TO STRENGTHEN ARSON LAWS

Not a Single Conviction Has Been Obtained By the State Out Of Twenty-Seven Arrests In Two Years.

[By GURD M. HAYES.]

Lansing—The seventy-second annual report of the Commissioner of the State Land Office, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1914, is now ready for the state printer.

This report reveals the fact that the total amount of state land of all classes is 606,037.50 acres, of which amount 276,089.98 acres are in a permanent forest reserve. The rest is scattering land which is being traded for the purpose of consolidating these forest reserves.

The great bulk of the land held by the state is tax homestead land that has reverted to the state on account of non-payment of taxes.

While only a small acreage was disposed of during the last year the average price per acre for the 121.72 acres was 7.55 per acre. This was mostly for railroad right of ways across state lands, and for other small parcels necessary to work out local propositions.

Most of the money received was on account of sales of city and village property, although \$11,000, up to the first of July, was received from leases of St. Clair Flats property, and about \$4,000 for trespass.

The Public Domain commission has authority under the state land office to issue deeds of state lands in exchange for lands inside the boundaries of the several forest reserves. While 50,000 acres of state lands are under consideration for exchange, only 492.39 acres have been parted with up to July 1. It would seem from the amount received for the foregoing number of acres that there must be some David Harums connected with the commission, because for the 492.37 acres to which the state parted title, it received \$93.62, or a little more than 30¢ per acre, or a little more than 30¢ per acre than it disposed of.

The state land office has only three more months in which to live, and it will then cease to be a department of state, all work being turned over to the Public Domain commission.

From the report just completed by Commissioner Carton, it would seem that he realized much could be gained from the abolishment of the state land department and the turning of the work over to the Public Domain commission.

"Michigan," said Mr. Carton, "has ceased to be a land selling state. There is no other good reason for the abolition of the office, other than the fact that the work of the department is practically done."

In all probability an effort will be made at the next session of the legislature to strengthen the arson laws of the state, as it is practically impossible for the state fire marshal's department to secure a conviction under the existing statutes no matter how strong the evidence.

In some cases persons arrested on a charge of arson have been acquitted after they have confessed in the presence of the prosecuting attorney and the state fire marshal's department feels discouraged.

It has cost the state considerable money to prosecute arson cases and the results have been anything but encouraging. Twenty-seven arrests have been made on arson charges during the past two years and thus far the department has failed to secure a single conviction.

Former Insurance Commissioner Palmer always claimed that there was an "arson trust" operating in Michigan and that an organized gang of fire bugs was operating to beat the insurance companies. Many suspicious fires in restaurants and stores owned by foreigners tended to confirm Palmer's opinion, but he was no more successful than the present fire marshal in convicting any one. "It is not the fault of the officials, but it is due to the present statutes," said Commissioner Winslow.

Proposed laws that the 1915 legislature will be asked to pass were Saturday endorsed by the joint penology commission, composed of the boards of control and wardens of the penal institutions, the pardon board, and the secretary of the state board of corrections and charities.

These laws, if passed, will make sweeping changes in the present government of the pardon board, in the paroling and sentencing of prisoners and methods of purchasing property.

Chief among the laws advocated is one that will completely change the method of selecting the pardon board. At present the governor has the power to appoint all three members. The proposed change would give the governor power to appoint one member, to be known as the member at large,

the executive clerk serving as his secretary. The warden of the institution where a case is to be heard would be the second member, and the board of control of each institution would nominate a resident as the third member, to act only in cases under discussion at the institution which he represents. Such members would be endorsed by the penology commission before acting.

An indefinite sentence law, replacing the present indeterminate sentence law, is also advocated. This would give a judge power to sentence a prisoner without any specified time, but would not apply to crimes for which life sentence could be imposed.

Another resolution adopted asks the legislature so to change the laws as to give the pardon board power to parole third-termers. The governor now has that power. The penology commission will also ask to be empowered to give good time to prisoners in addition to that allowed under the present law. This is asked for in order that trustees and prisoners can be given credit for what they are actually entitled to. The present laws do not cover this point, according to the penology commission.

The Michigan Agricultural College has filed its annual report for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1914, with Governor Ferris. The total receipts for the year amounted to \$576,632.47, not one cent of which was in gifts of any nature, either for general or designated purposes.

The receipts from students amounted to \$48,136.84, of which \$3,310 was for tuition fees, \$18,471 incidental fees, \$4,311.50 special fees for gymnasium, \$13,977.14 special fees for laboratories, \$11,345.43 gross receipts from dormitories.

The report shows total expenses for the year of \$587,599.88, of which some of the larger amounts are: Salaries, \$203,208.04; clerks and stenographers, \$21,415.67; employes and extra labor, \$80,735.56; laboratory supplies, \$33,222.40; fuel, \$22,902.95; live stock, \$11,996.

As the result of information received by Auditor General O. B. Fuller there may be an investigation of an attempt by a company known as the Lakewood Lot Owners' Association of Chicago to collect taxes on certain property located in Muskegon county.

E. Erickson of Muskegon has forwarded to Auditor General Fuller a notice received from the Lakewood Lot Owners' Association of Chicago in which he is informed that the company has given bond to the proper authorities to pay to the townships of Dalton, Blue Lake and Fruitridge the taxes levied against the descriptions described in the company's circular. It is set forth that the company is to reimburse itself by collecting the taxes from individual lot owners.

Accompanying the company's letter is a notice signed by Adolph Bard, supervisor of Dalton township in which he says that all real estate taxes should be paid to the Lakewood Lot Owners' Association. There is nothing legal about this as the township treasurer and the auditor general are the only persons authorized to collect taxes. It is said that there may be an investigation as Auditor General Fuller does not like the looks of the proposition.

That Uncle Sam benefits to some extent as the result of the operations of the various state departments, is shown by the quarterly statements of the expenditures for postage filed with the executive office. During the past three months the postage bills for the various departments amounted to \$11,895.85.

The secretary of state's department which has the heaviest mail used \$4,800 in postage, while the state tax commission is second with \$1,300. Next comes the state banking commission with \$1,000. The office of the superintendent of public instruction used \$567, dairy and food department \$492.40, state highway department \$448.50 and state board of health \$400.

According to the biennial report of the state sanatorium at Howell filed with Governor Ferris, that institution will ask the next legislature for an appropriation of \$65,900 for maintenance during the next two years. In addition to the maintenance appropriation special appropriations of \$15,000 for an infirmary and \$12,000 for a children's pavilion will be asked. The report for the fiscal year ending June 14 shows that there was a deficit of \$4,227.37.

The report of the medical superintendent shows that 375 tubercular patients were admitted for treatment during the past year and one-fourth of them came from the counties of Wayne and Genesee. At the Howell sanatorium only incipient cases are accepted, but the superintendent recommends that a hospital for patients in all stages of the disease should be provided by the state.

Classified as to occupation, 98 house keepers and 25 students were registered. Practically every other occupation was represented but these two appeared to claim the most. The percentage of women patients was considerably larger than the percentage of men. The average age was from twenty to thirty years. The report shows that at least 75 percent of the patients have improved after treatment.

Edwin Kostin, candidate for lieutenant governor on the socialist ticket, will not have his name printed on the ballot. Kostin was nominated by the socialists and the Michigan Labor party at the primary as a candidate for lieutenant governor. Whether a man is nominated by two parties he must notify the secretary of state within five days after the primary which ticket will carry his name. Kostin failed to make a choice and his name will not appear on the ballot.

MONROE DOCTRINE WINS RESPECT OF GERMANY

New York.—In the course of the first three weeks of the European war Germany, through Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador in Washington, communicated to Secretary of State Bryan the official assurance of the German government that it would not support any intervention in the Americas.

King's Last Words for Peace. London.—A dispatch from Copenhagen says the last words of the late King Christian of Roumania were: "Save the fatherland, but do not shed blood."

doctrine and the views of the United States regarding that doctrine.

The above statement was made by Dr. Bernhard Dernberg, former colonial secretary of the German government.

How will the India troops stand the Continental winter? The answer is should not be in doubt. The martial races of India come mostly from regions which have a very cold winter, some from highlands where the prevailing temperature is below zero for months of the year. In one case

INDIAN SOLDIERS IN WINTER

Little Doubt That British Allies Will Be Able to Stand the Rigors of European Weather.

than the average winter temperature of France and Belgium. We have, of course, no official information as to the constitution of the Indian forces, but we know that it consists largely of Sikhs and Gurkhas, for neither of whom about the cold of Europe has any terrors whatever. The Gurkha is essentially a highlander, accustomed to the keen air of the Eastern Himalayas and the plains of Nepal. He is extraordinarily hardy, skilled to almost any climate, as ready for hard marching or fighting in the winter as

he would have been for the trials endured by the allied forces in the first weeks of the war.

As a soldier and civilian he has fought in northern China, and is to be found several thousand strong among the soldiers of British Columbia supporting the figures of the Canadian winter. He is, the Punjab, is a country of climatic extremes, the European winters in the Durand camps at Delhi know well, having a peculiarly scorching quality.

Warden Simpson and the Jackson prison board of control are planning to establish an artificial lake on the prison stock farm. A low three-acre tract, fringed with trees, is to be transformed into a lake by means of excavation and a spring well, equipped with a windmill, for feeding the pond.

They propose to build a slaughter house near by and provide it with a large refrigerator, and secure the lake in winter will supply sufficient ice for a season.

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Fundamental Principles of Health

By ALBERT S. GRAY, M.D.

FOOD AND DELINQUENTS.

Under a recent date an Associated Press dispatch credits Charles C. D. Hillis, formerly private secretary to President Taft, now president of the New York Juvenile asyllum in Dobbs Ferry, with the discovery that bad teeth make bad boys.

What is the cause of bad teeth in children under fifteen years of age? It is universally admitted that the fundamental cause of the early decay of children's teeth is anemia, a lack of sufficient building material during the growing period. Obviously a lack of brick and mortar will result in an imperfect building, and the same lack of material must result in an imperfect body.

Mr. Hillis is not the discoverer of this truth, but none the less he is entitled to great credit for recognizing and taking practical steps to combat a dangerous condition that many foreign governments are making strenuous efforts to overcome.

In the parliamentary debate on free meals, March 27, 1905, Sir William Anson, then British parliamentary secretary to the board of education, replying to Messrs. Kier Hardie and William Crooke, admitted that in the day industrial schools, where the children had three meals a day, he found them "bright and intelligent and being developed physically and mentally in a satisfactory way." Although the children lived at home the regular and wholesome supply of food was so potent a factor that "their condition was thoroughly satisfactory."

Wilson Bruce, following other witnesses before the Scottish commission in pointing out the startling superiority of industrial school children, added that if we fed and clothed the elementary school children as suitably we should "make a new race of them."

The commissioners noted this contrast between the ill-nourished elementary school children of respectable parents and well-developed industrial school children of those who have "altogether failed in their duty."

The countess of Warwick, writing in "A Nation's Youth," says: "What a fine moral have we here. Be a bad parent, or confess yourself unable to control your own children, and they will be attached to an industrial school, given three meals a day, largely at the expense of the ratepayers, and they will become bright and intelligent boys, developed physically and mentally in a satisfactory way."

This touches upon and brings sharply to the front the whole subject of sophisticated foods around which a commercial battle royal is at present raging in this country. In no field of knowledge is there so general a lack of personal information founded on experience as in the fundamental one of food.

Eating has become an art which has to be learned by man, and unfortunately the subject is considered so unimportant that quite generally our foods are selected on the statement of persons whose only interest is in the profit to be derived from the manufacture and sale of the commodity, and then after the purchase in this slipshod manner it is too frequently turned over to some incompetent kitchen drudge to be prepared for eating.

In order that an intelligent choice of proper diet may be made it is absolutely necessary that we should possess a certain smattering of scientific knowledge. This does not consist in the memorizing of a few terms sufficient to enable us to babble about carbohydrates, proteins and fats, of calories and of balanced rations, but to have a thorough understanding of the real meaning of the closing paragraph of the fourth article of this series, which we here again repeat for emphasis: "The now prevailing standard of food values which measures the heat units produced from foods and completely ignores all other elements and factors is not only woefully inadequate in the light of modern science, but constitutes a grave menace to the health, to the morals, to the sanity and to the life of any people."

The chief reason for the improvement in inmates of well-governed asylums and industrial schools over the rate of development shown by children under home conditions undoubtedly lies in the fact that food matter is bought in bulk and largely

Not for Him. J. B. Regan, the noted New York hotel man, was balling, apropos of a champagne dispute, champagne stories.

"Mean men should never drink champagne," said Mr. Regan. "They can't enjoy it, you know. They think, with every swallow, there goes 25 cents."

"Once on the Mauretania a man asked me for a seasickness cure. "Drink," I said to him, "a half bottle of champagne just before you feel the seasickness starting."

"Oh," he said with a worried look, "wouldn't ginger ale do just as well? Champagne seems such expensive stuff to—risk."

Rhodes Scholarship. A feeling that the present system tends every so often to a loss of interest in the Rhodes scholarship plan is being the dominant force behind the determination of the trustees to make a change in the method of choosing the scholars from this country. Hereafter there will be elections from two-thirds of the states

on the horse-food basis, that is to say, the whole grains are bought, cooked and served, rather than the more expensive refined processed matter. Of course we are assured by "experts" that the food is "improved" and made "more digestible" by the elaborate process through which it is passed, but any successful raiser of cattle, hogs, chickens, pigeons, dogs or cats can tell of disastrous results following the feeding of any of these animals for any material period of time on "refined" food matter. And humanity still waits the coming of some Moses to free it from the bondage of the observance of universal law to which all living things are subject.

WHITE FLOUR FOOD.

"A little learning is a dangerous thing; Drink deep, or taste not the Pierian spring; There shallow drafts intoxicate the brain, And drinking largely sobers us again."

A recent magazine article written by an "expert" on food matters misquotes the first line of the above and then gives particular point to the truth of the quotation by grossly misinterpreting a clean cut, scientific demonstration of a disease resulting from the use of sophisticated food matter.

The article in question reads as follows: "We are told about biochemical properties of wheat offals and as proof we are referred to the ravages of beri-beri from eating bulled rice. This is 'jugglery,' something on the order of the magician Kellar. To be specific, beri-beri is a disease that has no connection with the whole wheat and white flour question. It is as remote as it can be. Beri-beri is a form of nervous disease that has affected the natives of Asia, who live mainly on rice, and of late years the introduction of hulled rice has increased the disease. It has been found that when rice polish was used as food along with the rice the disease was lessened in intensity."

"From this it has been argued that the rice hulls contained nourishing substances which had been removed from the rice in polishing. This looked very plausible. From these facts it was argued that wheat bran must also contain nourishing substances and they should not be removed from the wheat in the manufacture of flour. Fortunately, however, the subject of beri-beri has been worked out scientifically, and Funk, of the Lister institute, has shown that the disease is caused by some toxic action of rice protein.

"This should show the danger of being influenced by the exaggerated accounts of white bread and hulled rice starvation, statements which have no foundation in proved facts. White bread is safe food. Polished rice is safe food, as scientific investigation has proved."

The discerning reader will note that the matter in the body of the article contradicts the finding stated in the closing paragraph quoted. The whole truth is as follows:

Casimir Funk of the biochemical department, Lister Institute of Preventive Medicine, discovered that a substance could be recovered from the matter ground from the surface of rice in polishing it which would in a few hours cure a disease known as polyneuritis, or beri-beri.

Underlying every happening in this universe is a law or principle, and the same principle will be found producing many widely separated results. The statement that beri-beri has no connection with whole wheat and white flour is not strictly true, because the same principle applies. Beri-beri is caused by a mineral starvation, and we know many diseases are caused by the mineral starvation resulting from the too free use of demineralized foods, including flour. The writer personally knows of large flocks of chickens being killed by feeding them on demineralized grain, and of dogs killed by feeding them on demineralized meat and white bread. Every physiologist of note states that the vitality of the individual cell depends on a free supply of mineral matter consisting of at least three elements. It would be reasonable then to expect some definite deleterious result from a diet composed largely of mineral-free matter, and the fact that all white bread eating peoples are greatly troubled with constipation may be considered evidence that white bread is not healthful as given by Sherman, who states that washed bran fed to cows was found to be constipating, indicating that the laxative property of ordinary bran and whole wheat products is dependent not simply upon mechanical irritation.

It would be as logical to state that while you might break your neck falling off a thirty foot brick house, falling off a thirty foot frame house over in the next block is safe because it has no connection with the brick house. "It is as remote as it can be." That may be, but nevertheless, the chances of breaking your neck are equal, because the principles are identical.

The too free use of white flour, or of any other demineralized foodstuff, no matter whether it be demineralized by being processed or by stupid cooking methods, is detrimental to health.

every year and the old idea of elections from all the states two years out of three will be abandoned. The new plan will insure to Oxford an uninterrupted flow of American students and should put an end to the lethargy that prevails here whenever a so-called loan year is upon us. At best the trustees seem to be having their troubles maintaining a continuous interest in Cecil Rhodes' vast enterprise and they are ever on the alert to popularize it. It was only last year, it will be remembered, that the Oxford regulations were relaxed to the extent of excusing American candidates for scholarships from entrance examinations in Greek.—Boston Transcript.

St. Pierre Still Dead. St. Pierre, Martinique, which was destroyed by the eruption of Mount Pelée in 1902, has never been rebuilt, but it is said that even yet the ruins are being searched for valuables. The place is under police control, and two or three streets have been excavated, but it is still a "city of desolation."

One-Piece Dress of Gabardine

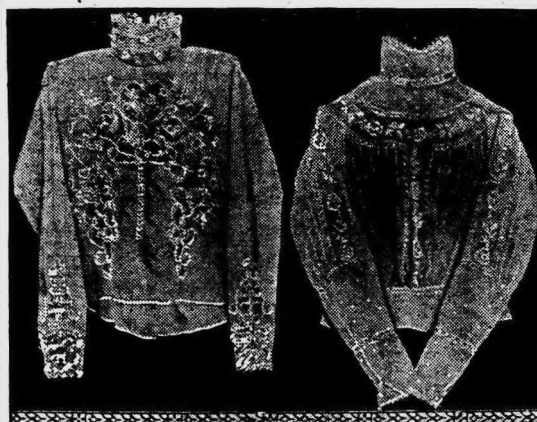


ALTHOUGH in many of the new styles in gowns the waist line seems to be playing a game of "hide and seek" or has altogether vanished, still, for the benefit of conservative women, models in which the blouse appears are plentiful enough. Some people hesitate to adopt entirely new lines in costumes, no matter if the new silhouette has much to recommend it. The blouse, too, has held its own because of its becomingness and its incomparable practicality. Out of eight gowns in an opening display, four incorporate a blouse effect in the bodices, and with authorities like Lucille of New York and Doucet of Paris to cite, no friend of the bloused bodice need apologize.

In the picture an early design from Antoine & Hubert shows the transition from the narrow to wider skirts, and the long tunic, which may or may not flare at the bottom. With the advance of the season the underskirt has grown shorter and a disposition to flare the tunic at the bottom is much more pronounced than has been the case.

The dress pictured, made of serge, gabardine or any of the lighter weight woollens, will appeal to every woman who is looking for something practical for daily wear. It is a comfortable gown with the charm of modestness. The underskirt is a straight line

Two Fine Lingerie Blouses



STYLES may come and styles may go, but the lingerie blouse stays right with the American woman from one season to another, or she stands right by it. In this regard her Declaration of Independence has long ago been made. Paris and Vienna may declare the separate waist taboo, but the American woman doesn't even hear them; she goes on her way wearing it.

The lingerie blouse, or shirt waist, or wash waist, (by all of which names the same garment is called) changes somewhat from season to season, as a concession to prevailing fashions, in lines and in decorative features. That is, it may follow after the fads of the hour as to length of sleeves, collar or collarless style and general outline of bodices. And it may ignore these details and remain the long-sleeved high-necked blouse of many years' good standing.

Considering this stability of the wash waist it is worth while to make it of strong fine material, and time spent upon its embroidery is not thrown away. The finest cotton fabrics and linen are splendid performers when it comes to the durability of the wear on waists really comes in the laundering. If this is done care-

fully and in the right way they will stand it. Two very fine waists are shown in the picture. Fine voile and marquisette are the fabrics chosen for them. The hard-twisted threads are like infinitesimal wires for strength and firmness and the materials transparent and supple. To make up with and decorate rich fabrics strong hand-made lace and hand embroidery cannot be improved upon. Irish crochet, cluny and home-made crochet or knitted laces will last as long as the fabrics. Next to these the best of val lace will rank in point of wearing quality. The waists pictured here are made very elegant by fine and elaborate hand embroidery. The designs are intricate and a lavish amount of work appears on each of them. In the waist of voile the tiniest of cord-tucks are run. The collar is of Irish crochet lace. The long sleeves are finished with embroidery.

The second waist of marquisette is simpler but quite rich enough for any occasion. The embroidery on this model is put on in bands, the flowers being raised on the surface. Embroidery of this kind requires padding. JULIA BOTTOMLEY.

Blouse Fitted by Puckers. The substitution of puckers along a vertical seam for gathering at the shoulder line gives an entirely new aspect to the blouse which must now be flat from shoulder to bust line, yet with all its flat effect, set easily over the figure. A new tailored blouse of petunia pussy willow taffeta is for wear with a black cloth coat and skirt costume. The slightly tapering vest, with its narrow turnover collar, is an important feature of the blouse. Lightning the Burden. Our substitutes say often lighten by relaxing them.

FREIGHT CAR SERVICE

ROOM FOR IMPROVEMENT IN IMPORTANT MATTER.

Many Suggestions Have Been Made, Among Them That a "Clearing House" Might Help to Smooth Away Difficulties.

The subject of car shortage has for years interested railway officials, but as yet no general policy has been adopted. Every harvest season, and every season for the shipping of great quantities of winter fuel, finds the railroads more or less unprepared because of a scarcity of cars. This condition has led to many investigations and numerous recommendations. The interstate commerce commission, several years ago, endeavored to correct the demurrage rules, but some railroad men felt that thereby the situation was made more difficult.

J. R. Cavanaugh, an Indianapolis railroad man, recommends, in the Traffic World, the pooling of freight cars, that is that a freight car "clearing house" should be formed to take over all the freight cars in the country. Ownership would remain the same, but management would be centralized. The clearing association would operate under the rules of the American Railway association, would receive reports from every part of the country and would be enabled to act nationally instead of locally. The idea is to equalize car interchange. There are many thousands of cars idle in one place when they are needed in another. It would be the new association's purpose to remedy this condition.

The proposal is in line with ideas expressed by other railroad men. It is said that for at least two-thirds of the year 100,000 freight cars stand idle on the sidings. These represent an investment of perhaps \$150,000,000. The average daily journey of a freight car is estimated to be but twenty-five miles. Under the present complicated system of demurrage, it is declared that, out of every nine days, a car is in actual transportation service only two days. The other seven days are taken up in loading, unloading or storage.

One investigator, writing in the Technical World Magazine last year, gave it as his opinion that there are too many freight cars—that is, too much capital is invested in this sort of equipment considering the returns. It is evident that the railroads lose millions of dollars annually, because of the lack of system in car handling. Perhaps this loss has something to do with the "hard times" which the railroads are experiencing.

Titanium-Steel Rails

Titanium-steel rails for railways were first made experimentally seven years ago. The results then shown led to their manufacture by several steel companies, and about five years ago their manufacture was undertaken upon a commercial scale.

Experiments on the New York Central have confirmed those made elsewhere in showing that these rails wear several times as long as those made of ordinary Bessemer steel. Titanium has a great affinity for nitrogen and this property makes it desirable for railway purposes.—Popular Electricity.

Railroad Porters' Complaint

"Mister Porter" may be the form of address used by passengers on the Great Western and the London and Northwestern companies in the Warwick and Leamington district, when they address the railroad porters. The men are of opinion that they are not treated with proper respect by the officials of the company, and consequently have passed a resolution asking the union to agitate that they should be addressed as "Mister," similarly to the clerks, and not merely by their surnames.

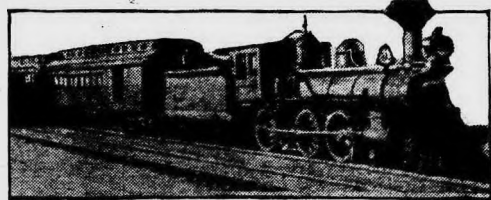
To Discover the Deserving.

The Canadian Pacific railroad has added to its staff a "scout," whose duty it will be to travel over the system and discover those employees who are especially worthy of advancement. Incidentally he will report those found wanting, but it is significant that his function primarily is not to make complaint, but to make doubly sure that the deserving are recognized.

A Veteran.

W. Hanley of Barby, near Selby, England, a signalman on the North-eastern railroad, has been forty years in one signal box, and has walked to and from his work a distance of 61,000 miles.

AMERICAN GOVERNMENT-OWNED RAILROAD



Type of passenger equipment in use on the railroad built and operated by the United States government in Idaho. This railroad, which is 22 miles long, is employed in transporting passengers and freight between Barber-ton and the great irrigation dam under construction across the Boise canyon at Arrowrock. It is operated by the reclamation service, as indicated by the initials "U. S. R. S." on the locomotive tender.—Popular Mechanics.

Detachable Rim Rings.

Difficulty frequently is experienced when applying the rings on quick detachable rims. This is particularly true if the rings happen to be slightly sprung or bent, but the application may be greatly facilitated by observing a few simple hints. The first point to be observed is to have sufficient air in the tube to force the clinch of the tire into engagement with the rim as soon as the ring has been placed in the proper position. Then the projecting lug on the end

BUILT FOR MILITARY PURPOSE

Millions Poured Into Trans-Siberian Railroad Have Had a Very Definite Object.

There is a railroad from the North sea to the Japan sea. It was built by a nation to capture nations. It has failed of its purpose so far. The Trans-Siberian, all things considered, is the most gigantic railroad task that ever was performed. In money it will cost up more than \$1,000,000,000. In lives, it has destroyed thousands. Its earnings are practically negligible. Yet, at this time, the Russians are laying double tracks on it from end to end! Moreover, they are building one branch of it that would reach from New York to Chicago and leave 300 miles for sidings, and that will cost more than \$150,000,000.

If that were only a railroad, it would be the greatest railroad mystery of the ages; but it is not only a railroad. It is like the army and the navy of Russia. It is a national expenditure for the conquest of Asia. Some day, no doubt, when the coffers of Russia are filled again with gold, the rest of the story of the Trans-Siberian will be written. Probably the men who are doing the dreaming will not live to see the writing.—C. M. Keys in the World's Works.

LIGHTS WARN DAY TRAINS

Simple System Which Eminent Signal Engineer Believes Will Be Found to Be Effective.

With the recent developments in lenses for signal purposes, according to Thomas S. Stevens, signal engineer for the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe railroad, it is now practicable for the different colors to be readily distinguished in daylight at a distance of 2,000 feet.

All the complicated mechanism necessary for the mechanical operation of signal arms are eliminated and replaced by simple electrical circuits which are far more efficient and economical to maintain.

In the majority of cases two 25-watt lamps are used behind an eight-inch lens. Indeed, it appears that the problem with this type of signaling is to provide a light signal sufficiently visible in bright sunlight which will not make the signal too prominent at night.

New Motor Plow

An English firm is putting out a new plow that is propelled by a farm-horse power motor, that is much like the horse-drawn implement, and can be used successfully for any of the ordinary agricultural tasks, such as plowing, cultivating, scuffling, skinning, hoeing and drilling. As it is only three feet high and two feet four inches wide, it can be used in places where horses cannot work, between fruit trees in orchards, in vineyards and hop gardens, and in rubber, tea and coffee plantations. Unlike other motor plows, it has only two driven road wheels, and the attendant who walks behind it runs the engine and guides the plow by means of star wheels. With one wheel running in a furrow, the plow virtually steers itself, and needs little attention except at the end of the furrows. The makers assert that the machine will do nearly twice as much work a day as a horse-drawn plow, at about one-half the cost an acre. The correctness of the assertion naturally depends somewhat upon the nature of the land on which the machine is set to work.

Public Too Careless.

People are incredibly careless in regard to crossing railroad tracks. A statistical study of accidents states that out of 32,079 cases only 298 persons in vehicles or on foot fully obeyed the "Stop, Look and Listen" sign, or waited for the watchman's signal before crossing the tracks; 3,776 persons looked both ways, but neither listened nor stopped. The "safety first" campaign is surely a timely one in the face of such conditions.

Electro Magnets on Steam Cranes.

An electro lifting magnet would frequently prove very serviceable for use with railroad wrecking cranes of the usual steam operated variety, but the necessary electric current is lacking. In such cases it has been suggested that a small turbo-generator could be easily fitted, and would be a valuable addition to the equipment.—Scientific American.

Travel on British Lines.

In the year 1913 the railroads of Great Britain carried 1,228,316,000 passengers. By far the greater number of these (933,498,000) traveled third class. The number of season ticket holders is estimated at 595,000.

NEW REBELLION BREAKS OUT IN SOUTH AFRICA

London Hears of Uprising of Boers Under DeWitt and Beyers

ENGLISH CLAIM GERMANS ARE CHECKED ON COAST

War Ships Driven Away by Big Guns On Monday Return to Help Allies Near Ostend On Tuesday.

London—Another rebellion has broken out in South Africa. General Christian de Witt and General Christian Frederick Beyers have taken the lead of the rebels in the Orange Free State and Western Transvaal.

Having put down the rebellion in the northern province of Cape Colony, led by Lieut.-Col. Maritz, the government of the Union of South Africa is now faced by the more serious rising under Generals de Witt and Beyers, the latter of whom resigned the command of the Union forces when Premier Botha decided to take up arms against Germany.

According to an official report received Tuesday, armed rebellious commandoes are already in existence; the town of Heilbron, in the northern part of the Orange River colony, has been seized and the government officials have been taken prisoners, while a train has been stopped and armed citizens of the defense force have been taken from it and disarmed.

The Union government has issued a proclamation to the people, announcing these events and explaining that, although it was aware of these rebellious preparations, it had been taking steps to preserve peace without bloodshed.

London Claims Germans Are Checked.

London—Germany's effort to raid the English channel ports of France has been checked so effectively, according to advices received here Tuesday, that London believes there is no longer any immediate danger of the threatened "sweep of the coast to Calais" and a cross-sea blow at Britain.

An Amsterdam dispatch received at midnight Tuesday says the British warships have resumed the bombardment of the German trenches at Ostend and that loud guns which were silent Monday are again firing. The battle continues to rage on the Yser and the severity of the losses exceeds that which occurred on the Nette and the Meuse. The Germans are posting more big guns on the coast. Great numbers of wounded are being brought to Bruges.

The Germans have gained two points in the last four days—the taking of Roulers and the crossing of the Yser river. But they have not been able to advance in a way that would make these gains significant in the great scheme of war that is being worked out by the two armies in southern Belgium and northern France.

Since crossing the Yser and taking Roulers—in both of which victories the Germans suffered terrific losses—the invaders have not gained a foot of ground, while the Allies have made decided advances at Dixmude, on the Yser, and at other points along the line to the Lorraine border, where they have driven the enemy across the frontier, in the English claim.

The losses on both sides are known, to have been terrific during the last few days, but the reports seem to show that the Germans were the greatest sufferers. Official statements have little to say of the losses but dispatches from correspondents indicate that the Germans have sacrificed thousands of lives in their efforts of the last three days.

One report from the continent said the British warships, in shelling the enemy on the Belgian shore on Sunday, had wiped out a German brigade of 6,000 men who were marching between Nieuport and Middlekirke. This report was not officially confirmed.

BRIEF NEWS OF WAR

Paris—The French Friday captured Aitkirch, upper Alsace, at the point of bayonet. Aitkirch has been taken and retaken several times since the war began.

London—Emperor Nicholas has conferred the Order of St. George, third class, on Grand Duke Nicholas, commander-in-chief of the Russian forces, and the same order, fourth class, on Captain Martynoff.

London—Captain John Jacob Astor, First Life Guards, son of William Waldorf Astor, has been wounded in a battle in France. His name appears in the list of casualties made public Tuesday night.

London—To frustrate the attempts of hostile craft to reach London, several additional channels in the Thames were closed Tuesday by order of the British admiralty. Some of the channels were closed last week. Within certain limits vessels at anchor in the river must not show lights at night.

London—In a British casualty list issued Friday but dated October 18 shows 10 officers killed, including Lieutenant Sir E. G. V. Duff, of the Second Life Guards and 29 wounded.

London—The American mission for Belgian relief Friday received from the Belgian minister in London, Count De La Laine \$500,000 taken from the Belgian relief fund entrusted to the minister. The commission is now changing food and supplies with this money.

Are You For or Against the Widow and Orphan?

The Probate Judge must protect the interest of your family if you should die. Do you prefer politics or competency?

Judge Edgar O. Durfee PUBLICLY stated: "Judge Hanley has shown great care and ability in protecting the widow and orphan and should be re-elected even though his name is on the Democrat ticket."

Vote therefore for the re-election of

JUDGE STEWART HANLEY

Judge of Probate

EDWARD GAYDE



Republican Candidate for Representative State Legislature Third District Your Support at the Election Nov. 3 Will Be Appreciated.

PERRINSVILLE.

The annual fair and chicken-pie supper held at the hall under the auspices of the L. A. S. was well attended and a goodly sum was added to their treasury. Mr. and Mrs. Fred Milroy and son of Redford, spent Saturday at Wm. Johnson's. Willard Sherman has been entertaining his brother Charles from the west. Mr. and Mrs. Ransom Lewis and Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Brown motored to Milford and spent Sunday with Warren Brown and family. Frank James of Detroit, spent Saturday and Sunday at the home of C. F. Beyer. A. Tait and family entertained company from Detroit Saturday and Sunday. W. J. Beyer spent Friday in Farmington. The Mack family held a reunion at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Oliver Sunday. A very enjoyable time was had by all present. A. Tait came near having a serious accident Sunday evening when his horse became frightened and over-turned the rig, throwing the occupants out into a ditch. No harm was done only to the rig. Miss Hazel Kingsley and friend spent Sunday at Stark. We regret to hear that Mrs. Robert McKee is not so well at this writing. Isabelle and Lawrence Oeschmacher of Springwells, who have been staying with their uncle, Paul Oeschmacher, for the past six months, have returned home. Wm. Hirschlieb, wife and family spent Sunday at John Mecklenberg's. Several of Mr. and Mrs. Marlette's neighbors came in to spend Thursday evening with them. They will move to Beech Monday and occupy Charles Gottman's place. Ed. Gibbo of Newcomb's Corners, visited at Geo. Baehr's Sunday. Mrs. Peter Kubik and daughter spent Sunday with her mother, Mrs. Geo. Avery. Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Johnson and family spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Fred Milroy at Redford. We are glad to see Mrs. Lon Hanchett out among us again. W. J. Beyer, wife and daughter spent Sunday at Plymouth with Mr. and Mrs. Fred Beyer. Mr. and Mrs. Fred Theuer, Jr. spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. John Avery. Wm. Hirschlieb has received an appointment as overseer of the Ancient Order of Gleasers of Wayne county. He will begin his new work Wednesday. Mrs. Henry Kubik spent Sunday afternoon with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Theuer. Mrs. Effie Coughell will move to Newburg in the house formerly occupied by Arthur Bennett. Mr. Gleason and family will move to Detroit in the near future. Word has been received here of the marriage of Mrs. Jane E. Oliver, a former resident of this place, to Fred C. Forsyth. Her old friends and neighbors extend congratulations. The annual meeting of the Perrinsville branch No. 19 of the Mutual Dairy Association will be held in the hall Monday evening, Nov. 2nd. All members are requested to be present. Don't forget the services at the church every Sunday. Everybody welcome.

They Make You Feel Good.

The pleasant purgative effect produced by Chamberlain's Tablets and the healthy condition of body and mind which they create make one feel joyful. For sale by all dealers.—Advt.

LIVONIA CENTER.

Potatoes are being hurried out this week and people begin to think winter has come. Miss Jepson was a Detroit visitor from Friday till Sunday. D. K. Peck of Jackson is spending the week at the old home. Mrs. Elizabeth Peck, an old and much respected lady passed away at her home north of Livonia Center, Sunday evening, Oct. 19th, after only four days sickness of pneumonia. Her funeral was held on Wednesday, Oct. 22. Had she lived until the 25th of November she would have been 85 years of age. Elizabeth Down was born in Devonshire, England, Nov. 25th, 1829. She came to America with her parents at the age of 21, and settled in Ingham county. In 1854 she was married to Russell S. Peck. They resided in Jackson county until 1860, when they moved to Ionia county. They lived there until 1865, then moving to Livonia, where she has since made her home. Her husband passed away 14 years ago. She leaves to mourn their loss three sons, six grandchildren, eight great grandchildren, one sister and one brother. The children and grandchildren of Mrs. Elizabeth Peck wish to express their gratitude to the friends and neighbors for their many acts of kindness during their recent bereavement. Also to the choir for their services.

STARK.

Farmers, don't forget to bring your peck of large potatoes to Newburg to the fair and get your prize. Mrs. C. C. Chapman returned home Saturday after a four weeks' stay in Toronto with a sister that was very sick and recently died. C. H. Sherman started home to Lewiston, Idaho, last Sunday after a four weeks' visit here among relatives. The farmer will tell you how to make money but the Mail will tell you how to save it. You can't afford to be without it, so you at the fair at Newburg call on Hattie Hoistington and see what she can do for you. Those wishing fun at the fair call on Mrs. W. H. Costa at the fish pond, and she will give you what you are looking for as the pond is full. Don't miss it. Marthe Swartz spent Sunday with her mother, Mrs. Dettie. Mr. and Mrs. Lardon entertained company from Salem Sunday and Monday. Bert and Lon Krumm and family went to Detroit Wednesday to see their sister, Mrs. Fisher, who is very sick. Chronic Dyspepsia. The following unqualified testimonial should certainly be sufficient to induce anyone to purchase Chamberlain's Tablets: "I have been a chronic dyspeptic for years, and of all the medicines I have taken, Chamberlain's Tablets have done more good than anything else."—J. W. G. Hamilton, No. 1 Broadway St., Haverhill, Mass., N. Y. For sale by all dealers.—Advt.

WEST PLYMOUTH.

Mrs. Carman Root entertained the Cooper's Corners Helping Hand Society last Wednesday. Roll call responded to by each member by giving two mother goose rhymes. Topic for the afternoon, "The care and management of children," the discussion led by Mrs. Root. The next meeting will be held the third Wednesday of the month at the home of Mrs. Dan Murray. Ed. Demerit and family of Monerick, Ohio, visited at A. E. Eberole's Saturday and Sunday. They came in an auto, it taking them six hours to make the trip. Miss Esther Stevenson of Detroit, spent Sunday with her sister, Mrs. George Innis. Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Ellsworth, Rev. and Mrs. Miller of Howell, and Mr. Cheek of Northville, visited at Geo. Butler's Thursday. Saturday night a number of West Plymouth young people attended a hard times party on the Plymouth road. Mr. and Mrs. Everest Whipple and family of Plymouth, visited at John Butler's Sunday. Charlie Widmaier fell from his motor cycle on Wells hill last week, injuring himself and his machine quite badly. Miss Annie Heaton, Miss Pearl Murray, Will Heine and Fred Heapner visited at Louis Minehart's Sunday.

NEWBURG.

It was very gratifying to our pastor to see so many out Sunday. Those who attended were not disappointed as they listened to a grand sermon. The superintendent of the Sunday-school would like to see a large number of boys and girls out next Sunday. Everyone come and help to make our church and Sunday-school what it ought to be, a grand success. Our Epworth League is the means of developing talent among our young people. A fine meeting was held last Sabbath evening with Miss Beattie Farley as leader. Gladys Smith gave a recitation, Miss Anna Youngs and Eidon Geney each rendered a solo. Henry Grimm acts as leader next Sunday evening. All invited. Mr. and Mrs. Mark Joy have the sincere sympathy of all in the loss of their little four year old daughter, Lewania. This makes the second one of the triplets to be taken away. This little girl will be greatly missed in her home and by the neighbors and school children who took such an interest in the two little girls that looked so much alike that very few could tell them apart. The funeral Tuesday afternoon at the church was largely attended by sympathizing friends. The many friends of Mrs. Wm. Smith will be glad to learn that she is able to go to Toledo on a visit to her sister's, and hope she may return home much improved in health. James Morton of Detroit, was a guest of the Farleys last Sunday. Don't forget the Newburg fair to-night (Friday) at the hall. Mrs. W. R. LeVan entertained Mrs. James of Lapeer, the two Miss Livingstons and Mrs. Seed and son Arthur of Detroit, last Wednesday. Mrs. Hilliker and daughter Beattie and friend Mr. Thomas of Ann Arbor, motored out to the LeVan home last Thursday. Mr. and Mrs. Mott and family of Flint, have moved on to the Henry Bassett farm. Mrs. Lally and children were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Carson last Sunday. Wm. Orsborn and son of Detroit, attended church service Sunday, meeting some of his boyhood friends. This cold spell caught some people with their potatoes still in the ground. Its surely making everybody bustle. Subscribe for the Mail.

FRAINS LAKE.

Mrs. Burton Galpin reports that her niece, Miss Vera VanVleet at Ann Arbor hospital, is still on the gain. Mrs. Fred Jackson entertained her sister and family from Wayne, Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. Linus Galpin and daughter and Mr. and Mrs. Anson Hearn and daughter of Plymouth, spent Sunday at Burton Galpin's. Mr. and Mrs. William Gale and Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Jones spent Sunday with A. C. Gale at Salem. William Lyke and family spent Sunday with Glen Lyke at Salem. J. Stranger of Ann Arbor, was on our street Tuesday and tuned pianos for Mrs. Theda Lyke, Mrs. Ed Lyke, Mrs. Thos. Geer and George Lyke. Fred Fishbeck and family spent Sunday with friends near Howell. Mrs. Wm. Gale and Mrs. Wm. Schrader spent Tuesday in Ann Arbor. Fred Galpin and Mr. Dextosh spent Sunday with Fred Humm. Mrs. L. Keily of Cherry Hill, called at Charles Freeman's last Wednesday. Mrs. Beattie Geer, Mrs. Wm. Lyke, Mrs. Mabelle Sherwood, Mrs. Chas. Freeman, Mrs. Wm. Gale and Mrs. Theda Lyke attended the Dixboro L. A. S. at the home of Mrs. James Popkins Thursday.

LAPHAM'S CORNERS.

Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Severy spent Sunday at Isaac Savery's at Dexter. Mrs. Myrtle Lyke and Mrs. Tena Bove were in South Lyon shopping last Saturday. The Lapham's school district will hold a shadow social, Friday evening, November 6, at the home of Fred Casterline. Everyone come and have a good time. The following pupils in Lapham's district have been neither absent nor tardy during the month of October: Muriel and Donald Bovee, Clyde, Esther and Ruth Casterline, Irene King, Ila Laet, Burton Rich, Edward Shoebridge, Ruth Smith and Ida Withee. Miss Agnes Traub of Columbus, Ohio, has been spending a few days with her sister, Mrs. Chester Shoebridge. Her nephew, Edward accompanied her home to stay until Christmas. Don't forget the social (tonight) Friday, at the home of Will Cole. Come and have some good chicken-pie. V. H. Ramsdall of Ann Arbor, Paul Ramsdall and Miss Genevieve Packard of the U. of M., called on the latter's grandmother, Mrs. Louisa Packard last Saturday afternoon. Mr. and Mrs. Harmon Gale and son Russell and Mr. and Mrs. Will Cole and daughter Marjorie, motored to Clyde Saturday and spent the day at Andrew Heddie's. H. C. Whitney and family spent Sunday at J. H. Smith's. Walter Gale and family spent Sunday at the home of Walter Curtis. Mrs. Ida Curtis and three sons spent a few days in Dexter last week. Miss Emily Wall spent the latter part of last week with Miss Sadia Walker. Burt Nelson was in Ann Arbor Tuesday. Mr. and Mrs. Sheldon Gale took Sunday dinner with their son Harmon and family. In the afternoon they all motored to Ypsilanti. Vote for Otto Stoll for Register of Deeds.—Advt.

Millions of Dollars

Are cleared every year by the poultry raisers of the United States. A large factor in the production of this huge profit is HARVELL'S CONDITION POWDER. It keeps laying hens in good condition, makes young chicks grow rapidly, wards off disease and keeps the comb bright and red. Equally as good for stock. It is the favorite conditioning powder with breeders of blooded horses. Price 25 cts. per package. Sold by J. W. Bickenstaff & Co. and Beyer's Pharmacy.—Advt.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS

[OFFICIAL]

Special meeting of the common council of the village of Plymouth, Michigan, was called October 24, 1914. Meeting called to order by President Louis Hillmer. Members present: President Louis Hillmer; Trustees Arthur V. Jones, John G. Lang, Geo. Lee, Henry A. Sage, Edward H. Tighe. Absent: Trustees Charles M. Mason, J. H. Tighe. Moved by Trustee E. H. Tighe, seconded by Trustee Geo. Lee, that we put a preparation of mastic on the new pavement on Penniman avenue from east line of John Patterson's property to Harvey street. Ayes: Jones, Lang, Lee, Tighe. Nays: Sage. Carried. Moved by Trustee E. H. Tighe, seconded by Trustee Geo. Lee, that we resurface Liberty street in same manner as specified in preceding motion. Aye, Tighe. Nays: Jones, Lang, Lee, Sage. Motion lost. Moved by Trustee Geo. Lee, seconded by Trustee A. V. Jones, that the village of Plymouth borrow \$3000.00 for ninety days at 6% interest. Ayes: Jones, Lang, Lee, Sage, Tighe. Carried. Moved by Trustee A. V. Jones, seconded by Trustee J. G. Lang, that VanPoppelen, Munley and Hancock be paid amount due them according to estimate of engineers, viz., \$1290.92. Ayes: Jones, Lang, Lee, Sage, Tighe. Carried. Moved by Trustee J. G. Lang, seconded by Trustee A. V. Jones, that we adjourn. Carried. R. A. Cassidy, Village Clerk.

The Pere Marquette R. R. have made arrangements whereby Plymouth merchants can now receive freight from Detroit every morning. A car for this purpose has been put on the early morning freight train to care for local business.

Vote for Mark R. Bacon Our Home Candidate for Representative in Congress



Republican Candidate This district is normally Republican. We elected the Congressman in the plurality of 3,574; in 1902 by 3,282; in 1904 by 3,923; in 1906 by 23,473 (no Democratic candidate that year); in 1908 by 9,138; in 1910 by 6,390. In 1912 we lost the congressman by a plurality of 141, owing to a split in our party. The Republicans and Progressives really belong in one party; both believe in a reasonable tariff, and in progressive legislation that would benefit all classes of people—the farmer, the laborer, the mechanic, the manufacturer, the business man. There was an honest division of sentiment in 1912, but I can see no reason why they should not get together now—and in our case—redeem the Second district. The Progressive party can not hope to elect its candidate this year, then why not vote for Mark R. Bacon? I claim to be progressive, liberal, temperate and patriotic; but believe that all reforms for the benefit of the people must come through the Republican party. By division we can accomplish nothing, we merely play into the hands of our opponents. I believe the government should be run as a business man would run his business—on business principles and economically. Please mark your ballot where it says mark that is where it says MARK R. BACON. —Advertisement.

EDWARD COMMAND



ASK THE MAN WHO KNOWS HIM

Courteous Capable Courageous Conscientious COMMAND

REPUBLICAN CANDIDATE FOR JUDGE of PROBATE