

School Supplies?

Look in our window and if you don't see it there

COME INSIDE.

We have everything you need at school.

THE WOLVERINE DRUG CO.

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J. H. KIMBLE, Ph. B., M. D.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office at 'Phone No. 5, (Office, 2 Rings 'THE WOLVERINE."

GO TO THE

Central Meat Market

FOR YOUR.....

BEEF. PORK & VEAL

Lamb & Chicken for Sunday

BARTLETT & RATTENBURY

FREE DELIVERY

Lawrence W. Snell

REPUBLICAN CANDIDATE FOR

State Senator.

If nominated and elected will vote for the man endorsed by Republicans at the primaries for U.S. Senator. Mr. Snell has made good and we believe he is entitled to a second term. Your vote will be appreciated,

Rent Receipt Books

Local Correspondence

The Social held at the Hall Friday vening was not the success it might nave been. No doubt the chilly night had something to do with it. However that were present had a very plegant time.

Mrs. Wm. Farley spent the latter perc of last week visiting friends in

Reuben Barnes, who has been quite I is somewhat improved at this writing. Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Ryder and family ilso Mrs. C. D. Paddock and daughter Florence of Detroit, had a very pleasant time at Belle Isle Wednesday of

Miss Mabel Steven has peturned from

week's outing at Island Lake. Will Lawry of Rochester, Minn., is risiting his mother, Mrs. J. Jewell. He s a trained nurse in a leading hospital of that city.

Miss Altha Woodruff went to Ann Arbor Saturday to see her brother Archie, who has been quite sick, but is ow convalescent.

Mrs. Elmer Cline and daughter Dorothy of Detroit are enjoying a week's outing at W. R. LeVan's.

We are glad to see Mabel Gottschalk out after her recent illness.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Rutter and family of Detroit spent Saturday and Sunday at the home of Albert Stevens Miss Margaret LeVan has been pending a few days in Ann Arbor.

The L. A. S. will hold their regular meeting at the Hall Friday afternoon, Sept. 9. Supper will be served. Every ne invited to attend.

Mrs. Eva Shroeder of Farmington isited her aunt, Mrs. Ann Farwell, last Sabbath

The people who are acquainted with Miss Emma Johns will be interested to know that she leaves California for Hilo, Hawaii, the 10th of September. naking a seven days' trip on the Pa cific Ocean. She expects to make her nome with an old friend, Mrs. Barron formerly Irene Allen, of Newburg.

A much needed rain came Tuesday night, which makes everything look

Mr. and Mrs. Clark Mackinder and the excursion to Island Lake last week Thursday. The only drawback to an otherwise pleasant occasion was the lateness of the hour when they reached Newburg.

Donald Ryder returned to Chicago last Sunday, after a week's visit with his parents Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Ryder. They accompanied him as far as Ann Arbor, where they visited Mr. and Mrs. James Cook, also calling on Arthur LeVan at the hospital. They found him doing nicely.

School bells will soon be ringing. School opens next week Tuesday. Miss Carrie Baker has been engaged to teach the coming year.

The L. A. S. would be glad to have any one having old papers or cardboard to bring it to the next meeting at the hall Sept. 9th. Also if any of the ladies will kindly furnish a ball of carpet rags for rugs it will be greatly appre ciated. They expect to tie two com-

forts. Come prepared to help. Edward Vanaken of Pell City, Ind. pent a few days with his mother, Mrs R. Barnes, returning to his home Tues-

Mr. and Mrs. Claude Grow and fami y visited at C. Mackinder's and Jame Norris' Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. Frank Norris of Wayne spent Tuesday with Mrs. James Norris. Mrs. Porter Grow is spending a few days with Mrs. C. McKinder. Mr. Grow is at the homeopathic hospital for treatment of the eyes.

WEST PLYMOUTH.

Mrs. Geo. Innis has been on the sick list. Be it to the credit of our modern conveniences that the doctor was at Mrs. Innis' bedside twenty-two minutes after he was called and that was at one o'clock in the morning.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. O'Bryan and children were Detroit visitors Sunday. Lyman remained for a week's visit with

Thursday.

School begins in District No. 7 Tues Miss Brown of Plymouth will day.

J. J. Lucas has an unusual product

growing in his garden. The old time sugar came towers above all else. Mr. and Mrs. J. C. O'Bryan and Helen visited in Ypsilanti Wednesday. Chas. Smith made a business trip the city the first of the week, The Misses Woodard of Ypsilanti vis

PIKE'S PEAK.

Mrs. Rogers of Flint is visiting her sister-in-law, Mrs. S. Cummings

Sunday visitors at Henry Klatt's were Mr. and Mrs. Parker of St. Clair Heights, Mr. and Mrs. Carl Klatt and daughters of Wayne, Mr. and Mrs. John Houk and son Alvin and Miss Lela Klatt of East Nankin.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Richardson of New Boston visited Mrs. S. Cummings Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Bridge of Maple Road visited the former's mother and sister, Mrs. James Bridge and Miss Lena Bridge Monday.

Mrs. Charles Wright and daughter Clara were Plymouth callers last Friday and Mrs. Frank Outhwaite of wayne visited Mrs. S. Cummings last Sunday.

John Marke made a business trip to

Detroit last Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Tait of Salem visited Mr. and Mrs. Charles Wright and family last Thursday.

Cummings and Mrs. Rogers were Wayne callers last Saturday.

LIVONIA CENTER.

The ladies of the German church will erve ice cream at the town hall Saturday evening, Sept. 10. Don't miss it, as it will probably be the last social of the season. Come one, come all. Ladies, please bring cake.

Mrs. Paul Helm entertained her fa-

ther and mother, her brother, Walter and wife, Mrs. Wolfrom, son and two grandchildren, on Sunday. Mrs. Waler Kingsley remained over a couple of days with her mother.

Mr. and Mrs. Charley Wolf visited friends in Maroe Saturday and Sunday Hugh Peters and family entertained company from Plymouth Sunday.

Fred Lee is visiting his people in Ohio this week.

E. C. Leach, wife and friends were

on our street Tuesday. Miss Etoil Cook returned to her home in Plymouth Monday evening, together

with the friends that went up to surprise her mother. All report a very nice It was reported here the first of th

week that the doctors would have to amputate Rose Gumore's foot at once but further particulars were not learned

Judge Durfee Explains

To the Editor:

There appears to be a misunder tanding among the voters of Wayne County as to the powers and duties of the Associate Judge of Probate to be nominated and elected this fall, which augmented by Mr. George H. Carlisle's campaign card in which he gives the title of the office as "Associate Judge of Probate (Juvenile Court Di-

This is undoubtedly through ignor nce on Mr. Carlisle's part as to the duties of the office, and not with the ntent to deceive the voter.

Henry S. Hulbert, who had been Register of the Probate Court of this County for nine years, was appointed to the office by the Governor on September 1st, 1909, upon a petition presented to him signed by nearly every atterney in the County. To him was assigned not only the work in the ju-venile division of the Probate Court but more work in the other division of court than falls to the judge of probate of any other County in the State and includes the examining and passing upon all accounts filed in the probate court by executors, administrators, guardians and trustees; hearing of all petitions for the appointment of guardians of insane and mentally incompetent persons, spendthrifts, and minors where notice is required; hearing of all petitions for the commitment of insane persons to asylums and for ommitment of feeble minded a leptic persons to the Michigan Home at Lepeer; and determining tance tax in all estates. Many of these matters are bitterly contested

In the absence or illness of one of the udges the duties of both divisions falls to the other judge.

Judge Henry S. Hulbert now for one year has conscientiously and ably performed the duties assigned him.

EDGAR O. DURFKE.

Digestion and Assimilation.
It is not the quantity of food taken but the uncount digested and assimilated that gives excength and vitality to the system. Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets invigorate the stomach and liver and enable them to perform their fauctions naturally. For sale by all dealers.



A Bank's Surplus-What is it? \$

This bank pays its stockholders each year dividends that are consistent with a safe, wellmanaged business

The money earned on our capital, above the dividend paid to shareholders, is put back into the business. We have now a surplue of \$15,000 and undivided profits of \$15,000, every cent of which has been earned, and which with our capital represents \$105,000 of actual working

A growing surplus makes a prosperous busit also gives to depositors increasing safefor funds each year.

Become a customer of the bank with ample capital and a growing surplus; this kind of a bank meets the demands of its customers in a satisfactory, manner.

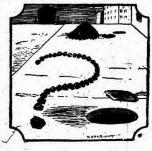
Plymouth United Savings Bank

The butcher boy to COME HERE FOR PICNIC DELICACIES

Come here for Picnic Delicacies

We've the most delicious cold ham and other meats suitable for the lunch basket or for a tempting supper, now that vou sometimes don't want to have a fire in the kitchen stove.' We use exreme care in preparing these cold meats and they are scrupulously clean.

Both Phones Orders Called for and Delivered.



Got Your Coal

Remember, it's not merely a question of filling your cellar bin now, but of actually receiving a TON OF COAL FREE at prevailing prices if put in now. Upon an average winter's sup-ply for a household the saving is at least a ton of coal. Order to-day and we will put the coal in within a reasonable time if you are not quite ready to receive it.

J. D. McLAREN CO.

WOMEN WORKING NEW ONE

o Old Rings and Other Junk Received From Various Sweethearts Melfed Into One Ring.

"Here is a new one the women seem to be working a good deal lately," re marked a local jeweler the other day They bring in all the old rings, stickpins and other junk of that sort that they have received since they were kids from their various sweethearts and have the gold melted up into one ring.

"Some of them have this set with a small stone of some kind, and others just have them plain. Of course a married woman does not like to wear a ring that has been given to her by one of her earlier sweethearts, and lots of them have rings of that sort about in their jewelry cases By having them all melted up into a composite souvenier the rings all lose their identity, and the husband can have no reason for even a tinge of In fact, one woman in recently and had all the rings she had collected from her old sweethearts melted up and made into a ring to give to her husband for his birthda

"Now whenever I sell a lady's ring to a young chap I wonder where it will finally end up. But if every young fellow stopped to think of such a contingency I am afraid there would be considerable falling off in the jewel

Stuck to His Fish.

The Neshaminy creek in Pennsylvania, in rainy seasons fills the ditches of adjacent farms with water from 18 inches to two feet deep. After a recent downpour three boys went fishing up the creek and in a ditch the lads espied three buge carp flopping One of the boys jumped into the ditch and seized the largest fish The carp, nearly as big as the boy had the advantage of being in its na tive element, and plunged through the water and mud, until the boys or shore thought their companion would surely be drowned. But at last the fish grew so weak from its great efforts that the boys dragged upon the bank, and there held it until it ceased to struggle. Then they, lugged their trophy home, put it on the scales and found that it weighed

Letting His Light Shine.

If anybody wanted to see some-thing curious just come with him, the marble cutter said. Somebody did, so he led the way to a monument that had inscriptions engraved in three languages—English, German and He-

"Same thing in each one," he said. "You can see for yourself what impays in English. A good citizen, a good father, a good husband and peace to his soul. The relatives had that eu-logy printed in all three languages because their friends are kind of mixed on tongues; some can read one thing good a man for anybody to pass by unaware of his virtues simply because they couldn't read the language on the

A Truce Declared.

The enmity between cat and rat is as old as time, but a cat that resides in Washington is seeking to usher in her end of the millennium by frater-nizing with all the rats in the neigh-herhood. Needless to say, the rats are perfectly willing to declare a truce with her, inviolate and perpetual. Every morning the milkmen who visit that district in their rounds see the tabby gamboling over the alley flags with a dozen fat newer rate all as af fectionate as a political love feast er a caucus row. Other cats of the neighborhood, not yet educated to this high standard of peace and good will, sit apart on the adjacent fences and owlishly blink their wonder at the atrange sight. They have completely ostracised the rat-loving pussy.

Water Baseball.

The boys of Georgetown have inwented a kind of water baseball, which May Lose by Late Census. will appeal to the lovers of the sport
during hot spells of the summer. On
a large raft anchored above the Aque
ber 1 the military department will be a large raft anchored above the Aqueduct bridge they have laid off a diamond, and on this they gather in their bathing suits, playing ball, every now and then plunging into the cool river and snapping their fingers at the hot weather man

The ball is of rubber, large light, and cannot be batted very far But when there is a passed hall, or amateur Wagner knocks a long By into deep center, the fielder in that territory has to plunge overboard and field it like a retriever dog in a duck hunt. Needless to say, home duck bunt.

Willing to Compromise "Willie, if you will promise not to

at another piece of candy far a aouth I'll give you a dollar."
"Til tell you what I'll do, pa. I'll Supromise with you."
"You will compromise with me!

What do you mean?"
"Give me 50 cents and I'll only call as much as I've been-eatth"."

Proving it.
"I was sure she loved you!"
"Maybe she does, she refused to

A way

NAMES TO GO ON PRIMARY BALLOT

DEMOCRRATS SHY ON LIEUTEN-ANT GOVERNOR.

ALL ARE ASSURED OF CHANCE

Some Candidates of the Small Parties May Have to Be Denied Having Their Names on the Official Ballot

Lansing.—Practically every candi

date in the two major parties who sought a place on the primary election callot for the state, congressional, senatorial or representative nominations is assured of his chance, it is an-nounced at the office of the secretary of state. Some candidates of some of the

small parties may have to be denied having their names printed on the bal-lot. The checking and counting of primary petitions will probably completed in time to allow for the certificates to be sent out tomorrow

The count and check of petitions how the following candidates entitled to places on the primary election ballot, all being Republicans except as

Governor - Patrick H. Kelley. Chase S. Osborn, Amos S. Musselman Lawton T. Hemans, Democrat.

Lieutenant-Governor - Loren Dickinson, Neison C. Rice, John Q.

United States Senator-Julius C.

Burrows, Charles E. Townsend. Congressional, second district—Wm W. Wedemeyer, Ann, Arbor; Henry C. Smith, Adrian.

Third district-Washington Gardner, Albion; John M. C. Smith, Charlotte; Chas. H. Price, Socialist, Kalamazoo Fourth district-Edwin L. Hamilton, Niles.

Fifth district—G. J. Diekema, Holland; Geo. E. Ellis, Grand Rapids.
Sixth district—Samuel W. Smith,

Seventh district-Henry McMorran Port Huron; Louis C. Cramton, La

Eighth district—James C. McLaugh

lin, Muskegon.
Ninth district—Joseph W. Fordney, Saginaw: Emory Townsend, Saginaw.
Tenth district—George A. Loud, Au
Sable: Frank Buell, Bay City.

Eleventh district-F. H. Dodds, Mount Pleasant.

Twelfth district—H. Olin Young, Ishpeming; Angus W. Kerr, Laurium.

Michigan Patents.

Michigan patents were issued as follows: Arthur L. Brown, Muskegon, combined soap stick and brush; Fre mont H. Buckingham, Detroit, platform lever mechanism: Albert L Da vis, Grand Rapids, slicing machine; Joseph E. Earnest, Reed City, ap-paratus for making tie-plate; Walter Johnson, Clio, cement tile machine; Jay A. Monroe, Otsego, paper-making machine; machine; Henry Post, Escanaba broom handle; S. A. Quinn, Kalamazoo, water closet; Fred B. Raymond, Sault Ste. Marie, washing machine; Henry D. Steator, Galesburg, mold; August F. Tank, Sandusky, holdback; Bartholomew T. Treaby, Detroit pneumatic action; John G. Utz, De troit, induction conduct for explosion troit induction conduct for explaining engines; Charles B. Van Camp. At-kins, railway switch; Jesse G. Vincent, Detroit, adding machine, also adding and listing machine; Floyd Webb. Detroit, lamp; Fred E. Young. Detroit, gas controller

State Hibernians Elect.

The Michigan Hibernians in session elected the following officers:
Chaplain, Rt. Rev. John Foley, De-

president. Michael F. Powers troit: Grand Rapids; vice-president, James Grand Rapids; vice-president, James Clancy, Ishpeming; treasurer, Frank P. McQuillon, Jackson; secretary, Eneas McCauley, Hancock; medical treasurer, Frank Eneas McCauley, Hancock; medical examiner, J. S. McLaughlin, Wyan-

A few minor changes were made in the by-laws, including an increase in the per capita tax from 30 to 35 cents.

on the population a loser financially. The militia is en-titled to six cents for every person in the state and the naval reserves one cent. The state has grown considerably since the state census was taken in 1904, the last prior to the federal census taken this spring. The auditor general's department must have the figures of the last census in order to base the apportionment for the miliyear's federal census cannot be accoured in time, then the apportionment will have to be made from the

state census taken in 1904. Bulcide is Smith Verdict.

The coroner's inquest into the sui cide of A. W. Smith, former state politician, at the Newberry hospital for clares that there is no evidence convict anyone of providing Smith with the revelver, but an effort is being made to trace its ownership. Smith was insured for \$19,000, of which \$4,000 ran to his wife, \$10,000 to his children and \$5,000 to his as

Leave Rates Out, Advises Board. Chairman C. L. Glasgow of the state

railroad commission, which has been conducting a hearing of a number of power companies about the sounds a warning to the citizens of this state relative to the granting of franchises by small cities and villages to power corporations. Many towns have already granted long franchises, which they now deeply regret, for the reason that under the franchises reason that under the franchises they have had to pay higher rates for electricity than some of their neigh-bors. Chairman Glasgow said in disuseing the matter:

"We desire to caution the people of the state, especially in towns where applications are by parties asking for franchises for the furnishing of electricity for light ing or power purposes, not to include in the terms of such franchise anything in regard to the rate to be charged, but leave that part to the state, in order that the general public may get the benefit of the lowest rate made possible by the use of the latest and most improved methods. This warning is based upon developments which show that many towns have named rates in franchises granted during recent years, which are much higher than those being named in present franchises, the franchises having usually been given for a term

of 30 years."

Wany things have developed since the hearings of some of the power companies that have caused the commission to endeavor doubly to safe-guard the interests of the people of this state. The commission is aided considerably by the fact that the attorney general ruled a short time ago that the commission had the power to fix rates of power companies

Winship Falls to Qualify.

John Winship of Saginaw failed to secure enough signatures to his petitions to land him a place on the ballot as the Democratic candidate for the nomination of United States senator and the members of the Democratic party who wish to vote for Winship will have to write his name on the

Fred W. Corbett of Lansing will be given a place on the primary ballot as the Prohibition candidate for gover-nor. William A. Taylor of Battle Creek is entitled to have his name printed on the Prohibition ballot as a candidate for the nomination for Uni-

ted States senator.

Few candidates on the Socialist ticket had enough signers to qualify, but Joseph Warnott of Harbor but Joseph Warnott of Harbor Springs came under the wire with enough names, and Secretary of State Martindale stated that Warnott's name will be placed at the top of the Socialist ballot as candidate for gov-

Big Enrollment Corrected List.

From the upper peninsula is coming the "explanation" that the enormous enrollment figure up there is to be accounted for by the "fact that the lists have not been revised, and in es dead men and men who have moved away.'

Deputy Secretary of State Mills thus explains the explanation:

"The 58.000 enrollment given out here is a corrected enrollment. We take great pains to keep the figures straight. When we have reason to be lieve that the township clerks are not taking proper care of the rolls in striking out the names of the dead or those who have moved from the terri tory, we call their attention to this in In this manner we are ena bled to keep a fairly accurate list,

"There may be a few names—very few—in the enrollment that belong to dead men, but if such names are or the list, we do not know it."

Say Osborn Plans to Dump Fuller.

From numerous sections of the state it has been called to the attention of Auditor-General Fuller's friends that Osborn workers are attempting to se-cure control of county conventions in order that their favorites may draw the seats in the state convention is Detroit October 6. It is alleged that Osborn, if nominated, will do everything in his power to ditch Auditor General Fuller and nominate "Pusa" Palmer for the position, and it is said that there are other state officials who will feel the axe if Osborn is able to turn the trick.

Upper -peninsula property holders realise that the auditor-general is a member of the state board of equalization, which meets in this city in August, 1911, and that the governor has no voice in the workings of this im-portant body. A majority are of the opinion that it would be better to sacrifice Osborn than Fuller as the audi tor-general will be in a position to do more real good for the northern part of the state than the governor.

Michigan Pensions

The following Michigan pension have been granted: Seth Davis, \$15; Robt. G. Eaton, \$15; Chas. Hays, \$24; John Keeling, \$17; Wm. Paterson, \$15; John Philbrook, \$24; John Rentz, \$15; Wm. L. Stearns, \$24; Harry H. Van Dyne, \$17.

Names to Go on Primary Ballot.

Practically every one of the candidates in the two major parties who ought a place on the primary ele ballot for the state, congressional, sen-storial or representative nominations is assured of his chance, it is aned at the office of the secretar of state.

The count and check of petitions show the following candidates entitled ces on the primary election bel lot, all being Republicans excep

STATE NEWS IN BRIEF

Houghton.—Severe electrical storms companied by heavy hall prevailed the copper country. Mrs. W. M. in the copper country. Sewell of Hancock was struck by lightning and her left side paralysed

eral small buildings were burned.

Lansing. — Included in the new course in journalism that offered in the University of Michigan this coming year there will be a series of lectures by promcourse in journalism that will be offered in the University of Michent newspaper men. Mr. Kirk Alexander of the Detroit Journal will give a course of twelve lectures dealing in a systematic way with all the important features of newspaper method and procedure, such as new gathering, copy reading, editorial writing, newspaper management, and the like.

The widespread interest that has been awakened by the announcement that this course was to be offered at the university this year is best evidenced by the many letters of inquiry that come pouring into the office of Dean Reed daily from prospective stu-

Prescott.-David A. Stouthenburg, a general merchant of this place, is dead. He had been in business here 12 years. He was a leading Mason and Oddfellow and was prominent in business circles over the entire county leaves a widow and two small chil-

Lansing.-Chief of Police Behrendt has received a letter from Reinhardt Rasmussen of Negaunee, asking the force here to assist in locating his 17year-old son who left home a year ago A few days ago the parents received a letter saying that he was traveling with a show that was performing at Waverly park, at this place.

Owosso.-The Alma Sugar company leased four acres of ground at New Haven, six miles southeast of here, and will erect a weighing station to handle the crop of sugar beets. This is the competitor to the Owosso second Sugar company, who up to one year ago had the entire field to themselves. Last year the Mount Clemens Sugar New Haven. This makes three sta-tions within a radius of three-quar-ters of a mile.

Detroit.-Detroit has been consuming poisonous ice cream cones by the thousands, according to the analy sis of several samples that the De troit office of the state pure food department sent to Lansing some time ago. About half of the cones sumed in Detroit are made in cities, mostly in the east, and they contain saccharine and boric acid. Those made in Detroit do not, and are in no

Grand Rapids-Judge Dennison in the united States court, has referred the suit of the city of Kalamazoo against the Michigan United Railway Co., to a master to take testimony within 60 days and file a report in 30 days after the testimony is taken, and required the Knickedbocker Trust Co., trustee of the railway company, to file a bond of \$50,000 "to secure street re pairs and paving." In the meantime the city is enjoined from forfeiting the company's franchise.

Lansing-John T Winship of Sagi aw, Democratic candidate for States senator, failed to land for the ballot, his petitions not carrying the required number of names, as was found when the count was completed Hc was the only candidate for important office who failed to land. William C. Taylor of Battle Creek, Probibition candidate for United States senator: Fred W. Corbett of Lansing, Prohibition candidate for governor; Joseph Warnock of Harbor Springs, Socialist andidate for governor, had qualifying

Monroe-John J. McCormičk, 67, one of Monroe's best known citizens, died at his residence. He was especially well known in railroad circles, having worked for the Lake Shore for 3! years, both in Monroe and Toledo. He leaves one son, C. J. McCormick, of the McCormick Nursery company, and

one daughte r.Cora. Port Huron-The second day of the thirteenth annual convention of the Michigan Hibernians opened with a few more delegates in attendance. The real husiness of the convention begins Port Huron has arranged many amuse-

ments fo ribe visiting delegates.

Port Huron—The body of George
Frailck, who was sucked under the
wheel of the steamer Joseph Buller was taken from St. Clair river. He leaves a widow and five children in Sarnis, Ont.

Chelsea—Besil Riste, 18 years old unloved as a section hand by the emproyed as a section hand by the Michigan Central, was struck by an express freight and instantly killed near here. All of Risto's relatives live in Italy, but friends have taken charge of the remains. The funeral will b held from the Catholic church here.

Lansing.—The police are of copinion that the fire in the storeroom of George Deck, a few days ago, was set by his enemies, and they claim to have enough evidence to warrant a

Lansing—W. G. Kerns, proprietor of the Hotel Wentworth, has caused the arrest of his chef. Teddy Conover Kerns says the chef drove him out of the hotel with a large knife, when he expostalated about the quality of hiscuits that were being served. Houghton—Rev. Melcheir

Houghton—Rev. Melcheft Fanat, pastor and director of the orphan asylum, at Assinins, 20, miles south, has been elevated to domestic prelate with the title of Monsignor, by Pope Pins. The investure will take place next month at Assinins, conducted by Rishop Els, of Marquette, in charge of the upper peninsula diocese.

SPARKS FROM LIVE WIRES

The whirlpool inclined railway at Ningara Palls, N. Y., was destroyed by fire.

G. W. Merchant, Jr., a wealthy stockman near Carlebed, N. M., was killed with an ax by a negro ranch hand.

Census Director Durand, in a rough estimate at Washington, says the population of the United States is nearly The Roosevelt, Commander Robert

E. Peary's ship of discovery, narrow-ly escaped serious injury from fire at Weehawken, N. J. Harry M. Daugherty of Columbus is-

sued a formal statement declaring his candidacy for the United States senatorship from Ohio. A clean towel and a wash cloth for

each patron were advocated at a meeting in Pittaburg of the National League of Barbers. The audit of the \$42,500 election expense account of Joseph C. Sibley, Republican nominee for congress from Pennsylvania, has been postponed un-

til September 13. Officials of the department of justice at Washington announced that the government will sue 40 members of a kindling-wood trust, doing a busi-

ness of \$25,000,000 a year. Salt Palace, a structure built on talt, and one of the scenic features of Salt Lake City, Utah, was destroyed by fire, entailing an uninsured loss of \$25,000. Defective wiring was the cause of the blaze.

Neighbors discovered that burglars and ransacked the home of Harry Morris, in Putnam avenue, Brooklyn while he was on vacation. One of the thieves were a silk hat and frock coat. The police were notified.

Israel Brandt, an engineer on the Pennsylvania railroad, saved his train-load of sleeping passengers as he was entering Pittsburg, when he stuck to his post and closed the throttle after a cap in a steam pipe had blown off. He suffered burns.

When Miss Marguerite Barbey of New York becomes the wife of Gli-bert Compton Elliott, near Geneva, Switzerland, she will display among her wedding presents a Farman bi-plane. This was sent by Miss Barbey's sister, the Baroness Andre de Neuflise.

New York police are searching for two young women who attacked Michael Plunkett, broker, as he sat on the porch of his uptown home at mid-night. With umbrellas the women beat their victim until he was unconscious. One of the umbrellas gouged out his right eye.

MICHIGAN GAINS 389,191

State's Population Grows 389,191 in Decade, or 16.1 Per Cent., Census Figures Show.

Washington, Aug. 29.-The state of Michigan has a population of 2,810,-173, according to the figures for the thirteenth census, given out. The rethirteenth census, given out. The re-turns are made known in advance of the regular order, so as to permit arrangements for the elections, which are dependent on the number of independent on the number habitants in the various cities and counties.

Ten years ago the population of Michigan was 2,420,982, the gain shown being 359,191, or 16.1 per cent. Shown being 385,151, or 16.2 per During the preceding decade the gain man 297 093, or 15.6 per cent. The was 327,093, or 15.6 per cent. I greatest gain has been in the cities.

New Military Rific Champion. Camp Perry, O., Aug. 27.—Corporal George W. Farnham, U. S. Marine corps, is new military rific champion of the United States. His score of the United States. His score of 266 in the national individual match, with the 281 be scored in the president's match, gives him one more than Corporal Adams of the U.

Heinze Gets License to Wed.

New York, Aug. 30.-Visitors to the arriage license bureau in the derson, the actress, and F. Augustus deinze, the Montana copper engagement was recently

THE MARKETS

-		
e	New York, Aug. 29.	
5.	LIVE STOCK-Steers \$5 16 0 7 40	
١.	Hogs 9 00 010 10	
•	Sheep	
	WHEAT-No. 2 Red 1 064 0 1 08	
e	CORN-No. 2 71140 72	
e	OATS-No. 2 White 3940 404	
٠.	RYE-No. 2 Western 81 0 82 BUTTER-Creamery 21 6 28	
,	EGGS 22 6 33	
•	CHEESE 640 14	
9	CHICAGO.	
١.	CATTLE-Choice Beeves \$7 00 @ 8 40 Choice Beef Cows 4 25 @ 5 25	
e	Cows, Plain to Fancy 4 00 @ 4 75	
	Good Beef Heifers 5 00 @ 6 00	
i.	Calves 4 50 @ 7 50	
	Medium Weight Butchers 9 00 6 9 20	
e	Pigs 9 25 @ 9 40	
e	BUTTER-Creamery 2440 324	
e		
	LIVE POULTRY 9140 20	
_	POTATOES (per bu.) 1040 21	
9	FLOUR-Spring Wheat Spil 6 00 @ 6 15	
D	GRAIN-Wheat, December, 1 94460 1 944	
3	Corn, December 58 @ 584	
0	Oats, September 33%@ 34%	
	MILWAUKEE.	
-	GRAIN-Wheat, No. 1 Nor'n \$1 15 @ 1 15%	
	December 1 03 0 1 03%	
f	Corn. May 6! 0 61% Oats, Standard 3440 38	
e	Rye	
*	KANSAS CITY.	•
,	A A 1781	
	GRAIN-Wheat, No. 2 Hard \$ 28 0 1 08	

No. 2 Red Corn, No. 2 White Oate, No. 2 White Rye ST. LOUIS. CATTLE-Native Steers Texas Steers HOGS—Packers Butchers SHEEP—Natives

OMAHA.
CATTLE-Native Steers
Stockers and Federa.
Cows, and Hatters.
HOGE-Reavy
SHEEP-Wethers

MUNYON'S RHEUMATISM

The Wretchedness of Constipation

Can quickly be orong CARTER'S LITTLE Parely regardle act surely and andy in the real. Care Small Pill. Small Door Genuine ------ Signature Breat Soid

\$75.00 to \$100.00 per week paid to sale-cather olls, sreazes, paints and speciation. The Fairfax Refining Co.. Cleveland, Ohio

Harker-Think I'll try to sell old Stuffen some pet dogs.

Barker—Useless job. All he hinks

about is eating. Harker-Hasn't any four-legged

friends, eh?

Barker—Only one, and that's the dining room table.

Lemons Cure Malaria.

Lemons are said to be an infallible cure for malaria. This is the method of preparation: Take one lemon, wash thoroughly with a brush and hot wa-ter till all germs are gone, cut in very small pieces, using skin, seeds and all; cook in three glasses of water till reduced to one, and take this while fasting. A cure is generally effected within a week.

A Wise Old Owl.

In her trim little DALDING.

sat on the white sand.

"I adore intelligence," she cried.

"So do I," said he. "All the same. though, beauty and intellect never go

together."
"And do you think me intellectual?"

she faltered. 'No," he confessed, frankly. With a faint blush she murmured.



The Friend-Your new patent medicine seems to have gained a great rep-utation for curing people. To what do you attribute its great curative powers?

Boss-To extensive and judiclous advertising.

LACK OF MONEY

It is not always that a lack of

money is a benefit.

A lady of Green Forest, Ark., owes her health to the fact that she could not pay in advance the fee demanded by a specialist to treat her for stomach trouble. In telling of her

case she says:
"I had been treated by four differstomach trouble. Lately I called on another who told me he could not core me: the 'Ver me: that I had neuralgis of the stom-Then I went to a specialist who told me I had catarrh of the stomach and said he could cure me in four months but would have to have his money down. I could not raise the necessary sum and in my extremity I was led to quit coffee and try Postum.

"So I stopped coffee and gave Post-um a thorough trial and the results have been magical. I now sleep well at night, something I had not done for a long time; the pain in my stomach is gone and I am a different

"I dreaded to quit coffee, because every time I had tried to stop it I suf-fered from severe headaches, so I con-tinued to drink it although I had reason to believe it was injurious to me, and was the cause of my stomach trouble and extreme nervousness. But when I had Postum to shift to it was

different.
"To my surprise I did not miss coffee when I begen to drink Postum.
"Coffee had been steadily and surety killing use and I didn't fully redisewhat was doing it until I quit and
thanged to Postum."

Every contact the state of the state

Good Record Made by Women. Through the activity of women, in the anti-tuberculosis campaign, sans toria and hospitals for the treatmen of tuberculosis have been erected; traveling libraries have been circu-lated, posters, circulars and other kinds of literature have been distributed to the number of millions of pieces, thousands of lectures have been given, large sums of money have been secured, hundreds of needy cases have been helped; tuberculosis work has been started in many communi-ties where no movement had existed; and millions of women have learned the dangers and methods of preven-tion of tuberculosis. The work of the women extends from the drawing room of the rich te the homes of the poor. and embraces all classes, including the factory girl and millionaire. During the coming year a special campaign of lectures to women will be carried on in all parts of the United States.

The Witching Hour.
Claire—Jack told me he wanted to
se you the worst possible way.
Ethyl—And what did you say? Claire-I told him to come to break fast some morning.

WORTH MOUNTAINS

During Change of Life, says Mrs. Chas. Barclay



Hurry Ends in Indigestion

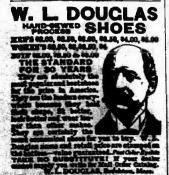
Use your teeth on your food or your stomach will suffer. Quick lunches, hurried eating, bolting food, are sure to end, sooner or later, in some form of indigestion, more or less

Beecham's

quickly relieve the distress caused by harried eating. They act directly on the stomach nerves and actually help the food to digest and assimilate. They are particularly good for nervous dyspepsia, bloat-ing, hiccoughs, bitter taste in the mouth, and flatulence. With rea-sonable care in eating, Beecham's Pills will soon

Put an End to Stomach Ills

Sold Everywhere. In bosses Ho. and Me.



"INTERESTS" FLAYED BY COL. ROOSEVELT

Vigorous Address on Personal and National Liberty Delivered by the Former President at the Dedication of John Brown Park at Osawatomie, Kan.

Osawatomie, Kan. Aug. 31.—Theo-dore Roosevelt was the chief figure today in the second and tast day of the dedication ceremonies of John Brown park, which is a part of the site on which was fought the battle of Osawatomie on Aug. 30, 1856. He took the opportunity to deliver a stirring address on the necessity of destroying the control of the special in-terests, and was cheered to the echo by a great crowd of hearers.

Preliminary exercises were held yesterday, and the program was resumed at 10:30 this morning with a concert by the Thirteenth Regiment band, followed by a drill by troops of the Kansas National guard and the regular army. Meanwhile Col. Roose-velt's train had arrived and all the thousands of people assembled here went to the station to greet him.

After dianer all gathered in the new park, where there was a parade by the soldiery, the Grand Army Woman's Relief corps and civic societies and another band concert Then, after a vocal solo by Miss Eliz-abeth Uhis and an invocation, the president of the board of trustees, Cora M. Deputy, formally presented the park to the state on behalf of the Woman's Relief corps of Kansss, which bought the ground. Governor Stubbs responded gracefully for the state, and then the chairman, J. B. Remington, introduced the distin-guished orator of the day, former President Roosevelt.

Oration by Colonel Roosevelt.

Col. Roosevelt stood silent and smiling until the storm of applause had died down, and then spoke as follows:

There have been two great crises in our country's history; first when it was formed, and then again when it was perpetuated. The formative period included not merely the Revolutionary war, but the creation and adoption of the Constitution of the service of the continent-years of vital growth, but of growth within our rather than growth within. Then came the time of stress and strain which culminated in the Civil war, the period of terribe struggle upon the issue of which depended the justification of all that we had done sarlier, and which marked the second great period of growth and development within. The name of Justification of the strong within the first act of the second growth with the first act of the second of our great National life dramas was played. It was the result of the struggle in the second of the country should be in deed as as well as in mans devoted to both union and freedom, that the great experiment of democratic government on a National scale should succeed and not fail. It was a heroid struggle; and, as is inevitable with all such struggles; it had also a dark and terrible side. Very much was done of good, and much also of evil; and, as was inevitable in such a period of revolution, often the same man did both good and evil. For our great good fortune as a Nation, we, the people of the United States as a whole, can now afford to forget the evil, or at least to remember it without bitterness, and to fix our eyes with pride in the good that was accomplished. Even in ordinary times there are very few of us who do not see the problems of life as through a glass, darkly; and when the glass is clouded by the muth of the best and the bravet is dimmed. Looking back, we are all of us now able to do justice to the valor and the disinterestedness and the love of the right, shown both by the men of the north and the men of the south in that contest which was finally decided by the attitude of the wes

Application of the Lesson.

I do not speak of this struggle of the past merely from the historic standpoint. Our interest is primarily in the application today of the lessons taught by the contest of half a century ago. It is of little use for us to pay lip loyalty to the mightly men of the past unless we sincistly men of the past unless we sincistly ence of the past unless the qualifies which in other crises reabled the men of that day to meet those crises. It is half meliabchely and half amosting to see the way in which well-meaning people gather to do honer to the men who, in company with John Brown, and under the lead of Abraham Lincoin, faced and solved the great problems of the time these same good people nervously shrink from or frantically desounce those who are tryling to meet the problems of the tweatisch in the spirit which was accountable for the successful solution of the problems of Lincoin's time.

Of that generation of men, to whom we owe the meet is, of course, Lincoin. Part of our debt to him is because he forecast our present struggle and saw the way out. He said:

"I hold that while man exists it is

our present struggle and saw the way out. He said:

"I hold that while man exists it is his duty to improve not only his own condition but to assist in smellorating mankind." And again, "Labor is prior to and independent of capital; capital is rely the fruit of shor, and could sever have existed but for labor. Labor is the superior of capital and deserves much the higher candiducation. Capital has the rights which are as worthy of protection as any other rights. Nor should this land to a war upon the owners of prop-

erty. Property is the fruit of labor; property is desirable; is a positive good in the world. Let not him who is houseless pull down the house of another, but let him work diligently and build one for himself, thus by example showing that his own shall be safe from violence when built." It seems to me that in these words Lincoln took substantially the attitude that we ought to take; he showed the proper sense of proportion in his relative estimates of capital and labor, of human rights and property rights. Above all, in this speech, as in many others, he taught a lesson in wise kindliness and charity; as indispensable lesson to us of today. But this wise kindliness and charity never weakened his arm or numbed his heart. We cannot afford weakly to bilind ourselves to the actual conflict which faces us today. The lesue is joined, and we must fight or fail.

Equality of Opportunity.

Equality of Opportunity.

Equality of Opportunity.

In every wise struggle for human betterment one of the main objects, and often the only object, has been to achieve in larger measure equality of opportunity. In the struggle for this great end, nations rise from barbarism to civilization, and through it peoples press forward from one stage of enlightenment to the next. One of the chief factors in progress is the destruction of special privilege. The easence of any struggle for healthy liberty has always been smd must always be to take from some one man or class of men the right to enjoy power, or wealth, or position, or immunity, which has not been earned by service to his or their fellows.

wealth, or position, or immunity, which has not been earned by service to his or their fellows.

At many stages in the advance of humanity this conflict between the men who possess more than they have earned and the men who have sarned more than they possess is the central condition of progress. In our day it appears as the struggle of free men to gain and hold the right of self-government as against the special interests, who twist the methods of free government into machinery for defeating the popular will. At every stage and under all circumstances the essence of the struggle is to equalize opportunity, destroy privilege, and give to the life and citizenship of every individual the highest possible value both to himself and to the commonwealth.

Practical equality of opportunity for all citizens, when we achieve it, will have two great results. First, every man will that in him lies, to reach the highest point to which his capacities, uneasisted by special privilege of his own and unhampered by the special privilege of others, can carry him, and to get for himself and his family substantially what he has earned. Second, equality of opportunity means that the commonwealth will get from every citizen the highest service of which he is capable. No man who carries the burden of the special privileges of another can give to the commonwealth that service to which it is fairly entitled.

Property Should Be the Servant.

But it does not give the right of suffrage to any corporation.

Property Should Be the Servant.

The true friend of property, the true conservative, is he who insists that property shall be the servant and not the master of the commonwealth; who insists that the creature of man's making shall be the servant and not the master of the commonwealth; who insists that the creature of man's making shall be the servant and not the master of the man who made it. The citizen of the United States must effectively control the mighty commercial forces which they have themselves tailed into being.

There can be no effective control of corporations while their political activity remains. To put an end to it will be neither a short nor an easy task, but it can be done.

We must have complete and effective publicity of corporate anfairs, so that the people may know beyond peradventure whether the corporations chey the law and whether their management entities them to the confidence of the public. It is accessary that laws should be passed to prehibit the use of corporate fund directly or indirectly for political purposes: It is still more necessary that such laws should be thoroughly enfecced. Corporate expenditures for political purposes: and especially such expenditures by public service corporations, including particularly railways, but of all corporations doing an inter-state busines. I do not wish to see the Nation forced into ownership of the railways if it can possibly be avaided, and the only alternative is thoroughgeing and effective regulation, which shall be based on a full knowledge of all the facts, including a physical valuation of the property. This physical valuation is not needed or at least its very rarely needed, for fixing rates; but it is needed as the beast of housest capitalism of the property. This physical valuation is not needed or at least its very rarely needed, for fixing rates; but it is needed as the beast of housest capitalism or or not into prevail the fixe.

Dealing With Combinations.

Combinations in industry are the result of an imperative economic law which can-not be repealed by political legislation. The effect at prohibiting all combination

has substantially fulled. The way out lies not in attempting to prevent such combinations, but in completely controlling them in the interest of the public welfare. For that purpose the Federal Bureau of Corporations is an agency of the first importance. Its power and therefore its efficiency, as well as that of the Inter-State Commerce Commission, should be largely increased. We have a right to expect from the Bureau of Corporations and from the Inter-State Commerce Commission a very high grade of public service. We should be as sure of the proper conduct of inter-state at railways and the proper management of inter-state business as we are now sure of the conduct and management of the National banks, and we should have as effective supervision in one case as in the other. The Hepburn act, and the amendment to that act in the shape in which it finally passed congress at the last session, represent a long step in advance and we must go yet further.

There is a widespread bellef among our people that, under the methods, of

act in the shape in which it finally passed congress at the last session, represent a long step in advance and we must go yet further.

There is a widespread bellef among our people that, under the methods of making tariffs which have hitherto obtained, the special interests are too influential. Probably this is true of both the big interests and the little interests. These methods have put a premium on selfishness, and naturally the selfish big interests have gotten more than the selfish methods are provided a method by which the interests have gotten more than the selfish method interests. The duty of congress is to provide a method by which the interest of the whole people shall be all that receives consideration. To this end these must be an expert tariff commission, wholly removed from the possibility of political pressure or of improper business influence. Such a commission can find out the real difference between cost of production, which is mainly the difference of labor cost here and abroad. As fast aff its recommendations are made, I believe in revising one schedule at a time. A general revision of the tariff aimost inevitably leads to log-rolling, and the sub-ordination of the general public interest to local and special interests.

The absence of effective state, and especially National, restraint upon unfair money-getting has tended to create a small class of enormously wealthy and economically powerful men, whose chief object is to hold and increase their power. The prime need is to change the conditions which enable these men to accumulate power which it is not for the general welfare that they should hold or exercise. We grudge no man a fortune which represents his own power and sagacity, when exercised with entire regard to the welfare of his fellows. But the fortune must be henorably obtained and well used. It is not even enough that it should have been gained without doing damage to the community. This, I knew, implies a policy of a far more active governmental interference with social and se

Income and Inheritance Taxes.

Income and Inheritance Taxes.

No man should receive a dollar unless that dollar has been fairly earned. Every dollar received should represent a dollar's worth of service rendered. The realily big fortune, the swollen fortune, by the mere fact of its size, acquires qualities which differentiate it in kind as well as in degree from what is posseased by men of relatively small meane. Therefore I believe in a graduated income tax on big fortunes, and in another tax which is far more ending to the service received and far more effective—a graduated inheritance tax on big fortunes, properly safeguarded against evasion, and increasing rapidly in amount with the size of the eatate.

The people of the United States surfer from periodical financial panies to a degree substantially unknown among the other nations which approach us in financial strength. There is no reason we should suffer what they escape. It is of profound importance that our financial system should be promptly investigated, and so thoroughly and effectively revised as to make it certain that hereafter cur currency will no longer fall at critical times to mee to meeds.

It is hardly necessary for me to repeat that I believe in an efficient army and a many large enough to secure for un abroad that respect which is the surrest guarantee of peace. Justice and fair dealing among nations rest on principles and fair dealing among nations rest on principles and fair dealing among the individuals of which nations are composed; with the vital exception that each nation must do its own partin international police work. National riendships, like those between men, must be founded on respect as well as on litting on forbearance as well as upon trust. In all this it is peculiarly the duty of the United States to set a good example.

Of conservation I shall speak more at length elsewhere. Conservation means development as much as it does protect.

part.

I have spoken elsewhere also of the great task which lies before the farmgreat task which has been the lattle east of the country to get for themselves and for their wives and children not only the banefits of better farming, but also those of better business methods and better conditions of life on the farm. The burden of this great task will fall, as it should, mainly upon the great organisations of the farmers themselves. I am griad it will, for I believe they are well able to handle it. In particular, there are strong reasons why the departments of agricultures of the various states. The District States department of agricultural colleges and experiment stations should extend their work to cover all phases of life on the farm, instead of limiting themselves, as they have far too often limited themselves in the praduction of crops.

Human Welfare Comes First.

Human Welfare Comes First.

Nething is more true than that axcess of every kind is followed by reaction; a fact which should be pordered by reformer and reactionary allies. We are face to these with new conceptions of the relations of property to human welfare, chiefly because certain advocates of the rights of property as against the rights of hen have been pushing their claims too far. The man who wrongly holds that every human right is secondary to his profit resust new give way to the advocate of human welfare, who rightly maintains that every man holds his property subject to the general right of the community to regulate its use to whatever degree the public welfare may require it. But I think we may go still further. The right to regulate the use of wealth in the public interest is universally admitted.

the terms and conditions of labor, which is the chief element of wealth, directly in the interest of the common good. The fundamental thing to de for every man is to give him the chance to reach a place in which he will make the greetest possible contribution to the public weltars. No man can be a good elesse unless we have then sufficient to core the bare cost of living, and hours of labor short enough so that after his days work is done he will have time and obergy to bear his share in the management of the community, to help in carrying the general load. We keep countless men from being good citizens by the conditions of life with which we surround them. We need comprehensive workmen's compensation acts, both state and National laws to regulate child labor and the work of women, and especially we need in our common schools not merely education in book-learning but also practical training for daily life and work. We need to enforce better sanitary conditions for our workers, and to extend the use of safety appliances hy industry and commerce both within and between the states. Also, friends, in the interest of the workingmen himself we need to set our faces like fiint against mob violence just as against corporate greed: against violence and injustice and lawlessness by wage-workers just as much as against lawless cunning and greed and selfish arrogance of employers. National efficiency has many factors. It is a necessary result of the principle of conservation widely applied. In the end it will determine our failure or success as a Nation. National efficiency has to do not only with natural resources and on the other concerns only the people of the state; and the National efficiency has to do not only with natural resources and on the work which concerns only the people of the state; and the National remedy, so that the only National activity is the purely negative activity of the judiciary in forbidding the state to exercise power in the premises.

Calls for Broad Nationalism.

I do not ask for over-central

Calle for Broad Nationalism.

betterment which we seek must be accomplished. I believe, mainly through the National government.

The American people are right in demanding that new Nationalism without which we cannot hope to deal with new problems. The new Nationalism puts the National need before sectional or personal advantage. It is limpatient of the utter confusion that results from local legislatures attempting to treat National lesues as local issues. It is still more impatient of the impotence which springs from the over-division of government powers, the impotence which makes it possible for local selfabiness or for legal cunning, bired by wealthy special interests, to bring National activities to a deadlock. This new Nationalism regards the executive power as the steward of the public welfare. It demands of the fulliciary that it shall be interested primarily in human welfare rather than in property, just as it demands that the representative body shall represent all the people, rather than any one cluss or section of the people.

tative body shall represent all the people, rather than any one class or section of the people.

I believe in shaping the ends of government to protect property as well as human welfare. Normally, and in the long run, the ends are the same, but whenever the alternative must be faced I am for remained the property. I am far from underestimating the importance of dividends, but I rank dividends below human character. I know well that the reformers must not bring upon the people economic ruin, or the reforms themselves will go down in the ruin. But we must be ready to face temporary disaster, whether or not brought on by those who will war against us to the knife. Those who oppose all reform will do well to remember that ruin in its worst form is inevitable if our National life brings us nothing better than swollen fortunes for the few and the triumph in both politics and husiness of a sordid and selfam materialism.

Honesty in Public Scrvants.

Honesty in Public Servants.

If our political institutions were perfect, they would absolutely prevent the political domination of more in any part of our affairs. We need to make our political representatives more quickly and sensitively responsive to the people whose servants they are. More direct action by the people in their own affairs under proper affaguards is vitally necessary. The direct primary is a step in this direction if it is associated with a corrupt practises act effective to prevent the advantage of the man willing recklessly and unserupulously to spend money over his more honest competitor. It is particularly important that all moneys received or expended for campaire purposes should be publicly accounted for not only after election but before faction as well. Political action must be made simpler, caster, and freer from confusion for every citisen. I believe that the prompt removal of unfaithful or incompetent public servants should be made easy and sure in wintever way experience shall show to be most expedient in any given class of cases.

One of the fundamental secessities in a representative government such as cure is to make certain that the men to whom the people delegate their power shall serve the people by whom they are elected, and not the special interests. I believe that every National officer, elected.

the people by whom thay are alected, and not the special interests. I believe that every National office, elected or appointed, should be forbidden to perform any service or receive any compensation directly er indirectly from inter-state corporations; and a similar provision (could not fail to be useful within the states).

The object of government is the welfare of the people. The material progress and prosperity of a nation are desirable chiefly so far as they lead to the moral and material welfare of all good climas. Just in proportion as the average man and woman are honest, capable of soundingment and high ideals, active in public, affairs—but first of all sound in their home life, and the father and mather of heathy children—just so far and no farther we knay could caure circlifaction or have cass. We must have—I believe we have alwesting, prithout which no wisdoms of legislation or administration really means anything; and, on the other hand, we must try to secure the social many comment due to purely moral agitation in progress; and therefore all good citizens. Good citizenship means progress; and therefore all good citizens.

"Alas!" sighed the poet, "the world does not understand me."
"Wall, cheer up," rejoined the practical person. "That is something to be thankful for, I'm sura."

ARE YOUR KIDNEYS WELLT.

is lurking in the system. Too frequ is inriving in the system. Too frequence or scanty urination, discolored urine, lack of control at night indicate that the kidneys are discolored urine.



kidneys. S. E. Vaughan, 601 E South St. Iola, Kan, says: "Diabetes had set in and I expected to live but a short time. Kidney secretions were milky white and back pains

ney Pilla cure sick

were terrible. I was so disay my wife had to lead me. After ying everything else, I began with loan's Kidney Pills and was soon elped. Continued use cured ma." Ramember the name—Doan's.

For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milhurn Co., Buffale, N. Y.



Ella Fontine la your

Slenderly-It must be, pet; it's gone

Tough Luck. "I thought you said this was a young chicken," remarked Newed, as he sawed away at a portion of the

"And I thought it was," rejoined his better half. "I looked in its mouth and it showed no indication of having cut a single tooth yet. The dealer must

have imposed upon me.'

"Dh he tell you it was a young chicken?" queried her husband.
"No," replied Mrs. Newed. "But I'm sure he must have extracted its teeth before offering it for sale."

How Lightning Splits Trees

How Lighting Spits Trees.
Lighting makes trees explode, like overcharged bollers. The flame of the lightning does not burn them up, nor does the electric flash spit them like an ax. The bolt flows through into all the damp interstices of the trunk and the damp interstices of the trun and into the hollows under its bark. All the moisture at once is turned into steam, which by its immediate explo-sion rips open the tree. For centuries this simple theory puzzled scientists, but they have got in right at last

It takes a strong-minded spinster to pose to her is that she never gives them a chance

Some men are self-made and some others are wife-made.

There Are Reasons

Why so many people have ready-at-hand a package of

Post Toasties

The DISTINCTIVE FLAVOUR delights the palate.

The quick, easy serving right from the package-requiring only the addition of cream or good milk is an important consideration when breakfast must be ready "on time."

The sweet, crisp food is universally liked by children, and is a great help to Mothers who must give to the youngsters something wholesome that they relish.

The economical feature appeals to everyone par-ticularly those who wish to keep living expenses within a limit.

Post Toasties are espe-cially pleasing served with fresh sliced peaches.

"The Memory Lingers"

Postum Circal Co., Ltd.

THE PLYMOUTH MAIL

F. W. SAMSEN

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

ADVERTISING RATES. niness Cards, \$5.00 per year solutions of Bespect, \$1.00. rd of Thanks, \$5 cents.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1910.

Economy the Watchword

So much is being written these days about the Juvenile Court and the various methods of handling children that one is apt to forget the problem in economics that is necessarily involved. Of course, it may be said with much reason that cost should not be considered in the care of our children but it must be considered, because if the cost of the support of every delinquent or neglected child was placed upon the state the burden to the taxpayer would soon become too great for him to bear, and a penalty in place of a premium would be placed upon thrift. It there-fore becomes the duty of every public servant to study the economical side of the problems presented and keep them in mind in the administration of his office. It is right here that Judge Hulbert's work has shown up the strongest, though little is known of it, for the judge is a modest chap and spends but little time in "blowing his own horn," but the figures speak volumes. In the ten months previous to Judge Hulbert's taking office there had been committed to the Industrial Schools at Lansing and Adrian 181 children at an approximate cost of 50 cents per day each for terms of one year or longer, which made an aggregate cost to the taxpavers of Wayne county for their support of \$32,850 per annum, or \$2,740 per month The reduction of this great item was one of the problems which faced Judge How well he has solved it is shown by the figures taken from the court records for the first ten months that he has held office. He has committed but twenty children to the Industrial Schools at Adrian and Lansing at an approximate cost of 50 cents per day for terms of one year or longer, which makes the aggregate cost to the taxpayer under his administration of only \$3,650 per annum, or \$365 per

These figures are startling but nevertheless true, and the change has been about by the simple exercise of patience and quietly insisting that the child be properly cared for by its own parents in its own home, or if that failed, then by some near relative who was suitable, and not sending a child to a state insti-tution until every other means for its proper care and rearing had been exhausted. In this way countless children the have been saved from becoming state charges and heavy burdens upon the taxpayer. In this work the judge is greatly aided by the system of probation that he has established. Judge Hulbert has used the same careful forethought in the commitment of the in-

dinner pail having been found along the line. He was finally located at Eloise where it was stated he had arcived Monday noon. When questioned why he had gone away, he broke down and said "he didn't know." Mr. Warmer has had a long seige with sickness, which it is believed has affected his mind, and his wandering away is attributed to this cause.

How to Pay your Grocery Bills.
You can easily if you will,
Pay all your grocery bill.
You sak, "How can I, pray?"
The answer is "By making your h

And in hear them cackle louder,
Use Harvell's Condition Powders.
The best egg producer on the market.
And the heart of the market of the heart of the market of the heart of t

Wanted to Go to Eloise.

elephone by John Schilling from Farmington Monday evening, who asked him to come over and get him John has been acting "queer" of late and last week entered the Pontiac jail and asked to be locked up or sent to El-oise, but the authorities considered him harmless and told him to keep away Marshal VanDeCar went to Farmington Tuesday and brought him to Plymouth. Wednesday proper papers were made with a few weeks' treatment it is expected Schilling will be put back "on his feet" again. Schilling gets these spells" occasionally.

Flashed \$100 Bills.

Oscar Long, who resided in Plymouth waship about two years ago, is in ail at Pontiac, charged with appropriating a sum of money that did not beong to him. A resorter at Orchard ake lost a wallet containing ten one hundred bills and others of smaller denomination. It is supposed Oscar found the wallet. At any rate Oscar came to Plymouth, paid up several old scores that his creditors had given up for lost and made a good fellow of him self, incidentally also flashing a \$100 bill and asking if it could be changed. He went from here to Ypsilanti where it is said such a bill was changed for him. He had his examination in Pontiac last Friday and was bound over to the circuit court. Wm. Whittaker and Don Cortrite were witnesses in the case

Diarrhoea is always more or less pre-valent during September. Be prepared for it. Chamberlain's Colie, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy is prompt and effectual. It can always be depended upon and is pleasant to take. For sale by all dealers.

Primary Election Sept. 6th

Notice is hereby given that a general primary election will be held in the township of Plymouth, county of Wayne, state of Michigan, at Village Hall, village of Plymouth, on Tuesday, September 6, 1910, for the purpose of nominating by direct vote candidates by each of the several political parties for the following offices, viz:

National—One candidate for United States Senstor; one candidate for Representative in Congress from the second congressional district of which this township forms a part.

State—One candidate for Governor and one candidate for Lieutenant Governor.

ernor.

Legislative—One candidate for Senator in the state legislature for the first Senatorial district; one candidate for Representative in the Legislature from the third Representative district.

County—One candidate for each of the following county offices: Sheriff, Clerk, Treasurer, Register of Deeds, Prosecuting Attorney, Surveyor, Drain Commissioner and County Road Commissioner; also two candidates for Circuit Court Commissioner and two candidates for Coroner. didates for Coroner.

There shall also be elected as many

There shall also be elected as many delegates to the county conventions of the several political parties as said township is entitled to under the call of the county committees of said political parties, which number will be indicated by the number of blank lines printed on the official primary ballots used at said election under the heading, "Delegates to County Conventions."

RELATING TO ENROLLMENT.

Hulbert has used the same careful fore-thought in the commitment of the insane poor to asylums, and by forcing relatives, where are able, to pay some portion of the cost where they could not pay all, for even small sums of 25 or 50 cents or \$1 per week aid greatly in reducing the aggregate cost. He has saved the taxpayer and the county \$3-400 in the past ten months. It may be contended that Judge Hulbert is leaning too strongly to the side of economy, but if so the error is surely upon the right side, and we may trust him to find it out and apply the remedy.

Wandered Away from Home

Will Warner started to work Monday morning as usual, his wife and family not suspecting anything wrong. He failed to return Monday evening when expected and Mrs. Warner notified Marshal VanDeCar. That gentleman started out to look for him, but it soon grew dark and though every place where he was likely to be found was gone over, the search was abandoned for the night. Telephones were sent to Wyandotte and other places where he had friends, but he had not been seen there. Next morning searching parties started out down the railroad track, his dinner pail having been found along the line. He was stated he had ar-

permitted to vote following such cannot ment.

No person can vote at any primary election whose name is not enrolled.

An enrolled voter who has changed his party affiliation can be re-enrolled on enrollment day only.

The pollo of said election will open at 7 o'clock in the forenoon and will remain open until 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day of election.

Dated this 25th day of August, 1910.

G. A. PINCKNEY,

Clerk of said Township

A Panulise Wreach
Of the foot or ankle may produce a serlous sprain. A sprain is more painful
than a break. In all sprains, cuts,
burns, bruises and scalds Renne's PainKilling Oil is the best thing to use.
Relieves the pain instantly, reduces
swelling, is a perfect antiseptic and
heals rapidly. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00.
Sold by Pinckney's Pharmacy and
Beyer's Pharmacy.

Divrocuth - Drocres

CHURCH NEWS.

LUTHERAN. Rev. O. Peters. Pasto: Services Sunday evening in German Sunday school at 10:30 A. M.

UNIVERSALIST. Service Sunday morning at 10:15. Rev. Howard F. Bingham will preach.

CHRISTIAN SCIENTIST. Next Sunday morning at First Church of Christ, Scientist, 10:10 A. M. First Subject. "Man ." Sunday-school for children at 11:00 A. M. Wednesday evening testimonial

PRESBYTERIAN Rev. W. E. Caster of Detroit will oreach in the Presbyterian church Sunday morning at 10:00 a. m. Sundayschool at 11:15 a.m. The superinten-dent wishes all to be present at the Sun-day-school. lay-school.

Prayer meeting on Thursday night at p.m. All are invited to this service.

METHODIST

Rev. E. King. Pasto: Sunday will be the last quarterly communion Sabbath of the conference year. Fellowship meeting at 9:30 a. m. Service at 10. Baptism, reception of members and sacrament of the Lord's

memoers and secrement of the Lote's Supper.
Supper, Sunday-school at 11:15. Epworth
League at 6 p. m. Leader, Prof. W.
N. Isbell. Evening service at 7 o'clock.
The pastor will preach.

As usually treated, a sprained ankle will disable a man for two or three weeks, but by applying Chamberlain's Liniment freely as soon as the injury is received and observing the directions with each bottle, a cure can be effected in from two to four days. For sale by all dealers.

Are you Ready for School Opening?

I will be at the high school Saturday, September 3rd, from 2 to 5 p. m., to in-terview any who wish to see me before the opening of school, September 6th. All new students may classify at this time. W. N. ISBELL. Supt.

WANTED—Cosmopolitan Magazine requires the services of a representative in Plymouth to look after subscription renewals and to extend circulation by special methods which have proved unusually successful. Salary and commission. Previous experience desirable but not essential. Whole time or spare time. Address, with references, H. C. Campbell, Cosmopolitan Magazine, 1789 Broadway, New York City.

Don't Take our Word

Don't Take our Word

But go at once to your druggist and purchase a box of Dr. Herrick's Sugar Coated Pills. They are a positive cure for all disorders of the stomach, liver and bowels. It is not a new remedy, but one that has stood the test for over sixty years, and their ever increasing sale attests their merit. Try a box, take one or two before retiring and we are sure you will feel better to-morrow. Everywhere 25c per box. Ask for a free sample. Sold by Pinckney's Pharmacy and Beyer's Pharmacy.

Your vote is respectfully solicited for

Republican eandidate for

State Senator

Young, fearless, aggressive. If elected will prove worthy of your con-



Thos. F. Farrell

FOR

COUNTY CLERK.

Vote for his renomination at the Primaries Sept. 6th.

Probate Notice.

Prebate Notice.

TATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Wayne,
as, At a senden of the Probate Court for
decemby of Wayne, hald at the Probate
at rooms in the cly of Detroit on the
h day of Angust, in the yearlone thouon the hundred and the Probate
in the hundred and the Probate
the estate of Billandeh Ricol, descended
an instrument in writing perpersing to be
last will and testament of said decessed
wing been delivered into this court for pro-

Henry S. Hulbert



Candidate on the licoublican Ticket at the primari's Sept. 6 to succeed himself as

Associate Probate Judge,

KRYPTOK Athout Lines

Remember

The true value of a pair of Glasses lies in the proper cor-rection of every existing defect, rather than in the material used in the frame or mounting. Our examination of the eye is not a matter of guesswork. We give the why and wherefor for every-

thing we do in our optical work and guarantee satisfactory re-The personal element that enters into my work is a powerful factor to my success. I give each case my earnest personal

LEVON J. FATTAL,

JEWELER AND OPTOMETRIST

Next door D. U. R. Waiting Room

KELLEY

COMING!

The Genial and Brilliant Orator, Lieutenant Governor P. H. Kelley will speak at a few places in Wayne county, as follows:

On Friday, Sept. 2

Northville Public Square, 2 p.m. Plymouth Public Square, Wayne Public Square

Mr. Kelley is a Candidate for the nomination of Governor on the Republican ticket. Turn out and hear the canpaign issues discussed in an honest, calm and convincing manner.

HON. NICHOLAS J. WHALEN.

Of Holland, a brilliant young lawyer, accompanies Mr. Kelley and will also make a brief talk.

Dr. A.E. PATTERSON

Office and residence, Main street next to Express office.

atil 9 a. m., 2 to 4 p. m. and after no 26, Plymouth, Mich.

C.G.DRAPER JEWELER and OPTOMETRIST...

D. U. B. Waltin

SOME MAN SOME

May Make a Medicineffor B and Bladder Trouble Equal of

BUT NOT YET

It is the Only Medicine Between the Elimination

Decay of the Body in Old Age is Un-

be avoided by sales ing each day a birthday for the per e avoided by taking SAN-JAK, m who has a bottle of this great in on hand. Read and learn how to Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Rhe tism, Lame Back and Stomach Dis-

It restores the aged to health and youth. No remedy equal to San-Jeras a blood tonic. The tired feeling eaves you like magic.1

We will give \$100 to any church or charitable institution if the testimentals are not genuine.

Have you Kidney Liver or Stomach Trouble?

Are you a Rheumatic, with Backache Varicocele and Swollen Limbs?

Take Dr. Burnham's

Sold in Plymouth by

JOHN L. GALE

TRY PLYMOUTH MAIL LINERS-IT PAYS

G. A. GITTINS & CO.

CENTRAL GROCERY.

Free Delivery. Phone No. 13

Every article guaranteed or money refunded.

WHY YOU SHOULD EAT

PURITY RICE

It is the easiest cereal to digest-digests in It is the most nutritious cereal-contains 86.09 per cent nutritious matter.

The main reason is this:

We Have a Special for You, 3 Pound Package, 25c.

Each package contains a Silver Plated Spoon. Come in and see the Spoons.

Threshing Coal

Plumouth Lumber & Goal Go., CHAS. MATHER, Sec. & Manager

is a delight to every housewife. It breathes into the home and air of purity, cleanliness and refinement.

The Latest Patterns

of beautiful ware made by the best manufacturers can be bought at our store at prices that will please you. We handle the standard brands of guaranteed Sterling and Plated Wares and you can depend on what you get from us.

CUT GLASS

Is another ware greatly admired by those of good taste. Of this we have many beautiful designs to show you in all its brilliancy.

COME AND SEE OUR LINES.

ĕ2222222222

G. G. DRAPER

Jeweler and Optomerist.

EXCURSIONS

VIA THE

Pere Marquette

Sunday, Sept. 4

ROUND TRIP FARES,

25c.





Local Rews

Ladies' Sweater Coats at Rauch's. Miss Ruth Huston visited in Birming

Mrs. O. W. Brown of Lansing was in

Miss Gladys Passage is visiting

A showing of early fall millinery at Mrs. Dan Baker.

Miss Edna Hunter is visiting in Deroit for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Safford visited ear Mason last week.

If you miss hearing Mrs. Preston to-night you will regret it.

C. S. Merritt left last Saturday on

ousiness trip to Colorado. Read the primary election notice published in another column.

Mrs. Warren Lombard is visiting

friends in Highland for a week. Miss Laura Murdock of St. Johns risited Helen Passage last week.

Miss Helen Hull of Lansing is visit ing Miss Anna McGill this week.

C. G. Draper, wife and family visited n South Lyon the first of the week.

Miss Olive Crutts of St. Thomas visited her sister, Mrs. E. King, this week. Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Augustus Schaufele, Wednesday night, a daughter Helen Passage and Edna Fisher ent Saturday and Sunday at Wayne. Mrs. Chas. Miller and Mrs. Lottie Rathburn spent the day yesterday in

Mr. and Mrs. Aruna Cady of Ypsilanti visited the former's parents this

Miss Bina Eckles spent the latter part of last week camping at Island

Miss Bertha Shattuck returns to Big Rapids today to begin her third year of

Master Robert Isbell of Jackson visited his cousin Egbert for a few days last week.

Charles Reed and James Ferguson of Richmond were visitors at Lou Reed's

Delphos, Ohio, visited at E. L. Riggs' See the line of Ladies', Gents' and Children's Sweater Coats just arrived at Rauch's.

Miss May Wills of London, Ont., risiting at H. Wills' and Mrs. Geo.

Wills' this week. Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Sumner of Detroit pent Tuesday and Wednesday with

Mrs. A. A. Tafft. Mrs. R. C. Safford and Miss Ada

few days this week. Jack Allison and Miss Amy Austin of Detroit spent Sunday with Clarence

and Clara Patterson. Patrick Kelley, gubernatorial candi-date, will speak in Plymouth this afternoon at three o'clock.

Misses Pearl and Winnie Jolliffe and Elsie Eddy visited in Birmingham from Friday until Tuesday.

Mrs. Martha Craig of Fowlerville visited her uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs.

H. W. Tuttle, Tuesday. Mr. and A. E. Bird and daughter Hazel of Pontiac spent Sunday with

Mr. and Mrs. E.O. Huston. Mr. and Mrs. Julius Wills gave ice cream party at their home Sunday

in honor of Miss May Wills. Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Palmer of Rochester, N. Y., spent a few days at

James McKeever's this week. Mrs. John L. Gale, Miss Rose Haw thorne and Miss Alice Safford are

spending a few days at Whitmore Lake. For bread and pastry ask for New Discovery Flour. For sale by all grocers in Plymouth.

Early fall showing of Misses' and Children's School Hats at Miss Hassin-ger's, opposite the Commercial House.

leta Cole and Harry Cole spent Sunday at Walled Lake.

Charles P. O'Neil of Detroit, a candidate on the Republican ticket from the first district for State Senator, was in town Monday.

Miss Lelia Murray and Harry Brown spent a few days last week at Island Lake in company with a party from Perrinsville and Elm.

Miss Mabel Spicer reached home Saturday evening frem a two weeks visit with friends in Harbor Springs, Bay View, and Petoskey.

Mrs. John Landau and Mrs. Fred Westfall of Farmington and Mrs. Harry Boike and children of Detroit visited Mrs. Joe Tessman last week.

"I have a world of confidence Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for have used it with perfect success writes Mrs. M. I. Basford, Poolesvill Md. For sale by all dealers.

"Howdy, Honey, Howdy." Hear Mrs.

Mrs. J. J. Travis visited in Fenton th atter part of last week. Chas. Miller left Monday for a visit

the Canadian Northwest. Dressmaking shop opens Monday Sept. 5th, at Nell B. McLaren's.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Wilkinson of De-

Mr. and Mrs. Godfrey Hillmer of Detroit visited his brothers Wm. and Louis Hillmer here Sunday.

Mrs. Ben Chamberlain was called to the home of her parents in Indiana Saturday on account of a very sick sister.

The Clover Leaf canning company commenced canning tomatoes this week and they are getting out about 1200

Mr. and Mrs. Bert Norton and baby and Mrs. Chapman of Rochester were guests of Dr. Patterson from Saturday until Monday.

Miss Ada Safford attended a reception in Detroit last night given in honor of her cousin, Miss Lucy Safford who was recently married.

A thrilling story in recitation by Mrs. F. E. Preston of Detroit, a noted elocutionist, tonight, at the M. E. church. Don't fail to hear her.

Mrs. Aiken and Mrs. Feigle, who have been visiting at their sister's, Mrs. Brownell's for a few weeks, have returned to their home in Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Spicer spent last reek as the guests of their daughters, Mrs. Wm. H. Wakely, Mrs. Norval Ayers Jr., and Mrs. Fannie Judson, at the LeGrange cottage, Island Lake.

The German Ladies Aid will hold an ice cream social on the lawn of E. N. Passage's Real Estate Office Tuesday evening, Sept. 6th. The Plymouth Band will furnish music. Everybody invited.

Mrs. Geo. Shafer entertained a company of friends Sunday in honor of Mr. Shafer's birthday. Mr. and Mrs, Ed. Shafer of Northville and Mr. and Mrs. Claude Shafer of Detroit were out-of-

Mr. and Mrs. William Taylor spent a few days at Put-in-Bay last week. It is only within the week that it became known that the young people were married about a month or more ago. Mrs. Taylor was Miss Clara Lyon.

n alarm of fire was caused Sunday evening about six o'clock by the burning of a tight board fence in the rear of George Richwine's harness shop. damage was nominal, but the excitement called out quite a crowd of people.

The Plymouth Business Men put one over on the Northville club yesterday at afford visited relatives near Pontiac a Northville, the score being 4 to 0. The Plymouths have been twice defeated, but they think now they have had re-venge. Monte Wood pitched for Plymouth and had the boys guessing.

When you vote at the primaries next Tuesday be sure to fill in the spaces for delegates to the county conventions These conventions will elect delegates to the State conventions to be held later which place in nomination can idates for the various State offices.

Mr. William McArthur and Miss Ethel M. Merryweather, both of Detroit, were married at the M. E. parsonage by Rev. E. King Wednesday evening. The bride is a sister of Mrs. A Torre and resided in Plymouth several with Grinnell Bros. Their friends wish them a happy matrimonial career.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Park came home from Walled Lake Monday. It will be ten weeks tomorrow since Mr. Park stepped on a nail which penetrated his foot resulting in blood poisoning, from which he has suffered since and it will probably be a month yet before he will be able to walk comfortably. It has been a hard siege for him, but his friends are glad to see him about, though using crutches.

Rooms Wanted.

Any one desiring a student to work for board and room, or to pay for same in part by work, or who will take students on a visit to Boston, Northampton, Mass., Buffalo, Niagara Falls and Lockport.

Mr. and Mrs. John Gale, Mrs. C. S.

Wants, For Sale, To Rent, etc.

5c. per Line, One Insertion.

FOR SALE—The W. F. Markham homestead property, located at the cor-ner of N. Main and Welsh streets. P. W. VOCREIES.

FOR SALE.—A Poland China male, 11 months old, registered, sure breeder. Price \$15. J. J. Shearer, Plymouth.

WANTED.—Good girl or middle aged woman for general housework in small family of adults. Harry C. Bennett,

Eleven coarse grade ewes to let. H. A. Spicer, R. F. D. No. 3.

THE MARKETS

Wheat, red, \$ 29; white \$.92 Hay, \$10.00 to \$12.00 No. 1 Timothy. Oats, 32c. Rye, 65c. Beans, basis \$2.00 Potatoes,



Good

JUST ARRIVED,

New Crop Comprador Tea, 50c

The choicest early Spring Leaf, from the finest districts of Japan, and is areful preparation preserves its flavor and its delicacy throughout the season. Once tried, always used.

Brown & Pettingill.

THE WHITE FRONT GROCERY Telephone No. 40.

こうろうとしろしとしろしと D. A. JOLLIFFE & SON

are the Leading Soap Dealers in Plymouth. Why?

Because we offer you the best qualities at the lowest prices. In buying Soaps you must not merely consider the number of bars for 25 you must realize the quality and ask yourself whether this Soap contains ingredients that are harmful to clothes or injurious to the alin We carry only the standard brands with unquestioned reputations for quality and cleanliness. Let us fill your next Soap order with some of the following:

ALL SIX BARS FOR 25c.

WASHING **POWDERS**

Cold Dast Prosperito

Duich CleanSer Rub-No-More Dar Boy



SOAPS Senay Monday Bub-No-More Feis Bantha **Falvanic** lyery LITT

School commences Tuesday, Sept. 6th.

School Books and School Supplies

Tablets, 5c and 10c, ruled and unruled, Notebooks, Composition Books, Pens, Inks, a dozen sizes. Penholders, Rulers, Mucilage, Library Paste in bottles and tubes, LePage's Glue, Pencil Erasers, Blackboard Erasers and Crayons, 1c, 5c and 10c Crayons. 1c, 3c and 5c Lead Pencils, Drawing Pencils, Drawing Paper, Water Color Paints Writing Books, Glencoe Covers and Fillers.

New Stock of Wall Paper for Fall Trade.

JOHN L. GALE

Maxwell Automobiles

GOODRICH, M. & W. AND AJAX TIRES.

Automobile Accessories

AUTOMOBILE AND TIRE REPAIR-ING BY E. DURANT AT

Conner Hdw. Co., Ltd.

TROOPS CLUB CAR RIOTERS

TROOPS PURSUE COLUMBUS MOB MEMBERS INTO HOUSES AND FELL TWENTY.

NO MERCY WAS SHOWN THOSE WITHIN REACH OF THE OFFICERS' CLUBS.

In No Cases Were Serious Injuries Sustained. Although the Soldiers Fired a Number of Shots.

Rioting broke out anew in Cdiumbus, O., in the street car strike and police, soldiers and deputy sheriffs arrested 29 persons. Following an unsuccessful attempt to dynamite an extensive an extensive an extensive an extensive and extensive a east side car, a large crowd gathered, extending for several squares. They were stoning all passing cars when the police and a detachment of solreached the scene.

diers reached the scene.

The soldiers, with riot clubs, in a number of cases struck down men in the streets and they also entered houses in which refuge has been taken. No mercy was shown those within reach of their clubs. It is believed that 20 persons were struck by the clubs.

clubs.

A police chauffeur was hit by a brick thrown from the sidewalk.

In no cases, so far as the police learned, were serious injuries sustained, aithough the soldiers fired a number of shots. This is the first time that the milita has used firearms. A deputy sheriff was mistaken for a loiterer and clubbed over the head.

Among those arrested were several

Among those arrested were several members of the Pennsylvania railroad car crews who, officials of the road say, were simply passing through the troubled district, going to their work when arrested. New crews for these trains had to be secured. President Mahon and Chairman Pratt of the carmen's international union, are in for a conference with state labor leaders. The union officials say a resolution will be adopted asking Gov. Harmon to call upon the company in a formal public statement to arbitrate the strike differences.

Leprosy Cure is Near.

Leprosy Cure is Near.

Experiments being made on MoloRid, the leper island, are likely to lead
to the discovery of a serum which
will cure the malady.

Three surgeons of the United
States public health and marine hospital service, after months of unremitting toil, have grown lepra bacilli
in pure culture outside the human
body and in they glass tubes in the
laboratory the loathsome germs are
now growing in their third generaviton.

This achievement of the scientists at This achievement of the scientists at the government's leprosy investigation station is the first step in the production of a vaccine or a serum for the cure or prevention of leprosy.

Dr. Donald H. Currie, director of the station; Dr. Walter R. Brinkerhoff and Dr. H. T. Hollmann are the men who have grown the cultures.

Mayor Gaynor Is Out Again.

Mayor Gaynor is Out Again,
Mayor Gaynor was taken from St.
Mary's hospital, in Hoboken, shortly
after breakfast Sunday morning, to
Deepwells, his country home in St.
James, I., I., and spent a great deal
of the afternoon sitting on the plazza of his home, receiving neighbors
and fondling his favorite dogs.
The mayor's insistent plea to be
allowed to walk unsided resulted in
three distressing incidents.
Once he sank to his knees as he
offied to enter an automobile, and in

Once he sank to his knees as he tried to enter an automobile, and in ascending the steps of his home, he fell on all fours from over-exertion. Despite his weakness, however, he maistained his cheeful mood, and once more at Decewells spent the afternoon reclining on a chair on the versular. The mayor left the hospital at 9:30

The mayor left the hospital at 9:30 o'clock Sunday morning. He had been there since Tuesday. August 9, the day he was shot by James J. Gallagher, a discharged city employe, on the deck of the steamship Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse. Drawn up in the court yard of the hospital to givehim a final salute were 50 orphan children, cared for by the institution. Mayor Gaynor insisted on stopping to speak to each one, and several he patted on the head.

Joseph F. Smith, president of the formon church, was a returning trav-ler on the steamer Vaderland, from Antwerp and Dover. President Smith went abroad early in July for rest and recreation.

Three thousand delegates from Buthenian churches in western Canada met in convention at Winnipes and decided to petition the Eucharistic congress to be held in Montreal conformation of married priests.

A clean towel and wash rag for each pairos, the elimination of the sponge, dread carrier of loathsome germs, and the enactment of laws to germs, and the electment of laws to bring about these reforms are among the demands made at the gathering of the National League of Barbers, which opened a three days' conven-tion at Pttsburg, Pa.

Timothy L. Woodrug, chairman of

the Republican state committee, will have an opportunity to testify con-cerning Adirondack land purchases before the commission conducting an investigation into forestry affairs

MOTHER BATTLES WITH TWO DOGS TO RESCUE HER SON

AIDED BY NEIGHBORS, SHE ROUTS ANIMALS WHICH ATTACKED THE BOY.

New York.-Armed with a club, Mirs. W. E. Miller of Erooklyn engaged in a furious battle with two dogs to save her son, who had been thrown to the ground and was being attacked by both animals. Mrs. Miller was assisted by one of her woman neighbors the two were victorious in their struggle with the dogs. Young Miller

was severely bitten, but will recover The affair occurred almost in front of the Miller home. Miller was just returning from a walk with the family buildog when another dog dashed up. immediately the two animals began a fierce fight. Although young Miller's dog was having the best of the al



tercation he determined to stop the

be killed. He seized the strange dog and started to pull him away.

As the boy did so the struggle of the animal threw him to the ground, and both canines renewed their battle over his body. They also bestowed many bites on the prostrate youth in

their rage.
Attracted by the cries of the prone lad, Mrs. Miller rushed from the house. She seized a club and belabored the infuriated beasts. She was joined by her neighbor, but it was almost five minutes before the two women could separate the combatants.

ALICE SMOKE; WHAT OF IT?

Much Ado in Soot City Society Over Mrs. Longworth's Alleged Love of Weed.

Longworth's cigarettes have caused a great "to do" in society here. The questions agitating Pittsburg's fair leaders of the local "400" are:

Does Mrs. Longworth smoke cigar-

If she does, is there any harm in it provided she doesn't do it in the street and scare the horses?

The matter aroused a lively discus



."I look upon a woman who smokes cigarettes as I do one who bleaches her hair—with suspicion," was the statement of Mrs. J. H. Armstrong. Mrs. Minnie O. Roberts and Mrs.

George Kramer took leading parts in the discussion, which was listened to by members of the Wimodausis club of Pittsburg, the Scrosis club, the Daughters of the American Revoluthe Daughters of 1812, the Daughters of Pioneers, and the Wom

Southern society.

The higher the position a woman holds the more womanly she should be," asserted Mrs. Roberts, and a number of others said they thought Mrs. Longworth should not set such

an example to the young women. One dissenter, a member of the Wimodausis club, said:

"Any woman has a right to smoke

Boy is Healed by Prayer

Kansas City, Mo.-For more than week Eugene Bell and his wife prave helpless with infantile paralysis, might be healed. Then, one morning the boy A new steamship service between San Francisco and New York via Panama will be inaugurated Oct. 1.

competing with the Pacific Mail company, according to an announcement San Francisco. On that date the Bates & Chesebrough company plans to dispatch its first boat from this same shefore the dread malady attacked him, and the right leg, useless for ten days and nights, supported him and moved as he willed it to do.

AS IT APPEARED TO HER

Mrs. Calrichs Evidently Didn't Think Much of Mr. Blank's Earning Capacity.

Mrs. Herman Oelrichs, the best dressed woman in Newport, criticized very pertinently, at a recent dinner the new dinner gowns of Paquin and

These clinging and filmy gowns ar chiefy remarkable for the V-shaped back that they possess. The V-it is incredible, but it is true—opens all the

Divining Rod 200 Years Old. Mass. owns a metallic divining rod brought from England more than two hundred years ago by one of his an-cestors. The rod, says Mr. Fifield, has been used successfully all 'over New England and in the western mining districts. It is attached to whalebone

handles 12 inches long and weighs two ounces. The handles have inscriptions on them which are almost obliterated

The person who brought the rod to America was Isaac Greenleaf, who set-tled in Massachusetts. The rod became famous as a finder of water. After marking the place of many springs the was used in California, Colorado and North Carolina for locating by men in quest of gold mines and other metand North Carcina for locating by men on, replied the little miss, arties in quest of gold mines and other metals. One portion who used it with parals. One portion who used it with parals.

way flown to the waist line. At a gale performance in Paris given by Metropolitan Opera company of New York—the most successful perform unce Paris ever saw, and one whereat \$40,000 was gained for the Pluviose victims-many of the beautiful Ameri hese daring gowns, and now at New port they are often to be seen.

Mrs. Oelrichs stared at one with as-

tounded eyes at a dinner, and her neighbor said:
"Isn't that new gown of Mrs. Blank's

dream? Old Mr. Blank is so de

ticular success was a blind man, in whose hands the rod is said to have

A Strong Preacher.

The minister's eight-year-old daugh-ter was returning with her parents from church, where the district super-intendent had that morning occupied the pulpit.

"Ohe father." asked the little girl. her face alive with enthusiasm "don't you think Brother C. is a very strong preacher? I do."
Gratified by this evidence of

usual intelligence on the part of his offspring, the minister eagerly in-quired into her reasons for her statement

"Oh," replied the little miss, artless

voted. They say that everything he makes goes on his wife's back."

Mrs. Celrichs; her eye fixed on the own's terrible V, said with a smile: "Well, he must be making very little, then."

Practical Matching, 6
What the little girl with the 15 cents in pennies wanted was some red ribbon of a particular shade for her moth er. She know the shade, but she couldn't explain it and all she could say was, it wasn't that, no, nor that; it was deeper than that, and not so

The Counterfelt Southerner.

Of course, there are many counter-feits. A most amusing imitation is one that often passes for the typical southerner in New York. This satchel mouthed braggart infests the cafes and demands attention by his abusing the waiter for offending his delicate sense of honor. "I hate a nigger, sub," he loudly proclaims, which is a senti-ment that one never hears from those to the manner born. He haunts the theaters and parades the streets, since it is poor fun to practise his gentility in private.

He wears a wide black hat mounts the table and yells whenever the band plays a southern melody. Such a pre-tentious caricature would be harmless enough, but for the ridicule he brings upon the south. Unfortunately, popular authors seem to accept him at face

deep as that, and so call

The mission was looking hopeless when suddenly she darked from the shop and seized a passing gnatle

by the hand.

"Will you please come into this show with me?" she asked innocently. "Certainly, my chickshiddy," he replied, "if I can be of any use. What

The little girl replied not, but led the wondering stranger to the counter. "There, miss!" she said, triumphantly. "Mother wants some ribbon the

color of this gentieman's nose." value and exploit him in novels or plays where a "southerner" is a necessary part of the stage machinery.—

Everybody's Magazine.

Wasted Sarcasm.

The Philadelphia milk dealers who recently raised the price of their product to nine cents a quart and then lowered it again to eight appear to have been the subjects of a great deal of unjust censure. They announced at the time of the raise that milk could not be sold at eight cents without loss. Finding that the consumers would not pay the new price, however, they are continuing to sell at the old, thereby qualifying as genuine philan-thropists. Every purchaser of milk at eight cents a quart will doubtless hereafter feel that he is an object of

Hoodwinking Clergymen

When a small clique of men put up a scheme to harness the clergy of America and induce the ministers to, in turn "hitch up" the members of the churches, we should all take notice.

in a bad cause except by deceiving

Ministers of the gospel are essen-Ministers of the gospel are essentially and fundamentally honest but, like all men who work for the public good, they are at times mislead by false statements.

Trust them when they have exact truth to speak from.
Now for the story which should interest every one for we are all either receivers of wages or we pay to wage earners and the freedom of each individual is at issue.

dividual is at issue.

In various papers the following statement has been printed. Read it carefully at least twice.

"Interest in Labor Sunday.

carefully at least twice.

"Interest in Labor Sunday.

"Labor Sunday—the Sunday preceding Labor day—will be observed generally this year and in future years throughout the United States. This because of the American Federation of Labor declaration for the observance of that day. The numerous letters recently received at American Federation of Labor headquarters from ministers is an assurance that interest in the idea of giving special attention to the cause of labor from the pulpit one day in the twelve months is widespread. Our readers are urged to try to bring about an understanding in their respective districts with representatives of the church so that ministers will make addresses that may attract trade unionists to the churches in large numbers for the day. Ministers should say what they think on the occasion in order that their trade union hearers may put the right estimate as to where the church stands on the question of the organization of labor. The more the subject is discussed the better will it be for labor. Union ethics are sound.

—American Federationist."
Observe that "Labor Union" men "are urged" to induce ministers to make addresses that will attract trade unionists to the churches "for the day." "Ministers should say," etc. and winds up with "Union ethics are sound;" observe the finden threat. This is clipped from the American Federationist the organ of Sam Gompers, et al.

This clipping has been sent to parent threspect the country and the

pers. et al.

This clipping has been sent to papers throughout the country and the Typographical Union men in the newspaper offices instructed to "urge" that it be printed.

That is one of the ways of the "ma

It looks harmless so the papers print

But! Let's lift the cover and look under. The hidden motive is as dangerous to the peace and liberty of the citi-zens as a colled rattlesnake in the

STREE. Organization by workmen to fully and successfully present their side is necessary and most commend-

side is necessary and most commendable.

There are such organizations now rapidly winning their way to public confidence without strikes, dynamite or killing fellow workmen.

(Some facts on this matter a little further along in this article.)

We see here a demand on the ministers of God, that they endorse and help build up the strike-producing, boycotting and violent American Federation of Labor.

Think of the man of God who teaches brotherly love being covertly undered to praise and help get new members for an organization with a vector for violence, crime and murder done by its members the like of which the world has never seen.

Think of the thousands of women made widows and the increasing thousands of children left fatherless by the pistol, club, dynamite and boot heel of members of this Labor Trust.

Any one who recalls the countless murders done in the multitude of

murders done in the multitude of strikes in the past few years will agree this is no exaggeration. Take just one as an illustration: There were some thirty men mur-dered and over 5000 bruised and maimed in the Chicago teamster's strike.

There is seldom a day passes but somewhere in our country from one to a score of our fellow men are assault-ed or murdered by members of this

Then remember the homes blown up or burned. The families hounded, the rieting, burning of street cars, wrecking of trains and attempted or

successful killing of passengers.

The general disturbance of industry and the thousands of dollars force from tax payers to pay extra police a feeble way, the citizens from the mobs of members of the American Federation of Labor.

Then you will realize why the great peace-loving majority of over 80 lion Americans protest against the growth of this crime-tainted organization comprising perhaps one and one half million men, of which it is estimated at least seven-tenths are peace loving citizens and are members by

cocretion and are not in sympathy with the three-tenths who have gained con-trol and force their methods. We find that a few designing men have seized control of the American Federation of Labor, just as some shrewd capitalists have secured con-trol of some railroads and other introl of some railroads and other in terests and are now twisting and turn ing them into machines for personal profit and fame.

These men cunningly plan to force workmen to join and pay 25 to 75 cents a month in fees.

Various methods are used to 'In-

cents a month in fees.
Various methods are used to "Induce" workmen to join.
First, they talk of the "tyranny of capital" making slaves of workmen.
Then they work be enthusiasm about the "brotherhood of man" and other talk which experience has shown excites the emotions of workmen and they are induced to join and pay fees to the leaders.
The 5000 workmen in Battle Creek are, as a rule, free from the dictates of the great Labor Trust and still get the highest wages in Michigan. If they bad yielded to the smooth talk of the agents of the trust and joined, they would pay in fees from \$1250.00 to \$2000.00 a month to the big trust and be subject to strike orders any time.

Now they save that and put the means that however and family come.

Now they save that and put the money into homes and family com-

But the managers of the American

But the managers of the American Federation of Labor have worked hard and long to harness them.

The trust has sent small bales of money and last winter 18 "organizers" to tie up Battle Creek. They hired halls, gave picture shows, smokers, etc., as an investment, looking to rich returns when they succeeded in having them tied hand and foot.

But they failed and the last of these "organizers" left Battle Creek on May 1st saying "it's no use."

The workmen knew the record of this great trust and formed their own association to protect their rights and

association to protect their rights and also to protect them from the big

In Philadelphia some 4000 independent street car men, who mainly had families, had their own union and refused to join the big trust, preferring to he free to work or not as they

to he free to work or not as they pleased.

But the trust planned to force them into the fee-paying ranks, so a strike was ordered to compel the traction company to kick out these men and hire only Labor Trust members.

It was not a question of wages or hours but to push the free men out of their positions where they were earning good money to support their families. The strike was ordered, not to raise wages or reduce hours, remember, but solely to throw out members of an independent union and make places only for Labor Trust members, and thus show the independent men they could not earn a living unless they first paid fees to the trust managers.

agers.
Incidentally the people of Philadelphia must submit to no car service, rioting and bloodshed with millions in losses while these fee-hunting, notoriety seeking trust leaders were teaching the world that industry cannot be carried on except by workmen who first bend the lanes, how the head and pay fees.

American Federation of Labor, strong opposition comes up but at the critical moment the impassioned orator appears and most dramatically puts the spot light on the leader and covers him with a mawkish film of 'martyrdom' and the emotional delegates yell dom' and the emotional delegates yen-in delight, forgetting the instructions of the peaceful workingmen at home-who desire to free themselves from the odium of membership under the great advocates of strike, boycott, vic-

lence and hate. So So we see the unequalled insolence with which these trust leaders propose to "induce" ministers to pull their chestnuts from the fire by preaching modern aggressive and yielent labor trust methods.

There is a better way to secure jus-tice for workers, as will appear furth-

I am charged with having first brought to the attention of the public some years ago, the name "Labor Trust." Just a little diversion here.

A trust le a combination of men or organizations for the purpose of sell-ing their product at a profit and re-stricting production to effect it.

We will say a large Oil Company gathers in smaller ones and thus con-

trols production.
The Labor Tru Trust "gathers in" local trade organizations and thus has pow-er to say how much work each man shall do.

The Oil Company then fixes prices. The Labor Trust does likewise.
The Oil Company may "use methoda" to force an unwilling dealer to

join.

The Labor Trust men go further and slug the independent man if he tries to sell his labor without paying fees and "obeying orders." They are both exactly alike in purpose, which, in both cases is entirely selfish to gain power and money for the leaders.

Certain Labor Trust members do not hesitate to use violence, dynamiting of property, burning homes of independent men and even murder to force obedience.

dees and "obeying orders." They are both exactly alike in purpose, which, in both cases is entirely selfan to gain power and money for the leaders. Certain Labor Trust members do not hesitate to use violence, dynamiting of property, burning homes of independent men and even murder to force obedience.

The Oil Company doesn't go so far. Both are extremely dangerous to the welfare of people and communities, for power placed in the hands of a few men either representing Capital or Labor is almost always abused and the public suffers.

and the public suffers Remember, reader, that your safety lies in strenuous opposition to all trusts which try to ride over and dic-

Only by apposing their growth can you retain your personal liberty.

Now to ministers.

Now to ministers.

The average congregation is made up of about 90 per cent. of free citizens and much less than 10 per cent. of members of the Labor Trust.

The free citizen wants to hear words defending the rights and independence of the common man, free from the arbitrary dictates, of any self-seeking organization either of Capital or Labor.

bor.

The merchant, lawyer, school teacher, doctor, clerk, farmer and workman rebels against any foreible stopping- of trains, boats, street cars, or factories, for the prosperity of the community is entirely dependent on steady continuance of these things.

Men don't like strikes, boycotts, injured workmen or burned cars and

jured workmen or burned cars and factories.

A famous divine says: "These men may hate capitalists but their hate for other laboring men burns like a fame, eats like nitric acid, is malignant beyond all description."

Then we rumminher cases of acid throwing, upon oraced out children pursued, woman strapped, homes de-

each morning! It's meat and bread to their souls.

Then think of the lordly power, and don't forget the steady flow of momey squeesed from the workman's hard earned pay enevelope.

But when these leaders "tie up" any industry no man can hold a job who refuses to pay fines even on trumped up charges, and steadily pay fees whatever they are.

The workman is absolutely at the mercy of this band of men, who have secured and hold control.

Many and many an honest workman has raised his voice and appealed to his fellows to rise and throw off the yoke of Gompers, et al. But, as one writes, "At every convention of the American Federation of Labor, strong opposition comes up but at the critical strong the strong of the strong opposition comes up but at the critical strong the strong of the school to rise and thou off the American Federation of Labor, strong opposition comes up but at the critical strong the school to order the school to order the school to the school to the school to the school to order the school to ism at the present day.
Under its laws it is not possible for
the Hod Carriers Union or the Street
Sweepers Union to order the school

teachers or locomotive engineers to quit work in a "sympathetic strike." If any craft finds injustice, the case is presented to properly selected arbitrators, testimony taken and the case presented to the public through

presented to the public through the press. Thereupon public opinion, that greatest of all powers, makes itself lelt and curiously enough a fair settlement is generally the result.

There is no strike, no loss of wages, no loss to the community and yet the faithful workers get their just treedment.

There are many details which have been worked out by men skilled in labor matters.

it will recompense any interested man to know these details which can be secured by a postal request for constitution and by-laws written to the National Trades and Workers As-sociation, Kingman Block, Battle

the National Trades and Workers, Association, Kingman Block, Battle Creek, Mich.
Reader, look carefully into this great question of the relations of Capital and Labor and its successful so-

great question of the relations of Capital and Labor and its successful solution. The new plan works and brings results for the members.

I became so favorably impressed with the trustworthiness and practicability of the leaders of this new labor movement that I gave the Association a sanitorium at Hattle Creek worth about \$400,000 and with about 300 rooms, to be used as a home for their old members and the helpleas bables, sometimes made fatherless by the pistol, club or boot heel of some member of the violent "Labor Trust."

Suppose you attend church Labor Sunday and hear what your minister has to say in defense of the safety and rights of the common, everyday man.

the public.

It will not answer for us to only sympathize with the poor, the oppressed, those who haven't power enough to drive off tyrants and re-

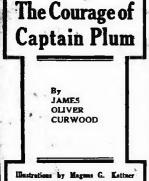
enough to drive off tyrants and re-sent coppression, we must help them tie the hands of the oppressors. Amer-icans must act.

Some of my forebears in New Eng-land left comfortable bomes, took with them the old fiint locks, slept on the ground in rain and frost; hungry, footsore, and half clothed they grimly pushed on where the Etarnal God of Human Liberty urged them. They wove for me and for you a mantle of freedom, woven in a loom where the freedom, woven in a loom where the shuttles were cannon hells and bullets and where, swords were used to pick out the tangles in the yarn.
These old, sturty grandats of ours stood by that loom until the mastle

was finished, then, stained with their life blood it was handed down to us. Shall I retuse to bear it on my shoul-ders because the wearing costs me a few dollars, and are you cowards to hide yours be

you to strip it off?

I have faith that the blood of 1776



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SYNOPSIS.

Captain Nathaniel Plum of the sloop Typhogon, lands secretly on Beaver is land. Lake Michigan, stronghold related the secretary of s

CHAPTER III.-Continued

"You will stay—eb, Nat?" he cried, bobbing his head. "Yes, you will stay, and you will give me back the pack-age for a day or two." He retreated to the trap and slid down it as quick-ly as a rat. "Pleasant dreams to you, Nat, and—O, wait a minute!" Cap-tain Plum could hear him pattering quickly over the floor below moment he was back, thrusting his white grimacing face through the trap and tossed something upon the bed. "She left them last night, Nat. Pleasant dreams, pleasant dreams,"

and he was gong.
Nathaniel turned to the bed and picked up a faded bunch of lilacs.
Then he sat down, loaded his pipe, and smoked until he could hardly see the walls of his little room. From the the wails of his little room. From the moment of his landing on the island he turned the events of the day over in his mind. Yet when he arrived at the end of them he was no less mystified than when he began. Who was Obadiah Price? Who was the girl that fate had so mysteriously associated with his movements thus far? ciated with his movements thus far? What was the plot in which he had accidentally become involved? With tireless tenacity he hung to these questions for hours. That there was a plot of some kind he had not the least doubt. The councilor's strange actions, the oath, the package, and above all the scene in the king's house convinced him of that. And he was gure that Obadiah's night visitor—the girl with the lilacs—was playing a wital part in it. He plucked at the withered flowers

which the old man had thrown him the could detect their sweet scent above the pungent fumes of tobacco and as Obadiah's triumphant chuckle recurred to him, the gloating joy in his eyes, the passionate tremble of his voice, a grim smile passed over his face. The mystery was easy of solu--if he was willing to reason along certain lines. But he was not willing. He had formed his own picture of Strang's wife and it pleased him to keep it. At moments he half conneded himself a fool, but that didenot trouble him. The longer he smoked the more his old confidence and his old recklessness returned to him. He ad enjoyed his adventure. The next by he would end it. He would go wife?

But even after he had determined on these things his brain refused to rest. He paced back and forth across the narrow room, thinking of the man whom he was to meet to-norrow of Strang, the one-time schoolmaster and temperance fecturer who had made himself a king, who for seven years had defied the state and nation, and who had made of hi laland stronghold a hot-bed of polygamy, of licentiousness, of dissolut power. His blood grew hot as he thought again of the beautiful girl who had appealed to him. Obsdish had said that she was the king's wife.

oghts flaghed into his head Thoughts flashed into his head which for a time made him forget his mission on the island. In spite of his olution to keep to his own scheme he found himself, after a little, thinking only of the Mormon king, and the lovely face he had seen through the castle window. He knew much about the man with whom he was to deal comorrow. He knew that he had been a rival of Brigham Young and that when the exodus of the Mormons to the heart of the wast came he had led his swn followers into the north, and that each July, and barbaric feand himself, after a little, think

tivities, he was recrowned with a circlet of gold. But the girl! If ahe was the king's wife why had her eyes called to him for help?

The question crowded Nathaniel's brain with a hundred thrilling pictures. With a shudder he thought of the terrible power the Mormon king held not only over his own people but over the Gentiles of the mainlands as well. With these mainlanders, he re-garded Beaver Island as a nest of pirates and murderers. He knew of the depredations of Strang and his people among the fishermen and set-tlers, of the piratical expeditions of his armed boats, of the dreaded raids of his sheriffs, and of the crimes that made the women of the shores tremble and turn white at the mere mention of

Was it possible that this girl-Captain Plum did not let himself finish the thought. With a powerful effort he brought himself back to his own business on the island, smoked another pipe, and undressed. He went to bed with the withered lilacs on the table close beside him. He fell asleep with their scent in his nostrils. When he awoke they were gone. He started up in astonishment when he saw what had taken their place. Obadiah had visited him while he slept. The table was spread with a white cloth and upon it was his breakfast, a pot of coffee still steaming, and the whole of a cold baked fowl. Near by, upon a chair, was a basin of water, soap and a towel. Nathaniel rolled from his bed with a healthy laugh of pleasure. The councilor was at least a courteous host, and his liking for the curious old man promptly increased. There was a sheet of paper on his plate upon which Obadlah had scribhad taken their place. Obadiah bad plate upon which Obadiah had scrib-

bled the following words:

"My Dear Nat: Make yourself at home. I will be away today but will see you again tonight. Don't be sur-

prised if somebody makes you a visit."
The "somebody" was heavily underscored and Nathaniel's pulse quickened and a sudden flush of excitement surged into his face as he read the meaning of it. The "somebody" was Strang's wife. There could be other interpretation. He went to the trap and called down for Obadiah but there was no answer. The councilor had already gone. Quickly eating his break-fast the master of the Typhoon climbed down the ladder into the room below. The remains of the coun-cilor's breakfast were on a table near the door, and the door was open. Through it came a glory of sunshine and the fresh breath of the laden with the perfume of wild flowers and balsam. A thousand birds seemed caroling and twittering in the sunlit solitude about the cabin. Be-yond this there was no other sound or sign of life. For many minutes Nathaniel stood in the open, his eyes on the path along which he knew that Strang's wife would come—if she came at all. Suddenly he began to examine the ground where the girl had stood the previous night. The had stood the previous night. The dainty imprints of her feet were plain-ly discernible in the soft earth. Then he went to the path-and with a laugh so loud that it startled the birds into silence he set off with long strides in the direction of St. James. From the footprints in that path it was quite

evident that Strang's wife was a fre-quent visitor at Obadiah's. At the edge of the forest, from where he could see the log house situated across the opening. Nathaniel He had made up his mind the girl whom he had seen paused paused. He had made up his mind that the girl whom he had seen through the king's window was in some way associated with it. Obadiah had hinted as much and she had come from there on her way to Strang's. But as the prophet's wives lived in his castle at St. James this surely could not be her home. More than ever he was puzzled. As he looked he saw a figure suddenly appear from among the mass of illac bushes that almost concealed the cabin. An involuntary exclamation of satisfaction escaped him and he drew back deeper among concealed the cabin. the trees. It was the councilor who had shown himself. For a few mo-ments the old man stood gazing in the direction of St. James as if watching for the approach of other persons. Then he dodged cautiously along the ge of the bushes, keeping half with-their cover, and moved swiftly in the opposite direction toward the center of the island. Nathaniel's blood leaped with a desire to follow. The night before be had guessed that Obadiah with his gold and his smoldering passion was not a man to iso-late himself in the heart of the forest. Here—across the open—was evidence apsaly into St. James and have done
his business with Strang. Then he
would return to his ship. What had
he. Captain Plum, to do with Strang's great square-built domicile of logs. screened so perfectly by flowering lilac, lived Obadian's wives. Captain Plum laughed aloud and beat the bowl of his pipe on the tree beside him. And the girl lived there—or came from there to the woodland cabin so frequently that her feet had beaten a well-worn path. Had the councilor lied to him? Was the girl he had lled to him? Was the girl he had seen through the king's window one of the seven wives of Strang—or was she the wife of Obadiah Price?

The thought was one that thrilled him. If the girl was the councilor's wife what was the motive of Obadiah's falsehood? And if she was Strang's wife why had her feet—and hers alone with the exception of the old man's—worn this path from the lilac smothered house to the cabin in the woods? The captain of the Typhoon regretted now that he had given such explicit orders to Casey. Otherwise he would have followed the figure that was already disappearing into the for est on the opposite side of the clear ing. But now he must see Strang. There might be delay, necessary de-lay, and if it so happened that his own kinndering curiosity kept his es own blundering curiosity kept him en the inland until sundown well, he smiled as he throught of what Casey

Refilling his pipe and leaving a trail of smoke behind him he set out boldly for St. James. When he came to the three graves he stopped, remembering that Ohadiah had said they were his graves. A sort of grim horror be-gan to stir at his soul as he gazed on the grass-grown mounds—proofs that the old councilor would inherit a place in the Mormon heaven, having obeyed the injunctions of his prophet on earth. Nathaniel now understood the meaning of his words of the night be-fore. This was the family burying ground of the old councilor

He walked on, trying in vain to concentrate his mind solely upon the business that was ahead of him. A few days before he would have count-ed this walk to St. James one of the events of his life. Now it had lost its fascination. Despite his efforts to de-stroy the vision of the beautiful face that had looked at him through the king's window its memory still haunt-ed him. The eyes, soft with appeal, the red mouth, quivering, and with lips parted as if about to speak to him; the bowed head with its tumbled glory of hair—all had burned themselves upon his soul in a picture too deep to be eradicated. James was interesting now it was be-cause that face was a part of it, be-cause the secret of its life, of the misery that it had confessed to him, was hidden somewhere down there among its scattered log homes.

Slowly he made his way down the slope in the direction of Strang's cas-tle, the tower of which, surmounted by its great beacon, glistened in the morning sun. He would find Strang there. And there would be one chance thousand of seeing the girl-if Obadiah had spoken the truth. As he passed down he met men and boys coming up the slope and others mov-ing along at the bottom of it, all go-ing toward the interior of the island. They had shovels or rakes or hoes upon their shoulders and he guessed that the Mormon fields were in that direction; others bore axes; and now and then wagons, many of them drawn by oxen, left the town over the road that ran near the shore of the lake. Those whom he met stared at him curiously, much interested evidently in the appearance of a stranger thaniel paid but small heed to them.



A Few Days Before He Would Have Counted This Walk to St. James One of the Events of His Life.

As he entered the grove through which the councilor had guided him the night before his eagerness became almost excitement. He approached the great log house swiftly but cautiously, keeping as much from view as possible. As he came under the window through which he had looked upon the king and his wives his heart leaped with anticipation, with hope that was strangely mingled with fear. For only a moment he paused to listen, and notwithstanding the scriousness of his position he could not repress a smile as there came to his ears the crying of chilcame to his ears the crying of chil-dren and the high angry voice of a woman. He passed around to the front of the house. The door of Strang's castle was wide open and un-guarded. No one had seen his ap-proach; no one accosted him as he mounted the low steps; there was no one in the room into which he saved one in the room into which he gazed a moment later. It was the great hall into which he had spied a few hours previous. There was the long table with the big book on it, the lamp whose light had bathed the girl's head in a halo of glory, the very

In the room there were four closed doors and it was from beyond these that there came to him the wailing of children. A fifth door was open and through it he saw a cradle gently rocking. Here at last was visible life, or motion at least, and he knocked loudly. Very gradually the cradle ceased its movement. Then it stopped, and a woman came out into the larger room. In a moment Nathaniel recognized her as the one who had placed a careasing hand upon the bowed head of the sobbing girl the night be-fore. Her face was of pathetic beauty. Its whiteness was startling. Her eyes shone with an unhealthy and her dark hair, falling in heavy curls over her shoulder, added to the

Nathaniel bowed. "I beg your nat don, madam; I came to see Strang," he said.

will find the king at his office," she replied.

The woman's voice was low, but at sweet that it was like music to the ear. As she spoke she came nearer and a faint flush appeared in the

transparency of her cheek.
"Why do you wish to see the king?"

(TO BE CONTINUED)

THEN THEY FIRED HIM.



Customer (in book store)-Chaucer⁴ New Clerk-Never chewed in my

life, sir.

NO CHANCE TO GO WRONG

Statement of Beauty Doctor May Have Been True, but it was Not Gallant.

William F. Oldham, bishop of Singapore, talked at a dinner, on his last visit to New York, about missionary

"A certain type of man," he said,
"goes about declaring that we dominant races civilize the savage out of existence—that we do them harm in-

stead of good.

"Well, as a matter of fact, if these cavallers knew what I know about some tribes, they would speak less confidently. Some tribes are so de-based that to do tribes are so de-based that to do them anything but good would hardly be possible. They are, in fact, just like the ugly wom-an who visited the beauty doctor.

"This woman was ugly in every fea-ture, but her nose was particularly That, no doubt, was why she desired the beauty doctor to begin on it.

"'I am willing,' she said, 'to pay you liberally, doctor, but I demand in return substantial results. We start with my nose. Can you g antee to make it ideally beautiful?

"The doctor, after looking attentive ly at the woman's nose, replied:
"'Well, madam, I can't say as to

ideal beauty, but a nose like yours I couldn't help improving if I hit with a mailet."

IN AGONY WITH ECZEMA

"No tongue can tell how I suffered for five years with itching and blee ing eczema, until I was cured by the Cuticura Remedies, and I am so grate ful I want the world to know, for what helped me will help others. My body and face were covered with sores. One day it would seem to be better, and then break out again with the most terrible pain and itching. I have been sick several times, but never in my life did I experience such awful suffering as with this eczema. I had made up my mind that death was near at hand, and I longed for that time when I would be at rest. I had tried many different doctors and medicines without success, and my mother brought me the Cuticura Remedies, in-sisting that I try them. I began to feel better after the first bath with Cuticura Soap, and one application of

Cuticura Ointment.
"I continued with the Cuticura Scap and Cuticura Ointment, and taken four bottles of Cuticura Resolvent, and consider myself well. This was nine years ago and I have had no return of the trouble since. Any person having any doubt about this wonderful cure by the Cuticura Reme dies can write to my address. Mrs. Altie Etson, 93 Inn Road, Battle Creek, Mich. Oct. 16, 1909."

The Stylish Fisherman. One of the grests of a fashionable summer resort in West Virginia got himself up in his best fishing togs and

Meeting a native, he asked: "Here, my good man! Kindly tell me whether it would be worth my while to try fishing in this vicinity."

along a certain

The native regarded him scornfully. 'The fishin' ain't good," he finally said "but I ain't informed as to how values your time."—Lippincott's.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the dis-cased portion of the car. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedias Deafness is enused by an inflamed condition of the nuces living of the Eustachian Tube. When this case is inflamed you have a rumbing sound or more is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and the tube restored to its normal could took hearing will be destroyed forever. Disc case out of the area of the tube restored to its normal could took hearing will be destroyed forever. But case out of the narrow of the of the n

The fare in this hotel is fierce." "But the scenery is sublime."
"The landlord doesn't deserve any

We are cent into the world to make tion as we do so both.—Dr. Gelkie.

Mrs. Window's Soothing Syrup. For shidren testing, spitens the gums, reduces in-

Surprised. "I have succeeded in tracing my an-mitry back through tim generations." "Without coming to a menagerie?"

ROPS The Kind You Have Always : Bought ALCOHOL-3 PER CENT Avegetable Preparation for As-similating the Food and Regula-ting the Stomachs and Bowels of Bears the Signature INIANIS CHILDREN Promote s Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest Contains neither of Opium, Morphine nor Mineral NOT NARCOTIC Briga of DIA DESENDER PITCHER Aperfect Remedy for Constipation . Sour Stomach, Diarrhoe For Over ness and LOSS OF SLEEP! Pac Simile Signature of Thirty Years dettituter. THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK. Dosis Busis

WESTERN CANADA'S CROPS



Wheat Yield in Many Districts Will Be From 25 to 35 Bushels Per Acre

Land sales and homestead entries increasing. No cassation in numbers going from Unitsellists. Wonderful opportunities remain for those who intend making Canada their home. New districts being opened up for settlement. Many farmers will not, this year, 30 to 35 per acre from their wheat crop. All the advantages of old settled countries are there. Good achools churches, spiendid markets, excellent railway facilities. See the grain exhibit at the different State and some of the County fairs.

Letters similar to the following are received every day, testifying to satisfactory litions; other districts are as favorably spoken of:

aranteed under the Foods

THEY SENT FOR THEIR SON.

Maidstone, Bank, Camda, Aug. 5th, 1916.

"My parents came here from Ceder Palls, lowared to the country they sent to Cetter d'Alene for me. I have taken up a homesteed near them, and am perfectly satisfied to stop here."

Leonard Douglas.

"Well I got up beet from Forest City Josephanes Well I got up beet from Forest City Josephanes Spring to grow Beet from Forest City Josephanes Spring to groot shape beet in Josephanes Forest City Josephanes Now, I have got two bory back in low yet and amounter car up bere this fall. What I would like to Enow is, If there is any chance to get a cheap rate back again, and when we return to Canada I will call at your office for covered to the Canada I will call at your office for covered to the Canada I will call at your office for covered to the Canada I will call at your office for covered to the Canada I will call at your office for covered to the Canada I will call at your office for covered to the Canada I will call at your office for covered to the Canada I will call at your office for covered to the Canada I will call at your office for covered to the Canada I will call at your office for covered to the Canada I will call at your office for covered to the Canada I will be considered to the Canada I will call at your office for covered to the Canada I will be considered to the Cana

WILL MAKE HIS HOME IN CANADA

"I am going to Canada a week from today and intend to make my home there. My bushand has been there six weeks and is well pleased with the country; so be wants me to come as soon as possible. He siled on a claim near Landle, Nask, and by his description of it it must be a prety place.

TAXES HIS BROTHER-IN-LAW'S WORD FOR F "I hall so the brown and the b

WANTE TO RETURN TO CARADA.

Vestra Mino, July 24th, 25th
went to Canada wine vestra ago and took up a
ter section of relivous land and a homester
my hoys have never taken up any land yes. I
hold the raitroud land. I had to come heaft to
tates had not been a section of the come heaft to
tates had not an extit the clean prints to Fondain,

M. V. McINNES, 176 Jefferson Avenue, Detroit, Michigan, er C. A. LAURIER, Sault Ste. Marie, Mishigan



The difference remember this-

it may save your life. Cathartics, bird shot and cannon ball pills—tea spoon does of cathartic medicines all depend on irritation of the bowels until they sweatenough to move. Catarets strengthen the bowel muscles so they creep and crawl naturally. This means a cure and only through Catarets can you get it quickly and naturally.

Cascarets—10c box—week's treat-ment. All druggists. Biggest seller in the world—million boxes a month.

FarmWanted--Special

I have been manufacturing very profitable standard goods, used extensively in homes, business stores, banks, factories, railroads, schools, farmhouses, barns, mines, etc., for achools, farmhouses, barns, mines, etc., to, 12 years, still increasing. Netted \$15,000 last year. Failing health compels me to lead a rural life. Will exchange for one or two good farms or half interest to good man for one good farms at once. Describe Address. fully your property with price. Addre S. H. Beeth, 230 W. Haren St., 5th Ficer, Chicag Addres



The Readman's Guide to make

FREE Send postal for Free Package of Paxtine, TOILET ANTISEPTIC Great one a sweet revent; clean, we germ-free teath—antisoptically of mouth and throat—purifies the breather smelting—dispets all disagrees perspiration and body odors—much preciated by dainty women. A question of the product of th A litle Pratins powder a solved in a idea of hot we makes a delightful antiseptic latine, possessing extraordic cleanaing surmicial and him power, and absolutely have. Try a Sample. 50 large but at draggish or by m 0



THE PAYTOR TOURT CO. B.

trafficied with Thompson's Eye Water

W. N. U., DETROIT, NO. 36-1910.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES in may other dys. One 10c package colors all Shers. They dys in cold water belief than one other dys. the for two handlet—likes to Dus. Monch and Min Colors.

AFTER HARVEST BARGAIN FIST

Days, beginning Saturday, Sept.

This entire line of Summer and early Fall Goods must be closed out in 10 days to make room for our large fall and Winter stock. Many Odd Lots to be closed out at ONE-HALF Price or less. Get in early and get your share of the wonderful bargains.

ENTIRE STOCK OF

Men's & Boys' Summer Suits

IN THIS GREAT SALE.

1	820 00	Suits	now														-8	316	00
		Suits																	
	15 00	Suits	now														_	12	00
	12 00	Suits	now									-					-	9	00
	10 00	Suits	now															7	98
	All	Boys'	ann	Ch	ildr	en'	s S	Sho	es	at	sa	ım	e l	Re	du	ct	io	ns	1

Low Shoes and Oxfords

		., 9,1.000		
\$4	00	Shoes and Oxfords	3	25
3	50	Shoes and Oxfords	2	80
3	00	Shoes and Oxfords	2	25
2	50	Shoes and Oxfords	1	98
		Shoes and Oxfords		
1	50	Shoes and Oxfords	1	19
		Shoes and Oxfords		98
1	00	Shoes and Oxfords	'	79

Ladies' Waists, Wash Dress Skirts and House Dresses.

2 Great Bargain Lots,

98c and \$1.39 each.

Carpets, Lace Curtains, Draperies, Muslin Curtains, Room Size Rugs, Linoleums, all go in this sale.

BEAR IN MIND OUR GREAT

\$4.98 SUIT SA

About 100 Suits, all strictly all wool, many of them \$12 and \$15, only a few Suits of a kind, all piled into the almost nothing price, \$4.98 each. Get in on the great Bargains.

MEN'S AND BOYS' STRAW HATS ALL GO AT

STIFF & SOFT HATS.

of all descriptions at Clearing Sale Prices.

Ladies', Misses' and Children's

Fall Jackets, Long Coats, **Suits and Skirts**

At REGARDLESS OF COST PRICES.

The Greatest Pants Sale Ever

200 pairs Men's Pants, formerly priced at

\$3.00 to \$4.00, all go in at our great Clearing Sale, at	φιισι
All Best Prints	544
Good Unbleached Cotton	6
Coats' Thread	
Coats' Thread	
Good Overalls	48
Good Work Shirts	48
Men's Cotton Pants	
Men's Socks	5c and 8
Men's White Handkerchief	
Men's Red and Blue Handkerchiefs	
Men's Underwear	2

Don't fail to take advantage of this great

10-DAY

As it's a big money-saving proposition to you.

Remember Sale begins

Saturday Morning, Sept. 3.

Plymouth Cash Outfitter.

TRIBUTE TO HON.

(From One Who Knows Him). To My Friends in Hillsdale County: I have felt that I wanted to say a few words to you, giving my opinion of Chase S. Osborn's qualifications for governor of this state, and take this way of doing so. My reason for this feeling is that Mr. Oshorn has been my close friend for many years, and I have great admiration for him and in have great admiration for him as a marked character. He is so pre-eminently fitted for the duties of chief executive of our state that I am con-fident if you all knew him as I do you would at once be his loyal friends and, supporters—that the dignity of him character would commend him to you. He is a man of wide sympathies. you. He is a man of wide sympathies and is a deep and conscientious stu-dent of civic and social problems; in this particular he has few equals. He is honest with himself and all others. In any position of trust which he has held he has never been swayed or influenced by personal consideration, but has had an eye single to his duty and responsibility to do the best pos-sible as he understood it. He is a thoroughly trained statesman, an educated gentleman, a graceful, polished orator, a successful man of affairs, and, above and beyond all, he is true to himself and, as Shakespeare

says: "This above all: To thine own self b

Thou canst not then be false to any

t you may give to et, I am,

Yours sincerely, WALTER H. SAWYER. Hillsdale Standard-Herald

ears to be true that the lead It appears to be true that the leading Grangers of the state, those most prominent in the direction of the order's affairs, have decided that Chase S. Osborn is just as desirable for the interests of that organization as in other respects for Michigan's good as the next governor. In Musiceron countries are the next governor. In Musiceron countries are the next governor. at governor. In Muskegon county Mr. Osborn was introduced to several large gatherings by the members of the State Grange, who prepared and presented the tonnage tax resolution. He is an earnest supporter of Mr. Osborn. It is true, of course, that the interests of any great body of Michigan people in the movement and direction of state affairs are iden and direction of state, analys are iden-tical with general interests. Chase Osborn's candidacy is favored in all sections of the state by those best in-formed as to the present needs of Michigan.—Cadillac News. R. E. COOPER, M.D.C.M.,

Physician & Surgeon, Office hours-Until 9 A. M., to2; after 7 P. M.

OFFICE OVER RAUCH'S STORE Bell Phone 36; Local 20.

DR. S. E. CAMPBELL

Office and Residence, Ann Arbor St first house west of Main street. Hours-8 to 9 a. m., 1 to 2 and 7 to 8 p. m.

Independent 'Phone No. 45. Detroit United Lines

Plymouth Time Table

EAST BOUND.

NORTH BOUND.

Plymouth for Northville 6:68 a m (Sun excepted), 7:10 am and every hour to p m: also 10:48 p m and 12:28 a m. Detroit for Plymouth 5:48 a m (from itgan car barn): also 6:69 a m and 11 p m ging cars at Wayae. connect at Wayne for Ypsilanti an west to Jackson.

And it is turner overest, that a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said time of hearing, in the Plymouth Mail, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county of Wayne.

[A true copy, HENRY S. HULBERT,
[A true copy, The Company of Probate ALBERT W. FLINT, Register.

STATE OF MICHICAN, county of Wayn so. At a session of the Probate Court it said county of Wayns, held at the Proba Court Room in the effly of Detroit, on the day of August, in the year one thou the probate of the pro ALBERT W. PLINT, I

EXCURSIONS

Pere Marquette

Sund'y, Sept. 4

Grand Rapids and Bay City.

Train will leave Plymouth at 9:10 a.m. Returning, leave Grand Rapids at 6:30 p. m., Bay City 6:30 p. m.

ROUND TRIP FARES

To Island Lake	\$.35
To Lansing	1.00
To Grand Ledge	1.25
To Grand Rapids	200
To Flint	1.00
To Saginaw-Bay City	1.50

EXCURSIONS

VIA THE

Pere Marquette

Sunday, Sept. 11

Grand Rapids and Bay Gity.

Train will leave Plymouth at 8:15 an 8:35 a. m. Returning leave Grand Rap ids at 6:00 p. m.; Bay City 6:45 p. m.

TRY MAIL LINERS TO Plint

Michigan's Greatest State Fair

E. L. RIGGS

Detroit, Sept. 19-24th

All roads lead to Detroit to see the wonderful aggregation of Live Stock, Farm Products, Machinery, and Entertainment such as has never been gathered together before. Special rates on all railroads.

Wright Bros. Aeroplanes, Four Flights Daily.

Harness Races for \$45,000 in Prize Money.

Nightly Horse Show, Best ever seen in Michigan. Bigger Departments than ever.

Dog Show containing 600 Canine Prize Winners.

Liberati and 91st Highlanders' Bands in Daily Concerts.

> Big Free Outdoor Acts, costing Thousands of Dollars.

Nightly Fireworks of Surpassing Beauty.

Motor Races Saturday, including the two stars, Barney Oldfield and Ralph DePalma.

Michigan's Biggest Automobile Show in New Building. and "Oh, that Midway."

Can You Think of Anything That's Missing

Plan to Stay the Whole Week — You'll Have to, to See It All.

REMEMBER--Be there, Michigan State