

THE PLYMOUTH MAIL.

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PLYMOUTH, MICH., FRIDAY, MAY 13 1910

WHOLE NO. 1184.

Local Correspondence

LYONIA CENTER.

Mrs. John Cort, Sr., visited Center friends from Saturday until Monday. Jesse Hake and wife of Plymouth, and Mariton Peters of Detroit visited H. O. Peters Saturday and Sunday. George Kuhn and wife are rejoicing over a brand new baby boy at their home the first of last week. Success to him.

Everybody is asking, did last week's frosts kill the peaches or other fruit.

Mrs. VanAiken is on the gain—improves right along since her daughter, Mrs. Green, returned from Texas.

Mrs. Gertrude Millard of the city called on Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Millard on Monday.

Horace Kingsley, formerly of this town but late of Ann Arbor, called on Center friends Monday and Tuesday.

Farmers are very busy with spring work. Owing to recent rains work is behind hand.

Mrs. Frank Peck and Harry were in the city Friday to see Mrs. Will Garchow and found her doing very nicely.

Mattie Ingersoll passed away Monday morning after a few months' severe illness at the home of J. C. Chilson, where she has been housekeeper for so long a time.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Cort visited Plymouth friends Tuesday.

W. O. Minkley has been very poorly the past week. Mrs. Minkley's son, Ed. Worren, was out for a few days the first of the week.

A touch of rheumatism, or a twinge of neuralgia, whatever the trouble is, Chamberlain's Liniment drives away the pain at once and cures the complaint quickly. First application gives relief. Sold by Beyer's Pharmacy.

NEWBURG.

Ladies' aid meeting Friday, May 13. Everybody welcome.

The W. R. C. held their quarterly meeting at Mrs. Farwell's Tuesday afternoon. Dinner was served and everybody had a good time. Mrs. Frank Oldenburg entertained the society with her new graphophone.

Hiram Hix, living south and east of this place, died quite suddenly Tuesday morning.

Mrs. Geo. Chilson, who has been having her eyes treated at the hospital is not improving as rapidly as her friends could wish.

Mrs. John Amrhein, who has been quite ill for the past week, is much better.

Harry Bassett of Detroit was home to spend Sunday.

Miss C. M. Moore spent Sunday at her home in Rochester.

Miss Brown of Plymouth visited the school Monday afternoon.

Mrs. James McNabb of Detroit visited at Joy's Friday of last week.

Three of our pupils in the school took the 8th grade examination at Plymouth last week. We wish them success.

The farmers around this neighborhood are busy getting in their melons.

Any one having any items of interest call up 816 28 1L.

WEST PLYMOUTH.

Warren Gordon has been doing carpenter work for Chas. F. Smith and James H. Heeney this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Christie Thomas of Dearborn visited Mr. and Mrs. James Lucas over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. O'Bryan were entertained at Oliver Wingard's in Plymouth Sunday to meet Mr. and Mrs. A. Delmas of Bay City.

Festus Lucas of Detroit visited his parents Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. McGory and daughter Francis of Cleveland are visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Webber. Mrs. Webber is improving slowly.

Miss Gladys Heeney spent Tuesday night with Miss Alice Kellogg.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Stuart entertained their children Sunday.

The Misses Anna Groat and Viola Carey were entertained Tuesday night by their teacher, Miss Nina Stuart.

An error was made in last week's notes. The item should have read Mr. and Mrs. Will Mosher.

The End of the World Should it come to-morrow would find most people suffering with some pain of either slight or serious degree. Those who use Renne's Pain-Killing Oil get relief quickly and suffer least. Taken internally it will cure colds, sore throat, colic, cholera morbus and diarrhoea. Used as a liniment it cures rheumatism, neuralgia, lumbago, sprains, bruises, etc. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by Pinckney's Pharmacy and Beyer's Pharmacy.

Try The Mail want column.

MURRAY'S CORNERS.

Miss Mary Brown is attending the State spelling contest in Ann Arbor today. She spelled the 250 words which were given recently at the county contest at Salem and has also spelled down all the neighboring schools.

The Aid Society met at the home of Mrs. Culver yesterday afternoon.

Mrs. Melvin Baird spent a few days in Detroit last week.

Mrs. Frank Miller spent a few days this week in Detroit with her mother and sister.

Mrs. B. C. Bradford and children of Detroit are visiting at H. W. Bradford's. Mrs. J. H. Hanford spent part of last week in Detroit with her sister Mrs. Leon Ovenshire.

Mrs. John Forshee spent Wednesday with her sister at Dixboro.

Mrs. Orson Westfall and Mrs. S. W. Spicer spent Friday in Detroit.

Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Spicer and daughter Louise spent Sunday at H. A. Spicer's in Plymouth.

Henry Dorr of Detroit sold several hundred dollars worth of farming implements in this vicinity last week for the International Harvester Co.

PREJUDICE.

Curious to state, prejudice keeps us out of more good things than does lack of opportunity.

We often pass by an article of merit because the price is low. The same article at double the price would find us eager to try it. K C Baking Powder sells for one-third the price of the Baking Powders controlled by the "Trust."

Yet K C is guaranteed the Best Baking Powder at any price.

The ladies of this city who have seen what K C Baking Powder will do prefer it to any other. They are only too glad to save their money and get a better article. It's the difference between "Trust" prices and those of fair, honest competition.

A 25 ounce can of K C Baking Powder for 25 cents,—and your money returned if you don't like it better.

Decided Their Own Taxes.

"The Western Union and the American Telegraph and Telephone companies paid the state a sum of money for taxes which they decided they owed rather than the amount the tax commission assessed" says secretary George Lord of the commission. The rate of taxation used by the commission was \$20.67 per \$1,000 and by using these figures it is found that the Western Union paid taxes on \$400,000 less than the commission assessed them while the A. T. T. paid on \$375,000 valuation instead of on the \$450,000 assessed.

Another appraisal of the Western Union property was started before taxes were paid and these figures will be available in a short time to support the state in court, where it is understood that the cases are to be taken. According to Attorney General Bird the state will make every effort possible to collect what is due.

These companies have escaped paying their share of the tax for a long time and evidently they do not propose to begin paying a cent more they absolutely have to at the present time.

Do You Know

That if you have been feeling blue and cross all day you can relieve yourself of that burden to-morrow, just take one or two of Dr. Herrick's Sugar-coated Pills before retiring? They cure liver complaint and all stomach troubles. Price 25c per box. Ask for a free sample. Sold by Pinckney's Pharmacy and Beyer's Pharmacy.

REFUSED ECONOMY IN HEIRESSSES.

Congressman A. J. Sabath is the man who some time ago announced his belief that the bestowal of great American fortunes upon foreign noblemen by their marriage with American women involved an economic waste which ought not to go unchecked, says New York Evening Sun. He therefore introduced a bill in congress providing for a substantial export tax upon such dowries. By some curious bad luck the bill got mislaid in committee and has not been heard from since. But Congressman Sabath's idea did not get lost. He took it with him; took it out and rubbed it on his sleeve and looked at it in all his spare moments. He showed it to his friends and talked about it. Consequently the idea has grown and amplified under consideration. Many persons have written letters to him in praise of it, and so, though lost to sight, its memory has been kept very dear and green indeed. The final result is that the congressman has prepared a much broadened bill, which he is going to introduce.

Six Reasons why you Should Buy Drugs at Plymouth's Leading Drug Store.

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STATIONERY.—A full line of Stationery is always to be obtained in our store. Remember this when you require paper or envelopes, writing tablets, pens, pencils, books, leather goods and miscellaneous articles.

SODA FOUNTAIN.—The delight of everybody is the soda fountain. We have the biggest variety of fancy drinks and sundries in Plymouth. "Meet me at the fountain" they say around town. Come and meet US there.

CIGARS.—You can obtain your favorite smoke from us, because we carry all the leading brands of Cigars sold in America. We have several good brands we can personally recommend to judges of good cigars.

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If 200 years ago one of your forefathers had banked only one dollar at 5 per cent compound interest and to-day you had that one dollar and the compound interest on it, you would have seventeen thousand, two hundred and ninety-three dollars—\$17,293. If each one of these dollars were a link in a chain and each link the length of a dollar bill, that chain would be over a mile and a half long. Make your deposit NOW.

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Pess, 10c, three for	25c
Corn, 10c, three for	25c
Sauerkraut, 10c, three for	25c
Catsup, 10c, three for	25c
Lutz & Schram Horseradish, 10c, three for	25c
" " Mustard, 10c, three for	25c
" " Sweet Pickles, per doz	10c
" " Sour Pickles, per doz	10c

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PLYMOUTH, MICHIGAN

HAS HIGH PRAISE FOR SHAW

Mrs. Annie Russell Declares Eccentric Author Is Really a Courteous Gentleman.

Mrs. Annie Russell of the New theater, standing against a background of artistic objects, in the beautiful rooms of the Women's Cosmopolitan club, told the members of the club that Bernard Shaw really wasn't the least bit of a bear.

"When I was going to rehearse in his play, 'Major Barbara,' which was produced abroad," she said, "I simply had stage fright at the thought of encountering his sharp tongue. I knew how author-managers could torture the actor. I remember one who, when I remarked that I was afraid the horse and wagon he introduced in one scene would crowd the stage, said to me, sneeringly: 'There seems to be room here for jackasses.'"

"But I had no cause to fear Mr. Shaw. All through the rehearsals he was the most charming and courteous of men. I shall always remember his kindly, humorous eyes and his pleasant voice.

"He allowed the actor freedom of interpretation. I have a letter in which he said to me: 'Fifty different actors will have 50 different ways of interpreting the same part.'"

Miss Russell told many stories of Mr. Shaw's generosity. "The managers," she said, "wanted to take off a play by some young fellow which wasn't a success, and substitute 'Major Barbara.' But Mr. Shaw said: 'Oh, it's a shame to take off the young chap's play. How much will you lose by keeping it on?'"

"About \$1,500," he was told.

"Let me write you a check for that amount," he said, "and keep the play on."—New York Tribune.

As Assinine Impressionist.

An extraordinary hoax has been perpetrated at the expense of the Exhibition of the Artistes Independents, says the London Daily Mail. Among the works on view at this exhibition, which was solemnly inaugurated by M. Dujardin-Beaumetz, the under secretary of fine arts, is one entered in the catalogue as "The Setting Sun," by J. R. Boronall.

According to a sworn statement the painting was executed in the well known cabaret of the Lapin Agile at Montmartre in the following manner: A square of canvas was placed on a chair and a brush was tied to the end of a donkey's tail. The brush was then smeared alternately with blue, green, yellow and red paint, and the animal, its tail held by the artist, was backed up to the canvas.

As the animal turned about, switching its tail from side to side, a realistic horror resulted. When it was judged to be sufficiently hideous "The Setting Sun" was framed and signed. The authors of the hoax have issued a manifesto in favor of a new school of painting, that of "excessivism."

Neither Knew.

A governor of a large town in Japan, after spending an evening with some companions at a friend's house, was unable to find his carriage after the party, and he had to walk home. Losing his way in the narrow, winding streets, he applied to a policeman to direct him. To his surprise the man was unable to tell him, as he was a stranger in the town.

"Then show me the way to the governor's residence," said the governor.

"I do not know where that is," the policeman answered.

"What!" exclaimed the gentleman, "you do not know where the governor lives! I shall report you tomorrow. I am the governor."

"Well," retorted the policeman, "if you do not know where you live yourself, how can you expect me to know?"

Longest Bridge.

Great Britain has the longest cantilever bridge in the world, in the great Forth bridge across the Firth of Forth, Scotland. This bridge has two cantilever spans of 1,710 feet. It was begun in 1883 and completed in 1890. The total length of the five spans of the Queensboro cantilever bridge is 2,724.5 feet. On December 28, 1879, the Tay bridge, Scotland, was partly destroyed by a gale while an express train was passing over it. The train disappeared in the water; a gap of about 3,000 feet was made and 80 lives were lost.

Clung to Ancient Custom.

Although notice had been given "that the Chinese emperor had declared that the moon was not to be saved this year from the mouth of the Heavenly Dog," proclamations came as usual and the traditional ritual for the saving of the moon was observed in all the yamens. The populace does not bother itself about this practice, which is purely an official observance.

Deserved Reproof.

Wife (sobbing)—I lost a lot of money at bridge this week.

Husband (sternly)—How often do you want me to tell you to drop this gambling? With you paying out this money, where would we be if I hadn't won at the last poker game?

His Specialty.

"Do you think Smith will make good time in his journey?"

"Smith will make good time anywhere. He is an experienced clock maker."

EDWARD VII. DEAD; GEORGE V. RULES

Universally Lamented Monarch Succumbs to Pneumonia.

WHOLE NATION IN MOURNING

Monarch's Death Occurred Before Subjects Had Realized That He Was Seriously Ill—Sketch of His Long and Brilliant Career.

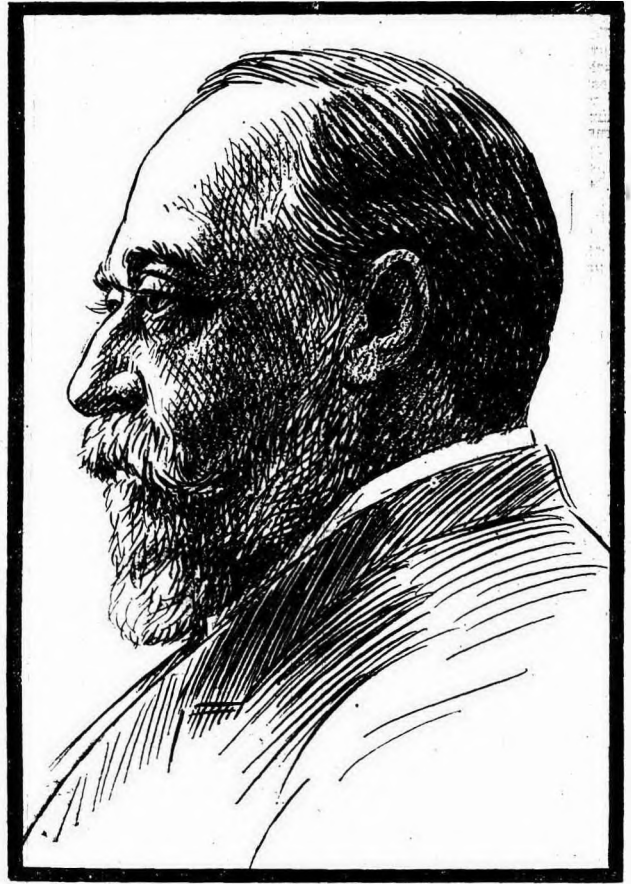
Edward VII., king of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of all the British Dominions beyond the Seas, emperor of India, as his full royal title reads, was born in Buckingham palace, London, on November 9, 1841, and was the second child and first son of Queen Victoria and the Prince Consort Albert. He was christened Albert Edward, and at his very birth was given an imposing list of titles. He was at once created prince of Wales and by virtue of that dignity he became also knight of the garter. As heir apparent to the British throne he succeeded to the title of duke of Cornwall and its emoluments, and as heir to the crown of Scotland he became great steward of Scotland, duke of Rothesay, earl of Carrick, baron of Renfrew and lord of the Isles. On September 10, 1849, he was created earl of Dublin, this title being conferred on him and his heirs in perpetuity. Among the other titles and commands held by Edward were duke of Saxeony, colonel of the Tenth Hussars, colonel-in-chief of the Rifle brigade, field marshal of the British army and field marshal of the German army.

the king's ill health, which had been current for several days, were confirmed by the postponement of the ceremony. It was announced that the king was suffering from perityphlitis, and on June 24 he underwent an operation. After some weeks of the greatest anxiety he recovered, and the coronation took place August 9.

During the long years of his principality Edward's public duties consisted solely in the office of representing the royal family at all manner of public events, and he performed these duties well. But the deadly monotony of such a life was too much for the vigorous man, and he found relaxation in amusements that frequently gave rise to scandals and that gave the world a wrong impression of his real character. He was especially fond of the theater and among his boon companions for years were actresses and actors. Also he developed a great liking for Paris and often visited that gay capital incognito.

But all this, as has been said, was only his relaxation, and after coming to the throne his conduct always was so circumspect that not the most captious critic could find any fault with it.

Edward was always a liberal patron of art and science and manifested a lively interest in exhibitions, charitable institutions, the housing of the poor, agriculture and other matters that concerned the welfare of his subjects. He assisted in promoting the Royal College of Music, and the Imperial institute was due to his suggestion. While prince of Wales he carefully abstained from participation in politics and from all action that could be construed into preference of one party over another. He cultivated the most friendly relations with public men, whatever their opinions might be, and he was equally courteous to all. At peculiar crises of public opinion his visits to Mr. Gladstone, Mr. Bright and other prominent members of the liberal party did much to counterbalance in the public mind Queen Victoria's preference for her Conservative ministers. It was said



THE LATE KING EDWARD VII.

The prince received a most elaborate, broad and carefully planned education. At first he was under the charge of four private tutors, and subsequently his education was directed Kingsley. In order to give him a taste of college life, he was sent for by Baron Stockmar and Charles one session to the University of Edinburgh, for one year to Oxford and for four terms to Cambridge. During these years he acquired a wide general knowledge of the arts and sciences and became quite proficient in modern languages.

In 1860 the prince made a tour of the United States and Canada and the next year he joined the British army at Curragh camp, Ireland. In 1862 he set out on his travels again, this time visiting Jerusalem and other places of biblical interest. His companion on the trip was Dean Stanley of Westminster.

Edward's public life began in February, 1863, when, as heir to the throne, he took his seat in the house of lords. On March 10 of the same year he married Princess Alexandra, daughter of King Christian IX of Denmark. Her beauty, grace and charming manners at once gave her a popularity in Great Britain that has continued unaltered throughout her life as princess and queen. In 1875-76 the prince made an extended tour through the Indian empire and was received everywhere with lavish and magnificent hospitality, the native rulers seeking to outdo one another in the gorgeousness of the entertainments provided for their emperor.

On the death of Queen Victoria, January 22, 1901, Edward succeeded to be throne. The coronation was set for June 26, 1902, and all preparations for the magnificent event had been completed when disquieting rumors of

that Edward always inclined to the Nationalists in Irish politics, but constitutional restrictions prevented his showing his preferences in relation to the Emerald Isle.

As a diplomat Edward was unexcelled among the monarchs of Europe. His influence was always thrown to the side of international peace where compatible with national honor, and his advice and example had a steady effect on all Europe. He looked with amused tolerance on the vagaries and extravagances of his nephew, the emperor of Germany, but occasionally that ruler exasperated him to such an extent that he could not refrain from giving him some stern advice. Such admonition was not received by William in a submissive spirit, and once in a while there were sensational rumors that the peaceful relations between the two countries were about to be ruptured.

The development of the king's character in his later years was especially gratifying to the nation. In addition to the love of his people, which he had always had, he gained their admiration and respect. They had the utmost confidence in his good judgment, as was amply exemplified during the late crisis over the budget, and they were always sure he would do the right thing at the right time.

To Edward and Alexandra were born six children. The first, Prince Albert, duke of Clarence, died in 1892, aged twenty-eight years. The second, George Frederick Ernest Albert, born on June 3, 1865, succeeds to the throne. The other children are: Princess Louise Victoria, married to the duke of Fife; Princess Victoria Alexandra; Princess Marie Charlotte, married to Prince Charles of Denmark, and Prince Alexander, John, who died the day after his birth in 1871.

STATE NEWS

Morrice.—The wool men in this vicinity are up against a peculiar proposition, buying wool without quotations or an offered market from wholesalers. "The reason of this," said one buyer, "is that last year the buying of wool went wild. Wholesale merchants sent out instructions to local buyers to buy wool freely. The result is that the warehouses are filled with high-priced wool, and manufacturers are buying the imported article because it is cheaper. We are advising farmers to hold their output in hopes that next year there will be a better market for it. All dealers who buy wool are buying in the dark, declares this buyer.

Ypsilanti.—About 1,000 people, many of whom were from Detroit, Flint and Grand Rapids, attended the dedicatory exercises of the new \$40,000 Masonic temple in this city. The services were conducted by the grand lodge officers, Most Worshipful Grand Master Arthur M. Hume of Owosso, officiating. The grand officers were assisted by seven master of Phoenix lodge of this city, the ceremony being both beautiful and elaborate.

Holland.—Although living within twenty miles of Grand Rapids and the electric road running through his farm, Gerrit Riemensma, an old Ottawa county farmer, enjoyed the experience of taking his first ride on the Holland Interurban to that city, which he has not seen since the Civil war. Mr. Riemensma is one of the pioneer settlers of western Michigan and has lived on his present farm for 50 years.

Kalamazoo.—Mandamus proceedings were started against Mayor Charles H. Farrell and the city council by Charles H. Flanders, who seeks to force the city to grant him a saloon license. Flanders accuses the city of acting in bad faith with him. His license was at first granted, he alleges, and then the council reconsidered its action and refused to permit him to open his saloon.

Owosso.—Railroad Commissioners Dickinson and Scully had a conference with Bennington township officials, the latter claiming that the Lansing & Northwestern Construction company is encroaching on the highway, in the construction of the new electric line, from one to fourteen feet throughout the township. The matter will receive the board's early attention.

East Lansing.—For the second time in seven months, yeggs blew open the safe in the East Lansing post office and apparently made a clean getaway with between \$2,500 and \$3,000 worth of stamps and a small amount of currency. The night watch, upon whose beat the post office is situated, was at the other end of the beat at the time of the explosion and did not hear it.

Ionia.—Mrs. Cora Hammond of Lyons has started suit for divorce against her husband, William. In her bill she says she came to Ionia on one occasion and followed up a woman her husband was going to an Ionia dance with, and that when she found him on the dance floor with the other woman she dragged him from the floor and gave him a horse-whipping.

Muskegon.—Fred E. Warner of Sturgis, an alleged cripple and paper-hanger by trade, was arrested here, charged by Caspar J. Bean of the same town of alienating his wife's affections and bringing her to Muskegon. Mrs. Bean is only seventeen years of age and her husband about the same age. Warner was bound over to the circuit court.

Hastings.—Work has begun on the factory which will be erected for the Hastings Motor Shaft company, which was recently organized and incorporated. The company will manufacture solid cam shafts, crank crank shafts and motor specialties. It is expected that the factory will be in active operation in several months.

Mason.—Ingham county lost two well-known pioneers by death. Orville Rathbone of Alaledon died of heart trouble, aged seventy-four years, and Mrs. Alonzo Watkins of North Aulensis of stomach trouble, aged seventy-eight.

Holland.—The Holland Christian Reformed church denomination will formally launch plans for the building of an insane asylum conducted on Christian principles at its synodical meeting to be held in Muskegon next month.

Royal Oak.—Burglars broke into the Royal Oak post office by prying open the front door. They secured no booty. A hatchet and a chisel used by the robbers were stolen from a local carpenter shop.

Marshall.—John Wright Gorham, prominent local banker, has been committed to the Kalamazoo asylum. His mother is thought to be on her death-bed.

Ann Arbor.—Mrs. Phoebe Steele, widow of Ebenezer Steele, for many years Methodist minister here, is dead at the age of ninety-one years.

Three Rivers.—The outbuildings of the St. Joseph county poor farm were struck by lightning during an electrical storm. The barns were entirely destroyed and only through the efforts of the inmates, the house was saved. Considerable stock was in the barns at the time, but nearly all was saved. The barns were built two years ago.

Morrice.—A. B. Miller, aged sixty-nine years, for the past 54 years a resident of this vicinity, died at his home four miles southeast of here of gangrene poisoning, caused by stepping on a nail two years ago.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Walter Craig Kerr, president of Westinghouse, Church, Kerr & Co., and a well-known contracting engineer, died at Rochester, Minn.

Following a secret investigation of the conduct of customs officers at the port of New York, Collector Loeb has suspended 12 men, nine of whom are inspectors.

Gilbert Coleman, a mulatto, formerly a Pullman car cook, convicted of wife murder in New York city, was put to death in the electric chair in Sing Sing (N. Y.) prison.

Fred Saugrain, aged 104 years, the oldest native of the Louisiana purchase territory, is dead at Sedalia, Mo. He aided Gen. Grant to build the Grand cabin near St. Louis.

Following his defeat for reelection to the French chamber of deputies from the Bas Alpes district, Count Boni de Castellane has announced at Paris that he is done with politics.

Coincidental with the celebration of his eighty-fifth birthday, Professor George Davidson, the California scientist and author, has recovered his sight, after being totally blind for almost a year.

Karl Jörn, the Metropolitan opera tenor, who gave his wife her freedom to become the wife of the man she loved, sailed for Europe from New York, disguised, and with little left of his season's earnings.

In the federal court at Des Moines, Ia., Judge Smith McPherson dismissed the complaint of the Kansas City and Omaha milling companies protesting against government seizure of bleached flour shipped into Iowa.

That parents of foreign birth make the most successful fathers and mothers, at least among the poorer classes, is shown by statistics of infant mortality gathered by the Free Outdoor Maternity clinic in New York.

Robert Livingston Cutting, who sailed from New York three weeks ago, just before his mother, Mrs. Judith Moale Cutting, began suit against him in the supreme court to recover \$200,000, died in a hospital in London, England.

After causing the arrest of her husband, James Goldberg, on a charge of bigamy, Mrs. Julia Goldberg, formerly a hotel proprietress of St. Louis, committed suicide at a small town near Bakersfield, Cal., by shooting herself in the head.

Herbert Booth of London, England, youngest son of Gen. William Booth, founder of the Salvation Army, told the Pastors' union at Detroit, Mich., that he is no longer connected with the Salvationists, giving family difficulties as a reason.

Prof. Alexander Graham Bell, the inventor and aeronautic experimenter, was in New York on his way to Vancouver, B. C., whence he and Mrs. Bell sail May 20 for a trip around the world. Four types of flying machines are being constructed at Professor Bell's laboratory in Baddeck, N. S.

Dr. Max Hoff of Clark college, Worcester, Mass., in making the statement that there is little to choose between present-day women and uncivilized beings from a psychological standpoint, says man has outgrown his savage customs of personal adornment with the progress of civilization, whereas woman has retrograded.

MAY SEIZE BLEACHED FLOUR

Bill for Injunction Against Federal District Attorney in Iowa Dismissed by Court.

Des Moines, Ia., May 11.—Judge Smith McPherson, in the federal court dismissed the complaint of the Shawnee Milling company of Kansas and Uplike Milling company of Omaha, brought in behalf of the Western Milling company and asking that the United States district attorney, M. L. Temple of Iowa, be enjoined from seizing bleached flour shipped into Iowa. The court upholds the federal ruling, as regards bleached flour.

Will Join Federation.

Danville, Va., May 7.—The Virginia Federation of Women's Clubs has voted to join the general federation of women's clubs.

THE MARKETS.

LIVE STOCK—New York, May 11.	
Steers	\$5 30 @ 5 30
Hogs	9 90 @ 10 00
Sheep	7 00 @ 8 00
FLOUR—Winter Straights	
Wheat—May	1 15 @ 1 17
CORN—May	63 @ 64
OATS—Natural White	46 @ 48 1/2
RYE—No. 2 Western	81 @ 82
BUTTER—Creamery	29 1/2 @ 31
EGGS	30 @ 31
CHEESE	6 @ 12
CHICAGO.	
CATTLE—Prime Steers	\$6 50 @ 8 50
Medium to Choice Cows	4 00 @ 4 75
Cows, Plain to Fancy	3 75 @ 4 50
Choice Hefers	5 00 @ 7 50
Calves	4 50 @ 7 75
HOGS—Prime Heavy	8 50 @ 8 75
Medium Weight Butchers	8 55 @ 8 85
Pigs	9 15 @ 9 50
BUTTER—Creamery	23 @ 29 1/2
Dairy	21 @ 25
LIVE POULTRY	10 @ 17
EGGS	14 @ 22
POTATOES (per bu.)	23 @ 27
WHEAT—Spring Wheat, Sp 1	60 @ 60 1/2
GRAIN—Wheat, May	1 11 @ 1 15 1/2
Corn, May	61 @ 62 1/2
Oats, May	42 @ 45
MILWAUKEE.	
GRAIN—Wheat, No. 1 Nor'n	\$1 15 @ 1 16
July	1 05 @ 1 04
Corn, No. 2	43 @ 43 1/2
Oats, Standard	42 @ 43
Rye	80 @ 80 1/2
KANSAS CITY.	
GRAIN—Wheat, No. 2 Hard	\$1 12 @ 1 13
No. 2 Red	1 05 @ 1 04
Corn, No. 2 White	43 @ 45
Oats, No. 2 White	43 @ 46
Rye	70 @ 72
ST. LOUIS.	
CATTLE—Native Steers	\$6 70 @ 8 00
Texas Steers	5 25 @ 6 50
HOGS—Packers	9 25 @ 9 50
Butchers	9 50 @ 9 80
SHEEP—Natives	7 00 @ 7 30
OMAHA.	
CATTLE—Native Steers	\$5 75 @ 7 75
Stockers and Feeders	3 25 @ 6 50
Cows and Hefers	2 75 @ 5 75
HOGS—Heavy	8 25 @ 8 50
SHEEP—Wethers	7 25 @ 7 50

IT WEARS YOU OUT.

Kidney Troubles Lower the Vitality of the Whole Body.

Don't wait for serious illness; begin using Doan's Kidney Pills when you first feel backache or notice urinary disorders.

John L. Perry, Columbus, Texas, says: "I was taken sick about a year ago. My limbs and feet began to swell and my doctor said I had Bright's disease. I then consulted another doctor who told me I had dropsy and could not live. Doan's Kidney Pills relieved me promptly, and I owe my life to them."

Remember the name—Doan's. For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

LUCKY.



Offulgood—I can truly say that I never did a hasty act for which I was afterward sorry.

Sibnycus—Didn't you ever put the wrong end of a cigar in your mouth?

STATE OF OHIO CITY OF TOLEDO.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is a genuine partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & CO. doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1904.

A. W. GLEASON.

NOTARY PUBLIC.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Bishop Eats His Own Boots.

Few bishops have to lead such a strenuous life as Bishop Stringer. In company with a missionary companion he made a tour recently to Herschel Island, in the Arctic ocean, and back to Dawson City, where the bishop resides.

Their small supply of food becoming exhausted, they were obliged to eat their muckalucks and moccasins. These, made of raw seal-skins, were soaked until they became glutinous, and were then toasted in strips over the fire. The bishop says the food was real good, especially the muckalucks.

Fool Remarks.

"The inanity of courtesy remarks that some people feel called upon to interject into conversation calls for a permanent commission in lunacy," said the man with the ingrowing grouch.

"Now, the other day I was telling Jones going down on the subway that my four-year-old had swallowed a safety pin, and we were up half the night with him."

"It was an accident, of course," said that idiot Jones.

Finding of Fresh-Water Eel.

The straits of Messina are channels of immense depth, through which a wild form of whirling eddies have the effect of bringing up from the depths below many marine creatures which are rarely seen except in the deep sea trawls. It was here that the fresh-water eel was first discovered, an incident which threw a blaze of light on the life history of a very mysterious fish.—London Daily Telegraph.

Circumstances Alter Cases.

"The trouble is that too many people give expensive presents. That's where the mischief comes in."

"Rot! My wife's father gave her a house and lot."

How one woman doesn't enjoy bearing another praised.

What Thinking Takes Out

Of the brain, and activity out of the body, must be

Put Back by Proper Food

Or brain-fag and nervous prostration are sure to follow.

If you want to know the keenest joy on earth—the joy that comes with being well, try

Grape-Nuts

Food

"There's a Reason"

POSTUM CEREAL CO., Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich.

COL. ROOSEVELT HEARD IN BERLIN

Ex-President Lectures on "The World Movement."

UNIVERSITY AULA THROGGED

Modern Civilization Is Compared With That of Former Ages—Speaker Is Hopeful for the Future of Mankind.

Berlin.—Before an audience of learned men and officials of high rank, Theodore Roosevelt lectured Thursday in the University of Berlin. Every seat in the aula was occupied, and many hundreds of requests for admission had to be denied. The distinguished American was introduced to his hearers by the rector of the university. His subject was "The World Movement," and he spoke in English instead of in German as he had on one time intended.

Beginning with an eloquent eulogy of the German race and its achievements, the lecturer reached the main theme of his discourse, and reviewed the civilization and culture, so far as we know them, of the earliest peoples and their contributions to the modern world. He then continued:

Modern Movement Begins.

At last, a little over 400 years ago, the movement towards a world civilization took up its interrupted march. The beginning of the modern movement may roughly be taken as synchronizing with the discovery of printing, and with that series of bold sea ventures which culminated in the voyage of Columbus and Vasco da Gama. They began a tremendous religious ferment; the awakening of intellect went hand in hand with the moral uprising; the great names of Copernicus, Bruno, Kepler, and Galileo show that the mind of man was breaking the fetters that had crumpled it, and for the first time experimentation was used as a check upon observation and theorization. Since then, century by century, the changes have increased in rapidity and complexity, and have attained their maximum in both respects during the century just past.

Instead of being directed by one or two dominant peoples, as was the case with all similar movements of the past, the new movement was shared by many different nations. From every standpoint it has been of infinitely greater moment than anything hitherto seen. Not in one field, but in many different fields, there has been extraordinary growth in wealth, in population, in power of organization, and in mastery over mechanical activity and natural resources. All of this has been accompanied and signalled by an immense outburst of energy and restless initiative. The result is varied as it is striking.

Conquest of the World.

In the first place, representatives of this civilization, by their conquest of space, were enabled to spread into all the practically vacant continents, while at the same time, by their triumphs in organization and mechanical invention, they acquired an unheard-of military superiority as compared with their former rivals. These two facts are primarily due to the further fact that for the first time there is really something that approaches a world civilization, a world movement. The spread of the European peoples since the days of Ferdinand the Catholic and Ivan the Terrible has been of a world-wide and over every continent. In places, the conquests have been ethnic; that is, there has been a new wandering of the peoples, and new commonwealths have sprung up in which the people are entirely or mainly of European blood. This is what happened in the temperate and subtropical regions of the Western Hemisphere, in Australia, in portions of northern Asia and southern Africa. In other places the conquest has been purely political, the Europeans representing for the most part merely a small caste of soldiers and administrators, as in eastern Asia, and in Africa and in much of tropical America. Finally, here and there instances occur where there has been no conquest at all, but where an alien people is profoundly and radically changed by the mere impact of western civilization.

There are of course many grades between these two types of conquest, but the net outcome of what has occurred during the last four centuries is that civilization of the European type now exercises a more or less profound effect over practically the entire world. There are nooks and corners in which it has not yet been introduced, as in the vast, unexplored spaces of territory in which the general movement of civilized activity does not make itself more or less felt. This represents something wholly different from what has ever hitherto been seen. In the greatest days of Roman dominion the influence of Rome was felt over a relatively small portion of the world's surface. Over much the larger part of the world the process of change and development was absolutely unaffected by anything that occurred in the Roman empire; and those communities the play of whose influence was felt in action and reaction, and in inter-action, among themselves, were grouped immediately around the Mediterranean. Now, however, the whole world is bound together as never before; the bonds are sometimes those of hatred rather than love, but they are bonds nevertheless.

All the Nations Linked.

Frowning or hopeful, every man of leadership in any line of thought or effort must now look beyond the limits of his own country. The student of sociology may live in Berlin or St. Petersburg, Rome or London, or he may live in Melbourne or San Francisco or Buenos Aires, but in whatever part of the world he may live, he must pay heed to the studies of men who live in each of the other cities. When in America we study labor problems and attempt to deal with subjects such as life insurance for wage-workers, we turn to see what you do in Germany, and we also turn to see how the far-off communities of New Zealand are doing. When a great German scientist is warring against the most dreaded enemies of mankind, creatures of infinitesimal size which the microscope reveals in his blood, he may spend his holidays of study in central Africa or in eastern Asia, and he must know that it is accomplished in the laboratories of Tokyo, just as he must know the details of that practical application of science which has changed the Isthmus of Panama from a death-trap into what is almost a health resort. Every progressive in China is striving to introduce the methods of education and social organization, and hundreds of European

and American books are now translated into Chinese. The influence of European governmental principles is strikingly illustrated by the fact that admiration for them has broken down the iron barriers of Moslem conservatism, so that their introduction has become a burning question in Turkey and Persia; while the very unrest, the impatience of European or American control, in India, Egypt, or the Philippines, is the form of demanding that the government be assimilated more closely to what it is in England or the United States. The deeds and works of any great statesman, the preachings of any great ethical, social, or political teacher, now find echoes in both hemispheres and in all corners of the globe. From an acquaintance to a new method of combating or applying Socialism, there is no movement of note which can take place in any part of the globe without powerfully affecting masses of people in Europe, America, and Australia, in Asia and Africa. For well over a century, the peoples of the world are knit together more closely than ever before.

So much for the geographical side of the expansion of modern civilization. But only a few of the many and intense activities of modern civilization have found their expression on this side. The movement has not just been striking in its conquest of vast natural forces, in its searching inquiry into about the soul of things.

Conquest Over Nature.

The conquest over nature has included an extraordinary increase in every form of knowledge of the world we live in, and also an extraordinary increase in the power of utilizing forces of nature. In both directions the advance has been very great during the past four or five centuries, and in both directions it has gone on with ever increasing rapidity during the last century. After the great age of Rome had passed, the boundaries of knowledge shrank, and in many cases it was not until well-nigh our own times that her domain was again pushed beyond the ancient landmarks. About the year 150 A. D. Ptolemy, the geographer, published his map of central Africa, and the sources of the Nile, and this map was more accurate than any which we had as late as 1850 A. D. More was known of practical science, and more of the truth about the physical world was guessed at, in the days of Ptolemy, than was known or guessed until the modern movement began. The case was the same as regards military science. At the close of the Middle Ages the weapons were what they had always been sword, shield, bow, spear, and any improvement in them was more than offset by the loss in knowledge of military organization, in the science of war, and in military leadership since the days of Hannibal and Caesar.

A hundred years ago, when this university was founded, the methods of transportation did not differ in essentials from what they had been among the highly civilized nations of antiquity. Travelers and merchandise went by land in wheeled vehicles or on beasts of burden, and by sea in boats propelled by sails or by oars, and news was conveyed as it always has been conveyed. A great part of your university today can go to mid-Asia or mid-Africa with far less consciousness of performing a feat of note than would have been the case a hundred years ago with a student who visited Sicily and Andalusia.

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Steam and electricity have given the race dominion over land and water such as it never had before, and now the conquest of the air is directly impending. As books preserve thought through time, so the telegraph and the telephone transmit it through the space they annihilate, and therefore minds are swayed one by another without regard to the limitations of space, and the world is becoming each community to which it formerly stood in comparative isolation. It is the same with the body as with the brain. The machinery of the factory and the farm enormously multiplies bodily skill and vigor. Countless trained intelligences are at work to teach us how to avoid or counteract the effects of waste.

In the Realm of Intellect.

The advances in the realm of pure intellect have been of equal note, and they have been both intensive and extensive. Great virgin fields of learning and wisdom have been discovered by the few, and at the same time knowledge has spread among the many to a degree never dreamed of before. Old men among us have seen in their own generation the rise of the first rational science of the evolution of life. The astronomer and the chemist, the psychologist and the historian, and all their brethren in many different fields of wide endeavor, work with a training and knowledge and method which are in effect instruments of precision differentiating their labors from the labors of their predecessors as the rifle is differentiated from the bow.

The play of new forces is as evident in the moral and spiritual world as in the world of the mind and the body.

One Danger of Civilization.

One of the prime dangers of civilization has always been the tendency to cause the loss of the virile fighting virtues, of the fighting edge. When men get too comfortable and lead too luxurious lives there is always danger lest the softness eat like an acid into their manliness of fiber. The barbarian, because of the very conditions of his life, is forced to keep and to develop certain hardy qualities which the man of civilization tends to lose, whether he be clerk, factory hand, merchant, or even a certain type of farmer. Now I will not assert that in modern civilized society these tendencies have been wholly overcome, but there has been a much more successful effort to overcome them than was the case in the early civilizations. This is curiously shown by the military history of the Graeco-Roman period as compared with the history of the last four or five centuries here in Europe and among nations of European descent. In the Graeco-Roman and Roman military history the change was steadily from a citizen army to an army of mercenaries. In the days of the early greatness of Athens, Thebes, and Sparta, in the days when the Roman republic conquered what world it knew, the armies were filled with citizen soldiers. Gradually the citizens refused to serve in the armies, or were unable to render good service. The Greek states described by Polybius, with but few exceptions, hired others to do their fighting for them. The Romans of the days of Augustus had utterly ceased to furnish any cavalry, and were rapidly ceasing to furnish any infantry, to the legions and cohorts. When the civilization came to an end, there were no longer citizens in the ranks of the soldiers. The change from the citizen army to the army of mercenaries had been completed.

Modern Citizens' Armies.

Now, the exact reverse has been the movement in modern times. At the centuries ago the mercenary soldier was the principal figure in most armies, and in great numbers of cases the mercenary soldier was an alien. In the wars of religion in France, in the Thirty Years' War, the beginning of the modern era, the regiments and brigades of foreign soldiers formed a striking and leading feature in every army. Too often the men of the country in which the fighting took place were merely the noble part of victims, the burghers and peasants appearing in but limited numbers in the

mercenary armies by which they were plundered. Gradually this has all changed, and now practically every army is a citizen army, and the mercenary soldier has almost disappeared, while the citizen exists on a vaster scale than ever before in history. This is so among the military monarchies of Europe.

In our own Civil War of the United States the same thing occurred, peaceful people as we are. At that time more than two generations have passed since the War of Independence. During the whole of that period the people had been engaged in no life-and-death struggle; and yet, when the Civil War broke out, and after some costly and bitter lessons at the beginning, the fighting spirit of the people was shown to be better advantage than ever before. The war was peculiarly a war for a principle, a war waged by each side for an ideal, and while faults and shortcomings were plentiful among the combatants, there was comparatively little selfishness of motive or conduct. In such a struggle, as I have said, the war of so many mercenary soldiers shot the wool of so many purposes, dark strands and bright, strands somber and brilliant, are always intertwined; inevitably there was corruption here and there in the Civil War; but the great majority of the enormous masses of fighting men, who were disregarded, and were wholly uninfluenced by pecuniary considerations.

Wealth and Politics.

Another striking contrast in the course of modern civilization as compared with the later stages of the Graeco-Roman or classic civilization is to be found in the relations of wealth and politics. In classic times, as the civilization advanced toward its zenith, politics became a recognized means of accumulating great wealth. Caesar was again and again on the verge of bankruptcy; he spent an enormous fortune; and he recouped himself by the money which he made out of his political-military career. Augustus established imperial Rome on firm foundations by the use he made of the huge fortunes he had acquired by plunder. What a contrast of fortune and careers of Washington and Lincoln! There were a few exceptions in ancient days; but the immense majority of the Greeks and the Romans, as their civilizations culminated, accepted money-making on a large scale as one of the incidents of a successful public career. Now all of this is in sharp contrast to what has happened within the last two or three centuries. During this time there has been a steady growth away from the theory that money-making is permissible in an honorable public career.

In this respect the standard has been constantly elevated, and things which three centuries or two centuries ago, and which did not seriously hurt a public career even a century ago, are now utterly impossible. Wealthy men still exercise a large, and sometimes an improper, influence in politics, but this is an indirect influence; and in the advanced states the mere suspicion that the wealth of public men is obtained or added to as an incident of their public careers will bar them from public life. Speaking generally, wealth may very greatly influence modern politics, but it is not acquired in political life.

Optimistic for the Future.

Mr. Roosevelt called attention to the fact that hitherto every civilization that has arisen has been able to develop only a few activities, its field of endeavor being limited in kind as well as in locality, and each of these civilizations has fallen. What is the lesson to us of today? he asked. Will the crash come, and be all the more terrible because of the immense increase in activities and area? To this he replied:

Personally, I do not believe that our civilization will fall. I think that on the whole we have grown better and not worse. I think that on the whole the future will be better than the past, even the great past has held. For, as I said, the dreams of golden glory in the future will not come true unless, high of heart and strong of hand, by our own mighty deeds we make them come true. We cannot afford to develop any one set of qualities, any one set of activities, at the cost of seeing the equally necessary ones atrophied. Neither the military efficiency of the Mongol, the extraordinary business ability of the Phoenician, nor the subtle and polished intellect of the Greek availed to avert destruction.

We, the men of today and of the future, need many qualities if we are to do our work well. We need first of all a good housewife, a good mother of many healthy children, then the state will multiply, will go down, no matter what may be its brilliance of artistic development or material achievement. But these homely qualities are not enough. There must, in addition, be that power of organization, that power of working in common for a common end, which the German people have shown in such signal fashion during the last half-century. Moreover, the things of the spirit are even more important than the things of the body. We can well do without the hard intolerance and rigid intellectual barrenness of what was worst in the theological systems of the past, but there has never been a greater need of a high and fine religious spirit than at the present time. So, while we can laugh good-humoredly at some of the pretensions of modern philosophy in the various branches, it would be worse than folly on our part to ignore our need of intellectual leadership.

Must Steer Middle Course.

Never has philanthropy, humanitarianism, seen such development as now; and though we must all be aware of the folly and the viciousness no worse than folly, which marks the believer in the perfectibility of man when his heart runs away with his head, or when vanity usurps the place of conscience, yet we must remember also that it is only by working along the lines laid down by the philanthropists, by the lovers of mankind, that we can be sure of lifting our civilization to a higher and more permanent plane of well-being than was ever attained by any preceding civilization. Unjust war is to be abhorred; but worse to the nation that does not make ready to hold its own in time of need against all who would harm it; and worse twice over to the nation in which the average man loses the fighting edge, loses the power to serve as a soldier if the day of need should arise.

It is no impossible dream to build up a civilization in which morality, ethical development, and a true feeling of brotherhood shall alike be divorced from false sentimentality, and from the rancorous and often passionate, but curiously enough, so often accompanied, professions of sentimentality in modern times. It is a task in which a high material development in the things of the body shall be achieved without subordination of the things of the soul; in which there shall be a genuine desire for peace and justice without loss of those virile qualities which without them we cannot stand; in which all shall have a part; in which the fullest development of scientific research, the great distinguishing feature of our present civilization, shall yet not imply a belief that intellect can ever take the place of character—for, from the standpoint of the nation as a whole, individual it is character that is the one vital possessor.

LOW TAXES CAUSES MANY COMPLAINTS

State Commission to Review Work of Assessors.

PROPERTY ASSESSED TOO LOW

Taxpayers Themselves Object to Low Valuations Placed on Property of Neighbors—Commission Flooded With Complaints.

Lansing.—Claiming that in many places the local boards of review are not placing the valuations on general property sufficiently high, the state tax commission will enter many cities and counties throughout the state and make an entirely new set, unless some of the assessors show a disposition to assess the property at a higher rate. Many complaints have been filed with the secretary of the commission by taxpayers throughout the state who demand that the commission take action on once.

"Judging by the number of complaints already in sight the commission will be snowed out of sight at the outset," said Secretary Lord. "We are limited by law to ten men to do this work, and that will prevent any general revaluation of property in the state, but it is surprising the number of complaints that are coming in from all sections."

"There has been a lot of grumbling by citizens of Lansing as well as from other places," said Mr. Lord, "and I expect this city will be on the list for reappraisal and a new valuation unless the board of review takes action that will boost valuations where they should be."

"I think the sudden activity relative to this matter all over the state is the result of the opinion which the attorney general rendered, relative to the power of the tax commission to go ahead on its own initiative and examine the valuations placed on property."

The surprising feature of the matter is that taxpayers themselves have entered the complaints. It was expected that the railroads or other corporations would, unless they started legal proceedings, ask for a review by the commission of property in many quarters of the state as a means of reducing their taxes, but so far as is known, these complaints are bona fide ones by citizens who do not think their neighbors' property is placed on the assessment rolls at a fair value.

One citizen in Jackson, in writing to the commission and discussing the valuation of general property in that city, stated that a meeting had been held recently of the members of the board of review in an attempt to induce the supervisors to assess the wards at a fair value, but the meeting was a failure, because each of the assessing officers was afraid his colleague would place his district lower than the other.

Look for Good Fruit Crop.

According to figures received at the office of the secretary of state there is a diversity of opinion among the fruit correspondents throughout the state relative to the damage to fruit from frost.

Correspondents in the southwestern portion, where the frost in April was the most severe, report fruit prospects much better than expected immediately after the freeze and generally are of the opinion that the outlook for an average crop is encouraging.

It is also noticeable that the spraying of fruit trees has been generally increased this spring and farmers and growers are paying more attention to spraying than ever before. According to a schedule prepared by the secretary of state indications point to 83 per cent of a crop of apples; pears, 78; peaches, 78; plums, 72; cherries, 76; small fruits, 85.

Additional statistics compiled by the department show that the average monthly wages with board to farm hands in the southern counties is \$25.62 per month; in the central counties, \$24.38; in the northern counties, \$24.17, and in the upper peninsula, \$27.25. The average in the state being \$25.14. In the upper peninsula the average day wage is higher, reaching \$1.68 per day. The average wages in the state last year paid by farmers by the month with board was \$23.21.

Convicted Every Offender.

Out of 87 cases started during April for violations of the state game and fish laws, the game warden's department secured convictions in every case. The total collections in fines and costs for the month was \$1,543.10. Five of the cases were instituted for violations of the game laws and the remaining 82 for violations of the fish protection laws.

Sanitarium Concedes More.

Activity in the proposed settlement of the famous Battle Creek sanitarium tax clause is more evident since Attorney General John Bird has issued an ultimatum that unless a compromise is agreed upon by the end of this week he will direct the state attorneys to have the ouster judgment rendered by Judge Parkinson of Jackson formally entered in the circuit court journal. It is authoritatively stated that the sanitarium has made new concessions, getting fresh hope for a compromise.

Boosts State Treasury.

Secretary of State Martindale's department, while not boasted of as a money maker for the state, has turned in \$77,413.06 to the state treasury within the past four months. Part of this money is automobile license fees collected, and the other is franchise fees paid by corporations. During the four months the secretary of state has collected \$33,348 in auto fees, and this amount has somewhat usual interest, in view of the fact that during the last legislative session the lawmakers estimated that the total receipts for a year from auto license fees would be only \$30,000.

There was a move on foot at the time to turn this fund into good roads, but instead it was decided to appropriate \$30,000 for good roads and turn the fees into the general fund. Now the department has shown that a great deal larger amount might have been appropriated, as applications for licenses are still coming in at the rate of 100 a day. In franchise fees the department has collected during the month \$37,535.55 and in miscellaneous fees \$6,529.51.

Aged Wolf Hunter Asks Permit.

Probably one of the oldest wolf hunters in the state is H. G. Nead of Lowell, who came before State Game Warden Charles Pierce asking for permission to hunt wolves in the northern part of the state this summer. Nead is still hale and hearty, although he claims he will be eighty-eight years old next November.

Although it is unnecessary to secure a permit in order to hunt wolves, as the state pays a bounty on this animal, Nead wished to be sure of his ground, as he did not want to carry a gun through the north woods and be placed under arrest for killing deer.

The veteran nimrod claims to have conducted wolf hunts in Minnesota, Wisconsin, northern Michigan and lower Canada. He is able to imitate the howl of a wolf to perfection, and his vocal organs often help him in locating the den of these animals.

State Boards to Name Health Officers.

At a recent meeting of the state and provincial boards of health, held at Washington, D. C., Dr. F. W. Shumway, secretary of the state board of health, was appointed chairman of a committee to secure legislation in the various states, requiring that the local health officers be appointed by the state boards.

Doctor Shumway stated that in the event of his continuing in his present office, he would attempt to have a bill passed at the next session requiring that local health officers be appointed by the state board. He claims that in this manner the department would receive the benefit of competent men, some of the appointees now in office are unable to furnish his office with the information necessary to make accurate reports.

Must Not Use Old Name.

The supreme court has sustained the decision of the circuit court of Wayne county in the case of Finney's Orchestra against Finney's Famous Orchestra. When the original orchestra split up some of the members formed another musical organization known as Finney's Famous Orchestra, and incorporated under the laws of the state. The lower court held that the members of the new organization were working to the injury of the older body of musicians and enjoined them from using the name. The supreme court affirmed the decision, with costs of both courts.

Cold Hurts Wheat.

Because of weather conditions during the past winter many acres of wheat are being plowed under by farmers in some sections of the state. Over 1,000,000 bushels of wheat are yet in the hands of growers, according to the crop report issued from the office of the secretary of state.

The total number of bushels of wheat marketed by farmers in April at 120 mills is 87,839, and at the elevators and to grain dealers 66,492. Of this amount 112,461 bushels were marketed in the southern four tiers of counties. Ninety-eight mills, elevators and grain dealers report no wheat marketed in April.

Speed Violators to Be Posted.

Violators of the speed ordinances are to be "posted" in every county seat in Michigan. Secretary of State Martindale is compiling the reports which, by force of law are made to him from every court in the state having jurisdiction, regarding every conviction of an autoist or motorcyclist. The list will be sent to every county seat.

Railways Have Paid Up.

The railways paid their taxes more promptly this year than before, Auditor General Fuller states. He explains that out of a total tax levy of \$4,377,000 the roads have paid all but \$45,000, before the penalty went into effect, and this amount is due from some of the small lines. It is the best collection of railway taxes in the history of the present taxation system.

Move to Enlarge Capitol.

Recognizing the need of additional room at the capitol, it is said that efforts will be made by certain state officials to induce the legislature at its next session to grant an appropriation large enough to cover the expense of erecting an addition to the present building, so that all of the state offices can be placed under one roof instead of being scattered all over the city, as is the case at the present time. At present the state is paying to outside parties the sum of \$3,540 each for office rental.

MADE WELL AND STRONG

By Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Jefferson, Iowa.—"When my baby was just two months old, I was completely run down and my internal organs were in terrible shape. I began taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and mother wrote and told you just how I was. I began to gain at once and now I am real well!"

Mrs. W. H. BURGER, 700 Cherry St., Jefferson, Iowa.

Another Woman Cured.

Glenwood, Iowa.—"About three years ago I had falling and other female troubles, and I was nothing but skin and bones. I was so sick I could not do my own work. Within six months I was made sound and well by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I will always tell my friends that your remedies cured me, and you can publish my letter."—Mrs. C. W. DURN, Glenwood, Iowa.

If you belong to that countless army of women who suffer from some form of female ill, just try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. For thirty years this famous remedy has been the standard for all forms of female ill, and has cured thousands of women who have been troubled with such ailments as displacements, fibroid tumors, ulceration, inflammation, irregularities, backache, etc.

If you want special advice write for it to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass. It is free and always helpful.

Trial Bottle Free By Mail



If you suffer from Epilepsy, Pits, Falling Sickness, Spasms, or have children who are nervous, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills will relieve them, and all you are asked to do is to send for a Free Trial Bottle of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Epileptoids Cured. It has cured thousands where everything else failed. Guaranteed by May Medical Laboratory, Under Park Road, and Dispensary, 100 West 42nd Street, New York, N. Y. Guaranty No. 18671. Please write for Special Free 60 Bottle and give AGE and complete address. DR. W. H. MAY, 548 Pearl Street, New York. Please mention this paper. Druggists all over.

PARKER'S HAIR BALM Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes its growth and keeps it from falling out. It is the most perfect hair dressing ever made. It is sold in 25c and 50c bottles.

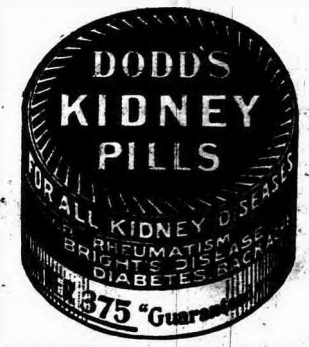
Didn't Care to Mention His Name.

A colored woman presented herself the other day in an equal-suffrage state at the place of registration to qualify for the casting of her vote on the school question at the next election.

"With what political party do you affiliate?" inquired the clerk of the unaccustomed applicant, using the prescribed formula.

The dusky "lady" blushed, all coyness and confusion. "Is I 'blegged to answer that question?" "Certainly; the law requires it." "Then," retreating in dismay, "I don't believe I'll vote, 'case I'd hate to have to mention the party's name. He's one of the nicest gent-mums in town."—Ladies' Home Journal.

Never say die till you are dead—and then it's no use.—Spurgeon.



THE PLYMOUTH MAIL Wood Marry His Best Girl

—BY—
F. W. SAMSEN

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One Year, payable in advance..... \$1.00
Six months..... .75
Three months..... .50

ADVERTISING RATES.
Business Cards, 15.00 per year.
Resolutions of Respect, 25.00.
Card of Thanks, 25 cents.
All local notices will be charged for at five cents per line or fraction thereof for each insertion. Display advertising rates made known on application. Where no time is specified, all notices and advertisements will be inserted until ordered discontinued.

FRIDAY, MAY 13, 1910.

County School Statistics.

The county commissioner of schools has prepared some interesting statistics of the county schools, from which we glean the following facts and figures, the report being for the year 1908-9. Plymouth, Northville and Wayne being neighboring villages of about the same population, comparison will be interesting. Plymouth had 462 children of school age, Northville 440 and Wayne 387. Enrollment was—Plymouth 412, Northville 380, Wayne 317. Foreign students—Plymouth 37, Northville 40, Wayne 74. Paid teachers—Plymouth \$6,890, Northville \$6,573, Wayne \$5,115. Monthly average wages—Plymouth \$44.91; Northville \$43.52, Wayne \$47.06. General expenses—Plymouth \$2,527.18, Northville \$2,034.18, Wayne \$1,495.97.

Plymouth township had the smallest enrollment of any township in the county—only 62. Teachers' salaries \$1,054.30, the monthly average being \$29.95, the smallest but one paid in the county.

The commissioner's report further says: The 127 rural schools in the county maintain an average term of nine months school. They have a census enrollment of 7,761 and a school attendance of 4,654. They pay their teachers \$51,284.80 and receive from the primary school fund \$51,741.60, leaving a surplus of primary money of \$456.80. The average monthly wages of teachers is \$40.85. They raise for general expenses \$13,618.54, or a cost of \$2.25 per capita to the taxpayer. The twenty graded schools in the county maintain school for ten months, have a census enrollment of 8,003 and a school enrollment of 5,661. Foreign students from the rural schools attending the village schools, 278, and about 100 attending the high schools of the cities of Wyandotte and Detroit. They pay their teachers \$91,471 and receive from the primary school fund \$52,306.74, a deficit of \$39,164.26. The average wages of teachers, not including superintendent, is \$48.15. They raise for general expenses \$56,623.73, or a cost of ten dollars per capita to the taxpayer.

At a school officers and superintendents meeting held at Lansing April 21 and 22, a resolution was passed recommending the following law to the legislature: "When any district has on hand enough money to pay its teachers and tuition to a high school for a period of two years, the children of school age residing in this district shall not be counted in making up the annual apportionment of primary money nor shall they be counted until the surplus on hand in the district is reduced to an amount that will pay the teachers and tuition for two years in advance."

New Road Law by State Grange.

The State Grange is back of a proposed act to be added to the state highway laws establishing a non-partisan commission to have general supervision of all state highways.

The commission, if established, will also act as an advisory board to all county road commissions, especially in relation to roads for the building of which state aid is requested. It will consist of a professor of civil engineering from the University of Michigan, appointed by the regents, another from the Michigan Agricultural college selected in like manner and one civilian to be appointed by the governor. Their term of office will be during good behavior and they will serve without pay.

The proposed act was drawn by Logan Walter Page, director of public roads, United States department of agriculture, and is along the line of acts in force in several of the New England states, that are well to the front in road construction.

The Grange is working hard for road improvement, and is sending out copies of the act and urging its members to bring it up in their local lodges for discussion.

A Chicken Fancier.

If he would have his hens look alike and their feathers smooth must give them a tonic and in Harvell's Condition Powders we have the best one made. Every ingredient has been chosen for its medicinal properties and there is absolutely no waste in the package, which is full weight. Obtainable every where at 25c per package. Sold by Pinkney's Pharmacy and Beyer's Pharmacy.
J. F. Shores, Beach, Mich., writes: I have sold your Harvell's Condition Powders for over ten years, and have always found them just what my customers' hens and chicks needed when out of sorts. They always bring back the appetite. Their stock shows the results. Since feeding Harvell's Condition Powders to their poultry they have not been troubled with cholera or roup and they get lots of eggs.

Wood Marry His Best Girl

Edgar Wood of this village and Miss Cora Best of Harrow, Ont., were married in Detroit Tuesday. Miss Best was a Plymouth resident two years ago, being employed as trimmer by Mrs. Tousey. Mr. Wood is night yardmaster in the P. M. yards. The couple returned to Plymouth in the evening and are domiciled with Mr. Wood's parents on West Sutton street. They have the good wishes of many friends for a happy and prosperous journey through life.

Visited Ann Arbor Chapter

Some fifty members of Plymouth Chapter O. E. S., went to Ann Arbor Wednesday afternoon, where they were guests of the Ann Arbor chapter. On their arrival the visitors were met by a reception committee and escorted to the banquet rooms in Masonic hall, where a very fine collation was served. Plymouth Chapter then conferred the degree upon the candidates in waiting, their finished exemplification being most favorably commented upon. After the work, a program was presented, the visitors taking a car back for home about eleven o'clock. The local members express themselves as being highly pleased with the attention shown them by the University City fraters.

Will Leave Plymouth.

Rev. Hugh N. Ronald, who has been pastor of the Presbyterian church here for a term of four years just closing now, tendered his resignation to the board of trustees at a meeting held in the church parlors Tuesday evening. Mr. Ronald will preach his last sermon Sunday, June 5th, when he will accept the pastorate of the Thorntown, Ind., Presbyterian church. The village is of about the same population as Plymouth but the church membership is more numerous.

The people of Plymouth will regret Mr. Ronald's departure very much, as both he and his wife are held in the highest estimation as citizens and neighbors. In leaving for their new field of labor, they will carry with them the best wishes of the entire community.

Junior Ball Team.

Manager McLargen of the base ball association desires all interested in base ball to meet on the base ball grounds next Monday evening at 6:30. It is the intention of the Manager to organize a Junior team from all home players and develop a team in the same manner it was accomplished a few years ago from the high school team. In this effort he will be upheld by the base ball sports of the village, who saw last year that a ball team composed principally of outsiders is no attraction for Plymouthites. Besides it takes money to hire outsiders. That a good junior team can be developed from the base ball material to be had here there is no reason to doubt. We have plenty of young ball players waiting for a chance to make good—not only for a first nine but a second. Be on hand Monday evening, boys, at the park, and come out every pleasant evening for practice. A game will be arranged in a few days and the opening game of the season will probably take place on Decoration Day.

CHURCH NEWS.

LUTHERAN.

Rev. O. Peters, Pastor.
Services in English Sunday evening at 7 standard time. Sunday-school at 10 a. m.

CHRISTIAN SCIENTIST.

Next Sunday morning at First Church of Christ, Scientist, 10:10 A. M. Subject, "Mortals and Immortals." Sunday-school for children 11:00 A. M. Wednesday evening testimonial service 7:10. Every one is welcome.

METHODIST.

Rev. E. King, Pastor.
Morning service at 10 o'clock. Sermon by the pastor. Subject, "Sin and the Sinner." Sunday-school at 11:30 a. m. Epworth League at 6 p. m. Evening service at 7 o'clock. J. H. Johnston of Detroit will give a patriotic address on "The Misplaced Flag." You are invited.

PRESBYTERIAN.

Rev. H. N. Ronald, Pastor.
Sunday, May 15—10:00, Morning worship. Special anniversary sermon by the pastor. (This day marks the close of the present pastor's fourth year of ministry here.)
11:15, Sunday-school. 6:00, Young People's Service. Address by Mr. Chas. I. Smith of Detroit. 7:00, Evening worship. Address by Mr. Smith, a Detroit business man.

Wednesday, May 18, 7:30 P. M., Congregational meeting to act upon the pastor's resignation, and to take steps toward securing a new pastor.

Thursday, May 19, 7:00 P. M.—Usual midweek service. Study of Phil. 11:20-30. You are most cordially invited to these services.

Miss Warfel entertained her brother from Grand Rapids Sunday.

SCHOOL NOTES.

[Printed as written by Pupils—Ed.]

"The Feast of the Seven Tables" given recently by the Seniors was declared a great success by everybody who attended. The Seniors deserve great credit for having carried such a difficult undertaking to a successful issue. The financial success was hardly commensurate with the work and capital invested, only about twenty three dollars having been cleared, but the Seniors are the gainers by a great deal of experience and the guests by a good time. The little entertainment which followed the "Feast" was enjoyed by all. The following program was given: Piano solo, Hazel Smitherman; Vocal solo, Mrs. Wheeler; Song, Boy's Glee Club; Song, Girls' Glee Club; Reading, Mr. Wheeler. The Seniors wish to thank all who helped them in both the "Feast" and the entertainment, especially the churches for their loans of tables, dishes, etc.

Everybody interested in the school should be here for our "School at Home" Friday evening, May 13. The manual training room will be in full operation as will other departments of the school, and all will be open, with daily work exhibited and explained, so that the guests will be able to see just how the school works. The display in the various departments will be followed by an entertainment in the high school room. The work shown is to be in no sense display or prize work but is to be typical of the every-day work of the school. The object is to give patrons of the school a chance to see the equipment and working of a modern school system as nearly as it can be seen in one evening. Children unaccompanied by older persons will not be admitted, but parents who can not come without their children are urged to bring them, for it is hoped that nothing will prevent every directly or indirectly interested in our school from being present.

The High School seems to be rather popular lately, if the number of visitors is any sign. The visitors of the last two weeks were: Howard Brown, '07, Evelyn Thomas, Viola Wright, Dora Townsend, Ethel Smitherman '08, Clyde Bentley '07, Nina Shuart, '08, Nellie Tomlinson, Marguerite Hough, '07, Spencer Heeney, '09, Will Sly, Madge Harlow.

Miss Hanford is planning to accompany some of her Shakespeare students to the Sothern-Marlowe play of Hamlet next week.

Mr. and Mrs. Carmon Root have given their fine collections of Indian relics, shells and geological specimens to the school. Mr. Lundy is building a case for the new exhibit.

Teachers' meetings will be held in the near-by parks and woods after school every pleasant Monday the rest of the year for the study of birds.

Miss Brown spent Saturday and Sunday in Detroit with her sister. The Physiography class took one of their field trips to the river this week, studying the features of stream development. As a by-product several new specimens for their aquarium were secured.

Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets will clear the sour stomach, sweeten the breath and create a healthy appetite. They promote the flow of gastric juice, thereby inducing good digestion. Sold by Beyer's Pharmacy.

May Be Postoffice Yeggmen

Four hoboes were arrested by Deputy Sheriff Springer Wednesday and lodged in the "cage" for the night. Thursday morning they were arraigned before Justice Valentine on the charge of trespassing, pleaded not guilty and were remanded for examination next Wednesday.

The tramps were making a rendezvous in an old barn on the Durfee farm and among the stuff found in their possession were a lot of burglar tools, some dynamite and nitro-glycerine. It was the opinion that the quartette might be the fellows wanted for the burglary of the Brighton and East Lansing post-offices and to give the officers time to look them up they were arrested on a minor charge and sent to jail where they could be reached if wanted. Some strong evidence has already been secured, it is alleged.

A meeting of the Plymouth Entertainment Course committee was held at P. W. Voorhies' office Tuesday evening to settle up affairs for the past year. The report of the treasurer showed a small amount on hand instead of a deficit as a year ago. The committee voted to give another series of entertainments next winter and a sub-committee was appointed to provide a list of attractions.

Stuart Montgomery of Northville turned a little short when he drove into Fred Schrader's yard Wednesday, tipping the wagon over and throwing him out. The horses nearly became unmanageable, but Montgomery got hold of one line and turned them against the house. The wagon was broken and a window of the house smashed. Montgomery had his leg bruised some.

The splendid work of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets is daily coming to light. No such grand remedy for liver and bowel troubles was ever known before. Thousands bless them for curing constipation, sick headache, biliousness, jaundice and indigestion. Sold by Beyer's Pharmacy.

FURNITURE & CARPETS

We have everything you may desire in the Furniture line, from kitchen to parlor, and can supply you with something neat and nice in

Sideboards, Buffets, China Cabinets and Bookcases.

Our stock in above line is the best ever. Come in and see it.

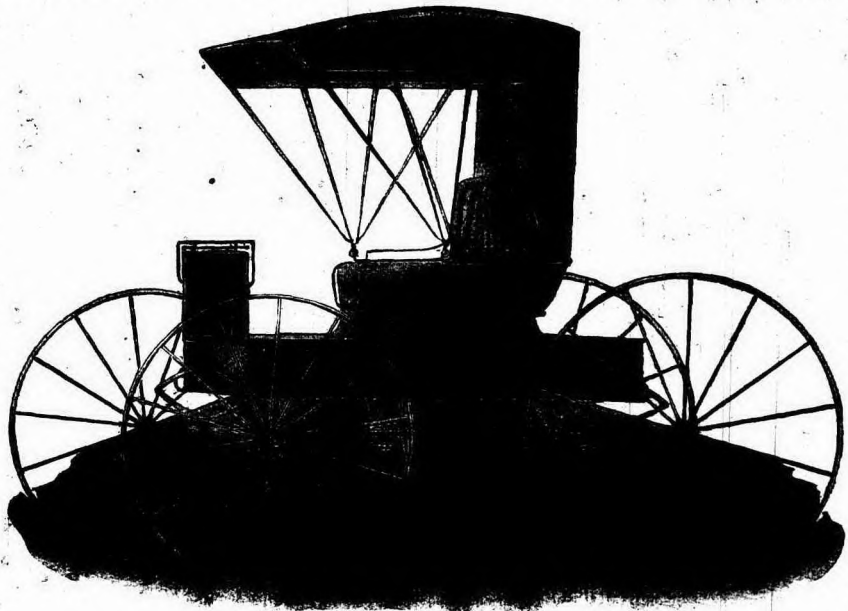
We Can't be Beat in Bedroom Furniture

And only ask your careful inspection as to quality and prices.

OVER 100 PATTERNS IN THE CARPET LINE, to select from and carry a nice stock of Room Size Rugs, Linoleums, Curtains, &c.

SCHRADER BROS.,

Furniture Dealers and Funeral Directors. Both Phones



SEE OUR NEW LOT OF BUGGIES!

NICE AUTO SEAT TOP BUGGY..... \$65.00
DRIVING WAGON..... 39.00
FARM WAGONS..... 47.00

HUSTON & CO.

Good Spring Tonic

STROH'S BOHEMIAN,
GOEBEL'S BLUE RIBBON,
PFEIFFER'S FAMOUS,

\$1.50 per Case of 2 doz. Pints

PABST BLUE RIBBON,
BUDWEISER,

\$2.50 per Case of 2 doz. Pints

TRY A CASE

Telephone your Order.
We Deliver.

W. F. WECKERLE,

Plymouth House

THE NEW WAY

WEAR

THE OLD WAY



Detroit "Looscarf" Collar Co. : : DETROIT, MICHIGAN.
Sold in Plymouth by A. H. Dibble & Son.

TRY PLYMOUTH MAIL LINERS—IT PAYS

R. E. COOPER, M.D.C.M.,

Physician & Surgeon,

Office hours—Until 9 A. M. to 2;
after 7 P. M.

OFFICE OVER RAUCH'S STORE
Bell Phone 36; Local 20.

DR. S. E. CAMPBELL

Office and Residence, Ann Arbor St.
first house west of Main street.

Hours—8 to 9 a. m., 1 to 2 and 7 to 8 p. m.
Independent Phone No. 45.

Dr. A. E. PATTERSON

Office and residence, Main street,
next to Express office.

Hours—until 9 a. m., 2 to 4 p. m. and after
Telephone 85, Plymouth, Mich.

P. W. VOORHIES,

Attorney and Counselor at Law

Real Estate, Loans and
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Telephone 78. Plymouth, Mich

Penney's LIVERY

DRAYING OF ALL KINDS
Promptly done.

A share of your trade solicited.

When in need of a Big ring up
City Phone No. 9.

CZAR PENNEY

TRY MAIL LINERS

Roblson's Livery

Sutton Street

GOOD STABLING.

Good Rigs at the best
prices possible.

All kinds of Draying
done promptly



"See-Saw"

The little boy and present a pretty picture of youthful innocence as they are enjoying themselves in childish sport. The board, the log and the machinery are representative of

Our Lumber Yard

We carry a most complete stock and invite the careful attention of economical buyers to the prices that we are asking.

Plymouth Lumber & Coal Co.,

CHAS. MATHER, Sec. & Manager

Arsenate of Lead

AND

Lime and Sulphur

FOR KILLING THE

Codling Moth, Canker Worm,
Plum Curculius, Cherry Slug,
Cabbage and Currant Worm,
Potato Beetle, Saw Fly on Berries,
Leaf Roller on Strawberries, etc.

SOLD BY

Conner Hdw. Co., Ltd.

Local News

Merle Murray is clerking in his father's store.

Mrs. Luther Passage spent Wednesday in Ann Arbor.

Mrs. Henry Upholt visited friends in Lansing this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Stocken moved to Ipsilanti this week.

Mrs. E. J. Crane has moved into Mrs. Perrin's house.

Kayser Silk Gloves in colors—50c, 75c and \$1.00, at Rauch's.

B. H. Haigh of Detroit was a Plymouth visitor Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Chaffee visited in Battle Creek this week.

Maccabee Bake Sale at Pinckney's Pharmacy Saturday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Riggs spent Sunday in Pontiac and Birmingham.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Promenschenkel of Detroit spent Sunday in town.

Mrs. M. L. Kingsley of Milford visited Mrs. H. C. Robinson a few days this week.

Charles Merritt has purchased the John VanInWagen farm south of the village.

Mrs. W. W. Murray and Lelia attended the funeral of Mrs. Kubik near Elm yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Maltby of South Lyon spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Maltby.

Mrs. Addie Rowley, who recently moved to Detroit, was a Plymouth visitor Wednesday.

Decoration day is approaching and it is expected it will be observed about as usual in Plymouth.

Mr. and Mrs. Leigh Markham of Detroit spent the latter part of last week with the former's mother here.

Mesdames Henry and Ed. Williams of Mason visited Mrs. Geo. Holbrook and Mrs. H. Peck Wednesday.

Mrs. Anna Lake has resigned her position with the Stimpson Scale & Manufacturing Co. at Northville.

Miss Ethel Merryweather and Will McArthur of Detroit spent Sunday here with Mr. and Mrs. Arthur J. Torre.

Himalaya Cloth in colors, 25c and 29c at Rauch's.

Mrs. E. E. Caster and daughter Florence were over Sunday visitors in Detroit, Mrs. Caster remaining a few days longer.

Mrs. G. E. Brownell is staying at Thos. Thompson's for a few days, as the daughter is very sick and Mrs. Thompson is poorly.

George McGill of Detroit and Mrs. W. C. Hull of Lansing were Sunday visitors at the home of their father, Thomas McGill.

The woman's missionary society of the Baptist church will meet with Mrs. Lou Reed, Main street, next Wednesday afternoon.

The State Homeopaths will hold their annual meeting in Grand Rapids May 18th. Dr. Peck of this village is down on the program for a paper.

Mesdames S. L. Bennett, S. E. Campbell and E. L. Beals attended a meeting of the Baptist missionary association of Wayne county at Salem yesterday.

Mrs. H. L. George, Ex-Auditor General G. W. Stone and Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Bradner of Lansing spent Sunday with Mrs. N. A. Bradner and mother.

Mrs. Rose Bodmer attended the annual of the Woman's Foreign Missionary Society of the Detroit conference held at Port Huron Tuesday and Wednesday.

The Knights of the Modern Maccabees will attend the initiation of a large class of candidates at Harmony hall, Detroit on May 19th. A special car will leave the waiting room at 3 o'clock P. M.

Rev. E. E. Caster was a Chelsea visitor Monday, being called there on business in connection with the Old People's Home. He reports a long visit with Mrs. Glazier, mother of the ex-State Treasurer.

D. D. Allen spent a few days this week visiting his brother-in-law at Ovid. Mr. Allen says most of the farmers in that section drive automobiles to town, being way ahead in this line of farmers in this vicinity.

Plans are rapidly developing for the unveiling of the statue of General Custer at Monroe, June 4. It is now expected that the exercises will start about 8 o'clock in the morning and continue most of the day. President Taft will attend the ceremonies.

At the eleventh hour several big corporations paid up their taxes and as a result the apportionment of the primary school money made last Tuesday by Auditor General O. B. Fuller was on the basis of \$6.50 per capita, 775,224 school children being enumerated in the State.

John D. Rockwell would go broke if he should spend his entire income trying to prepare a better medicine than Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy for diarrhoea, dysentery or bowel complaints. It is simply impossible, and so says every one that has used it. Sold by Beyer's Pharmacy.

Elmer Jarvis is at his home in Ann Arbor sick.

Clifford Maltby of Detroit visited Miss Viva Willis Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Delker of Detroit visited in Plymouth Sunday.

Street musicians made some good music on our streets yesterday.

Mrs. H. M. Jackson of Detroit visited her mother, Mrs. Springstein here Thursday.

Mrs. J. B. Henderson and daughter Dority are visiting her sister in Cleveland this week.

Isaac Gleason is again confined to his bed with pneumonia, but is some better at this writing.

Mrs. Wm. Addison of Toledo spent Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Conrad Springer.

Mrs. Jennie Voorhies expects to leave next Thursday for Glasgow, Scotland, and her continental trip.

The band was out Wednesday night to make music for the moving picture show at the opera house.

Most of the teachers now engaged expect to remain for the next year, but there will be a few new faces.

The Hill Cascara Co. began operations in the Hoops block Wednesday morning with 25 girl employes.

The interior of Louis Reber's new house on Oak street is finished and he expects to move into the same next Monday.

Miss Eva Brunner returned to her home in Ruthven, Ont., yesterday after spending a month with her sister, Mrs. A. E. Patterson.

Mrs. Wm. Kubik, aged 23, of Perrinville, died Monday night, leaving a three weeks old baby. The funeral occurred yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Bert Toncrey of Belding and Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Adams and children of Detroit spent Sunday with E. Toncrey and family.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Bert Norton of Rochester last Thursday. Mrs. Norton will be remembered as Miss Margaret Patterson.

Mrs. W. A. Smith returned home from a visit with friends and relatives in Ann Arbor and Milan Tuesday. She was accompanied home by her little granddaughter.

E. D. Wood sued the Pere Marquette R. R. Co. for back pay, the case being on trial in Detroit Tuesday and Wednesday. The verdict was rendered yesterday morning and Mr. Wood won his case.

A meeting of the members and congregation of the Presbyterian church is called for the purpose of acting upon the resignation of Rev. H. N. Ronald, with the view of dissolving the pastoral relation between him and the church. The meeting will be held at the church Wednesday evening, May 19. A full attendance is much desired. By order of the session board.

Street Commissioner Passage is doing some work on the village streets that has been needed some time. Owing to the expense of paving Main street, other street work has been more or less neglected for a year or two, but there is now plenty of money in the street fund so that needed work on other streets may be done. The council should keep the commissioner busy all summer.

The well known horse Marble Grit stands at the barn of J. C. Knapp, just west of the U. S. fish station, Northville. Terms to insure, \$20.

Board of Review.

Notice is hereby given that the Board of Review of the village of Plymouth will meet at the council room Tuesday and Wednesday, May 24 and 25, at 9 o'clock a. m. on each of said days, when and where the assessment roll of said village will be reviewed and any person feeling aggrieved by the assessment may be heard.

Dated May 12, 1910.
JOHN SHACKLETON,
Village Assessor.

Never hesitate about giving Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to children. It contains no opium or other narcotics and can be given with implicit confidence. As a quick cure for coughs and colds to which children are susceptible, it is unsurpassed. Sold by Beyer's Pharmacy.

Don't waste your money. There are plenty of good uses for it. Don't pay 40 to 50 cents a pound for baking powder. K O Baking Powder is guaranteed to do better work, and it saves you 30 cents on a pound can.

THE MARKETS

Wheat, red, \$1.02; white \$1.02
Hay, \$10.00 to \$12.00 No. 1 Timothy.
Oats, 40c.
Rye, 70c.
Beans, basis \$1.80
Potatoes, 10c.
Butter, 25c.
Eggs, 15c.

Wants, For Sale, To Rent, etc.

5c. per Line, One Insertion.

Household furniture, stoves, lady's bicycle, baby buggy, etc. for sale cheap. ANNA LAKE.

FOR SALE.—Two male pigs six months old, one a registered Poland China. J. J. SHERRER.

WANTED.—Two dining room girls and a chamber maid. Apply at the Plymouth House.

FOR SALE.—Loose or two of good hay. Enquire of M. S. Miller.



Our Customers

find they can get better Groceries, better service better prices here than elsewhere. If you want fresh Groceries, you should deal with us. All cereals, goods, Soups, Vegetables, Meats, Fruits, etc. Flour, Sugar, Tea and Coffee.

Comprador Tea and B. & P. Coffee.

Open Kettle New Orleans Molasses.

Fresh Vegetables of all kinds every day.

Brown & Pettingill,

THE WHITE FRONT GROCERY

Telephone No. 40.

Free Delivery

LOW PRICES

HIGH PRICES

JOLLIFFE & SON

NOW OPERATE THE

FAMOUS CLOCK SYSTEM

by which we give away every Saturday at 3:30 p. m., absolutely free three green or silver dollars to the parties holding tickets whose time number corresponds to the closest to the time that our "Few Regular" clock stops.

GET A GARD

with every 50c cash purchase and the figures are plainly printed on the same. Simply follow the directions on the cards, and if you are the lucky one, step up and get your money. See small bills for further particulars.

JUST REMEMBER

we are sole agents for the famous Holeproof Hosiery, and also carry full lines of men's Pants, Shirts, Overalls, Jackets, Neckwear, etc. Tickets given on all articles.

Your Grocery Order will also be given the very best of attention. Send us a trial order to-day and be convinced.

Both phones. Free Delivery.

GALE'S.



On Baking Day

If you get your hat to us early in the morning we will send you a hurry up order of all things needed for the baking. Our superior flour and sugar, with our fresh eggs and sweet butter, will be all you can ask for in QUALITY. Several Baking Powders to choose from. Flavors of all kinds. You will find prices cheaper than most grocers are quoting.

WALL PAPER WALL PAPER

DRUGS, SEEDS, &c.

JOHN L. GALE

An Ideal Wedding Gift is a Mantel Clock...

They give a homelike air to a room, which is lacking without a clock.

Among the handsome new Clocks which we have just received are—

Enameled and Gilt Clocks with Cathedral Gong Bells.

Brass Clocks.

Mahogany Clocks.

Black Enameled Clocks.

Porcelain Clocks and

Nickel Clocks that strike the hour and half hour.

Ask to see our new line of Cut Glass and Hand-painted China.

G. G. DRAPER

Jeweler and Optometrist.

EXCURSIONS

VIA THE

Pere Marquette

ON

Sunday, May 22

TO

Grand Rapids and Bay City.

Train will leave Plymouth at 8:15 a. m. Returning leave Grand Rapids at 6:00 p. m.; Bay City 6:45 p. m.

ROUND TRIP FARES.

To Island Lake	90.50
To Lansing	1.00
To Grand Lodge	1.25
To Grand Rapids	2.00
To Flint	1.00
To Saginaw-Bay City	1.50

EXCURSIONS

VIA THE

Pere Marquette

—ON—

Sund'y, May 15

—TO—

GREENVILLE

Train will leave Plymouth at 8:15 a. m. Returning, leave Greenville at 6:00 p. m.

ROUND TRIP FARES

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To BELDING-GREENVILLE	1.75

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DEATH LIST OVER 2,500

**EARTHQUAKE IN COSTA RICA
CAUSE DEATH AND RUIN
IN MANY TOWNS; 10,000
HOMELESS.**

**BODIES OF MOTHERS EXHUMED
WITH BABES AT THEIR BREASTS
SHOW HOW SUDDEN WAS
CATASTROPHE.**

**Pestilence Bred by Rotting Bodies
Adds New Terrors to the Situation;
The Ignorant Blame
The Comet.**

As details of the earthquake that rent Costa Rica Wednesday arrive by wire and courier, it is recognized that the country has suffered a catastrophe ranking as one of the worst in the world's history.

While it was at first believed that preliminary estimates of the dead—1,800—amounted to exaggeration, yet it is now apparent that even this number will not cover the casualties.

One thousand persons in Cartago alone were killed, while of the 2,000 injured, many will die.

It is believed that at least 1,000 persons were killed outright in the destruction of Paraiso.

The town of Oshomere was practically ruined, and a death list of 400 from this point is considered a conservative estimate.

It is probable that the entire death toll will amount to in excess of 2,500, because it is impossible to tabulate casualties in small towns to the north and northwest of Cartago and San Jose, where, it is known, immense damage was done.

Pestilence Adds to Horror.
The entire country is terrorized. Pestilence in Cartago and Paraiso add to the already horrible conditions. Of the 500 corpses recovered in Cartago only a small percentage have been buried, although rescue parties are working intelligently to clear up the menacing situation.

Relatives of many of the victims have made an unpleasant situation by demanding bodies to bury in private burying grounds or family lots. Every corpse will be buried, irrespective of the wishes of relatives.

While the earth has been rocking and rumbling for a month, yet the cataclysm came like the flash of a lightning bolt. Out of the quake's ruins in Cartago have been exhumed bodies of mothers with babes still clinging to their breasts. The earth opened beneath them without warning.

Bodies taken from other parts of the ruined city show that the quake victims struggled against the fate that closed in on them. Some corpses are horribly lacerated as a result of fighting against burial alive.

Ignorant Blame the Comet.
The population is in a state of utter demoralization. The more ignorant have erected altars and are offering up sacrifices to unidentified gods, asking protection against Halley's comet, which they blame for the quake.

Scores of persons prominent in Central America suffered death in Cartago. Dr. Becanegre, of the court of arbitration, fought his way out of the ruins of his home carrying three children with him. His wife and another child perished.

The demolished buildings include 10 churches and the municipal palace, in addition to the Palace of Justice. Parties headed by President Viquez and President-elect Jimenez are working valiantly but under tremendous difficulties, to restore the injured and recover the bodies of the dead.

The earthquake lasted four seconds. It was a tremendous movement, which followed a few minor shocks during the course of the day. It occurred at 7 o'clock Wednesday evening. No one had time to run out of the houses, which fell crashing to the streets. Had the great shock come during the sleeping hours hardly any could have escaped.

Rear Admiral McCalla Dead.
Rear Admiral B. H. McCalla, United States navy, died at San Barbara, Cal., of apoplexy.

Rear Admiral McCalla was one of the most useful officers in the American navy before his retirement in 1906. He graduated from Annapolis in 1864 and saw his first service at once on the old steam sloop Susequehanna in the Brazilian squadron.

In 1885, when the United States had to seize the Isthmus of Panama to keep commerce open, he had charge of 3,000 bluejackets, and he kept the trains moving. He also so kept down the death rate from fever among his men as to cause the French government to inquire how it was done.

A commission appointed by Mayor Gaynor of New York to make recommendations for economy in connection with the city printing, has decided upon reductions which will save the city \$300,000 a year. Chief among the recommendations is a reduction in the price of city advertising in class papers from 40 cents to 25 cents a line, and the standardization of stationery and supplies.

Wm. H. Head, 82 years old, claim agent of the Illinois Central Railroad Co. for 40 years and pioneer resident of Chicago, died at his home while sitting in a chair. Born in England, he was a choir boy in St. Paul cathedral, London, more than 60 years ago. He attended the convention which nominated Lincoln 50 years ago and was a personal friend of President Lincoln.

"To consider a new non-partisan popular form of government" the executive committee of the American Civic Alliance has issued a call for a mass meeting to be held in New York on Sunday, May 15.

HUNTING 'EM BOTH.



Texas Bear (to senator on a walking trip in the mountains)—Hully gee! Is the president after you?

AN INTOLERABLE ITCHING

"Just about two years ago, some form of humor appeared on my scalp. The beginning was a slight itching but it grew steadily worse until, when I combed my hair, the scalp became raw and the ends of the comb-teeth would be wet with blood. Most of the time there was an intolerable itching, in a painful, burning way, very much as a bad, raw burn, if deep, will itch and smart when first beginning to heal. Combing my hair was positive torture. My hair was long and tangled terribly because of the blood and scabs. This continued growing worse and over half my hair fell out. I was in despair, really afraid of becoming totally bald.

"Sometimes the pain was so great that, when partially awake, I would scratch the worst places so that my finger-tips would be bloody. I could not sleep well and, after being asleep a short time, that awful stinging pain would commence and then I would wake up nearly wild with the torture. A neighbor said it must be salt rheum. Having used Cuticura Soap merely as a toilet soap before, I now decided to order a set of the Cuticura Remedies—Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Pills. I used them according to directions for perhaps six weeks, then left off, as the disease seemed to be eradicated, but toward spring, eighteen months ago, there was a slight return of the scalp humor. I commenced the Cuticura treatment at once, so had very little trouble. On my scalp I used about one half a cake of Cuticura Soap and half a box of Cuticura Ointment in all. The first time I took six or seven bottles of Cuticura Pills and the last time three bottles—neither an expensive or tedious treatment. Since then I have had no scalp trouble of any kind. Standing up, with my hair unbound, it comes to my knees and had it not been for Cuticura I should doubtless be wholly bald.

"This is a voluntary, unsolicited testimonial and I take pleasure in writing it, hoping my experience may help someone else. Miss Lillian Brown, R. F. D. 1, Liberty, Me., Oct. 29, 1909."

Different.

Visitor—I saw your husband in the crowd down town today. In fact, he was so close that I could have touched him.

Hostess—That's strange. At home he is so close that nobody can touch him!—Puck.

Poor Indeed.

Ella—My face is my fortune.
Stella—You destitute thing!

DIDN'T GET THE SITUATION

Flight of Eloquence Wasted by Friend of Dobkins—Pretty Enough, But Not Appropriate.

"What makes you act so grouchy this morning, Dobkins?"
"Had an addition to my family."
"What? Why, you ought to be ashamed to be gloomy over that! To think that a normal human being should be angry because of the advent of such a cherub! Do you actually grudge a place in your happy home to an innocent creature fresh from heaven, bringing with it the very fragrance of those celestial realms? Do you greet with an unwelcoming chill a small epitome of all purity and sweetness given into your keeping as a priceless, though undeserved treasure by a too benevolent Providence? A lovely copy of what fancy feigns the angels to be like—a tiny shred of grace and glory, snatched from the—" "Say, that's very pretty, but do you know you're talking about my mother-in-law?"

SHAWNEE, OKLAHOMA,

A City Beautiful.

Is in the heart of the richest, best profit making farm land in the great Southwest. From a brush pile to a city of 25,000 population in 14 years. Wonder of the age in city building. Now building Meat packing house—1500 employees; Cotton Fabric Mill—600 employees; Baptist and Catholic State Universities—Will enroll 1000 students. Unprecedented profit making investments waiting for men of small and large means. The last opportunity to get property in Shawnee at a low price. Get in on the ground floor. Prices will advance rapidly. Nothing can stop Shawnee now. For descriptive literature and further information write SHAWNEE DEVELOPMENT COMPANY, Shawnee, Oklahoma, which is not a real estate company.

A Boomerang.

One of the officials of the Midland railway, coming from Glenwood Springs the other day, was telling a young woman on the train how wonderfully productive Colorado's irrigated ground is.

"Really," he explained, "it's so rich that girls who walk on it have big feet. It just simply makes their feet grow."

"Huh," was the young woman's rejoinder, "some o. the Colorado men must have been going around walking on their heads."—Denver Post.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the

Signature of *Wm. C. Little*
In Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

The Limit.

Knicker—The price of everything has gone up.
Bocker—Yes, we've even got a smaller hole in a doughnut.—N. Y. Sun.

Spring Longings.

Splutter—I'm just dying to get out and dig in the ground.
Butter—Golf or fishworms?

Mrs. Wipelow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, soothes the gums, reduces inflammation, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.
A girl isn't necessarily a jewel, because she is set in her ways.

WESTERN CANADA

What Prof. Shaw, the Well-Known Agriculturist, Says About It:

"I would sooner raise cattle in Western Canada than in the corn belt of the United States this year. It is cheaper and climate better for the purpose. Your cattle will improve faster than your farmers will produce the surplus. Wheat can be grown up to the 60th parallel 100 miles north of the international boundary. 1000 vacant land acres will be taken at a rate beyond present conception. We have enough people in the United States alone who want homes to take up this land." Each

70,000 Americans will enter and make their homes in Western Canada this year. 1000 produced another large number of vacant lands. In addition to which the cattle exports was an immense amount of land, growing in the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta. Free homestead and pre-emption laws, as well as land by railway and land companies, will provide homes for millions. Adaptable soil, beautiful climate, splendid schools and churches, and good railroads. For settlers' notes, descriptive literature, "Last Best West," how to reach the country and other particulars, write to Sap's of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to the Canadian Government Agent, W. Y. McLean, 718 Jefferson Ave., Detroit, or C. A. Lauer, 3411 St. Marie, Mich. (Use address nearest you) 63

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Gives one a sweet breath; clean, white, germ-free teeth—antiseptically cleans mouth and throat—purifies the breath after smoking—dispels all disagreeable perspiration and body odors—much appreciated by dainty women. A quick remedy for sore eyes and catarrh.

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that make a horse wheeze, cough, have Thick Wind, or choke-down, can be removed with

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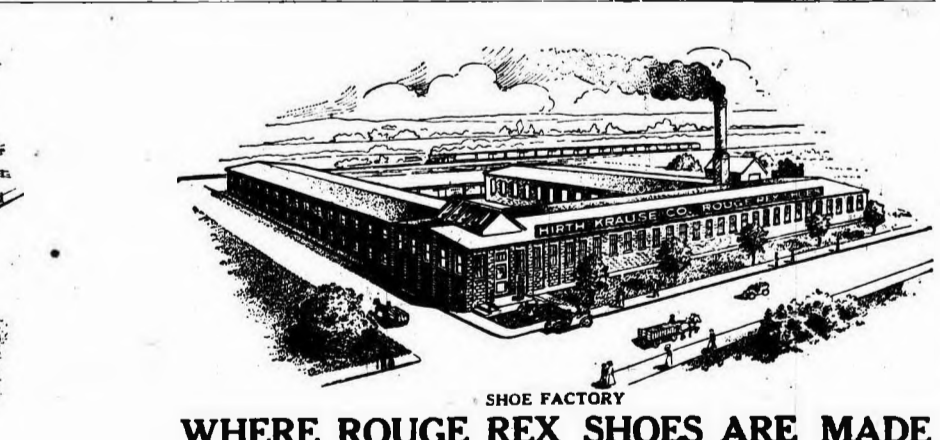
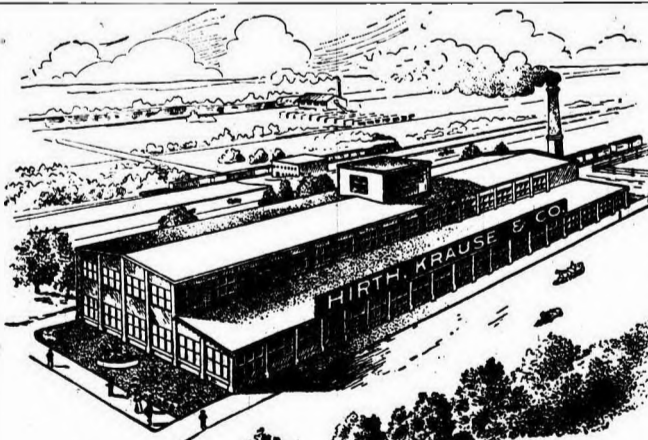
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Price Less—Value more as New. Absolute guarantee 6 months' rental applied. Write NOW for prices, of this County.
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We are now tanning our own leather from which Rouge Rex shoes are made. This assures the purchaser that he is getting a shoe made from a tough, pliable leather that with proper treatment will give long and comfortable wear. We use no substitutes for leather.

Ask your dealer for the ROUGE REX shoe. Look for the label with the Indian head on a tan skin.

HIRTH-KRAUSE CO., Grand Rapids, Mich.
"HOOF TO FOOT" SHOEMAKERS

A Shoe Made for Hard Service—Bound to Satisfy

The Husband Explains

She threw the letter on the table and looked over at her husband. "That's just like a woman," she said. "Anybody would suppose that I had been trying to do her a mean trick from the tone of her letter, and I thought I was doing her a favor."

He went right on reading the newspaper, devoting the rest of his attention to his coffee.

"Don't take enough interest in my affairs to read the letter, I suppose," she went on, getting dangerously near the teary stage. "Well, you needn't, then."

"You just tell me what's in it, dear," he said. "That will be sufficient." She seemed mollified and picked up the rejected letter.

"I can tell you what's in it," she went on. "It's just in answer to what I wrote her about the flat. You know Jenny Smith told me that she would always like to take this flat off our hands if we were tired of it; that she had never seen a flat anywhere so good; that she would regard it as a great favor if we did let her know and that she wanted just such an apartment."

"I did that and now she writes back that she is very appreciative of my offer, but that under the circumstances she thinks she will not be able to take it off our hands, much as she would like to be of service to us. She writes as if I had implored her to rent it as a great favor to me."

"That's just the way with people when you ask them to do what they have said they are very anxious to do once they get the idea that they are doing you a favor. It's just the same thing that happened when I asked the Joneses if they wanted my cook."

"Every time they came to the house last winter they used to rave over Emily. They would be so happy if only they could get such a cook, they said. Yet when I wrote to them that we were giving up keeping house and that they could have her if they wanted her they seemed to be actually embarrassed about the matter, as if they were having a servant forced on them willy nilly."

He had not indicated any great interest at the beginning, but listened more attentively as his wife's narrative proceeded. Then he put down the paper and began to talk himself.

"Don't you remember the time you bought that old side table at auction and Mary asked you to let her have it if you ever wanted to sell it?"

She nodded.

"Don't you recall also how patronizing she was when you told her you thought you might let her have it because you didn't want to crowd your dining room? Surely you have not forgotten how she tried to wriggle out of taking it just as if you were determined to hold her to a bargain."

She admitted that she had not forgotten a detail of this transaction. Then she also admitted how provoked she had been when her cousin Helen had asked her to give her the refusal of her old horse Sally if she decided to sell her when they went to town in the autumn.

"Then how can you," he asked, "with these things fresh in your mind, put yourself in the way of being patronized again in such fashion? You ought to learn that what they do not possess often seems very attractive to persons so long as it remains the property of others. It is quite a different thing when it becomes attainable to them."

"It almost invariably happens that they have ceased to care for it and it is only human nature for them to give themselves the satisfaction of showing the owners that they are now in possession of the situation. So remember that trait the next time you offer to anybody a similar kindness."

A Monkey Trick.
Curator Raymond L. Ditmars, of the New York zoo, was praising the intelligence of monkeys.

"A Philadelphia man," he said, "was hurrying out Powellton avenue one afternoon when, all of a sudden, an orange grinder's little monkey dropped dead. The poor grinder's grief was pitiful. The Philadelphian, touched, gave him a half dollar and hastened away."

"An hour later, returning through Market street, he saw the same orange grinder, and, just as he passed, the monkey again dropped dead, and the grinder's grief was even more pitiful than before."

"The Philadelphian gave a loud laugh. The grinder, recognizing him, laughed, too, but made no motion to return the half dollar."

Two Sides to Great Actress.
Mrs. Siddons was, on and off the stage, "two different people." On the stage she was a pythonesse, nightly hypnotized into passionate emotions by the sight of the drop curtain and the boards, says a writer. In her home she was, at all events to the casual observer, more than a thought too much a mere mother and British matron, loving to be seen and of good report, seated in the tower of an unimaginative mansion. Had she not been an actress she would have made (such an observer might have said) an ideal bishop's wife.

The Lesson.
Freeman—Is this lesson for the week?
Professor—No; for the strength of your variety of Texas Capote.

PLANNING A GARDEN

"Just what father will say I have no idea," began Doris, swinging a pink-checked sun-bonnet over the porch railing. "But it was his letter that really started me. So he is partly to blame if he doesn't quite approve. And he does want me to stay outdoors."

"Everybody finds me out here, and I don't pretend to apologize for enveloping aprons and garden tools. I've dragged up enough porch furniture so that I can entertain people and now I don't interrupt things to dress. Out here gingham do very nicely."

"It is a charming porch," remarked Louise, with a slight shiver, as she carefully rolled off her delicate gloves and lifted her fawn-gray skirts slightly. "But the yard—ain't it a bit dirty, even for gingham?"

"Now, for goodness' sake, don't be snobbish," pleaded Doris. "It's lovely. And weren't you the very person who advised me to give up the winter term at school and come home, where I could get well making flower gardens? That was the very day father came for me with the news that this house in the suburbs was ours. I came on to find snow everywhere and no possible chance to do anything but plan. Just when things began to get sunny father was called away on this tiresome business trip. Through my conscientious efforts mother's life was made a nightmare until she got father to send a long list of instructions and plans for the garden."

"I started that very day in earnest. Father wrote: 'Have the garden spaded and arranged according to these plans, and when I come Doris can do all the planting under my instructions.' I can see his smile as he wrote that. What will he say to this, I wonder?"

"You see, I had already made plans of my own. He had sent for lots of horticulturists' magazines and in one of them I found a glorious plan for a formal garden—just the size of ours. Of course father wasn't specially interested in the flower side of it at all. He is so crazy over sweet corn and summer squashes that he can't think of other things. When I told me how much of the ground would be mine I kept the plan to myself, for there seemed such oceans of time to discuss it. After he went south I talked it over with mother, and she wrote him about some of my plans. That was why he sent his. So we started in, making every now and then a few changes that didn't really matter."

Mother protested for a time. But she hasn't said a word for a week—not since I started to dig the pool for my iris and goldfish. Yes, that's it. In the center will be a bank of gravel, but there will be a mud bottom for the long roots. And I had pipes laid, so there will be a continual flow of water across the pool. Of course there is the water tax to think of, as mother says, but maybe we can get a special rate, since we want to use so much water. Most things are cheaper at wholesale, you know.

"Along the sunny fence I've planted hollyhocks and cosmos and coreopsis, because they make amicable comrades when shoulder to shoulder," as my book says. Father's corn was to have been there, but it can go some where else just as well, and think of the difference in the looks—and on the most prominent side of the yard too!

"The beds all circle about the iris pool and the paths are to be of grass, with a four-foot border with sweet alyssum, pansies and foliage plants, just like the parks. And there are my poppy beds—nymphs even in the heart of flowerdom, my book calls them."

"That pillar? Oh, that is my sundial. Isn't it sweet? I had to have one, for this article says: 'About the sundial clusters all the romance of the ages. It is enveloped in an atmosphere of poetry.'"

"Mother and I had our most serious discussion over this bed on the north side of the yard. I have to wait for father before I shall know about my summer house. There I shall serve tea, with rambler roses and clematis and wisteria climbing all about! Father had selected that side for his asparagus beds and they were already started, so I yielded to mother in that. I love asparagus, don't you? And if I must do without the summer house I'll have the vines over the porch, as mother suggested."

"Other vegetables? Well, yes, father wants them, and I am worried to think where he can put them. Why, he even wanted pumpkins and cantaloupes. I have left a bed for lettuce and radishes and such pretty things as that. The book advised it. As for the rest, we can buy all the vegetables we want from the truck farmers around. I inquired about that."

"I haven't written father my entire plan. It will be such a nice surprise for him, I think. Besides, it is so complicated that he couldn't have understood it in a letter. I did write about moving the tomato beds away from my hollyhocks and he telegraphed me to let them alone, so that discouraged me."

"I have a suggestion, though. If he can't find room for his corn here, why can't he buy this empty lot next to us? He could have a regular farm there. He is coming home to-night and that is the first thing I want to talk to him about. Don't you think he'd like all that space for vegetables?"

OSBORN FAR IN LEAD

Soo Man Looks to Be Winner For Governor.

Kelley Strength Dwindling as Campaign Progresses—Osborn People Claim Primary by 50,000—Musselman Last—Campaign Is Analyzed.

It is predicted in Detroit by close followers of politics that Chase S. Osborn will win in the gubernatorial primary by more than 50,000. Enthusiastic Osborn supporters declare that it will be nearer 75,000, while none of the seers in the state's metropolis put the Soo man's plurality at less than 35,000.

It is conceded by everyone who follows politics here that never has there been such a switch in public sentiment in such a short length of time as has been witnessed in the present fight for the Republican nomination for governor of Michigan.

Even the most loyal Osborn man will acknowledge that if the primary had been held about Jan. 1 that Lieutenant Governor Kelley would have been the winner.

But with the opening of the "hangout circuit," Chase Osborn literally gained thousands of votes daily.

When Mr. Osborn took up the active end of the campaign he was unknown to the bulk of the people in the state.

But with his first speech he became almost a popular idol. His campaign was opened at Greenville, where he was unknown, but within a month the result of that speech had been to shatter the Eleventh district, acknowledged previous to that speech as a Kelley stronghold, and to make that district an even chance. And so it was with every speech.

Osborn was an even money proposition by Feb. 1, but from then on he gained by leaps and bounds. At St. Johns he was given an ovation only equalled by those given to presidential candidates. In two speeches at Detroit he made a tremendous impression, and the Kelley workers practically gave up in Wayne county.

Probably the greatest indication of how Mr. Osborn has turned over the state is shown by Bay county. Here State Labor Commissioner "Dick" Fletcher reigned supreme, and there was betting by the Kelley adherents that the lieutenant governor would carry this county 3 to 1 over Osborn. But the Osborn sentiment reached a point in March where, on a direct Osborn-Kelley issue, Fletcher was beaten in a county convention, something that hadn't happened in years before.

Many reasons are responsible for the Osborn sentiment. First of all comes the personality of the man. He is the most magnetic speaker in Michigan, and he makes votes with every word he utters during a speech. But coupled with this is the feeling against the present state administration, which is typified by Mr. Kelley, and the fact that the entire state machine is laboring with might and main to elect Mr. Kelley, or at least to nominate him, for there is a growing feeling in the state that if Mr. Kelley is nominated he has but slight chance of being elected.

This very fact has lost him a great deal of support, county delegates feeling that he will weaken the ticket and hurt their own campaign if he should head the ticket.

Getting down to the matter of figures, the Republican enrollment in the upper peninsula was 44,000, which means that Osborn will come to the straits with a plurality in excess of 22,000. This is a tremendous vote for any candidate to overcome, and there is not one chance in 500 that Mr. Kelley can accomplish this.

Wayne county is solid for Osborn, and a number of bets have been made here that Osborn will have 15,000 plurality in the county. This goes as well for Saginaw, Jackson, Ann Arbor, Kalamazoo, Port Huron, Benton Harbor, Muskegon, Manistee and Ludington.

He will carry the Tenth district by a big majority, and also the Eleventh, although the latter will be closer. The Fourth district is apparently the closest in the lower peninsula, with Mr. Kelley having a shade; but Osborn will offset this by his vote in the Third district and in the Second. The Fifth is also conceded to Osborn, with the Ninth, and the Seventh will offset any Kelley gains in the Sixth.

The development of the congressional fight in the Sixth may work to Osborn's advantage. Congressman Sam Smith is likely to be opposed by Senator Frank J. Shields of Howell. If Senator Shields gets in he will keep the Pontiac man so busy with his own nomination that he will not have time to aid Mr. Kelley very much.

Mr. Musselman will play but a small part in the race. If he had stood firmly by his original declaration for prohibition he might have become a factor through the straight "dry" votes he would have secured in addition to the support he was sure of in any event. But his later straddling of the liquor question has disgusted all factions.

Sticking it up from all sides, the claim of the Osborn people that Mr. Osborn will be nominated for governor of Michigan by 50,000 votes like a generally reasonable one.

More than a thousand persons were married in Chicago on Thanksgiving day. There were 125 marriage ceremonies in Cincinnati, and 100 persons joined the ranks of the wedded in Richmond, Va. Sounds like an epidemic, but it was the manifestation of a growing custom of making Thanksgiving day an occasion for marriages. The phrase "single blessedness" is so unconvincing that many young men and maidens have decided that in that condition Thanksgiving day leaves little to be thankful for. So there is philosophy at the basis of it all, and it is to be hoped that next Thanksgiving day will find the heroes and heroines of yesterday of the same opinion still, as well as those who will take the next turkey holiday as one to be devoted also to the turtle doves of affection.

The Washington preacher who finds football in this country worse than bullfighting in Mexico is doubtless sustained by the statistics of mortality in the two sports. The difference lies in the fact that while the bullfighting has become tamer, football has taken on a dangerous strenuousness.

Forty thousand shirt waist makers are on strike in New York. Now, then, if those who have to button 'em down the back will only strike in sympathy, victory is assured.

WAS YOUR GRANDMOTHER A GOOD COOK?

Fifty years ago your Grandmother was successful in her baking in spite of many handicaps. In her day Baking Powder was a novelty. She was glad to pay 50 cents a pound for it. Since her time modern improvements have reduced the cost of manufacture until a much better Baking Powder is produced for only one-third the money. Still the Baking Powder Trust ask you to pay the old high prices to-day for the same old-style Baking Powders. K C BAKING POWDER combines the best of everything in materials, quality and scientific skill to make the most perfect of all Baking Powders. Remember—K C Baking Powder—guaranteed under all Pure Food Laws. And the price—25 cents for a 25 ounce can!

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Ind. phone 130, Plymouth.

Commissioner's Notice.

In the matter of the estate of Julia Ann Stevens deceased. We, the undersigned, having been appointed by the probate court for the county of Wayne, State of Michigan, commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against said deceased, do hereby give notice that we will meet at the office of P. W. Voorhies, in the village of Plymouth, in said county, on Monday, the 8th day of August, A. D. 1910, and on Friday, the 21st day of October, A. D. 1910, at ten o'clock A. M. of each of said days for the purpose of examining and allowing said claims, and that six months from the 1st day of April, A. D. 1910, were allowed by said court for creditors to present their claims to us for examination and allowance.
Dated April 12, 1910.
FRED A. DIBBLE,
GEORGE VAN DE CAR,
Commissioners.

Commissioner's Notice.

In the matter of the estate of Sarah C. McClump, deceased. We, the undersigned, having been appointed by the Probate Court for the county of Wayne, State of Michigan, commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against said deceased, do hereby give notice that we will meet at the residence of D. D. Allen, in the village of Plymouth, in said county, on Thursday, the 4th day of August, A. D. 1910, and on Friday, the 8th day of November, A. D. 1910, at 1 o'clock P. M. of each of said days, for the purpose of examining and allowing said claims, and that six months from the 1st day of April, A. D. 1910, were allowed by said court for creditors to present their claims to us for examination and allowance.
Dated May 4, 1910.
D. D. ALLEN,
HUGH N. BONALD,
Commissioners.

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Probate Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Wayne.
At a session of the Probate Court for said county of Wayne, held at the Probate court room in the city of Detroit, on the 28th day of April, in the year one thousand nine hundred and ten. Present, Henry S. Hulbert, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Mary J. Leitch, deceased. On reading and filing the petition of Duane M. Leitch, praying that administration of said estate be granted to him or some other suitable person.
It is Ordered, That the 25th day of May next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said court room, be appointed for hearing said petition.
And it is further ordered, That a copy of this order be published for three successive weeks previous to said time of hearing, in the Plymouth Mail, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county of Wayne.
HENRY S. HULBERT,
Judge of Probate
Chas. C. Chadwick, Probate Clerk.

Detroit United Lines

Plymouth Time Table
EAST BOUND.
For Detroit via Wayne 5:20 a.m. and every hour to 7:20 p.m.; also 9:45 p.m. changing at Wayne. Wayne only 11:25.
NORTH BOUND.
Leave Plymouth for Northville 6:05 a.m. (the days excepted), 7:10 a.m. and every hour to 11:25 p.m. also 11:55 a.m. and 11:55 p.m. (the days excepted).
Leave Detroit for Plymouth 5:25 a.m. (the days excepted), 6:30 a.m. and every hour to 7:50 p.m. also 9 p.m. and 11:25 p.m. (the days excepted).
Leave Wayne for Plymouth 6:20 a.m. and every hour to 8:20 p.m.; also 10:10 p.m. and 11:25 p.m. (the days excepted).
Cars connect at Wayne for Tipton and points west to Jackson.

Commissioner's Notice.

In the matter of the estate of Gideon Dartoe, deceased. We, the undersigned, having been appointed by the Probate Court for the county of Wayne, State of Michigan, commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against said deceased, do hereby give notice that we will meet at the office of C. W. Valentine, in the village of Plymouth, in said county, on Wednesday, the 8th day of June, A. D. 1910, and on Monday, the 28th day of August, A. D. 1910, at 1 o'clock P. M. of each of said days, for the purpose of examining and allowing said claims, and that four months from the 1st day of April, A. D. 1910, were allowed by said court for creditors to present their claims to us for examination and allowance.
Dated April 12, 1910.
MARCUS S. MILLER,
GEORGE LEE,
Commissioners.

Probate Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Wayne.
At a session of the Probate Court for said county of Wayne, held at the Probate court room in the city of Detroit, on the 28th day of April, in the year one thousand nine hundred and ten. Present, Henry S. Hulbert, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of John Kuhn, deceased. On reading and filing the petition of George Kuhn, executor of the last will and testament of said estate, having renounced this court his final administration account, and filed therewith his petition praying that the residue of said estate be assigned to the persons entitled thereto.
It is Ordered, That the twenty-fourth day of May next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said court room, be appointed for hearing and allowing said account and hearing said petition.
And it is further ordered, That a copy of this order be published for three successive weeks previous to said time of hearing, in the Plymouth Mail, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county of Wayne.
HENRY S. HULBERT,
Judge of Probate
Chas. C. Chadwick, Probate Clerk.

TRY MAIL LINERS