

# THE PLYMOUTH MAIL.

VOLUME XXIV., No. 4

PLYMOUTH, MICH., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1911

WHOLE No. 1254

## Just Watch Me

Keep your eye on this store and I'll keep you constantly posted on the

### BEST REMEDIES

to buy and the

### BEST PLACE

to buy them. When in need of Pure Drugs accurately dispensed, let me serve you.

## JONES, The Druggist,

The Wolverine Store.

Phone No. 5.

## Local Correspondence

### WEST PLYMOUTH.

Mrs. Dan Murray and little Elizabeth are visiting Mrs. C. W. Valentine in Plymouth this week.

Mrs. Forest Smith is still very ill at this writing. Mrs. Phila Harrison of Plymouth is helping care for her.

The wet weather is very discouraging to the farmers, as some have large crops of beans pulled and many are unable to sow their wheat.

Mrs. Nina Heeney, who has been having an enforced vacation of two weeks owing to a case of diphtheria in the district, resumed her teaching Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Cole of Salem visited Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Lucas Wednesday. Mrs. Lydia Lucas returned home with them for a week's visit.

C. F. Smith has purchased a new potato digger and will soon commence to dig his large crop of potatoes.

A brother of Mrs. Geo. Innes of Chicago is visiting her this week.

You are not experimenting on yourself when you take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for a cold, as that preparation has won its great reputation and extensive sale by its remarkable cures of colds, and can always be depended upon. It is equally valuable for adults and children and may be given to young children with implicit confidence, as it contains no harmful drug. For sale by all dealers.

### ELM.

Mrs. August Rohring was a Detroit visitor Tuesday.

The ladies aid of the German Lutheran society of Clarenceville met at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Mantzell Thursday with a good attendance.

Norman Wilson called on his family at Ann Arbor Sunday.

Farmers are busy in this neighborhood hauling potatoes to market.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Garchow have been entertaining the latter's father from the U. P. the past week.

Geo. Wright at Beech is building a new house.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Hirschlieb were in Detroit on business Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Brown attended the fair at Millford last week.

Owing to the inclement weather there was a small attendance at communion services at Clarenceville last Sunday.

Dr. Dumphy, V. S. of Detroit, called on Ira Wilson Sunday.

Mrs. Claude Wright was a Farmington visitor last Friday.

Mrs. Chas. Hirschlieb called on Mrs. Louis Maltby at Plymouth Thursday.

Mrs. John Dow is reported very ill at this writing.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Witt called on Mr. and Mrs. Henry Klatt in Nankin Saturday.

### LIVONIA CENTER.

Fred Lee's people are entertaining Lester Lee and wife of Petersburg, Monroe county, this week.

Mrs. Charlie Wolf was completely surprised last Friday night when several old friends and neighbors dropped in to remind her of her birthday. Well, everybody had a good time.

C. F. Smith is preparing for the new bridge which is to be erected at once. A crossing has been put up just east of the road proper.

A now we have all the rain we need. It has held up the threshing for a few days.

The ladies of the cemetery society will have an old-fashioned New England supper at the town hall here Saturday evening, Oct. 14th. They will auction off a couple of quilts. Supper 15 cents. Everybody invited.

### PIKE'S PEAK.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Hix and family visited Mrs. Hix's sister, Mrs. John Shotka, of Elm Sunday and Monday.

Mrs. S. Cummings visited Mrs. Chas. Wright Friday.

Herbert Avery of Eloise visited his sister, Mrs. J. Roach, Thursday.

Mrs. Myrtle Witt and daughter of Elm visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. Klatt and family Monday.

E. Hix called on J. Stephenson of Swift Thursday.

Chas. Wright and son Erwin were Plymouth callers Wednesday.

### D. H. S. C. P.

This is not a fraternal society. These letters stand for one of the greatest helps in the world, Dr. Herrick's Sugar-Coated Pills. They relieve biliousness, tired feeling, constipation and all disorders of the stomach and bowels. Dr. Herrick's Pills have been in use for over sixty years and are the standard family cathartic in thousands of homes. Price 25 cts. per box. Sold by Pinckney's Pharmacy and Boyer Pharmacy.

### NEWBURG.

A miscellaneous shower was given Mr. and Mrs. Harry Bassett at the home of the groom's father, E. Bassett, last Saturday evening. A very pleasant evening was spent. Refreshments, consisting of ice cream and cake, was served, also cigars were passed by the groom and chocolate creams by the bride. They have the sincere wishes of all for a long and happy life.

Ex-Senator Chas. Smith and daughter Ruth called on Mrs. C. Pickett Sunday last on their way from a trip east to their home in Houghton, U. P.

Mrs. M. Hilliker of Ann Arbor spent the week end at the LeVan home.

Mr. and Mrs. Allen Geer are riding about in a fine auto they have just purchased.

Mrs. G. Wegener has gone to Cleveland, O., to visit her son and family.

Mrs. W. R. LeVan spent the latter part of the week in Ann Arbor.

Owing to the rain the services were not largely attended Sunday afternoon. The new minister will conduct the services next Sabbath at the usual hour. Sunday-school immediately after. Every one is urged to attend these services.

Don't forget the date of the L. A. S. fair Oct. 20. The ladies met last Friday at the hall and finished the comforts, also completed other arrangements for the fair. There will be no meeting next week.

Leon Cady visited his daughter, Mrs. M. Eva Smith, last week and also attended the party at E. Bassett's.

A. Taft went to Detroit to-day to consult his physician.

Mrs. H. B. Olmsted of Eaton Rapids is visiting her sister, Mrs. D. M. Merrylees.

Don't try with a cold is good advice to prudent men and women. It may be vital in case of a child. There is nothing better than Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for coughs and colds in children. It is safe and sure. For sale by all dealers.

### MURRAY'S CORNERS.

Rev. A. Forshee and family of Boston, Mass., are spending this month with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Forshee.

While taking down an old barn frame on Orson Westfall's place Monday afternoon, Will Burrell was struck on head and back by a falling timber and badly bruised up but not seriously injured but will be laid up for several weeks. Dr. Patterson was called and was there in 12 minutes; a distance of 5 1/2 miles.

Mrs. Elam Moyer entertained a few ladies Tuesday afternoon in honor of Anna Conklin of Denver, Col., who is spending the month with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ward Conklin.

D. S. Moore of Greenville is visiting his sister, Mrs. Hiram Murray.

### SCHOOL NOTES.

Harriet Britcher has entered the first grade.

The kindergarten people are comparing human families with animal families this week.

The grades are studying autumn landscapes in drawing.

Some pretty window boxes and hanging baskets have been added to several of the rooms in our building.

Nellie Richards is absent from High School on account of illness.

There were 21 in the 2nd grade and 23 in the third grade who were neither absent nor tardy during September.

The seventh grade manual training are making a flower-pot stand.

Marle Isbell visited the seventh grade Friday forenoon.

The score of 37 to 0 in favor of Chelsea last Friday serves to make the eleven practice harder than ever.

Leo Spencer has been elected captain of the second foot ball eleven.

Will Sly has had to give up work on the football team.

Howard Brown and Helen Duffee were H. S. visitors this week.

Nearly all of the seventh grade received the half-holiday last Friday for being neither absent nor tardy.

Eighteen of the 4th Grade received their holiday Friday.

Olive Sears and Juni Trumbull of the 4th grade didn't miss a word in spelling last month.

Louis Westfall has left the 6th grade to go to Detroit.

The 5th grade girls made glazed sweet potatoes and the 7th grade girls made creamed potatoes.

The 6th grade black boards are very prettily decorated with autumn leaves.

## DO YOU CARE

to buy your

## TOILET ARTICLES

at the store where you have the largest assortment to select from? Our line is complete. Have you ever tried

## A. D. S. Peroxide Cream?

It is a mild skin bleach, perfectly harmless, but cleansing, soothing, cooling and refreshing to the skin.

PRICE, 25c PER JAR.

## Pinckney's Pharmacy



THE BEST LESSON  
A DOLLAR SAVED  
IS A DOLLAR  
EARNED

Start a Bank  
account for your  
boy; he will make  
it grow. Teach him  
to save. They all  
begin early.

No one's education is complete if he has not learned to save his hard-earned dollars. How many times in your life have you wished you had the money you knew you had thrown away foolishly. Make our bank your bank. We pay liberal interest consistent with safety—three per cent.

## The Plymouth United Savings Bank

## Announcement

We wish to announce to the public that commencing Saturday evening, August 5th, we will make a special delivery. All orders must be in before 8 p. m.

Fresh, Salt and Smoked Meats,  
Canned Goods and Pastry.

Orders Called for and Delivered. Both 'phones.

## TODD BROS.

## Central Meat Market

Having taken charge of the Central Meat Market of Plymouth, wish to state that we are going to run a first class market and that especial attention will be given to all orders. Please give us a call.

FRANK RAMBO, Manager

BOTH PHONES FREE DELIVERY

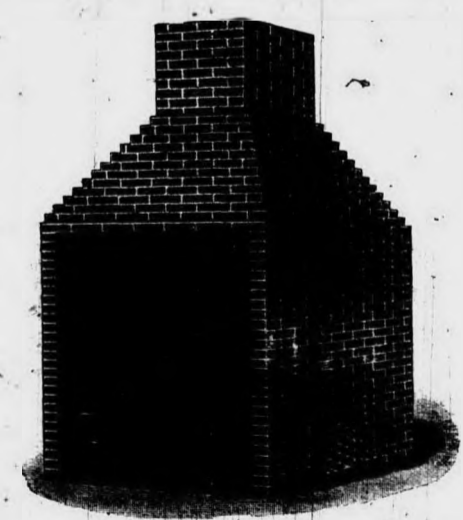


How is  
your  
Coal Bin

Needs replenishing, doesn't it? We offer the advice—don't put off ordering too long, but buy now. When you buy coal get it here. Why? Because we understand the coal business so thoroughly that you're always sure of getting the right price and ORDERS FILLED PROMPTLY.

PRICES GUARANTEED.

J. D. McLAREN CO.



\$75.00

Buy this furnace all put in complete with the new style of fire-pot which makes the coal burn from outside toward the center, also with duplex grate and heat regulator. We would be pleased to have you call in our store and see the construction of this furnace.

HUSTON & CO.

# THE PLYMOUTH MAIL

F. W. SAMSEN, Publisher.

PLYMOUTH, MICHIGAN

## INDUSTRY AND EDUCATION.

For some years the tendency of young men seeking higher education has been toward law and medicine. Schools of these professions have increased in number and the fields of occupation have become more overcrowded, says the Omaha Bee. Certain new tendencies in industry and the science of treating human ills are at work which suggest the possibility of a change in the drift of the educational current. Public and private enterprise are enlisted in a movement to work out new cures for old diseases and improve sanitation throughout the country. Vast progress has been, and more will be, made. Along with this, though distinctly apart from it, goes the effort of the government and private capital to harness nature for the needs of industry; to open up irrigation and water-power plants for agricultural and industrial purposes. The New York Times invites to the new fields of scientific service the attention of young men contemplating finished educations. They are, undoubtedly, prolific of opportunities. What will the effect be in these two channels? Will the current be diverted from law and medicine to that of technical or sanitary engineering?

How rapidly the aeroplane is becoming practically useful is shown by the plan of the English postoffice department to install immediately an aerial post between London and Windsor and the report that the French postal officials intend to employ the hydro-aeroplane for delivering mail from incoming steamships, says the Chicago Record-Herald. Not more than two years ago men of affairs and scientists saw little possibility of the heavier-than-air machines becoming more than a means of sport. There seems not much to be gained in time in sending letters by aeroplane between London and Windsor, but the experiment will doubtless lead to the establishment of other lines if successful. The distance is only 21 miles, and it is expected that the trip will take about half an hour. A railway express train could travel as quickly. As regards the transfer of mail from steamships, there seem greater possibilities; several hours may be gained.

An entirely unromantic Austrian count, who has lived in New York, some years concealing his title and earning his bread, has just found it necessary in getting a marriage license to reveal his secret. He came to America to escape the dull conventions imposed by his rank at home, and is so well content with social freedom that he will never return to Austria. This is not the kind of nobleman that marries an American heiress in a church decorated with \$10,000 worth of roses, but he will make no worse American citizen on that account.

Persons who grow vastly discontented with their lot if they are not promoted or otherwise elevated in power and remuneration every year or two may be interested in the announcement that Principal Charles F. Harrell, who has just retired from service in New York city, has been a schoolmaster for fifty-four years and only "missed" two days. His boys gave him a reunion dinner. They believe, and rightly, that he has had a great influence upon the civilization of the city.

According to reports from United States Consul Charles Adams Holden of Rouen the much discussed project of establishing a train ferry service between Dieppe, France, and New Haven, Eng., is soon to become an accomplished fact. At present passengers and freight are transferred from the railway cars to steamers, transported across the English channel, and again loaded on the railway. By having ferry steamers on which an entire train could be transported, all the annoyance, expense and waste of time could be avoided.

A woman in New York in a hobbie skirt chased and caught a pickpocket. Of course, in the interests of reason and logic, the hobbie skirt should have brought its wearer to failure, but it was strictly in the nature of illogical femininity that she triumphed, and criticism is again abashed.

Never watch an airship. O innocent bystander, from the track of taxicabs or street cars.

An outside umpire declares that New York has cleaner streets than Chicago. But the western metropolis is not to be outdone in something so repulsive. It has smaller mosquitoes than New York ever dreamed of, and moreover, they are a self-culture. Honors are even.

It is believed that Lake Michigan cools off Chicago, while it warms the belt of Michigan. Could anything be more desirable?

# TAX COMMISSION HOLDS HEARING

## COMMISSIONER SHIELDS AT BESSEMER TO REVIEW THE LOCAL ASSESSMENTS.

## MINE MEN ATTACK FIGURES

General Opinion, Outside of the Attorneys and Superintendents, is That the Finley Report is O. K. and Should Stand.

Lansing.—State Tax Commissioner Shields was at Bessemer to review the local assessment, and there was a lively session. All the mines of Bessemer, Bessemer township and Wakefield were represented by their attorneys, Bessemer superintendents. All of them attacked the figures given in the recent report of Professor Finley, asserting that they were worthless, and claiming also that all other property in the county is undervalued.

The superintendent of one mine, however—the Yale—practically corroborated the Finley figures. The Yale is assessed locally at \$325,000, while Professor Finley placed it at \$550,000. The superintendent estimated the ore in sight at 720,000 tons, with more beyond, he didn't know how much. The Finley estimate was 1,000,000 tons in all, at 55 cents a ton in the ground.

K. S. Markstrom, who appeared for the resident taxpayers, tendered a cash forfeit that he could produce purchasers for any mine in Bessemer at twice the amount of Professor Finley's estimates. He showed the fallacy in the mines' contention as to their value by proving that under their figures Bessemer mines, at the present rate of production, would be exhausted in five years, making all city and business property entirely worthless at that time. He openly charged that statements as to the quantity of ore were pure fabrications and not made in good faith.

The general sentiment here, outside of the mine attorneys and superintendents, is that the Finley report is O. K. and should stand locally as well as for the state.

## New Gilt Against Stamp Purveyors.

Attorney General Kuhn will on behalf of the state begin proceedings at once to enforce the penalty against the Hutchinson & Sperry company for doing business in the state without having complied with the statutory provisions relative to foreign corporations.

Under the statute foreign corporations are obliged before doing business in Michigan to comply with certain requirements and secure their permit to do business from the secretary of state. Failure to comply with these provisions is penalized at \$1,000 a month.

In the suit of the Sperry & Hutchinson company against the state by which the company seeks to prevent the enforcement of the law prohibiting the use of trading stamps as passed by the last legislature it was set forth that the company began doing business in Grand Rapids December 15, 1910, but did not receive the required permission from the secretary of state until March or thereabouts. This the attorney general holds is a direct violation of the law and subject to the penalty of \$1,000 a month which he will seek to collect.

## State Has Half Million.

There was a balance of \$478,000 in cash in the general fund when the state treasurer closed his books for the end of September, and when that amount is gone the cupboard will be bare until the state taxes begin to flow into the treasury next January. It is estimated that the money will provide for state expenses until about November 1. Occasionally the treasury is replenished with a small amount and this may help out some, but some of the money which comes in is of no use to the state, being devoted to the support of the primary schools and not available for paying running expenses. Of money of this character Auditor General Fuller received \$8,445 when Charles H. Morey, vice-president and general manager of the Manistee & Grand Rapids railroad, paid in that amount in settlement of state taxes and interest for 1909.

## New Corporations.

New corporations filing articles with the secretary of state are: Smith & Baldridge Machine company, Detroit, increase from \$50,000 to \$90,000; Michigan & Indiana Traction company, Battle Creek, \$500,000; Michigan Leather Packing company, Detroit, \$8,000, stockholders, S. C. Leonard, R. G. Maloney, W. R. Leonard; Peninsula Land & Orchard company, Bitely, \$1,000.

## Michigan Patents.

Michigan patents were issued as follows: Nelson A. Austin, Spring Arbor, molding shingles; Lewis A. Aspinwall, Jackson, bee hive; Kolevi Boleys, Cadillac, hand wrench; Auguste A. Caille, Detroit, ticket vending machine; Albert Dudley, Menominee, wrench; David H. Evans, Detroit, lock device for controlling levers of motors; John Kerwin, Detroit, surface grinder; Louis J. Moulton and P. A. Jones, Detroit, starter for internal combustion engines.

## Governor Reaching Pardon Record.

The record of the late Hazen S. Pingree as a pardoning governor may be shattered in a million pieces if Governor Osborn remains on the job four years, as he expects to, regardless of publicity copy.

During the nine months that he has filled the executive chair he has granted 26 pardons, which is 16 more than Governor Warner issued during his six years as chief executive. Governor Osborn has paroled 35 inmates of penal institutions, three more than Governor Warner granted during his three terms.

Governor Warner commuted 134 sentences during his administration, but some of the prisoners will not receive the benefit until 1920. This is the commutation record.

The members of that board have been exceedingly busy during the past few months and have liberated a large number of men. At one meeting 50 inmates of the Ionia reformatory were released on parole.

Governor Osborn has been criticized in some quarters for not making public the names of the offenders recently given their liberty. These protests will result in announcing the names of all offenders in the future.

One of the offenders to receive a conditional pardon from Governor Osborn is Howard S. Hawley, colored, who was sentenced from Tuscola county March 20, 1897, for murder. Eric Kangas, sentenced from Houghton county in 1893 for life, after conviction on a charge of murder, was also pardoned.

William Sulesky, barber, sentenced from Detroit December 1, 1898, for murder, has been pardoned by Governor Osborn. Sulesky is now forty years of age.

Allen McDonald, sent to Marquette prison for life from Ogemaw county for criminal assault April 14, 1889, has been given a pardon.

## Tax Commission Completes Report.

The special tax commission made up of Attorney Roger L. Wykes of Grand Rapids; Prof. Adams, University of Michigan, and Patrick H. Kelley, Lansing, have completed their report, which it is supposed Governor Osborn will submit to a special session of the legislature in January, with the exception of a recommendation as to the assessment of mining property, upon which point the members of the commission are at sea and looking for assistance.

Governor Osborn's object in securing a special tax commission was to have it devise a corporation tax and recommend such other changes in the existing tax laws that the moneys derived from them might be diverted to the general fund of the state and thus reduce the state tax. In a general way the recommendations of the committee will be as follows:

Taxation of corporations for state purposes on so-called "intangible values," which will be arrived at by capitalizing the net earnings and subtracting the assessed physical valuation upon which corporations now pay taxes.

Increasing the inheritance tax so that the state will realize \$1,000,000 a year instead of \$450,000 as at present and diverting this money from the primary school fund to the general fund.

Taxing interurban electric railway property by the same method as railroad property is now generally taxed and compelling such property to pay the average rate, instead of being taxed locally. The money thus derived to be also placed in the general fund of the state.

In dealing with the corporation tax proposition the commission has secured much data showing where numerous automobile companies and other corporations are assessed at only a fraction of their real value, while at the same time they are paying enormous dividends. Members of the commission admit that the report will advocate the adoption of the corporation tax system which has been in vogue in Massachusetts since 1865 and from which the state gets \$9,000,000 a year, which is turned back to the various counties instead of being used to defray the expenses of the state as the Michigan commission will recommend.

To illustrate the working out of the corporation tax P. H. Kelley of Lansing worked out the following example: "Suppose a corporation is assessed on its physical property at \$1,000 and that it pays \$500 dividends a year. If the dividend were capitalized at 10 per cent, that would make the value of the corporation based on earnings \$5,000. From the latter amount subtract the physical value and it would leave \$4,000, the amount that would pay the average rate for state purposes."

## College Teachers Meet in Detroit.

The college section of the Michigan State Teachers' association met in room 111 of the Central high school building in Detroit, with Prof. Thomas C. Blaisdell of the Michigan Agricultural college as chairman and Prof. Charles H. Gurney of Hillsdale college as secretary.

## Baptist Convention at Adrian.

The annual Michigan Baptist convention will be held this year at Adrian, from October 16 to 20. The session will also mark the diamond jubilee of the organization, which became effective in 1826. The program includes an opening address by Dr. Horr, president of Newton Theological seminary, of Massachusetts. Dr. Evans of Crozier Theological seminary will conduct divine exercises three times each day during the convention.

# THE ITALIANS OCCUPY TRIPOLI

## GOVERNOR GENERAL BESSIM BEY SURRENDERS TO ADMIRAL AUBREY.

## THE WAY FOR PEACE BELIEVED TO BE OPENED.

Defenders of the City, Flying From the Fort, Attempt a Second Stand on Hillside.

The city of Tripoli was surrendered to the Italian war fleet under Admiral Aubrey, by Governor General Bessim Bey, after a bombardment had reduced the Turkish fortifications to ruin and the Turkish garrison, which had made a second stand, on the heights above the city, had been routed by shrapnel.

This puts Italy in formal possession of the city and paves the way, it is believed, to peace negotiations.

The fire of the Italian ships was deadly in its accuracy and the heavier bastions of the Turkish forts were soon in ruins. The Turks then removed their guns to the hills over the town and reopened fire. The Italian ships replied with shrapnel which sent the Turks flying in all directions and caused their commander to order the white flag of surrender to be run up.

When this dispatch was sent the Italian fleet was preparing to land a force of 4,000 men to take formal possession of the city.

News of the surrender came to Rome by wireless from Admiral Aubrey, on board the flagship Giuseppe Garibaldi, and when the news was officially announced crowds in the streets went wild with enthusiasm.

With Tripoli in the hands of the Italians, it is now believed that the Turks will not try to hold out longer and will accede to the demands of Italy, unless the powers intervene to save Turkey from humiliation.

Admiral Aubrey reports that in bombarding that city he spared all the consulates, hospitals, churches, monasteries and convents, aiming only at the fortifications. Discrimination was made with ease, as the range of the Turkish cannon was so short that the ships were enabled to approach the city closely and so take accurate aim.

The bombardment was protracted, because of this extreme care to avoid useless blood shed and to respect the homes of non-combatants and the mosques.

Moreover the firing was at long intervals as Admiral Aubrey and Vice-Admiral Faravelli expected at any moment to see the white flag run up indicating a desire to surrender. None of the Turks' shots reached the ships.

## WILEY IN FULL CONTROL.

McCabe is Retired, Dunlap Is Given a Leave of Absence.

In a sudden succession of orders, an initial move in the expected reorganization of the department of agriculture, Solicitor Geo. P. McCabe was retired from the pure food and drug board. Associate Chemist F. L. Dunlap, closely identified with McCabe, was allowed leave of absence until the president's return, and Chemist Harvey W. Wiley left apparently in supreme command of the board. Dr. R. E. Doolittle of New York was temporarily appointed to the board to succeed Mr. McCabe. These changes were announced by Secretary Wilson, following a conference with Dr. Wiley, who has been on a long vacation.

## Madero Elected President.

Francisco I. Madero was elected president of Mexico by 95 per cent of votes cast, making the election practically unanimous. Madero claims that Pino Suarez has been elected vice-president over De Labarra by 30 per cent. De Labarra carried the city of Mexico by 15 per cent majority, but the absence of the Revistas from the polls defeated De Labarra in the country.

Madero announced that at least one of the present cabinet would remain. This was Ernesto Madero, the minister of finance. The portfolio of foreign relations has been offered to De Labarra, but he expressed his unwillingness to accept.

The electoral college will have in it no fewer than 20,000 delegates and party leaders announced that if the vote indicates defeat they will not cease working to change this in the vote of the electors on Oct. 15. The estimated vote in the capital was 90,000.

Assistant Attorney General Atkinson, having obtained what he calls the "blacklist" of the alleged lumber trust, in Missouri, which the state is seeking to oust, continued the examination of witnesses in an attempt to show that for 14 years, by means of agreements among the various wholesale and retail dealers' associations, the lumber companies controlled prices and business in Missouri in restraint of trade.

Plans to launch a nation-wide campaign to develop the American merchant marine took definite form when the San Francisco chamber of commerce adopted a resolution providing that all vessels flying the American flag be passed through the Panama canal without toll.

At the request of the Louisiana authorities, the navy department has ordered Commander Britton of the gunboat Wheeling, to head the marine procession which will formally open to the sea the new port of Morza City, La., October 5. The Wheeling has sailed from Quantico for Morza City.

# ADMIRAL SCHLEY DROPS DEAD

## Heart Disease Caused Death of the Famous Naval Hero.

Rear-Admiral Winfield Scott Schley dropped dead near the corner of Forty-fourth street and Fifth avenue, New York, while on his way downtown. The admiral died before medical aid could reach him.

Admiral Schley had been out of town over Sunday, and on his return had gone to the New York Yacht club, on West Forty-fourth street. After a short stay at the club, Admiral Schley left the club house and started to walk along Forty-fourth street towards Fifth avenue, when he was taken suddenly ill. A hurry call was sent for physicians, and an ambulance, but before aid could reach him the admiral was dead.

Following the religious movement started in Grand Rapids, 3,000 employees in different factories, offered prayers during lunch hour for the success of the men.

Jasper Wilson, private secretary to his father, Secretary Wilson, of the department of agriculture, has resigned, and will be succeeded by Robert M. Reese, for many years confidential clerk to Secretary Wilson.

President Gomez of Venezuela has issued a decree convoking congress October 15. He states that congress will consider financial questions.

## THE MARKETS

**LIVE STOCK.**  
DETROIT.—Cattle—Market steady; dry-fed steers and heifers, \$5.75@6; good to choice butcher steers and heifers, 1,000 to 1,200 lbs., \$5@5.50; light to good butcher steers and heifers, 700 to 900 lbs., \$4@4.50; mixed butchers' fat cows, \$3@4.75; canners, \$1.50@2.50; common hogs, \$2.50@3.50; good shipping pigs, \$4@4.10; common feeders, \$3.75@4; good well-bred feeders, \$4.50@4.80; stockers, \$3@4.25.  
Veal Calves—Market active and 50c higher; best grades, \$8.50@9.50; others, \$7.50@8; mixed cows and springers, \$25@30.  
Sheep and Lambs—Market steady; best lambs, \$5.75@6; fair to good lambs, \$5@5.50; light to common lambs, \$3.50@4.50; fair to good butcher sheep, \$3.50@3.75; culls and non-producers, \$1.40@2.50.  
Hogs—Market steady; light to good butchers, \$6@6.50; pigs, \$5@5.50; light Yorkers, \$4@6.50; roughs, subject to dock; stags, one-third off.

**EAST BUFFALO.**—Cattle—Market slow and steady; prime steers, \$7.40@7.50; butcher grades, \$3@5.75.  
Calves—Market active and steady; cull to choice, \$5@10.25.  
Sheep and Lambs—Market active and firm; choice lambs, \$6.40@6.80; cull to fair, \$4.50@6.25; yearlings, \$4.50@5; sheep, \$2@4.25.  
Hogs—Market fairly active, steady to easy; Yorkers, \$7@7.05; pigs, \$6; mixed, \$7@7.05; heavy, \$7@7.10; roughs, \$5.50@5.85; stags, \$5@5.50.

**GRAIN, ETC.**  
Wheat—Cash No 2 red, 83 1/4c; December opened without change at 95 1/4c and advanced to 99 1/4c; May opened at \$1.03 and advanced to \$1.04 1/2, closing asked; No 3 white, 90c; No 2 yellow, 71c; No 3 yellow, 71c.  
Oats—Standard, 49c asked; No 3 white, 48 1/2c.  
Rye—Cash No 2, 95c.  
Flour—Immediate and prompt shipment; No 1, \$2.10; No 2, \$2.10; No 3, \$2.07; No 4, \$2.02.  
Cloverseed—Prime spot and October, \$12; March, \$12.10; sample, 36 bags at \$12.15; 14 at \$10.50; 8 at \$11; price at 150; No 1, \$10.50; sample alsike, 10 bags at \$9.75; 6 at \$9.  
Timothy Seed—Prime spot, 75 bags at \$7.  
Flour—In one-eighth paper sacks, per 196 lbs., jobbing lots: Best patent, \$4.75; second patent, \$4.40; straight, \$4.10; spring patent, \$3.60; rye, \$4.80.  
Feed—Jobbing prices in 100-lb. sacks: Bran, \$2; coarse middlings, \$2.50; fine middlings, \$2.50; coarse corn meal and cracked corn, \$30; corn and oat chop, \$28 per ton.

## FARM PRODUCE.

The peach supply is not very satisfactory to dealers. The large grades wanted by consumers are scarce and there is an abundance of small fruit for which demand is light. Best peaches are firm, apples not ready and grapes are in good supply. Peas are quiet. Potatoes are quoted a little lower and there is an easy market for vegetables. Poultry is in good supply and springs are quiet. The market for butter and eggs is active and firm. Trading in farm stuff is gaining in activity and the general tone is about steady.

**Fruits.**  
Plums—\$1@1.25 per bu.  
Cranberries—\$1.25@1.50 per bu.  
Melons—Orange, \$1.25 per bu; Rocky-fords, \$2.25 per crate.  
Apples—\$1.25@1.50 per bu, 50@75c per bu.  
Pears—Common, 50c; Bartlett, \$1.25@1.50; Duchesse, 75c@90c per bu.  
Peaches—One-half bu. baskets: AA, \$5@6; A, 25@30c; B, 20c; Bushels: AA, \$2.25; A, \$1.50@1.75; B, 90c@1.10.  
Grapes—Delaware, 10-lb. baskets, 30@35; Niagara, 8-lb. baskets, 15@18c; Concord, 8-lb. baskets, 14@15c.

**Farm Produce.**  
Cabbage—\$1.75 per bu.  
Potatoes—70@75c per bu.  
Tomatoes—Home-grown, 40@50c per bushel.  
Chestnuts—15@20c per bu.  
Honey—Choice to fancy comb, 15@16c per lb.  
Onions—80@90c per bu; Spanish, \$1.40@1.50 per crate.  
Dressed Calves—Fancy, \$1@1.20; choice, 80c per lb.  
Sweet Potatoes—Virginia, \$2.75@3 per bu; Jersey, \$1.25 per bu, \$1.40 per hamper.

**Live Poultry—Broilers, 12c@12c; hens, 11@12c; old roosters, 8c; turkeys, 14@16c; ducks, 8@9c; geese, 12@13c; young ducks, 14@15c per lb.  
Cheese—Michigan, old 17c, new 15c@16c; York state, new 14c@15c; Wisconsin, 12@13c; fancy domestic Swiss, 18@21c; common domestic Swiss, 16@18c; imported Swiss, 18@21c; brick cream, 15@16c per lb.  
Butter—Market firm; extra creamery, 24c; firsts, 23c; dairies, 18c; package, 17c per lb.  
Eggs—Market firm; current receipts, cases included, 21c per doz.**

**Vegetables.**  
Beets, 55c per bu; carrots, 65c per bu; cauliflower, \$1.75 per doz; cucumbers, 14@16c; radishes, 8@9c; home-grown celery, 20@25c per doz; eggplant, \$1.25 per doz; green onions, 12c per doz; green peppers, \$10@11 per bu; green beans, 75@80c per bu; head lettuce, \$1.25 per bu; mint, 25c per doz; parsley, 20@25c per doz; radishes, 10@12c per doz; turnips, 45c per bu; watercress, 25c per bu.  
@30c per doz; wax beans, 75@90c per bu.

Martin B. Madden, the Chicago labor leader, sued for separate maintenance by his wife two weeks ago, has filed a cross bill before Judge Scanlan in the circuit court, accusing his wife of misconduct. He also filed an answer to Mrs. Madden's suit in which he denied all of her charges.

Chairman Hill, of the Republican national committee, has issued a call for a meeting of the committee in Washington on Dec. 12 to fix the time and place for the Republican national convention next summer. Buffalo, St. Louis and Chicago are after the spot.

# STATE HAPPENINGS

Pontiac.—Augustus Cole, aged fifty-three, employed at the Flanders farm at Green Lake, slashed his throat with a jackknife and was found dead by Superintendent Eaton in an unoccupied horse stall. Despondency is given as the cause of suicide and the coroner decided an inquest is unnecessary.

Hastings.—Ira Baker, wanted at Hastings for contempt of court for refusing to pay alimony, was apprehended by Deputy Sheriff Charles Hipp two miles east of here and lodged in jail. He was taken to Hastings. Baker was arrested here last week and escaped from Deputy Sheriff Manning by jumping from a moving Interurban car on the other side of Chelsea. Baker stated he came back here that same night and has been in hiding since. Officer Charles Hipp discovered Baker as the officer was working in a grove. He gave chase and overtook him man after going about two miles. Baker showed fight when arrested and it was necessary to call the assistance of a farmer before he was overpowered.

Port Huron.—At the fourth annual industrial exposition and land show, designated as Northeastern Michigan day, representatives from 17 counties of the development bureau were present. A directors' meeting was held, at which time it was voted to ask the supervisors of the counties for an appropriation of one-fourth of one mill for advertising and booming purposes. Under the state law which was enacted by the last legislature, each county may give one-half of one mill, providing it does not exceed \$2,000. This proviso only affects Saginaw and Bay counties.

Bay City.—Richard Maucotell, twenty-five years old, was killed at the West Bay City Sugar company's plant when he was caught under a slup tank that was being let down upon supports by a block and tackle. The tackle is believed to have slipped, letting the weight of more than a ton square upon Maucotell, who was crouching under it. His back was broken. He lived less than half an hour after the accident.

Albion.—One of the first conventions of its kind ever held in the state assembled in Albion when the Boy Scouts of the surrounding county came together in a mass convention. The day's program ended with a banquet in the parlors of the M. E. church. Able speakers, interested in the work among the boys, were present and delivered addresses.

Ann Arbor.—Registrations in the university in most of the departments are a trifle ahead of last year on a corresponding date, and in the literary department, where the greatest gain has been made, they are 200 ahead of where they were at this time in 1910.

Grand Rapids.—The members of the Michigan Employers' Liability and Employees' Compensation commission held a session here and heard from employes, employers and local attorneys who favor the proposed new bill. The local belief is that the bill will not pass.

Flint.—"Wild Bob" Burman, the speed king, received a rousing reception when he arrived in this city. He was greeted at the Grand Trunk station by the City band and thousands of citizens. The official welcome was in charge of the local lodge of Elks, of which Burman is a member.

Grand Rapids.—The next meeting of the United Brethren conference of Michigan will be held in this city in 1912. The offer of free meals and rooms to all delegates who might attend the next conference proved too tempting, and the decision was reached by a unanimous vote.

Marshall.—Joseph Sturgis of Leetownship is again a "free" man. Judge North relieving him of wife No. 5. He was granted a divorce on a cross-bill filed by him when his fifth wife, Mrs. Flora Sturgis, began suit against him on the grounds of cruelty and non-support. Sturgis secured three wives by mail. His first wife died after they had been married about a year.

Kalamazoo.—R. T. Rowe, a twenty-two-year-old brakeman on the G. R. & I., was hurled 200 feet to his death when he stepped from his train directly in front of a passenger train running at high speed. The freight train Rowe was on stopped on a siding just north of the city to let the passenger pass. When he swung off a freight car he did not notice the oncoming train and was struck by it just as he jumped. His home was in Fort Wayne.

Ann Arbor.—Mrs. A. Sally, fifty-six years old, was found dead in her home by a neighbor's child, having committed suicide by swallowing a quantity of carbolic acid. The woman had threatened suicide several times recently and some time ago she sent for a neighbor woman and told her she was going to cut her throat in a few minutes, but the woman talked her out of it. Mrs. Sally being a little demented, no one paid much attention to her threats.

# SERIAL STORY

## The Courtship of Miles Standish

With Illustrations by Howard Chandler Christy

### Sailing of the Mayflower

Just in the gray of the dawn, as the mists uprose from the meadows, there was a stir and a sound in the slumbering village of Plymouth; Clanging and clinking of arms, and the order imperative, "Forward!" Given in tone suppressed, a tramp of feet, and then silence. Figures ten, in the mist, marched slowly out of the village. Standish the stalwart it was, with eight of his valorous army. Led by their Indian guide, by Hobomok, friend of the white men, Northward marching to quell the sudden revolt of the savage. Giants they seemed in the mist, or the mighty men of King David; Giants in heart they were, who believed in God and the Bible.—Aye, who believed in the smiting of Midianites and Philistines.

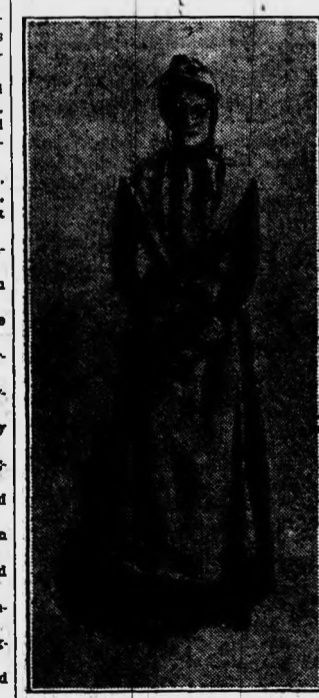


Take His Musket, and So Stride Out. Over them gleamed far off the crimson banners of morning; Under them loud on the sands, the serried billows, advancing, Fired along the line and in regular order retreated.

Many a mile had they marched, when at length the village of Plymouth Woke from its sleep, and arose, intent on its manifold labors. Sweet was the air and soft; and slowly the smoke from the chimneys Rose over roofs of thatch, and pointed steadily eastward; Men came forth from the doors, and paused and talked of the weather, Said that the wind had changed, and was blowing fair for the Mayflower; Talked of their Captain's departure, and all the dangers that menaced, He being gone, the town, and what should be done in his absence. Merrily sang the birds, and the tender voices of women Consecrated with hymns the common cares of the household. Out of the sea rose the sun, and the billows rejoiced at his coming; Beautiful were his feet on the purple tops of the mountains; Beautiful on the sails of the Mayflower riding at anchor, Battered and blackened and worn by all the storms of the winter. Loosely against her masts was hanging and flapping her canvas, Rent by so many gales, and patched by the hands of the sailors. Suddenly from her side, as the sun rose over the ocean, Darted a puff of smoke, and floated seaward; anon rang Loud over field and forest the cannon's roar, and the echoes Heard and repeated the sound, the signal-gun of departure! Ah! but with louder echoes replied the hearts of the people! Meekly, in voices subdued, the chapter was read from the Bible, Meekly the prayer was begun, but ended in fervent entreaty! Then from their houses in haste came forth the Pilgrims of Plymouth, Men and women and children, all hurrying down to the sea shore, Eager, with tearful eyes, to say farewell to the Mayflower, Homeward bound o'er the sea and leaving them here in the desert.

Turning and tossing about in the heat and unrest of his fever. He had beheld Miles Standish, who came back late from the council, Stalking into the room, and heard him mutter and murmur, Sometimes it seemed a prayer, and sometimes it sounded like swearing. Once he had come to the bed, and stood there a moment in silence; Then he had turned away, and said: "I will not wake him; Let him sleep on, it is best; for what is the use of more talking!" Then he extinguished the light, and threw himself down on his pallet, Dressed as he was, and ready to start at the break of the morning.— Covered himself with the cloak he had worn in his campaigns in Flanders.— Slept as a soldier sleeps in his bivouac, ready for action. But with the dawn he arose; in the twilight Alden beheld him Put on his corselet of steel, and all the rest of his armor, Buckle about his waist his trusty blade of Damascus, Take from the corner his musket, and so stride out of the chamber. Often the heart of the youth had burned and yearned to embrace him, Often his lips had essayed to speak, imploring for pardon; All the old friendship came back, with its tender and grateful emotions; But his pride overmastered the nobler nature within him.— Pride, and the sense of his wrong, and the burning fire of the insult. So he beheld his friend departing in anger, but spake not, Saw him go forth to danger, perhaps to death, and he spake not! Then he arose from his bed, and heard what the people were saying. Joined in the talk at the door, with Stephen and Richard and Gilbert, Joined in the morning prayer, and in the reading of Scripture, And, with the others, in haste went hurrying down to the sea shore, Down to the Plymouth Rock, that had been to their feet as a doorstep Into a world unknown,—the cornerstone of a nation!

There with his boat was the Master, already a little impatient Lest he should lose the tide, or the wind might shift to the eastward. Square-built, hearty, and strong, with an odor of ocean about him. Speaking with this one and that, and cramming letters and parcels into his pockets capacious, and messages mingled together Into his narrow brain, till at last he was wholly bewildered. Nearer the boat stood Alden, with one foot placed on the gunwale, One still firm on the rock, and talking at times with the sailors, Seated erect on the thwarts, all ready and eager for starting. He, too, was eager to go, and thus put an end to his anguish, Thinking to fly from despair, that swifter than keel is or canvas, Thinking to drown in the sea the ghost that would rise and pursue him. But as he gazed on the crowd, he beheld the form of Priscilla Standing dejected among them, unconscious of all that was passing. Fixed were her eyes upon him, as if she divined his intention, Fixed with a look so sad, so reproachful, imploring and patient, That with a sudden revulsion his heart recoiled from its purpose, As from the verge of a crag, where one step more is destruction. Strange is the heart of man, with its quick, mysterious instincts!



Standing Dejected, Unconscious of All. Strange is the life of man, and fatal or fated are moments, Whereupon turn, as on hinges, the gates of the wall adamantine! "Here I remain!" he exclaimed, as he looked at the heavens above him, Thanking the Lord whose breath had scattered the mist and the madness, Wherein, blind and lost, to death he was staggering headlong. "Yonder snow-white cloud, that floats in the ether above me, Seems like a hand that is pointing

and beckoning over the ocean. There is another hand, that is not so spectral and ghost-like, Holding me, drawing me back, and clasping mine for protection. Float, O hand, of cloud, and vanish away in the ether! Roll thyself up like a fist, to threaten and daunt me; I need not Either your warning or menace, or any omen of evil! There is no land so sacred, no air so pure and so wholesome, As is the air she breathes; and the soil that is pressed by her footsteps. Here for her sake will I stay, and like an invisible presence Hover around her for ever, protecting, supporting her weakness; Yes! as my foot was the first that stepped on this rock at the landing, So, with the blessing of God, shall it be the last at the leaving!"

Meanwhile the Master alert, but with dignified air and important, Scanning with watchful eye the tide and the wind and the weather, Walked about on the sands; and the people crowded around him



How Good You Have Been to Me. Saying a few last words, and enforcing his careful remembrance. Then, taking each by the hand, as if he were grasping a tiller, Into the boat he sprang, and in haste shoved off to his vessel. Glad in his heart to get rid of all this worry and flurry, Glad to be gone from a land of sand and sickness and sorrow, Short allowance of victuals and plenty of nothing but Gospel! Lost in the sound of the oars was the last farewell of the Pilgrims. O strong hearts and true! not one went back in the Mayflower! No, not one looked back, who had set his hand to this plowing!

Soon were heard on board the shouts and songs of the sailors Heaving the windlass round, and hoisting the ponderous anchor. Then the yards were braced, and all sails set to the west wind, Blowing steady and strong; and the Mayflower sailed from the harbor, Rounded the point of the Gurnet, and leaving far to the southward Island and cape of sand, and the Field of the First Encounter. Took the wind on her quarter, and stood for the open Atlantic, Borne on the send of the sea, and the swelling hearts of the Pilgrims.

Long in silence they watched the receding sail of the vessel, Much endeared to them all, as something living and human; Then, as if filled with the spirit, and rapt in a vision prophetic, Baring his hoary head, the excellent Elder of Plymouth Said, "Let us pray!" and they prayed and thanked the Lord and took courage. Mournfully sobbed the waves at the base of the rock, and above them Bowed and whispered the wheat on the hill of death, and their kindred Seemed to awake in their graves, and to join in the prayer that they uttered. Sun-dimmed and white, on the eastern verge of the ocean Gleamed the departing sail, like a marble slab in a graveyard; Buried beneath it lay for ever all hope of escaping. Lo! as they turned to depart, they saw the form of an Indian, Watching them from the hill; but while they spake with each other, Pointing with outstretched hands, and saying, "Look!" he had vanished. So they returned to their homes; but Alden lingered a little, Musing alone on the shore, and watching the wash of the billows Round the base of the rock, and the sparkle and flash of the sunshine, Like the spirit of God, moving visibly over the waters. (TO BE CONTINUED.)

Height of Fame. "And how is your son Henry getting on in literature?" asked the visitor. "Oh, he's doing famously," said the proud mother. "His autograph brought \$10 the other day." "Really?" "Yes, signed to a promissory note for three hundred, I bought it myself."—Harpur's Weekly.

# TALES OF GOTHAM AND OTHER CITIES

## Gotham Fat Women Outnumber Fat Men



NEW YORK.—Why are there so many fat women? A man rushing upon his doom asked this question. He spoke of the increasing prevalence of large feminine persons, not with admiration, but with profound dismay. "Why are there so many fat women?" he reiterated. "I have watched the passing throng in several cities and while one fat man was passing I have counted not fewer than four fat women. This ratio has held true whenever and wherever I have had occasion to take observations. "These women are, for the most part, between thirty-five and fifty-five years old. They either waddle ponderously or propel themselves forward with not the slightest perceptible freedom of motion, looking the while like statues moving on rollers. The alarming corpulence of our middle-aged women is getting serious. They seem to be fattening for a slumberous old age. "If one looks about in New York theaters and restaurants the conclusion that the New York women seen there are about twenty pounds overweight looms large and inevitable. And in those restaurants lies the ex-

planation of the phenomena. We eat too much in New York, because the best food in the country is shipped here and the best cooks prepare it. "Working women, women of leisure, time killers about our fashionable hotels, all indicate that the typical New York beauty begins life as a slender maiden of eighteen or twenty, and broadens into the plump and pleasing matron of twenty-five to thirty-five. After that there is but one ungainly expression to describe her proportions, the one a married man used who said he was 'suffering from fatty degeneration of the sweetheart.' "But while there are many persons who will testify to their own ocular perception of the stoutness of New York women, there are certain individuals who know absolutely about the matter. They are the buyers of ready-made suits and gowns in large department stores. One of these buyers, a woman who draws a large salary from the most conservative house in New York, said: "New York women are growing enormous. Today the average customer in our store weighs 165 pounds. "The reason why American women do not look well in the hobble skirt is because they are too large for it. French women have comparatively small hips and they can afford to have their gowns pulled in at the feet. Skirts are narrower than ever this year, and I am sure I do not know how New York women are going to wear them."

## Moving Picture Shows Grip Chicago

CHICAGO.—The moving picture show is putting baseball far in the shade in its bid for popularity. In Chicago there are four persons who attend moving picture shows for every one that attends a baseball game. Moving picture "fans" are becoming more and more numerous, and their patronage is becoming so popular that the proprietors are giving more than 30 per cent. more pictures for a nickel than they did a year ago. The records of the moving picture bureau of the police department in charge of Sergt. Jeremiah O'Connor show that there are 556 shows in Chicago. Besides these, all of the large vaudeville houses are running moving pictures, and the craze has reached such proportions that the centrally located theaters even are presenting pictures between the acts. The first moving-picture shows were established in 1908. The first neighborhood theaters were located in remodeled store buildings. The public took to them quickly and they grew in number rapidly. All were not successful, principally because every Tom, Dick and Harry who had a few dollars to invest bought a moving-picture machine, rented a place and made a bid for patronage.



Those handled by experienced showmen prospered. A moving-picture inspection bureau was established, and after the usual red tape and delay it got down to working order. The Chicago bureau has been so well handled at all times that it is acknowledged to be the best in the United States. Seventy thousand feet of films are inspected every week by the bureau. The seven police officers in charge are responsible for the supervision and censorship of all the theaters in the city, their inspections extending to both sides of the footlights. Souvenir postcard cards offered for sale in Chicago also are under their inspection. From two to ten sets of pictures are rejected each week. "Cutouts" are ordered in perhaps an average of a dozen sets of films each week. The police censor order cut every scene which if enacted within their sight would be prohibited by law if presented in reality.

## Kansas Hiking Clubs on Long Trudge



TOPEKA, Kan.—If walking is good exercise for the city man on Sunday, why is it not good for him on any other day of the week? That is a question which not less than twenty hiking clubs are considering in as many Kansas towns. Golf and automobile are threatened by this new system of exercise. Edward Payson Weston when he walked through Kansas a year or more ago started the idea of hiking clubs among the business men of the towns and cities. In forty or fifty towns clubs were formed to go on walks on Sunday morning. Sunday was chosen because it was the only day the business men could devote to exercise. Now they are planning in several towns to make two or three hikes each week. An early morning walk and a fried chicken breakfast five or six miles out in the

country is something to think about. The business men organize a walking club, the Peripatetic club or the Weston Wabblers or something like that, and select a captain. It is the captain's business to pick out the road over which the hike will be made on Sunday morning and notify his company. Another of his duties is to have a conference with Mrs. Jones or Mrs. Smith or Mrs. Brown, who happens to live five or six miles out on the road selected, and arrange with her to have ready a steaming hot breakfast of fried chicken, brown gravy, biscuits and alfalfa honey at seven o'clock. Usually the price for such a Sunday morning breakfast out in the country is 50 cents a plate. During the last summer the farmers' wives who have prepared these feasts for the hikers have been astir early. They watch down the road for the column of walkers to come over the hill, and then they take the biscuits and fried chicken out of the oven. The table is always set when the men arrive, and it is the evidence of every Kansas woman who has entertained the hikers that they are hearty eaters.

## Western Cities Are to Have Pennies

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah.—After 5 years of turning up noses at cheap people of the east who would need such a small coin as a penny in doing their daily business, there has been developed a real call in the west for these same coins. It is largely due to the feeling of the housewives that much money could be saved in their buying at the shops and in other ways if they had the small pieces of money. A movement has been put under way for the banks to import the coins, and some of the shops are already advertising wares for sums that change into pennies. When an inquiry was recently made into this subject by persons interested it was found that less than 20,000 pennies were in Salt Lake City. Many of them were held by the banks, which said they had difficulty in disposing of them. As in other cities in the west, the nickel had been the small coin,



and the easy spenders had treated even that somewhat contemptuously. The newspapers sell for five cents a copy. Children have been brought up to the idea of asking for a nickel for candy and spending it. Now the cost of living is coming home even to the free-spending west and housewives have found that it is not only well to look after the nickels, but the pennies, too. It is pointed out that under the present system if a purchase comes to an odd amount the total is put up to make the even nickel for the shopkeeper.

Transfer Now! Transfer Now!  
Class One Members  
**Knights of the Modern Maccabees**  
Are requested to transfer at once to the new schedule of rates.  
The K. O. T. M. M., by almost unanimous action of the Special Great Camp Review, is now on an **ABSOLUTELY SAFE AND ADEQUATE BASIS OF RATES**  
Don't neglect to provide for your wife and children. Transfer at once. Consult your Officers or  
**GEORGE S. LOVELAGE** A. M. SLAY  
Great Camp Manager Great Camp Manager  
Nilesburg, Mich. Port Huron, Mich.

A Preference. "Marriage is a lottery," said the ready-made philosopher. "No, it isn't," replied Mr. Growcher. "In a lottery you can lose once and forget about it, instead of having to put up alimony."

About the Size of It. "Why is it?" queried the youth, "that so many people fall to mind their own business?" "There may be one or two reasons, or both," answered the home-grown philosopher. "They may have no mind or no business."—Philadelphia Preva.

Failed to Scare Tim. A plan was formed to scare a certain Tim Casey, living in a village near Belfast, on his returning from market by night past the churchyard. As he went by, the usual turnip, white sheet, and lantern of the conventional ghost were submitted to his gaze, with the customary weird howls. Tim, however, simply looked fixedly at the apparition for a moment and remarked; "Arrah, now, and is it a general resurrection, or are ye just taking a walk by yourself?"



Hiram Greene—What did your sister say when you told her I was going to make a speech in the town hall tonight? "Willie—She didn't say nothin'; she just laughed until she had hysterics."

SOUND SLEEP Can Easily Be Secured. "Up to 2 years ago," a woman writes, "I was in the habit of using both tea and coffee regularly. "I found that my health was beginning to fail, strange nervous attacks would come suddenly upon me, making me tremble so excessively that I could not do my work while they lasted; my sleep left me and I passed long nights in restless discomfort. I was filled with a nervous dread as to the future. "A friend suggested that possibly tea and coffee were to blame, and I decided to give them up, and in casting about for a hot table beverage, which I felt was an absolute necessity, I was led by good fortune to try Postum. "For more than a year I have used it three times a day and expect, so much good has it done me, to continue its use during the rest of my life. "Soon after beginning the use of Postum, I found, to my surprise, that instead of tossing on a sleepless bed through the long, dreary night, I dropped into a sound, dreamless sleep the moment my head touched the pillow. "Then I suddenly realized that all my nervousness had left me, and my appetite, which had fallen off before, had all at once been restored so that I ate my food with a keen relish. "All the nervous dread has gone. I walk a mile and a half each way to my work every day and enjoy it. I find an interest in everything that goes on about me that makes life a pleasure. All this I owe to leaving off tea and coffee and the use of Postum, for I have taken no medicine." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

"There's a reason," and it is explained in the little book, "The Road to Well-Being," in plain English. Ever read the above story? A new one. It's a true one. It's a story of a man who was sick and who found health in Postum.

**THE PLYMOUTH MAIL**

—BY—  
**F. W. SAMSEN**

**SUBSCRIPTION RATES:**  
One Year, payable in advance.....\$1.00  
Six months......50  
Three months......25

**ADVERTISING RATES.**  
Business Cards, \$5.00 per year.  
Resolutions of Respect, \$1.00.  
Card of Thanks, 50 cents.  
All local notices will be charged for at five cents per line or fraction thereof for each insertion. Display advertising rates made known on application. Where no time is specified, all notices and advertisements will be inserted until ordered discontinued.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1911

**Public Improvements  
Continue Being Made**

All members were present at the regular council meeting Monday evening. New six-inch water mains were ordered laid beginning at Church street, up Blunk to Williams to Harvey to Branch streets, the estimated cost being \$2500.

New walks were ordered built on Harvey street north to the last house, south side Church from Harvey to Chas. Fisher's line. Also walk west side of Harvey from Dibble's corner, contingent upon the building of a house by Mr. Huston.

A letter from the D. U. R. was read stating the building fund had been exhausted.

Crosswalk was ordered built at corner Oak and Farmer streets.

The doors leading from the hallway into the opera house proper were ordered set back about four feet to prevent swinging in and interfering with the seats.

More seats were ordered placed in the gallery of the opera house.

C. A. King of Detroit wants the use of the opera house for moving picture shows for a year and mentioned that he had paid \$1000 in other places. The rental would be subject to all local entertainments and uses of the hall. The council was asked to name a price and will consider the matter.

Some talk about an arrangement with the owners of business property on south side of Penniman ave., west from Main, for building a gutter. Further consideration.

Bills ordered paid amounting to \$2,189.51.

Adjourned until next Monday evening.

**Farewell Service for Mr. King**

The union meeting of the Methodist, Presbyterian and Baptist churches, held at the first named church last Sunday evening, was in the form of a farewell service. P. W. Voorhies acted in the capacity of presiding officer and made some preliminary remarks in behalf of the members of his church in which he told how Rev. King had, in his four years' service here, helped the church financially as well as spiritually, and though he could not please all he had tried his best to do his duty. Rev. DesAutels of the Baptist and Rev. Farber of the Presbyterian churches were called upon for remarks, each expressing regret at the departure of Mr. King, but bidding him God-speed and success in his new field of labor. The latter also said that he had been the best of friends with Mr. King and that it is different now with the churches from what it had been in the past, when the various denominations would not unite in services and the ministers be hardly friendly with one another.

Rev. King was also called upon and said he had greatly enjoyed his work in Plymouth and was sorry he could not have pleased all, though he had done the best he knew how. He said he had raised the debt on the new parsonage and church, and had done the same in every place he had been and expected to do the same thing in Durand, where he was going. Rev. Caster, seated in the rear of the church, had been asked by Mr. Voorhies to say a few words and spoke along the same lines as the other pastors, expressing sincere regrets upon Mr. King's departure, but inasmuch as he was called to leave, they would all join in wishing him Godspeed.

At the close of the service many of the members bid Mr. King good-bye.

The Plymouth Gun Club had a meeting at H. H. Passage's residence Wednesday evening. The members—Will Henry, Gena Kelly of Detroit, Albert Gayde, Ben Sprague, Leigh Markham, Jesse McLeod, W. F. Markham and Geo. Springer—elected W. F. Markham president and H. H. Passage vice president. After the business session, Mrs. Passage served an elaborate supper and it was after one o'clock before the meeting adjourned. The Club will not take in any new members except in the case of death of one of the old members. They are now getting ready to go deer hunting again this fall.

**Accidents Will Happen**  
And when they do you should be prepared with a bottle of Remo's Pain-Killing Magic Oil, a healing remedy for cuts, wounds, sprains, swellings, rheumatism, lame back and stiff neck. Used internally also for cramp colic, dysentery and other ailments. Price 25 cents. Sold by Pinkney's Pharmacy and Beyer Pharmacy.

**Council Believes  
Lighting Plant is O. K.**

Plymouth, Oct. 2, 1911.

To the Editor:  
In reply to the article in last week's Mail in regard to my hot air at the lighting plant, will say that it is false from start to finish. The facts are, that the night Mr. Havershaw was (hurt?) when the lights went out, I was at supper and I went to the telephone and called up the lighting plant and asked what was the matter. I was told that the wires were down. I asked where Ben was and was told he was out on the wires. I said all right. Then knowing that on other occasions when wrong at the plant and they have lied about it, I thought it my duty as chairman of the lighting committee to go over and see about it. When I got there the man in charge told me voluntarily that Havershaw told him at the end of 5 minutes to turn on the current. He said he did so and some one telephoned and said "good God, do you want to kill him?" He said "I did just as he told me to do. So you see all this happened before I got to the plant at all, with my hot air, and I don't think I spoke more than 10 words to the man while I was there and I was not in the plant more than three minutes, and I have witness, and will say that if the taxpayers of Plymouth knew the condition of things in regard to the running of that plant, they would be glad to have some one to shoot off some hot air. Respectfully,

ANDREW TAYLOR.

The Mail cheerfully gives space to the above communication from Alderman Taylor, that he may be able to publicly present his side of the case in question before the people.

At the council meeting last Monday evening the matter was presented to that body by Electrician Havershaw and whose statements were corroborated by a letter from E. J. Beard, the night man at work at the plant at the time of the occurrence with the wires. Mr. Beard was unable to be present at the council meeting on account of sickness (a certificate from Dr. Patterson to that effect accompanying the letter) and which reads as follows:

President Hillmer:  
On the night of the 24th day of September, Mr. Taylor called up and wanted to know what in the devil is the matter with the lights and he said it was a wonder they weren't always out and I explained that a wire was broke and Mr. Havershaw had gone to repair it. During that time Mr. Taylor and his son came and began

finding fault about the lights and asked for Mr. Havershaw and was told he had gone to repair the wire and started to 'phone for Mr. Havershaw but said, as long as he had gone to fix it, it was all right, and furthermore they had never had any service of the lights anyway. He said so much that I became confused and turned on the light and forgot what Mr. Havershaw had 'phoned me. He also told me that he had been there a number of different times and the low water whistle was blowing for water and the glass indicated no water. This happened before Mr. Rauch called me by 'phone and wanted to know if I was trying to kill Mr. Havershaw. I hereby acknowledge that this is the truth and nothing but the truth. I will swear to this before any notary public.

E. J. BEARD.

Alderman Taylor heatedly branded Mr. Havershaw as a liar, to which remark that gentlemen, however, took no notice. Mr. Caster took occasion to say in a very emphatic manner that he had visited many towns and in no place was better public lighting service afforded than in Plymouth and he not only complimented Mr. Havershaw and his crew but congratulated the village of Plymouth on obtaining the efficiency of service and in the neat and clean appearance of the plant and its machinery, which remarks were applauded by the numerous persons present. The fellow members of Mr. Caster evidently also agreed with him, for they promptly renewed a two-year contract with Mr. Havershaw, with the exception that assistants to the chief electrician must be confirmed by the council instead of by the electric light committee. Mr. Taylor had no further ground to stand upon, so offered his resignation from the lighting committee.

We have presented the facts as they are and the people may choose to believe Mr. Taylor or Mr. Havershaw and his assistant. There is a general impression among the people, which is also shared by fellow members on the council, that Mr. Taylor is inclined to be a little over zealous in his anxiety to "serve the people."

**First Number on Citizens' Entertainment Course to-night.**

**Millions of Dollars**  
Are cleared every year by the poultry raisers of the United States. A large factor in the production of this huge profit is Harvell's Condition Powder. It keeps laying hens in good condition, makes young chicks grow rapidly, wards off disease and keeps the comb bright and red. Equally as good for stock. It is the favorite conditioning powder with breeders of blooded horses. Price 25c. per package. Sold by Pinkney's Pharmacy and Beyer Pharmacy.

**Seats for Lecture Course.**

The demand for seats for the Citizens' Entertainment Course for this year has broken all records. On Monday night the entertainment committee appealed to the common council for more room in the Village Hall, and that body decided to install seats, in the unused south end of the gallery. These seats are now on sale at the Wolverine Drug Store and all who have thus far not been fortunate enough to secure seats for the course can do so, that is, up until such time as these are sold.

The impression seems to have come out that all the seats in the Hall are to be reserved. This is not true as a limited number of seats are being kept in the gallery for holders of tickets who do not care to reserve the same, and also for holders of single admission tickets.

The third and perhaps last of the series of Christian mass meetings will be addressed by Mr. Edwin Ehrich, V. D. M., of Jackson, Mich. Topic, "From Paradise Lost to Paradise Regained." Mr. Ehrich is a fluent speaker and an apt bible exponent. Bring your bible and come and hear for yourself. Plymouth Town Hall, Sunday, Oct. 8th, 2:30 p. m. All welcome, no collection.

The Francis Firth Concert and Comedy Co., under the auspices of the Knights of Pythias Lodge, No. 238, will give an entertainment at the opera house on Saturday evening, Oct. 14th. This company comes highly recommended and a high class concert is assured. Tickets, at popular prices, will be on sale at the Wolverine drug store commencing Monday, Oct. 9th.

Lame back is one of the most common forms of muscular rheumatism. A few applications of Chamberlain's Liniment will give relief. For sale by all dealers.

**Real Estate Exchange**

**LaVon J. Fattal, Agt.**

One house to rent.  
One house and twenty acres of land for sale.  
One house and one cottage, four acres of land near the street car line. Bargain for the right party.  
Four vacant lots, good location, cash or on easy payments.  
Come and see me.

**LaVON J. FATTAL,**

Office in Coleman block.  
Jewelry Store, Main street, next door to D. U. R. waiting room.

**TRY MAIL LINERS**

**Fall's Favored Fashions Ready**

To one and all we extend a cordial invitation to attend our Fall and Winter Exposition of Men's and Young Men's stylish attire and inspect the newest creations of the fashion makers which have been accepted as authentic in men's dress. This season, as in those past, we are prepared to serve you with apparel of elegance and refinement that is sure to be appreciated by men of discriminating taste.

SOLE AGENT FOR THE

*Hermanwile*  
**GUARANTEED CLOTHING**

This particular make of clothing is known from coast to coast as "The Best Medium Price Clothing in the United States." It is tailored by hand from the finest and most exclusive weaves of pure wool and worsted fabrics and its faultless fit bids fair to out-rival the most expensive custom made garments. We want you to see it, examine closely its many merits and compare it with others to be self-convinced of its absolute superiority at prices ranging from

**SUITS OVERCOATS \$10 to \$20 RAINCOATS TOP COATS**

Our Guarantee is Satisfaction to all or your money cheerfully refunded.

THE NEW FALL AND WINTER

**Cloaks & Suits**

are now in—the finest line of REDFERN Garments we have ever shown, in all the new patterns and colors in Cloths and Plushes. Look them over now and select your garment early while the stock is full.

Ladies' Suits .....\$10.00 to \$25.00  
Ladies' Coats..... 7.50 to 25.00  
Misses' Suits and Coats ..... 7.50 to 15.00  
Children's Coats..... 2.50 to 7.50

**Lots of Nobby Shoes**

for Ladies, Gents and Children.

New Hats and Caps and Furnishings.

Special Inducements & Bargains Saturday

**E. L. RIGGS**



406

**FREE THIS BEAUTIFUL PILLOW**  
—tinted on good quality Pure Linen Crash.  
All we ask is that you buy 6 skeins of **Richardson's Grand Prize Grecian Floss** with which to embroider it and a specially written diagram lesson for **25 cents** and we will give you the Pillow Top and Back **Absolutely Free.**  
**We have five other equally artistic Designs**

**Sweater Coats and Where to Get Them**

Sweater Coats for Ladies, Gents, Children and Infants, in fact for the entire family. Something new in Automobile Sweaters for Ladies and Gents. Call and see them.



**CADET**  
TRADE MARK  
REG. U. S. PAT. OFF.  
**SCIENTIFIC STOCKINGS**

Reinforced with Lintex for Men, Women and Children

**KNEE:**  
Very strong and durable.  
Very elastic  
Extra long—always in the right place.

**Rip-proof.**  
Rub-proof.  
Always comfortable.  
Always reaches and covers the knee of the wearer.

**INSTEP:**  
Gusset of heel and edge of ribbed leg form a straight line over instep of stocking.

Instep of wearer always in elastic ribbed part. No binding—easy on and on.

**HEEL:**  
Special linen.  
Very strong and durable

**TOE:**  
Hand-finished.  
Special linen.  
Very strong and durable.

No seam to touch any TENDER part of the toe.  
Rip-proof—rub-proof.

**J. R. RAUGH & SON**

TRY PLYMOUTH MAIL LINERS—IT PAYS

# CLEAN OUT

methods are what make this grocery store so popular. People who have bought here know how fairly we treat customers. You will know, too, the first time you come here for

## GROCERIES.

Suppose you come now. We have some especially attractive offerings.

- 1 BOX MATCHES .....1 CENT
- 12 BOXES MATCHES, 10 CENTS
- 1 SACK FLOUR .....55 CENTS

## CENTRAL GROCERY,

R. G. SAMSEN

Phone 13, 2r

Free Delivery

## The Trade of Particular People

Is what we cater to. Those housekeepers who think and plan will find an economy in buying ALL their eatables here. High grades with us are FACTS.

Whatever does not measure up to what we consider right is never bought or sold by this store.

The quality of our Groceries prevents waste, promotes health, and these things spell "Money Saved" if anything does.

If you are a particular chooser of eatables, there is every reason why this store should serve you.

Suppose you put us to the test.

## GAYDE BROS.

### STARTING

Saturday Morning, Oct. 7th,

Mr. J. B. PETTINGILL

Will handle a complete line of my

## Baked Goods.

Everything will be made of the best material, with prices reasonable. Telephone No. 275 or leave orders with Mr. Pettingill. We guarantee satisfaction. Don't let time or money stand in your way for something good to eat.

## Fred Secord

## Local News

N. W. Daggett is visiting relatives in York State.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Will Calver of Pontiac, a son, Sept. 29.

The Wayne County Telephone Co. is out with a new directory.

Chas. Greenlaw has moved into his residence on Main street.

Misses Hazel Smitherman and Lillian Jesson spent Sunday in Detroit.

LaVon Fattal has opened up a real estate office. See his advt. elsewhere.

Rev. J. E. Mealey of Dixboro made a short call at The Mail office yesterday.

Read's cleaning and pressing rooms are now located at 32 Ann Arbor street.

Mr. and Mrs. C. O. Hubbell and the latter's mother, Mrs. Crawford have moved to Pontiac.

Remember the auction sale of J. D. Wilder's tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock on the Fuller lot.

Mrs. F. A. Dibble entertained a party of ladies Tuesday afternoon in honor of her sister, Mrs. I. H. Baird of Howell.

The stores will close at 7 o'clock p. m. standard, beginning next Monday, except Saturday evenings and during the holidays.

Marshal Springer was instructed to look after "kids" with express wagons and see that they do not run them at a dangerous speed.

L. F. Schroeder of Farmington has opened a market in the place formerly occupied by C. H. Rathburn. Wyman Bartlett is cutter for him.

Mr. and Mrs. Claude Westfall and three children of Detroit spent a few days at Lute Passage's and other relatives the first of the week.

The W. F. M. S. enjoyed a pleasant afternoon at the thimble party at Mrs. J. J. Travis' Wednesday. A short program was given and a dainty tea was served.

Merchants are agitating the early closing of stores for the winter. Some want to close at six and others at seven. It is probable an agreement will be reached in a day or two.

Mr. and Mrs. Fraser Smith and Gertrude returned Tuesday from a short visit to Chicago. Mrs. R. L. Alexander, who has been there for some time, accompanied them home.

Hugh Shepherd has been chosen by circuit judges for prosecuting attorney to fill the unexpired term of Judge VanZile. He will retain the present assistants for the time being.

Regular meeting of Case Tent K. O. T. M. M., Monday evening, Oct. 9. All members are requested, to be present and get posted on the new laws. A deputy from Detroit will be present.

Mr. and Mrs. L. B. Wheaton moved to Detroit yesterday, where Mr. Wheaton will go back on the police force as soon as he has fully recovered from the injury sustained in being struck by a street car.

A new time table went into effect on the Pere Marquette last Sunday. Two trains each north and south were taken off. Evening trains from Detroit now arrive at 6:00 and 6:15. No material change in time of other trains.

Dan Adams and wife have returned from Walled Lake and again taken up their residence in the Coleman house. Fred Ekliif, who has occupied Mr. Adams' rooms during the summer, has moved into Mrs. Voorhies' house on Sutton street.

Clarence C. Eaton, C. S. B., member of Christian Science Board of Lectureship of the First Church of Christ, Scientist, in Boston, will deliver a lecture on Christian Science in the Christian Science church on Thursday evening, Oct. 19, at 8 o'clock. Every one is cordially invited.

W. F. Markham has sold his two residences in Plymouth, the one on Ann Arbor street to Chas. Mining of Stark, the other on Sutton street to Mrs. George Wilcox. Mr. and Mrs. Markham and Mr. and Mrs. Ben Sprague left yesterday for Hollywood, Cal., their winter residence.

Mrs. Julia Stewart left last Sunday for Berkeley, Cal., where she will make her home. She has lived on the old farm west of the village for 58 years, being born there 74 years ago. The old farm house was built by her father more than 90 years ago and is one of the oldest houses in this section.

The 23rd annual convention of the Wayne County Sunday-school Association will be held in the Presbyterian church, Plymouth, next Friday, Oct. 13. The opening meeting will be held at 10 a. m., at which Rev. Fikes of Detroit will make an address. In the afternoon Rev. S. T. Morris of Grand Rapids will make the principal address and in the evening Prof. F. S. Goodrich, secretary Michigan State Sunday-school Ass'n. Meals will be served by the M. E. church ladies.

Hear Captain Hebeon at the opera house to-night.

Biliousness is due to a disordered condition of the stomach. Chamberlain's Tablets are especially adapted to act on that organ; to cleanse it, strengthen it, tone and invigorate it, to regulate the liver and banish biliousness positively and effectually. For sale by all dealers.

Mrs. Will Glympse is visiting in Detroit and Leeper.

Ben Chamberlain of Grand Rapids was home Wednesday.

Mrs. Lottie Rathburn spent Saturday and Sunday in Salem.

Stanley Wallace of Saginaw visited at J. L. Hayes' this week.

Fred Roach and family of the North side have moved to Detroit.

Mrs. M. Rockwell of Ann Arbor is visiting at Chas. Hollway's.

Dr. H. J. Schildgen has returned from a business trip to Denver, Col.

D. A. Jolliffe is attending the county fair at Thames, Ontario, this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Russell Rice of Ypsilanti are visiting at H. C. Robinson's.

J. D. Pettingill of Louisville, Ky., is visiting at J. B. and W. T. Pettingill's.

Dr. Peck has purchased a Ford car through the Bonafide Mfg. Co. agency.

Miss Lily Lea of Canandaigua is visiting her niece, Mrs. Chauncey Rauch.

Mrs. Andrew Smith and daughter of Detroit visited at Lewis Cable's yesterday.

Jas. Sharrow and wife of Park Hill, Ont., are visiting his sister, Mrs. James Todd.

Mrs. John Lundy and daughter Grace of Detroit were visitors here for a few days.

Mrs. O. M. Rockwell of Detroit visited her sister, Mrs. E. R. Daggett, Saturday.

Peter VanVoorhies, who has been on the sick list for some time, is able to be out again.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Samsen of Denver, Col., visited The Mail publisher this week.

Geo. Wilcox and family are moving into their new home, the W. F. Markham place.

Karl Hillmer of Detroit is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Hillmer, a few days.

Louie Steele has secured a position in Cleveland and he expects to move to that city soon.

Mrs. F. A. Blinn of Chelsea and Mrs. M. A. Rowe of Birmingham visited friends here this week.

Morris Smith returned home Wednesday after a visit with his daughter, Mrs. Will Slater, at Marshall.

Miss Marie Promsteller and Walter Eckels of Detroit spent Wednesday and Thursday at John Robbins'.

Mrs. O. C. Wingard and her sister, Mrs. Maxon, spent Monday at their old home at Grosse Pointe Farms.

Harold Jarvis and Frank Stephens gave a concert in Messiah Lutheran church, Detroit, last week Thursday.

Mrs. Camilla Carpenter and daughter of Grass Lake is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. James McClumpha.

There will be a "Pie Eat" and a good time at the Presbyterian church Saturday night at 7:30 o'clock. All are invited.

Miss Alice Herendeen, who has been visiting at the home of Mrs. Jay Burr for several weeks, has returned to her home in Newark, N. Y.

Mrs. Flora Brown of Richmond, Va., Mrs. Edgar Peck and Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Cable of Detroit were guests at Will Waterman's Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Trump of Sandusky and Mrs. William Maxson of Bay City were guests of Mr. and Mrs. O. C. Wingard last week.

The lecture, "From Paradise Lost to Paradise Regained," by Mr. Ehrlich, Sunday, at Plymouth town hall, will be illustrated by a large chart of the ages. You are especially invited to come and hear the most interesting lecture.

FOR SALE—Six fine lots at \$125.00 each; sewer and water. Will sell on very easy terms or contract. E. N. Passage.

The best plaster. A piece of flannel dampened with Chamberlain's Liniment and bound on over the affected parts is superior to a plaster and costs only one-tenth as much. For sale by all dealers.

Wants, For Sale, To Rent, etc.

5c. per Line, One Insertion

FOR SALE—One open grade Garland soft coal stove. Enquire W. J. Burrows.

WANTED.—Old brass, by the Bonafide Mfg. Co.

FOR SALE—Cheap, water front for Peninsular range, used one winter. W. N. Isbell.

FOR SALE.—House and lot, 61 Mill street. Henry Sage.

FOR SALE—Stove wood. Enquire of Albert Stevens.

WANTED.—About Nov. 1, girl for general housework in Detroit. Small family, small house. Please write, stating experience and wages expected. Mrs. J. K. Livingstone, 60 Philadelphia Ave., East, Detroit, Mich.

FOR SALE—Good building lots on Bowery street. Mrs. John Hood.

THE MARKETS

Wheat, red, \$ .86; white \$ .83  
Hay, \$14.00 to \$15.00 No. 1 Timothy.  
Oats, 43c.  
Rye, 56c.  
Beans, basis \$2.00  
Potatoes, 40c  
Butter, 28c.  
Eggs, 22c.



## A Homely Spell

is the word "Groceries," but it implies a lot of "necessary comforts." We all need them. We must all have them. The first thought is to get them good. The second thought is to get them cheap. If we can get both together we are generally satisfied. That is why all people dealing with us are "generally satisfied." They get pure, fresh groceries at small prices.

- Sugar Butter, Maple Flavor, 2 lb. can 25c.
  - Mapleine, Crescent Brand, 35c.
  - Wesson Snowdrift Oil for Salads and Cooking, 25c.
  - VanCamp's Spaghetti, Italian style, 10c and 15c.
  - Steero Bullion Cubes, 12 cubes 30c
  - California White Asparagus Tips, 30c.]
- A full and complete line of Nectar Canned Fruits and Vegetables, one of the best on the market.
- Nero Coffee 28c. B. & P. Breakfast Blend Coffee 30c.
  - Vegetables of all kinds in season.

## Brown & Pettingill,

THE WHITE FRONT GROCERY

Telephone No. 40.

Free Delivery

## GALE'S.

Now is the time to Buy Wall Paper

We have a very large stock to pick from. Pretty papers at 10c, 15c, 20c and 25c double roll, and better paper if you wish. Just received a new stock of

## China & Glassware

Tumblers, a dozen styles to pick from. New dishes in China Salads, Cake Plates, Bread and Butter Plates, Cups and Saucers, Syrup Dishes, etc.

Buy a package of grand nice powdered soap and 2 cakes of soap for 25c and get a 25c handkerchief FREE.

Buy Groceries at Gale's and get the best at the cheapest price!

Clover and Timothy Seed for sale.

Phone 16

JOHN L. GALE

## Don't Fail to See us

before you buy your Winter's Fuel

We have the CROSS CREEK LEHIGH VALLEY ANTHRACITE COAL in all sizes, which can't be excelled for quality.

For Ranges we have the MASSILON WASHED NUT. Also the nut size of SCULLY ANTHRACITE Coal, which is free burning and SMOKELESS and will hold fire over night.

Our Lump Coal is the kind that if tried once, your next order reads as follows: "Give me the same as I had the last time."

## Plymouth Lumber & Coal Co.,

CHAS. MATHER, Sec. & Manager

## NOW IS THE TIME

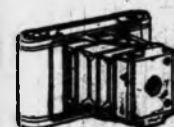
to take your views for your New Year Calendars, of which we shall have a full line later.

We now have a full line of

## VACATION ALBUMS,

Just what you want to put those vacation views in for safe-keeping.

Also Passe-partout Paper and Hangers.



We are headquarters for  
KODAKS, BROWNIES  
PREMO CAMERAS,  
VELOX PAPERS

and everything for the amateur!

## C. G. DRAPER

Jeweler and Optometrist.

R. E. COOPER, M.D.C.M.,  
Physician & Surgeon,  
OFFICE OVER RAUCER'S STORE  
Bell Phone 36; Local 10.

Dr. A. E. PATTERSON  
Office and residence, Main street,  
next to Express office.  
Hours—until 9 a. m., 2 to 4 p. m. and after  
Telephone 55, Plymouth, Mich.

DR. S. E. CAMPBELL  
Office and Residence, Ann Arbor St.  
first house west of Main street.  
Hours—8 to 9 a. m., 1 to 2 and 7 to 8 p. m.  
Independent Phone No. 45.

## Detroit United Lines

Plymouth Time Table

EAST BOUND.

For Detroit via Wayne: 5:30 a. m. and every hour to 7:30 p. m.; also 7:45 p. m. and 11:30 p. m. changing at Wayne.

NORTH BOUND.

Leave Plymouth for Northville 6:00 a. m., 7:10 a. m. and every hour to 7:30 p. m., 9:10 p. m.; 10:30 p. m. and 12:30 a. m.

Leave Detroit for Plymouth 5:45 a. m. (from Michigan car barn); also 6:30 a. m. and every hour to 1:30 p. m.; also 8 p. m. and 11 p. m. changing east at Wayne.

Leave Wayne for Plymouth 5:35 a. m.; 6:30 a. m. and every hour to 6:50 p. m.; 8:30 p. m.; also 10:10 p. m. and 12 midnight.

Cars connect at Wayne for Ypsilanti and points west to Jackson.

C. G. DRAPER

JEWELER and OPTOMETRIST...

Eye accurately fitted with Glasses. Prices reasonable. Give us a trial. Office opposite E. U. R. Waiting Room.

TRY MAIL LINERS

# CATTLE RAISING IN CHIRIQUI

By FORBES LINDSAY

**T**HAT portion of the Province of Chiriqui lying on the Pacific side of the Continental Divide and extending westward from the Rio Tabasara, contains the richest lands in the Republic of Panama. Of this area, the choicest section is what commonly goes by the name of the "Divala country," including the districts of Alanje, Boqueron and Bugaba. This superlatively fertile region is situated between David, the capital of the province, and



Before the dry term has advanced far enough to parch the grass, the small owners sell their lean steers to the ranches, whence fatted cattle are sent to market in order to make room in the potreros for the new purchases. A potrero is a fattening ground, made by clearing away the natural growth, save for a few shade trees, and after burning over, planting in the several kinds of fodder plants suitable to the different soils. The varieties of grasses generally employed are guinea, savoya, para, and jujuca. Para and jujuca are best adapted to cultivation in low-lying land and along river banks, because they readily absorb moisture and

the Costa Rican border. There is no finer agricultural land than it in the world. Along its plays the coco palm thrives. A little farther inland the admixture of sand in the deep stratum of alluvial soil, combined with climate and drainage, make such perfect conditions for the growth of sugar cane that the yield is as great as anywhere in the tropics, although the fields are not irrigated, and tilled only in the most primitive manner. At somewhat higher elevations tropical fruits, tobacco, cacao, and rubber flourish, while in the mountain valleys the vegetables of the temperate zone and coffee of excellent quality are produced.



THE RANCH HOUSE IN CHIRIQUI

This country is admirably adapted to the pursuit of cattle raising. The land is covered by light forest, locally termed "monte," which may readily be cleared with the machete. At intervals this growth gives place to level expanses of grass-covered llano, often several square miles in extent, dotted here and there with wild fig or other shade trees in small stands or solitary station. The prevailing herbage of the llanos is jenjebriilo, which bears a close resemblance to the famous "blue grass" of Kentucky.



HP COUNTRY IN CHIRIQUI

The region is abundantly watered. Every few miles a river or creek intersects the forest, but in the dry season all but the largest of these fall. It is where the interval between streams is unusually great, say, seven or eight miles, that the monte gives way to open grassland. The slope of the ground and the porosity of the soil insure perfect drainage, and there is an entire absence of swamps, save for the inevitable mangrove strips along the coast. When the development of Chiriqui shall have fairly set in, irrigation will surely become an important factor in the agricultural industries. Good reservoir sites are plentiful, and the lay of the land is perfectly suitable to the installation of simple, inexpensive gravity systems. The climate of this section is subtropical and somewhat like that of Florida. The mean temperature is about 75 degrees F., and the extreme variations do not exceed 15 per cent, in either direction. The heat of the day is usually tempered by breezes, and the night is cool at all times. The dry season extends over the first four months of the year, and recurs for a few weeks in September and October. During the remaining period there is almost daily rain which seldom extends through more than three or four hours in any 24, and is preceded and followed by clear weather. Excessive humidity is of rare occurrence. Destructive storms, hurricanes and tornadoes are virtually unknown.

schedule time of 30 hours between Panama and David, and an extension of the run to Punta Arenas, Costa Rica. It is needless to say that after the opening of the Panama canal the facilities of Chiriquian products for water transportation will be greatly increased.

There is but one point upon the Pacific littoral of Panama at which vessels can approach the shore at low tide. This is a sea hole about eight miles from Divala. It is sheltered by the promontory of Punta Burica and thus lies in a natural harbor. A port could easily be established at Chorca Azul, or "Blue Pool," as the sea hole in question is called, and it would become the outlet for the exports of the Divala country, and a point at which steamers could call without any unusual delay. A railroad has been surveyed from Panama to David and will without doubt be constructed in the near future. It is probable that this line will ultimately be extended to Bocas del Toro on the Atlantic coast.

Stock raising is the principal industry of Chiriqui, and there are in the province more cattle than in all the rest of the republic's territory. There cannot be more than 50,000 head, all told, in Panama. Six or eight large ranches will account for nearly half the number, the remainder being scattered in small ownership. The domestic supply of beef falls far short of the demand. Large quantities are shipped from the United States to the canal commission, the markets of Colon and Panama, as well as to the depot of the United Fruit company at Bocas del Toro. This concern has tried ineffectually to contract with ranch owners of Chiriqui for 200 head a month. About two years ago a representative of a packing company went through the province with a view to determining whether it would be feasible to establish a packing house there to supply the canned-beef trade of the west coast of South America. He soon determined that the available cattle would not keep a small factory running constantly.

Nevertheless, there is land in the republic that would sustain 5,000,000 head of cattle. There is no better country for economical cattle raising. One acre of its potrero will fatten a steer, whereas three acres of our western grazing land is required to support one. But the soil of Panama has not yet been touched by a plow and, although cattle raising is the most advanced of the country's industries, the scope for improvement in the methods of conducting it is extremely great.

The llanos are the public "commons," upon which any man is free to range his stock. Probably 30,000 head, in herds seldom exceeding 15, are pastured on these plains through the rainy months, during which the herbage is ample to keep the animals in good condition, though not sufficient to fatten them.

The llanos, or open grazing lands, are not saleable, nor alienable in any manner. There would be no inducement to purchase llano, except in the case of a large cattle owner who might design to range cattle in connection with potrero fattening, after the present method of our western country. Such a man would require a large extent of "commons" for his purposes. The only land worth having that is purchasable from the government is that covered with "monte." The reason for this is that wherever there is sufficient moisture to make the land cultivable such heavy growth will be found. The llano occurs where the interval between streams is unusually great and the land depends entirely upon rainfall for its moisture. In that case it will support none but the scantiest vegetation in the dry season. Crops could be raised on such ground satisfactorily only through the agency of irrigation.

retain it for a long time. Guinea grass grows to seven feet and over. The objection to it is that the cattle are apt to eat only about half the leaf from the top, leaving the remainder in a stool which has to be cleared at the end of the season. On the other hand, it has the advantage over para of retaining greater vitality during the dry weather. Guinea and para must be planted. They cannot be sown with effect, for while they readily disseminate themselves the seeds will germinate only when gathered at perfect maturity.

Savoya is more spreading than guinea grass and does not grow to as great a height. It stools like the latter, but not with as much waste. Cattle must be put to savoya in good season, for they will not touch it in flower. With these fodder plants the cattle raisers of Chiriqui obtain good results, the average steer yielding 400 pounds of meat, but there is no doubt that fattening might be contrived on more effective and economical lines.

Alfalfa should grow vigorously in many parts of the province, where the loose sandy character of the soil is admirably calculated to promote the deep-rooting habit of the plant. At least two crops of alfalfa could be secured during the rains and with irrigation a third in the dry season. With a view to the introduction of alfalfa to Panama I sent, about two years ago, several packages of selected seed to Chiriqui and the canal zone, but there is every reason to believe that it did not receive proper treatment, and no conclusive deduction can be drawn from the experiment. It would seem that resort should be made to other forage crops than the grasses. If the land designed for potreros, or certain portions of it, were plowed over and sown in cowpeas, velvet beans, and other leguminous plants, better results would doubtless be secured, especially if this food should be balanced with a proper quantity of starchy matter, such as cassava. Such a regimen would produce a heavier grade of stock in a shorter time than is possible under the present method of fattening.

The by-products of the reduction of sugar cane and coconuts, bagasse and press cake, respectively, are excellent fatteners, and under certain circumstances should be plentifully available. There is room for much improvement in the breed of Chiriquian cattle. Blooded stock has been imported at great expense by a few ranch owners, and many experiments in crossing have been made. It cannot be said, however, that a satisfactory decision has been reached as to the strain best adapted to the climate and conditions of the country.

Although the purchaser of land for stock raising is required to have three-fourths of it in cultivation within four years, the same as with land for crop purposes, yet assurances are given by the authorities that a literal compliance with the law will by no means be required. In the case of cattle land any degree of improvement that should indicate the intention of the holder of the land to put it to the declared purpose would suffice to insure title. To illustrate, if an entire tract of 4,000 acres were fenced, 1,000 acres turned into potrero, and 1,000 acres cleared for corrals, home pasture, buildings and other purposes, the authorities would deem the intent of the law to have been amply complied with.

It may be well to warn intending settlers against taking up land at a distance from existing centers of habitation or development. The man who should do so will entail upon himself the burden of constructing a road at considerable expense, not to mention a number of more or less serious inconveniences. There is public land available all along the proposed Panama-David railroad line, but the best lands are in the "Divala country," to the west of David.

## WEAK, ILL AND MISERABLE.

How many people suffer from back-ache, headaches and dizziness without realizing the cause? These symptoms of kidney trouble are too serious to neglect.

Mrs. Charles Mann, Osakis, Minn., says: "From a large, healthy woman, I ran down until I was a mere shadow. I could not walk across the room without falling into a chair, utterly exhausted. I spent hundreds of dollars on doctors without relief. Since taking Doan's Kidney Pills, I have regained my lost weight and do not have a moment's uneasiness or pain. They actually saved my life." "When Your Back is Lame, Remember the Name—DOAN'S." For sale by druggists and general storekeepers everywhere. Price 50c. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

## Red Cross Christmas Seals.

A statement denying the recent reports about the abandonment of the Red Cross Christmas seal sale has been issued by the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis. The statement declares that not only will the sale be held this year, as in the past three years, but that it will be conducted on broader lines than ever before. The only order issued by the postoffice department which bears on the sale of Red Cross seals was sent out on July 1, and prohibits the use of the mails to letters and packages bearing non-postage stamps on the face, and also to any mail bearing seals which resemble postage stamps, if used either on the face or back. The Red Cross seal to be used this year has been submitted to the postoffice department and approved, and thus may be used, but only on the back of letters and packages. The design to be used this year depicts a pretty winter scene enclosed with a heavy red circle. The corners are white, thus giving the effect when affixed to a letter or a package of a round seal.

## Learned From Nature.

An enthusiastic friend was dilating to the woman landscape gardener on the obvious advantages she must derive from actually superintending the workmen who executed her designs. "Being right out with nature that way you must learn so many interesting things," said the friend. "I do," said the gardener. "I can tell the different kinds of whisky, the different kinds of tobacco and the different kinds of profanity a rod away."

Cole's Carbolsuave quickly relieves and cures burning, itching and torturing skin diseases. It instantly stops the pain of burns. Cures without scars. 25c and 50c by druggists. For free sample write to J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

It's human nature, but bad medicine, to buck about the walk up hill after we've enjoyed a good long slide down!

Some men think they are ambitious if they try to avoid hard work.

## A Truth Specialist.

"Biggins says he is for the plain truth."

"Yes," replied the frank philosopher; "but so many people think they are standing up for the truth when they are merely standing out for a difference of opinion."

## Determined.

Gillet—What did you pay that world famous specialist \$50 for if you felt perfectly well?  
Perry—I wanted to know how he pronounced appendicitis.



## Cement Talk No. 8

The appearance of any place can be greatly improved by using concrete wherever possible. If you have a nice home, whether in the city or in the country, you can add greatly to its attractiveness by building not only the sidewalks, but the steps, curbs, fence-posts, cisterns, foundations, driveways, cellars and so on, of concrete. Build of concrete and use UNIVERSAL Portland Cement. Concrete is cheap, easy to use, clean, fire, rat and rot proof. Concrete is the simplest building material and the most durable. You need only UNIVERSAL cement, sand, gravel or crushed stone. But remember to use UNIVERSAL—it is the best cement. It is always of uniform color and great strength. Ask your dealer for it. UNIVERSAL PORTLAND CEMENT CO. CHICAGO-PITTSBURG ANNUAL OUTPUT 10,000,000 BARRELS

## Muddled Brains

result from an overloaded stomach, sluggish liver, inactive bowels, or impure blood. Clear thinking follows the use of

## BEECHAM'S PILLS

Sold Everywhere. In boxes 10c. and 25c.

# Women Who Suffer

from woman's ailments are invited to write to the names and addresses here given, for positive proof that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound does cure female ills.

- Tumor Removed.**  
Elmo, Mo.—Mrs. Sarah J. Stuart, R.F.D. No. 2, Box 19.  
Pocahontas, Mo.—Mrs. Christina Reed, 106 Mount St.  
New Orleans, La.—Mrs. Nathan B. Grason, 81 North Main St.  
Milwaukee, Wis.—Mrs. Emma Imse, 833 1st St.  
Chicago, Ill.—Mrs. Alvina Sperling, 1459 Cyprian Ave.  
Galena, Kan.—Mrs. E. R. Hoover, 713 Mineral Ave.  
Victoria, B.C.—Mrs. Willie Edwards.  
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Camden, N.J.—Mrs. W. P. Valentin, 205 Lincoln Avenue.  
Muddy, Ill.—Mrs. May Nolan.  
Brookville, Ohio.—Mrs. N. Kinnison.  
Fitchville, Ohio.—Mrs. C. Cole.  
Philadelphia, Pa.—Mrs. Frank Clark, 2412 E. Allegheny Ave.
- These women are only a few of thousands of living witnesses of the power of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to cure female diseases. Not one of these women ever received compensation in any form for the use of their names in this advertisement—but are willing that we should refer to them because of the good they may do other suffering women to prove that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is a reliable and honest medicine, and that the statements made in our advertisements regarding its merits are the truth and nothing but the truth.

# A REMARKABLE CURE FOR DYSPEPSIA

Munyon's Stomach Treatment Performing Miracles.

MUNYON TELLS YOU HOW TO GET WELL FREE OF CHARGE

"A few days ago I received a letter from a young man, who states he is 23 years of age, and has occupied several improper positions, but owing to indigestion and inability to sleep he has been unable to concentrate his mind upon his work and has consequently been discharged on the ground of neglect of duty. He goes on to say that he is a young man of steady habits, but for years he has suffered from dyspepsia, which has so affected his nerves that he is unable to sleep, and that it is not neglect upon his part, nor lack of interest in the business, but simply physical weakness. He asks my advice in this matter.

"For the benefit of a large number of those similarly situated, I propose to answer this letter publicly, hoping that it may be the means of helping many who may be affected in this way.

"In the first place, the stomach must be made well before the nerves can be made strong. The nerves must be made strong before one can sleep well. No one is capable of doing his best who is in any way troubled with insomnia or any form of nervousness. The greatest generals have been men of iron nerve and indomitable will. They have perfect digestion, being able to eat well, and digest all they ate.

"It is said that Napoleon lost the battle of Waterloo because of a fit of indigestion. Grant's enormous reserve power was due to a well-stomach. Abraham Lincoln said that 'dyspepsia, which has so affected his nerves that he is unable to sleep, and that it is not neglect upon his part, nor lack of interest in the business, but simply physical weakness. He asks my advice in this matter.

"No business house would care to employ a dyspeptic representative to sell goods for them on the road. One-half the men who stand behind counters today, earning from \$12 to \$15 a week, will never get beyond these figures, for the reason that they are physically weak. They lack the nerve power and commanding strength that come from a good, sound stomach.

"No one would think of entrusting an important legal case in the hands of a dyspeptic lawyer, any more than he would care to entrust his own life, or that of a dear one, in the hands of a physician who is nervous, irritable or a dyspeptic. Men and women who desire strong nerves and vital manhood in order to render a clean, clear-cut decision either in medicine, law or business.

"I believe that more than half of the divorces can be traced to ill health. I want every dyspeptic to try my stomach treatment, for it corrects nearly all forms of indigestion and nervousness. It makes old stomachs almost as good as new. Its marvelous power for digesting food and getting the best out of it makes for good, rich, red blood. This, in turn, strengthens the nerves, builds up the general system, and will surely prolong life and make it a pleasure to live and do the things allotted to us."

Professor Munyon makes no charge for consultation or medical advice, not a penny to pay. Address Prof. J. M. Munyon, Munyon's Laboratories, Fifty-third and Jefferson streets, Philadelphia, Pa.

**Lesson in Good Manners.**  
When the "Boy Scouts" movement was at its height, three of the youngsters journeyed from Baltimore to Washington to be introduced to the president. When Mr. Taft shook hands with them, one of the little fellows stuck out his left hand.

"Why do you give me your left hand?" asked the president.  
"That's the way us Boy Scouts shake hands," said the boy, with pride.  
"Well," commented Mr. Taft dryly, "the sooner us Boy Scouts learn better the nicer us Boy Scouts will be."—The Twice-a-Month Popular Magazine.

**Exits From Every Room.**  
A school building in which every room has a direct connection with the ground, without first entering the main hall, has been built just beside the site of the famous Collinwood (O.) school in 1908. It represents many unique features of construction and is said to be as fireproof and panic-proof as it is possible for a school to be.—Popular Mechanics.

When we look back now upon some of the things we used to worry about, we wonder what the lunacy commissions were doing all that time!

When we get down we wonder how it happened, but when we win we accept it as perfectly natural!

**Don't Persecute Your Bowels**  
Cut out cathartics and purgatives. They are brutal, harsh, unnecessary. Try **CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS**. Purely vegetable. Act gently on the liver, eliminate bile, and soothe the delicate membrane of the bowels. Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Sick Head, and all indigestion, as millions bear. **SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE. GENUINE SMALL BEE SIGNATURE**

**REMEMBER**  
FOR EYE ACNES

**PIE'S**  
for COUGHS & COLDS

# Methods of Calf Raising

By H. W. NORTON, Michigan Experiment Station



Calves Being Raised for Breeding Stock Should Be Kept Healthy and Growthy, Not Fat.

The calf may be allowed to suck its dam a few times for the first day or so, but should then be put in a separate pen. If the calf is strong and the cow's udder is in good condition, it is best to separate them the first or second day. If the calf is weak, it is better to leave it with the cow, as it will feed often and grow stronger, or if the cow's udder is inflamed, the calf will help to bring it back to proper condition. In any case the calf should be given the first milk or colostrum, as it has a stimulating and corrective effect upon the system. The first few days it is best to feed the calf three times a day, though it is not absolutely necessary. The milk should be fed in a clean pail, directly after milking, while still at body temperature. For an average sized calf, weighing 70 to 75 pounds at birth, 8 to 10 pounds a day, divided equally between the feeding periods, is sufficient to begin with. The amount fed should be increased gradually and great care taken to avoid over-feeding. At the end of two weeks the calf may be given 12 to 16 pounds daily, divided equally between the morning and night feeds. In case scours develop, the feed should be reduced immediately, cutting down at least one-half, and, if necessary, medical treatment resorted to.

The time for beginning the substitution of skim milk in place of the whole milk will vary, depending upon condition. Whole milk feeding is necessarily expensive, and should not be continued longer than necessary to produce good results. When feeding for dairy heifers to be kept and grown on the farm, the skim-milk supply may begin at two or three weeks of age, but where it is desired to produce heavier weights at an early age, it is better to feed whole milk up to four or five weeks before starting the substitution. The change should be made gradually so that the calf's stomach may adjust itself to the different conditions without trouble. Begin by placing one pound of whole milk with an equal amount of skim-milk at each feed the first day, and replace two pounds the second day, and so on. The amount of skimmed milk may be increased to 20

pounds per day, but more than this is not profitable. When it is two or three weeks old the calf can be taught to eat a little grain by throwing a handful in the pail after it has finished drinking the milk. The grain should not be put in the milk as the calf will swallow it with the milk without much mastication and it will not be properly digested. The calf will soon learn to look for the grain, and at five or six weeks of age should be eating a pound or so a day. A good grain mixture for feeding in this way may be made of three parts of corn meal, three parts ground oats, one part bran and one part oil cake, by weight and the amount fed should be increased gradually so as to allow from one-half to one pound per 100 pounds weight of the calf. This is liberal feeding, and should keep the calf in good condition and give good gains. Lighter feeding may be followed in many cases with good results and less cost, as in raising dairy heifers on the farm.

Hay feeding should be started along with the grain. Alfalfa, if it is available, or good, bright clover hay of fine quality, is best for calves. It is a good plan at haying time to select some of the best and finest of the clover and put it aside, especially for calf feeding. Alfalfa and the clovers, especially the former, are very rich in protein, the most essential element for growth and development of the body. Hay feeding should be increased gradually like the grain, but the calves may be fed all they will eat up clean. Silage and roots may be included in the ration with good results, but should not be fed until the skim-milk ration is well established, and should be dropped from the feed in case scours develop.

Fall calves may be turned on grass in the spring as soon as possible, but some grain feeding should be continued even then, depending upon the condition of the pasture. The calves should have access to water after they are three or four months old, as the milk furnished will not be sufficient for them to drink, and during hot weather, especially, they will drink considerable quantities of water in addition to the milk.

three or four of the best and strongest ones left distributed about the bush to take the place of some old branch that is to be taken out soon. An ideal currant or gooseberry bush should, therefore, be symmetrical, made up of two or three shoots four years old, the same number of three-year-old branches and possibly more of one or two-year shoots to allow for an extra number that might be broken or diseased. If properly taken care of, cultivated, pruned and supplied with a mulch of manure each year, a sure crop will result.

There are several varieties, but among currants the London Market is a very prolific, hardy and desirable variety and although not as large as the cherry currants, as Fays Prolific, is as desirable as any variety. Among the gooseberries the Downing takes the lead, being planted more extensively in Michigan than all other varieties put together.

**Flock Should Be Well Fed in Fall.**  
The success of the lamb crop in the spring depends a great deal upon the health of the flock during the breeding season and upon the condition in which they go into the winter feeding pens. Good condition can be assured by furnishing some succulent pasture, such as rape, during the season when pastures are dry and bare.

This has been done in some places by seeding rape in the oats at such a time that it will produce forage in the oat stubble after harvest.

Select Seed Corn Before Cutting.  
The best time to select seed corn is while the corn is still standing in the field. At that time not only the ear but the stalk can be seen and the maturity and character of the whole plant can be judged. A liberal quantity of ears should be selected to allow for those which will be discarded by the germination test in the spring.

Summer Woodpiles.  
The summer wood piles ought to be growing fast these days, or will we let mother and the girl's rattle for the stove wood next summer?

**CURRENT AND GOOSEBERRY**  
By O. J. GREGG, Assistant Horticulturist Michigan Agricultural College

The currant and gooseberry, commonly known as grossels, are among the important small fruits to be grown on every farm or small fruit garden. Their care is simple and for this reason are not given as careful attention as they really should have in order to get good results. For a farmer's fruit garden one dozen plants of each is generally sufficient, as they are but little used fresh, their principal use being for preserves and jelly.

They are rather easily propagated. The young shoots one foot in length if planted deep in a nursery row in late fall so that their tips are above ground a large proportion will take root the following season and can be permanently planted the second spring. They should be planted 4x5 feet, and better 5x5 feet apart. They should be kept cultivated throughout the summer similarly to raspberries. They thrive in a cool, rather damp soil, and a heavy soil is much better than a light soil.

Unlike the brambles the grossels have small fruit spurs on old wood which produce fruit year after year. They also bear fruit on the previous season's growths from lateral buds. On this account the pruning of the grossels is entirely different from that of the other small fruits. But little pruning is necessary the first few years. After four years of growth, however, they should be pruned regularly every year. In pruning all branches over four years of age should be removed, as these become too old to form good large fruit. At the same time all branches lying on the ground, those attacked with borers, broken or interlacing branches should be removed. There are generally too many new shoots that spring from the roots each year. These should be removed except

Wise Uncle Joshua.  
"Be you the elevator conductor?" asked Uncle Joshua, who had strayed into town out of the sweet rusticity of a comic paper.

"Yes, sir," grinned the boy.  
"Well, I come ter this village ter see the high buildin'. Haow high up d'ye go?"  
"To the top—twenty-first floor."  
"Take me up to th' leventh. Sho! What's th' use o' riskin' my life an' goin' all the hull way when the folks to home 'll never believe I went any higher than ten stories, no matter what I tell 'em?"

"ECZEMA ITCHED SO BADLY I COULDN'T STAND IT."  
"I suffered with eczema on my neck for about six months, beginning by little pimples breaking out. I kept scratching till the blood came. It kept getting worse, I couldn't sleep nights any more. It kept itching for about a month, then I went to a doctor and got some liguad to take. It seemed as if I was going to get better. The itching stopped for about three days, but when it started again, was even worse than before. The eczema itched so badly I couldn't stand it any more. I went to a doctor and he gave me some medicine, but didn't do any good. We have been having Cuticura Remedies in the house, so I decided to try them. I had been using Cuticura Soap, so I got me a box of Cuticura Ointment, and washed off the affected part with Cuticura Soap three times a day, and then put the Cuticura Ointment on. The first day I put it on, it relieved me of itching so I could sleep all that night. It took about a week, then I could see the scab come off. I kept the treatment up for three weeks, and my eczema was cured.

"My brother got his face burned with gun-powder, and he used Cuticura Soap and Ointment. The people all thought he would have scars, but you can't see that he ever had his face burned. It was simply awful to look at before the Cuticura Remedies (Soap and Ointment) cured it." (Signed) Miss Elizabeth Gehrl; Forest City, Ark., Oct. 16, 1910. Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold by druggists and dealers everywhere, a sample of each, with 32-page book, will be mailed free on application to "Cuticura," Dept. 17 L. Boston.

**HEALTH AS AN INVESTMENT**  
Fraternal Orders, Labor Unions and Insurance Companies Erect Tuberculosis Sanitoria.

As an investment in the health of their members, four large fraternal orders, two international labor unions and one of the largest insurance companies in the United States have established sanitoria for the treatment of tuberculosis, according to a statement issued by the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis. The Royal League, the first fraternal order to establish a sanatorium, conducts a hospital for its tuberculosis members at Black Mountain. The Modern Woodmen of America conduct one at Colorado Springs; the Workmen's Circle, one at Liberty, N. Y., and the Independent Order of Foresters have one at Rainbow Lake, N. Y., and will soon open a second one at San Francisco, Cal. The International Typographical union has since 1898 conducted a sanatorium at Colorado Springs, and the International Printing Pressmen and Assistants' Union of America has recently opened a new institution at Rogersville, Tenn. A leading life insurance company is now erecting a sanatorium at Mt. McGregor, N. Y., which will be the first of its kind established by an "old line" insurance company.

**The Simple Life.**  
Anna Marie Wilhelmina Pickering, in her "Memoirs," edited by her son, tells a Yorkshire incident which contains a great deal of human nature. Variety spices life; the plain is monotonous, until its extent entitles it to the name of prairie or desert, and it gains interest through vastness.

There was an old couple in the village whom I used often to go to see. One day, when I found them sitting, one on each side of the fire, the old man said to me:  
"Well, 't missis and me, we've been married nigh on 60 years, and we've never had one quarrel."  
The old woman looked at me, with a twinkle in her eye, and said:  
"It war verie conscientious, but varie dool."—Youth's Companion.

**The Moderation of Jael.**  
Jael justified herself.  
"I only used the nail on my husband," she cried. "I didn't go around with a hairpin spiking Tom, Dick and Harry."

Inflammatory Rheumatism may make you a cripple for life. Don't wait for inflammation to set in. When the first slight pains appear, drive the poison out with Hamlin's Wizard Oil.

There is a certain amount of lye in soap, but that is no reason why it should be injected into the advertisements.

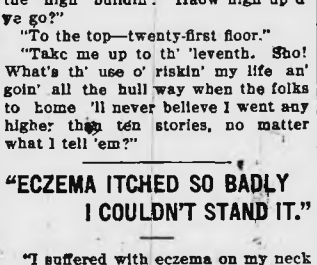
No matter how hard the rules may be, they're as fair for us as for the rest of the gang!

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, &c. a bottle.

Some neighbors don't like it unless you talk about them.

**PUTNAM FADELESS DYES**  
Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One lb. package colors all shades. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. BUNBEE DRUG COMPANY, Quincy, Ill.

**MOST LIKELY.**



Mr. Kidder—Every one speaks of Miss Antique as being a bargain. Miss Caustique—Well, her age is considerably marked down.

**Lawn Economics.**  
"I note," says the sage, "that you allow a sprinkler to spray water upon your lawn almost continuously."

"Yes," said the native. "We do that to make the grass grow."

"But the other day I saw a man pushing a clicker contrivance over the lawn and—"

"Oh, yes; that was a lawn mower?"  
"And what is its purpose?"  
"Why, it cuts the grass."  
"Then why do you put water on it to make it grow if you simply cut it down as fast as it comes up?"—Judge.

**Easy Deduction.**  
Watson—Who is giving the party in the neighborhood?  
Sherlock—Very simple, Watson. Who but the family that is dead broke and owing everybody?

**Too Late.**  
"Hubby, I found a lock of hair among your old papers. I never gave it to you."  
"You needn't worry. I don't remember who did."

**DEFIANCE STARCH**—14 ounces in the package—other starches only 12 ounces—same price and "DEFIANCE" IS SUPERIOR QUALITY.

W. N. U., DETROIT, NO. 40-1911.

**ALCOHOL-3 PER CENT**  
Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of



**Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral NOT NARCOTIC**

**THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK.**

**AT 6 MONTHS OLD 35 DROPS 35 CENTS**

**Guaranteed under the Food and Drug Act.**

**Exact Copy of Wrapper.**

**W. L. DOUGLAS**  
\$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50 & \$4.00 SHOES

**WOMEN wear W.L. Douglas stylish, perfect fitting, easy walking boots, because they give long wear, same as W.L. Douglas Men's shoes.**

**THE STANDARD OF QUALITY FOR OVER 30 YEARS**

The workmanship which has made W.L. Douglas shoes famous the world over is maintained in every pair.

If I could take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W.L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they are warranted to hold their shape, fit better and wear longer than any other make for the price.

**CAUTION** The genuine have W. L. Douglas names and prices stamped on bottom. If you cannot obtain W. L. Douglas shoes in your town, write for catalog. Shoes sent direct from factory to wearer, all charges prepaid. W. L. DOUGLAS, 125 State St., Brockton, Mass.

**ONE PAIR of my BOYS' \$2.50 or \$3.00 SHOES will positively outwear TWO PAIRS of ordinary boys' shoes**

**DON'T WASTE MONEY**

On experiments with flour. Use a reliable brand like

**Henkel's Bread Flour**

It has a flavor all its own, and makes many more loaves to the sack than cheaper flour.

**NOTE—Henkel's Velvet Pastry Flour makes wonderfully nice cakes.**

**PUTNAM FADELESS DYES**

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One lb. package colors all shades. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. BUNBEE DRUG COMPANY, Quincy, Ill.

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**FRENCH KNOTS COME BACK**

Are Quite Taking Place of Fashionable Beading—How to Make Them.

French knots are quite taking the place of the fashionable beading. The latest thing is to buy a voile or marquisette blouse pattern marked for beading, and to make a French knot instead at each place for a bead. The effect is soft and extremely pleasing. Most of us know how to make French knots, but instructions to the others may not come amiss. Briefly, they are as follows:

To make a French knot, draw the needle through the upper side of the fabric. Hold it in the right hand and with the left hand take hold of the silk at a point near the fabric and twist it two or three times around the needle. Then put the point of the needle through the fabric again, very close to the point at which you brought it up; draw the twisted silk closely around it and push the needle through. Hold the twist tight against the goods with your left hand while you draw the length of silk through, so as to keep it from uncoiling. When the silk has been drawn quite through, it holds the knot.

**BLOUSE OF LIBERTY SATIN**



This pretty blouse is of liberty satin covered with a large, slightly draped fichu of mousseline de sole, which is trimmed with embroidery. Through this can be seen the pretty girde of black satin, with a knot of the same on the outside of the fichu, ornamented with little satin balls.

The sleeves, which are of satin like the body of the waist, are trimmed with embroidery. The plastron is of mousseline de sole.

To Line Satin. When making up cheap satin line it with very thin flannel, as this gives it a much richer appearance and prevents it from creasing.

**Auction Sale!**

Under order of the United States District Court in Bankruptcy,

**Tuesday, October 10,**

at 10 o'clock A. M.,

at the

**Hupp Stock Farms**

Located one mile west of Birmingham on Maple avenue, there will be sold in separate parcels to the highest bidder and without reservation, all the personal property belonging to the Hupp Farms, bankrupt, and consisting of:

Registered Berkshire Swine, Grade Cows, Guernsey Bull, Roan Gelding, Turkeys, Ducks and Chickens.

**Farm Implements and Machinery** nearly new and in A1 condition. (None of this property was offered at sale held Aug. 29, 1911.)

**TERMS, CASH OR APPROVED.** Conveyances will be provided at D. U. R. waiting room, Birmingham, Mich. For full information and sale list apply at office of

**UNION TRUST COMPANY,** Receiver of Hupp Farms, Bankrupt, Detroit, Mich. C. W. KIMBERLING, Auctioneer.

**Commissioner's Notice.** In the matter of the estate of Charles H. Farrand, deceased. We, the undersigned, having been appointed by the Probate Court for the county of Wayne, State of Michigan, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against said deceased, do hereby give notice that we will meet at the office of E. N. Passage, in the village of Plymouth, in said county, on Monday, the 6th day of November, A. D. 1911, and on Saturday, the 11th day of January, A. D. 1912, at 3 o'clock P. M. of each of said days, for the purpose of examining and allowing said claims, and that four months from the 6th day of September, A. D. 1911, were allowed by said Court for creditors to present their claims to us for examination and allowance.

Dated Sept. 6, 1911.  
T. F. CHILSON,  
ALBERT GAYDE,  
Commissioners.

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Dated, Sept. 6, 1911.  
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Commissioners.

**CHURCH NEWS.**

**LUTHERAN.**  
Rev. O. Peters, Pastor  
Sunday, Oct. 8, services in the morning at 9:30 standard. Sunday-school at 11 standard. We started with the pin system last Sunday and the children are taking a great interest in it and we hope all parents will send their children.

**CHRISTIAN SCIENTIST.**  
Next Sunday morning at First Church of Christ, Scientist, 10:10 A. M. Subject, "Are Sin, Disease and Death Real?" Sunday-school for children at 11:00 a. m. Wednesday evening testimonial service 7:10. Every one is welcome.

**METHODIST.**  
Rev. E. King, Pastor.  
The services for the day are as follows: At 10:00 A. M. the new pastor, Rev. E. J. Warren, will preach. The music of this service will be in charge of the ladies quartette.

At 11:30 will occur the annual Rally Day service in the Sunday-school. An attractive program will be given. The parents of the pupils and all friends of the school are invited. You will receive a hearty welcome.

The Epworth League at 6:00 P. M. will be in charge of Mrs. P. W. Voorhies. Come and spend an hour of song and praise with the young people.

At 7:00 P. M. Rev. Warren will preach. The latch string is out. Come to all of these services.

**PRESBYTERIAN.**  
Rev. B. F. Farber, Pastor.  
Services will be held in the First Presbyterian church on Sunday, Oct. 8th, as follows: Morning worship at 10 o'clock. Preaching by the pastor. Sunday-school at 11:15 o'clock.

Evening service at 7 o'clock. Owing to the union service last Sunday evening we were unable to begin our series of sermons for young people based on a study of the life of Joseph. We will begin this Sunday evening. Subject, "Life in the Home."

Prayer meeting on Thursday evening at 7 o'clock. Subject, "Popularity and Opposition." Luke 11:37; 14:24.

Do not forget the social evening for young people to be held on Saturday evening, Oct. 7, at 7 o'clock. We anticipate a pleasant evening and will be glad to welcome you to this evening of pleasure.

**BAPTIST.**

Rev. W. W. DesAutels, Pastor.  
Regular services will be held next Sunday. At 10:00 A. M. the pastor preaches upon, "The Extent of God's Blessing," and at 7:00 P. M. the sermon will be an illustrated object sermon. The Sunday-school meets at 11:15. The B. Y. P. U. meeting is at 6:00.

Rev. W. W. DesAutels, Henry Robinson, Levi Hanchett, Mrs. Sarah Bartlett and Mrs. Ida Bennett were appointed delegates to the Association which meets at Fowlerville, Oct. 4 and 5.

At the Covenant meeting of the church last week Thursday evening, Miss Grace Campbell was elected organist. Miss Edna Trinkhaus, who has been our faithful organist for five years, resigned the position, as she is about to leave for the west to be gone several months. C. W. Grainger was elected church treasurer, Claude Robinson having resigned because his work will take him out of town much of the time. We were sorry to lose these faithful ones, but glad to be able to supply their places with others who are so competent to fulfil the tasks assigned them.

We welcome Mr. Fred Williams back to his old position as janitor. It is seldom that a better janitor can be found to look after the needs of a church.

**The Favorite Laxative.**

**One at Night Makes the Next Day Bright; No Charge if it Doesn't.**

Because of its extremely gentle and effective action, Rexall Orderlies have become the most popular Remedy for Constipation.

We are so positive that Rexall Orderlies will do all that is claimed for them that we positively guarantee to hand back the money you paid us for them upon your mere request, if you are not entirely satisfied.

Rexall Orderlies are eaten like candy, are very pleasant to the taste, do not gripe, cause nausea or any other annoyance usually experienced when ordinary cathartics are used.

Rexall Orderlies have a positive regulative effect upon the bowels and tend to provide permanent relief from Constipation and the myriad of associate ailments. Besides, they help to overcome the necessity of the constant use of laxatives to keep the bowels in normal condition.

We honestly believe there is no similar medicine so good as Rexall Orderlies, especially for children, aged or delicate people. They are prepared in convenient tablet form in three sizes of packages. Prices, 10c., 25c. and 50c. Why not try them at our risk on our guarantee?

Remember Rexall Remedies can be obtained in this community only at our store—The Rexall store, Beyer Pharmacy, Plymouth, Mich.

**STOVE BUYER WARNINGS**

**Garland Stoves and Ranges**  
The World's Best

**Caution!**  
Garland Stoves and Ranges always bear the above trade-mark of highest quality. Are sold only by leading dealers everywhere. Are never sold by Mail-Order or Catalog houses. Are in over 4,000,000 homes. Have been the largest-selling and greatest satisfaction-giving stoves and ranges during 40 years. Always insist on this trade-mark and get Garlands at your dealer's.

AGENTS of the largest makers of stoves and ranges in the world, we have decided to place the stove buyers of this country in possession of certain facts on the "mail-order" stove and range situation, which will enable every buyer to safeguard his interests in advance of making a purchase. We take this step because we feel that we owe a duty to the public which for 40 years has favored Garland Stoves and Ranges with overwhelming evidence of its approval. For today you will find Garland Stoves and Ranges in over 4,000,000 homes.

Here, in brief, are the facts:  
The trade-mark name, "Garland," on a stove or range, because of the quality and service which it represents, has become enormously valuable. Its value is estimated at millions of dollars. Behind it are 40 years of study, invention, experience, skilled workmanship and conscientious effort. In recent years, some concerns, selling stoves and ranges by "mail order," have sought to trade on the Garland reputation by offering cheap stoves at cheap prices on the representation that such goods are "as good as Garlands." The time has come when the protection of stove buyers demands that we brand these claims as absolutely false.

The purpose of this announcement is to point out to the stove buyer the pitfalls of the system of "mail-order" stove dealing and the safety, convenience, satisfaction and greater economy of buying stoves and ranges from established local dealers.

**Buy Your Stoves at Home**  
It Pays in Satisfaction, Safety, Convenience and Economy

**'Mail Order' Stoves and Ranges Not Shipped Set Up**

"Mail-order" stoves are not shipped set up and ready for service. If shipped all set up, the legs and other weak parts would be liable to be smashed in shipment. If you have ever wrestled with a "mail-order" stove, loading it at the depot, carting it home, unloading it, getting it out of the crate, putting it together, blacking it and possibly waiting a couple of weeks for replacement of broken parts before being able to use it, you will never wish to repeat the performance.

When you buy a Garland Stove or Range we deliver it set up, blacked and bright parts polished, a "red tape" ready for service and guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction. No muss, no fuss, no lost time, no parts broken or missing, no delay, no drayage.

**Not Easy to Return 'Mail Order' Stoves**

When you get a "mail-order" stove, you are almost bound to keep it even though it is not satisfactory. Why? You say, "the mail-order" stove house offers to take back the stove and refund my money if the stove is not perfectly satisfactory!" But there are a good many reasons why the vast majority of stoves purchased by mail are never returned. One great reason is the endless amount of "red tape" connected with the return of such stoves.

If you are ever caught with an unsatisfactory stove, the chances are that your patience will become exhausted and you will decide to make the best of a bad bargain.

**See the Stove First**

When you order from a "mail-order" stove concern you have paid for the stove in advance—it's yours—and it isn't always easy to sell it back. If they agree to take it back, the trouble and expense of taking it apart, crating it, and hauling it back to the depot is so great that it will many times prevent you from returning it.

**Ask for the Garland Books**  
The Only Safe Way to Buy Stoves and Ranges

**Excess Freight in 'Mail-Order Stove Buying'**

Those who buy stoves and ranges by mail, risk paying the highest freight rate. We buy in carload lots. But whether you buy by mail or from us, you always pay the freight. The real price of a "mail-order" stove or range is the catalog price plus the freight.

Just stick a pin in that statement, and save yourself the shock of an unexpected freight bill. Buy from us and all the money will go into stove value, for we save you all excess freight.

**30 Days' Free Trial vs. Permanent Satisfaction**

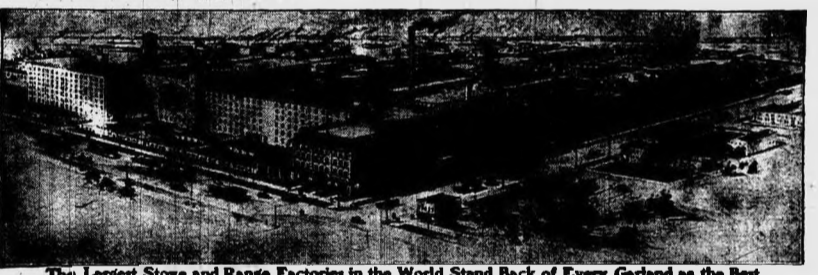
The "30 Days' Free Trial" proposition is the favorite method of some "mail-order" stove concerns to get people to buy stoves and ranges. But they gently but firmly insist that the purchaser pay in advance.

Then they agree to take back the goods and refund your money at the end of the 30 days' free trial if the stove is not as represented. The idea is to get the stove in your possession. Not one man in a thousand will take the trouble to repack and reship an unsatisfactory stove and unwind the "red tape" that it takes to get his money back.

Buy at home. We guarantee satisfaction, not merely for 30 days, but for the entire life of the stove.

**Garland Stoves and Ranges Cash or Credit**

We gladly extend credit to responsible and reliable people, without asking you to sign notes or requiring the endorsement of friends.



The Largest Stove and Range Factories in the World Stand Back of Every Garland as the Best Guarantee Possible on the World's Best Stoves and Ranges

**Conner Hdw. Co., Agents**

**One Million Dollars for a Diseased Stomach**

This Offer Should be a Warning to Every Man and Woman.

The newspapers and medical journals recently have had much to say relative to a famous millionaire's offer of a million dollars for a new stomach.

This great multimillionaire was too busy to worry about the condition of his stomach. He allowed his dyspepsia to run from bad to worse until in the end it became incurable.

His misfortune serves as a warning to others.

Every one who suffers with dyspepsia for a few years will give everything he owns for a new stomach.

Dyspepsia is commonly caused by an abnormal state of the gastric juices, or by lack of tone in the walls of the stomach. The result is that the stomach loses its power to digest food.

We are now able to supply certain missing elements—to help to restore to the gastric juices their digestive power, and to aid in making the stomach strong and well.

We know that Rexall Dyspepsia Tablets are a most dependable remedy for disordered stomachs, indigestion and dyspepsia.

We want you to try them and will return your money if you are not more than satisfied with the result.

**EXCURSION**

VIA THE

**Pere Marquette**

ON

**Sunday, Octo'r 8**

TO

**DETROIT**

Train will leave Plymouth at 9:40 and 11:15 a. m. Returning, leave Detroit at 6:15 p. m.

Round Trip Fare

To Detroit ..... 25c

**HOLLISTER'S**

**Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets**

A Bary Medication for Bury People. Brings Golden Health and Increased Vigor. A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Liver and Kidney Troubles, Flatulency, Bloating, Biliousness, Headaches, Stomach Disorders, Stomachic and Backaches. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form. 25 Cents a Box. Genuine made by Hollister's Drug Company, Madison, Wis.

**GOLDEN NUGGETS FOR SALLOW PEOPLE**

TRY MAIL LINERS

**5 Strong Reasons for Fall Painting**

1. The wood is thoroughly dry. Summer's sun has removed all moisture.

2. Paint penetrates deeper into dry wood. The deeper it goes the better it holds.

3. Fall weather is warm, dry and dependable. Little danger of cold, damp, rainy days, which endanger the durability of the paint.

4. Wet weather decays and destroys unprotected surfaces. Lack of paint means unsightly and less valuable property.

5. Fall painting keeps out winter moisture. The greatest enemy to the life and beauty of all structures.

Ask us about **ACME QUALITY HOUSE PAINT**. It insures the greatest protection and beauty, at the least cost per year of service. Questions cheerfully answered.

**Gayde Bros.**

**Rent Receipt Books**