

THE PLYMOUTH MAIL.

VOLUME XXI. NO 51

PLYMOUTH, MICH., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1909

WHOLE NO. 1149.

Local Correspondence

WEST TOWN LINE.

Mr. and Mrs. Wallace Becker and two neighbors from Tyrone visited at F. L. Becker's Friday and Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Dell Moore of Greenville and Mr. and Mrs. John Turk of Wayne were guests at Chas. Shearer's Sunday.

Representatives from the Becker, Kellogg, Schoch, Webber, Shearer, O'Bryan and Heaney families attended the State fair.

Mrs. Chas. Smith visited at her daughter's, Mrs. Dan Murray's, Tuesday and Wednesday.

Reed Brown of Superior spent Friday and Saturday at Chas. Smith's.

Mrs. Chas. Smith, who is secretary of the Grange, has had a busy week attending to the distribution of a car of fertilizer. This car load alone is a fine demonstration of the fact that it pays to be a granger.

And it pays a farmer to advertise in the Plymouth Mail. Don't forget that. But better yet, try it, and find out for yourself.

The west town line is receiving very generous attention from the good roads man and all are very glad of it.

Make your best bow to Grandpa and grandma Smith. They are very proud and happy just now and say it is a wonderful nice girlie.

For sale or exchange for one of equal value, one yearling Shropshire grade ram; also for sale, four ram lambs, one brood sow due to farrow immediately, and one registered Yorkshire boar three years old. J. C. O'Bryan, Ind. phone 017, IL. 18.

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy is today the best known medicine in use for the relief and cure of bowel complaints. It cures griping, diarrhoea, dysentery, and should be taken at the first unnatural looseness of the bowels. It is equally valuable for children and adults. It always cures. Sold by Beyer's Pharmacy.

NEWBURG.

"Never put off 'till tomorrow what you can do today."

Mr. and Mrs. James Joy called upon Mr. and Mrs. Mark Joy at Gilt Edge Sunday.

School began here Monday. The stars and stripes waved over the school-house the first day of school, it being Labor day.

Mrs. Edward Barlow is visiting her mother, who is very ill, at Erie, Pa.

Elmer Barlow of Detroit was home Monday.

Emma Arnold was a Newburg caller Tuesday.

Mrs. Chas. Anson entertained a lady friend from Detroit recently.

Mrs. Albert Stevens and two children visited relatives in Chelsea, returning home Sunday.

Mrs. Dora Fisher and children and Mr. and Mrs. Frank Oldenburg and son of Stark were in Newburg Tuesday.

L. A. S. meeting at the hall Friday. All members of the society are requested to be present.

Miss Mamie Chambers of Pikes' Peak attends school at Plymouth, going each day on the car.

PERRINSVILLE.

Mr. and Mrs. Parchart and son of Dearborn and Mr. and Mrs. Karding and sons of Detroit visited with Mr. and Mrs. F. Theuer and family last Sunday.

Mr. Bossardet of Detroit spent last Friday and Saturday at Wm. Wurts', Mr. Wurts returning home with him Saturday.

Wm. Parmalee and Carl Theuer took a business trip to Wayne last week Friday.

Mrs. Lena Sherman is on the sick list.

Mrs. Otto Beyer and children of Plymouth are visiting relatives here this week.

School commenced last Tuesday at the Perrinsville school with Miss McMurtrey of Wayne as teacher, and at the Cooper school with Miss Reading of Detroit as teacher.

Mrs. H. J. Stephenson spent a couple of days this week in Detroit.

Mrs. Della Parmalee and daughters of Milford visited Mrs. Mabel Hancock last week Thursday evening and Friday.

Don't Take Our Word

But go at once to your druggist and purchase a box of Dr. HERRICK'S Sugar Coated Pills. There are a positive cure for all disorders of the stomach, liver and bowels. It is not a new remedy, but one that has stood the test for over sixty years, and their ever increasing sale attests their merit. Try a box, take one or two before retiring and we are sure you will feel better to-morrow. Everywhere 25c per box. Ask for a free sample. Sold by John L. Gale and Beyer's Pharmacy.

SALEM.

F. C. Wheeler and daughter were in Detroit Monday and Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ben Salonky and Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Orleman and son of Detroit visited over Sunday with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Van Atta.

E. T. Walker and Geo. Bowen attended the State fair Tuesday and Wednesday.

A. C. Wheeler and family spent last week with relatives in Detroit.

Quite a company of young friends of Miss Myra Dickinson gave her a pleasant surprise Monday evening.

Miss Ruth Martin is teaching school in the Walker district this term.

School began here Tuesday with Mrs. Roy Larkins as teacher in the upper room and Sadie Walker in the lower.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Brown and family of Ann Arbor have been visiting a few days at Asa Geigler's.

Married, at the home of the bride's parents, Sept. 1st, by Rev. Knowles, Miss Florence Brokaw and Mr. Harry Atchinson, both popular young people of this place.

Orrin Cook of Howell visited his aunt, Mrs. S. C. Wheeler, last week.

The Salem farmers' club will meet with Mr. and Mrs. Frank Soultz Wednesday, Sept. 15th.

Martin Potts and daughter were Detroit visitors Wednesday.

Monroe Bronson and wife of Midland visited George Roberts and family Wednesday.

Mrs. Jennie Goodell is spending a couple of weeks with relatives in Corunna and vicinity.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Bussey visited their sons in Detroit Saturday and Sunday.

"Can be depended upon" is an expression we all like to hear, and when it is used in connection with Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy it means that it never fails to cure diarrhoea, dysentery or bowel complaints. It is pleasant to take and equally valuable for children and adults. Sold by Beyer's Pharmacy.

LIVONIA CENTER.

Charlie Wolf, Jr., and sister Marie came home Sunday night from their trip to Buffalo and Niagara Falls. They report a fine time and both agree that a week is altogether too short a visit to such a place. Of course they tried to take in all there was to see and visit friends, too.

Mr. and Mrs. John Stringer spent Monday and Tuesday at Salem with Mrs. Nocker.

Mrs. Minnie Garchow arrived home last Saturday, after a couple of months' visit with her daughter, Mrs. William Hart, at Hart.

Fred Lee has his silo all completed and ready for corn fodder.

Our school opened up Tuesday with Miss Rathburn as teacher and all hope for a successful time to teacher and scholars.

Our mail man, Mr. Dickerson, had a very sick horse at Mr. Stringer's on Wednesday of last week. It seemed to revive a little and toward night he took it home, but it died a few hours later.

Mrs. Will Gorse and daughter of East Farmington and Mrs. Niggle of Detroit visited their cousin, Mrs. John Stringer, on Wednesday.

The infant child of Mr. and Mrs. John Smith of Detroit was buried here last Wednesday.

Your complexion as well as your temper is rendered miserable by a disordered liver. By taking Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets you can improve both. Sold by Beyer's Pharmacy.

PIKE'S PEAK.

Mr. and Mrs. Williams of Northville, Mr. and Mrs. H. White and family of Detroit, Mr. and Mrs. John Houk and son Alvin and Lela Klatt of East Nankin and Edith Sewell of Perrinsville visited at Henry Klatt's Sunday.

Mrs. S. Cummings attended the Helping Hand at Ypsilanti last Wednesday. Joseph Roach and Bertha Cady were Detroit callers last Thursday.

Mrs. Wright and daughter Clara were in Detroit last Saturday.

Mrs. Barrows of Newburg visited Mrs. McKee the latter part of last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Parrish and daughter Christie of Tonquish were the guests of Mrs. Cummings Sunday.

A Peculiar Wrench

Of the foot or ankle may produce a very serious sprain, is more painful than a break. In all sprains, cuts, burns, bruises and scalds Renne's Pain-Killing Oil is the best thing to use. Relieves the pain instantly, reduces swelling, is a perfect antiseptic and heals rapidly. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00. Sold by John L. Gale and Beyer's Pharmacy.

SILVER ALL COLORED?

Well, if you will get a bottle of

Silver & Shine

you can shine it up in no time and be happy.

EVERY BOTTLE GUARANTEED

25 CENTS

Pinckney's Pharmacy

ITS A PRETTY FAST GO TO GET IT, SO WHY NOT PUT IT IN THE BANK



IT WILL BE SAFE THERE AND COME IN MIGHTY HANDY.

The man you may seek business association with will ask you first how old you are; next how much money you have. If you have no money he will seek farther.

We will pay you three per cent interest on the money you deposit in our bank and compound the interest every six months.

The Plymouth United Savings Bank

North Side Market, TODD BROS.

FRESH, SALT, SMOKED & DRIED —MEATS—

WE SOLICIT YOUR TRADE.

We are ready to cater to your wants for anything in our line and guarantee satisfaction in all respects.

Orders Called for and Delivered. Phone 12

THE . . . Finest Groceries at the Least Prices, Quality Considered

We also have a large and complete

LINE OF CROCKERY

AT THE RIGHT PRICES

GAYDE BROS.

SCHOOL DAYS

We have everything you'll need at school, and everything we have is new and clean.

School-Books, the latest revisions, direct from the publishers. **Drawing Materials** and all **School Sundries**.

NOW LISTEN!

The best 10c Pencil made is yours, with our compliments, and free of charge, if you buy your School-Books at our store.

Sharpen your pencils on our Webster Sharpener, it's free to you.

THE WOLVERINE DRUG CO.

Detroit Daily Papers on sale.

Phone No. 5.

J. H. KIMBLE, Ph. B., M. D.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office at "THE WOLVERINE." Phone No. 5. Office, 2 Rings Residence, 3 Rings

Bituminous COAL Anthracite

THE KIND THAT GIVE RESULTS

Just unloaded extra fine car

THRASHING COAL,

You cannot beat the price or quality.

THE FAMOUS MASSILLON COAL

For domestic purposes is the acknowledged superior of all Soft Coals. We always have this on hand.

A Word About Hard Coal

Do you want the best? or will "Semi-Anthracite," the "kind they advertise," far less in quality and results, a little less in price, do as well? For your satisfaction and to show you the difference between hard coal and semi-hard, between good and poor coal, we have ordered one car. We do not want to sell it to you, we cannot recommend it. We will sell you what you want. We want you to have the best. Ask us about this.

J. D. McLAREN CO.

WE HAVE A GOOD SUPPLY OF

Thrashing Coal

WHICH WE WILL SELL AT REASONABLE PRICES

We are also ready to take orders for

Chestnut Size Coke,

as we expect a car soon. Buy now and get the Summer Price.

Plymouth Lumber & Coal Co.,

CHAS. MATHER, Sec. & Manager

BOTH PHONES.

The Mail only \$1 a year.

THE PLYMOUTH MAIL

F. W. SAMSEN, Publisher.

PLYMOUTH, MICHIGAN

MAKE BIG MONEY IN HAWAII

Sugar Planters in the Islands Aiding Great Wealth from Plantations.

There are probably more self-made millionaires residing in Honolulu than in any city twice its size on the mainland.

Men of moderate means last spring became by fall men of great wealth after the sugar crop had been marketed.

The men of Hawaii who have created opportunities for themselves create opportunities for others.

One Trump, One Finger.

Joe Cowell, in his "Recollections of the Stage," tells a story characteristic of the days now passed away.

"Hello, stranger! What are you about? You have cut off one of my fingers," cried the dismembered man.

Curled Her to the Altar.

"The most ticklish job I ever tackled," said the hairdresser, "was accompanying a bride to church and curling her hair in the carriage.

"It's no use," she said. "I never can face people looking like this. There is only one thing to be done.

"At the risk of blowing us all up with a spirit lamp that is what we did, and by means of that heroic expedient the bride reached the altar properly coiffed."

To Make Sleep Come.

If you cannot get to sleep try a sponge bath made thus: Into eight ounces of alcohol put two of ammonia and two of camphor.

Irving Was So Modest.

"Irving and Tennyson were very great friends," said the actor at the Hungry club.

"Tennyson is a fine fellow," he said to me one day, "but is vain, terribly vain.

Interesting Wagner Souvenir.

A curious Wagner souvenir in the form of a silk handkerchief was sold recently at Liepmann's in Berlin, for 155 marks.



COMMANDER ROBERT E. PEARY

PEARY FINDS POLE

NAVAL COMMANDER ALSO PLANTS AMERICAN FLAG AT TOP OF WORLD.

FLASHES MESSAGES HOME

Tells of Discovery in Telegrams to Wife, Friends and Press Associations—Says He Found No Trace of Cook.

PEARY INFORMS HIS WIFE.

South Harpawell, Me., Sept. 7.—Commander Robert E. Peary announced his success in discovering the north pole to his wife, who is summing up at Eagle Island here, as follows:

PEARY'S CIPHER MESSAGE.

New York, Sept. 7.—A telegram was received here for Herbert L. Bridgman, secretary of the Peary Arctic Club of America.

NOTIFIES ASSOCIATED PRESS.

New York, Sept. 7.—The following dispatch was received here yesterday:

M'MILLAN SENDS WORD.

Fresport, Me., Sept. 7.—Confirmation of Peary's success was received here in a telegram from D. B. McMillan, who accompanied Peary.

PEARY.

"Indian Harbor, (via Cape Ray), N. F., Sept. 6.—To Associated Press, New York—Stars and Stripes nailed to north pole.

"BEN."

New York, Sept. 7.—Peary has succeeded!

MASACRE: CREW OF SHIP

Natives of New Hebrides Kill Frenchmen Engaged in the Recruiting of Laborers.

Sydney, N. S. W., Sept. 7.—The captain and crew of the French schooner Quaitte, engaged in recruiting laborers, have been murdered by natives of Mallicolo island, in the New Hebrides.

Virginia Moves for the Army.

Washington, Sept. 7.—A season's work in the establishment of a government "horse pasture" near Front Royal, Va., by Capt. C. H. Conrad, Jr., of the Third cavalry has confirmed Quartermaster Alshirk's belief that animals suitable for the military service could be obtained in that section.

COOK IS GLAD OF IT

PLEASED TO LEARN THAT PEARY ALSO FOUND NORTH POLE.

HONOR ENOUGH FOR BOTH

Receives Announcement of Rival's Success Coolly and Shows Good Humor—Hoped His Tube Was Found—Decorated by Danish King.

Copenhagen, Sept. 7.—Copenhagen was electrified by the report of Commander Peary's announcement that he had reached the north pole.

It is doubtful if history furnishes a more dramatic episode than the breaking of the news to Dr. Cook that Peary had realized the goal of his life's ambition and repeated struggles.

Amid this scene a whisper went around that Peary had planted the Stars and Stripes at the pole.

Dr. Frederick A. Cook.

In the preparations, and those who had accompanied him. The whole story of the expedition, he said, has not come out, and will not come out for some time; nor will it come in installments, but only when it is completed.

Hoped Peary Found Tube.

Asked if there was any probability of Peary's having found the tube containing his records, Dr. Cook replied: "I hope so, but that is doubtful on account of the drift."

While Dr. Cook was conversing casually earlier in the day with American friends the possibility of the denouncement which electrified the world was congenially suggested.

Honored by the King.

If any evidence is needed to establish Denmark's valuation of Dr. Cook it can be found in the fact that he is to receive the two highest possible official tokens within its gift.

Washington, Sept. 7.—Capt. Samuel C. Lemly, formerly judge advocate general of the navy, who became prominent in connection with the famous Schley court of inquiry, died at St. Elizabeth's hospital in this city.



Dr. Frederick A. Cook.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

A "gallery of the dead," in which photographs and measurements of all unidentified bodies are kept, is a novelty at the Pittsburg morgue.

Wells Fargo & Co., by contract entered into with the Mexican government, will control practically the entire express business of the republic.

With Mayor Stoy under a \$5,000 bond to appear before the grand jury, Atlantic City (N. J.) saloons all were open Sunday and the reform movement was defied.

James Burns was wounded and surrendered to a posse at Mingo Junction, O., after he had set a barn on fire twice and had held every one at bay while the flames raged.

Rear Admiral C. S. Sperry, who took the Atlantic battleship fleet around the world from San Francisco to Hampton Roads, went on the retired list, having reached the age limit.

For the first time since the Spanish-American war 200 armed men from the Fifth Canadian artillery arrived in Seattle to participate in the celebration at the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific exposition.

Frankfort, Ky., is quiet after a clash Saturday night between civilians and soldiers, in which two men were killed and three severely wounded.

When surgeons in the city hospital at Newark, N. J., examined the appendix taken from Jacob Delsler they found in it 22 bird shot.

Fifty thousand Irishmen living in the United States are expected to make a pilgrimage to Ireland, according to plans of F. J. Kilkenny, of Washington, national president of the Home-Going Pilgrims.

James B. Hill, Jr., a Pittsburg business man who escaped from an asylum at Woodsville, Pa., and was recaptured, leaped from a train that was conveying him back to the institution and was fatally injured.

Wilbur and Orville Wright have purchased more than 700 acres of farm land near Tipton, Mo., as a site for a park to be used in experiments with aeroplanes.

A season's work in the establishment of a government horse pasture near Front Royal, Va., by Capt. C. H. Conrad, Jr., of the Third cavalry, has confirmed Quartermaster General Alshirk's belief that animals suitable for the military service can be obtained in that section.

CONGRESS HEARS GOMPERS

American Labor Leader Speaks in Convention Where He Was Assailed on Monday.

Paris, Sept. 3.—Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, addressed the International Trades Unions congress again.

Mr. Gompers' proposal for the organization of an international federation of workmen could not be discussed because the American Federation of Labor is not affiliated with the European unions.

The conference adjourned to meet at Budapest in 1911.

Soils Are Not Wearing Out.

Washington, Sept. 7.—Soils of the United States are not wearing out and the crop yields are rather increasing than decreasing.

THE MARKETS.

Table with market prices for various goods including Live Stock, Hogs, Sheep, Butter, Flour, Wheat, Corn, and other commodities. Columns include item names and prices.

VALUE PAINTED ON.

Well painted is value added whether the house be built for one thousand dollars or ten thousand.

National Lead Company assist in making the right use of the right paint by sending free upon request to all who ask for it, their "Homeowners' Painting Outfit No. 49."

DANGER NOT CLOSE AT HAND

Men Will Run Things a Few Years Yet is the Prophecy of the Ob-servant Drummer.

A group of men were discussing the possibilities and dangers of woman suffrage. All but one expressed the fear that the movement was gaining such momentum that in a comparatively short time this fair land would be transformed and man no longer would be master.

"Don't worry," he said. "We'll be safe for a good many years yet. In all my trips about the country I find that two-thirds of the women travelers, even those who are self-reliant enough to gallivant about alone, can't go to bed even in a sleeping car without first looking under the berth to see if there is a man there.

LOW COLONIST FARES TO THE WEST AND NORTHWEST.

Union Pacific Passenger Department announces that Colonist Fares will be in effect from Sept. 15 to Oct. 15, 1909, to all points in the West and Northwest.

This year the West looks more promising than ever. Now is the time to secure land at low prices, and, at the same time, to visit the many interesting points in the West and Northwest, at which liberal stopover arrangements may be made.

A better estimate of raw lands can be made now than formerly, because these lands are in proximity to new farms that are producing wonderful crops.

When the Umbrella Took Fire.

Thomas Simpson, the Detroit malleable iron man, is a grave and dignified person, but once he made a joke.

He was sitting with a party of friends, one of whom was smoking an enormous cigar. The friend had difficulty in keeping the cigar going, and by his repeated lightings had frizzled the end of it until it was about twice its original size.

"Suddenly Simpson began to laugh. 'What are you laughing at, Tom?' asked another member of the party.

"I was wondering what Jim would do when that umbrella he is smoking begins to blaze," he said.—Saturday Evening Post.

And All with Company There.

"Now, children," said the mother, as a whole roomful of company had come in, "suppose you run off and play by yourselves."

"All right, mother," replied Edith. "Can we go up and play Hamlet and Ophelia?"

"Certainly," smiled the mother, while her guests looked on at the tableau.

"Goody!" replied Edith; then, turning to her sister, she said: "Now, Maude, you run up to mamma's room and get all her false hair that you can find."—Judge.

Pests Worried by Pests.

Since the Dutch philosopher Leuwenhoek discovered that the pupa of the flea was sometimes preyed on by the larvae of a mite, it has been well known that various small insects have their external parasites.

Adjustable. Aunt Anne, an old family darty, was sitting with knees crossed in the kitchen, when the young daughter of the house entered and, impressed with the hugeness of the old woman's feet, asked what size shoe she wore.

"Well, honey," replied Aunt Anne, "I kin wear eight; I generally wear nine; but dese yer I've got on am twelve, an' de good Lawd knows dey hu'ts me!"—Everybody's Magazine.

FREE LANDS IN WYOMING.

Chicago & North Western Railway. Send for booklet telling how to secure 230 acres of U. S. Government lands in Wyoming free of cost, and describing various irrigation projects and the most approved methods of scientific dry farming.

Strictly Businesslike. He—American girls who marry foreign titles don't deserve any credit. She—They don't ask any; they pay cash.

EXCURSION

VIA THE

Pere Marquette

ON

Sunday, Sept. 12

TO

GREENVILLE

Train will leave Plymouth at 8:15 a. m. Returning leave Greenville at 6:00 p. m.

ROUND TRIP FARES

To Island Lake	35
To Lansing	1.00
To Grand Ledge	1.25
To Ionia	1.50
To Belding-Greenville	1.75

EXCURSION

VIA THE

Pere Marquette

ON

Sund'y, Sep. 12

TO

DETROIT

Train will leave Plymouth at 9:40 and 11:15 a. m. Returning, leave Detroit at 6:15 p. m.

ROUND TRIP RATE.

25c.

Dr. A. E. PATTERSON

Office and residence, Main street, next to Express office.

Hours—until 9 a. m., 2 to 4 p. m. and after 7

Telephone 58, Plymouth, Mich.

K. E. COOPER, M. D. C. M.,

Physician & Surgeon.

Office hours—Until 9 A. M., 12 to 2; after 7 P. M.

OFFICE OVER BAUCH'S STORE
Bell Phone 36; Local 30.

DR. S. E. CAMPBELL

Office and Residence, Ann Arbor St. first house west of Main street.

Hours—8 to 9 a. m., 1 to 2 and 7 to 8 p. m.

Independent Phone No. 45.

DR. J. J. TRAVIS,

DENTIST.

Office in old Bank Building.

Phone 120.

P. W. VOORHIES,

Attorney and Counselor at Law

Real Estate, Loans and Collections.

Telephone 73. Plymouth, Mich.

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BUY YOUR

Watches and Jewelry

OF

L. J. FATTAL.

LOWEST PRICES

Eyes Tested

and fitted to the best of Glasses free of all charge and Satisfaction Guaranteed

Local News

B. Dates has moved to Detroit.

Ben Tyler and wife spent Sunday at Belleville.

Milford will hold its annual fair Sept. 28 to Oct. 1.

Lee Jewell expects to move to Detroit next week.

Maxwell Moon of Ann Arbor was in town yesterday.

Miss Clara Quivey of Jackson is visiting friends in town.

Mrs. Knack of Detroit visited Mrs. Henry Fisher last week.

H. A. Roe of Flint spent Sunday with his brother Ernest.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Murray, Wednesday night, a girl.

Plato Hough and wife were over Sunday visitors at Howell.

Mrs. Jack Henderson and son Ernest visited in Chicago last week.

Miss Alice Safford spent a few days at Whitmore Lake this week.

Mrs. Amelia Stevens of Chicago is stopping with friends in town.

Loren Proctor of Flint spent Sunday and Monday with Merle Murray.

Frank Nicholson attended the funeral of an aunt at Milford Monday.

J. F. Root and wife start Monday for Seattle to attend the Exposition.

Mrs. R. E. Simpson returned this week from her visit to Kentucky.

Eugene Rooke expects to move on his father's farm in Superior soon.

Dr. J. H. Gill of Chicago, Ill., is visiting Dr. S. E. Campbell and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Young of Cleveland spent Sunday with friends here.

Feed, Rye and Buckwheat grinding. City Steam Mills.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Cable visited in Plymouth over Sunday and Monday.

J. C. Shaw of Detroit visited at the Stewart home west of town Wednesday.

Claude Barton and wife of Grand Ledge visited at Bert Brown's Friday.

Miss Florence Thorburn of Detroit spent Sunday with Miss Grace Campbell.

Fred Leadbeater of Detroit visited his brother Henry a few days this week.

Miss Marion VanDyne of Greeley, Col., called on friends in town last week.

Mrs. C. G. Draper and children are spending the week with her parents in Detroit.

Eugene Campbell was an Ann Arbor visitor Sunday, making the trip on a bicycle.

James Smith and two sons of Detroit spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. George Shafer.

Albert S. Richards of Hancock, Mich., is visiting Miss Grace Campbell for a few days.

W. C. Howlett of Belleville spent Sunday with his sister Mrs. Chas. Shattuck.

Miss Ethel Robinson of Detroit visited her uncle, Henry Sage and family, this week.

Mrs. F. VonNostitz of Toledo visited her sister, Mrs. Wm. Gayde and family, this week.

Mrs. Dr. Wilson and Mrs. F. Potter of Saginaw were guests of Mrs. O. C. Wingard last week.

Mrs. O. F. Beyer and children are visiting her husband's parents at Perrinville this week.

Miss Kate Passage left this week for Sandusky, Sanilac county, where she will teach this year.

Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Leach and Madeline Bennett returned home from Seattle Saturday night.

Miss Louise Olson of Ludington spent a part of last week and this week with friends in Plymouth.

John Nash of Canton carried away over \$120 in premiums from the Kalamazoo county fair last week.

Chas. Allen returned to Plymouth Tuesday from Los Angeles, Cal., after an absence of a little over a year.

Mrs. Chas. Holloway and Mrs. Chas. Armstrong spent last Thursday and Friday at Cass Lake and Pontiac.

Wm. Sutherland has bought the Hartsough farm south of town and will move onto the same about Oct. 1st.

Mr. Phipps of Bombay, India, and Mr. Shaw of New York City were guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Bennett last Saturday.

Miss Fida Hassinger will open a parlor millinery Sept. 15th, at her home in north village. She is now in Detroit selecting fall styles.

Mrs. Frank Lewis, Misses Maude, Emma and Eva Merrell of Detroit, Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Kohler, Miss Kohler and Mr. Armstrong of Northville spent Sunday at C. G. Draper's.

Don't waste your money buying plasters when you can get a bottle of Chamberlain's Liniment for twenty-five cents. A piece of flannel dampened with this liniment is superior to any plaster for lame back, pains in the side and chest, and much cheaper. Sold by Beyer's Pharmacy.

The Redford fair will be held Sept. 21-22-23.

Mrs. May Krentle of Lansing is visiting her mother and sister.

Supt. W. N. Isbell is moving into the Moon house on Ann Arbor street.

Frederick Hull of Lansing and Geo. McGill of Detroit were Sunday visitors at Thomas McGill's.

The remains of a little child of Mr. and Mrs. Grover Peters were brought here from Flint for burial yesterday.

Try "Our Leader" flour and be happy. City Steam Mills.

Mrs. Mary Zollinger and daughter Mamie of Indianapolis and John F. Kellogg of Cleveland are visiting Mrs. A. A. Taft.

Miss Lillian Birch returned to her home in Detroit after two weeks visit with her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. H. Leadbeter.

Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Birch and daughter Anna leave Wednesday night for Rochester, N. Y., for a short visit with relatives and friends.

Mrs. Weldon, Mrs. Kennison and Miss Ethel Thomas of Toledo and Miss Carrie Hosie of Wayne were guests at Mrs. Geo. Holbrook's this week.

Mrs. Amelia Stevens will hold an auction sale of household furniture at her house on South Main street Saturday afternoon, Sept. 11th at 2:00 o'clock.

Most everybody went to the State fair this week. The weather has been ideal for fair visitors and the attendance was large, not only from here but from everywhere else.

Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Spicer, Mabel, Frank and Sattie Spicer, Mrs. E. W. Judson and son Lyman and Mr. Norval Ayers of Detroit, occupied the La-Grange cottage at Island Lake the past week.

Judge Donovan on Tuesday gave a decree of divorce to Frank Merksom from his wife Fay. The latter had deserted her husband and two little children to become an actress in five-cent theatres. The Merksoms lived in Plymouth about four years ago.

Harlan M. Fox of Elmira, N. Y., and Mrs. Alice J. Watson of Grand Rapids were married yesterday afternoon at the home of Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Valentine, in the presence of a small company of friends, Rev. H. N. Ronald officiating. They left immediately after the ceremony for the East.

Mr. and Mrs. Claude Henderson expect to start for Seattle about Sept. 15. They will be accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Dubuar of Northville and the two young couple will locate a home in the far western state of Washington, the gentlemen to engage in the practice of law in partnership.

John Shackleton and Wm. Waterman are now the owners of the L. L. Lewis mill and the same will be operated under the name of the City Steam Mills, Shackleton & Waterman, proprietors. They will manufacture best grades of flour, feeds of all kinds and do custom grinding.

"You can't always tell what's going to happen," observed a casual visitor at Robinson's barn to Dave Corkins Wednesday. "No, you bet," remarked David. "I broke a rib the other day standing up and it's so painful I can hardly do my work in the barn." It was the truth, too, but you can ask David how easy and unexpectedly it was done.

D. A. Jolliffe has about completed his new store opposite the Markham factory and expects to open the same ready for business on Wednesday, Sept. 15th, as will be seen by announcement elsewhere. The business will be carried on in the name of D. A. Jolliffe & Son, Robert Jolliffe being the junior member. They will have a fine, large store room and a complete new stock for the inspection of purchasers. Call around and see them in their new quarters.

School began last Tuesday with an unprecedented attendance in the high school, the number enrolled being 110 as against 80 last year. Thirty-nine of the 110 are foreign scholars. Other departments are also well attended. Another teacher for the high school will be engaged to properly look after the increased number. Miss Charlotte Williams is teaching the 7th grade temporarily, but it is hoped to secure her services permanently for the year.

Supt. Isbell is of the opinion that he has an excellent corps of teachers.

What T. R. Left Behind.

Theodore Roosevelt, when he sailed for Africa last March, left behind numerous public questions which are still making every one think, and think hard, too. One was whether our cavalry is efficient. So great a national discussion has been aroused on this single topic that our next issue will contain a Washington correspondent's views, backed up by authentic information. The title is "Our Cavalrymen Lead the World," by Edward B. Clark. You see what Clark's opinion is by the caption over his story, which, by the way, is to be handsomely illustrated. Get your own opinion by reading the facts he presents.

FOR SALE.—One bay mare 12 years old, weight 1150 lbs. Price \$60. F. L. Becker.

Churches and Schools Closed

Two cases of scarlet fever having developed (this week directly traceable to the original case of infection, at a meeting of the council last evening it was decided to close the schools and all churches for ten days. The new cases are in the family of Fred Wagonschultz and in the household of Mrs. Ella Safford. Parents are requested to keep the younger children strictly at home.

Important State Laws.

The general consensus of opinion is that never in the history of the state has one legislature ever previously given a book of state laws of as great importance as those which were passed by the last legislature, and a number of the more important ones of which went into effect the first of this month. However, although their great importance is evident, laws of this nature necessarily tread upon ground that does not meet with the approval of all concerned, and it is not unlikely that some of the laws will be taken into court for tests to determine the legality of them, their wisdom, and also the testing of some of the sections of the new constitution upon which some of them are based.

With as many changes made in the liquor law as those brought about by the Warner-Crampton law, it is doubtful if there is not some phase of the question where there is a loophole for at least a test case in the courts. Nevertheless, it is one of the noteworthy enactments of the last legislature.

Then there is the law which opens the way for cities to govern themselves under certain restrictions. This act provides that each city may provide its own charter, form of government, and method of procedure. It is not unlikely that some cities will soon make a change as some are said to be leaning toward the commission plan.

Had Visited Plymouth Friends.

Detroit Times: Returning at noon from Plymouth, Mich., where he had spent his summer vacation, Bruce Andrews, 8-year-old son of Harry E. Andrews, former police secretary, and now secretary to Collector of Customs John B. Whelan, was run down by an automobile while roller skating, Thursday afternoon, and was fatally injured.

The little lad is in Grace hospital with his skull fractured, both hips dislocated and his left side literally crushed in, seven ribs being fractured. He is very low. Mrs. Andrews, with Bruce and two smaller children, had hardly returned to their home, No. 185 Grummond-ave., when Bruce strapped on his skates and hurried out to play with the children who had anxiously awaited his return.

With several other children, Bruce caught hold of a passing wagon, and was towed along for some distance, when he let go, and swerved toward the curb, directly in front of an auto driven by W. A. Culhane, president of the Culhane Realty Co. residing at No. 421 Second-ave.

At last reports the little fellow was still alive.

MURRAY'S CORNERS.

Frank Lonsbury of Bad Axe visited at J. W. Soper's over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Leon Ovenshire of Detroit have moved out on H. W. Bradford's farm.

Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Safford, Mrs. S. H. McEwen and Miss Faye Palmer spent Sunday at S. W. Spicer's.

Mrs. John Forshee, Ss. and Mrs. John Forshee, Jr. spent Wednesday with Mrs. Fred Humm at Dixboro.

Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Moore of Greenville visited over Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Hiram Murray and Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Spicer.

Master William Bailey returned to his home in Buffalo Sunday after spending several weeks at S. W. Spicer's.

Mrs. Orson Westfall and daughter Ada spent Tuesday in Detroit.

Mr. and Mrs. Apel and two children of Detroit spent Sunday at Frank Miller's.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Humm of Dixboro and the former's three brothers of Caro and Harry and Cora Shanklin and May Gale spent Sunday at John Forshee's.

The L. L. Lewis Flour and Feed mill at Plymouth has changed hands. The new owners, Shackleton and Waterman, will conduct a general milling business. Flour, feed, graham, corn meal, buckwheat and rye flour will be made and sold and guaranteed as good as any mill products on the market. Give them a trial.

THE MARKETS.

Wheat, red, \$1.00; white \$1.00
Hay, \$10.00 No. 1 Timothy.
Oats, 34c.
Rye, 43c.
Beans, basis \$1.75
Potatoes, 40c.
Butter, 22c.
Eggs, 21c.

Wants, For Sale, To Rent, etc.

5c. per Line, One insertion.

FOR SALE.—My house and lot on Sutton street. W. O. Stewart.

FOR SALE.—House and lot on Harvey street. Enquire of J. D. McLaren.

FOR SALE.—Light wagon suitable for milk wagon. Enquire Wm. Gayde.

FOR SALE.—House and lot—am going away. Mrs. E. Kinney.



The Business

We are doing in our line is best proof that our goods are of a

Reliable Quality.

Daisy Fly-Killer.....2 for 25c
Silvocea Fresh Mackerel...30c
(in glass jars)
1 pt. jar Olives.....19c
Watermelon.....5c and 10c
1 pt. Grape Juice.....20c

CENTRAL GROCERY, GITTINS BROS.

PHONE 13—The Lucky Number.

GALE'S.

Free Lead Pencils or Penholders & Pens for Everybody

We have this year as usual the finest and largest stock of School-books in town.

New Books and the Latest Editions

Although School-books are sold on a very small margin we will give to each purchaser of a bill of books of three or more your choice of a beautiful lead pencil or penholder and pen.

Remember, we keep in stock this year a full line of Drawing Materials. We would also call your attention to our large stock of Tablets and Blank-books, Note-books, Composition-books, Pens, Inks, Mucilage, Library Paste in bottles or tubes, Glue in bottles or tubes, Rulers, Compasses, etc.

JOHN L. GALE



We Stand by what We Sell

and that means we guarantee every article. Our line of Choice Groceries includes only the better grades of Teas, Coffees, Sugar, Butter, Flour and Canned Goods. We solicit a trial, because we know we have the best goods, and can save you money on prices. Our principle of doing business is to keep the customer all the time satisfied. You will find this true if you patronize us

Try our B. & P. Coffee at 25c.

Brown & Pettingill,

THE WHITE FRONT GROCERY
Telephone No. 40. Free Delivery

SPECIAL SALE

—IN—

Glasses and Spectacles!

As soon as the new law governing the sale and fittings of glasses goes into effect, there will be no more cheap glasses on sale. We have about fifty pair of cheap glasses that we will

Close Out at a Bargain!

Come and make your own selection if you want them. We do not advise you to buy this kind of a lens and we have a very complete line of the better goods, which we will always be pleased to fit you with.

G. G. DRAPER

Jeweler and Optometrist.

OUR CAVALRYMEN LEAD THE WORLD

By EDWARD B. CLARK
COPYRIGHT, 1909 BY W.A. PATTERSON

WASHINGTON—The riding test for army officers which was ordered by Theodore Roosevelt has not been discontinued under the Taft administration. From some of the comments that have been made on these "long, hard rides," it would appear that the public believes that the army officers never were given an opportunity prior to the Roosevelt administration to show what they could do in the way of covering long distances in quick time. No army in the world, perhaps,



EX-PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT

has had the same opportunities to test the endurance of cavalry horses as has the small regular force of the United States.

The long, level stretches of the plains and the activity of the marauding Indian mounted on his tireless broncho have been the conditions which gave to Uncle Sam's cavalrymen this matchless chance for long forced mounted marches. Col. Theodore Ayrault Dodge, U. S. A., collected the official records of long distance cavalry rides, and has made them public in a book so that they may be compared with the performances of the soldier horsemen of other nations. Col. Dodge declares specifically that he has rejected all "hearsay rides, of which there is no end," and has accepted only those proved by official reports. Col. Dodge says that Capt. S. F. Fountain, United States cavalry, in the year 1891, with a detachment of his troop, rode 84 miles in eight hours. This record is roused for, and it is better than that once made by the Natal Mounted Rifles by about four hours, the distance being within one mile of that made in South Africa. For actual speed this forced march stands perhaps at the head of the American army record, though other rides have been more remarkable.

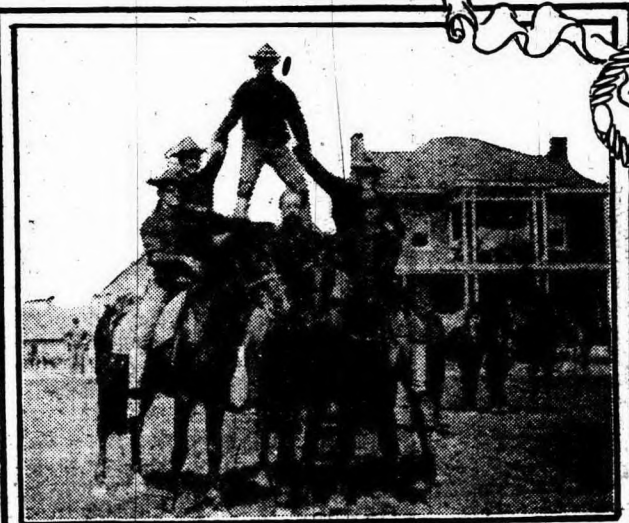
In the year 1879, when the Utes succeeded in getting some United States troops into what was afterward known as Thornburg's "rat hole," several mounted couriers succeeded in slipping through the circling line of savages. All of them reached Merritt's column, 170 miles distant, in less than 24 hours. The exact time was not taken, for, as Col. Dodge puts it, "rescue was of more importance than records."

It must be understood, of course, that all these American rides were made without changing horses. The steed at the start was the steed at the finish. The best rider, according to cavalry experts, is not the man who takes a five-barred gate or who can ride standing, but the man who by instinct feels the condition of his horse, and, though getting the most out of the animal, knows best how to conserve his strength.

Gen. Lawton in the year 1876, rode from Red Cloud agency, Nebraska, to Sidney in the same state, a distance of 125 miles, in 26 hours. He was carrying important dispatches for Gen. Crook, and though the road was bad his mount was in good condition when Lawton, looking five years older than he did the day before, handed over his bundle of papers to the black-bearded general.

Gen. Merritt has a forced march record that has no American parallel when the conditions of his journey are considered. He was ordered in the fall of 1873 to the relief of Payne's command, which was surrounded by hostile Indians. Merritt's command consisted of four troops of cavalry, but at the last moment he was ordered to add to his force a battalion of infantry. The "dough boys" were loaded into army wagons drawn by mules, and with the cavalry at the flanks the relief column started. The distance to be traversed was 170 miles, and it was made, notwithstanding the handicap of the wagons and trails that were muddy and sandy by turns, in just 66 hours. At the end of the march the troopers went into the night, and in the entire command not one horse showed a lame leg or a saddle sore.

Four troopers of the Fourth cavalry who had volunteered for the particular service, were sent in the summer of 1870 from Fort Harney to Fort Warner with dispatches, and



THE PYRAMID DRILL AT FORT MYER

were told to make the best time possible without killing their horses. The men were on their mettle. They made the distance, 140 miles 20 miles of the way being through loose sand, in 22 hours, the actual marching time being 18 hours and 30 minutes. At Fort Warner they rested one day, and returned to Harney on the same horses at the uniform rate of 60 miles a day. Capt. Edward G. Fechet started at midnight for the relief of the Indian scouts who had been sent out to arrest Sitting Bull, and, who, after killing that chief, were beleaguered in a small hut by his followers. Fechet took an ambulance wagon and a Hotchkiss gun with him. The gun carriage broke down and he was compelled to fasten the trail of the piece to the tailboard of the ambulance and thus drag it along. Notwithstanding this handicap he made the first 45 miles in less than seven hours. He fought and drove off the young Sioux bucks, then scouted the country for ten miles, gave his troopers some breakfast and returned to the fort. Fourteen hours were consumed in covering 90 miles of ground.

The cavalry horses of the American army have undergone these endurance and speed tests carrying weights of more than 200 pounds and without any training other than that received in the ordinary course of frontier scouting and drill evolutions. The greatest military ride record, as it appears on paper, is that of the Austrian Count Stahrenberg, who rode one horse 350 miles in 71 hours. The animal, however, carried only the count's weight, 128 pounds; it had been specially trained for months to undergo the endurance test, and during the whole time of the ride it was kept up on stimulants. The horse died within 24 hours after the completion of its task. Col. Dodge, in his summary of remarkable rides, tells of a professional express rider, whom he personally knew, who for many months carried mail from El Paso to Chihuahua through a hostile Apache country. This man on one horse, a broncho, regularly made 300 miles in 60 hours, and then resting his mount for four days, made the return trip. As

this was not a cavalry achievement it is not used for purposes of comparison. Touching the performance, however, the military writer says, that "excepting the ass, there is perhaps no creature on earth so stubbornly enduring as the broncho."

Col. Dodge does not think that if tests were made there would be much difference between the records which English and American soldiers would register. He says that a composite picture made of 500 British and of 500 American troopers would show that the three lines which establish the "seat" of the rider are practically the same, and that upon this and the proper care of the horse depend largely the matters of distance accomplished and speed maintained.

One of the longest and most perilous rides ever made by an American soldier was that of a private in F Company of the Seventh infantry.

Early in July in the year 1876 the forces of Gen. Terry were in the field at the junction of the Big Horn and Yellowstone rivers in the Territory of Montana. Only ten days before Gen. Custer and his squadrons of the Seventh cavalry had perished at the hands of the Sioux under

mounting a horse he started southeast to the wilderness to look death in the face.

His course took him close to the scene of the Custer massacre, where less than two weeks before 5,000 Sioux had gathered for the killing. He traveled only at night, and all day long he lay hidden in the timber or in the gulches of the foothills.

Two hours after sunset on the second night he left his hiding place and set his course southward along a range of low hills. He turned aside to skirt a bit of timber, and as he came to the edge of the trees his mount showed symptoms of uneasiness.

Bell dropped from his horse and stole forward. He saw not more than 100 yards ahead of him a war party of fully 50 Indians making preparations to camp for the night. They had come apparently from a direction opposite to that taken by the courier, for he had not crossed their trail. He stole back, remounted and made a detour, passing the Indian encampment on the right and without awakening their suspicions.

Notwithstanding the rough nature of the country through which he was passing and the necessity of sparing his horse, Bell made 40 miles in that second night's ride. When it was within two hours of sunrise he struck a small creek with a bottom of sand and pebbles. He knew that if the war party which he had passed the night before should find his trail that it would be followed, and that the reds would not spare their ponies in the attempt to overtake the wilderness messenger. For two miles Bell led his horse down the bed of the creek, thus completely obliterating his trail, but he knew that the hoof marks showing where he had taken to the water were telltale witnesses of his subterfuge.

He reached a part of the creek where the banks were heavily overgrown with bushes. He pushed the green growth aside from right to left and sent his horse through. Then he cov-



TRAINING CAVALRY HORSES TO LIE DOWN AT COMMAND

Sitting Bull. A detachment of troops pushing forward in search of the "yellow-haired white chief" had found the mutilated bodies of the slain, with the little heaps of empty cartridges at their sides, telling mutely the story of a desperately heroic defense. The detachment had joined Terry and the story of the Custer massacre was told.

The whole country to the northeast and the south was swarming with the Sioux not yet sated with slaughter. To the southeast 200 miles away, near the headquarters of the Powder river, in the Territory of Wyoming, lay the command of Gen. Crook. It was imperatively necessary that the situation of affairs just south of the Yellowstone should be made known to the general commanding the southeastern forces.

Between Terry and Crook was an unbroken wilderness inhabited only by wild animals and wilder men. With Terry's column were six tried scouts and platinemen. They knew every inch of the country, every trail, every hiding place in the mountain spurs and every patch of timber on the plains. To these men were entrusted the dispatches of the commanding officer, with instructions to carry them southward to the camp of Crook. The scouts started on their journey. Inside of eight hours all of them were back and the report to Terry was that no man could attempt the journey to Powder river and live.

In F Company of the Seventh infantry was a private named James Bell. He had acquired a knowledge of the country in the campaigns in which he had served against the Sioux. His knowledge, however, was but a tinge of that held by the platinemen, and his acquaintance with the ways of the Indians was as nothing to theirs, yet Private James Bell went to Gen. Terry's headquarters and volunteered to carry the dispatches through the heart of the hostile country and to deliver them to Gen. Crook, or else, if it must be, to forfeit his life.

Terry asked the man if he knew fully the danger of the undertaking. Bell's answer was: "The scouts came back." In the four words he expressed the whole thing, for the scouts never before had turned in their tracks. Private Bell took his rations, a full supply of ammunition, his rifle and his revolver, and

ered the marks of the passage as well as he could, and finally crawled up on the bank himself, covering his own trail.

He found a hiding place for the day in a ravine about 300 yards from the bank of the creek, and after feeding his horse, and eating his own breakfast he put all thought of sleep aside, and climbing to a hilltop he watched the vicinity of the creek.

Bell believed that the reds could not have found his trail, if they had found it at all, until near sunrise and he knew that if they followed him it would take them the better part of the day to reach his hiding place and that by that time his horse would be fresh and their horses jaded.

At three o'clock in the afternoon he saw something that set his heart beating, brave man though he was. The war party was breaking through the underbrush on the bank of the creek and Bell knew that his trail had been followed and that he had but a moment's time to save his life and his message.

He ran down the slope, vaulted on to his horse and shot out into the open around the base of the hill.

The reds chased the courier for five miles, firing now and again, but he distanced them and after two more nights of peril he gave Terry's message into the hands of Crook.

James Bell was given a medal of honor, and for five years he was a messenger in the headquarters of the department of the lakes in Chicago. Few people realized that the quiet unassuming "errand man" in the Pullman building was the courier who had taken on himself a mission that tried platinemen had not dared to attempt to fulfill.

The Home.

Home and home life must never become commonplace. The little surprises, the remembrances of the birthday, the unexpected treat, the pleasure earned for one by the sacrifice of another—all these belong under our head of spiritual exercises. Nor is there any scene of our life which so demands such exercise as this familiar scene of home, which has to be reset every day.—Edward Everett Hale.

PATIENT SUFFERING.

Many Women Think They Are Doomed to Backache.

It is not right for women to be always ailing with backache, urinary ills, headache and other symptoms of kidney disease. There is a way to end these troubles quickly. Mrs. John H. Wright, 606 East First St., Mitchell, S. D., says: "I suffered ten years with kidney complaint and a doctor told me I would never get more than temporary relief. A dragging pain and lameness in my back almost disabled me. Dizzy spells came and went and the kidney secretions were irregular. Doan's Kidney Pills rid me of these troubles and I feel better than for years past." Sold by all dealers. 50c. a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.



FOR WET FEET.

The Chick—What's the matter? The Duckling—You'd cry, too, if your ma made you wear overshoes when you went swimming.

Consumptives Need Not Leave Home.

Consumption can be cured, or arrested, in any section of the United States, and the percentage of cures in the east and the west is nearly the same. Any physician, therefore, who sends a person to the southwest without sufficient funds, or in an advanced or dying stage of the disease, is guilty of cruelty to his patient. Renewed efforts are being made to stop this practice, and to encourage the building of small local hospitals in every city and town in the country. Attempts are also being made in Southern California and in Texas to exclude indigent consumptives or to send them back to the east.

Not Ambiguous at All.

The donkey is—or has been—associated with party politics in other countries besides our own.

In one of England's elections a candidate for parliament, the late Lord Bath, called attention to himself by means of a donkey over whose back two panniers were slung, bearing a ribbon band on which was printed: "Vote for Papa."

It must be added, however, that in each pannier stood one of Lord Bath's daughters.—Youth's Companion.

Brooklyn Flag Factory.

One of the biggest official flag factories in the world is in the Brooklyn navy yard. Between eighty and one hundred women work there all the year round making flags for the use of Uncle Sam's fighting ships. They use up 120,000 yards of bunting a year and fashion 418 different kinds of official flags. The flags cost \$90,000 a year.

SENSE ABOUT FOOD

Facts About Food Worth Knowing.

It is a serious question sometimes to know just what to eat when a person's stomach is out of order and most foods cause trouble.

Grape-Nuts food can be taken at any time with the certainty that it will digest. Actual experience of people is valuable to anyone interested in foods.

A Terre Haute woman writes: "I had suffered with indigestion for about four years, ever since an attack of typhoid fever, and at times could eat nothing but the very lightest food, and then suffer such agony with my stomach I would wish I never had to eat anything."

"I was urged to try Grape-Nuts and since using it I do not have to starve myself any more, but I can eat it at any time and feel nourished and satisfied. Dyspepsia is a thing of the past, and I am now strong and well."

"My husband also had an experience with Grape-Nuts. He was very weak and sickly in the spring. Could not attend to his work. He was under the doctor's care but medicine did not seem to do him any good until he began to leave off ordinary food and use Grape-Nuts. It was positively surprising to see the change in him. He grew better right off, and naturally he had none but words of praise for Grape-Nuts."

"Our boy thinks he cannot eat a meal without Grape-Nuts, and he learns so fast at school that his teacher and other scholars comment on it. I am satisfied that it is because of the great nourishing elements in Grape-Nuts."

"There's a Reason."

It contains the phosphate of potash from wheat and barley which combine with albumen to make the gray matter to daily refill the brain and nerve centers.

It is a pity that people do not know what to feed their children. There are many mothers who give their youngsters almost any kind of food and when they become sick begin to pour the medicine down them. The real way is to stick to proper food and be healthy and get along without medicine and expense.

Ever heard them there? A new one appeared from the stars to them. They are healthy, strong, and full of human interest.

SUCCESSFUL WM. ALDEN SMITH

FROM NEWSBOY TO UNITED STATES SENATOR—
A PHENOMENAL CAREER.

How Ability, Endeavor and Pluck Won for Him Fame,
Power and Success.

Within a very few weeks Wm. Alden Smith, Michigan's junior senator, with several other members of the National Waterways Commission, sail for Europe to join their fellow members in the city of Strasburg, after which ten weeks will be spent investigating the waterways systems of many principal cities of the old world. The tour of investigation will cover such points as Berlin, Vienna, Budapest, Paris, London and Hamburg, where improvements and methods prevailing upon such mighty rivers as the Danube, Rhine, Seine and the Thames and the canals and dykes of Holland will be inspected.

Upon their return the commission will continue its investigations of the improvements and methods in vogue on our great inland lakes and rivers for transportation facilities and the responsibilities and duties of the general government in relation thereto.

From the wide scope of the investigations it is expected will be evolved a report full of valuable information and recommendations for the guidance of Congress in devising helps, restricting abuses and framing regulations for the general improve-



U. S. Senator
WILLIAM ALDEN SMITH.

ment of the waterways of the country with a view for their greater utilization; increasing facilities and cheapening the cost of internal transportation. The object primarily sought is increasing the country's productivity and cheapening its cost.

Speedy Recognition of Ability.

People unfamiliar with the rules and methods governing in the United States Senate will not lay much stress upon his selection to participate in this important work. If they knew more on that subject they would better understand that it was a splendid recognition of his ability; an appreciation of his sound judgment and general resourcefulness which won him this coveted honor.

When the great national benefits arising from the undertaking shall commence to be enjoyed they will be ready to bestow their approval of the good that has been accomplished and of which they are the beneficiaries.

But plucking glory from the future or anticipating popular applause, is not one of Senator Smith's characteristics, and so it is that we have heard but little of the great work to be undertaken, or the wonderful results hoped for in its achievements.

It is quite easy to imagine—it is even probable, and it might be further added, almost certain—that some of his political critics and opponents will combat the idea of his rapid rise and speedy recognition in being called to participate in the framing up of this great national work by explaining that he was lucky in drawing appointments on the committees of Commerce and Pacific Railroad which have to do with our national transportation facilities. Well, call it luck or by any other name you wish, but the fact remains that he has been selected as one among many to lay the foundation upon which to construct one of the greatest and most economic national improvements of natural resources which this country has discovered only within the immediate past to have been ruthlessly neglected and ignored.

Fulfilling His Election Promise.

It can be said to be a thought of only yesterday to recall the incidents leading up to the advancement of Wm. Alden Smith from the lower to the upper house of Congress, and the general surprise at the news flashed from Lansing that he had been chosen as successor to the late Gen. Alger over the heads of rival aspirants against who he was not considered to have any chance of success.

When the victory was won the newly-elected senator made a solemn promise to the people of Michigan: "I shall be faithful to the trust. The people, through no act of mine, shall ever have cause to regret the work of the legislature," was his first declaration.

Scarcely more than two years have passed since then.

That his record of achievement as congressman had preceded him into the Senate was evident from the assignments on important committees given him. From the first his ability and power won for him recognition in that august and rule-ridden body, and he was not required to serve the apprenticeship usually demanded of new-made senators.

In a recent discussion of the methods of the senate, and the long years of experience required to at-

tain recognition and power, Senator Beveridge, of Indiana, said: "Now and then a man of dominant personality, of vast ability, of tireless industry, of perfect fearlessness and rectitude develops; and for such a man there is in the senate, as there is anywhere in any country at any time, always an immediate and conspicuous recognition."

And such a man, it must be conceded, was found when Michigan decided to send Wm. Alden Smith to represent her in the senate of the nation.

Senator's Interesting Characteristics.

The story of Wm. Alden Smith's life is one of successes, little and big. Whatever he set out to accomplish, even in his boyhood days, he appears to have succeeded in doing. If there are any failures chalked up against him the historians of his interesting life, from boyhood to his present exalted position, have neglected to record them. His is a story of earnest resolves, unremitting application, shrewd calculation and ultimate success in every undertaking.

It stands out as boldly in the incident which landed him in the legal profession as in that which paved the way to his election to the United States senate.

It is told by himself, and as proudly as of the more important ones in later years, that when as a boy peddling popcorn on the streets in Grand Rapids, upon entering a law office one day, and after gazing upon the book-laden shelves he soliloquized aloud that:

"Some day I'll be a lawyer!"

He was a youth of only about 14, who had forsaken school that he might contribute his mite to the support of a loving mother, an invalid father and younger brothers.

It was a big promise to himself by a little boy, but although the pathway to its consummation was long and beset with many trials and hardships, his boyhood promise found fruition in 1882, by his admission to the bar at the early age of 24. That was an illustration of the consistency of his boyhood character.

When Wm. Alden Smith had attained the distinction of having read congress, many familiar with the life history of the boy who had come from the ranks of streeturchins, one who had risen successively from messenger boy, bootblack, newsboy and popcorn vender, it was opined that he had reached the pinnacle of his fame and success, and that the future held no further advancement for him.

Just how he reached the desired goal is another story showing his characteristic determination, astuteness in planning and persistency in overcoming obstacles.

When the announcement came that Gen. Alger would not seek another term in the senate, there was a conference of the members of the Michigan delegation in congress. It was well known that more than one among them had senatorial longings which, according to their ideas of diplomacy, were best concealed for the time within themselves. With everyone discussing the probable availability of somebody else except themselves, Congressman Wm. Alden Smith started his assembled colleagues with the announcement of his candidacy for the position. His boldness, and that is another of his characteristics, had crowded the others off the track. The rest of the story is recent history.

When asked after his election why and how he came to aspire for the place he naively replied:

"Well, I saw I didn't have to push anyone aside. It was a free fight, with victory on the side of the man nearest the people. It was a hard, uphill fight, but I didn't have to drive anyone out of the place."

How Young Smith Got an Appointment as Legislative Page.

Desirous of getting off the streets, and learning that the boys in the legislature received good pay, he determined to try for a place. He borrowed the money to go to Ionia to ask the lieutenant-governor for the appointment. He came too late. Another boy had been promised the job. He was sorely disappointed, but not disheartened. He would go to Lansing and try his chances. His money was gone and Lansing was far off. But he got there at last after having been put off three different trains.

John T. Rich, later governor, was then speaker of the house. He heard the boy's story and gave him the desired appointment, and Wm. Alden, when he refers to that incident of his life, says that it is doubtful if any of his many later successes ever tasted so sweet.

Fulfills Promise to Become Lawyer.

Upon returning to Grand Rapids after the legislature adjourned the youthful Smith felt the call of the law again asserting itself. He applied to a prominent legal firm for a place in their office. They were not in the habit of paying salaries to office students, and he could not get along without it. He went to an uncle in Chicago who was a lawyer, only to find him gone away for an indefinite period. He returned to Grand Rapids and found the office of the legal firm to whom he had first applied locked. He knew the owner of the building and, borrowing the key, entered and took possession of the office. He cleaned the windows, mopped the floors, dusted the books, received the mail and visitors. In short he had fearfully broken

into the legal profession. The return of the partners, the first surprised and somewhat resentful, but he explained the ages of having the office kept open during their absence. He was retained at a small salary, and four years later admitted to the bar at the age of 24. The prominence he attained is well known history.

The recital of his ambitions, struggles and successes might be strung out to cover many columns.

Many of his critics would attribute his success in life to what they term his "proverbial good luck"; to the hypnotic influence which goes with a jollying nature; to his remarkable memory for names and faces; in fact, to almost anything and everything except the real reasons.

His good-natured traits have been substituted for the real Smith, as one of his friends has said.

As a matter of fact Senator Wm. Alden Smith is an aggressive, hard-headed, ambitious man, sagacious in business and in politics.

His astuteness as a clever player of the great game of life must be conceded. He knows how to handle men. Perhaps this is the foundation stone upon which he builds. Senator Smith never suppresses his personality. It has been said of him that, "In his heart there seems to be a perpetual springtime of hopes," and that, "His buoyant imagination paints a rainbow in darkest skies."

The touchingly human side of Senator Smith's character was sweetly revealed in the tender remembrance of his father and mother, for whom he has provided a comfortable home in their old age among the flower gardens of California, when he said, in the closing words of his speech of acceptance, and at the moment of achieving the glory of his life:

"Looking into the faces of my wife and child and over your heads, I see in the window of an humble cottage, 3,000 miles away, the sweet faces of my father and mother, made happier by my triumph of mine."

Aside from the earnings from his legal profession, his first big business venture was in the nature of railroad building as a speculation. In 1897 he began the work of constructing short stretches of railroads connecting Grand Rapids and Kalkaska; in 1899 he built the Grand Rapids & Saginaw, which later consolidated with the Lowell & Hastings. His profits were represented in bonds, which, with extraordinary confidence and bold judgment, he labeled \$100,000. It was only a few years later that the Pere Marquette was glad to give him real good money for the full face value of his bonds.

In his boyhood he had sold the Grand Rapids Herald on the streets. It was from sentimental reasons, perhaps, that he first became a stockholder, then president, and is now principal owner of one of the best-paying and influential papers in Michigan or the Middle West.

In his home life William Alden Smith is again exceptionally fortunate. He married, in 1886, Miss Nana Osterhout, of Grand Rapids, whose similar tastes and brilliant companionship is the fulfillment of his cup of happiness.

Mrs. Smith takes a deep interest in his political career and is credited with having given him valuable support in his election as senator. It is said that at the time a state senator, whose support she had enlisted, remarked of her:

"Well, a man with a wife like that ought to become president of the United States."

In the fourteen years of Senator Smith's national political life his relations with Senator Burrows have always been of a most friendly and amiable character, and never more so than now.

In advocating the retention of Senator Burrows the Frankfort Patriot says:

"With the fiery and fearless William Alden Smith, and the wise, careful and able Senator Burrows, Michigan will continue to have a team in the United States Senate that will command the attention and admiration of the whole country."

Senator Burrows Steadily on the Job.

Senator Burrows was prevented from participating in the big outing of the Taft Republican club, of Detroit, scheduled for August 17. The event, an excursion on Lake St. Clair with picnic features, and speechmaking at Tashmoo park at the Lake St. Clair Plats, was the occasion for the gathering of the Republican state leaders of prominence. Both United States senators, all Michigan congressmen and all Republican candidates for governor, were invited and expected to be present and join in the talkfest. In short it was a huge gathering of Republican officeholders, would-be officeholders and voters.

Senator Burrows was denied the pleasure of participating and mixing with the gathering of representative Republicans for the reason that the monetary commission, of which he is a member, was in session in New York city, and as he wrote a Detroit friend, it was "bumpy before pleasure," as is his custom.

The Monetary Commission will be required to make its report at the opening of congress next December, and its work is regarded by many as being of paramount importance to the revision of the tariff just ended.

After the adjournment of the last congress, instead of returning home to enjoy a vacation or the filling of lecture opportunities, as did many of his associates in congress, Senator Burrows was required to spend most of his time studying the methods of appraisement in the custom houses of New York and other seaboard cities, gathering information upon which to evolve the administration scheme for a permanent customs court and improved methods of appraisement, which were later made part of the tariff legislation considered and adopted in the special session of congress just closed.

And so it appears that while other senators and congressmen go home to relax and play and mix with the people to whom they must look for votes the administration always finds work for Senator Burrows during the recess seasons of congress, and he is usually found "steadily on the job."

Burnt Noses

They Play a Conspicuous Part in the Game of Love.

"Your nose looks like a bologna sausage," she said with the cruel frankness of a close friend.

"Why shouldn't it?" he answered defiantly. "I've been on the links all day."

Then she laughed, leaving him uncertain whether she was laughing at his nose or his joke.

Uncertainty is a painful emotion, especially when it is a question why one is being laughed at. He felt depressed, melancholy. He had meant to boast of having made the 18 holes in 76. He had expected to be congratulated and admired, to have his masculine vanity flattered. And she had gone away after laughing at his nose without giving him a chance to tell of his prowess.

"But I will win her yet," he said to himself. "The next time I play golf I will wear a sun mask."

And the next day it rained.

Being unable to stay in the house and commune with his thoughts, he went outdoors and commuted with them. The sobbing wind drove the rain under his umbrella. His soul was on fire, but that did not keep his clothes dry. And just as the sun had begun to shine again and the fit of blues was being evaporated into the blue of the atmosphere he met her once more and again she laughed.

"Are you trying to wash your nose down to its proper size and color?" she asked.

After she was gone it occurred to him that he should have said something to the effect that it was cruel for young women to inflict blows on other people's noses, but he did not think of that in time.

In a state of desperation he determined to invite her to go rowing with him and see if the effect of the sun on her own nose did not make her a bit sympathetic.

"Like takes to like," he reasoned, "and when noses develop an affinity for one another it may happen that hearts also will beat in unison."

But she prudently sheltered her face with a parasol and mischievously asked him whether, if his arms should give out, he could not row the boat home with his splendidly developed nose.

He rubbed vaseline on his nose that night, but it did not soothe his heart.

He wished she would do something to imperil her life, so he might rescue her and make himself a hero, but she was as careful of her life as she was of her complexion.

"Don't you ever go automobiling?" he asked.

"Not unless I'm sure the driver can see the end of his nose, at least," she answered.

While this was plainly a hint for an invitation, he felt that he could not endure more bumps on such a sore point as his nose.

But there must be an end to all things, even to raw noses, and no sensible girl ever will lose a good beau for the fun of teasing him about his personal misfortunes. After he had been gnawing at his heart till it was almost as sore as his nose, only he did not wear it on his sleeve, so it could not be seen, he surprised her one day humming a little air with the refrain: "He should propose despite his nose."

At least she made him think he had surprised her. Whether she really knew he was within hearing or not the historian will not attempt to say, but the aforesaid historian has his suspicions. At all events he took the hint and proposed—a game of golf. He persuaded himself that the links would be the best place to suggest to her the delight of linking her life to his.

"I don't know how to play," she protested.

"You begin by making a tee," he explained.

"Yes," she said, "and how much does that count?"

"It does not count anything."

"Then what's the use of doing it?"

"Why, the tee is what you drive from."

"Well, why can't we have the tea here at home and you take me for a drive in the automobile?"

"That wouldn't be golf."

"But don't you think it would be lovely?"

So they had tea and the automobile drive and she never said a word about his nose. It was getting nearly well anyway. However, he did not propose. He was afraid she might refuse him and then the whole delightful courtship would come to an end.

Imagine his consternation when the next day he saw her on the links learning golf under the guidance of another fellow. His heart gnawed with jealousy.

Competition is the life of courtship. He called on her boldly that evening and began the conversation thus:

"Did you come out of the game with a free heart and a whole nose?"

Blushingly she rubbed off a fleck or two of white powder, which had been applied a little too freely in an effort, to hide the sunburn.

"I don't mind burnt noses," she said. "It's much more painful to have one's nose broken," he replied.

"Have you had that experience, too?"

"I don't know. I want you to tell me that."

"I'm sure it looks all right to me."

And with that the two powdered noses got into such close proximity to one another that the historian delicately withdrew.

Detroit's Newest Store

What a change we've made in the old Sparling store! You'd hardly believe that such a transformation could take place. The whole interior has been re-arranged and new fixtures installed. It's now an unusually bright, handsome and convenient store; shoppers are delighted with it.

No Old Merchandise Here

Our stocks are entirely new—carefully selected to satisfy the demands of particular trade. Correct styles for Fall and plenty of them at popular prices.

TAILORED SUITS, COATS, COSTUMES, SKIRTS, WAISTS.

MILLINERY AND EVERYTHING IN THE WAY OF WOMEN'S FURNISHINGS.

SPECIAL 2.50 SHOES—NO MORE NO LES

NEWEST NOVELTIES IN JEWELRY, LEATHER GOODS, STATIONERY, ETC.

FRENCH, GERMAN AND AMERICAN LINES OF TOILET REQUISITES.

All Piece Goods On The Second Floor

New Lace Curtains, Draperies and Rugs, sixth floor. Pleased to have your inspection at any time, whether a purchase is contemplated or not.



The Great Bell Furnace

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We furnish this Furnace complete with the

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Come and see the Furnace and we will be pleased to show you the new improvements.

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Tuck's Meat Market

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STEAK OR ROAST.

IT IS UP-TO-DATE. ON FIRST-CLASS MEATS.

Give me a trial order and convince yourself that the meat line which I keep is the best that money can buy. You will find a good grade of meats properly cut and handled with care.

BARNEY TUCK

Probate Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, county of Wayne.
As At a session of the Probate Court for the said county of Wayne, held at the Probate court room in the city of Detroit on the third day of August, in the year one thousand nine hundred and nine. Present Edgar O. Durfee, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Augusta Blank, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Mamie Walker, praying that administration of said estate be granted to Paul W. Voorhies or some other suitable person.

It is Ordered: That the eighth day of September next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said court room, be appointed for hearing said petition.

And it is further ordered, That a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said time of hearing, in the Plymouth Mail, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county of Wayne.

EDGAR O. DURFEE, Judge of Probate

(A true copy. EDWIN R. PALMER, Probate Clerk.)

Commissioner's Notice.

In the matter of the estate of Angelina G. Baker, deceased. We, the undersigned, have been appointed by the probate court for the county of Wayne, State of Michigan, commission to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against said deceased, and to hereto give notice that we will meet at the Plymouth United Savings Bank, in the village of Plymouth, in said county, on the 14th day of November, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to receive and allow claims, and that six months from the 14th day of August, A. D. 1899, were allowed by said court for creditors to present their claims for examination and allowance.

Dated, August 17, 1899.

EDGAR E. BROWN, CHARLES A. FISHER, Commissioners.

DETROIT UNITED LINES

Plymouth Time Table

EAST BOUND.

For Detroit via Wayne 5:30 a.m. and every hour thereafter; also 5:00 p.m. (leaving at Wayne To Wayne only 11:30 a.m.)

NORTH BOUND.

Leave Plymouth for Northville 6:30 a.m. and every hour thereafter; also 5:00 p.m. and every hour thereafter (for Northville); also 6:30 a.m. and every hour thereafter (for Northville); also 5:00 p.m. and every hour thereafter (for Northville).

Leave Wayne for Plymouth 6:30 a.m. and every hour thereafter; also 5:00 p.m. and every hour thereafter (for Plymouth); also 6:30 a.m. and every hour thereafter (for Plymouth); also 5:00 p.m. and every hour thereafter (for Plymouth).

Connections at Wayne for Ypsilanti and points west to Jackson.

Penney's Liver

DRAYING OF ALL KINDS

TRY MAIL LINERS

A share of your business solicited.