

# THE PLYMOUTH MAIL.

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PLYMOUTH, MICH., FRIDAY, MARCH 11, 1910

WHOLE NO. 1175.

## Local Correspondence

### PERRINSVILLE.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Edwards and daughters Grace and Mrs. Mabel Hanchett and children visited with Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Brown one day last week.

Wm. Beyer took a business trip to Inkster one day last week.

Mrs. John Beyer spent last Tuesday and Wednesday in Detroit.

Miss Lizzie Theuer visited relatives in Detroit last week.

Mrs. Anna Wolf was born July 31st, 1869, and died March 4th, 1910. The greater part of her life was spent in this vicinity. On Oct. 26th, 1893, she was married to John E. Wolf. She leaves a husband, two sons, a father and mother and a large circle of relatives and friends. The funeral was held from the M. E. church here, Mr. Bradley officiating. Interment at Woodmere.

Mrs. Mabel Sherwood and Mrs. Wm. Beyer visited with the former's sister Mrs. Arthur Bennett of Stark one day last week.

Fully nine out of ten cases of rheumatism is simply rheumatism of the muscles due to cold or damp, or chronic rheumatism, neither of which require any internal treatment. All that is needed to afford relief is the free application of Chamberlain's Liniment. Give it a trial. You are certain to be pleased with the quick relief which it affords. Sold by Beyer's Pharmacy.

### IVONIA CENTER.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Otto Melow, Jr., last Thursday, making a family of three girls, all doing nicely. Everybody has a hard cold now days and a great many have the grippe.

Saturday and Sunday were fine days, but Monday bobbed back to winter again, and although the snow is about gone it is still quite chilly weather.

Mr. and Mrs. Asa Lyon and two children of Plymouth visited her people here Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Hermon Johnson entertained her sister and family last Sunday.

A gentleman from Howlett station was here last week with an idea of opening up the old blacksmith shop. Nothing definite known yet.

And now it is reported that Gus Panko has purchased the Oren Peck farm.

There are a bushel of sick people down here. Four Pecks all have the the grippe at once.

Are you frequently hoarse? Do you have that annoying tickling in your throat? Does your cough annoy you at night and do you raise mucous in the morning? Do you want relief? If so, take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and you will be pleased. Sold by Beyer's Pharmacy.

### NEWBURG.

The L. A. S. of Newburg will give a nightcap social at the hall March 18th. A potato and peanut contest will be held, prizes to be given to the winner.

Mrs. Charles Ryder entertained at dinner last Wednesday, Mr. and Mrs. Merylees, Mr. and Mrs. James LeVan and Mrs. Armstrong.

Mr. and Mrs. Laing (nee, Jennie Woodworth) have returned to father Laing's for the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. N. M. Breckenreid moved their household goods to Birmingham, where they have purchased a house and lot and will reside there.

Mr. and Mrs. Shields have purchased May Joslin's home and will soon be residents of Newburg.

Frank Oldenburg has rented Chauncy Mead's small farm.

The L. A. S. will meet Friday for dinner at the hall. There will be election of officers.

Miss Chadwick fell in the school yard Tuesday, hurting her knee so badly that she closed her school. The director, Albert Stevens, took her to her home at Northville.

Mrs. Ed. Barlow was called to Detroit Tuesday night by the illness of her son Earl's wife.

Mrs. Bessie DeFreese took a trip to Detroit Tuesday to receive treatment for throat trouble.

Mrs. Clark Mackinder has been quite ill with a cold for the past week.

### D. H. S. C. P.

Not a fraternal society, but the above letters stand for one of the greatest helps in the world. Try them and see. Will relieve that tired feeling, sick headache and all disorders of the stomach and bowels. What are they? Dr. Herrick's Sugar-Coated Pills, a tried and reliable remedy which has been on the market over sixty years. Price 25c per box. Ask for a free sample. Sold by Pinckney's Pharmacy and Beyer's Pharmacy.

Try The Mail want column.

### SALEM.

There was no services at the Baptist church last Sunday on account of the illness of the pastor, Rev. Calahan, who has been suffering from a severe attack of grippe.

Miss Ethel Calahan is also quite sick with the grippe.

James Woodworth of Plymouth was in town Tuesday.

Dr. Waid was a Detroit visitor Wednesday.

Charles Challis of South Lyon was in town on business Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Wheeler visited friends near Saline and Ann Arbor Monday and Tuesday.

Bertha Bennett was home from Detroit over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Bussey visited their sons in Detroit over Sunday.

The Baptist Ladies' Aid society will meet at S. C. Wheeler's Thursday March 17th.

### PIKE'S PEAK.

Miss Anna Wandre of Detroit visited Miss Blanche Klatt last Wednesday and Thursday.

Mrs. Cummings visited Mr. and Mrs. Furlong of Wayne last Thursday.

Lela Klatt visited Viva Brown last Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. Chambers and daughter, Myrtle, were Plymouth callers last Saturday.

Miss Blanche Klatt received seventy-one postcards Saturday, it being her birthday.

Wm. Witt visited his father near Redford a couple of days last week.

Miss Myrtle Chambers visited Miss Charlotte Holmes of Perrinsville Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Houk and son, Alvin, of East Nankin visited the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. Klatt last Sunday.

Peter Kubik of Perrinsville visited Joe Rosh Sunday.

Mrs. Klatt visited relatives at Milford last Wednesday.

Mrs. Wm. Sherwood of Perrinsville visited her mother and sister, Mrs. J. Bridge and Miss Lena Bridge.

Miss Christie Parrish of Kings corners visited Mrs. S. Cummings last Friday.

### Will Stick.

Mr. Editor: Permit me just a word. In my absence my name was put on one of the village tickets for trustee. A rumor is current that I have withdrawn my name. Not a bit of it. I have no desire for the honor, but the only thing that will keep me from it will be a lack of votes. E. E. CANTER.

### NOTICE.

Plymouth, Mich., Feb. 28th, 1910. To the electors of the Township of Plymouth, county of Wayne and State of Michigan:

Notice is hereby given that at the annual township election to be held in the township of Plymouth, on the fourth of April, 1910, the question of the confirmation of the granting of a franchise by the township board of the township of Plymouth to the Detroit, Lansing & Grand Rapids Railway, a corporation duly organized under and by virtue of the laws of the State of Michigan, and to its successors, lessees and assigns, to build, construct, equip, maintain, own and operate a railroad in and through the township of Plymouth, county of Wayne and State of Michigan, upon, across and along the highways, streets and other public places shown on plan thereon or thereto attached and made a part thereof, will be submitted to a vote of the electors. C. A. PINCKNEY, Township Clerk.

CARD OF THANKS.—We wish to thank the friends and neighbors who so kindly assisted us in our late bereavement. Also for beautiful floral offerings. GEO. W. PROCTOR, AND CHILDREN.

A CARD.—We desire to express our thanks to the friends and neighbors who assisted us during the illness and after the death of our sister. Also for the flowers and music. THE McCLUMPHA FAMILY.

### The Milk Man Says

He has better milk and better cream because he uses Harvell's Condition Powders, which always keeps his cows in the best of shape. The best condition powder on the market for horses, cattle, sheep, hogs and poultry. For sale by all general and most drug stores at 25c per package. Once tried—always used. Sold by Pinckney's Pharmacy and Beyer's Pharmacy. J. A. Carr & Son, Lansing, Mich., write: "We have used Harvell's Condition Powders on our livery horses for about three years and have always found them superior to all others. We have found that livery horses are subject to get at abuse and Harvell's Condition Powders always bring back the appetite and puts them on their pins."

You can never convince a woman that a dress she has worn more than twice looks as good as new.



WE OFFER YOU

## Playing Cards

at Prices all the way from

10c to 50c.

but we have two numbers that are especially interesting. They are made from full double enameled board, very flexible, and genuine gold-leaf edged. The kind others offer for fifty cents. See them before you buy. We ask you

ONLY 35c.,

and then we give you a discount of 10 per cent. for cash. Don't forget that.

THE WOLVERINE DRUG CO.

Detroit Daily Papers on sale.

Phone No. 5.

J. H. KIMBLE, Ph. B., M. D.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office at "THE WOLVERINE." Phone No. 5. Office, 2 Rings Residence, 3 Rings

## Fence Posts Fence Posts

Size, Quality and Price to Suit all.

Buy Now, while we have a Good Assortment

Plymouth Lumber & Coal Co.,

CHAS. MATHER, Sec. & Manager

## Fence Posts Fence Posts

## Central Meat Market

BARTLETT & RATTENBURY

THE BEST WE CAN BUY IN THE MEAT LINE

SEALSHIPT OYSTERS

Best in the market.

Fresh Fish Every Friday

BOTH PHONES

FREE DELIVERY

We Print Auction Bills



## IT IS A WISE THING

when buying writing paper to buy the BEST. A letter written to a friend on really good paper is a compliment to that friend. You cannot afford to economize in this important matter. The writing papers "Made in Berkshire" by

EATON, CRANE & PIKE

are the papers that carry with them that certain air of refinement and good breeding which is so desirable. And considering their high quality they are by no means expensive. You will be interested in looking over our line of these celebrated writing papers, which we carry in many styles, finishes, shapes and shades.

## Pinckney's Pharmacy

YES, I SAVED MY MONEY. PUT IT IN THE BANK. WHERE IT WAS SAFE.

TRUE STORY



MEN who own automobiles began putting their money in the bank when they were boys and kept at it. You are never too young to begin a good habit. We will pay you three per cent interest on the money you deposit in our bank and compound the interest every six months.

## The Plymouth United Savings Bank

## For Your Dinner Boxes

OR GOLD LUNCHES

WE OFFER OUR

Cold Boiled Ham (machine cut)	30c lb
Dried Beef (machine cut)	35c lb
Liver Sausage	10c lb
Bologna (large or small, home made)	10c lb
Frankfurts, Vienna style	12 1/2c lb
Summer Sausage	20c lb
Berdan & Co.'s Tavern Brand Brick Cheese	22c lb

We are still offering our Heinz's Sauerkraut for 5c per qt.

Free Delivery Both Phones

Orders Called for and Delivered.

## TODD BROS.



## Like Burning Money

Is the only way we can put it when you're buying coal that doesn't give results, but goes up in smoke.

We can now supply you with

## GOALLETTES

Car just unloaded. Try them and be convinced.

Best Grade of Anthracite Always on Hand

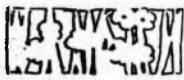
"CAST IRON SPLINT" & MASSILLON

LEAD ALL SOFT COALS.

J. D. McLAREN CO.

# Literary Women in Japan

JOSEPHINE CONGER-KANEKO



WITH her tiny pigeon toes and her butterfly gown, her paint, her oiled hair and her soft, timid voice, the Japanese woman hardly suggests the possibility of memorizing thousands of Chinese characters that are necessary in the most ordinary reading, and much less would one believe her capable of evolving ideas and expressing them intelligently.

But she does both. The Japanese woman of the old era was, like her entire nation, a shut-in. She was the pre-eminent exclusive member of an exclusive people. Her powers, her whole life, were wholly at the disposal of her family first, and afterward of her husband—or, more correctly speaking, her lord and master. In a book of the old Samurai is written the law for women: "Firstly, a woman has no lord to serve but her husband. She must obey and honor him as her lord and master. Be cautious. Never despise nor slight his words. A woman's first duty is obedience. She should be careful about the expression of her face and never show anger or excitement in her looks."

Subject to such restrictions, it was impossible for the stranger, in the past, to learn of the real possibilities of the Japanese woman. He could be guided only by the artist's conception of her and

by whatever reports might come from the lips of men. While these portrayals were true in a way, they were misleading, because they did not express the whole truth. Was the Japanese woman shrieking and timid? Yes, because she was taught so from time immemorial. It was an art with her, a supreme accomplishment. As an indication of her real nature it meant nothing—save that she had the power and the good judgment to conform to the demands of custom. Probably her will was indomitable, her intellect clear and strong. In such case she reached more nearly to the ideal, because she could control herself. She believed in the customs of her land; she loved them. She was guided by them. So it was a mistake to regard her soft voice, her well-learned timidity, as indicative of weakness, of flexibility.

Even in the long, musty past a woman came out now and then and gave to her people a sample of the possibilities of the feminine mind in fields other than the intimate home life. But such disclosures were naturally rare. One of these was Murasaki Shikibu, a woman who lived about 1,500 years ago and wrote "Genji Monogatari," a realistic story of Genji, a prominent member of the nobility of that time. This novel has long been a classic in Japan and is studied in the modern schools. Parts of it have been translated into English.

Seishonagon, a famous poet and sketch writer, lived about the same time. She was a strong moralist and was noted for her high and excellent character.

Shiran Yanagawa, the Mrs. Browning of Japan, lived during the reign of Shogun Tokugawa, about 100 years ago, and, together with her husband, wrote many Chinese poems. At that time, as to-day, Chinese was the medium employed by the Japanese classic writer for the expression of his thoughts.

When the breath of western civilization blew across the picturesque little island of Japan it melted the chains of conservatism and prejudice for women as well as for men. And so we have to-day the peculiar spectacle of the new springing with almost startling zeal out of the very bosom of the old. Mothers who cling with fervent faith to the old school of training have daughters who go out and work as newspaper reporters.

There are those whose emancipation is so radical that it even jars upon the sensibilities of one so cautious as a westerner. There are other women whose growth, though marked, is pleasing and graceful. To this class belongs Kashi Iwamoto. Mrs. Iwamoto was of that generation that helped to make Japan what she is to-day and she was herself a part of the new order. Born at the end of the old regime, and growing up amidst the fiercest struggle of transition, she imbibed that which was best of the old and at the same time caught the true spirit of the new. Her husband, Zenji Iwamoto, is a well-known literary man and founder of Meiji Jogakko, a prominent college for girls. In working with him Mrs. Iwamoto's views of life were broadened and she interested herself in all things pertaining to the welfare of her people. She not only learned English, but mastered it to a degree in which her style is not only correct, but has a distinct literary quality and a charm, partly due, perhaps, to a hint of foreignness, which



BARONESS NAKAJIMA



AFTERNOON TEA IN JAPAN



gives freshness to the use of an acquired language. Mrs. Iwamoto first became known as a writer through her translations of Proctor's "Sailor Boy" and "Little Lord Fauntleroy" into the Japanese language. She also wrote a volume of essays in English. An extract from one of these, "Some Phases of the Japanese Home and Home Life," will give a hint of her style and of the process of her thought:

"Japan, like any other ancient country, has had a unique national life and history. She boasts of a civilization, a code of morals, a form of government and a system of education all peculiar to herself, and she cherishes these as heirlooms expressive of the wisdom and experience handed down through the whole line of her ancestors. You all know that the old-time Japanese woman was trained according to rules of conduct that were most severe in their rigidity. She was assiduously taught to guard her personal virtue and the proud honor of her household. Death was the only alternative in case she swerved from her duties. Place, on the one hand, this type of womanhood, serving in the house of her lord and master with singleness of purpose and with devotion strong in its simplicity and, on the other, an average girl of modern education, with a smattering of western knowledge, it is true, but without discretion and judgment to apply her newly found information, and, of course, the latter will appear at a disadvantage. In the present home, where the old and the new elements combine, contrary streams of thought and action thwart the young wife at her every step, and, in spite of her resolution, many are the tears that she sheds unseen. But she must learn to be just as cautious and deferential in one respect as it is her duty to be prompt and decisive in another. For herein lies the very test of her intrinsic worth and usefulness. We deplore the many evils that have issued and still do issue from the ancient household system in Japan. Yet we cannot help noting that this has been perhaps the most successful system of discipline ever extant—a discipline productive of the utmost diligence, circumspectness and self-sacrifice. We certainly owe it to this system that indolent, whimsical and selfish women have been set aside and the noble, self-sacrificing type of wives and mothers was preserved for the old-time Japanese homes and handed down as an heirloom to the present day."

Another woman of marked ability as a writer was the Baroness Nakajima. As a child she excelled in her studies and was allowed to go to a boys' school, there being no high schools for girls at that time. Her fame as a scholar became known at court and she was appointed as a teacher of learning to the empress. After retiring from this service she toured the country for special study and observation. It was an unusual thing for an

unmarried woman to travel alone, giving lectures on political and scientific subjects and at one time the baroness—at that time Yoshiko Kishida—was arrested and imprisoned on the charge of plotting against the government. While in prison she wrote many poems in Chinese, giving vent to her feelings regarding the condition of her country. Later on she married a newspaper man, who was afterward made baron. He was the first president of the house of commons and also a minister to Italy. The young couple never ceased to interest themselves in the political affairs of their land and at one time were banished from the capital city, charged with disloyalty. Mental and physical overwork brought the baron to an early death and the wife, broken hearted, followed him within two years. The Baroness Nakajima was considered a very beautiful woman and the many experiences she underwent as student and reformer gave depth and strength to her character which speak plainly in her written works. Her essays and lectures are numerous and her last work, which is a daily record of her life, is very instructive and interesting. She wrote minutely of passing events and illustrated these details with fine drawings or comic sketches. This work she continued until within five days of her death.

Miss Ichiye Higuchi, who died at 23, had already attained fame as a writer of realistic fiction. Being of humble and poor parentage, she was obliged to leave school at ten years of age, a time when most children are merely beginning to learn to read. With her sister she helped to support her widowed mother, but gave all of her spare time to study and writing. She was forced to live with her family in the outskirts of the city, among the poorest and lowest people and it was there that she got the material for all of her stories, which are pathetic in the extreme. Notwithstanding the fact that her opportunities for learning were limited, her composition is without fault, her style chaste and expressive. It was not until after consumption, bred through poverty and overwork, had taken strong hold on her system that her genius was recognized. For a little time then she knew the luxury of friends and of admiration. "But I have never known what youth free from responsibilities means," she told a friend. The Japanese bow low in reverence to the memory of Miss Higuchi, who might well be styled the female Gorky of Japanese literature.

Miss Kaho Miyake, Mrs. Kajita and Mrs. Otsuka are all prominent writers of to-day.

Miss Uta Imai is a representative of the ultra modern Japanese woman. Miss Imai is the chief editor of *Nijuseitshinbun*, or *Twentieth Century Woman* and is one of the founders of the Hokkaido Woman's society. She is working toward that day when the Japanese women will rise as a unit in their declarations along certain lines of emancipation. She is hopeful, buoyant and unswerving in her pur-



UTA IMAI, EDITOR, TWENTIETH CENTURY WOMAN

pose, and as she belongs to the newest generation of workers she believes she will see great changes in methods and principles before her sun is set.

The daughter of Kashi Iwamoto promises to be a prominent figure in the future literary world of Japan. She has been writing stories and translating from foreign tongues for several years.

The first woman to enter the regular newspaper field was Mrs. Takeyo Takegoshi, who, with her husband, joined the staff of the *Kokumin-Shinbun*, in Tokyo, some 15 years ago. After four or five years other women became interested in newspaper work and to-day many are employed as special writers, as reporters and as editors of departments for women.

These are but a few of the women writers of Japan. They are sufficient to illustrate, however, the fact that the Japanese woman is a creature of considerable reserve mental force and of intense feeling. Under the new regime only was it possible for her to make these facts known to the outside world, since the old teaching constrained her to keep hidden every feeling, every thought, that she might develop a more Spartan-like character, capable of enduring great sacrifice when sacrifice should come—as it did in the lives of many Japanese women. It was not an accident that the Japanese soldiers repulsed the larger men of the Russian army. They were the sons of mothers whose discipline through thousands of years had well nigh reached perfection, whose endurance was great and whose wits were sharpened by constant contact with domineering husbands and fractious mothers-in-law.

It is an unhappy fact that the Japanese literature loses its artistic beauty and its real strength when translated into foreign languages. This is probably due to the fact that the Japanese student is still struggling in the mazes of the foreign tongues and is not as yet capable of manipulating the new words so as to express the fine shades of meaning that he sees and appreciates in his own literature. The delicacy with which an artist attacks his subject in the Japanese is likely to become clumsy or inane and meaningless when he attempts to employ other languages as a medium of expression. This, perhaps, is the reason that westerners say that Japan "is a country without literature."

## JAPAN'S ANCESTRAL GODS

One of the most marvelous manifestations of patriotic and religious enthusiasm in modern Japan was occasioned recently by the transference of the imperial shrines at Ise to their new tabernacle just completed, the London Standard says. This remarkable Shinto festival may be witnessed only every 21 years, when the temples of the ancestral gods are reconstructed and the sacred objects are removed to their new abode. The Ise temples have been thus renewed every score of years since A. D. 690 at least and for how long before that no one knows, the present occasion being the fifty-seventh rebuilding on record.

Such a periodic reconstruction will appear quite necessary when it is recollected that on these shrines no mortal hand is ever permitted to execute repairs. After they are built the gods of the nation take possession of them and thenceforward they are not touched till they go the way of all things.

The work of rebuilding the sacred shrines begins almost as soon as the last reconstruction is complete by the appointment of an imperial commissioner entrusted with the important enterprise. Every stage is marked by religious ceremonies, from the felling of the trees to the driving of the last nail. The completion is emphasized by a special festival of purification, after which the temples pass from the hands of the commissioners to the priestly custodians of the imperial shrines.

Finally comes the great festival of removing the ancestral gods and the sacred treasures and relics to the new "holy of holies," which took place recently. It is computed that no fewer than 40,000 persons were present on the night of the actual removal. Though the august spectacle takes place at night, the preparation for it appears to go on for two or three days previously, but the ceremonies of the notable day itself are the most interesting. The day opened with the appearance before the new temples of a specially chosen virgin, who went through a peculiar ceremony of burying in the ground before the shrine a jar containing offerings to the god of earth.

Later in the day began a long procession of priests in gorgeous robes of green and gold, chanting weird litanies and monotonous sutras to the strains of archaic instruments. It is affirmed that the service has in no respect been changed during the last thousand years. With the setting down of darkness came the great function of removal. A detachment of priests, led by a priestly representative of the imperial house, went into the soon to be abandoned shrines to examine the treasures and to measure the sacred fabrics. As the latter are reputed to be more than 330,000 feet in length, this was no small matter.

PUBLISHED EVERY WINTER  
Famous Cough and Cold Prescription  
Has Cured Hundreds Here.

"Get two ounces of Glycerine and half an ounce of Concentrated Pine compound. Then get half a pint of good whiskey and put the other two ingredients into it. Take a teaspoonful to a tablespoonful of this mixture after each meal and at bed time. Shake the bottle well each time." This is said to be the quickest cold and cough remedy known. It frequently cures the worst colds in twenty-four hours. But be sure to get only the genuine Concentrated Pine. Each half ounce bottle comes put up in a tin screw-top case. Don't use the weaker pine preparations. Any druggist has it on hand or will quickly get it from his wholesale house.

**Traveling Man Got Even.**  
A traveling man called on the manager of a large New York concern the other day and sent his card in by the boy at the outside gate. The boy sauntered back lazily and told the traveling man that the manager wouldn't see him.

"Well, you go and ask him for the card I sent in," said the caller.  
In a few minutes the boy returned from his second trip. "Say," remarked the boy, "the boss told me to tell you that he tore up that card, but he sent a nickel to you to pay for it."

The traveling man was deeply insulted, but he decided to get back as best he could. He opened his card case and drew out another card, handing it to the boy.

"Give this to your boss," he said, "and tell him that I'll keep the money. My cards are two for five. Much obliged."

The manager rushed out of the gate to find the traveling man, but he was too late. The man had left.

**Why She Needed More Nights Off.**  
Having recently engaged an 18-year-old colored girl to do housework a New York woman was adjusting the various questions of privileges.

"You will have Monday and Thursday nights off, Eliza," the mistress of the house said.

"On'y Monday 'n' Thursday nights!" the other exclaimed, rolling her eyes. "My Lawd, Mis' Blank, dat won't do nohow; dat ain't enough. You see, ma'am, I's a debbytanté."

**The English Way.**  
"Do you think baseball will ever get a foothold in England?"  
"They play it some."  
"As strenuously as we do?"  
"Well, no. They serve tea between innings, I understand."

Don't kick when your wife asks if her hat is on straight. Rather feel proud that she has the graciousness to liken you to a plumb.

**FERRY LAVIS' PAINKILLER**  
Has an enviable reputation of curing rheumatism, neuralgia, headache, toothache, etc., etc. At all druggists.

Some men go to their graves without discovering that they were not as important as they thought they were.

**FILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS.**  
FAZOLIN is guaranteed to cure any case of itching, blind, bleeding or protruding piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded.

It ain't every prodigal son who gets a whack at the obese veal.

**Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.**  
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. See a bottle.

Scandal is the tattle of fools who judge other people by themselves.



**For Pain in Chest**  
For sore throat, sharp pain in lungs, tightness across the chest, hoarseness or cough, laryngitis, etc., Sloan's Liniment. You don't need to rub, just lay it on lightly. It penetrates instantly to the seat of the trouble, relieves congestion and stops the pain.

**Here's the Proof.**  
Mr. A. W. Price, Fremont, Kans., says: "We have used Sloan's Liniment for a year, and find it an excellent thing for sore throat, chest pain, colds, and hay fever attacks. A few drops taken on sugar stops coughing and sneezing instantly."

**Sloan's Liniment**  
is easier to use than porous plasters, acts quicker and does not clog up the pores of the skin. It is an excellent antiseptic remedy for asthma, bronchitis, and all inflammatory diseases of the throat and chest; will break up the deadly membrane in an attack of croup, and will kill any kind of neuralgia or rheumatic pain.



# MANY SENATORS SEEK RE-ELECTION

## Probability of Changes in the Upper House.

### PARTY LEADERS INVOLVED

Nelson W. Aldrich Among Those Who Will Ask for State's Indorsement—To Increase Attendance at West Point.

Washington.—The Republican senators who voted against the Payne-Aldrich tariff bill and who fought many of its provisions from the very beginning of the debate hope that in one year's time their ranks will be fuller than they are to-day, for they say they expect that from one or two states there will come senators of their way of thinking to add to what they call the anti-organization strength in the upper house.

The Democrats hope and seemingly believe that their ranks are to be recruited largely as a result of the senatorial elections in the different state legislatures next winter. Every second year there is an influx of new senators into congress and an influx of old senators who have been lucky enough to be re-elected. The list of members of the upper house whose terms will expire at midnight March 3, 1911, is a long one, and it runs as follows:

Democrats—James P. Tallaferro, Florida; Isador Rayner, Maryland; Hernando D. Money, Mississippi; James B. Frazier, Tennessee; John W. Daniel, Virginia; Charles A. Culbertson, Texas.

Republicans—William Warber, Missouri; George Sutherland, Utah; Nathan B. Scott, West Virginia; Samuel H. Piles, Washington; Carroll S. Page, Vermont; George T. Oliver, Pennsylvania; George S. Nixon, Nevada; Porter J. McCumber, North Dakota; Henry Cabot Lodge, Massachusetts; Robert M. La Follette, Wisconsin; John Kean, New Jersey; Eugene Hale, Maine; Frank P. Flint, California; Henry A. du Pont, Delaware; Charles Dick, Ohio; Chauncey M. Depew, New York; Clarence D. Clark, Wyoming; Moses E. Clapp, Minnesota; Thomas H. Carter, Montana; Julius C. Burrows, Michigan; Elmer J. Burkett, Nebraska; Morgan G. Bulkeley, Connecticut; Albert J. Beveridge, Indiana; Nelson W. Aldrich, Rhode Island.

Republicans to Retain Control. There is virtually no chance that the Democrats will obtain control of the senate as a result of next winter's elections. There are too many always Republican states to choose their representatives in the upper house to give much basis for any Democratic hope that the present great majority against them can be overcome. Maine, it may be, will not return Eugene Hale to the senate, but admittedly on all sides Mr. Hale's chances of coming back are bright, although there is a fight being waged against him in the home state. If Mr. Hale by any chance should be defeated his place will not be taken by a Democrat, but by some Republican whom the people of Maine will think more nearly represents what they consider the progressive Republican tendency of the age.

#### Aldrich Sure to Come Back.

Senator Aldrich, the Republican leader, is certain to be returned to the senate if he lives. No Democrat has made any claim of a possibility of Mr. Aldrich's defeat. One year ago former Gov. Utter of Rhode Island said that he was authorized by Mr. Aldrich to declare that the senator would not be a candidate for re-election. It was perfectly true that the Republican senate leader had intended to retire at the expiration of his present term of office. The necessity for financial legislation induced Mr. Aldrich to change his mind, for he saw an opportunity, as his friends put it, to build a legislative monument to himself in the shape of a financial measure that might be satisfactory to all sections of the country. Whatever it was that induced Mr. Aldrich to change his mind, he changed it, and he will be a candidate for re-election, and unless death intervenes it seems assured that he is to come back to Washington.

Out in Indiana the Democrats hope to secure a successor to Senator Albert J. Beveridge. Mr. Beveridge has a hard campaign ahead of him prior to the elections of members of the legislature. There are a number of holdover Democrats who will have seats in the next legislature and this advantage of the opposition party the Republican senator will have to overcome.

New York will choose a senator to succeed Chauncey M. Depew. Mr. Depew wants to succeed himself, but it may be that certain passages in the senator's life a few years ago will prevent his party from sending him back to the upper house.

#### To Fill up West Point.

The members of the fourth, or as it is called, the plebe class, have just reported for admission to the United States Military academy at West Point. There are only 106 members of the class, and there still will be 150 vacancies in the corps of cadets.

The committee on military affairs of the United States senate has just recommended a change in the law regulating appointments to West Point. The hope of the senators is to keep the ranks of the cadets full and to obviate the necessity of appointing

every year to commissioned rank civilians who know little or nothing about the military service, and who have to be trained for several years before they are competent to command regular troops.

The authorized number of cadets at the military academy is 533, but the actual number in attendance at the school falls far below this mark, the deficiency being due to the fact that there are always existing vacancies caused by the failure of candidates to report or to pass the entrance examinations, or by the elimination of cadets who are found deficient in their studies or their conduct.

Admit Training is Needed. Members of congress have come to the conclusion, perhaps reluctantly, for it is not the layman's way of thinking ordinarily, that training is needed for the military profession just as much if not more than it is needed for any other profession. So it is that they are trying now to devise some means of keeping the ranks full: at West Point so that the army can be officered at all times by trained soldiers and so that the necessity of giving up four or five years' time to the training of civilians appointed as second lieutenants may be done away with.

The object of the senate bill is to increase the number of cadets by a slight modification in the method of making appointments. The military committee in its report on the subject says:

Changes Proposed. "It is proposed that the members of congress and the president, who recommend and make appointments, shall have the right to a second appointment as soon as their appointee shall become a member of the graduating class after three years' service at the academy. In other words, those recommending or making cadet appointments will each have one cadet at the academy during three years and two cadets during every fourth year."

If this bill shall become a law the cadet corps will be given the strength in numbers which it is the intention of the present law that it shall have. The difficulty is that the present law does not take into consideration the fact that many boys who receive appointments do not for some reason or other show up at the academy, and that some of the members of congress neglect their duty in the matter of appointing cadets. It is known that in some congressional districts hundreds of boys want to go to the military academy, while in some others no candidate appears, and as a result the congressman not having any applications filed, forgets all about the matter and his district goes without representation.

#### Speaker Cannon May Retire.

While no word has come from Speaker Cannon to clinch the matter, the men who are closest to him personally and politically seem to feel that before very long now the speaker will say that he does not intend to be a candidate again for re-election as presiding officer of the house. Even if the speaker does issue a statement to the effect that he will give over any further ambition to succeed himself, it is certain that he will be a good deal of a factor in the matter of choosing his successor.

Some time ago it was the feeling in Washington, and it was touched on in the dispatches from the capital, that if the Republicans should carry the next house they must of necessity choose a speaker from the middle west. This was the feeling for some time and it was founded on knowledge of conditions as they existed at that time. Now it seems that there has been some change of heart on the part of a good many of the organization Republicans.

#### Eastern Man May Be Speaker.

There seems to have been stealing over the so-called regulars of the house the thought that an eastern man now has a good chance to be chosen speaker if the Republicans succeed in carrying the house, and that in choosing an easterner his supporters will have the votes and the moral support of a good many of the members who are called Insurgents.

#### Present Speaker's Position.

If Mr. Cannon shall declare that he is not to be a candidate to succeed himself in case of Republican success at the polls next fall, he can be, as has been said, a good deal of a factor in the matter of choosing his successor. It is only human nature that the speaker should prefer to be succeeded by a man who will do as he has done, a man who believe in the rules of the house as they exist and who is not given to what the speaker calls radicalism. There are some men in the east, in the middle west and a few in the far west who probably will stand by the speaker, and it may be that they can decide in caucus the question of the successorship, but if they are not numerous enough to do this they can by throwing their votes one way or the other control the choice as between two men.

The supposedly wise ones among Republicans say that if the next house shows a party majority the man who will succeed the speaker will be a "moderate," and that probably the rules will be amended to some degree, but not nearly enough to suit the insurgents and yet enough perhaps to displease some of the regulars who think that the rules are just what they should be.

Of course all this speculation about the speakership in the next house and all the plans that the Republicans are making and all the schemes that Insurgents and regulars are entering into, depend upon their party's success next November. The Democrats say that all the preliminary work that the Republicans are doing will be wasted effort.

GEORGE CLINTON

# SEEKS LIFE'S ORIGIN

## Prof. Loeb to Devote His Time to Experiments.

Scientist Who Became Famous at the University of Chicago Will Continue Researches at Rockefeller Institute.

San Francisco.—After 25 years of experiments that have already brought him closer to the mystery of the creation of life than any other man, Prof. Jaques Loeb will soon leave the University of California for the east, where he will devote his entire time to research work at the Rockefeller Institute for Medical Research.

Prof. Loeb, who is a native of Germany and received degrees at Strassburg and Wurzburg before he came to America, achieved world-wide fame in 1902 while a professor at the University of Chicago, when he announced the successful outcome of experiments in artificially fertilizing the egg of sea urchins and producing life in that manner.

He also proved that hearts of animals could be made to throb exactly as they do in life by being placed in a solution of common salt, and that the addition of other chemicals stopped the organ's beating.

In speaking of the ambitions which have kept him constantly at work in his laboratories, Prof. Loeb has said:

"I very early came to the belief that the forces which rule the realm of living things are not other than those we know in the inanimate world. Everything pointed that way. Galvani, watching a frog's muscle contract, discovered what we call galvanic or voltaic electricity. The connection of the two may be very close."



yet a century has elapsed with hardly a step of real progress.

"I wanted to go to the bottom of things. I wanted to take life in my hands and play with it. I wanted to handle it in my laboratory as I would any other chemical reaction; to start it, stop it, vary it, study it under every condition, to direct it at my will."

At the Rockefeller institute Prof. Loeb can devote his entire time to his experiments, untroubled by the duties of instruction and administration which must be performed by a university professor. He has been professor of physiology at the University of California since 1902, when he left the University of Chicago for the western post. He is 51 years old.

#### Maori Marriages.

It is 12 o'clock, and already the father has been warned to repair to the "wharekarakia" (church) and to don his canonicals. So we obey the summons of the warning bell and take our way to the church. The grinning, fantastic heads on the carved doorposts—posts which in the fighting days of not so long ago stood on either hand of the gateway of the stockaded "pah" (fortress)—look with impassive stare on the entering throng of friends and visitors. We, as honored guests, find a place near the altar. Trailing robes of white elematis and golden "kowhai" bloom festoon the building. The carved rafters of the roof are hidden in greenery, while here and there bunches of crimson "pohotukawa" flowers stand out in spots of vivid color. Father Mahoney, assisted by the Maori "tohunga," performs the marriage service. The "tohunga" hands water in a cup of woven flax leaf to the bride, who, drinking first, presents it to the groom, to be emptied at a draught. The ceremony is now complete, and, with a loud voice, the "tohunga" pronounces the pair man and wife.

#### Danger in Single Eyeglasses.

Never use a single eyeglass unless there is a difference in power between the two eyes and the glass is used to bring the power of the defective eye up to that of the other. The difference in power is known as astigmatism, and such an eyeglass would have to be recommended, after careful sight testing, by a professional optician or oculist. When the eyes are equal in power, an eyeglass sets up inequality, equal in effect to real astigmatism. Of course, that is not the case when the glass is quite flat; but even then its use is bad, for it teaches the user to look chiefly through one eye. Also, there is the minor consideration that it causes permanent wrinkles of the skin.

#### Do farmers eat the proper sort of food?

The farmer of today buys a much larger proportion of the food that goes on the table than he did ten years ago. It's a good thing that this is so because he has a great variety to select from.

He should, however, use great care in selecting for the best results in health and strength.

The widespread tendency in the city to increase the amount of Quaker Oats eaten is due very largely to the recent demonstrations by scientific men that the Quaker Oats fed man is the man with greatest physical endurance and greatest mental vigor.

Farmers should give this subject careful thought and should increase the quantity of Quaker Oats eaten by themselves, their children and the farm hands.

#### Analyzed by Chemists.

Appropos of President Taft and his recent decision about whisky, Richard Le Gallienne said at a dinner at the St. Regis:

"While I was living in Liverpool there arose a hot whisky discussion. Was pot still whisky the only wholesome one, or was patent still whisky the one non-poisonous drink? Chemical analyses were applied to every whisky going."

"A Liverpudlian entered a public house near the Albert docks one night and said:

"Is yer whisky pure?"

"Well, I should think so, the publican answered. 'It's been paralyzed by three anarchists.'"

#### Betrayed by the Tipping Habit.

"Your friend, the count, my dear," said the millionaire to his blooming daughter, "has an odd way of extending his hand. Did you notice when we parted to-night that he held his palm uppermost?"

His daughter sighed.

"I was in hopes," she murmured, "that if Alphonse was exposed it would be found that he was at least a restaurant waiter—but I'm afraid he was only a shoe shiner in a barber shop."

#### \$100 Reward, \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and sending nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by all Druggists.

#### Big Bugs.

Dr. Cook was talking to a Washington correspondent.

"The man is wrong in his attacks," he said. "He errs as ludicrously in his idea of polar conditions as the Brooklyn domestic, who said:

"It must be a filthy place, that north pole, ma'am I hear it's full of ice bugs as big as churches."—Washington Star.

LIQUOR has destroyed more men than any war or epidemic combined; still some men think they must drink. The Acme Home-Treatment is the safest and surest way to rid yourself of the Drink-Habit. Try it and you will see the difference between whiskey health and Acme health. Write E. Fortin, Dickey Bldg., Chicago, for a free trial.

#### A Bright Idea.

Yeast.—It is said that the baya bird of India spends his spare time catching fireflies, which he fastens to the sides of his nest with moist clay. On a dark night a baya's nest glows like an electric street lamp.

Crimsonbeak.—Say, there's a bright idea for decorating that keyhole in my front door!

#### Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the

Signature of *Wm. C. Little*. In Use For Over 30 Years.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

#### It's No Wonder.

Aurora.—Why are commuters always so thin?

Borealis.—Probably because they train down every day.—Yale Record.

"Pink Eye" is Epidemic. Is Contagious and Calls for Immediate Action. Murine Eye Remedy Affords Reliable Relief. It Soothes. Apply Murine Freely and Frequently. Doesn't Smart.

When a baby talks without saying anything it attracts a lot more attention than a man who is doing likewise.

BREAK UP THAT COUGH with Allen's Lung Balm, the popular family remedy. It cures where other remedies fail. All dealers. 2c. 50c. \$1.00 bottles.

Bear your own burdens first, after that help to carry those of other people.—George Washington.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Dose: Two or three times a day. It is safe to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 2c.

It doesn't take long to become an expert fault finder.

# CONVINCING PROOF

## OF THE VIRTUE OF Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

What is the use of procrastinating in the face of such evidence as the following letters represent? If you are a sick woman or know one who is, what sensible reason have you for not giving Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial? For 30 years we have been publishing such testimonial letters as these—thousands of them—they are genuine and honest, too, every one of them.

#### Mrs. S. J. Barber says:



"I think Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the best medicine in the world for women—and I feel it my duty to let others know the good it has done for me. Three years ago I had a tumor which the doctor said would have to be removed by an operation or I could not live more than a year, or two at most. I wrote Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass. for advice, and took 14 bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and today the tumor is gone and I am a perfectly well woman. I hope my testimonial will be of benefit to others."—Mrs. S. J. BARBER, Scott, N. Y.

#### Mrs. George May says:



"No one knows what I have suffered from female troubles, neuralgia pains, and backache. My doctor said he could not give me anything to cure it. Through the advice of a friend I began to use Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and the pain soon disappeared. I continued its use and am now in perfect health. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been a God-send to me as I believe I should have been in my grave if it had not been for Mrs. Pinkham's advice and Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."—Mrs. GEORGE MAY, 86 4th Ave., Paterson, N. J.

to be removed by an operation or I could not live more than a year, or two at most. I wrote Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass. for advice, and took 14 bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and today the tumor is gone and I am a perfectly well woman. I hope my testimonial will be of benefit to others."—Mrs. S. J. BARBER, Scott, N. Y.

#### Mrs. E. F. Hayes says:



"I was under the doctor's treatment for a fibroid tumor. I suffered with pain, soreness, bloating, and could not walk or stand on my feet any length of time. I wrote to Mrs. Pinkham for advice, followed her directions and took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. To-day I am a well woman, the tumor was expelled and my whole system strengthened. I advise all women who are afflicted with tumors or female troubles to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."—Mrs. E. F. HAYES, 1890 Washington St., Boston, Mass.

#### Mrs. W. K. Housh says:



"I have been completely cured of a severe female trouble by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and want to recommend it to all suffering women."—Mrs. W. K. HOUSH, 7 Eastview Ave., Cincinnati, Ohio.

Because your case is a difficult one, doctors having done you no good, do not continue to suffer without giving Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial. It surely has cured many cases of female ill, such as inflammation, ulceration, displacements, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, etc.

For 30 years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been the standard remedy for female ill. No sick woman does justice to herself who will not try this famous medicine. Made exclusively from roots and herbs, and has thousands of cures to its credit.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health free of charge. Address Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass.



## FOR PINK EYE

DETERMINED CATARRH OF THE EYE AND ALL ROSE AND THROAT DISEASES

Cures the sick and acts as a preventive for others. Liquid given on the tongue. Safe for brood mares and all others. Best kidney remedy. 50 cents and \$1.00 a bottle; \$5.00 and \$10.00 the dozen. Sold by all druggists and home goods houses, or sent express paid, by the manufacturer.

SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Chemists, GOSHEN, INDIANA

# MICA AXLE GREASE

is the turning-point to economy in wear and tear of wagons. Try a box. Every dealer, everywhere

STANDARD OIL CO. (Incorporated)



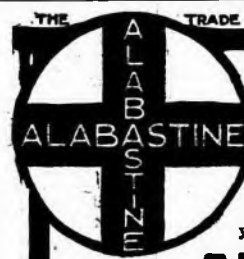
## YOU ONLY BUY A SEPARATOR ONCE

That is, it is the intention of every farmer or dairyman when purchasing a separator to get one to last a lifetime. For this reason, every point about the machine should be carefully examined before buying. A thorough investigation will convince you that the

### National Cream Separator

is without question the best in the market. It skims cleaner, runs easier, is of sturdier construction, and can be cleaned quicker than any other make. Send for illustrated catalogue containing full particulars and scores of testimonials, or have your local dealer demonstrate a National free of all charge to you.

THE NATIONAL DAIRY MACHINE COMPANY  
Goshen, Indiana Chicago, Illinois



## A Woman's Home

should be her pride. Your home should reflect your own individuality. You cannot have special wall papers designed by you for each room—you can carry out a special Alabastine decorative scheme for those rooms—you can be a leader in your community and have your home the talk of your friends.

## Alabastine

The Stylish Wall Tint

is the material that will accomplish this result. We can show innumerable color effects, classic stencil designs, and our Art Department is at your service.

Send for the Alabastine book explaining what we do for you, and how we furnish free stencils where Alabastine is used.

Alabastine is a powder made from Alabaster, ready for use by mixing with cold water, and is applied with an ordinary wall brush. Full directions on each package.

Alabastine Company  
New York City, N. Y. Grand Rapids, Mich.

THE PACKAGE

THE effectiveness of housecleaning can be materially increased by the means of paints and varnishes. By their use your home will not only look cleaner but it will be cleaner.

## SHERWIN-WILLIAMS BRIGHTEN UP FINISHES

include a paint, varnish, stain, or enamel for every surface in the home. By using this line you can refinish chairs, tables, woodwork, floors, etc., and give the whole interior a bright and attractive appearance. Ask the dealer in your town for the particular Brighten Up Finish adapted for your purpose or write us direct.

THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS CO., 600 CANAL RD., N. W., CLEVELAND, O.



# THE PLYMOUTH MAIL

—BY—  
F. W. SAMSEN

**SUBSCRIPTION RATES.**  
One Year, payable in advance..... \$1.00  
Six months..... .75  
Three months..... .50

**ADVERTISING RATES.**  
Business Cards \$5.00 per year.  
Resolutions of Respect \$1.00.  
Card of Thanks, 25 cents.  
All local notices will be charged for at five cents per line or fraction thereof for each insertion. Display advertising rates made known on application. Where no time is specified, all notices and advertisements will be inserted until ordered discontinued.

FRIDAY, MARCH 4, 1910.

The entire upper peninsula is pretty well honeycombed with Osborn clubs and the upper section of the state is recognizing the fact that they have a candidate for governor in Chase S. Osborn and propose to show that they are loyal to a "home" man.

Governor Warner is seeking to have a bill put through the national congress which will turn \$296,000 into the state's strong box. It is claimed that the federal government owes the state from the sale of public lands in this state. On the other hand the government is making a claim against the state, claiming a still larger sum for money loaned.

It is estimated that the apportionment of the primary fund will reach about \$7 per capita this year. Last year it was \$6 per capita. There is now \$780,000 in the treasury to distribute among the 746,000 school children but with the amount to be collected from corporations under the ad valorem system this spring it is estimated the amount will grow to the proportions mentioned.

### To Print Own Postal Cards.

An innovation was instituted recently by the government, when, for the first time in the history of the country, Uncle Sam began the printing of his own postal cards. The work is done at the government printing office.

Until all of the new presses are installed, the issue will be approximately 1,500,000 a day; afterwards it will aggregate 3,500,000 a day. As soon as the special equipment for printing has been established a new card, to be known as the index or library card, will be issued.

This card will be of an excellent quality of paper and of attractive designs. The paper used will not be quite so heavy as that used in the present card, but it will be more flexible and will take ink much better than the old yellow card.

### Cannery Exempted.

That the cannery of the State were well taken care of when the new labor law was passed is very evident, and just because of this painstaking care an effort is being made to declare the law unconstitutional.

Cannery are exempted by this law which limits the number of hours women may be employed in factories and shops. Some are now wondering who worked this bill successfully through both houses and in consequence there is considerable speculation. The bill was up before the labor committees in both houses. One of these members is interested in canneries and that the bill was cleverly worked through in this way is charged to this man.

Several places have rallied against the bill in other branches and the law will be tested in the courts, possibly being carried to the supreme court, and may be even taken to the highest court in the land.

### Cost Four Billions.

The United States government has paid out in pensions since the foundation of the republic, nearly four billion dollars; to be exact, \$3,913,062,513.73. These figures are from a recent statement prepared by the commissioner of pensions for use of the house committee on appropriations.

On account of the revolution there have been paid in pensions \$70,000,000; veterans of the war of 1812 have received \$47,757,369; while those serving in the Indian wars have received \$9,995,609. In the war with Mexico there were veterans who received in pensions \$42,492,784. The civil war has proved the most costly to the government in the way of pensions. The report shows that \$3,686,461,840 had been paid out to veterans and their widows and orphans up to June 1 last.

On June 30, 1909, there were on the pension rolls in the United States 941,000 pensioners, who were receiving \$160,993,044. But pension money is not confined to the United States alone, but it appears that there are 17 pensioners living in China, who receive \$2,908. In Algeria one pensioner resides who is receiving help from Uncle Sam to the extent of \$144 a year.

In Michigan it appears there are 39,793 pensioners on the rolls, who receive \$7,072,688 from the government.

The Western Union telegraph company announces that it will shortly be prepared to handle long night messages at greatly reduced rates—fifty words for the standard day rate for ten words. Additional ten words at one-fifth the day rate of ten words.

## "Plymouth for Progress."

Plymouth may take a step forward by voting Monday to give a franchise to the Detroit, Lansing & Grand Rapids Railway. To be on a trunk line electric railway running from Detroit to Grand Rapids is no small consideration. In fact, it is an important one, as it puts Plymouth in much closer touch with the people west of us who may pass through here.

There was no necessity of the council giving the railway company a time limit to construct their road. It wouldn't be built any sooner and it doesn't bar any other road or a dozen others from coming in, if they want to and can get here first.

The council reserved the right in the ordinance passed to specify upon what streets the road may run and the streets are at all times under the control of the council, and this railway company, or any other, must comply with the specifications as to how and where tracks shall be laid, and also for grading and paving, or planking or graveling. The council is supreme authority, not the railway company.

The rate of fare most probably will be no more than at present. Competition with the steam road will hold it down. The new company will want the business and good will of the inhabitants along the line of road. It is not going to antagonize or prejudice the people against it. That's reasonable. The rate of two cents was placed in the franchise to make it uniform with that of all other villages along the route, in order that when they are submitted to the money kings of Wall street they may look more attractive to them.

The line coming through Salem and west would most assuredly bring in considerable more trade than is coming in now from that section.

A forty minutes' ride from Detroit would also prove attractive for Detroiters to make their residence in Plymouth.

The shorter ride compared to the present is understood.

If Plymouth does not get this road and it goes elsewhere, it will be most probable that this will be our last opportunity to get a direct line into Detroit.

We print the above to correct some misstatements made and erroneous impressions that have obtained.

### SCHOOL NOTES.

(Printed as written by Pupils.—Ed.)

Thursday afternoon the Physics class were given a treat in connection with their study of the steam engine. They were taken through the boiler-room and shown the ventilating fan, temporing and heating coils and all the mysteries of our heating and ventilating plant.

The boys in the manual training room have finished their bread-boards and are now making footstools.

A few colored boys and girls came up from the basement Thursday afternoon to help us sing. The color of their complexions made them easily spotted.

The second meeting of the Wayne Co. Association for this year was held at Wayne Friday night and Saturday. All the Plymouth teachers out of quarantine were there, in time for the "banquet" and afternoon session the forenoon they spent at the Plymouth waiting room waiting for a car. They report the new building as very pleasant and as making a fine appearance, but some think it will not be as convenient for work as ours.

Pearl Heywood of Wayne visited the sixth grade Monday.

Alvin Stuart of the sixth grade has left school on account of sickness.

Ivaleta Cole of the fourth grade has returned to school after a two months' absence.

Miss Cook, the second grade and manual training teacher, was taken sick Friday with what was later found to be scarlet fever. The board of education decided to allow her room-mate, Miss Mowry, the first grade teacher, to go home for a week until danger of contagion should be past, and the first grade will not meet until her return.

High school visitors were Mr. and Mrs. Leigh Markham, Mr. Stuffed and Mrs. Post.

Don't forget to keep an open date for the musical entertainment given for the benefit of the Seiners Saturday March 26. Further announcements later.

There has been so much sickness among the teachers the past week that it has been difficult for Mr. Isbell to find substitutes and some of the seniors have been called on to help out. Miss Eddy substituted in the seventh, Miss Hawthorne in the fifth last week. Miss Yorton, during the absence of Miss Cook, is teaching the second grade, while Claude Robinson, '10, taught the eighth grade one day and Forrest Gorton, '10, has charge of the fifth grade.

Miss Alice Brown of Ypsilanti has taken the seventh grade for the remainder of the year.

Medicines that aid nature are always most successful. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy acts on this plan. It loosens the cough, relieves the lungs, opens the secretions and aids nature in restoring the system to a healthy condition. Sold by Beyer's Pharmacy.

## CHURCH NEWS.

### UNIVERSALIST.

Rev. F. W. Miller, Pastor.  
Services as usual at 10:00 A. M. next Sunday. Sermon by the pastor. Subject, "The Church; the Scope of Its Work." Sunday-school at 11:15 a. m.

### METHODIST.

Rev. E. King, Pastor.  
Morning service at 10 a. m. The pastor will preach. Sunday-school at 11:30. Epworth League at 6 p. m. Evening service, at 7 p. m. Dr. E. E. Caster will preach. You are invited to all our services.

### CHRISTIAN SCIENTIST.

Next Sunday morning at First Church of Christ, Scientist, 10:10 A. M. Subject, "Substance." Sunday-school for children 11:00 A. M. Wednesday evening testimonial service 7:10. Every one is welcome.

### LUTHERAN.

Rev. O. Peters, Pastor.  
Services Sunday morning at 10:00 standard. Sunday-school at 11:15. Service Friday evening 7:00.  
The L. A. S. will meet with Mrs. Fred Gentz next Thursday to sew.  
At the yearly meeting of the church, which was held Mar. 3, Henry Reichelt and Jake Streng were elected trustees for the coming year.

### BAPTIST.

Rev. C. T. Jack, Pastor.  
Morning worship 10:30. The pastor will preach. Bible school 11:45. Classes for all grades and ages. B. Y. P. U. 6:00. Leader, Miss Lucy Lapham. Evening sermon 7:00. The pastor will preach. Our mid-week prayer and praise service Thursday night 7:30.  
We extend a cordial invitation to all services. A special invitation to the Thursday night service.

### PRESBYTERIAN.

Rev. H. N. Ronald, Pastor.  
Sunday, March 13—10:00, Quarterly Communion and reception of members. The loose offering will go to the deacon's fund. It is hoped that there may be a generous offering, as there are several families in the community that need and deserve temporal assistance.

11:15, Sunday-school, 6:00, Young Peoples' Class—Final review of the book, "Servants of the King," with Miss Hanford as leader. 7:00 Evening worship. Sermon by the pastor. Subject, "The Groups Around the Cross."  
You are most heartily invited to all these services, also to the Thursday evening service. The subject will be "Christ or Barabbas—Which?" Mark 15:6-14. Subscribers to "The Interior" will find the topic treated on page 293 of the issue of March 3.

### OBITUARY.

#### MRS. OSMER LAWRENCE.

Susan Eddy was born in New York state Oct. 17, 1831. She moved with her parents to Ohio in 1834 at the age of three years, and from there to London, Mich., in 1835. In 1845 she was converted under the preaching of the Rev. S. T. Lanning. Her marriage to Osmer A. Lawrence in 1850 was blessed with five children—Mrs. H. J. Lewis of Cherry Hill; Mrs. James Manzer of Plymouth; Mrs. S. W. Killenbeck of Fairgrove; Mr. Romane Lawrence of Ypsilanti; Mrs. Chas. Smart who died in 1897. Her husband died July 30, 1866. She left one surviving sister Mrs. Cordelia Williams of Caro. Death came to her March 8, 1910, after a short illness.

The obsequies were conducted by Rev. Hugh Ronald at the Manzer home Wednesday afternoon. Interment Thursday at the cemetery at Whitaker.

#### MRS. GEO. PROCTOR.

Sarah C. Lasslett was born in Redford Feb. 8, 1863, and was united in marriage to Geo. W. Proctor March 18, 1883. Four children were born to this union—Orlo Proctor of Wayne, Mrs. Edith Robinson, John and Ethel Proctor of Tonquish. She has been a resident of this place for forty-five years, where she has been loved and respected by all who knew her. She has been very patient amidst her suffering and bore it as one who submits all to the will of God. She departed this life March 3, 1910.

The funeral was held from her late home Sunday March 6, 1910, Rev. King officiating. Interment at Riverside.

#### KATHERINE MCCLUMPHA

Miss Katherine McClumpha was born June 2, 1863, in Plymouth township, and died Sunday, Mar. 6, 1910, having spent the fifty-six years of her life in this vicinity. She was afflicted with blindness from her childhood, but in spite of the affliction maintained a sunny disposition and was a woman of refined tastes and broad sympathies. She was a devoted member of the Presbyterian church and of the local W. C. T. U. in both of which organizations she will be greatly missed. Death came suddenly, due to heart trouble. Services were held at the home on Union street Tuesday afternoon, Rev. Hugh Ronald officiating. Interment at Riverside. The bereaved brothers and sister have the genuine sympathy of the entire community.

Try a want ad. and get results.

## Do Not Give Up Yet.

Some controversy having arisen as to the patent under which the Griffiths at Flint are constructing their gasoline engine, mention of which was made last week in this paper, two of the gentlemen came to Plymouth Wednesday prepared to defend all their claims. Enquiries made at the patent office state that the patent given W. G. Griffiths is not covered by any other identical mechanical device before or since 1907, when it was issued.

While some of the gentlemen interested in bringing the plant to Plymouth and greatly enlarging upon it, have grown somewhat cool in the matter, others are just as enthusiastic and say a company with ample means will be formed and that they have no fear of the results so far as the patent granted is concerned. As a clincher for their faith, they point to the fact that the Buick Co. offered \$30,000 for the patent, which was refused. It is expected that in a few days subscriptions for stock will be ready to be received and everybody who desires will have an opportunity to get in on the ground floor of what Mr. Hillmer, chiefly interested in the project, says is the "best proposition in the United States today."

## Soldiers Meet With Comrade Partridge.

Ten of the old soldiers of the civil war and their wives, met at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Partridge, Sr., last Tuesday, west of the village. There were also present Mr. Partridge's two sons and their families and some of the nearby neighbors, making a company of nearly forty. The house was decorated with the stars and stripes, inside and out. About noon Robt. Walker, the rural mail carrier, came along and was captured by the old veterans and marched into the house to partake of the bountiful dinner, prepared by the hostess, and to which the old soldiers especially did ample justice.

After dinner the guests assembled in the parlor and listened to singing and speaking. Mrs. Ada Webber gave a recitation that was well received. Some of the old soldiers made speeches and the balance of the afternoon was spent by the old vets in fighting over some of the battles of the war. The soldiers tax exemption law, passed the Michigan legislature of 1908 was also commented upon.

The meeting then adjourned to meet at the residence of Calvin Wheeler, Salem, April 12th, 1910. All old soldiers welcome.

Ransom Alexander, who has been making his home with his son-in-law, Frazer Smith for several years past, died Tuesday night. He formerly resided in Livonia township. The funeral takes place from the house this afternoon at one o'clock, conducted by Rev. F. W. Miller. Interment in Union cemetery, Livonia.

A French physiologist has made a dead dog bark. Can he make an empty pocketbook pay bills?

The happy wedding and the unhappy divorce continue to give variety to the news of each day.

The gelsha girls probably are saying of Lord Kitchener: "Well, who wanted to?"

But how many of those mooted football reforms will be adopted?

A conscience is the worst "third degree."

Nicaragua long has acted like a country that needed a guardian.

Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets are safe, sure and reliable, and have been praised by thousands of women who have been restored to health through their gentle and curative properties. Sold by Beyer's Pharmacy.

### CHANCERY SALE.

In pursuance and by virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court of the county of Wayne and State of Michigan, in chancery made and entered on the seventeenth day of February, A. D. 1910, in a certain cause therein pending, wherein Mamie Walker is the complainant, and Charles Blunk, William F. Blunk, Myrtle Blunk, Lina Blunk, Clara Spurr and Elmer Blunk the defendants. Notice is hereby given that I shall sell at public auction, to the highest bidder at the southerly or Congress street entrance to the Wayne County Building, in the city of Detroit, county of Wayne and State of Michigan, that being the building in which the circuit court for the county of Wayne is held, on Monday the eleventh day of April, A. D. 1910, at twelve o'clock noon, standard time on said date, the following described property, namely: the following real estate situated and being in the township of Livonia, county of Wayne and State of Michigan, described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a subdivision stake at the northeast corner of the west half of the southwest quarter of section No. 20, town 1 south, range 1 east, and running thence south 8 degrees east, 4 chains 99 1/4 links; thence south 87 degrees west, 14 chains and 20 links; thence north 3 degrees west, 4 chains 99 1/4 links; thence north 87 degrees east, 14 chains and 30 links to the place of beginning, containing 10 acres of land more or less. Also the north half of the north half of the west half of the southwest quarter of section No. 29 in said township of Livonia, containing 20 acres of land more or less.  
Dated February 19, 1910.  
SAMUEL T. MAY,  
Circuit Court Commissioner, Wayne County, Michigan.  
P. W. VOORHIES,  
Solicitor for Complainant.

TRY MAIL LINERS

# G. A. GITTINS & CO.

Phone No. 13

Try our "Red Band Brand" Candies.  
10c, 15c and 20c lb.

## Have You Ever Tried Kar-a-Van Coffee?

If not, why not? The best in town, at prices ranging from 18c to 35c per lb.

## New Shipment of Teas Just In

Herald Chop, 40c lb. Heart's Desire 60c.  
Both new crop.

## Jap Rice 5c. lb. as Long as it Lasts.

Oranges 19c to 35c. Vegetable Oysters  
Bananas 20c. Lettuce  
Apples 15c and 25c pk. Celery

Every article guaranteed or money refunded.

## Watch Competition is Keen

There's a rivalry between makers as to the merit of their goods. Mechanical skill has advanced to a marvellous degree in watch making. If you can think of an advantage that can be incorporated into a watch to make it more reliable or more durable time-piece, you can sell your idea for a fortune. This rivalry is good for you. It lets you possess the most accurate watches that can be made at the lowest possible prices. We can demonstrate this for you any day. Our stock is large. We carry all the leading makes. We lay them down here costing us and you the smallest possible price. We are always glad to talk watch with you.

Any Watch or Article bought of us that is not Satisfactory we want you to return it at once.

# G. G. DRAPER

Jeweler and Optometrist.

THE NEW WAY WEAR THE OLD WAY



Easy To Move The Tie Impossible To Move Your Neckwear

**D&C**  
"LOOSCARF" COLLARS  
Patented, June 1906 - January 1908  
THE MOST COMFORTABLE COLLAR EVER MADE  
2 FOR 25c.  
If you cannot obtain them from your local dealer write the

Detroit "Looscarf" Collar Co. : : DETROIT, MICHIGAN.  
Sold in Plymouth by A. H. Dibble & Son,



A Satisfactory Breakfast Makes a Better Day's Work. Begin the day right. Be cheerful and bright. A cup of MO-KA lightens the work of the day.

## Mo-Ka Coffee

is put up in 1-lb. air-tight yellow packages, thus preserving its purity, aroma, strength and cleanliness.

20c. the Pound. Always the Same

Ask Your Dealer for MO-KA COFFEE.

# THE . . . Finest Groceries . . . at the Least Prices, Quality Considered

We also have a large and complete

## LINE OF CROCKERY AT THE RIGHT PRICES.

# GAYDE BROS.

The Mail only \$1 a year.

R. E. COOPER, M.D.C.M.,  
Physician & Surgeon.

Office hours—Until 9 A. M. 10:30;  
after 7 P. M.  
OFFICE OVER RAUCH'S STORE  
Bell Phone 36; Local 20.

Dr. A. E. PATTERSON

Office and residence, Main street,  
next to Express office.

Hours—until 9 a. m., 2 to 4 p. m. and after 7  
Telephone 88, Plymouth, Mich.

DR. S. E. CAMPBELL

Office and Residence, Ann Arbor St.  
first house west of Main street.

Hours—8 to 9 a. m., 1 to 2 and 7 to 8 p. m.  
Independent Phone No. 45

P. W. VOORHIES,

Attorney and Counselor at Law

Real Estate, Loans and  
Collections.

Telephone 73. Plymouth, Mich

Detroit United Lines

Plymouth Time Table

EAST BOUND.

For Detroit via Wayne 5:50 a. m. and every hour  
to 7:50 p. m.; also 9:42 p. m. changing at Wayne  
to Wayne only 11:35.

NORTH BOUND.

Leave Plymouth for Northville 6:43 a. m. (Sun-  
days excepted); 7:10 a. m. and every hour to  
9:10 p. m.; also 10:42 p. m. and 12:28 a. m.  
Leave Detroit for Plymouth 5:48 a. m. (from  
Michigan car barn); also 6:30 a. m. and every  
hour to 7:30 p. m.; also 9 p. m. and 11 p. m.  
changing cars at Wayne.  
Leave Wayne for Plymouth 6:39 a. m. and every  
hour to 8:39 p. m.; also 10:10 p. m. and 12 mid-  
night.  
Cars connect at Wayne for Ypsilanti and  
points west to Jackson.

The New Iowa  
Cream Separator.

Having taken the agency for the  
above machine I will be pleased to dem-  
onstrate its superiority over all others  
to any farmer who may be interested.  
Also have the agency for the Chore Boy  
1½ horse power gasoline engine.  
Call and see me or phone 917 2SIL1S.

F. L. BECKER

Robinson's Livery

Good Rigs at the best  
prices possible.

All kinds of Draying  
done promptly

GOOD STABLING.

## Local News

Children's school umbrellas 50c and  
70c at Rauch's.

Miss Grace Campbell visited in Ann  
Arbor Sunday.

Mrs. Don Voorhies of Detroit visited  
her parents Tuesday.

Don't forget the Firemen's Dance  
next Thursday evening.

Mrs. Minerva Wilson of Detroit is  
visiting friends in town.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Jesse McLeod,  
last Friday, a daughter.

Miss Clara Becker of Pontiac is visit-  
ing Mrs. Will Van Vleet.

Mrs. Albert Stever spent Thursday  
with her sister in Wayne.

Fred Bennett left for a few days' busi-  
ness trip to Chicago Wednesday.

Mrs. George Streng of Detroit visited  
her father, Wm. Kreger, this week.

Mrs. P. E. White of Detroit is visit-  
ing her daughter Mrs. Chas. Riggs.

Mrs. Geo. Smith of Grand Rapids is  
visiting Mrs. J. B. Henderson this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Calver of Pontiac  
spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Julius  
Stever.

Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Draper visited H.  
Doane and family at South Lyon over  
Sunday.

Miss Ethel Bartow of Williamston  
visited Miss Lelia Murray the first of  
the week.

Miss Heidenreich of Mt. Clemens is  
the new trimmer this season at Mrs.  
Tousey's.

Mrs. William Hart and son Harold of  
Hart, Mich., visited Mrs. Albert Stever  
Tuesday.

See millinery opening advertisement of  
Mrs. Tousey's in another column.

Clarence Patterson has returned to  
his work in Detroit after being home  
four weeks.

Isaac Gleason and daughter, Mrs.  
Edith McCarthy are both on the sick  
list this week.

Mrs. Henry Fisher and daughter  
Edna spent a few days in Detroit the  
last of the week.

Mrs. F. B. Park returned Tuesday  
from Florida, where she has been spend-  
ing the past two months.

D. M. Adams has sold his store build-  
ing north of the Plymouth House to T.  
P. Sherman of Perrinsville.

See the new line of spring goods just  
arrived at Rauch's.

Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Bird and little  
daughter of Pontiac spent Sunday with  
Mr. and Mrs. E. O. Huston, Mrs. Bird  
remaining for a few days.

Cass Gittins expects to move out onto  
the farm.

John Kellogg of Cleveland is visiting  
friends in town.

Mr. and Mrs. Leigh Markham re-  
turned to Detroit this week, where they  
expect to make their home.

Mrs. J. D. Johnson of Tacoma, Wash.,  
who has been visiting Mrs. S. M. Reed,  
is visiting in Crosswell, Mich.

Mrs. Carrie Markham and Miss Louise  
Markham left Tuesday for Chatsworth,  
Ill., for a three months' visit.

Floyd Sherman and wife have return-  
ed from Detroit, where they had been  
living for a couple of months.

St. Patrick's Dance, given by the  
Firemen, March 17th should be well  
patronized. Help the boys along.

At the regular meeting of the firemen  
last Thursday evening, W. O. Stewart  
was elected secretary for the ensuing  
year.

Mrs. Mary Evans and son Harry have  
moved back to Plymouth from Flint,  
occupying Mrs. Steele's house on South  
Main street.

Frank Nicholson, who has been in  
Ann Arbor for the past year, goes  
Monday to Traverse City to start in the  
grocery business for himself.

Ernest Burden was granted a divorce  
from his wife in the circuit court Sat-  
urday. Ernest charged Chas. Keller  
with supplanting him in his wife's af-  
fections.

The Phenix Hose Co. will hold its  
annual meeting at the Hose house,  
Monday evening, March 14th, at 7:30,  
for the election of officers and other  
business.

Mrs. Wm. Sutherland and mother,  
Mrs. Heide, visited Mrs. Sage and Mrs.  
Springer at St. Mary's hospital, Det-  
roit, Wednesday, and report them do-  
ing nicely.

The latest in dress trimmings—all  
laces and embroideries at Rauch's.

Miss Annie Cook, one of the teachers  
in our school, was taken sick last Fri-  
day at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. R.  
Rauch with scarlet fever. Her mother  
from Owosso is caring for her.

Nell McLaren will have her spring  
millinery opening next week Friday  
and Saturday, March 18th and 19th.  
All ladies of Plymouth and vicinity are  
cordially invited.

Frank Oldenburg will have an auction  
sale on the farm ½ mile south of Stark  
and 4 miles east of Plymouth, on Wed-  
nesday, March 16, at 1 o'clock p. m., of  
six head Holstein cattle, one horse and  
many farming tools. Frank Boyle,  
auctioneer.

Dewey Berdan, who was put on the  
Citizens ticket as one of the trustees  
has declined to make the run and the  
name of John E. Wilcox has been sub-  
stituted. W. B. Roe also refused to  
accept the nomination of assessor on the  
Workingmen's ticket and the name of  
John Shackleton was substituted by the  
committee.

Justice Montgomery has withdrawn  
from the gubernatorial field, having  
been appointed by President Taft to a  
federal judgeship. The withdrawal of  
Mr. Montgomery will help to boost  
Chase Osborn in his campaign for the  
nomination for the governorship, and  
his friends are confident he will land  
the office. He is making a strenuous  
campaign and dealing telling blows to  
the extravagance of the present adminis-  
tration.

Meat prices continue to advance.  
Hogs were quoted at \$10.50 a hundred  
pounds in the Michigan Central stock-  
yards in Detroit Wednesday, an ad-  
vance of 50 cents over last week.  
Sheep and lambs were going at \$9.50,  
an advance of from 35 to 40 cents.  
Beef went up from 10 to 15 cents a hun-  
dred. One year ago hogs were quoted  
at 6.75. The quotation of 10.50 gives  
the consumer a fair idea of the way he  
is being treated.

The ladies who are taxpayers and are  
otherwise legally qualified should not  
forget that they may exercise the voting  
franchise next Monday, so far as per-  
tains to municipal granting of franchises  
and bonding. They may also vote at  
the township elections. The granting  
of a franchise to the Detroit, Lansing  
& Grand Rapids Railway comes up  
next Monday and the ladies are request-  
ed to come out and vote on the proposi-  
tion. Before voting, however, they  
must register, which they may do before  
the board meeting in the council room  
tomorrow from 9 to 8 o'clock.

### K. P.'s are Busy.

The K. of P.'s held a district meeting  
Wednesday night in Plymouth. Damon  
Lodge of Detroit gave the amplified  
first degree at the opera house, which  
was followed by a school of instruction  
by the grand lodge officers. A class of  
39 candidates were then given the rank  
of page. About fifty members from  
Northville came over accompanied by a  
band. After the work a banquet was  
given at the K. P. hall, of which 150  
persons partook, the catering being  
done by Landlord Weckerle of the  
Plymouth House.

Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver  
Tablets invariably bring relief to women  
suffering from chronic constipation,  
headache, biliousness, dizziness, sal-  
lowness of the skin and dyspepsia. Sold  
by Beyer's Pharmacy.

### New D. U. R. Waiting Room

Further consideration was given by  
the council at their regular session Mon-  
day evening to the D. U. R. request to  
grant them the privilege of constructing  
a "Y" onto their property on Main  
street. The company proposes to re-  
move the wing portion of the Baker  
house to the rear of the lot and use the  
main building for a freight depot and  
waiting room. Tracks will run to this  
building on the south side of the lot. It  
is said, the intention of the D. U. R.  
eventually is to build a new block on the  
entire front of the street. The company  
will pay for all repairs and paving of  
the street in front of the property and  
also widen the pavement on the east  
side by several feet, doing away entirely  
with the present curbing.

The council has also attempted to  
secure a rate of 10 cents to and from  
Newcomb's corners, south of Newburg,  
the present rate being 15 cents. This  
feature of the negotiations between the  
company and the council has not yet  
been agreed upon and for that reason  
the council held up the switch con-  
struction matter until it shall be settled.  
There are many farmers who live south  
of Newburg who would make Plymouth  
their trading point instead of Wayne  
if they could secure a lower rate of fare.  
The railroad company will undoubtedly  
accede to the request of the council.

### Burned by Gasoline.

Mr. and Mrs. Lou Reed were dry-  
cleaning some clothes at their rooms  
Saturday morning, using gasoline as a  
cleaner. They neglected to put out a  
gasoline stove fire with the result that  
when the fumes from the gasoline used  
by Mr. and Mrs. Reed had filled the  
room, there was an explosion. Mrs.  
Reed was severely burned about the  
hands and arms up to her elbows and  
both of Mr. Reed's hands were blistered.  
The fire also singed the walls and mat-  
ting on the floor of the room, but the  
flames were promptly put out. Dr.  
Patterson was called to bandage the  
burns of Mr. and Mrs. Reed, and neither  
will suffer any serious results.

### Base Ball Meeting.

Spring weather is causing the base  
ball fever to begin burning, and a de-  
sire among the fans to keep Plymouth  
on the base ball map. To do so, how-  
ever, makes it necessary to "get a  
move on." The five year lease on the  
base ball park expires this month and if  
base ball is to be continued, the ball  
park must be arranged for. It has,  
therefore, been thought advisable to  
call a meeting of the Plymouth Athletic  
Association, lessees of the grounds, to  
be held in the directors' room of the  
Plymouth United Savings Bank, on  
Monday evening, March 21, at 7:30  
o'clock, and everybody interested in  
base ball is invited to lend his presence  
on that occasion. We have one of the  
finest base ball parks in the State and  
it would certainly be base ball suicide  
to abandon it.

### Shall We Go Ahead or Back?

I have been much interested in what  
you have said about "Another Road."  
It seems to me that we as a village will  
act against our own best interests if we  
allow the proposed road which seeks en-  
trance to Plymouth, to go elsewhere.  
In all probability this will be our last  
chance to get a road direct to Detroit.

I am not in favor of a two cent rate,  
but even at that, would not the short-  
ened distance to the city fully or more  
than meet the present roundabout way?  
And more than all, the difference be-  
tween forty minutes and one hour and  
forty minutes in the matter of running  
time, is a very important consideration.  
We have nothing to lose, and much to  
gain, by a forward movement.  
A VOTER.

### A Newly Married Couple

Is very happy, so is every person who  
has good health and is free from rheu-  
matic pains; for those who are not, and  
for those who have neuralgia, sprains or  
contracted muscles, we discovered in  
Renne's Pain-Killing Oil the greatest  
help. A remedy that has been a favor-  
ite in thousands of homes for over sev-  
enty years. Once tried—always used.  
Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00. Sold by Pinck-  
ney's Pharmacy and Beyer's Pharmacy

### THE MARKETS

Wheat, red, \$1.09; white \$1.09  
Hay, \$10.00 to \$13.50 No. 1 Timothy.  
Oats, 42c.  
Rye, 73c.  
Beans, basis \$1.90  
Potatoes, 20c.  
Butter, 24c.  
Eggs, 20c.

### Wants, For Sale, To Rent, etc.

5c. per Line, One Insertion.  
TO RENT—The farm known as the  
Gorton farm, 5 miles west of Plymouth,  
and farm known as Neal farm, 2 miles  
west of Northville. Enquire of J. R.  
Blackwood, 501 Trumbull ave., Detroit.  
FARM FOR SALE.—85 acres one mile  
south and one mile west of Salem sta-  
tion. Enquire of R. C. Safford, Plym-  
outh.  
FOR SALE.—Good single top carriage.  
Price \$15. Enquire Lovenda Green.



"None but  
the Brave  
Deserve  
the Fair,"

But whether you be brave or timid, you will get nothing but fair  
treatment here. We are in business to make friends and to  
keep them. We can only do this by giving the people their  
money's worth right along, by offering the freshest goods, by  
prompt and polite service, and by charging only reasonable  
prices. We know that you will be satisfied with what we sell,  
with the price we sell at, and with our selling methods.

Everything guaranteed the best to be had or your money  
cheerfully refunded. Sole agents for Aristos Flour, Comprador  
Tea and B. & P. Coffee.

**Brown & Pettingill,**

THE WHITE FRONT GROCERY  
Telephone No. 40. Free Delivery



### It Makes you Think of Home

and all of its fine jellies and  
jams that we used to find in  
the pantry when mother wasn't  
looking, to come into our store  
and look over the goods on  
our shelves that we offer at  
such low prices. Yet withal  
mother never had the variety  
that we hold at your disposal.  
Come in and look things over  
—it costs you nothing to look  
—or give us a trial order and  
if it doesn't prove satisfactory  
refuse it upon delivery.

### Do You Want an Ironing Table Free?

Then make enquiry at this store and find out our liberal offer. It  
is a cinch offer and should be "locked into" by every thrifty house-  
wife. We also have a few more beautifully framed American Mirrors  
on the "bargain deal." Get in on these before your neighbor beats you

### IN VEGETABLES

We have Lettuce, Green Onions, Dry Onions, Turnips and Cabbage.

**D. A. JOLLIFFE & SON**

Both 'phones. Free Delivery.

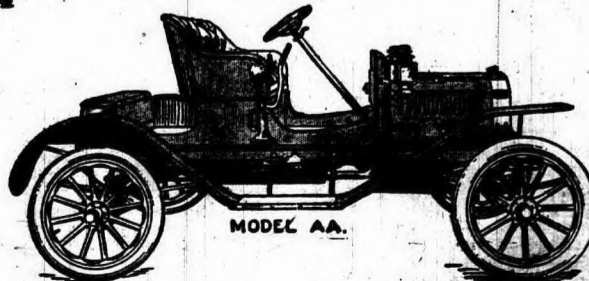
## GALE'S.

Go to Gale's for Wall Paper.

- " " Clover and Timothy Seed.
- " " China and Glassware.
- " " Drugs and Medicines.
- " " Groceries.
- " " Angle Lamps.
- " " Lamps of all kinds.
- " " Garden Seeds.
- " " Balls, Bats, Gloves, etc.
- " " Fishing Tackle.
- " " Oranges, Lemons, Bananas.
- " " Fruits of all kinds.

**JOHN L. GALE**

## Buy a Maxwell



MODEL AA.

**Give us Your Order Early**

Output of Factories Nearly Sold.

**CONNER HDW. CO., Ltd.,**  
AGENTS.

### SPRING OPENING

OF

## MILLINERY

THURSDAY & FRIDAY,

MARCH 17 & 18,

AT

**MISS HASSINGER'S,**

OPPOSITE COMMERCIAL HOUSE,

'PHONE 65 RED.

THE PLYMOUTH MAIL

F. W. SAMSEN, Publisher.

PLYMOUTH, MICHIGAN

FOR MILLION-DOLLAR HALL

Philadelphia City Administration is Planning the Erection of Magnificent Building.

Contingent upon a decision by the courts favorable to the right of the school authorities to float loans independently of councils, it is announced to be the plan of the city administration to erect a great convention hall to cost \$1,000,000, and to be the most magnificent building of the kind in the world.

The mayor's committee has stated, is undecided whether to erect the \$1,000,000 convention hall on concrete arches, stretched across the Schuylkill river, from Market to Chestnut street, as recently suggested, or to find a new site for this purpose along the parkway.

It is the hope of those interested that if the courts pass favorably upon the legality of the school board loans by this summer the money needed for the Greater Philadelphia can be obtained soon afterward. If this can be done there will be a strong possibility of the great building being completed before the summer of 1912.

In addition to caring for great meetings of national importance, it is the idea of those interested in the plans for Greater Philadelphia to have the building serve also as an exposition building for articles made in this city.

Utility in Studies.

President Schurman's questioning of the utility of teaching modern languages in colleges is somewhat surprising. While it may be true, as he claims, that not one in 500 outside of teachers will use them, this is not a valid reason for discontinuing them as studies.

Only Think We Are Tired.

One difficulty which we all recognize is that of distinguishing between real and pseudo fatigue in ourselves or others, and knowing when a rational degree of real fatigue has been reached. Even the physiologist in his laboratory, however exact he may be with the muscles of animals, has no method of measuring accurately the degree of fatigue in the intact body of a human being.

New Business for Women.

Miss Edna Blanchard Lewis is a New York woman who has originated and now directs the only insurance department in the world run exclusively for women. There is a splendid field for women in this work, she says, and it is comparatively easy to work up from the ranks.

Wagner's Popularity.

That Pittsburgh is baseball crazy every one knows, and one wonders how far the craze will go when one finds for sale in an image shop on Wylie avenue, among the figures of saints and martyrs, little plaster casts of Hans Wagner in baseball regalia.

All in Knowing How.

Mrs. A.—How do you manage to have servants come trooping to you? I've advertised and hardly got a reply.

Quack Story.

Bill—Did you hear the story about the bottomless bottle?

It Wouldn't Hold Water!

Yonkers Statesman.

IS PROBING INTO EXPRESS RATES

Railroad Commission Is Compiling Statistics.

SHOWING UP INEQUALITIES

Companies Later Will Be Asked to Appear Before Commission and Explain What Appear to Be Unreasonably High Rates.

Lansing—The commission is now compiling a comprehensive record of the charges the three express companies doing business in Michigan—the American, United States and National—make between many points. When completed the companies will be invited to appear before the commission and explain what appear to be a great many unreasonably high rates.

President Glasgow of the commission was explaining about some kinds of unequal rates. Take, for instance, where one railroad line crosses another. Between two stations on one of the lines, say 100 miles apart, a package may be sent for 25 cents.

Again, take a large distributing center like Detroit or Grand Rapids. Between either of these cities and a large town 50 miles away the charge for a package may be 25 cents. Between the big city and another large town, 80 miles away, it is still 25 cents. But for a village between the 50-mile and the 80-mile large towns the rate is 40 cents.

President Glasgow says these inequalities came about in various ways, and most of them date back to the beginning of the express service. When schedules were originally framed a town that received and sent a considerable amount of express matter put up a kick and got a low rate.

Vote Electric Franchises.

Five townships, four in Berrien county and one in Cass county, voted favorably on the question of giving franchises to the Southern Michigan Railway Company to cross highways in the respective townships with an electric railroad. The Southern Michigan Railway Company is already operating 34 miles of road between South Bend, Ind. and St. Joseph, but the franchisees voted are principally for proposed extensions, one east from Niles to Dowagiac, and one west to Buchanan, a total of 17 miles.

Draste Must Go to Prison.

The conviction of Joseph Droste of Pawman on a charge of manslaughter was affirmed by the supreme court, and in the opinion it was recommended that he be sentenced at once.

Reflects Flint's Boom.

The post office substation, recently established in the factory district at Flint, is doing more business in money orders than the whole city showed only two years ago. It is today the largest post office branch of its kind in the country in point of business. These statements from the post office department indicate the tremendous growth of that section of the city during the past two years.

State Chemist's Bill Cut.

The state board of health is after the Genesee county supervisors as the result of the disallowance of the bill of Dr. M. L. Holm, state chemist and bacteriologist. An appeal to the circuit court has been filed by Deputy Attorney General Henry E. Chase. Dr. Holm presented bills aggregating \$300 and he was allowed only \$49, and as a result, the state board of health has decided that it will test out the new law which provides for an appeal to the circuit court from the decision of the board of supervisors.

Michigan Calls C. L. Demurat.

The regents of the University of Michigan appointed C. L. Demurat of New York city professor in electrical engineering at a salary of \$3,000 a year. Mr. Demurat is a man of international reputation, having been called by the Austrian government to electrify the Simplon tunnel, and at present being engaged in the transmission of electrical current from Niagara Falls to Hamilton and Toronto, Ont. He has been called by the United States government several times as consulting engineer.

The electrical engineering department will also have Lyman Moorehouse next fall as assistant professor. Mr. Moorehouse has been in England for the last two years as consulting engineer and at the head of construction in several pieces of work for the British government.

Beginning in the fall of 1912 any candidate for entrance in the law department who is working for a degree will be required to have one year's college work.

How Fitzpatrick Got Place.

The story of how Keene Fitzpatrick, the trainer of Michigan's athletes, happened to accept Princeton's offer has just leaked out. One day a friend met Fitzpatrick and the latter said:

"Princeton wrote me and asked me what salary I'd come there for. Other years I had made their own price, and I guess I've stopped all negotiations by putting the figure up to \$7,000 a year."

About a week after the conversation the same man met Michigan's trainer again, and Fitzpatrick was looking rather disconsolate.

"I've a letter from Princeton, and they have accepted my terms," said the trainer. "It's dollars in doughnuts that had Mr. Fitzpatrick any notion that Princeton would have offered the \$7,000 he would have hoisted it still higher, for he has always been devoted to Michigan and his work here."

Town Board Is Winner.

The Garfield town board won its fight with the school board of the Lake district in the circuit court at Harrison, Judge Dodds dismissing the writ of prohibition, which was granted on application of the school authorities to prevent the town officials from entertaining a petition filed with the latter to oust them. The controversy arose over the handling of the school funds in the building of schoolhouses and other matters. Dissatisfied patrons filed charges against the school board, demanding that its members be removed from office, but before the town board could act, the matter was carried to the circuit court. The town board will now hear the accusation of misappropriation of the district funds and a lively time at the hearing is expected. Public sentiment is divided in the fight between the two bodies.

Tears Win Boy in Court.

Mrs. Walter J. Hull, the Los Angeles woman who is being sued for divorce at Detroit, surprised her husband by appearing in court and announcing she would put in a defense. The man named in the suit is Emilyy James, a mission worker, and the disruption of the Hull family almost disrupted a Los Angeles Sunday school. When Mrs. Hull appeared in court her ten-year-old son, Walter, from whom she had been separated three years, was present. With a glad cry she rushed to the child and cried: "My darling! my darling!" But the boy broke away from her with arown and went to his father. The mother burst into tears. Finally he went over to the side of his mother; her tears had won him back.

County Sued by Health Officer.

As the outcome of the warfare which has existed for several weeks between the Genesee county board of supervisors and Dr. M. A. Patterson, city health officer, the latter has commenced a suit in circuit court to recover \$237.75, which he alleges is due him for attendance at the detention hospital. The bill was disallowed at a recent session of the supervisors. While the amount involved is not large, the case is exceptionally important in that it will decide the status of a health officer in regard to contagious diseases, and his power to collect from the county. No matter which way judgment is given, it is stated that the case will be taken to the supreme court.

Two "Lifers" Escape.

Robert McCormick, confessed slayer of baggage-master Minor of Ypsilanti in a recent pitched battle there, and Harry Aukerman, escaped from prison at Jackson. Both were serving life terms for murder. Aukerman was sentenced from Kalamazoo in 1910, McCormick from Washouaw within a few days after the raid on Ypsilanti by the band of young Detroit veggs. The escape was made from the hospital window, where they cut out an iron bar and let themselves to the ground with an improvised rope made from sheets and towels. They were gone about half an hour before missed.

Hog Raising Profitable.

That hog raising is profitable at the present record prices is shown by the experience of George McGregor, a farmer near Shepherd. From an investment of two dollars, McGregor cleaned up \$115 in about a year. He paid two dollars for two pigs to start with. Five of their litter he sold for two dollars apiece, or ten dollars. He kept two, which he fattened and sold, the smaller bringing \$21.75 and the larger \$33. He then sold the mother for \$28.35 and the father for \$24.50, a total of \$115.50.

SEEN AND HEARD IN MICHIGAN

Mt. Clemens.—The probate court awarded Attorney Martin Crocker \$15,371.28 for the work he did for Joseph W. Wolford, the executor of the William Cottrell estate. From this order the heirs of the estate appealed, stating they were willing to pay \$7,000. As there were over 500 days' work done this would amount to \$14 a day. Mr. Crocker says he should be paid the full amount of his bill; therefore he has taken an appeal himself.

Mt. Clemens.—Over seventy-five merchants of Mt. Clemens have granted their support to the Maromb County Telephone Company, the independent phone system which is attempting to gain a foothold here, according to the statement of a representative of the company. He showed a list of names and addresses of Bell subscribers who have signed contracts to install the new phone as proof of his assertions.

Lapeer.—Deputy Game Warden E. J. Thrasher rounded up Justice R. A. McRoy and E. Parker, a hardware dealer, both of Inlay City, for illegal fishing. Brought here and taken before Justice Wright, both pleaded guilty. McRoy was fined \$15.00 and Parker \$5.00. The men were fishing on Lake Pleasant and undersized fish were found in their possession, also fish unlawful to catch at present.

Traverse City.—With from 35 to 40 loads appearing on the market daily, the potato price slumped here from 20 to 18 cents. Fearing a spring breakup the farmers seem to be willing to let go of their tubers at any price. Last November a large number of the growers agreed to hold their stock for 50 cents, but with the market sagging as it is they apparently will be heavy losers on their venture.

Saginaw.—The first accident that ever occurred in the manual training department of the Arthur Hill high school cost Edward Hatch, son of George Hatch, two fingers. The boy was working at a planer in the wood working room and while forcing a board between the rollers he slipped and lunged forward, his left hand being shoved into the machine and badly mangled.

Cadillac.—There is still some good timber around Tustin, just to the south of Cadillac. John Stansell is shipping to the shipyards on the Clyde in Scotland via New Brunswick three carloads of rock elm logs of the finest quality. None of the logs are less than 18 inches across the end and from 12 to 22 feet long. The logs are to be squared and used in ship construction.

Owosso.—When Charles Listerman related in the municipal court how he visited Mrs. Robert Bowles and her daughter, Myrtle, left a bunch of money with them for safekeeping and when the money was returned to him found it \$60 short, the prosecutor recommended the dismissal of the charge of grand larceny brought against the woman. The judge acquiesced.

Grand Rapids.—Denying a rumor of shortage in the post office accounts, Postmaster Bishop announced that Lewis Lannier, a clerk at a sub-station, had been ordered dropped by the post office department at Washington, D. C. It was explained that there was nothing held against Lannier which would warrant prosecution or grand jury investigation.

Owosso.—Jerome Markham, who lives on a farm three miles from here, awakened his wife, complained of a severe pain in the side, kissed her and then fell back dead from heart disease. His first wife dropped dead in the Battle Creek depot several years ago. Markham was 70 years old, a civil war veteran and a pioneer settler in this section.

Owosso.—Owosso Judge of Odd Fellows has taken up the cause of Mrs. Palmer, widow of George Palmer, who was killed in an explosion in the plant of the Flint Electric Company. Palmer's insurance in the order expired before the accident, leaving the widow destitute. A suit for damages may result.

Mt. Morris.—The township of Thetford, at a special election by a majority of four, voted to bond for \$10,000 for good roads. The town was unable to dispose of the bonds on account of irregularities in the election and will vote on the same proposition in April.

Ann Arbor.—De Witt Backard, the Plymouth farmer charged with starving his horses on his farm in Salem township, was found guilty in the circuit court and was sentenced to pay a fine of \$50 and \$185 costs. Grand Rapids.—Pleading guilty to tampering with the mails, Fred Richards, assistant superintendent of carriers in the local post office, was fined \$250 by Judge Denton in the United States district court.

Traverse City.—The annual banquet of Grand Traverse Lincoln club is announced for March 18. The gubernatorial quartet and Grand Fellows will furnish the oratory.

Grand Rapids.—Struck in the head by a huge chunk of ice that slid from the roof of the high school building, Edith Williams, a pupil in the school, was seriously injured. She dropped to the ground in an unconscious condition and was hurried to a hospital, where physicians say she will recover. Grand Rapids.—Arrangements were completed whereby the inmates of the recently burned Michigan Masonic home will be cared for at an abandoned fashionable clubhouse until June 1. They have been living in hotels and boarding houses in every corner of the city.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Horticultural experts report after an investigation that the Illinois peach crop is dead for this year.

One child was drowned as the result of a flood which filled the basements in eight blocks near the southern Milwaukee city limits.

Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont is suffering from nervous collapse in New York, consequent upon overwork in the cause of woman suffrage.

Fire swept the German battleship Posen at Kiel, but through the heroism of the city's firemen the vessel was saved from destruction.

Of thirty-two Cornell university students who have been awarded honors by election to the Phi Beta Kappa, nineteen are women and only thirteen men.

Missouri's summer executive mansion will be a log cabin, which Gov. Hadley will build with his own hands, on a farm recently purchased by him near Jefferson City.

Because the skull of Caleb Cox was abnormally thin, a Traverse City (Mich.) court freed Frank Hardy, who killed him with a blow, merely assessing a \$100 fine for assault.

Addressing the New York Y. M. C. A., Prof. Channing Rudd asserted President Taft needs the intelligent support of the newspapers, and advised an official press agent.

The Rev. George Schroeder, pastor of the First Congregational church at Elmwood, Ill., has resigned his pulpit to become a baseball umpire in the Illinois and Missouri leagues.

Commander Peary has declined to submit to congress the proofs of his discovery of the north pole, on the ground that by so doing he would violate contracts with his publishers.

Tangled in the wreckage of a collapsed dirigible balloon, L. L. Hill, a San Jose (Cal.) aeronaut, fell 150 feet yesterday before a crowd of several thousand spectators at the local race-track. He was not injured.

The children of Mrs. Mary Pennington and Mrs. Anna Caney, playing together in a vacant lot at Flatbush, L. I., found a newly laid egg, and possession is claimed by both women, who have appealed to the courts.

Since President Taft's election the Unitarian church which he attends in Washington has suffered from the depredations of visitors who have twice carried away cushions, books, etc., while service actually was in progress.

Friends and foes of woman suffrage will appear before the New York state legislature this week to discuss the proposed constitutional amendment to extend the franchise. Mrs. Clarence H. Mackay and Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont head the suffrage forces.

HYDE IS RELEASED ON BOND

Man, Accused of Swope Murder Gets Out of Jail at Kansas City—His Arraignment.

Kansas City, Mo., Mar. 9.—Dr. B. C. Hyde, charged with murder and attempted murder in the Swope case, was released from the county jail after furnishing bond in the sum of \$100,000.

Dr. Hyde was arraigned in the criminal court again on 11 indictments. Mrs. Logan O. Swope resumed the giving of her deposition in the civil suit that developed from the Swope investigation.

MINE VICTIM WIDOWS PAID

St. Paul Company Settles with Fifty Women at \$800 to \$1,200.

Chicago, Mar. 9.—Fifty claims of widows or other relatives of the Cherry mine victims have been paid by the St. Paul Mining Company in sums ranging from \$800 to \$1,200 for each death. The sum of \$1,800 has been agreed upon as a basis of settlement for about 100 other cases.

Baby Is Born with Smallpox.

Des Moines, Ia., Mar. 9.—A baby girl was born to Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Millner with a well developed case of the smallpox. Eight weeks ago the mother recovered from a severe attack of the disease.

THE MARKETS.

Table with market prices for various commodities like LIVE STOCK, FLOUR, GRAIN, etc. across different cities like New York, Chicago, Milwaukee, and Kansas City.

WORTH KNOWING

Simple But Powerful Prescription for Rheumatism and Lame Back. This was previously published here and cured hundreds.

Get one ounce of syrup of Sarsaparilla compound and one ounce Toris Compound. Then get half a pint of good whiskey and put the other two ingredients into it. Use a tablespoonful of this mixture before each meal and at bed time. Shake the bottle each time. Good effects are felt the first day. Any druggist has these ingredients on hand or will quickly get them from his wholesale house.

WANTED TO BE ON SAFE SIDE

Woman, Twice Deserted, Didn't Mean to Take Any Chances on Her Third Hubby.

The officers of the thumb print bureau were just wishing for something interesting to turn up when a telephone message offered timely diversion. A woman was speaking.

"Do you make prints of anybody's thumbs except criminals?" she asked. The bureau did.

"Well," said the woman, "if I will come down there right away with a man will you make a print of his thumbs?"

The bureau would. The man and the woman came.

"We want his thumb prints for identification," said the woman. "We are going to be married to-morrow. He is my third husband. The other two ran away and I had the hardest kind of a time to find them because there was no sure way of identifying them. They say thumb prints can never change and that a man can be tracked by them to the ends of the earth. I hope I shall never have to use them, but it is just as well to be on the safe side. Will you make them?"

The bureau did.

HOW A DOCTOR CURED SCALP DISEASE

"When I was ten or twelve years old I had a scalp disease, something like scald head, though it wasn't that. I suffered for several months, and most of my hair came out. Finally they had a doctor to see me and he recommended the Cuticura Remedies. They cured me in a few weeks. I have used the Cuticura remedies, also, for a breaking out on my hands and was benefited a great deal. I haven't had any more trouble with the scalp disease. Miss Jessie F. Buchanan, R. F. D. 3, Hamilton, Ga., Jan. 7, 1909."

Kept with Barnum's Circus.

P. T. Barnum, the famous circus man, once wrote: "I have had the Cuticura Remedies among the contents of my medicine chest with my shows for the last three seasons, and I can cheerfully certify that they were very effective in every case which called for their use."

Not Willing to Commit Himself.

The teacher had called upon Freddie Brown to give an illustration of the proper manner in which to compare the adjective "clean."

"Mother is clean," said he falteringly, "father is—cleaner—" Here he paused.

"And," prompted the teacher. Freddie was still silent and very thoughtful.

"Haven't you some other relative?" asked the teacher, smiling.

"Oh, yes," replied Freddie, "there's auntie—but I ain't sure about her!"

Entitled to It.

"How are things lookin' over to Dinglede?"

"They've been lookin' purty squeamish for a spell. Th' creek got so blame high it overflowed Peasley's dam, an' there's two foot o' water in Wilder Brown's cellar."

"Well, well, I s'pose you folks ever there will be so stuck up pretty soon that you'll be callin' yourselves th' Parisians of Ameriky?"

Storm Episode.

Two handsome young women, becomingly dressed, slipped and fell together in the slushy pool of the crossing. They arose wet and angry.

"Wring out, wild belles," commented an observer, such an addition of insult to injury being condemned by all who overheard.—Philadelphia Ledger.

No Deposits.

"Do you think there's money in hens?"

"Well, if there is they keep it well secured."—Exchange.

CHANGE THE VIBRATION

It Makes for Health.

A man tried leaving off meat, potatoes, coffee, and etc., and adopted a breakfast of fruit, Grape-Nuts with cream, some crisp toast and a cup of Postum.

His health began to improve at once for the reason that a meat eater will reach a place once in a while where his system seems to become clogged and the machinery doesn't work smoothly.

A change of this kind puts aside food of low nutritive value and takes up food and drink of the highest value, already partly digested and capable of being quickly changed into good, rich blood and strong tissue.

A most valuable feature of Grape-Nuts is the natural phosphate of potash grown in the grains from which it is made. This is the element which transforms albumen in the body into the soft gray substance which fills brain and nerve centers.

A few days' use of Grape-Nuts will give one a degree of nervous strength well worth the trial.

Look in plgs for the little book, "The Road to Wellville." "There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new way to get away from those to whom they are enemies, true, and full of human interest.



# A CLEAN RECORD

CHASE S. OSBORN'S CONSCIENTIOUS AND GOOD WORK FOR THE PEOPLE IS CLEAN.

THE STRENUOUS DAYS OF RAILROAD LEGISLATION SHOW VALUABLE SERVICE AS A PUBLIC OFFICIAL.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., March 9th—  
"I know of no better method of arriving at a candidate's capacity for public service and loyalty to the common good than by a study of his past performance of public duties," declared former Attorney General H. M. Oren in introducing a careful review of Chase S. Osborn's services to the state as commissioner of railroads under Governor Pingree. "During his term of service under Pingree," continued Mr. Oren, "no man aided more effectively or effectively in promoting the political situation which made adequate taxation of railroad properties in Michigan inevitable than Mr. Osborn. While at times he differed with his chief, he was thoroughly at one with him in the general purpose sought and contributed in no small degree to the end finally reached. Mr. Osborn became commissioner of railroads by Governor Pingree's appointment on April 6, 1899, and was associated with the Pingree administration until the end of Governor Pingree's term on December 31, 1900. He was reappointed by Governor Bliss and remained commissioner until January 8, 1903.

"I can best summarize Governor Pingree's activities from April, 1899, to the end of his term by a statement of results. His Atkinson bill, adopted March 15, 1899, was declared unconstitutional on April 26, 1899. From the legislature of 1899 he obtained the passage of the bill creating the state tax commission, which was given supervision over all local assessing officers and which brought general property valuations to an approximation of 'cash value' and added to the general tax rolls of the state \$350,000,000 in valuation; and which was also given authority to make a railroad valuation, resulting in the Cooley and Adams appraisal. He also obtained the appointment of a commission to negotiate for the repeal of the special railroad charters, of which Mr. Osborn by virtue of his position became the head.

"At this session Governor Pingree failed to get a resolution adopted for submission of a constitutional amendment allowing the re-enactment of the Atkinson bill, and he again failed at the special session called in December, 1899, but in October, 1900, by his coup in assembling the legislature a month before the general election, he got a proper resolution adopted, which was overwhelmingly ratified at the polls. Also at this session, acting on the report and suggestions of Mr. Osborn's commission, the special railroad charters were repealed.

"Governor Pingree, after the overwhelming victory of his constitutional amendment at the polls, sought to reap for his own administration the credit of the re-enactment of his Atkinson bill and the putting of the new system of taxation into effect, and he caused the legislature to finally convene in special session on December 5, 1900. The result of this session was disappointing and the governor retired at the end of the year, not realizing that he had in fact won his taxation victory.

"Mr. Osborn's report to the governor, dated December 31, 1900, expressed doubts regarding the possibility of framing an adequate, equitable and satisfactory ad valorem tax law along the lines of the Atkinson bill that would be as satisfactory as the system then in vogue IF THE I. T. TER WAS REVISED AND PLACED AT AN ADEQUATE RATE.

"Subsequent events justified this doubt, as the Chandler bill putting railroads on an ad valorem basis differed in many essentials from the so-called Atkinson bill.

"When Governor Pingree tendered the position of commissioner of railroads to Mr. Osborn, as he did three times before acceptance the latter frankly told him his views on this subject and expressed the same doubts as were expressed in the report quoted from.

"In spite of that, he received the appointment with no condition of fealty to the Pingree tax ideas interposed, and in fact on no condition of any character; and I can very truthfully say that at no time thereafter while Mr. Pingree was governor and after the expiration of his term, did I ever hear him say that he had misled me into appointing Mr. Osborn, or that he was surprised at his views, or that he was disappointed in his personal or official conduct. In fact, he appeared to take great pride in the latter, and at all times Mr. Osborn was received and treated by him with the favor and respect and friendly consideration that a chief would ordinarily display to a favored and trusted appointee.

"The task of putting the Pingree constitutional amendment into statutory form and after Governor Pingree's term had expired, in fact, it was mostly after his death. His claim to honor consisted first in having made such legislation possible and second, in having created conditions whereby its adoption by the Bliss administration and the giving of it a fair trial became a political necessity.

"The Chandler railway tax bill was signed by Governor Bliss May 27, 1901. The first assessment of taxes under it was in 1902. Near the close of my administration as attorney general I advised the state board of assessors that in my opinion they had authority to equalize the value of general property assessments with their railroad assessments before computing the average rate. I contended that, from Governor Pingree's message, the terms of the Atkinson bill, and his clearly expressed intent, it was their duty to

lended by Governor Pingree that an ad valorem average rate system of taxation should be imposed upon the railroads without an intermediate equalization. My opinion and views were challenged by my successor, Attorney General Blair, and by many of Gov. Pingree's former supporters, among them Mr. Osborn. The supreme court in two cases, sustained Mr. Blair's contention, the basis of the decision being that the Pingree state tax commission act in the duty imposed upon it of forcing general property assessments to cash valuation rendered equalization unnecessary. In fact, became the substitute of the equalization for which I contended. While I do not yet concede that, under the rules of constitutional and statutory interpretation, my contention was unsound, yet I am bound to admit that the result of the interpretation is the most perfect system of ad valorem taxation for corporate and general properties in vogue in any state in the union. It is a tremendous and monumental success. But I do not think it can with justice be called solely the 'Pingree' system. A fairer naming of it would be the 'Pingree-Blair' system. "Although by that I do not concede that Mr. Blair is entitled to the sole posthumous Pingree honors. Many who agreed with Pingree in part, but not wholly, and many who entirely disagreed with him personally and politically, contributed helpfully in various ways and at various times to the creation of our present perfected system of ad valorem taxation. It was not alone of Pingree creation though it may bear his name, and it does not at all follow that because Mr. Osborn may have disagreed in part with Governor Pingree, that he, Osborn, was not as devoted to the cause of fair and equitable taxation which was pursued in Mr. Pingree's name, as was Pingree himself.

"There are some of us, and I am sure that Mr. Osborn is among the number, who are very proud of their association with Governor Pingree during his campaign for equal and fair taxation. He gave to Michigan, in the way I have already indicated, the best system of railroad taxation that obtains in any state in the union. There are also some of us, and I am sure that Mr. Osborn is among that number, who are equally proud that they at times disagreed with Governor Pingree. It took a man of courage to face him with propositions adverse to his views. But one who openly and honestly faced him was sure, sooner or later, to feel that he had made a friend through many opposition.

"I personally know that during the period from April, 1899, until December, 1900, there were but few conferences held by Governor Pingree in reference to railroad taxation matters at which Mr. Osborn was not present. He was advised with by Governor Pingree in reference to the legislation creating the board of state tax commissioners. He was consulted regarding the nomination for members of the board. He advised the making of the Cooley and Adams appraisal and assisted the work very materially through this office. He, with several others, helped in framing up the terms of the constitutional amendment. He took quite the leading part in procuring the repeal of the special charters. He was consulted in reference to the calling of the special sessions of the legislature, by which Governor Pingree eventually won out. He seconded the efforts of the governor in endeavoring to get the specific taxes increased, pending the adoption of the constitutional amendment. His relations with Governor Pingree were personal, confidential, continuous and friendly during his entire two terms as governor, as I know many others besides myself can affirm. It is my opinion, and I will be borne out by much other substantial testimony that without capable and honest men such as was Chase S. Osborn and others who might with equal justice be named, at Governor Pingree's side, he would surely have failed in accomplishing many, if not all, of the good results he sought, and his administration would have been stamped as a failure instead of the momentous success that it was. For who now is held in higher estimation among Michigan's governors for their services in behalf of the public good than is Hazen S. Pingree?

"My testimony is that no one was more faithful to Governor Pingree in promoting the best of his public measures than was Mr. Osborn. No one of his advisors was more true to the demands of right and reason in his relations with his official chief than was he.

It may be considered a little aside from the main purpose of this statement for me to testify regarding the character of the administration of the office of commissioner of railroads by Mr. Osborn during the period, which was practically coterminous with my own as attorney general. He was a vigorous, honest and capable commissioner and served with result of the highest moment to the general welfare of the people of the state of Michigan. In fact, I personally believe that no commissioner of railroads before or since can point to more things accomplished of genuine worth or moment than can Mr. Osborn.

"Five days after he assumed the position, he announced as his policy that, where he had jurisdiction, grade separations at the crossing of street and steam railroads would be enforced whenever at all possible. The persistence with which Mr. Osborn pursued this policy was a matter of public notoriety during the four years that he held the office. His inflexible adherence to this policy, and the value of the protection to the public thus secured, regardless of anything else, made his administration conspicuous and demonstrated his pre-eminent merit as a public servant.

"Early in his first term, he made a personal inspection of the 10,311 miles of railroad in Michigan. This inspection was no junket, but a painstaking and intelligent scrutiny of railroad conditions, with special reference to the observance or non-observance of the laws of the state relative to safety appliances, etc.

"In the two thousand or more hearings had by Mr. Osborn while he was commissioner on complaints and on applications of various kinds connected with the administration of his office, I never heard intimated in the slightest degree that he had unfairly

avored the railroad interests as against the public. In fact, the criticism was rather in the other direction and I frequently heard the charge made that in his hearings, Osborn quite often 'out pingreed' Pingree in looking after the public. He never failed to assert, in season and some times out of season, the existence of facts which he believed determined the liability of the railroads to increased taxes or reduced rates of fare. His efforts to include in 'gross income' railroad revenues that had not been previously included in levying railroad taxes bear evidence to his zeal. During his administration cases were started, based upon his prompt report of current earnings, reducing the rates of fare on the Wabash, the Grand Rapids & Indiana, portions of the Grand Trunk from 1.50 cents per mile to two and one-half, and on the Lake Shore and Grand Trunk Western to two cents. The repeal of the special railroad charters, in which Mr. Osborn's part was personal and important, as already noted, resulted in the reduction of fares to two cents on the Michigan Central, which with the reduction of railroad fares in the instance above noted, really laid the foundation for the later enactment of the two-cent per mile passenger fare bill, which Michigan for the most part now enjoys."

## MERITS OF THE CITY.

Nearly all civilization is the product of the city, where mind meets mind and each becomes brighter from contact, says New York Weekly. Masses of population may engender great vices, but they also engender great virtues, and if they do not produce, they certainly develop the finest and keenest intelligences that we have. The little town-states of Greece created most of the ancient civilization that is worth having, and after they fell and the dark ages came in it was the little city-republics of Italy that brought light, learning and mercy back to the world. Some of the blackest crimes are committed in the country. Conan Doyle has Sherlock Holmes, in one of his best stories, point out this fact. It was a clever touch and it is true. The country man is not more honest than the city man, although he may lack opportunities. Flaubert and Balzac have drawn grim pictures of sordid meanness in the rural life of France; Tolstol has done as much for Russia, and Sudermann, Ibsen and Hardy have told similar black stories of their own countries. The recent report of the commission on country life showed considerations which left very much to be desired in the way of improvement.

With food products of all kinds extremely high in price, the people of Long Beach, L. I., may account themselves fortunate in experiencing a visitation of whiting, also known as "frost fish," which were cast upon the beach recently in such numbers that the coast for five miles was a gold ridge of fish. Residents along the beach gathered as much as they could eat immediately and pack away for future use, and then hauled tons of the fish to their gardens and farms to enrich the soil. The whiting is one of the best food fishes of the winter season, and the surflet at Long Beach would have made many a lover of fish happy if it could have been shared without expense that would have made the distribution profitable.

Quartermaster General Aleshire of the United States army declares in his annual report that he could reduce the cost of maintaining the nation's military establishment if he were given more officers and a new system of selection and detail. There is waste in many directions through the inefficiency of civilian employees and enlisted men who receive extra pay for performing certain duties in an indifferent way. Great savings could undoubtedly be achieved through the inauguration of system and the appointment of capable men, as push for promotion tends to load departments with employees who are chiefly concerned about the drawing of their salaries.

The Washington preacher who finds football in this country worse than bullfighting in Mexico is doubtless sustained by the statistics of mortality in the two sports. The difference lies in the fact that while the bullfighting has become tamer, football has taken on a dangerous strenuousity.

Forty thousand shirt waist makers are on strike in New York. Now, then, if those who have to button 'em down the back will only strike in sympathy, victory is assured.

In spite of the professional knockers the snow really is a beautiful thing, after the walks are swept as far as the street cars.

A New York employe has asked that his salary be cut down. With this exception his friends had not noticed anything the matter with him.

Kermitt Roosevelt has killed a stambug, but whether it is bigger than an elephant or smaller than a weasel the reader is left to conjecture.

A prominent New York poet is being sued for a grocery bill. What business has a poet eating and drinking, anyway?

## The Photograph of a Rival

The girl lay in a wicker chair, between heavy clumps of bramble upon an old-fashioned, undulating lawn.

The man lounged in another chair a few feet away from her. His outline was sulky. Dan, the retriever, rolled between them.

An oak tree of tremendous girth, which filled the background, stretched benedictory arms above their heads. "Bless you, my children," it seemed to say. Yet neither of them apparently had any use for blessings.

Lucy would have liked to throw things at the man—hard things that would have hurt him.

She would have liked to scream and run into the house. Both courses were denied her.

An overworked father with a sermon to write had bade her amuse his guest for an hour or two, and, generally speaking, she would have been well pleased to do it; but Lucy was mortal and it is not given to mortals—not women mortals at any rate—to stand the sight of young men whom they consider captives of their bows and spears kissing surreptitiously the photographs of alien women which they have extracted for that purpose from the pockets of their Norfolk coats. Yet all this Lucy had seen just before lunch, as she passed the study window where Dick Fellowes sat waiting for the rector.

She had retired precipitately to the shrubbery to cry, and had emerged with what she flattered herself to be an exceedingly usual really haven't-noticed-a-thing-you-know manner.

Of course, she overdid it. Dick asked her if she was angry with him, after 20 minutes of baffled effort to find her as usual.

"Angry? Good gracious, me—no! Angry?"

Now, what on earth had Lucy to be angry about? Mr. Fellowes, of all people, never made her angry. She never bothered to be angry with people, unless—oh, it didn't matter—certainly she was not angry.

She laughed, a laugh so unconvincing that Dan, the retriever, who had followed them out into the garden, barked at the sound of it. For 20 minutes the conversation was so strained that it could scarcely be called conversation at all. Then Dick Fellowes—the afternoon being hot—grew aggrieved and fell asleep, which was rude of him, and made Lucy more furious than ever.

She sat perfectly upright, clutching the arms of her chair, her eyes on the pocket of his Norfolk coat. Her whole soul was surged with one desire to see that photograph, to look for one tiny moment upon the features of that vulgar, fuzzy-haired girl whose outline she had faintly perceived through the study window.

She got up and took an angry turn round the bed of roses. Here and there she sniffed off a dead rose as if it were the head of the girl whose photograph was good enough to be kissed—fuzziness and all.

When she returned to her chair, Dick still slept, snoring a little now, and at his feet, Dan, the retriever, worried something which he had unlawfully appropriated in the absence of his mistress.

It was a photograph, and from the wide Norfolk pocket had it been drawn gingerly with Dan's teeth.

Lucy's heart thudded suffocatingly with excitement.

"Good dog," she whispered. "Put it down—good dog."

And Dan, accustomed to obedience, came and laid the photograph at her feet.

She stooped swiftly, and picked it up while the dog gambled round her skirts.

Minx! The fuzzy-haired girl was asleep on a lawn with an open book on her lap, where she had obviously been snaphotted by the infuriated Dick.

"What a bold hussy—what a— Good gracious!" She clutched the photograph, looking closer. Why the creature's dress was familiar—and her face—oh, her face!

Quite suddenly and unexpectedly Lucy's heart beat a new tune.

"Dick couldn't have been so absurd—and all that time ago. Oh, of all things, what a little fool she's been! Poor, dear old Dick!" And so on, ad libitum.

A mere scribble finds it not within his province to describe Lucy's rosy face. She was a new woman, her dimples came and went, her blushing kept them company.

Then he had cared for her all this long time, much longer than she'd fancied, and he was waiting to speak till he'd got promotion.

She tilted on velvet feet to his side and dropped the photograph gently back into its capkin home.

Then she touched Dick on the shoulder.

"Dick," she cried—"Dick, you're awfully bad company to-day—do wake up! Here's tea. I want you to see Dan beezing for Devonshire cream on Bath olives—by Jove, it's hot, he only gets it for a treat when he's been—er—specially good."

## Disturbing the Family Peace

"There was a time when I thought mine a well-regulated household," remarked the tired-eyed mother of four smiling youthfully in spite of the silver in her hair and the lines of care around her mouth. "When a question was at issue each of us conceded a trifle till we got into the habit of moving about as peacefully as the stars in their courses. But last Christmas I was ruthlessly awakened to the fact that my flock has bellicose instincts."

The tired-eyed mother sighed and began to explain.

"Our house is so small, you know, that we're packed in as snugly as peas in a pod. Every Christmas we had been unlucky enough to be deluged with from forty to fifty books, with the result that the house was overflowing. Every flat surface, no matter what its original duty might have been, has been compelled to do service as a book stand. As last Christmas was approaching, we decided in family council not to give books to one another, for if we received just one more it would have to be put on the pantry shelf.

"In spite of our care, however, one book managed to break the blockade. Annette received a popular novel gorgeously bound.

"Though we were all vitally interested in what we received ourselves, each of us managed within the next day or so to take a sly peep between the covers of Annette's book. A few nights after Christmas the trouble came to a head. It was cold and rainy, and the children were all at home to dinner, the first time for weeks.

"Jack, he's the oldest, jumped up from the table before Annie brought in the dessert.

"He made direct for the library, where I heard a rustling of papers on the table, and then the familiar creaking of the old springs on the divan as Jack threw himself in his customary place. Father looked up suspiciously and with an alert air. Then he did a strange thing. He shoved his chair back from the table, and, without stopping to say grace marched into the library. I listened intently.

"Oh, you have it, I heard father say, with a little disappointment in his voice.

"It seemed only a minute till Priscilla and Ed, the twins, jumped up from the table together and made a beeline for the library. My heart beat faster. Even the clock seemed to be ticking anxiously as I listened. Ed, you know, is at that combustible age when one often is more strenuous than elegant.

"There was a grand march around the library, there was a wild scramble of papers and magazines; then I heard a low, buzzing consultation.

"Pig! It was Ed, hissing at the entirely unconscious Jack.

"Pig! you there!" repeated Ed.

"Let go the book!" came sulky from Jack. "Quit it, I tell you. Do you want to tear it?"

"You don't expect to keep it all evening, I hope," declared imperious Priscilla, with well-feigned surprise. "surely," she went on in a queenly fashion, "the rest of us have some rights. Anyway," and there was a half sob in her voice, "Ed and I were just crazy to see whom she married and who—"

"Let the old pig alone!" comforted Ed. Then he held the leaf of the card table as it snapped into position.

"In the meantime Annette was having a one-sided consultation with me as to how her new white dress was to be made. I was trying to lengthen out our talk, but it has been so many years since I have dared to make even a suggestion to my grown-up daughter that my ruse was a pitiful failure. Annette settled all my objections in a peremptory fashion, and then sailed majestically into the library with an ominous rustle to her skirts. For the first time in my life I regretted that Annette was to spend the evening in the bosom of her family. The new book belonged to Annette!

"But it's mine—it was given to me," came to me in Annette's icy accents.

"It's mine now, since possession is nine points of the law," chuckled Jack, who is studying to be a lawyer.

"It's always wise to obey Annette. She flounced to the piano and began pounding out Chopin's funeral march.

"During the bombardment I crept into the room and took a copy of my favorite, Mrs. Browning. We were the most suspicious looking crowd. All of us were pretending to be busy, and all were secretly watching Jack.

"Suddenly the telephone bell rang.

"Jack! Annette announced, who had answered the bell, 'it's for you.'"

"Jack sprang from the divan, ten eyes following him. Father glanced furtively over the top of his paper. The twins forgot their game. Annette was tired of the funeral march and I was false to Aurora Leigh.

"Yes, Jack was calling, sweetly. 'I'll be there in 15 minutes.'"

"Presently Jack came to the door dressed for the street.

"Where did you put the book?" demanded Annette.

"Where is it?" chimed in the twins.

"Book? temporized Jack. 'Book? Are you folks all waiting for it? That's too bad; it's great. But I'm going to take a run over to Helen's, and I promised to take it along.'"

"The tired-eyed little mother smiled determinedly. "Next Christmas I shall see that we each get at least one book apiece," she said.

Commissioner's Notice.  
[N] the matter of the estate of Isaac M. Lewis, deceased, the undersigned, having been appointed by the Probate Court for the county of Wayne, State of Michigan, Commissioner of said estate, and after all persons against said claims and debts of said estate shall meet at the office of E. N. Passage in the village of Plymouth, in said county, on Thursday, the 31st day of March, A. D. 1901, and on Tuesday, the 5th day of May, A. D. 1901, at 2 o'clock P. M. of each of said days, for the purpose of examining and allowing said claims and debts from the 31st day of January, A. D. 1901, were allowed by said Court for creditors to present their claims to said Commissioner for examination and allowance.  
Dated January 31, 1901.  
E. N. PASSAGE,  
LOUIS HILLMER,  
Commissioner.

Probate Notice.  
STATE OF MICHIGAN, county of Wayne, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for said county of Wayne, held at the Probate Court room in the city of Detroit, on the 14th day of February, in the year one thousand nine hundred and ten. Present, Henry S. Hulbert, Judge of Probate.  
In the matter of the estate of Julia Ann Stevens (sometimes known as Ann Stevens), deceased.  
An instrument in writing purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased and Battle Loomis having filed therewith the petition praying that administration with the will annexed of said estate be granted to said person.  
It is ordered, That the sixteenth day of March next at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said court room be appointed for proving said instrument and hearing said petition.  
And it is further ordered, That a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said time of hearing, in the Plymouth Mail, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county of Wayne.  
HENRY S. HULBERT,  
Judge of Probate.  
Chas. C. Chadwick, Probate Clerk.

Probate Notice.  
STATE OF MICHIGAN, county of Wayne, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for said county of Wayne, held at the Probate Court room in the city of Detroit, on the 24th day of February, in the year one thousand nine hundred and ten. Present, Henry S. Hulbert, Judge of Probate.  
In the matter of the estate of John W. Henson, deceased.  
An instrument in writing purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased having been delivered into this court for probate.  
It is ordered, That the 20th day of March next at ten o'clock in the forenoon at said court room be appointed for proving said instrument.  
And it is further ordered, That a copy of this order be published for three successive weeks previous to said time of hearing, in the Plymouth Mail, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county of Wayne.  
HENRY S. HULBERT,  
Judge of Probate.  
Chas. C. Chadwick, Probate Clerk.

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