

THE PLYMOUTH MAIL.

VOLUME XX, NO 3

PLYMOUTH, MICH., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 11, 1907

WHOLE NO. 1049.

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'MIXED TO PLEASE'

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Allspice	40c per lb.
Cinnamon	50c "
Pepper	30c "
Cloves	40c "
Chillies	40c "
Turmeric	40c "
Celery Seed	30c "
Mustard Seed	30c "
Coriander Seed	30c "
Cassia Buds	60c "
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Corks and Parratin	

Elder Barrels and Elder Preservatives.

Boric Acid, 10c per oz. Benzoic Acid, 10c per oz.
Salicylic Acid, 10c per oz. Wintergreen Oil, 20c per oz.

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New Fall Goods.

Cloth Dept.

We are showing a splendid assortment of Broadcloths in the latest shades demanded by fashion, including Purple, plum, egg plant, etc., at \$1.75, \$2.00, \$2.50 and \$3.00.
Other lines of Broadcloths in black and colors, \$1.25 to \$5 a yard.
75 styles in Iona Wash Flannels just opened at 40c.
104 different styles and patterns Vivella Wash Flannels, 75c a yard.
22-inch fine Waisting Flannels, \$1.00.
Silk and Wool Flannels, plain and fancy, \$1.25.
Embroidered Flannels, Wrapper Flannels, Outing Flannels, Wrinkledowns, Elderdowns, etc.

Cloak Dept.--Third Floor.

Tailored Suits are here in great variety and very stylish models and it will be well worth while to give a look through before purchasing. We are offering the very best of their class, beginning at \$12.50 and we have a good assortment of trade winners at \$25, \$30, \$35, \$40 and \$45. We are offering great bargains in separate skirts in black, blue and brown Chiffon Panama. Splendid tailor made Skirts, full in width and chic models, choice \$5.00 and \$5.95.

Peerless Patterns and Catalogue for November Now Ready.

The Taylor-Woolfenden Co.,

165 to 169 Woodward Ave., DETROIT.

WE PRINT AUCTION BILLS.

Breezy Items

By Live Correspondents.

NEWBURG.

Mrs. Pitt Everett and her brother, Henry Johnson, were called to Detroit last week Friday by their sister's sudden death, Mrs. Augustus Squires. The remains were brought to the Everett home and the funeral was held there Monday. Burial in Livonia cemetery. Miss Margaret Johnson Squires was born at Lancaster, Pa.; came with her parents to Michigan in the year 1849, living at Farmington for a time, then moving to Livonia, where, on Nov. 29, 1868, she was united in marriage to Augustus Squires, living in Detroit at the time of her death. To this union there were born four children, William, Frederick, Anna and Ruth. Anna died thirteen years ago, Oct. 4th, at the age of 16 years, it being also the same date on which the mother's death occurred.

Mrs. Squires leaves a husband, three children, one brother, Henry Johnson, and a sister, Mrs. Pitt Everett, of Livonia, one uncle, Samuel Johnson, also of Livonia, and several other relatives in Michigan and Pennsylvania. Mrs. Squires, though not belonging to any church, was a kind wife and mother, making her family happy; also was beloved by a large circle of friends who join the family in their great loss in loving sympathy. The floral offerings by friends were profuse and beautiful.

Mrs. J. J. Barlow of near Howell was called to Newburg by the illness of her niece, Carrie Ostrander, returning home Tuesday.

The L. A. S. held a business meeting at the hall Friday.

Mrs. Sarah Royal attended church in Ypsilanti Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Chaucey Mead visited at Oscar Minkley's Sunday.

Albert Messer of Plymouth visited his parents Sunday.

When you have Backache the liver or kidneys are sure to be out of gear. Try Sano! it cures backache in 24 hours, and there is nothing better for the liver or kidneys. For sale at J. L. Gale's drug store.

PIKE'S PEAK.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Clement and family and Joe Clement of Elm spent last Sunday with Mrs. J. Clement of this place.

Sunday visitors at H. Klatt's were—Mrs. Moraa of Wayne, Mr. and Mrs. Will Witt and Mr. and Mrs. Lewis of Northville, Mr. and Mrs. Carl Klatt and daughter Leila of Detroit, Mr. and Mrs. John Houk and son Alvin and Blanche Klatt of East Nankin.

The Misses Ida and Emma Krumm and Mr. and Mrs. Albert Krumm of Plymouth visited at Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Wright's last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Ferguson and baby visited Mr. and Mrs. Fred Stienhauer last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Wren Hix and family of Wayne called on friends in this vicinity last Sunday.

The dance at William Hix's last Friday was well attended.

Will Green of Elm called on Isaac Innes of this place last Sunday.

Mrs. Stock is on the sick list.

Mr. and Mrs. William Thom and daughter Martha spent last Sunday at Mr. and Mrs. Miltky's.

Do you get up at night? Sano! is surely the best for all kidney or bladder troubles. Sano! gives relief in 24 hours from all backache and bladder troubles. Get a 25c trial bottle at J. L. Gale's drug store.

MURRAY'S CORNERS.

Miss Winnie Dupue visited her sister Mrs. John Beyer at Perrinsville Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Olin Dupue of Ypsilanti visited at Wellington Dupue's Sunday.

Mrs. Geo. Walker returned from the hospital at Ann Arbor last week.

Mr. and Mrs. James Cady and daughter Gladys and Mrs. Eva Felt of Belleville visited at S. W. Spicer's Sunday.

Hard Times in Kansas.
The old days of gra-shoppers and drouth are almost forgotten in the prosperous Kansas of today; although a citizen of Codell, Earl Shamburg, has not yet forgotten a hard time he encountered. He says: "I was worn out and discouraged by coughing night and day, and could find no relief till I tried Dr. King's New Discovery. It took less than one bottle to completely cure me." The safest and most reliable cough and cold cure and lung and throat healer ever discovered. Guaranteed by The Wolverine Drug Co. and John L. Gale. 50c and \$1.00 trial bottle free.

LIVONIA CENTER.

Over Sunday visitors were Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Leece of Detroit at Mrs. E. Peck's, Mr. Creiger and Lou Miller of the city at John Baze, Sr.'s, and four young lady friends of Mrs. Tracy Baze at their home and Mrs. Carrie Grace and daughter of Pontiac at Joe McEachran's.

Word was received here Saturday of the sudden taking away of Mrs. Squires. She was one of the cemetery trustees, and although she did not meet with us very often we will miss her just the same and our hearts turn in sympathy to those she has left behind, particularly to the home where she will be missed most.

The rain last Thursday stopped the men from putting up mough fence around the cemetery. However, quite a good start was made.

Miss Hattie Hoisington is at the home of Pitt Everett's for a few days.

Miss Bogan visited city friends Saturday and Sunday.

Will Garchow and wife visited at Will Smith's at Waterford on Sunday.

Joe McEachran was in the city on Monday on business.

Mrs. Charlie Garfield is visiting her mother for a few days at the Center.

PERRINSVILLE.

Mrs. Flora Proctor and Miss Edna Murray of Plymouth visited at Dewitt Cooper's last Sunday.

Mrs. Alf. Mhyrs and daughter Ardis of California visited at Tillman Mhyrs last Tuesday and Wednesday.

Mrs. Maria Cooper, who has been on the sick list, is able to be out again.

The L. A. S. met with Mrs. Edie Robinson last week Wednesday, 28 being present. They will hold their annual fair the 16th of November. Particulars later.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Snyder and Miss Finch of Detroit visited the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Stephenson last Sunday.

Mrs. Asa Shaw and daughter Naomi visited her mother Mrs. Wm. Schunk last Tuesday.

Mart Sackett visited his daughter Mrs. Cora Cooper last Saturday.

John Kabik was in Plymouth one day last week.

Nearly all of Mr. Marsh's children have the whooping cough.

Mrs. F. Theuer and son Carl were in Detroit last Wednesday.

Mrs. Lena Sherman is a little better at this writing.

SALEM

Chas. Stanbro was in Detroit Tuesday.

Miss Irma Lane of Detroit is home this week.

Frank Wall of Ann Arbor was home over Sunday.

Rev. Bettys of the M. E. church preached in the Baptist church Sunday evening.

The ladies aid of the South Salem M. E. church met with Mrs. Harvey Smith Thursday.

Mr. F. C. Wheeler and daughter and Miss Ada Harbin visited over Sunday in Ypsilanti.

Mrs. James Woodworth was called to Grand Rapids last week on account of the illness of her son Roy, who has typhoid fever.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Bussey visited friends in Green Oak Tuesday.

Joseph Groth is at Elmdale as relief operator and Harmon Durrow has secured a position at Grand Ledge as assistant baggagemaster.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Stanbro visited their son in South Lyon Tuesday.

Dr. Maynard and family were in Detroit Wednesday.

Miss Ina Holmes visited friends in Plymouth Saturday and Sunday.

Asa Gigler and family and Mrs. Grant spent Sunday at Wixom.

Rev. Wall was in Ann Arbor Monday.

LAPHAM'S CORNERS.

Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Packard and Mr. and Mrs. I. S. Savery attended the funeral of Clark Mills, an old soldier of Ann Arbor, Monday.

Mrs. Harvey Smith entertained the ladies' aid, Thursday, Oct. 10.

Miss Hollis is visiting her sister Mrs. H. Whittaker for a few days.

Mrs. G. S. Waters is visiting her daughter Mrs. Geo. Nelson.

Minot Weed of Kalkaska is visiting his brother, Geo. Weed and family and his sister Mrs. Harvey Smith.

Out of Sight.
"Out of sight, out of mind," is an old saying which applies with special force to a sore, burn or wound that's been treated with Bucklen's Arnica Salve. It's out of sight, out of mind and out of existence. Itches too and chills disappear under its healing influence. Guaranteed by The Wolverine Drug Co. and John L. Gale. 50c and \$1.00 trial bottle free.

PINCKNEY.
PAINSTAKING
HARMACIST FOR
ARTICULAR
EOPLE.

Great is the Joint

Great Pains from Little Joints Oft Come

(Pardon the pain),

And please remember that we are here to supply you with any and all kinds of medicines prescribed by your physician or to fill your favorite recipe correctly, with the best of Drugs or Chemicals, at prices that are right, at all times, day or night.

Pinckney's Pharmacy

J. D. McLAREN CO.

Headquarters for

Lime, Cement, Brick, Toledo Pulp Plaster, Little's Fibre Plaster, Little's and Houghton's Hard Wall Plaster.

HOMESTEAD BONE BLACK FERTILIZER

GARDEN SEEDS IN BULK.

Baled Hay and Straw, Ground Corn and Oats, Middlings, Oat Bran, Corn, Oats, Wheat.

Highest Price Paid for Grain, Hay, &c.

HARD AND SOFT COAL

Plymouth Elevator. Both Phones.

CONSIDER MEATS,

When you Buy Them.

There is just as much quality in them as in other lines.

OUR PRICES

are within the reach of the poor as well as the rich and our aim is to please all.

SECURE THE BEST.

TEL. 23

W. F. HOOPS

3

per cent is what you receive on all money deposited in our Savings Department—3 per cent that comes to you without an effort on your part and helps to increase the principal so that when you are ready saving you will soon have a bank account. You can start an account to-day with \$1.00.

THE
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SAVINGS BANK**

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, \$90,000.

THE PLYMOUTH MAIL

F. W. SAMSON, Publisher.

PLYMOUTH MICHIGAN

Youthful Criminals.

Two-thirds of the convicts in America's greatest prison (the Missouri penitentiary at Jefferson City) are men without trade or profession. Look into any state penitentiary, and you will ordinarily find that at least one-third of the convicts there confined are young men, ranging in age from 18 to 25 years, and that nearly all of these came into prison absolutely without the knowledge of any useful and gainful occupation. Comparatively few of the younger class of felons are illiterate. In my own experience, writes Thomas Speed Mosby, Missouri state pardon attorney, in Success Magazine, I have never met one who could not read and write, and very many (by far the greater number, I should say) are possessed of no small degree of intelligence. But, however stupid or however precocious, they are found to be, scarcely without exception, young men who have not applied themselves to useful, honest work. This is true of both the poor and the well-to-do. Why are they there? The answer is given by Gustave Marx, one of the Chicago "car-barn" handits, who recently died upon the gallows: "It wasn't drink that caused my downfall," he said; "not cigarettes, nor had companions, either. It was just idleness. Idleness led me first to cigarettes, then to drink, then to bad companions—then to the gallows. And I blame my folks. If they had made me remain at work, they would have kept me too busy to have planned robbery and murder." This is the story that fits them all. First, idleness; then cigarettes and drink, to blunt the moral sense and destroy the will; then living beyond one's means; then indulging the riotous excesses that spell debauchery and make for ruin. And may they not rightly blame their "folks," as did Gustave Marx?

Society Music.

Mary will have to be asked to play when she goes out in society. A proud mamma will attend to that. And Mary will play, with faithful accuracy, something from Chopin or Beethoven or Mendelssohn, and the young people will watch her chubby fingers thoughtfully and wonder when the selection will come to an end, writes Cynthia Westover Alden in Success Magazine. They will applaud, too, when the end is reached—for that is good manners, and everybody likes Mary anyhow. And then—well, Lucy Smith, who has never taken lessons, will roll up to the piano and begin a "coon song," hands and feet will beat time all over the room, half the listeners will hum the refrain; everybody will see the difference between the piano as a penance and as a pleasure, and only Mary's mamma will make unpleasant side remarks about the degeneracy popular taste in music.

One of the great electric manufacturing companies reports gross earnings for the year covered by the statistics at over \$33,000,000, with profits of \$4,179,000. This is the electric age for sure, and the experience of this one concern is probably matched by that of others. The demand for electrical appliances in every form was never greater, nor is there any indication of subsidence. An interesting accompaniment of this report of earnings is the government statement of copper production, from which it appears that the output of the metal for 1906 was 906,591,000 pounds, or 18,000,000 pounds in excess of the amount in 1905. Production and consumption of copper are intimately related to electrical development, and this country is foremost in both respects.

Numerous inscriptions in Latin were cast on the new building for the department of agriculture in Washington. The head of the department discovered the other day that some of them are in bad Latin, and ordered them all erased and recast in plain English. There is no better reason for inscribing American public buildings with Latin than there would have been for putting inscriptions in Greek or Sanskrit on the public buildings in ancient Rome. The theory that there is peculiar virtue in a foreign tongue is widely held. It goes so far as to lead to the singing of French translations of German and Italian operas in American opera houses, translations made at the demand of music-loving Frenchmen, who insist that they shall understand the language sung to them.

The London Lancet advises cigarette smokers to form the habit of quitting the habit by making their own cigarettes and abandoning the ready-made. That is like taking to whisky in order to swear off drinking wine.

Now they say that soft drinks are made mostly of dope. Maybe the day will come when we shall have sterilized pop and bottled lemonade and things of that sort. Then it will be time to pass on.

LEGISLATURE IN SPECIAL SESSION

A STRONGER PRIMARY LAW IS THE GOVERNOR'S FIXED PURPOSE.

LOBBYING GETS A TOUCH.

Attacks the Forty Per Cent Clause and Wants Delegates to National Convention Elected at Primaries.

The Message.

The state legislature was called to order at noon Monday in special session to consider the matters to be presented for its consideration by Gov. Warner in his message. Nearly a full roll-call was present. The message of Gov. Warner, read to the legislature, is as follows:

To the forty-fourth legislature—Acting by virtue of authority vested in the governor by sec. 7, of Art. V, of the constitution of the state of Michigan, I have convened the legislature in extra session, sincerely believing that the failure of the legislature at its recent regular session to enact a better primary election law and to make necessary provision for the maintenance of Central Michigan Normal college fully warrants such action.

There cannot, I fully believe, be the slightest doubt in the mind of any candid person who has given the matter even casual consideration that a vast majority of the people of Michigan desire that there be embodied in our statutes provisions which shall apply alike to all offices which they affect and which shall place the nomination of candidates for these offices absolutely and finally in the hands of the people, without recourse at any time or under any conditions to a delegate convention. The truth of this assertion is so apparent that it should be unnecessary to more than state it. It cannot be successfully controverted.

The demand of the people has been recognized in all primary election legislation thus far enacted in this state, save only as such legislation applies to the nomination of candidates for governor and lieutenant-governor. In all cases where it applies to the nomination of candidates for congress, the legislature, county and city offices, it provides that the candidate receiving the highest number of votes cast at the primary shall be the party nominated. In no case is there any reference whatever to a percentage, however small, of the total vote cast. These laws were petitioned for by the people because of their desire to make their own nominations and not delegate that power to conventions which might or might not carry out their will. Not only is there no percentage provision in the laws covering the nomination in the cases mentioned, but no legislature ever had the temerity to suggest the inclusion of such a provision. All clearly understood what the people demanded.

It is well known to all of you that the 40 per cent provision of the present law was included in that statute as a matter of necessary compromise. The house passed a general primary bill which contained no percentage feature. In this form the bill could not pass the senate, and in order that the best possible start toward the accomplishment of the reform demanded by the people might be made it was necessary to include the percentage provision. If this had not been done no primary legislation would have been enacted at that session of the legislature.

In 1906 a total of 54 candidates for political office, including candidates for state, congressional, legislative and county offices, were nominated by direct vote. This number likewise included 79 subsequently successful candidates for seats in this honorable body. Yet in 862 of these cases no one ever for a moment thought of requiring that the successful candidates poll any given percentage of a total vote. It would be as reasonable to suggest that the constitution be amended so as to require that unless some party candidate for governor or lieutenant-governor received 40 per cent of the total vote cast at the general election the choice of those officials should be made by the legislature as to make it necessary for a delegate convention to choose the party candidate if no person polls 40 per cent of the total vote cast at the primary. There is no argument that can be advanced in support of the one proposition that will not apply with equal force to the other. On the other hand, the absolute weakness of the so-called argument in its application to either proposition is so apparent as to admit of no dispute.

The utter folly of maintaining that the protection of the people demands that, in order to become the nominee of his party for governor or lieutenant-governor, a person must poll a specified percentage of the total vote cast, whereas the constitution of the state provides that the person having at the general election "the highest number of votes for governor or lieutenant-governor shall be elected," most impress itself upon the mind of every intelligent person. It hardly seems necessary to throw any greater safeguards around the nomination of a candidate for an office than the constitution of the state throws about the election after the nomination is made. For nearly 60 years the person receiving the highest number of votes has been

Verdict Against Saloonkeeper.

Jackson.—A circuit court jury awarded Mrs. Nettie Marrinane damages of \$5,925 against Fred Miller, a former Grass Lake saloonkeeper, and his bondsmen, because Miller sold liquor to the woman's husband after he had been ordered not to do so.

Dogs Kill Alpena Sheep.

Alpena.—Sheep killing dogs are on rampage in Alpena township. Twenty sheep were killed on the farm of William Hasell in one night and August Kannevick lost a large number.

declared elected to office in this state and no one has yet even thought of advocating a change in this provision of the constitution.

The fact is that no argument worthy of the name has been or will be advanced in support of the retention of the 40 per cent clause in the present primary law of Michigan. Beneath whatever may or can be said in support of this clause lies the desire of its advocates to preserve, if possible, the old delegate convention system and thus keep from the people the right to make these nominations themselves. This phase of the matter is so real that it needs simply be mentioned. Even those who in public strenuously advocate retention of the percentage clause frankly admit in private the truth of this statement. It is hardly to be presumed that a delegate convention will come any nearer expressing the will of the people than will the people themselves by direct vote. The percentage provision of the primary law now on the statute books of this state should be repealed.

I am firmly of the opinion, too, that the members of the different political parties should be afforded the opportunity to elect by direct vote the delegates to the national conventions. Delegates to conventions act in a purely representative capacity and should be chosen by the most direct method. I know of no reason why the county and state conventions should come between the rank and file of the party and the national convention. The first and second choice of candidates for delegates should be indicated on the ballot. In any event it is altogether probable that there would be candidates for delegates whose presidential choice would be well known and in accord with well defined public sentiment.

This primary election could be arranged for with but little expense, as the delegates could be elected on the first Monday in April, an election day throughout the state. A general law of this kind for electing these delegates would prevent the holding of any caucuses and conventions long before the call for the national convention is issued and enable those who are expected to elect the nominees to have more to do with their nomination.

In this connection, I desire to call your attention to the necessity of providing more stringent regulations governing the holding of county and district conventions in localities where the direct nomination system does not prevail. No convention should be called to elect delegates to a national, state or district convention that has not been called. The other course is sometimes taken from good motives, no doubt, but they are seldom made public. Cleaner politics and good government will be promoted by making such practices against the letter as well as the spirit of the law.

Experience has conclusively demonstrated that there should be but one primary day and upon that day all nominations under the provisions of the law should be made. This change would result in a large saving to the people.

I would be pleased to see needed amendments made to existing special primary election laws affecting specified localities in order that all laws on this subject may be made as uniform and harmonious as possible. The extension of the primary election system to meet any demands of the people would have my approval.

The desire of the people of Michigan to directly participate in the nomination of candidates for United States senator is, I believe, generally conceded. The method of gratifying this overwhelming wish of your constituents is simple and thoroughly understood by all of you. By making provision in the primary law so as to permit the people of the state to nominate party candidates for United States senator by direct vote you will perform an act that will have the unqualified approval of the people of the state, regardless of political affiliations.

The lobby evil is no less dire and corrupting than it was in my direct attention to it at the commencement of your regular session. At that time I said:

In all matters of legislation the people are entitled to your best thought and most conscientious judgment, and you should see to it that your thought is not directed nor your judgment affected by any undue influence. Public hearings and the right of petition as to all matters coming before the legislature are legitimate methods of influencing legislation. The legislature should always be willing to grant public hearings to and receive petitions from all who may be interested in measures under consideration, whether those persons represent public or private interests. Aside from the hearings there should be no place, either in the legislative halls, the committee rooms or the lobby for the professional lobbyist. His right should simply be those enjoyed by the humblest citizen of the state. The professional lobbyist has no proper place in legislation and the sooner he is eliminated therefrom the better, not only for the public, but for the special interests by which he is employed.

The first step in this direction must necessarily be taken by the individual legislators in treating with contempt the introducer of any so-called "strike" legislation designed for the sole purpose of attracting the attention of these special interests, thereby inviting them to either pay tribute or employ the professional lobbyist in self defense. Such legislation and its sponsors should be publicly denounced and their real purpose exposed. All proposed legislation should stand or fall on its merits alone and any arguments as to those merits should stand the test of full publicity.

To Employ Private Detectives.

St. Joseph.—Wealthy residents of the Lake Shore drive adopted resolutions, saying county officials were unable to cope with the criminals, and they have decided to employ detectives to guard their residences.

Salvation Army Plans Citadel.

Flint.—The Salvation Army plans to build a \$10,000 citadel here. Capt. Claude Ford has been transferred to Charlevoix and Capt. and Mrs. Stewart McKay of Fort Wayne, Ind., will take charge of the work.

There is a vast difference between proper and improper methods to influence legislation, and in whatever laws may be enacted on this subject a distinction should be made between them. I am in hearty accord with the doctrine laid down by the supreme court of the United States as far back as 1853, when in the case of Marshall vs. Baltimore & Ohio Railway Co. that tribunal said: "All persons whose interests may in any way be affected by any public or private act of a legislature have an undoubted right to urge their claims and arguments, either in person or by counsel, professing to act for them before legislative committees, as well as in courts of justice, but a hired agent assuming to act in a different character in practicing deceit on the legislature * * * and services involving the use of secret means or the exercise of sinister or personal influences are illegal."

To legitimate services rendered in a legitimate way, no reasonable objection can be made. But all appearances for or against measures before the legislature should be made publicly and before the proper committees only. There should be no lobby that will not stand the light of the fullest publicity.

Legislation of the nature I have in mind has already been enacted in New York, New Jersey, Iowa, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Missouri, Colorado and other states, and in recent conversation with the governors of several of these states I have been assured that it has very largely eliminated the evil at which it is directed.

I emphatically renew the recommendation previously made by me that you enact a law that will free this state from the corrupting influence of the professional lobbyist and provide for the registration and regulation of all persons who appear before the legislature or committees thereof to urge either the passage or defeat of pending measures. The law should not apply to duly accredited counsel or representatives of municipalities, public boards and public institutions.

An oversight in connection with the passage of the bill asking the regular biennial appropriation for the maintenance of the Central Michigan Normal College at Mt. Pleasant rendered that act invalid. In order to provide necessary funds for this praiseworthy institution, it is necessary that the required appropriation be made at this extra session.

FRED M. WARNER.

AROUND THE STATE.

St. Ann's Catholic church, partly destroyed by fire in June, will be re-dedicated by Bishop Richter, of Grand Rapids.

D. E. Goodwin, a U. of M. junior medical student, has been awarded a Rockefeller scholarship in the New York institute.

Milton Ross, of Traverse City, shot Peter Snyder's dog, claiming it bit his horses. Snyder sued and the jury brought in a verdict for \$70 for the plaintiff.

Harold, the 16-months-old infant of W. A. Andrews, a Lapeer printer, drank kerosene from a bottle and nearly died before a physician arrived and applied the stomach pump.

William Welch, aged 52, was killed by a M. C. switch engine in Bay City, and because his mother is 96 years old and in feeble health, she has been told that he has gone on a trip.

The drowned body of Wm. Bracelin, proprietor of the Bracelin hotel, Allegan, was found in the river at the rear of his place Sunday morning. It is thought his death was purely accidental.

Hayes Brown, a popular young married man of St. Joseph, has disappeared, and neither relatives, friends or the police have the slightest clue as to his whereabouts. His wife is prostrated.

Mrs. Kyle Crawford, of Petoskey, died very suddenly Sunday night at the home of her sister, Mrs. R. Fearnley, in Reed City, whom she was visiting. She had just arisen from the supper table when she expired.

It has developed that the young man who died a week ago of paralysis is Charles Wolf, of Williamsville, N. Y., instead of George Wilson, the name by which he was known in Flint. He is said to have been well connected.

The defense of Charles Richardson, a negro, for robbing a Lansing house, was that he had the morphine habit and he didn't know what he was doing. However, Richardson knew what happened when the court said "Five years at Ionia."

State Live Stock Inspector John McKay is watching the Flint township herd of cattle invaded by a rabid dog, whose bites killed two steers and sent two people to Ann Arbor for the Pasteur treatment. He has placed the entire herd in quarantine.

Edward A. Blakeslee, member of the state pardon board, is investigating the pardon application of John Allison, the Richland bank robber, who escaped after being sentenced to 17 years and was married and leading an honest life when arrested again.

Reports from outlying districts of St. Joseph state that the potato crop is suffering heavily from the long continued wet weather. Rot has set in and unless dry weather comes to the rescue of the potato an immense loss will be sustained. Corn is also suffering.

Because he has shown signs of insanity, Roy Waterman is being held in St. Joseph in the county jail. He has been proaching on the streets dressed in shirt and trousers. He attended the medical department of the university and should have graduated in '04, but left in '02.

Robbed While Boarding Car.

St. Joseph.—While boarding an interurban car Thursday night after attending the southern Michigan fair, M. C. Campbell, a wealthy resident of Mishawaka, Ind., was robbed of a diamond stickpin, a gold watch and chain and currency aggregating \$650.

Electrician Found Dead.

Jackson.—William Hill, 30 years old, an electrician employed by the Michigan Central railroad, was found dead on a couch at his home when his mother went to call him at bedtime.

NEWS OF THE NATION

THEY ARE AFTER THE MILLIONS MADE BY WIZARD EDISON.

HIS FORTUNE MENACED.

China Working a Silent Boycott on United States Goods to the Tune of Millions.

The Phonograph Suits.

That Thomas A. Edison, the "Wizard of Menlo Park," is facing contempt proceedings in one federal court and a suit involving millions in another, which may sweep away his entire fortune, became known yesterday.

In one suit which has been called before the United States circuit court in Jersey City on October 9, the minority stockholders of the New England Phonograph Co., which was organized in 1888 to sell Edison phonographs, allege that it paid Mr. Edison \$225,000 for the exclusive right to sell his phonographs in the New England states and that Edison obtained control of the board of directors and packed it with his own employees; that no profits ever were paid, and that the Edison board actually voted to discontinue a suit brought in the name of the company for an accounting.

The New York Phonograph Co., which is said to have had an experience similar to the New England company, has secured judgment in the lower courts against S. B. Devagna, one of the 400 jobbers in New York selected as a defendant in a test case. The judgment demands an accounting of all phonographs and supplies sold in New York since 1893.

A perpetual injunction granted in 1906 prohibiting the sale of the Edison phonograph in New York, except through the New York company, has been disobeyed and contempt proceedings to compel an accounting are on the calendar of the Appellate Division of the Brooklyn Supreme court for October 11.

Amounts to Millions.

The closing day's session of the National Convention of Cotton Manufacturers in Washington was marked by the presence and the delivery of addresses by two members of President Roosevelt's cabinet. They were Secretary Straus, of the department of commerce and labor, and Postmaster General Meyer. Secretary Straus said:

"The so-called yellow races are steadily increasing customers of your goods and as they advance and prosper, provided we keep their good will, they will buy more and more of your product and other American manufactures. China took \$20,000,000 less from you last year than the year before. How much of this was due to a 'silent non-importation agreement,' which was used so effectively by us preceding the revolutionary war, and which is known by the modern name of 'boycott,' I leave you to figure out. "Probably Minister Wu, when he comes here, will help you figure it out. I think if you get him to tell you all that he knows the information cannot fail to be valuable both to yours and other industries."

Stop the Waste.

After an extensive investigation of the country's natural resources, conducted in the west, at the instance of the government, Prof. J. A. Holmes, chief of the technological bureau of the geological survey, who has just returned, has made an official statement, warning the American people that the present prodigious waste of these resources must stop at once if the country is to continue to prosper.

Prof. Holmes says that the waste of coal is appalling. Every possible means should be adopted, he says, for reducing the waste to an absolute minimum; in order that our fuel resources may suffice for the future as well as for the present needs of the nation.

"At the present rate of increase in consumption," says Mr. Holmes, "the better part of the fuel supply of the country will be gone by the end of the present century, unless the proper steps are taken."

Prof. Holmes says that the technological branch of the geological survey indicates the possibility of increasing the fuel efficiencies by two or three fold, and suggests still greater possibilities.

"The future is full of promise," he says, "but the solution of these problems calls for further extended investigation."

Be More Thrifty.

Gen. Wm. Booth, commander-in-chief of the Salvation Army, brought Chicago and the United States a message of the need of thrift, a warning of the danger that lie in wait.

Gen. Booth said the end of the era of high wages is in sight; that a growing population meant less food and clothing for each individual. This problem must be solved in England and America in part, he said, as it has been solved in India, China and Japan.

"The physical standard of living must be lowered," said the venerable leader of the Salvation Army, "but this will only be half the solution. It must be aided by moral and intellectual progress upward."

Carl F. Wilson has sued the National Association of Letter Carriers for \$1,500, charging that he was compelled to give up his position as letter carrier to become chief clerk of the association in Bay City.

C. B. Lasell, who was arrested in Monroe on a charge of obtaining money under false pretenses, pleaded guilty and was sentenced to 65 days in the Detroit house of correction. He is the man who was selling advertising space on an "official fire alarm chart" and claims both Toronto and New York as his home, but is supposed to live in Cleveland.

DYING.

Cassie Chadwick Fatally Stricken in Ohio Prison.

Mrs. Cassie Chadwick is dying in the woman's ward in the Ohio penitentiary. Her pulse is very weak and she is partly delirious. Physicians are making all preparations to attempt to stay any sinking spells. They decline to say how long she may survive, but admit that she cannot recover.

Mrs. Chadwick is unable to retain nourishment and her condition is admitted to be very serious. She lies in her bed, seemingly indifferent to her fate, racked with pain and apparently resigned to and knowing that her end is fast approaching.

She has been in the penitentiary since January 12, 1906, and with good time to her credit would have got out November 26, 1910, had the fatal disease not seized upon her. She was given a 10-year sentence for wrecking the First National bank in Oberlin, O.

Mrs. Chadwick has been confined to her bed for three weeks, since the day, while talking to her son, she suddenly collapsed. It was at first hinted that she was "playing off" in order to excite sympathy and secure a pardon, but within a few days it was known that her case was serious. Her trouble is attacks of heart failure and weak stomach; the latter, according to the physician, being caused by indulging in rich food.

Kellogg's Quest Succeeds.

From statements culled from ledgers and books found in the offices of the Standard Oil Co., Frank B. Kellogg, counsel for the United States government, has succeeded in placing on record of the federal proceedings against the oil combine the processes and stages through which the combine passed in its changes from the old Standard Oil trust to the present Standard Oil Co., of New Jersey.

Out of the maze of figures developed in a voluminous mass from the company's books and from testimony given by Clarence G. Fay, assistant auditor of the Standard, called as a witness Tuesday, the government's counsel says he believes he has proved the federal allegation that the Standard is an illegal corporation and that by devices has maintained its entity and that it is under the same ownership as when it was formed.

A Victory for Peace.

The adoption by the peace congress at The Hague of obligatory arbitration is regarded as a great victory for the United States. The projects involved, a permanent international high court of justice, court of arbitral justice, obligatory arbitration and universal arbitration, all were presented by Joseph H. Choate, the first American delegate, and fought for unceasingly by him. The vote, 31 to 9, showed the only opponents to be Montenegro, Bulgaria, Greece, Turkey, Switzerland, Roumania, Belgium, Austria and Germany. Every one of the nations on the American continent stood by the United States, thus ending reports of disaffection among Latin-American countries. Germany, which opposed the schemes, had tried to get support from some of these countries, thus increasing the value of the victory scored by the United States.

To Colonize Korea.

A large colonization company is being formed in Tokio supported by Prince Ito, Japanese resident general in Korea, for the development of the agricultural and other natural resources of that country. It is expected that the new scheme will indirectly affect the emigration of Japanese to America, furnishing an outlet for the surplus population near home.

In connection with the subject of emigration it may be stated that the regulations recently adopted are stricter than it was anticipated they would be. Six emigration companies have already been dissolved, and several others will shortly go out of business. It was these companies that were responsible for much of the Japanese agitation against the United States.

Employees Laid Off.

The Pressed Steel Car Co., of Pittsburg, has dispensed with 5,000 of its 12,000 employees.

The present unsettled condition of the railroads is responsible for laying off the workmen. Many contracts have been cancelled, while in other instances the railroads are holding back specifications on cars that have been ordered, and which cannot be built until the specifications are given.

Most of the foreigners thus thrown out of employment are hurrying to the coal mining towns, where they will be welcomed, as the mining companies have not enough men successfully to operate their mines.

Taft in China.

No foreigner was ever before given such a hearty welcome to China as that accorded to Secretary Taft, who arrived in China Tuesday. His reception on the part of the natives was in charge of the heads of the great commercial guilds that control the business of China, and there were 45 of them represented, and nothing was left undone to demonstrate the cordial friendliness of China for both him and the nation he represents.

Jewish Outrages.

Jewish outrages continue without adequate police intervention in Odessa. Monday bands of Black Hundreds surrounded the Hebrew cemetery where a funeral service was going on. First they stoned and then they fired a volley of revolver shots at the mourning Jews, many of whom were wounded. The Jews fled in panic.

President's Bear Hunt.

President Roosevelt, clad in khaki, hunting boots and sombrero, is camped on the Parker plantation, about five miles from Stambout, La. The site was selected by his host, John M. Parker, a wealthy New Orleans cotton merchant, and is close to the cane brakes. The hunting party will consist of the president, Commissioner Mellhenny, Mr. Parker and two guides. Dr. Riser and Dr. Lambert will remain in camp while Secretary Latta and other members of the party have established themselves at Mr. Parker's plantation near Stambout.

PLYMOUTH MAIL.

—BY—
F. W. SAMSEN.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One Year \$1.00
Six Months .50
Three Months .25

ADVERTISING RATES.
Business Cards, \$5.00 per year.
Resolutions of Respect, \$1.00.
Cards of thanks, 25 cents.
All local notices will be charged for at 5 cents per line or fraction thereof, for each insertion. Display advertising rates made known on application. Where no time is specified all notices and advertisements will be inserted until ordered discontinued.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 11, 1907.

Will Run for Governor.

State Highway Commissioner Horatio S. Earle of Detroit has announced that he will be a candidate for governor and proposes to stump the state and meet the other candidates in debate if they will consent. Good roads will be the chief issue on which he will base his candidacy, but he will have many others. Among them will be the abolishment of the state game and fish department, which he says is solely a political asset; the creation of state forest reserves; fair regulation of the corporations and a favorable attitude toward convict crushed rock and its sales to counties and towns for roads and an ad valorem tax system for the wire, express and railroad companies.

Sore on the Governor.

A Lansing dispatch to a Detroit paper says: Nearly all the members of this legislature feel terribly "sore" against Gov. Warner for calling this extra session, and the many caustic remarks made by the members indicate a deep seated opposition to this extra \$20,000 expense to the state. It is proposed to lay the entire responsibility on the governor, where they say it belongs. Here are samples of some of the remarks heard on all sides by senators and representatives: "Lots of politics mixed with these state affairs, nowadays."

"This extra session is all politics; just called to see how many votes it will gather for Warner for a third term."

To one who has fingers on the pulse of the legislature, it is quite certain that nothing of importance can be accomplished at this special session. The "Boxers" stand pat and will permit no primary bill to go through, unless the percentage clause is included therein, which would be no improvement over the present law.

New Fish and Game Laws.

Squirrel—Open season for fox, black and gray, from October 15 to 30 inclusive. Unlawful to kill in public or private park or in any incorporated city or village.

Unlawful to kill mink, raccoon, skunk and muskrat during September and October.

Quail—Open season October 15 to 30 inclusive. Unlawful to kill more than twelve in any one day or to have more than fifty in possession at any one time.

Partridge—Open season, lower peninsula, October 15 to November 30 inclusive. Unlawful to kill more than twelve in any one day or to have more than fifty in possession at any one time.

Homing pigeons and mourning doves—unlawful to kill or capture at any time.

Duck, plover, snipe and woodcock, any kind of waterfowl—open season from September 1 to January 1 inclusive. Snipe, geese, brant, blue bill can, vas back, widgeon, pintail, whistler, spoon bill, redhead, butternut and saw-bill duck may also be killed between March 2 and April 25 inclusive. Unlawful to kill more than twenty-five in any one day or to have more than seventy-five in possession at any one time.

Landlock salmon, grayling and speckled California, Loch Leven and steelhead trout—Open season from April 15 to August 15. Unlawful to have in possession under seven inches in length. Unlawful to sell brook trout, grayling, large or small mouthed black bass or white bass.

Unlawful to take black bass in any manner from April 1 to and including May 30 in each year. Unlawful to take more than fifty in any one day or to have more than 100 in possession at any one time. Unlawful to take sturgeon or any black, strawberry, green or white bass from inland waters except with hook and line.

A Criminal Attack

on an inoffensive citizen is frequently made in that apparently useless little tube called the "appendix." It's generally the result of protracted constipation, following liver torpor. Dr. King's New Life Pills regulate the liver, prevent appendicitis, and establish regular habits of the bowels. See at The Wolverine Drug Co.'s and John L. Gale's.

See the new advertisement of Felix Frydell. All the new fashions in men's garments in order.

There was a heavy frost Wednesday morning.

Advocate your wants in The Mail.

CHURCH NEWS.

UNIVERSALIST

Regular service next Sunday morning at 10:00. The pastor will preach Y. P. C. U. at 7 p. m.

CHRISTIAN SCIENTIST.

Sunday morning service at First Church of Christ, Scientist, 10:00 A. M. Subject, "Doctrine of Atonement." Sunday school for children 11:00 A. M. Wednesday evening testimonial service 7 P. M. Every one is welcome.

PRESBYTERIAN.

10:00, Sunday, morning worship. The pastor will speak on the question "Is Religion a Matter of Taste?" 11:15 Sunday-school. 6:00, Westminster guild. 7:00, Evening service. The pastor will speak on "Why People go to Church." It will be a short, straight talk in the nature of a reply to Miss Smith's articles in the Ladies' Home Journal. All are welcome at all of the above services.

METHODIST.

All regular services will be held next Sunday. Regular preaching service at 10 a. m. Sabbath-school at 11:30 and evening song and preaching service at 7 p. m.

A fine addition has been made to the Sunday-school library of nearly a hundred new books. Many of these were given out last Sunday. An even two hundred answered to roll call last Sabbath—rally day—with forty scholars in the primary department.

A week from Sunday Dr. I. E. Springer of Ann Arbor will preach and conduct "Old People's Day" service.

BAPTIST.

Men's meeting Sunday morning at 10:00. You are invited. Theme of morning sermon, "A Personal Question." Sunday-school 4:45. Let there be a forward movement all along the line. Let all the members of the church remain in our bible study and encourage others to remain.

B. Y. P. U., 6:30. Leader, Charles Geer. Topic, Remember Eternity. Song service from 7:30 to 7:45. Theme for evening sermon, "The Last Prayer Meeting." Mid-week prayer and praise meeting Wednesday night 7:30. Come to this service and receive a blessing.

Universalist State Convention.

The annual State convention of the Universalist Church will be held in Plymouth next week Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday. Visitors at all the sessions will be welcome. The following is the program:

MONDAY, OCT. 14.

7:30 p. m. Opening Musical.
7:45 a. m. Address—Rev. Howard B. Bard, Grand Rapids.

TUESDAY, OCT. 15.

9:30 a. m. Devotional meeting led by Rev. Mr. Deyo, Manchester.
10:15 a. m. Organization of convention—Rev. H. B. Bard, Lansing.
Opening Prayer—Rev. J. Merrifield-Scott.
Appointment of Session Committees.
State Rights—Rev. J. S. Cook, D. D.
11:30 a. m. Address—"Our Inheritance," Rev. Blanche Young, Tecumseh.

AFTERNOON.

1:30 Woman's Meeting.
Paper—Mrs. Stafford Manchester.
Paper—Mrs. N. E. Thomas, Ann Arbor.
Paper—Mrs. J. J. Moore, Farmington.
Paper—Mrs. Phillippe, Charlotte.
3:00 Annual Sermon—Rev. F. G. Varney, Detroit.
3:30 Memorial Service—Rev. F. W. Miller, Rev. W. L. Gibbs assisting.
4:00 Y. P. C. U. meeting.

Paper—Miss Maude Lake, Detroit.
Paper—Miss Ada Pitcher, Plymouth.
Paper—Miss Maude Minger, Farmington.
Report on Boston Y. P. C. U. Convention—Miss M. F. Jennings, Detroit.

EVENING.

7:30 Opening Musical.
7:45 Address—"A Universalist People," Rev. H. P. Morrill, Buffalo, N. Y.
Address—"My Work and How Shall I Do It," Rev. A. B. Church, D. D., Pres. Buchel College.
Reception to delegates and visitors.

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 16.

9:00 a. m. Devotional Meeting.
Conventions Business.
11:30 a. m. Address—"Work Among the Boys," Mr. Homer Lons, Detroit.

AFTERNOON.

2:00 Devotional.
2:15 Paper—Rev. Louis Haight, Charlotte.
2:45 Address—Rev. A. B. Church, D. D.
3:00 Address—"Fraternal Greetings," Rev. H. W. Foote, Unitarian Church, Ann Arbor.
Address—"International Congress," Rev. Lee B. McClester, Detroit.

EVENING.

7:30 Devotional.
Address—"The Church in Relation to the Fundamental Interests of Life," Rev. Eben Mumford, Ph. D., Lansing.
Address—"The Church for this Restless Age," Rev. A. M. Elsbury, Toledo.

Blanketing Cows.

During the last couple of years a good many dairymen in Australia have adopted the practice of blanketing their cows during wet and cold weather; and the results in every case are spoken of as being highly satisfactory. When cows are kept warm the food they consume, instead of being utilized to maintain bodily heat, is largely devoted to the production of milk, and in this way the dairyman realizes a large profit on the very small outlay required to provide blankets for his cattle in cold weather.

Men who have studied the subject closely say that the effect of covers on cows is very remarkable. The quiet cows become more quiet and contented, while those that are shy and nervous have their nerves soothed, and submit to being handled without fear. This is no fad of one or two men, but has become so common that manufacturers have placed several kinds of blankets, as coverings, on the market with a view to supplying the demand that has arisen. It is said, however, that a home-made blanket, made from old wheat bags, serves the purpose as well as anything. After they have been worn a short time they become thoroughly waterproof. — Northwest Farmer.

The Ladies of the Maccabees of the World,

The largest, most reliable fraternal benefit organization of women in the world, organized their first hive in Plymouth on Monday evening, Oct. 7, which was named Plymouth Hive, in honor of their pretty home town. Long may Plymouth be proud of this body of women, for there are no drones in this Hive. It is composed of representative women, who in addition to the business and ritualistic work, will take up a line of study beginning with current events, keeping in touch with all the world. Not wishing to be selfish, studying and looking only for personal advancement, they will stand ready to assist in any philanthropic or charitable work that may be presented to them for the uplifting of others. Having protected their own loved ones, they will urge others to pursue the course. Every member will be fully equipped and ready to impart all necessary information in regard to plans and rates which are adequate to protect for all the years to come, based upon the rates of the fraternal congress. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

Past Commander—Mrs. Ella Andrews.
Commander—Mrs. Rilla Heminway.
Lieut. Commander—Mrs. Lillie Minthorn.
Record Keeper—Mrs. Juliette Smutt.
Finance Keeper—Mrs. Iva Cooper.
Chaplain—Mrs. Lina Fahrner.
Sergeant—Mrs. Millie Cooper.
Lady at Arms—Mrs. May Fahrner.
Sentinel—Mrs. May O'Neil.
The various committees will be announced later. Mrs. Marguerite Beaubien, deputy supreme commander, will not leave for other fields until later in the month.

The Ladies of the Maccabees of the World was organized October 1, 1892. Total membership May 1, 1907, 155,001. States, provinces and territories in which organized, 55; number of subordinate hives, 2,710.

WEST TOWN LINE.

John Reese's horse was quite seriously cut by a barb wire Sunday.

Marcellus Cramer of LaSalle spent the week's end at his farm with his father and son.

J. W. O'Bryan of Wayne visited at his son's on Sunday last.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Robinson and young son of Plymouth and Mr. and Mrs. Horace Robinson of Detroit were the guests of their parents Sunday.

Will Heeny spent Sunday in Detroit. Without doubt the day was a pleasant one.

Wedding bells are ringing right merrily in this vicinity. Last week at Mr. Bert Stanbro's was solemnized the wedding nuptials of Miss Dennis, sister of Madame Stanbro, and Mr. Stanbro of Ionia. Mr. and Mrs. Stanbro will reside in Ionia.

Wednesday evening at 7:30 from the bride's home, Miss Ida Whittaker, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Whittaker, was given in marriage to Leslie O. Curtis, the immediate friends and relatives only being present. Congratulations to the groom, and best wishes for the bride on her life's journey.

35 cents gets a large trial bottle of Sanoil. It does wonders for the liver, kidneys and bladder. A trial, 35c bottle will convince you. Get it at J. L. Gale's drug store.

EXCURSIONS VIA THE PERE MARQUETTE

ANNUAL LOW RATE EXCURSION TO CHICAGO, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 24th. Tickets good to return on regular trains leaving Chicago until 11:55 p. m. Monday, Oct. 28th inclusive. Rate \$6.00 for the round trip. See posters or ask agents. H. F. MOELLER, G. P. A.

Base ball, foot ball, high ball and moth ball are all in the air.—Detroit Free Press.

My Hair is Extra Long

Feed your hair; nourish it; give it something to live on. Then it will stop falling, and will grow long and heavy. Ayer's Hair Vigor is the only hair-food you can buy. For 60 years it has been doing just what we claim it will do. It will not disappoint you.



PARDRIDGE & BLACKWELL

PARDRIDGE & BLACKWELL

Boys' Suits Made for Us

We are not satisfied to simply sell the same kind of Clothing that any other store gives for a like price. In Boys' Suits, for instance, we have a specialty at \$5.00. It is the "American Boy" Suit. Comes in all sizes from 8 to 17 years and in various styles, with plain or belted coats and straight knee or knickerbocker trousers. We have the "American Boy" Suit made to our special order from carefully selected materials and we laid down rigid specifications for the manufacturers to follow. Fabrics must be all wool, linings clean and durable, and not one item of scamp work is allowed. "American Boy" Suits, to satisfy us, must be as good as their name signifies—staunch, honest, reliable and always in the front rank. You can select from an extensive variety of cloths, such as Chevots, Worsteds and Cassimeres in plain blue and black, fancy mixtures, overplaids, checks and stripe patterns. All at \$5.00. The trade-mark is a guarantee of satisfaction. If a buyer lets us know of a suit that goes wrong, we will make it right.

The "American Boy" Magazine Given Free

When you make a purchase of Boys' Clothing here to the amount of \$5.00 or more, we give you a subscription card for the "American Boy" magazine. It is good for twelve issues—a whole year. This magazine is published monthly and sells at ten cents per copy. Nothing in the way of literature for boys can surpass it, as the columns are always clean, interesting and instructive. We have handled the "American Boy" for many years and do not know of a single subscriber who would be willing to give up this paper for any other. All parents who are careful of their boys' training, appreciate the value of such reading matter as is furnished in the "American Boy" magazine. Sample copies here for your inspection.

Partridge & Blackwell,

Farmer St., from Gratiot to Monroe Ave.

"THE HEART OF DETROIT."

THE "BUSINESS END" OF A STOVE IS THE FIREPOT
THE "ART GARLAND" FIREPOT "DOES THE BUSINESS."

IT'S THE easiest thing in the world to make a firepot WRONG—so easy that you'll find most all of them wrong—wrong construction—wrong principle. For 70 years there has been no improvement on the actual "BUSINESS END" of a stove until this two-piece revolving firepot was placed in "GARLANDS"

LOOK AT IT!
NOTICE IT'S MADE IN TWO PIECES---
That's to allow the air to pass into the fire instead of all coming in at the bottom.
HOT FIRE WHERE YOU WANT IT---
At the outside edge instead of the middle, where you get little radiation from it.
THE LOWER PIECE REVOLVES---
Just put the crank on, give it a turn, and the firepot is as clean as a whistle.
NO POKING—NO FUSSING—NO MUSS—NO DUST—
WILL SAVE YOU A TON OF COAL EVERY YEAR YOU USE IT.

"ART-GARLAND"
THE STOVE WITH THE REVOLVING FIREPOT
Sold by
CONNER HARDWARE CO.

TWO-CENT RATES
—ON THE—
PERE MARQUETTE

After 12 o'clock, midnight, of September 27th, 1907, the rate of passenger fares between all points on the Pere Marquette Railroad, west of the St. Clair and Detroit Rivers, will be two cents per mile. Passengers are requested to purchase tickets before boarding a train.
H. F. MOELLER, G. P. A.

Penney's, LIVERPOOL
When in need of a Big ring up City Phone No. 9.
DRAYING OF ALL KINDS
Promptly done.
A share of your trade solicited.
CZAR PENNEY
DR. J. J. TRAVIS, DENTIST.
Office in old Bank Building.
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P. W. VOORHIES,
Attorney and Counselor at Law
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Telephone 73. Plymouth, Mich.
FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR
For children's coughs, croup. No opiates.

Rent Receipt Books

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DOC SAYS:

"Fortunes are amassed by the accumulation of 'just a few pennies.' So it's up to us, John Henry, to keep in touch with Roe & Partridge and make that saving."

DOC IS RIGHT,

We can save you money if you buy of us, because we have the best goods and sell them at the

LOWEST PRICES

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ROE & PARTRIDGE'S

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R. E. COOPER, M.D.C.M., Physician & Surgeon,

Office hours—Until 9 A. M., 12 to 2; after 7 P. M.

Office at home, next to Christian Science Hall
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Dr. A. E. PATTERSON

Office and residence, Main street, next to Express office.

Hours—until 9 a. m., 2 to 4 p. m. and after 7
Telephone 88, Plymouth, Mich.

LUTHER PECK, B. S., M. D., Surgery, Diseases of Women and Children.

Answers all calls day or night from his office over Riggs' store.
Office Hours—8 to 9 a. m., 1 to 3 and 7 to 9 p. m.
Telephone No. 5.

DR. S. E. CAMPBELL

Office, formerly Dr. Kenyon's
Hours—8 to 9 a. m., 1 to 3 and 7 to 8 p. m.
Residence—Harvey St., near Sutton St.
Local Phone—Office 45-2E, Residence 45-2E

It is the business of the Union Trust Company of Detroit to administer estates. It has an experienced and capable office force organized for that purpose. It conducts the affairs of all estates, large or small, committed to its care, efficiently and expeditiously. Its services are of the highest value and its charges are reasonable.

Regist. Station

Local News

Ladies' Net waists at Rauch's.
Chas. Hirschlieb of Elm was in town last Tuesday.

Mrs. Fred Burch is visiting in Detroit this week.

Miss Ada Safford is home from Detroit this week.

Mrs. Dr. Burgess of Detroit is visiting at W. O. Allen's.

Mrs. C. G. Draper spent the day in Northville yesterday.

Mrs. Chas. Riggs is visiting friends in Detroit this week.

H. C. Robinson was in Mt. Clemens on business Tuesday.

Electric lights have been installed in the Universalist church.

Clyde Bentley will leave next Monday for Cripple Creek, Col.

Dr. Pelham is visiting in Jackson and Battle Creek this week.

John MacPherson of Detroit spent Sunday at H. C. Robinson's.

Mrs. Addie Field of Whitmore Lake is visiting at C. A. Pinckney.

Mrs. Nellie Smith of Buffalo spent the past week at B. D. Brown's.

Dr. J. J. Travis attended a Dental Convention in Detroit yesterday.

Mrs. F. A. Dibble visited her sister in Lansing the first of the week.

Misses Alice Watson and Clara Patterson spent Sunday in Northville.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Brewer of Saginaw are visiting at J. D. McLaren's.

John Coopersmith and Fred Rulo of Detroit were in town Wednesday.

Mrs. Amelia Stevens has moved into her own house on South Main street.

Miss Neva Lovell of South Lyon visited friends in town last Saturday.

Sunday Free Press and Tribune will be found at H. W. Murray's store.

Mrs. Lou Stanbro of South Lyon visited Mrs. R. G. Samsen Wednesday.

Mrs. Fannie Coleman of Greenyille, Me., is visiting relatives in Plymouth.

For underwear go to Rauch's.

Miss Maude Childs of Fowlerville is visiting her sister Mabel for a few days.

Louis Maltby will move into Mrs. Jennie Voorhies' house on Sutton street.

S. W. Hardenburg, wife and son of Detroit spent Saturday and Sunday at Asa Joy's.

Miss Ruth Simmons of Seville, Ohio, is spending a few days with Clara Patterson.

Mrs. E. H. Partridge and Mrs. Amelia Stevens spent Tuesday in Northville.

A load of young people went to Salem last night to attend a home talent play.

Dr. and Mrs. H. E. Safford and family of Detroit spent Sunday at R. C. Safford's.

Chas. Holloway went to Bay City last week as a delegate to the K. P. convention.

Dr. and Mrs. Kenyon left Mouday for Kentucky and later will go to Pomona, Cal.

Miss Maude Shuter and Arthur Severance of Detroit spent Sunday at Willard Roe's.

Robt. Walker is attending a National Carriers' Convention in Atlanta, Ga., this week.

Silk Petticoats at Rauch's.

Chas. Cutler and wife and Mrs. Dunham of Belleville spent Sunday at David Corkins'.

Rev. Hugh Ronald is attending the meeting of the Presbyterian Synod in Bay City this week.

Miss Magdalene Dykema of Detroit visited at Mrs. Fannie Mott's Monday night of this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Barker of Detroit were guests of M. and Mrs. Frank Dicks over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Wakely and Miss Mabel Spicer of Detroit spent Sunday at H. A. Spicer's.

About fifteen ladies from Salem attended a Missionary society meeting at Mrs. Fahrner's yesterday.

Mrs. Mary Briggs has moved from Livonia into the house recently purchased by her on Main street.

Lewis Kingsley of Detroit spent Sunday with his aunt and cousin Mrs. O'Neil and Mrs. M. Fahrner, Jr.

Mrs. F. Duntly, Mrs. E. Coy of Detroit and Mrs. C. Coy of Belleville spent Wednesday at Mrs. Geo. Hunter's.

I. N. Dickerson is spending two weeks in Coshocton, Ohio. Frank Shattuck is taking his place on the mail route.

The Wolverine, Nevada, Mining Co. has opened the ore vein and the price of stock will soon be raised to 60 cents or more per share. Get in before the raise. Twenty-five cents per share now, and 5 per cent. discount for cash. Time given if wanted. They have made good on every promise. This mine is backed by the best men of our State. Call on me or write me for prospectus on latest reports of work done at the mine. E. N. Passage, agent, Plymouth.

Fall line of Skirts at Rauch's.

A. Brockway of St. Louis, Mich., is visiting at Fred Humphreys.

J. D. McLaren and wife go to Lima Center today to remain over Sunday.

Dr. Knight left Tuesday for Geneva, N. Y., to visit a sister who is dying with consumption.

Arthur Whipple and Frank Spicer are attending the Normal at Ypsilanti instead of Cleary Business College as stated last week.

Misses Maebelle Ray and Nellie Smith have returned home after a seven weeks' visit with relatives and friends in Cleveland, Ohio.

Henry and Thomas Dempsey of Detroit spent Sunday at their uncle's John Matthews. Mrs. James Cooper and two sons also visited there.

On Saturdays for two or three weeks the ladies of the M. E. Church will collect old newspapers and magazines. Get yours ready and they will surely be called for.

No advance in prices on Blankets at Rauch's.

Mr. and Mrs. Anthony Madden of New York city, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Conner for a few days this week. Mr. Madden resided in Plymouth with his parents some thirty years ago. The elder Madden was in the harness trade.

Mrs. W. N. Isbell was taken very seriously ill last Sunday and it was deemed advisable on Tuesday to take her to the Ann Arbor hospital. Reports from there received yesterday say she is now doing nicely and her recovery is expected.

Blankets at the old price at Rauch's.

Roe & Partridge, grocers, have sold their business to Cass and George Gittins and the business will be conducted under the firm name of Gittins Bros. Cass Gittins has had a large experience in the grocery line and knows the wants of the trade. The Mail wishes the new firm, the members of which are not strangers in the community, abundant success.

As was expected the Detroit Tigers won the American League championship, ship base ball and are now battling with the Chicago Cubs for the world's championship. Two games of the series of seven arranged have been won by the Chicagoes in the latter city. This afternoon and tomorrow they play in Detroit. If the Chicagoes win both games that will end the series, but it isn't on the dope that they will. The Cubs seem to have had much the advantage over the Tigers thus far. The fans are inconsolable because the admissions to grounds are limited.

Prosecutor Robinson Dead.

George F. Robinson, of Detroit, prosecuting attorney of Wayne county, died Sunday afternoon of heart disease after an illness of but a few hours, although he had not been in the best of health for the past month. Mr. Robinson was one of the leading members of the Wayne county bar and well-known all over the State. His funeral, which occurred in Detroit yesterday, was largely attended. His brother, James A., will fill the office of prosecuting attorney, at least for the time being.

County Building Politics Boil.

Detroit Times:—Although County Clerk Louis W. Himes has made no public announcement, it is known that he will not run again next year, and already a number of candidates for his office have sprung into the field. The leading one is Walter Oldfield, who has been serving as deputy and is thoroughly familiar with the duties of the office. Other candidates spoken of are Aid. Godfrey Freiwald, William H. Green and Fred Krecke.

Politics in the other county offices are also beginning to boil. Coroner Morgan Parker, Aid. William F. Kingsley, Norris Hollister and C. B. Tuttle are said to be in the race for the Republican nomination for sheriff. City Clerk Gaston's friends are urging him to come out as a candidate for sheriff as they believe he could land it. County Treasurer Forbes Robertson is expected to have John B. Bell as an opponent for the Republican nomination for county auditor, and this gives Deputy County Treasurer L. C. Waldo an opportunity to come out for the treasurer's nomination. Register of Deeds Orrin P. Gully and Aid. William F. Moeller are also expected to go after the treasurer's plum.

Otto Stoll, John C. Nieper and Geo. Humber are understood to be candidates for the Republican nomination for register of deeds.

Pay of Jurors Increased.

The county auditors have just discovered that the last legislature passed a bill increasing the pay of jurors in the circuit and recorder's courts from \$2.50 to \$3 per day. Not knowing this, the auditors put in their estimates for jurors' expenses on the basis of \$2.50, but asked for an emergency fund of \$10,000, which the supervisors want to cut to \$5,000. As a result of their latest discovery the auditors will now ask for an emergency fund of from \$20,000 to \$25,000, and it will be up to the supervisors to grant it unless they want to tie up the courts.

Bay Court Sold.

A New Baltimore dispatch, Oct. 5th, says: "Bay Court," the palatial hotel erected in 1902 by millionaire W. F. Markham, has been sold to Postmaster R. A. Heath of this village. Markham after making a fortune by inventing a toy rifle, built the hotel chiefly as a place of amusement for himself and friends, although guests were received. A 100-foot sailing vessel and other boats were kept at the dock and Markham had large parties of friends there. Lately, however, he has become tired of the place and the hotel was sold to Heath at a price said to be considerably below its actual value.

Woman's Literary Club.

The first regular meeting of the Woman's Literary Club was held Oct. 4th, 1907, with the President in the chair. There were 21 active and 7 associate members present to respond to roll call. The program of the day was in charge of the first division with Mrs. Harry Shattuck as leader. A paper on "Sketch of Eugene Field's Life" was read by Mrs. Ralph Samsen. In the absence of Mrs. Austin Eugene Field's poem, "Little Boy Blue," was read by Mrs. Harry Shattuck. One of Eugene Field's poems was also recited by Mrs. H. Shattuck. Current Events were given by Mrs. Shaw.

Review of Important Events during the year were given by Mrs. Holbrook. Mrs. Ableson's paper on "The Need of a Stronger U. S. Navy" was read by Mrs. F. Shattuck. The program of the afternoon closed with a conversation on, "What was the most Rewarding Book Read During the Summer?"

On motion the Club adjourned to meet Oct. eighteenth.—Sec'y.

SCHOOL NOTES.

Quite a number are out of school with a disagreeable epidemic.

The first grade presents quite a warlike appearance with its Indian camp.

In learning to tell time the 3rd grade have drawn some very good clocks on paper.

The children of the lower grades are enjoying the fall corners and decorations of Bittersweet.

Preparations are going on for the carnival which is to be held on the completion of the building.

High school visitors were Edna Hunter, Letha Brown, Robt. Joffe, Clyde Bentley and Mr. Bogert.

The football team has a game scheduled for Friday afternoon with the Northville High at Northville.

Miss Amanda Kidder, teacher of the Detroit Training School of Elocution, will give a miscellaneous reading in the High School assembly room. Friday afternoon, Oct. 18, at 2:30. Admission to school children 10c., outsiders 15c. This is the first of a series of lectures and readings to be given in the high school through the winter. Every one is cordially invited.

Mrs. J. E. Rathburn has moved into the Dr. Kenyon house, purchased by her.

Mrs. Will Pettingill, Mrs. Fred Ekliif and Daniel Murray are attending the annual session of the Grand Chapter Order Eastern Star at Saginaw this week.

Constipation with all its manifestations yields quickly to Sanol. It only costs 35 cents to find out the great curative powers in the Sanol remedies. Take nothing else from the druggist. Remember it is Sanol you want. 35c and \$1.00 per bottle at J. L. Gale's drug store.

LOST.—On Northwestern car, between Northville and Farmington junction on Oct. 4, 6:30 p. m., a ladies' small hand bag, containing two keys, calling cards and an amount of money between \$20 and \$25. Any party returning same will be well paid. A. W. CHAFFER.

FOR SALE.—Mary Arlington Estate property on South Main st. Enquire of Geo. Chadwick or P. W. Voorhies.

It's Safe to Shop Here.

The public is better acquainted probably with every other class of merchandise than they are with jewelry.

For that reason we wish to assure you that shopping here is safe.

If you take our word for qualities you run no risk whatever.

If we place an article before you, either in our ads. or on our counter, it represents the best in quality for the money you are asked to pay.

If you buy Jewelry carefully, you will buy here.

Try us and you will be convinced.

C. G. DRAPER

Jeweler and Optometrist.



A Well Filled Basket

Of fine Groceries is a nice gift to a poor family these nipping winter days. But even for your own family you cannot fill the basket better than with some of our choice fresh groceries. We believe in the pure food laws and insist that every article we buy to sell again shall be of the purest and best. We solicit a trial of our new crop Compador Tea and B. & P. Coffee, which have the reputation second to none among the best judges of quality.

Try our Open Kettle New Orleans Molasses, the only Genuine.

A quantity of Vinegar and Molasses Barrels to sell

THE WHITE FRONT GROCERY

Brown & Pettingill,

Telephone No. 40.

Free Delivery

GALE'S

Just received—A new stock of Lamps, running in price from 25c to \$6.50.

Lamps for every day use and Lamps for beauty. If you want to make a wedding present, buy a nice parlor Lamp.

Just received a new stock of Tumblers that run from 35c to \$1.40 a dozen. We have a very nice, clear Tumbler that sells for 40c a dozen. Also 4-piece table set of Sugar Bowl, Cream Pitcher, Butter Dish and Spoonholder at 49c.

Just received new goods in Perfumes—Flower Girl, Pixie Bouquet, Heliotrope, White Rose, Violet, Carnation, Purple Lilac and Crabapple Blossoms.

Sanol, the new Kidney and Bladder cure, 35c a bottle.

Just received new stock Suspensory Bandages, small, medium and large sizes, 25c, 50c and 75c.

For Groceries of all kinds go to Gale's.

JOHN L. GALE

GAYDE'S MEAT MARKET

Is the place to buy your meats.

THE CHOICEST CUTS

of Beef, Pork, Mutton and Veal
Salt and Smoked Meats

Telephone us your order and we will deliver it free of charge.

WM. GAYDE

NORTH VILLAGE.

Telephone 12

The Mail only \$1 a year.

A New Orleans woman was thin.

Because she did not extract sufficient nourishment from her food.

She took Scott's Emulsion.

Result:

She gained a pound a day in weight.

ALL DRUGGISTS, 50c. AND \$1.00

SERIAL STORY

The Princess Elopes

By HAROLD McGRATH

Author of "The Man on the Box," "Hearts and Masks," Etc.

(Copyright, 1924, Bobbs-Merrill Co.)

SYNOPSIS.

The American consul to Barschelt, a principality of Europe, tells how the reigning grand duke had tried to find a husband for his rebellious niece, the Princess Hildegarde, finally decreeing that she wed the Prince of Doppelkinn, an ugly old widower, ruler of the neighboring principality. Though he had been in the country for six months the American consul had never seen the princess. While horseback riding in the country night overtakes him and he seeks accommodation in a dilapidated old castle. In it he finds two women and an old servant, who feed him and his horse. One announces herself as the Princess Hildegarde, the other as the Hon. Betty Moore of England. The princess insists that he remain as a witness to a meeting to be held in the castle that night.

CHAPTER III.—Continued.

"Must! My presence here ought not to be known to any one. When you witness that which shall take place here to-night, you will understand." Her tone lost its evenness; it trembled and became a bit wild.

"In what manner may I be of service to your highness?" I asked pleasantly, laying aside my gloves and crook again. "I can easily give you my word of honor as a gentleman not to report your presence here; but if I am forced to remain, I certainly demand—"

"Desire," she corrected, the old fire in her eyes.

"Thank you. I desire, then, to know the full reason; for I can not be a party to anything which may reflect upon the consulate. For myself, I do not care." What hare-brained escapade was now in the air?

"You have heard that I am to marry the Prince of Doppelkinn?" she began. I nodded.

"Doubtless you have also heard of my determination not to marry him?" she went on.

Again I nodded.

"Well, I am not going to marry him."

I was seized with the desire to laugh but dared not. What had she said to do with my detention in the castle?

"Betty," said the princess, turning imploringly to her companion (what a change!), "you tell him."

"I?" The Honorable Betty drew back.

(Had they kidnapped old Doppelkinn? I wondered.)

"I can not tell him," cried her highness miserably. "I simply can not. You must do it, Betty. It is now absolutely necessary that he should know everything; it is absolutely vital that he be present. Perhaps heaven has sent him. Do you understand? Now, tell him!"

And, wonders to behold! she who but a few minutes gone had been a princess in everything, cold, seeing, tranquil, she fled from the room. (Obviously this was growing interesting. What had they done?) Thus, the Honorable Betty Moore and his excellency, the American consul at Barschelt, were left staring into each other's eyes fully a minute.

"You will, of course, pledge me your word of honor?" She who had recently been timid now became cool and even-pulsed.

"If in pledging it I am asked to do nothing to discredit my office. I am not an independent individual," smiling to put her more at ease. (I haven't the least doubt that I would have committed any sort of folly had she required it of me.)

"You have my word, sir, that you will be asked to do nothing dishonorable. On the other hand, you will confer a great favor upon her highness, who is in deep trouble and is seeking a way to escape it."

"Command me," said I promptly.

"Her highness is being forced into marriage with a man who is old enough to be her grandfather. She holds him in horror, and will go to any length to make this marriage an impossibility. For my part, I have tried to convince her of the futility of resisting her royal uncle's will." (Sensible little Britisher!) "What she is about to do will be known only to four persons, one of whom is a downright rascal."

"A rascal?" slipped my lips, half-unconsciously. "I trust that I haven't given you that impression," I added eagerly. (A rascal? The plot was thickening to formidable proportions.)

"No, no!" she cried hastily, with a flash of summer on her lips. (What is more charming than an English woman with a clear sense of the humorous?) "You haven't given me that impression at all."

"Thank you." My vanity expanded under the genial warmth of this knowledge. It was quite possible that she looked upon me favorably.

"To proceed. There is to be a kind of mock marriage, here to-night, and you are to witness it." She watched me steadily.

I frowned.

"Patience! Not literally, a mock marriage but the filling out of a bogus certificate."

"I do not understand at all."

"You have heard of Hermann Steinbock, a cashiered officer?"

"Yes. I understand that he is the rascal to whom you refer."

"Well, this certificate is to be filled out completely. To outwit the duke, her highness commits—"

"A forgery."

"It is a terrible thing to do, but she has gone too far to withdraw now. She is to become the wife of Hermann Steinbock. She wishes to show the certificate to the duke."

"But the bans have not been made public."

"That does not matter."

"But why detain me?" I was growing restless. It was all folly, and no good would come of it.

"It is necessary that a gentleman should be present. The caretaker is not a gentleman. I have said that Steinbock is a rascal. As I review the events, I begin to look upon your arrival as timely. Steinbock is not a reliable quantity."

"I begin to perceive."

"He is to receive 1,000 crowns for his part in the ceremony; then he is to leave the country."

"But the priest's signature, the notary's seal, the iron-clad formalities which attend all these things!" I stammered.

"You will recollect that her highness is a princess of the blood. Seldom is she refused anything in Barschelt." She went to a small secretary and produced a certificate, duly sealed and signed. There lacked nothing but Steinbock's name.

"But the rascal will boast about it! He may blackmail all of you. He may convince the public that he has really married her highness."

"I think not. We have not moved in this blindly. Steinbock we know to have forged the name of the minister of finance. We hold this sword above his head. And if he should speak or boast of it, your word would hold greater weight than his. Do you understand now?"

"Yes, I understand. But I believe that I am genuinely sorry to have

pass an opinion upon your highness' actions." I replied, with excusable irony.

"Excellent!" she exclaimed. "I have grown weary of sycophants. You are not afraid of me at all?"

"Not in the slightest degree," I declared.

"You will not regret what you are about to do. I can make it very pleasant for you in Barschelt—or very unpleasant." But this threatening supplement was made harmless by the accompanying smile.

"May I offer the advice of rather a worldly man?"

"Well?"

"When Steinbock comes bid him go about his business."

The Honorable Betty nodded approvingly, but her highness shrugged.

"Since you are decided," and I bowed. "Now, what time does this fellow put in his appearance?"

Her highness beamed upon the Honorable Betty. "I like the way he says 'this fellow'; it reassures me. He is due at nine o'clock; that is to say, in half an hour. I will give you these directions. I do not wish Steinbock to know of your presence here. You will hide in the salon, close to the portieres, within call. Moreover, I shall have to impose upon you the disagreeable duty of playing the listener. Let nothing escape your ear or your eye. I am not certain of this fellow Steinbock, though I hold a sword above his head."

"But where are your men?" I asked.

She smiled. "There is no one here but Leopold."

"Your highness to meet Steinbock alone?"

"I have no fear of him; he knows who I am."

"Everything shall be done as you wish." I secretly hoped I might have the opportunity to punch Steinbock's head.

"Thank you." The transition of her moods always left me in wonder. "Play something; it is impossible to talk." She perched herself on the broad arm of the Honorable Betty's chair, and her arm rested lightly but affectionately on her shoulder.

"Hark!"

We all listened intently. The sound

of beating hoofs came distinctly. A single horseman was galloping along the highway toward the castle. The sound grew nearer and nearer; presently it ceased. I rose quietly.

"It is time I hid myself, for doubtless this rider is the man."

The princess paled for a moment, while her companion nervously plucked at the edges of her handkerchief.

"Go," said the former, "and be watchful."

I then took up my position behind the portieres. Truly I had stumbled into an adventure; but how to stumble out again? If the duke got wind of it, it would mean my recall, and I was of a mind, just then, that I was going to be particularly fond of Barschelt.

All was silent. A door closed, and then came the tread of feet. I peered through the portieres shortly to see the entrance of two men, one of whom was the old caretaker. His companion was a dark, handsome fellow, of Hungarian gypsy type. There was a devil-glimpse about him that fitted him well. It was Steinbock. He was dressed with scrupulous care, in spite of the fact that he wore riding clothes. It is possible that he recognized the importance of the event. One did not write one's name under a princess' signature every day, even in mockery. There was a half-smile on his face that I did not like.

"Your highness sees that I am prompt,"—uncovering.

"It is well. Let us proceed at once to conclude the matter in hand," she said.

"Wholly at your service!"

(Hark the fellow's impudence! How dared he use that jovial tone?)

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

"Your Highness sees that I am prompt!"



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"Oh, Ralph, my Darling!" She cried, "Are You Dead?"

Glen had been left an orphan when she was three years old. Her brother Ralph, a bright boy five years older, had been adopted by an old friend of his father's, Dr. Lowery, a prominent physician in New Orleans.

Ralph and Glen spent their childhood with their Uncle Henry in the west, but when Ralph was 15 his guardian took him to Europe to be educated as a physician.

His Uncle Henry soon after left the farm and moved to Washington. Glen had fitted herself for a music teacher, and now held the position of vocal teacher in a Chicago seminary. Ralph thought he was prepared for all the changes that awaited him, but, after all, it was to the little Glen of the farm his letters were written. They were kind and affectionate, but their tone, as if addressed to a child, always galled Glen, and this last letter exasperated her beyond measure.

"I really believe, Alice," she said, "if I could be transformed into the little girl he left, with the gingham dress and sunbonnet, he would not show any surprise whatever."

Alice did not answer for a moment, but sat looking at Glen's flushed face with a mischievous look shining in her eyes.

"Glen," she said at last, "I have an idea. He will come here as he said. Father is away, but Ralph must stay a day or two, any way, to see Washington. I will introduce you as a school friend, Pink Glenwood. He will never know you, and, after a few days, we will let him know who you are. You remember it was Ralph who was always playing jokes on us. He will see we have really grown up and can turn the tables on him. What do you say?"

"It will be all right if we can carry it out, and I think we can, for, coming as I did unexpectedly last night, no one knows who I am."

A more dignified, self-possessed young lady Ralph Mason had never met than his cousin's friend, Miss Glenwood.

"I am sorry father is not at home, Ralph," Alice said at breakfast. "But he will only be gone a few days, and you must stay and see Washington. I can show you and Miss Glenwood the sights together."

Ralph's dreams were haunted that night by visions of liquid brown eyes, masses of dark curling hair and red, smiling lips.

How rapidly the days flew by! The young people spent the time in sight-seeing, driving and picnicking.

On Saturday of the third week Ralph had been with them, Alice received a letter from her father, saying he would be home that evening. That afternoon the three went to the Capitol. While there Glen wanted to go to the top of the dome. Now Alice could never climb the stairs without being overcome with dizziness, so she agreed to wait for them in the rotunda. Ralph and Glen had admired the

Glen's Deception

By Mrs. L. F. Templeton

(Copyright, by Joseph B. Bowles.)

"And you expect a young man to fly on the wings of love to his sister?"

"Perhaps not ordinarily, Alice, but it seems different with Ralph and me. We have not seen each other for ten years. And now, at last, when he is coming home, this is the way he writes:

"Dear Sister Glen:—Expect to reach New York by the twenty-eighth of this month. Do not look for me at the seminary until a week later. I will want to look around New York a little, and will probably run down to Washington and hunt up Uncle Henry before coming on west. I can only spend a day or two with you then, little girl, for Uncle is very impatient for me to reach New Orleans."

"Affectionately,"

"RALPH MASON."

Glen read this in a tragic tone and, when she had finished, looked up at her cousin, her face expressing the utmost indignation.

Alice looked at Glen's excited face with amusement.

"You wanted to make this visit with him. You are here. What are you finding fault about? It is as you planned, after all."

"No, Alice, it is not. I might just as well go back to Chicago. I was not expected here, and I only feel myself in Ralph's way. I shall go back," said Glen decidedly.

beautiful city beneath them, had located the different public buildings and places of interest they had visited together, had examined critically the beautiful painted ceiling of the dome, and, after a half hour's absence, were ready to go down and see what had become of Alice.

"Let me go behind you," said Glen, as Ralph offered his hand to help her down the first flight of steps.

"Are you not afraid of falling?" he asked over his shoulder. Scarcely had he spoken when the heel of his shoe caught one of the steps, and he fell headlong. The flight was not a long one, but it was quite a fall, and Ralph, stunned for a moment, lay with closed eyes on the landing below.

Glen was terribly frightened. She fairly flew down the stairs. She raised his head upon her lap, and kissed his white lips. "Oh, Ralph, my darling!" she cried. "Are you dead?"

Ralph struggled upon his knees; his eyes were shining with passion. He caught her hands in his and covered them with kisses.

"If I were dead," he whispered passionately, "your voice would call me back from the very grave, my angel!"

For a moment Glen stood with face blanched, eyes dilated, and breath coming in gasps—then she wrenched her hand from his grasp and darted like a wild thing down the stairs.

When he reached the rotunda he found Alice alone. They searched everywhere, but could find no trace of her, and then hurried home.

"Has Miss Glenwood come?" Alice asked the girl who answered their ring.

"Yes, miss; she's come and gone."

"Gone!" cried Alice, dumfounded.

"Gone where?"

"I dunno, miss; she had a hack and tuk her trunk."

"Took her trunk!" Alice staggered back against the wall. "That will do, Susan," she said to the girl, who stood staring, open-mouthed.

She glanced at Ralph. He was very pale.

"Ralph Mason!" she cried. "By all that's good, what have you done? There! Don't look at me like that! Go in and sit down, and I will see if I can find out anything upstairs."

On her table Alice found a blotted, tear-stained note. "Dear Alice:" It read. "Ralph has fallen in love with me, and he does not know. He will never forgive me! I can never tell him! I cannot see him. I have gone to Chicago. Tell him, Alice. Oh, I am the most miserable, miserable, miserable of girls!"

Then, after all, Ralph did not know. He might forgive it from Glen; never from her. She looked at her watch; just five o'clock.

"Ralph!" she called, flying down the stairs. "She has started for Chicago. Get a hack—bring her back—if not go with her."

Ralph got into Chicago in the evening. He was tired, so went directly to a hotel, and to bed. The next morning he enjoyed a good breakfast, smoked a cigar and visited a barber shop, before starting in search of the seminary.

"Tell Miss Mason a gentleman wishes to see her," he said to the girl who stood waiting.

"Some one in the parlor wants to see you," called the girl a moment later, as she knocked at Glen's door.

Now, to Glen, Ralph's passionate words had been utterly unexpected. She had wanted him to feel a little sold when he found what a joke had been played upon him, but that things should take such a serious turn had never entered her mind. Her first impulse had been to get away. She knew what time the limited left for Chicago, so she had called a hack and was driven to her uncle's. There she hurriedly packed her trunk, scribbled a few lines to Alice, drove to the depot and took the train for Chicago.

She had repented her hasty course before she was out of the city, and when the girl called at her door she was sitting in sackcloth and ashes, trying to write to Ralph.

She obeyed the summons languidly. "Some one to see about lessons," she thought, as she went downstairs.

Ralph was sitting opposite the parlor door. When he saw her he sprang to his feet, his dark eyes lighted with surprise and delight.

"Miss Glenwood!" he explained joyously, but before he could say more Glen burst into tears and threw herself upon his breast.

"Oh, Ralph!" she sobbed. "I am your sister Glen!"

It was a shock, to be sure. But Ralph was a sensible fellow, and when she told him how it all came about, crying as if her heart would break, he dried her eyes and forgave her on the spot. The next day they received a letter from Alice. It was a queer epistle, partly defiant, partly repentant.

"I am in hopeless disgrace here at home," she wrote in closing, "and I know you can never forgive me. This only reparation I can make you, Ralph, is to wish that Glen may be the only girl who will tell you she will always be a sister to you."

After all, Ralph was better than Alice thought. He and Glen returned to Washington and finished their visit there. But the events recorded here were never alluded to by the young people, and Alice and Glen were never known again to attempt a practical joke.



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"I am sorry father is not at home, Ralph," Alice said at breakfast. "But he will only be gone a few days, and you must stay and see Washington. I can show you and Miss Glenwood the sights together."

Ralph's dreams were haunted that night by visions of liquid brown eyes, masses of dark curling hair and red, smiling lips.

How rapidly the days flew by! The young people spent the time in sight-seeing, driving and picnicking.

On Saturday of the third week Ralph had been with them, Alice received a letter from her father, saying he would be home that evening. That afternoon the three went to the Capitol. While there Glen wanted to go to the top of the dome. Now Alice could never climb the stairs without being overcome with dizziness, so she agreed to wait for them in the rotunda. Ralph and Glen had admired the

SAID TO BE SIMPLE

EASILY MIXED RECIPE FOR KIDNEYS AND BLADDER.

Tells Readers How to Prepare This Home-Made Mixture to Cure the Kidneys and Bladder and Rheumatism.

Get from any prescription pharmacist the following:

Fluid Extract Dandelion, one-half ounce; Compound Kargon, one ounce; Compound Syrup Sarsaparilla, three ounces.

Shake well in a bottle and take a teaspoonful dose after each meal and at bedtime.

The above is considered by an eminent authority, who writes in a New York daily paper, as the finest prescription ever written to relieve Backache, Kidney Trouble, Weak Bladder and all forms of Urinary difficulties. This mixture acts promptly on the eliminative tissues of the Kidneys, enabling them to filter and strain the uric acid and other waste matter from the blood which causes Rheumatism.

Some persons who suffer with the afflictions may not feel inclined to place much confidence in this simple mixture, yet those who have tried it say the results are simply surprising, the relief being effected without the slightest injury to the stomach or other organs.

Mix some and give it a trial. It certainly comes highly recommended. It is the prescription of an eminent authority, whose entire reputation, it is said, was established by it.

HIS MEMORY WAS GOOD.

Commodore Vanderbilt Had Not Forgotten Old Days.

The coming of age of Miss Gladys Vanderbilt and the payment to her of some twelve millions of dollars inheritance has brought out a new crop of anecdotes about the Vanderbilt fortune. One of the latest illustrates the democratic spirit of the old commodore.

Sitting on the porch of a fashionable hotel at a fashionable resort on one occasion, it is related, the commodore saw a lady approaching with whom he was acquainted. His wife and daughter, who recognized her, could scarcely contain their anger when he arose and politely addressed her.

"Don't you know," said the daughter after she had gone, "that horrid woman used to sell poultry to us?"

"Yes," responded the old millionaire, "and I remember when your mother sold root-beer and I peddled oysters in New Jersey."

A Ventilation Test.

It is very hard to make an impression on those people who defend their possessions on all occasions. A lady was explaining to a visitor the many advantages of concrete hollow-block construction, of which the walls of her new home were built.

"The air spaces in the walls afford insulation against heat in summer and cold in winter," she explained. "Besides, such walls afford ventilation and insure a more healthful house."

The visitor reflected a moment, and replied:

"Our frame house must be quite as well built. Every night we lock the cat in the cellar, and have to let her out of the attic in the morning."—Youth's Companion.

All Explained.

There is a little story going round the house of commons about a certain member who abstained from voting on the deceased wife's sister bill. Questioned by one of his friends as to the reason for his abstention, he replied: "Well, my dear fellow, it's just like this—my wife has a sister."—John Bull.

Chiropodist's Prescription.

A lotion and powder for tender and swollen feet: One teaspoonful of boracic acid to one pint of grain alcohol. After bathing the feet in lukewarm water, spray them with the lotion used in an atomizer, and fan until dry. The effect is delightful. Then rub over the foot this powder, or put it in the stocking:

Powdered starch, 35 grains, oil of bergamot, ten drops; oil of lavender, 6 drops; oil of wintergreen, 16 drops. Mix well, and pass through a sieve. Excellent.—National Magazine.

TRANSFORMATIONS.

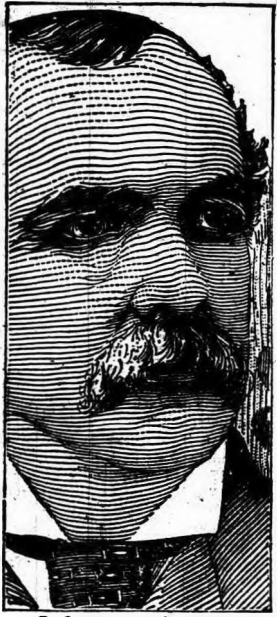
Curious Results When Coffee Drinking is Abandoned.

It is almost as hard for an old coffee toper to quit the use of coffee as it is for a whisky or tobacco fiend to break off, except that the coffee user can quit coffee and take up Postum without any feeling of a loss of the morning beverage, for when Postum is well boiled and served with cream, it is really better in point of flavor than most of the coffee served nowadays, and to the taste of the connoisseur it is like the flavor of fine, mild Java.

A great transformation takes place in the body within ten days or two weeks after coffee is left off, and Postum used, for the reason that the poison to the nerves—caffeine—has been discontinued, and in its place is taken a liquid food that contains the most powerful elements of nourishment.

It is easy to make this test and prove these statements by changing from coffee to Postum. Read "The Road to Wellville," in page "There's a Reason."

UNITED STATES SENATOR FROM SOUTH CAROLINA PRAISES PE-RU-NA.



Ex-Senator M. C. Butler.

Dyspepsia is often caused by Catarrh of the Stomach—Peruna Relieves Catarrh of the Stomach and is therefore a Remedy for Dyspepsia.

Hon. M. C. Butler, U. S. Senator from South Carolina for two terms, in a letter from Washington, D. C., writes to the Peruna Medicine Co., as follows:

"I can recommend Peruna for dyspepsia and stomach trouble. I have been using your medicine for a short period and I feel very much relieved. It is indeed a wonderful medicine, besides a good tonic."

CATARRH of the stomach is the correct name for most cases of dyspepsia. Only an internal catarrh remedy, such as Peruna, is available.

Peruna Tablets can now be procured. New and Liberal Homestead Regulations in

WESTERN CANADA

New Districts Now Opened for Settlement

Some of the choicest lands in the grain growing belt of Saskatchewan and Alberta have recently been opened for settlement under the Revised Homestead Regulations of Canada. The thousands of homesteads of 160 acres each are now available. The new regulations make it possible for entry to be made by proxy, the opportunity that many in the United States have been waiting for. Any member of a family may make entry for any other member of the family, who may be entitled to make entry for himself or herself. Entry may now be made before the Agent or Sub-Agent of the District by proxy, (on certain conditions) by the father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of intending homesteader.

"Any even numbered section of Dominion Lands in Manitoba or the North-West Province, excepting 8 and 16, not reserved, may be homesteaded by any person of legal age, a family, available over 14 years of age, to the extent of one-quarter section, of 160 acres, or less."

The fee in each case will be \$100. Churches, schools and markets convenient. Healthy climate, splendid crops and good laws. Grain-growing and cattle raising principal industries.

For further particulars as to rates, routes, best times to go and where to locate, apply

W. H. McNEES, 6 Avenue Theatre Block, Detroit, Michigan; or C. A. LAUBER, Seattle, Wash., Mich.

Mica Axle Grease

lengthens the life of the wagon—gives horsepower, time and temper. Best lubricant in the world—contains powdered mica which forms a smooth, hard coating on axle, and reduces friction.

If you want your outfit to last and earn money while it lasts—grease the axles with Mica Axle Grease.

STANDARD OIL COMPANY, Indianapolis, Ind.

FREE

To convince any woman what PAXTINE will improve her health and do all we claim for it. We will send her absolutely free a large trial box of Paxtine with book of instructions and give immediate relief. Send your name and address on a postal card.

PAXTINE cleanses and heals in one step. It is a powerful purgative and gives immediate relief. Thousands of women are using and recommending it every day. Get extra at druggists or by mail. Remember, however, IT COSTS YOU NOTHING TO TRY IT.

THE PAXTINE CO., Boston, Mass.

Association Institute

Young Men's Christian Association, Detroit

TEACHES Mechanical and Architectural Drawing, Electrical, Lathework, Carpentry, Masonry, Engineering, College Preparatory and Commercial Courses, Plumbing, Pharmacy and Sign Writing. Positions secured, call or address Y. M. C. A., Detroit, Mich.

\$30 AN HOUR

MERRY GO ROUNDS

For the manufacturer of Merry Go Rounds, see the advertisement in this issue. General Agent, Detroit, Mich. H. H. HARRIS, 1000 Woodward, N. Y.

AROUND THE HOUSE

LITTLE THINGS THAT AMOUNT TO MUCH.

Use Hydrogen Peroxide to Remove Blood Stains—Cream of Tartar When Ink is Spilled—Proper Way to Clean Ivory.

Hydrogen peroxide is good for removing stains caused by blood, but must be used with care. If gravy is spilled on your table linen or gown, it may be taken out quickly by the use of a little peroxide. To avoid weakening the material this should be immediately followed by the use of an alkali. If just removing a spot, sponge the fabric first with peroxide until the stain has vanished, then follow with a solution of weak ammonia. If you have been unfortunate in staining a handsome gown or blouse that cannot be laundered, dampen starch and place it thickly upon the stain. When dry brush off the starch. This may have to be repeated several times. Mildew is a stubborn stain. Try immersing the spots first in buttermilk, or lemon juice, then launder in the usual manner.

It is difficult to remove ink stains nowadays, because modern chemical inks are quite distinct in character from the old compounds. However, many suggestions are offered for removing ink. One way is to cover the stain thickly with cream of tartar, then hold the fabric over a bowl, and pour boiling water through it. If the stain is taken in hand at once it will disappear quickly. If dry and old, it may need several fresh applications of cream of tartar and boiling water. If still obstinate, lay the article in the sun, moistening from time to time with the same mixture. Lemon juice and salt is also often an effective mixture. The fabric should be placed in the sun. Another remedy for ink-stains on white goods is hot tallow. Dip the spots in the melted tallow, let it cool on the goods, then brush off and launder.

To clean ivory that has become brown or of a blackish tint, dissolve rock alum in rain water, boil this and keep the ivory in the boiling solution for about an hour, taking it out from time to time and cleaning it with a soft brush; then let it dry in a damp linen rag, when it will be found thoroughly cleaned. Ivory is often bleached by the simple process of dampening it and exposing it to the rays of the sun, a process which must be frequently repeated.

It is said that potatoes will bake in much less time if the skins are greased before putting them into the oven. The skins will come off more easily and will be as thin as when boiled.

It will be economy to finish your sheets with the same width hem at each end. By so doing they can be used either side up, and gain much wear.

Sulphur Apples.

Peel, core and quarter your apples. Measure them into a market basket and to each gallon of prepared apples allow one tablespoonful of sulphur. Put the sulphur into an old tin. Set this in the bottom of a barrel and drop a live coal upon the sulphur. Hang the basket of apples in the barrel and cover as quickly as possible, making barrel as nearly air tight as you can. Let the apples remain in the sulphur fumes several hours. Then place them in jars and tie a cloth over the top of each jar and your apples are all right. When you want to use them, soak them for an hour or two before using them. Use just like green apples.

To Clean White Mackintosh.

Unless extremely soiled a white mackintosh may be cleaned by washing with soap and water; but if it is exceptionally dirty dip it first in cold soft water and then lay on a clean table or board. With a soft scrubbing brush scrub with yellow soap on both sides until dirt is removed. Then dip in three or four waters until soap is removed entirely, and hang it up in the air, without wringing it. If the mud stains around the bottom have been in long and are obstinate it is best to send it to an expert cleaner.

Tin and Acids.

No acids should ever be used to clean tinware. The best possible means of keeping it in good condition is to wash it in boiling water until every particle of grease is removed. Once a week it can be rubbed with a little powdered rotten stone and sweet oil mixed and finished with a little whitening on a piece of chamois. Tins that have become old and dingy can be brightened by rubbing with a moist piece of flannel dipped in salaratus.

A Bride's Aprons.

The most serviceable places in one's wardrobe this summer were the overall aprons given the bride by her girl friends at a linen shower. They are of prettily colored linen embroidered in white, and made to cover the dress completely from neck to hem. They are semi-fitting princess affairs with wide kimono elbow sleeves, and button in the back with one large button.

Cheese Straws.

One cup grated cheese; add one up flour, half of a small cup butter and a quarter teaspoonful salt; knead all together until of the right consistency to roll without crumbling; bake.

A TERRIBLE EXPERIENCE.

How a Veteran Was Saved the Amputation of a Limb.

B. Frank Doremus, veteran, of Roosevelt avenue, Indianapolis, Ind., says: "I had been showing symptoms of kidney trouble from the time I was mustered out of the army, but in all my life I never suffered as in 1897. Headaches, dizziness and sleeplessness, first, and then dropsy. I was weak and helpless, having run down from 180 to 125 pounds. I was having terrible pain in the kidneys, and the secretions passed almost involuntarily. My left leg swelled until it was 34 inches around, and the doctor tapped it night and morning until I could no longer stand it, and then he advised amputation. I refused, and began using Doan's Kidney Pills. The swelling subsided gradually, the urine became natural, and all my pains and aches disappeared. I have been well now for nine years since using Doan's Kidney Pills."

For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

COINED A BIG WORD.

Little One Wanted to Pick the "Underchildrenable" Flowers.

When the first little granddaughter was big enough to want to pick the garden flowers, the grandmothers tried every guileful means to save their petposies from devastation. A truce was reached when it was agreed that Harriet should let the garden plants alone and pick only "children's flowers," a descriptive name bestowed at once alike on dandelions, buttercups, daisies and clovers. After this there was peace in the family. One day Katherine, the newest granddaughter, was contentedly pulling grasses while grandmother snipped off blossoms from the forget-me-nots. Katherine remembered that fresh flowers had not been gathered for the dinner table. She ran over to grandmother and promptly coined one of the longest words a four-year-old ever used. "Grandmother," she begged, "can't I pick the underchildrenable flowers for dinner?"

SLEEP BROKEN BY ITCHING.

Eczema Covered Whole Body for a Year—No Relief Until Cuticura Remedies Prove a Success.

"For a year I have had what they call eczema. I had an itching all over my body, and when I would retire for the night it would keep me awake half the night, and the more I would scratch, the more it would itch. I tried all kinds of remedies, but could get no relief."

"I used one cake of Cuticura Soap, one box of Cuticura, and two vials of Cuticura Resolvent Pills, which cost me a dollar and twenty-five cents in all, and am very glad I tried them, for I am completely cured. Walter W. Paglusch, 207 N. Robey St., Chicago, Ill., Oct. 8 and 16, 1906."

Knew What She Wanted.

"A foreign looking woman, rather well dressed, came in the other day," said the librarian at one of the East side branches, "and asked for 'Cottage Cheese.' I supposed, of course, that some one had directed her to a dairy or perhaps a grocery, and that she had got into the wrong place. But she insisted that she was in the right place and that it was 'Cottage Cheese' that she wanted. It's the name of a book," she said. That gave me the tip that she simply had a little mixed up, and, sure enough, it was 'Scottish Chiefs.'"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Concalt.

"There goes the big-feelin'est man in town!" pessimistically said a citizen of Pettyville, indicating with a contemptuous jerk of his thumb a pompous-looking personage who was passing. "He thinks so darned much of himself that he won't leaf in a grocery store like ordinary folks—if he can't loaf in the bank he won't loaf at all. And, as far as I can see, he ain't so well-tired better than some of the rest of us, neither!"—Puck.

Grammar and Grippe.

A professor at the University of Virginia was endeavoring to impress upon the youths of his class the monstrous crime of using the adverb "badly" where the adjective "bad" should be used.

"Now," he said, after an exhaustive explanation, "if a man should say to you 'I feel badly,' what would you think?"

"I'd think he had the grippe, sir," responded the wag of the class.

SURELY HAD PRIZE FLY.

Money Invested in Incubator Was Not All Lost.

Poultey Bigelow, the brilliant author and journalist, said the other day of the chicken farm that he is about to set up at Malden:

"I hope to succeed with this farm. I hope our experiences won't too closely resemble that of my old friend Horatio Rogers. Rash Rogers lived in the suburbs. On the suburban train one morning he said to me with a sour laugh:

"I've got something nobody else has got, Mr. Bigelow."

"Have you, Rash?" said I. "What is it?"

"Well," said Rogers, "I bought a \$50 incubator last month, put \$15 worth of eggs in it, and hatched out a biubottle fly."

"He frowned, then sighed.

"Yes," he said, "I've got the only \$65 biubottle fly in the world."

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him.

WALDRON, KIRKMAN & BLAIR, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 50 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Marrying for Love.

Happy marriages are surely possible even in these unpeppic, hard-hearted times. They are, if the people will only follow the instinct of their better natures and marry for love—the reverent, impassionate love of the man for the maiden, the pure, unsophisticated affection of the maiden for the man—instead of hartering happiness for rank or money.—Thorne.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Wm. L. Douglas*

In Use For Over 30 Years.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

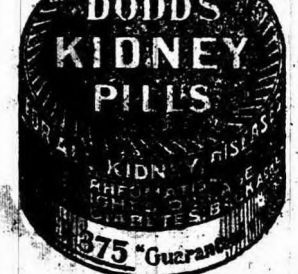
His Language.

Mrs. Cussem—Why did you take the parrot out of the room?

Mr. Cussem—He's just beginning to learn to talk, and I thought it was best to keep him out while I was putting on my new shirt."

A man who likes work is never at a loss.

If he fails, he will rise again; we need never despair of him.—P. J. Stahl.



SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Headache, and Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coat on the Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

Genuine Must Bear Fac-Simile Signature

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

TEXAS

Denton Co., raises successfully every staple crop grown in Texas; cotton, wheat, corn, oats, alfalfa, sorghum, millet, barley, rye, truck, peaches, fruit, berries, grapes, etc. A section well 100 ft. and up. Improved farm lands 250 to 350 acres. Denton, a town of 7,000 has five schools with annual attendance of 2,500; 2 state colleges. For descriptive literature and list of Texas lands and business chances, write LIPSCOMB-EDWARDS COMPANY, Dept. C, Denton, Texas.

Pain Paint

Return this with 50 cents, a stamp and I will mail you a Dollar of Webster's Pain Paint. Pain Paint stops pain instantly; removes rheumatism, toothache, neuralgia, in one minute; cures faster than any ointment yet put on the market. A general salve for all pains. It is the only salve that cures. Sold by all druggists.

PATENTS and TRADE MARKS obtained, designed and prepared by ALYANER, 407 7th St., N. W., WASHINGTON, D. C. Book A of Information sent free.

Monarch is Expert Shot.

The king of Portugal is so expert a shot that he can pick off the fish as they rise to the flies in the palace lake.

And the sooner a man makes up his mind to let a woman have the last word the sooner the controversy will end.



W. N. U., DETROIT, NO. 41, 1907.

Perfect Womanhood

The greatest menace to woman's permanent happiness in life is the suffering that comes from some derangement of the feminine organs. Many thousands of women have realized this too late to save their health, barely in time to save their lives.

To be a successful wife, to retain the love and admiration of her husband, should be a woman's constant study.

If a woman finds that her energies are flagging, that she gets easily tired, dark shadows appear under her eyes, she has backache, headache, bearing-down sensations, nervousness, irregularities or the "blues," she should start at once to build up her system by a tonic with specific powers, such as

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

the great woman's remedy for woman's ills, made only of roots and herbs. It cures Female Complaints, such as Dragging Sensations, Weak Back, Falling and Displacements, Inflammation and Ulceration, and all Organic Diseases, and is invaluable in the Change of Life. It dissolves and Expels Tumors at an early stage. Subdues Faintness, Nervous Prostration, Exhaustion, and strengthens and tones the Stomach. Cures Headache, General Debility, Indigestion, and invigorates the whole female system. It is an excellent remedy for derangements of the Kidneys in either sex.



W. L. DOUGLAS

\$3.00 & \$3.50 SHOES BEST IN THE WORLD

SHOES FOR EVERY MEMBER OF THE FAMILY, AT ALL PRICES.

\$25,000 Reward To any one who can prove W. L. Douglas shoes are not made in a call.

THE REASON W. L. Douglas shoes are worn by more people in all walks of life than any other make, is because of their excellent style, easy-fitting, and superior wearing qualities. The selection of the leathers and other materials for each part of the shoe, and every detail of the making is looked after by the most complete organization of experts in the footwear industry, and whose workmanship cannot be excelled.

If you take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you will then understand why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer and are of greater value than any other make.

Buy \$3.00 and \$3.50 GUEE Edge shoes cannot be equalled in any price. CAUTION! The genuine W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on bottom. Take No Substitute. Ask your dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes. If he cannot supply you, send direct to factory. Shoes sent everywhere by mail. Catalog free. W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

Town Lot Sales on a New Railway

On October 24th the opening sale of lots in the new town of Hettinger, North Dakota, will be held, and the sale at Bowman, North Dakota, will be held a little later. These towns are west of the Missouri River, on the Pacific Coast extension of the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway

Hettinger is 221 miles west of Aberdeen, S. D., and 131 miles west of the Missouri River in one of the best agricultural sections of the entire West. Hettinger will be the county seat of Adams County, North Dakota, and Bowman, of Bowman County, North Dakota.

Special train service, including sleeping cars, dining cars and coaches, will be offered from Aberdeen for each sale. Fixed prices will be placed on the lots, and the choice will be by auction. Descriptive maps and folders sent free on request.

F. A. MILLER, GENERAL PASSENGER AGENT, CHICAGO. C. A. PADLEY, GENERAL LAND AGENT, MILWAUKEE.



"OUCH" OH, MY BACK

IT IS WONDERFUL HOW QUICKLY THE PAIN AND STIFFNESS GO WHEN YOU USE

ST. JACOBS OIL

THIS WELL-TRIED, OLD-TIME REMEDY FILLS THE BILL

25c.—ALL DRUGGISTS—50c.

CONQUERS PAIN

SPOT CASH

FOR SOLDIERS' HOMESTEAD RIGHTS

"All soldiers who served ninety days or more in the federal army or navy between 1861-1865, and who made homestead entries for less than 160 acres on or before June 30, 1874, receive that an additional right due someone, and that it can be sold to me for spot cash, no matter whether patent issued or not. If soldier is dead, his heirs are entitled. The right descends as follows: First, to the widow; and second, to the legal heirs, or next of kin. Talk to old soldiers, their widows, children, or next of kin, about this claim of additional rights. Get busy right now and find some of your relatives who made homestead entries in early days. It's easy money. For further information address Commodore E. Moses, 11 California Building, Denver, Colo.

JAMESTOWN EXPOSITION

IN OLD VIRGINIA

Complete in all Departments. Open September, October, November. Go via Norfolk and Western Ry. Through Sleeping Cars St. Louis, Chicago, Toledo, Cincinnati to Norfolk. Low rates now in effect. For all information call on your nearest Ticket Agent, with this ad., or write W. E. HAZENBROOK, P. O. Box 100, Norfolk, Va. W. E. HAZENBROOK, P. O. Box 100, Norfolk, Va. W. E. HAZENBROOK, P. O. Box 100, Norfolk, Va.

MRS. KATHARINE M. STRONG
TEACHER OF
Piano, Harmony, Voice Analysis
and Musical History
Studio: 25 Dunlap Street, Northville
Call or write for Announcement.

THE ONLY
Through Sleeping Car to
Philadelphia
from Michigan is operated
on Train 8, via

The Grand Trunk-Lehigh Valley
Double Track Route.

For time table and other particulars call on
any Grand Trunk Agent or write to GED. W.
VAUX, A. G. P. & T. A., 135 Adams St., CHICAGO

Robinson's Livery
Sutton Street

Good Rigs at the best
prices possible.
All kinds of Draying
done promptly

GOOD STABLING.

Harry C. Robinson

Commissioner's Notice.

IN the matter of the estate of John B. Tillotson, deceased. We, the undersigned, having been appointed by the Probate court for the county of Wayne, State of Michigan, commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against said deceased, do hereby give notice that we will meet at the store of Schrader Brothers, in the village of Plymouth, in said county, on Saturday, the 23rd day of November, A. D. 1907, and on Thursday, the 27th day of March, 1908, at ten o'clock A. M. of each of said days, for the purpose of examining and allowing said claims, and that six months from the 27th day of September, 1907, were allowed by said court for creditors to present their claims to us for examination and allowance.

Dated September 27th, 1907.

JOHN NASH
FRED D. SCHRADER,
Commissioners.

Probate Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, county of Wayne, ss. At a session of the Probate court for said county of Wayne, held at the Probate office of the city of Detroit, on the nineteenth day of October, in the year one thousand nine hundred and seven. Present, Edgar O. Durfee, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Eleanor Brunetti, deceased.

Paul W. Voorhies, administrator of said estate, having rendered to this court his final administration account and filed therewith his petition praying that the residue of said estate may be assigned to the persons entitled thereto. It is ordered, That the twelfth day of November next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said court room, be appointed for examining and allowing said account and hearing said petition.

And it is further ordered, That a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said time of hearing in the Plymouth Mail, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county of Wayne.

EDGAR O. DURFEE,
Judge of Probate.
ALBERT W. FLINT, Deputy Register.

Probate Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Wayne, ss. At a session of the Probate court for said county of Wayne, held in the Probate office in the city of Detroit, on the nineteenth day of September, in the year one thousand nine hundred and seven. Present, Edgar O. Durfee, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Frederick W. Stander, deceased.

Lydia Strebbling, administratrix of said estate, having rendered to this court her final administration account and filed therewith her petition praying that the residue of said estate may be assigned to the persons entitled thereto. It is ordered, that the twenty-second day of October next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said court room, be appointed for examining and allowing said account and hearing said petition.

And it is further ordered, That a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said time of hearing in the Plymouth Mail, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county of Wayne.

EDGAR O. DURFEE,
Judge of Probate.
ERVIN R. PALMER, Probate Clerk.

Probate Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, county of Wayne, ss. At a session of the Probate court for said county of Wayne, held at the Probate office in the city of Detroit, on the nineteenth day of September, in the year one thousand nine hundred and seven. Present, Edgar O. Durfee, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Charles Trumbull, deceased.

Louisa Trumbull, administratrix of said estate, having rendered to this court her final administration account and filed therewith her petition praying that the residue of said estate may be assigned to the persons entitled thereto. It is ordered, That the fifteenth day of October next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said Court room be appointed for examining and allowing said account and hearing said petition.

And it is further ordered, That a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said time of hearing in the Plymouth Mail, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county of Wayne.

EDGAR O. DURFEE,
Judge of Probate.
HERVEY S. HULBERT, Register.

Commissioner's Notice.

IN the matter of the estate of Jennie E. Panny, deceased. We, the undersigned, having been appointed by the Probate court for the county of Wayne, State of Michigan, commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against said deceased, do hereby give notice that we will meet at the store of Schrader Brothers in the Village of Plymouth, in said county, on Monday, the sixteenth day of December, A. D. 1907, and on Monday, the sixteenth day of March, A. D. 1908, at ten o'clock A. M. of each of said days, for the purpose of examining and allowing said claims, and that six months from the sixteenth day of September, A. D. 1907, were allowed by said court for creditors to present their claims to us for examination and allowance.

Dated September 16th, 1907.

FRED D. SCHRADER,
RAYMOND BROWN,
Commissioners.

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GAYDE BROS

ONCE ENOUGH FOR HER

There's a big difference in the way men get along with each other and women get along with each other," said the observant waiter, "and nobody sees more of it than we do here. You see, people get tired of the table d'hote dinners with the pink ink, and pretty soon they come in here to us. Now, one of our portions is plenty for two, so there are a great many of our men customers who have been dining here for years and splitting portions. They get their dinner for just about half price in this way, besides having the pleasure of each other's company; but just let me tell you how the women manage that. One example will be enough.

"A little black-eyed woman came here several times alone. She ordered several portions of things and left half of each on her plate.

"She was pretty liberal with her tips and I hated to see what she paid for going to waste like that, so I said to her one night as she was leaving:

"Why don't you bring a woman friend with you and divide the portions? It would be much cheaper."

"It's a good idea," she said. "I believe I will."

"Sure enough, the very next night in she came with a woman friend, a tall, handsome woman who would have made just about two of her. They seated themselves and the tall woman ordered cocktails. She told me exactly how she wanted them, never saying a word to the little woman about how she wanted them. I looked at the little woman and she nodded to me in such a way as to lead me to believe that the tall woman was treating and she must sit there and drink anything she wanted to drink, whether she liked it or not.

"When they had finished with the cocktails the big woman picked up the card and said:

"That filet of sole is nice here. We must have some of that."

"Yes," said the little woman, and I brought the fish.

"Next the little woman picked up the card and said timidly:

"Here is chicken. Don't you think it might taste good? I am awfully fond of chicken."

"With that the big woman frowned and said:

"No. I had chicken last night. Walter bring us some of this mutton."

"The little woman smiled at her and said, 'I should think you'd be tired of mutton just coming from England. They made me eat so much of it over there I almost began to bleed,' but the big woman just looked over her head at somebody on the other side of the room and said:

"No. I never get tired of mutton. I like it."

"The little woman left more than half her mutton on her plate, and when the big woman asked her what else she'd have she said, 'Nothing, thank you.'

"Then the big woman motioned me to make out my bill, and I thought, of course, she was going to pay it all, because she had done all the ordering, but no. The little woman said:

"I'll pay my half, according to our agreement, but so long as you have your pocketbook open, pay and we'll divide up when we get home."

"Now, that would have been all right if it had been two men, but not so with two women. The big woman drew herself up till she might have made three of the little woman and said firmly:

"No. We'll pay right here!"

"The little woman's cheeks got red as fire, but she didn't say anything. Instead, she took out her purse and a roll of bills from it that was about the size of your fist, and began to look for a one dollar bill. It was two dollars between them. I wish you could have seen the tens and twenties she unrolled looking for that one dollar bill. I believe she did it on purpose to paralyze the big woman.

"The next night the little woman came back by herself.

"Your friend didn't come with you to-night," I said to her as I pushed her chair to the table and brought her the ice.

"No," said she. "It didn't work. I shan't try it again, either. You have to eat what you don't like sometimes when you are married, but you don't when you are not. Did you see her make me eat mutton?"

The Voice.

The voice that is heard without raising the natural speaking tones is the well-modulated voice which impresses one with its calm and its clarity. Train the ear to recognize pleasant sounding agreeable voice, and listen to your own critically. A shrill, parrot-like voice makes the most beautiful woman a trying companion. Just as the touch of a woman's hand should be a warm cross, so should her voice fall upon the ear with pleasantness.

Real Absorbing.

The tramp with a knock for carrying on the door of the warding coat, showed the lady a tiny beetle crawling out of a peach stone. "exclaimed the housewife, "A real absorbing poor man, you must be having a temperance. You really really Sandy Pike, yer will bring out a bettered bill and a buttered s-o-w you how to absorb."

Unfortunate Choice of Words.

The earnest reformer, after much personal effort, had rounded up an audience of hoboes, and mounted the platform to address them.

"My friends," he said, with his most engaging smile, "in the present crisis in affairs a situation presents itself— But here his auditors vanished.

They didn't know what the situation was, but they knew they didn't want to know.

WAR IN THE DESERT
WHERE TRIBES MINGLE IN FIERCE CONFLICT.

Traveler Describes Scenes of Carnage That Accompanied the Conveying of Caravan Across the Vast Waste of Arid Land.

Lieut. Boyd Alexander describes an incident of travel in Africa: "Previous to my work on Lake Chad I had the fortune to witness a Tubu raid upon the Mecca caravan. At that time the Yo districts were in a most unsettled state; natives went about fully armed and only traveled by night for fear of the Tubus, who were on the warpath. These people are the nomad robbers of the Sahara and lead a camp life. Armed with long spears and mounted on small, quick ponies and camels, they cover long distances, concentrating suddenly when a raid is contemplated, afterward to scatter and as quickly disappear. Many of the lawless Mobbur are their worthy allies, acting as spies and sharing a portion of the spoils. While the last great Mecca caravan was traveling through this country, escorted by the kachella of Yo and his horsemen, it was heavily ambushed near Bulturi, a two-days' march from Yo. The Mobburs opened the attack by flights of poisoned arrows, while the Tubu horsemen charged on the flanks, cutting off numbers of the flocks of the caravan, which spread over two miles of road and numbered 700 people and nearly 1,000 cattle.

"With the loss of 12 men and 30 horses killed, the kachella, who had eight spear wounds, with his 100 horsemen, kept the enemy at bay and under the protection of darkness brought the harassed caravan into Bulturi, where for five days the Tubus hemmed it in. On the fourth day the kachella managed to get a runner through to me, and begged me to come and rescue him. Accordingly, with all the arrow men and horsemen I could muster at Yo, I reached Bulturi in time to relieve him. At daybreak we moved out of town, prepared to fight our way back to Yo. It was splendid to see the kachella, a man over six feet in height, mount his horse and receive the homage of his warriors. First came troops of arrow men, who silently advanced and shook their bows at him; then the horsemen, clad in cloaks ornamented with patches of color, upon horses dressed in thick arrow-proof coats, came on in line and raising their spears above their heads formed round him.

"For nearly two days a running fight ensued and the caravan toiled painfully along, enveloped in the dust of charging horsemen. It was a picturesque sight. Whole families were there, driving their flocks and carrying with them all their worldly belongings and their children, perched on the backs of bullocks and camels. Among the pilgrims there traveled pale-faced Fulanis, Husas from Sokoto, handsome, dark-skinned people from Melle and Timbuktu and many mallams or priests, turbaned and and clothed in white, walked, calm and heedless of the danger; incessantly telling their beads. When close to Yo the Tubus cleared off and the kachella's warriors concentrated and advanced past me in a long line toward the town and then the women and children crowded round the king, asking the news. All night long the hours were broken by the wail of women calling upon their dead men to return.

The First Bareback Rider.

Riding on a broad pad strapped on a horse's back is very old; bareback riding is comparatively new. It was no longer ago than 1854, on the Fourth of July, that E. B. Washburne's circus, playing in Boston, was packed to suffocation by the announcement spread broadcast, that, on that particular day for the first time in the history of the world, a man would ride three times around the ring standing upright on the bareback of a galloping horse! The rider, Robert Almar, actually accomplished this feat, and also he carried an American flag, which he waved, thereby arousing tremendous enthusiasm. Contrast that with the present when there are scores of riders who can turn a somersault on horseback. A clever boy can be taught in about three days, to stand up on a horse and ride around the ring—Everybody's.

New Walk Adopted.

Notable is the way the modern girl is walking. It is described as a "father tired slouch," and it is the fitting complement of the costume she wears. This is what in Paris is called the "petit costume d'homme," consisting of a short, scant skirt, a loose half-fitted coat with a flower run through the buttonhole, and a big hat worn on the back of the head. Wherever one sees this combination one sees also the gait seemingly induced by it—a sort of devil-may-care slouch supposed imitative of the easy-going masculine, and far from lovely or alert.

THE PROPOSAL

Having made up my mind to it, I was as enthusiastic as my friends said I had been slow before. If my deliberation had been characteristic, my ardor, once it was aroused, was no less natural, I assure you, for the Biddies, mother says, have always been a cautious race, but steadfast and devoted when once they have espoused a cause. And it is but hereditary, I suppose, that never to this day have I seen anything remarkable in the fact that it took me ten years to make up my mind to propose to Sally. I did not take me ten years to know that she was pretty, and good, and charming; but it did take me ten years to be sure that I wanted to marry her, that, I admit. But what is the amusing in that? Heavens! has not a man a right to pause and consider so important a matter as getting married? And what right have people to link one's name with another's prematurely? Isn't it dreadful?

Well, as I was saying, I had made up my mind, and I went to see Sally. I was full of the subject. Never had I felt so much a man before. I was, don't you know, lifted up. I was nervous, of course. All men are at such times, I suppose, and I don't know how I managed to get into the house, for I think I did remember to ring. Oh, I'm sure I rang! Of course I did! But what I mean is, that I was in such a state, don't you know, that I was quite unstrung.

Well, Sally came down, as pretty and darling as ever, and with a rose in her hair. She wore her gray crepe de chine—you know, the one she had for Mrs. Gale's reception, with the Venetian lace. I had never seen her look better—never! And that very fact disconcerted me. Still, when I make up my mind to anything, you know, nothing daunts me—nothing. It is not my way to let anything interfere. So, after the usual salutations, I said to her:

"Sally, I have something very important to say to you."

And I said this to her, mind, in such a way that I supposed she might guess the nature of my intended confidence, not so much by the words themselves, as by the—by the mellowness with which I—didn't you know. But, would you believe it?—she did not dream of what I meant! She only laughed, and said:

"Oh! I know; you've come to tell me about Mimi's puppies. Elaine told me yesterday. Aren't you going to give me one of them? I think you might."

"Oh, no! It wasn't that I came to tell you; though, of course, you shall have one if you like. It was to tell you—"

And right then a bright idea came to me—to turn defeat into victory! "It was to tell you, Sally," I said, "that you might have all of them—all seven—and Mimi, too."

"Oh! I should like one," she said; "but what would I do with all seven, and Mimi?"

And she went on laughing at the notion till I was quite—oh! quite discomfited, you know.

"Sally," I said, "you persist in construing my—my intentions."

"Why," she replied, "I thought you offered me all seven, and Mimi."

"So I did, Sally, in a way," I said. "Oh!" she said, "then it was an Indian gift, was it?"

"An Indian gift?" I repeated, perplexed.

"Yes, a gift with a string to it. And what is the string, Freddie? Do tell me! I want to know."

Well—would you believe it?—right then an idea struck me! Another idea! I suppose it was love that put so many new ideas into my head. Oh! it must have been love. So I said:

"Yes, there is a string to my gift, Sally! I am the string!"

"The string?" said Sally.

"The string," said I. And then patiently: "Oh, Sally! don't you comprehend me? Don't you? Have you never heard the old, old saying, 'Love me, love my dog?'"

She was pink all over, and I would have taken her in my arms—I would have had her not said to me:

"Well, I have already told you, Freddie, that I might take one of the puppies, but not all of you!"

She did. She used those very words to me, and I was—oh! I was crushed—don't you know. But I rose to the occasion. I would not let her see me despair. I was determined, at all hazards, to assert my manhood, and with an air that—if I do say it—quite, quite in the old-time again, don't you know, I said:

"My dear Sally, you have told me that you will accept one of the puppies, it is true; but you have not told me which one."