

# THE PLYMOUTH MAIL.

VOLUME XXIV, NO. 32

PLYMOUTH, MICH., FRIDAY, MAY 3, 1907

WHOLE NO. 1026.



## VENOL,

The Modern Tonic Reconstructor is Now in Our Stock.

This delicious remedy contains all of the medicinal properties of cod livers, without oil or grease.

It is a blood purifier and strength producer. It improves the appetite, gives tone to the stomach and rejuvenates the whole system.

If you don't feel well, try VINOL on our guarantee, we will cheerfully refund your money if it fails to benefit.

**THE WOLVERINE DRUG CO.**

Phone No. 5.

J. H. KIMBLE, Ph. B., M. D.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

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## GOOD TEA & COFFEE

Try Our 30c, 40c or 50c Tea.

IN COFFEE WE HAVE

Chef Mocha and Java	35c
Detroit Club	35c
Toledo Club	30c
San Marto	25c
Coban	20c
Ankola	20c

Try Our Line of Baked Goods.

Phone 35 **W. B. ROE'S**

## Telephone Patrons!

This is what we have to offer you within the

## Plymouth Zone

Northville	about 350 Stations
Farmington	235 "
Sand Hill	200 "
Plymouth, before Aug. 1,	300 "

Continuous Service to all these stations furnished for flat rate of \$15.00 and \$12.00 per annum.

**27,000 Stations in Detroit**

Complete service with all adjacent Counties and all points in MICHIGAN.

**Michigan State Telephone Co.**

Subscribe for the Plymouth Mail

## Breezy Items

By Five Correspondents.

### LAPHAM'S CORNERS.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Bovee visited at Will Lyke's Tuesday.

The Salem Farmers club met Wednesday, May 1st, with Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Hammond.

Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Packard visited Mr. and Mrs. T. Wyckoff of the town-line Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Smith visited their parents Sunday.

Mrs. J. Renwick, Mrs. H. Whittaker, Mrs. B. A. Nelson and Miss Myrtle Nelson were Ann Arbor visitors Wednesday.

The Union Sunday school concert was held at the Peebles' church Sunday afternoon, April 28.

### FERRINSVILLE.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Dewitt Cooper Wednesday, May 24, a daughter. All doing nicely.

Mr. and Mrs. Peters and sons of Eloise visited at F. Theuer's last Sunday.

Mrs. Ada Beyer was in Detroit last Monday.

Mrs. Hattie Stephenson was in Detroit last Saturday.

Mrs. Hanchett and son Alonzo visited her son Arthur and family Sunday. The presiding elder, Rev. Sweet, occupied the pulpit last Sunday. He preached a very interesting sermon from Rom. 12:1.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. McKinney and daughters called on their parents Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Schunk last Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. Nellie Beyer, Mrs. Annie Sherman, Mrs. M. Steinhauer and son Earl called on Mrs. Wm. Parmelee last week Friday afternoon.

### Don't Pay Alimony

Be divorced from your appendix. There will be no occasion for it if you keep your bowels regular with Dr. King's New Life Pills. Their action is so gentle that the appendix never has a cause to make the least complaint. Guaranteed by The Wolverine Drug Co. and John L. Gale. 25c. Try them

### LIVONIA CENTER.

Mr. Levally of Detroit, well known here, was on our streets Saturday and reports another daughter at his home.

Miss Smith is progressing finely with Center property.

Mrs. Charlie Smith is improving from her late sickness.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Kingsley visited at Mr. Wolfrom's Sunday.

Mrs. Karick and Geo. Shaw are improving their cemetery lots.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Hart of Paw Paw are visiting at the Garchow home.

Fred Tarrow is nearing his house to completion.

Otto Smith's people had a christening for their little boy Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Sernelt called on Center friends Sunday.

### SALEM

J. D. McLaren was in town Tuesday.

Mrs. John Nollar who has been very sick is better at this writing.

Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Wheeler were South Lyon visitors Wednesday.

Ed. Smith was in South Lyon Tuesday.

D. E. Smith was a Salem visitor Sunday.

Frank Haywood and daughter were in Detroit Wednesday.

J. D. McLaren & Co. shipped a car load of potatoes from here this week.

Mrs. Layman Brown is quite sick again.

Rev. McConnell of Fenton preached at the Baptist church last Sunday.

Miss Meryl Kenner of Plymouth was home over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Bert Robinson of Chicago, who have been visiting Mrs. Robinson's mother, Mrs. Rich, are visiting in Port Huron this week.

Fred Burch will build a new house this summer on a lot on Union street, near Universalist church, which he recently purchased.

### My Best Friend.

Alexander Benton, who lived on Rural Route 1, Fort Edward, N. Y., says: "Dr. King's New Discovery is my best earthly friend. It cured me of asthma six years ago. It has also performed a wonderful cure of incipient consumption for my son's wife. The first bottle ended the terrible cough, and this accomplished, the other symptoms left one by one, until she was perfectly well. Dr. King's New Discovery's power over coughs and colds is simply marvelous." No other remedy has ever equalled it. Fully guaranteed by The Wolverine Drug Co. and John L. Gale. 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free.

## SCHOOL NOTES.

Watch this column for the Junior social.

The High school are to give an Arbor Day program Friday.

Claude Bridger made the High school a visit Wednesday.

Florence Durfee has returned to her duties after several days' absence.

Ask M. E. what the meaning of "silks and fine clothes" Wednesday.

The High school have begun work on a new chorus "March of Our Nation."

The Zoology class have a pet snake on which to bestow their surplus affections.

The Botany class have a garden started, in order to watch the development of plants.

Maude Graeen Spent Saturday and Sunday at her home arriving at school Monday afternoon.

May Clark had charge of the second and third graderoom Monday morning Miss Smith being unable to get a car from Northville.

The Masterpiece class are to have a debate in order to find out the opinion of the question which has never been fully determined, "Was Hamlet Insane?"

## Woman's Literary Club.

The fifteenth regular meeting of the Woman's Literary Club was held in its rooms April 26 with the President in the chair. There were twenty active and six associate members present to respond to roll call. The program of the day was given by the eighth division with Miss Hawthorne as leader. Mrs. Conner read a paper on the Future of China. A paper on "Chinese Herpes" was given orally by Mrs. Paul Bennett. Miss Hawthorne read a paper on the "Menace of Mechanical Music."

At the close of the program a pleasant social hour was spent in contest, a review of China and a magazine guessing contest, after which the club adjourned to meet in the club rooms May 10th, Reciprocity Day. Sec'y.

## OBITUARY.

William E. Cady was born in Canton township Sept. 14, 1839, he being the youngest of a family of 13 children, nine boys and three girls. He was married to Rhoda Miller in 1841, two children being born of this union, one son having died in infancy and Stanton Cady of Kansas. In 1869 he was married to Mary J. Cole. Two children were born to them, Fred E., who died in Montana in 1889 and David D. of Detroit. He has lived in this immediate vicinity all his life. He leaves, besides his devoted wife and son, six brothers and many relatives and friends to mourn his loss.

Mr. Cady's death occurred on Tuesday at Ann Arbor hospital of paralysis, the result of an operation. The funeral, which was held Thursday afternoon from his late residence, was very largely attended, Rev. Hugh Ronald officiating.

### Wonderful Eczema Cure.

"Our little boy had eczema for five years," writes N. A. Adams, Henrietta, Pa. "Two of our home doctors said the case was hopeless, his lungs being affected. We then employed other doctors but no benefit resulted. By chance we read about Electric Bitters; bought a bottle and soon noticed improvement. We continued this medicine until several bottles were used, when our boy was completely cured." Best of all blood medicines and body building health tonics. Guaranteed at The Wolverine Drug Co. and J. L. Gale's. 50c.

## Pale, Thin, Nervous?

Then your blood must be in a very bad condition. You certainly know what to take, then take it—Ayer's Sarsaparilla. If you doubt, then consult your doctor. We know what he will say about this grand old family medicine. Sold for over 60 years.

This is the first question your doctor would ask: "Are your bowels regular?" He knows that if your bowels are absolutely unobstructed, your blood is purified, and your system is healthy. Keep your bowels regular by taking Ayer's Pills.

Made by J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. **Ayer's** PILLS FOR RHEUMATISM, BRUISES, AND GENERAL DEBILITY.

## PINCKNEY, PAINSTAKING PHARMACIST FOR ARTICULAR PEOPLE.

GO TO

## PINCKNEY'S PHARMACY

(Agency by appointment) for

## LOWNEY'S CHOCOLATES,

where you will find them always fresh and delicious.

GO AND SEE THE

## MALTED MILK DISPLAY

In our Window Saturday, April 27, 1907.

## LILY BRAND ICE CREAM

The finest in the city, will be on sale

## Saturday and Sunday

in any quantity desired, at the

## Plymouth Home Bakery.

Delivered free to any part of the city. Belt phone 19. Local, 27.

**GEO. A. TAYLOR**

## THIS MONTH AND NEXT

We will furnish first class

Handscreened **\$6.75** COAL for . .

**\$6.50**

If delivered from car to bins without screening.

## M. M. & L. CO.

BOTH PHONES.

## Commencing April 15, 1907,

we will sell Hard Coal as follows:

Screened Coal.....\$6.75 per ton  
From Cars..... 6.50 per ton

For CASH until June 1, 1907.

## HEADQUARTERS

For Seeds of all kinds, in bulk.  
Cement, Hard Wall Plaster, Brick, Toledo Pulp Plaster, Land Plaster, Lime, Calcine, Sec.  
Bran, Corn and Oats ground, Middlings, Cracked Corn, Wheat, Oyster Shells, Hay and Straw.

**J. D. McLAREN CO.**

Plymouth Elevator. Both Phones.

Rent Receipt Books



BRIEF NEWS NOTES FOR THE BUSY MAN

MOST IMPORTANT EVENTS OF THE PAST WEEK TOLD IN CONDENSED FORM.

ROUND ABOUT THE WORLD

Complete Review of Happenings of Greatest Interest from All Parts of the Globe—Latest News and Foreign Items.

The seven men who were imprisoned in the Berwind White Coal mine near Johnstown, Pa., by a sudden rush of water, were rescued after four and a half days, alive and unharmed, but greatly exhausted.

G. R. Scroggins, manager of the International Policyholders' committee, and two watchers for the same organization were arrested on charges of conspiracy to cause the counting of defective, altered and forged ballots in the recent election of New York Life Insurance company directors.

President Cabrera, of Guatemala, narrowly escaped death when assassins exploded a mine under his carriage. The horses were killed and several men injured.

William January, the federal convict who escaped years ago and was recaptured, was told by his wife the news that President Roosevelt favored his pardon.

The month just ended was the coldest April in the last 26 years and with in a degree of the coldest April ever experienced, according to the weather bureau at Washington.

Samuel Rittenour, a foreman at the West Virginia Brewing company plant, at Huntington, W. Va., committed suicide by taking carbolic acid. A few days before Rose Spears, to whom Rittenour had been paying court, ended her life in the same manner because she thought Rittenour had deserted her.

American sailors won all of the places in two international races between the crews of warships in Hampton Roads, but the British tars took first and second places in a third contest.

John P. McManus, editor of the Pilot Rock (Ore.) Leader, and formerly of Pierre, S. D., was acquitted of the murder of Robert Bates, a gambler whom he mistook for a robber.

A Canadian Pacific freight train ran through a small bridge just east of Fort Arthur, Ont., carrying to their death Engineer William Fixter, Fireman Veaudrey and Brakeman Villeneuve.

Levi C. Lincoln, who is alleged to have confessed that he had embezzled \$32,000 since 1890 from the Woonsocket Electric Machine & Power company, of which he was treasurer, was arrested.

George H. Phelps filed a suit at Findlay, O., against the Standard Oil company, its subsidiary companies and directors of the companies asking that they be enjoined from doing business in the state of Ohio, and claiming they are operating against the provisions of the Valentine anti-trust law.

Cliff Charles D. Chandler, U. S. signal corps, and J. C. McCoy, a doctor from St. Louis in a balloon to make tests and attempt to win the long distance record.

President and Mrs. Roosevelt entertained at dinner all the principal officers of the United States navy and foreign navies who participated in the ceremonies attending the opening of the Jamestown exposition.

George H. Cottrell, one of the pioneer captains on the great lakes, died at Marine City, Mich., aged 90 years, after an illness of one week.

Rev. J. B. Simmons, of Parkersburg, W. Va., editor of the Baptist Banner, died of apoplexy.

The government transport Buford sailed from San Francisco with 4,000,000 pounds of flour for the starving Chinese.

Miss Sarah McGowan, 32 years old, was burned to death early in a fire which damaged the five-story tenement at 239 East Thirty-eighth street, New York.

A fire broke out in the Regal hotel, Louisville, La., and spread rapidly, destroying 13 buildings. The loss is estimated at between \$75,000 and \$100,000.

In a letter to the editor of the Review of Reviews President Roosevelt takes exception to an article on race suicide that appeared in the publication and reiterates his own views on the subject.

Citizens of Winona, Minn., presented to James A. Tawney, chairman of the appropriations committee of the national house of representatives, a solid silver loving cup, lined with gold.

Rufus H. Bullock, former governor of Georgia, died at Albion, N. Y., aged 71 years.

Sentiment among the humorists of the country favorable to building a monument to the late Edgar Wilson (the Bill Nye) has taken definite form.

John Hamlin, of Grand Island, Neb., has been found guilty of the murder of Rachel Engle, aged 13, and his punishment fixed at hanging.

Fire destroyed the plant of the National Stove company at Lorain, O. The loss is estimated at \$200,000. Four hundred men are idle as a result.

William Seeley, of Norwood, N. Y., has sued a ropemaker for \$200 because the cord furnished him broke when he attempted to hang himself with it.

J. R. Dystinger, a contractor of Cleveland, O., while waiting for a car in the Pacific Electric station, Los Angeles, Cal., was robbed of \$300.

Baron de Roa, premier baron of England, and colonel of the First Life guards, died of his Irish estate, Old Court, Strangford, County Down.

William E. Corey was reelected president of the United States Steel corporation at the annual meeting of the board of directors.

Martha Korals, a comely Brussian girl, was shot and instantly killed in Philadelphia by Franz Endrukut, an enraged lover, who, after murdering the girl, sent a bullet into his own brain, inflicting a wound from which he cannot recover.

The girl had refused to marry Endrukut. Several years ago in Prussia he tried to kill her and himself for the same reason.

Fire in Union City, Pa., destroyed the plant of a chair company and other buildings and threatened a large part of the city. The damage was \$300,000.

Secretary Taft told the Cincinnati Business Men's club that he expected the Panama canal would be completed within eight years, and that the United States could not withdraw from Cuba until a year from next September.

Peoria officials surprised the Chicago police by telling them to keep "Eddie" Tate, saying they had no evidence to convict him of blowing the Peoria school board's safe.

The federal court of appeals at St. Paul affirmed the judgment of the lower court by which the Kansas City packers were convicted of accepting rebates and fined \$15,000 each.

Capitol Hill, a suburb of Oklahoma City, was flooded by a cloudburst and endangered by the rise of the rivers.

Vice Chancellor E. C. Wiggin, of the University of the South, announced a donation of \$60,000 from Andrew Carnegie to be devoted to the erection of a science hall for the university.

Mrs. Louisa Holden of Providence, R. I., while insane, shot and killed her husband, fatally wounding her son and killed herself.

"The Jamestown cup," for the fastest rowing officers in the fleets of America, England, Germany and Austria assembled for the Jamestown exposition, was won by the officers of the American battleship Alabama.

People of Montenegro have revolted and a military government was proclaimed. Armed bands were reported as marching on Cetinje, and serious street fights occurred in Podgoritz, the governor and chief of police of that city being mortally wounded.

Masked men destroyed a sheep camp in Big Horn county, Wyo., with dynamite, killing 700 sheep.

The street car strike in Salt Lake City was settled by the efforts of citizens, the demands of the men being granted.

Several bloody fights occurred in Tegucigalpa between factions of the victorious Honduran rebels and the Nicaraguan troops were compelled to intervene.

One person was killed and 30 persons were seriously injured by an explosion of dynamite at the harbor works at Antivari, on the Adriatic.

Heavy snowstorms prevailed in Wisconsin and Iowa.

John C. Schwartz, former county attorney, prosecuting attorney for two terms and at one time prominent in Republican politics in Cincinnati, died from consumption.

Four people were seriously injured and two cars demolished at Superior, Wis., in a rear-end collision.

Mrs. A. J. Elliott, aged 70, of Everett, Wash., was burned to death at La Crosse, Wis., at the home of her daughter, Mrs. R. J. Russell, wife of a manufacturer. The accident was caused by the overturning of an alcohol lamp.

The bond robbery from the Trust Company of America in New York which at first was said to involve \$50,000, now is said by a trustee to have grown to an \$800,000 theft.

Frightened by a policeman entering her Philadelphia home to arrest her husband, Mrs. Josephine Hees, aged 46 years, dropped dead.

David C. Cook, a noted pathfinder and detective, died suddenly in Denver, Col., of heart disease, aged 60 years. He was born in Laporte county, Ind.

Eight men who were working in a new tunnel at the National Cash Register plant, Dayton, O., were painfully burned in an explosion of natural gas. The men were shot out of the tunnel by the force of the explosion.

Two hundred and sixty journeymen plumbers quit work in Milwaukee upon refusal of the Master Plumbers' association to grant a demand for an increase in wages of 10 cents a day.

Prof. M. Muggan, of St. Louis, and E. M. Day, having decided an oratorical contest at Shurtleiff college, Upper Alton, Ill., against the freshmen class, were seized by freshmen, tied to trees and left there all night.

A Portuguese Jew was murdered at Casablanca, Morocco, by a negro in the pay of a Moor. The murderer received one franc as the price of his crime.

Benoit Balaull is reported from Tangier to be fomenting a revolution among the Lakkim tribes in Morocco. News has reached Rio de Janeiro that the steamer Thornhill with her crew had been lost when the steamer burned.

The engine and an empty passenger coach of a Wabash train jumped the track and plunged into Chartiers creek, near Pittsburg, Pa. The engineer and fireman were killed and the escape of the passengers was considered marvellous.

Attorney General Stead filed the long-expected suit of the state against the Illinois Central railroad in the circuit court of LaSalle county.

Secretary of War Taft laid the corner stone of the new Y. M. C. A. building at Dayton, O., and delivered the principal address.

Frank Kenworthy, of Winchester, Ind., was thrown from an automobile and killed as he was going to see the wreck of a Grand Rapids & Indiana railroad train at Cofflet, Ind.

Maude Harrison, the actress, died suddenly of paralysis in New York.

The volcano on the island of Stromboli was in violent eruption, smashing vineyards and terrifying the peasants.

President Cipriano Castro, of Venezuela, according to information received in New York from two independent sources, is planning to retire from office on May 23. The reason is his continued ill health. He will seek recuperation in the mountains of Switzerland.

Mayor Schmitz made a partial confession concerning graft in San Francisco, in the hope of securing lenient treatment.

While fishing in Fox river, near Elgin, Ill., Stephen Boras hooked a bundle of clothing which he pulled ashore and found to contain the bodies of three infants, twin boys and a girl.

People in Mexico were wildly excited by a report that a mob had stoned the American and Mexican legations in Guatemala City, and Mexican troops were mobilized on the Guatemalan frontier.

Dr. George Nichols, formerly secretary of state of Vermont and for several years a member of the national Republican committee, died at the age of 50 years.

Pietro Pintinello, a fruit dealer, was arrested in New York, charged with being the head of a gang of kidnapers.

W. T. Stead revisited Chicago and said he found it had reformed greatly since he was there 14 years ago.

Frank Fitzmaurice, president of the Citizens' bank of Eagle Grove, Ia., eloped with and married Miss Nellie Ferguson, a nurse who attended him in a recent illness.

Congressman Waldo, of New York, charged that in warships built by private concerns rivet holes had been found filled with soap, putty and wood.

"Eddie" Tate, the safe-blower, who escaped from a Peoria hospital, was arrested in Chicago and told a story making serious charges against former Chief of Police Collins, of that city.

Mrs. Mate L. Chester, of Chicago, grand secretary of the Order of the Eastern Star, was instantly killed by a fall down an elevator shaft in a Peoria hotel.

Eight workmen were drowned at Locust Point, Baltimore, by the collapse of a new railroad pier.

The Central Trades and Labor union of St. Louis refused to endorse a resolution attacking President Roosevelt for his denunciation of Moyer and Haywood, officers of the Western Federation of Miners.

Binger Herman, former congressman from Oregon and former commissioner of the general land office, was acquitted of the charge of destroying public records by the verdict of a jury.

Albert Zimmerman and John Becker were killed and eight men were injured at Luxemburg, a suburb of St. Louis, by an explosion of dynamite, while they were attempting to extinguish a fire.

Lack of money—about \$60,000—to finance the expedition, may mean the abandonment of the dash to the north pole which Commander Robert E. Peary has planned for this summer.

Excise Commissioner Thomas E. Mulvihill announced his intention to proceed immediately to close 200 saloons located near public parks in St. Louis.

President Roosevelt, the diplomatic, naval and military representatives of 37 of the nations of the world, and the governors of a score of states participated in the opening exercises of the Jamestown Tercentennial exposition. The president reviewed the foreign and American war ships in Hampton Roads, made a vigorous address in the exposition grounds, reviewed a parade of soldiers and sailors and pushed the gold button that opened the fair.

Employees of the Salt Lake City street car lines struck and all service was suspended because of the violence of strike sympathizers.

William B. McKeand, president of McKeand & Co., Chicago note brokers, has left that city and it was said a Kansas City company accused him of appropriating the proceeds of two notes for \$5,000 each sent him for sale.

Lindsay E. Hicks, the miner who for 17 days was buried in the Edison mine at Bakersfield, Cal., attempted suicide at Reno, Nev., by leaping in front of a switch engine. A bystander saved his life.

David Wilcox, former president of the Delaware & Hudson railroad company, committed suicide on the steamer Barbarossa, because of ill health.

Dr. J. M. Groves, 60 years a practicing physician in Effingham, Ill., died. He was surgeon of the Fourth Michigan cavalry during the civil war and was a member of the squad which captured Jefferson Davis.

SIDE LIGHTS ON MICHIGAN

MISS PRESLEY DIED WITHOUT DISCLOSING NAME OF BETRAVER.

SEARCH FOR THE GUILTY

Who Are Responsible for the Girl's Death is Now the Mystery to be Cleared Up.

"Hope Sanatorium."

Edith A. Presley, proofreader in the Michigan state senate, died from peritonitis in "Hope Sanatorium," Detroit, resulting from a criminal operation. She came to Detroit April 19 and registered in the Wayne hotel as M. E. Hall, Saginaw. George C. Presley, of Eastwood, Saginaw county, the girl's father, and two brothers, one of whom arrived Tuesday morning from Rhode Island, are giving the Detroit police every possible assistance.

"I have little to live for and I don't care if I die," the young woman told Dr. Horton-Barr. She made no fight for life.

"I warned my daughter against the dangers of life in the capitol," said the father.

It seems that Miss Presley left Lansing for Detroit Friday a week ago. To Elbert V. Chilson, the senate secretary, she said that she was going east on a business trip. To Miss Lottie Brown, her friend, she confessed that she was going to Detroit to be operated on for appendicitis.

To her own brother she had complained since last January about stomach trouble, for which, she told him, she sought relief from Dr. Davis, a woman physician in Lansing.

The girl came to Detroit and was not heard of again until Sunday night, when her brother found the corpse of his sister in the morgue of X. B. Konkel, 1496 Michigan avenue.

There is no doubt that Miss Presley was the victim of a criminal operation.

The autopsy upon the remains, performed Monday night about 11 o'clock, brought to light a particularly brutal and clumsy piece of work.

Dr. G. A. Fitch, of Detroit, is held by the police pending a further investigation. He at first denied that he had operated on Miss Presley, but later corrected the assertion. He said that he had treated her for peritonitis, the cause of which he pretended not to know.

"It might have been due to 100 causes," he observed. He said that Miss Presley told him she was suffering from peritonitis. The death certificate signed by Dr. Fitch gave peritonitis as cause of death.

The letter, which Dr. B. Horton-Barr believes entirely exonerates Dr. Fitch and himself, was written by Miss Presley before the operation was performed on Monday and was addressed to her brother, Fred. E. Presley, of Lansing. It was among her effects and was addressed only to be given to him in case of her death.

When the young man arrived at the hospital on Sunday afternoon it was at once turned over to him. After reading in it the truth of the fate of his sister, he turned it over to Dr. Barr, and it is now in the hands of her attorney. The letter contains this section:

"Dr. Horton (Dr. Barr is known as Dr. Horton) had nothing to do with the operation that has been performed upon me. It was done by a strange doctor whose name I do not know, at a room which I secured. After it was done I came to this private hospital, where they were kind enough to take me in, and I want you to see to it that Dr. Horton does not suffer from her kindness."

The genuineness of the letter is proved by the directions given the brother. It tells where her will is to be found in a safety deposit box, informs him of several small bills which she wishes paid, also of money owing her, and mentions names and occurrences in a way which no person could have written except the girl herself.

Believed Innocent.

From various communications received in Charlotte from West Candor, N. Y., since Silas Compton, the aged blacksmith, has been brought back to answer to a charge of complicity in the Butcher killing many years ago, those who knew Compton back in the east do not believe him guilty. Postmaster J. L. Sawyer, of West Candor, writes that Compton had ever been an ideal father and true husband and enjoyed the respect of the community. He writes about Compton's only son who died when 16 years old, breaking his father's heart, and of his wife who ran away with another man. Compton has many friends in Charlotte who, too, believe him innocent.

A Woman's Good Work.

Had it not been for a woman's idea, Bay City would probably not now be preparing to convert a nine-acre strip of river front, occupied by business houses, into a public park. The woman is Mrs. Alfred E. Bousfield, wife of one of the wealthiest residents of the city. He is also one of the three men who brought the \$250,000 hotel and auditorium project, to a successful issue.

Ashley and vicinity are suffering from an epidemic of the boldest sort of thieving. The thieves have a large wagon evidently, and on several occasions within the past month have stolen within a night entire stacks of hay, which happen to be isolated.

It has developed at a post-mortem examination on Henry J. Larson, the Grand Trunk railway mail clerk who died from apoplexy in Port Huron last week while playing ball, that he worked a week with a fractured skull. He received this injury while in his car when the coach was shunted.

STATE NEWS BRIEFS.

The Sherman Saw Mill Co.'s mill at Skeels burned with a loss of \$700.

Within the past few weeks more than 50 families have come to Kalamazoo direct from Holland.

A \$35,000 schoolhouse will be erected in Morenci, the ratepayers having voted the necessary money.

John Lockwood, 30 years old, of Ashley, while working near a buzz saw, had his right hand cut off.

Many mysterious fires have broken out in Niles within a few weeks and a still hunt for the bugs is on.

The Petoskey Block factory was destroyed by fire, causing a loss of \$20,000, and throwing 100 men out of work.

Mrs. Hannah Cady, of Allegan, celebrated her 99th birthday last week. She was given a party by the G. A. R. circle.

The Greenview Poultry farm, Jackson, has received orders for eggs from old Mexico, Oregon and other states are also patrons.

Alonso Squires, aged 47, a prominent resident of Dundee, was found dead in bed by his wife. He leaves a widow and two daughters.

At a meeting of the Business Men's association it was decided that Lapeer will this year have a celebration and homecoming in August.

The infant son of Oscar McClure was found dead in his bed by his mother. The child had been dead a short time when discovered.

The Times was told that the Saturday sale of bottled beer in Port Huron has increased eight fold since Sheriff Davidson has closed the lid.

Geo. R. Richman, captain of Co. C, Second Infantry, of Kalamazoo, has resigned, and his resignation was accepted by Adj. Gen. McGurran.

Ned C. Field, of Shepherd, has been appointed a cadet to the naval academy at Annapolis. His father is a prominent business man of Shepherd.

A widow and seven children are left by the death of Andres Peterson, of Lake City. He was for 23 years a section foreman on the G. R. & I. railroad.

E. A. Carroll, while driving from Wadhams to Port Huron, picked up nearly a quarter of fresh beef. It was evidently dropped from some farmer's wagon.

Fire destroyed the Forbes Tannery Co.'s buildings, which were one of South Haven's landmarks, having at one time been the chief industry. The loss is \$15,000.

Four Bay county coal miners, David Elghay, Ole Olson, John Crouse and Elford Beudall are going to Alaska in the interests of Detroit capitalists to prospect for coal.

Ray Dodd, the young farmer arrested on a criminal charge on complaint of a 16-year-old Springport girl, has been sent to the Detroit house of correction for 65 days.

Mayor Graham, of Ludington, has put on the lid and hereafter there will be no Sunday booze selling. The council has passed an ordinance limiting saloons to the present number, 24.

Miss Lora Bryant, the Ypsilanti normal student who disappeared and was located after a week's search in Helena, Mont., is now on her way home in the company of her brother.

Dependent over a love affair, Jesse Riley, of Flint, drank the contents of an ounce bottle of chloroform. Doctors saved his life. Riley professed to be very much disappointed when he awoke alive.

The fact that money was found on the dead body of Chris Bassick, which was found in Grand river after he had been missing six weeks, dispels the theory of murder entertained previous to the finding of his body.

Smith Creek farmers' creamery which was built four years ago at a cost of \$4,400 was sold for \$1,200 to a Detroit party. It will start running about May 15. The creamery has not been running for the last two years.

Thomas Madigan is said to be dying, the result of being thrown from his rig when his horse became frightened at a Kalamazoo street car. Madigan thought he was well enough to go home, but an hour later was unable to move.

While Rev. J. N. Ankrum was preaching Sunday in Bethel township he noticed W. F. Sanderson's house in flames a short distance from the church. He dismissed the congregation of 250, formed them into a volunteer fire brigade, and fought the blaze. The house was destroyed, but the fire was kept from the barns.

Bay City temperance and anti-saloon people are going about inviting someone to kick them because of the unduly haste they took in opposing the Walker bill requiring surety bonds for saloonists. The anti's have now learned, too late, that the Walker bill would have placed the saloonists at the mercy of the surety bonding companies and made them live up to the letter of the liquor law, and that if they didn't the bonding companies would withdraw.

John Nordquist, for some years past running a saloon at Ramsey, had been drinking more than usual the last month or two and his family becoming afraid of letting him be at large, had him taken to a private hospital at Ashland. A few miles before reaching that city, he jumped off the train and took to the woods. A searching party was gotten ready as soon as possible, and after two days' search found the dead body only, lying under some old logs and brush, whence he had evidently crawled for shelter, and life gave out.

George Summerfield has been arrested in Coldwater on a charge of having deserted his wife and two children in this city.

A \$20,000 fire occurred at Big Rapids in the Pere Marquette roundhouse in which three engines and a baggage car were badly damaged.

Lewis Guyman, aged 14 years, of Detroit, who was nabbed by the police when he reached Battle Creek, had ridden in the same seat with Constable Furrer of that city, but Furrer didn't know his young companion was "wanted," and was shocked when the lad was taken into custody. He had run away from home.

STROMBOLI.

Terrific Volcano Eruption Was Deafening.

Some of the inhabitants of the island of Stromboli, who have fled from there and reached Messina, describe the eruption of the Stromboli volcano as terrific. The detonations were deafening. Red, burning stones, ashes and cinders were thrown up, and about a thousand feet over the top of the volcano, which is 3,040 feet above the level of the sea, an immense dark umbrella-shaped cloud formed.

The industrious population of the island, numbering about 2,000 persons, had with great efforts gradually cultivated the sides of the volcano, almost up to the crater, chiefly as vineyards, but the eruption has entirely destroyed everything within a radius of 1,500 feet of the crater and has seriously damaged the rest of the island.

Entombed Miners Rescued.

After being entombed five days in the Berwind-White Coal Co. mine No. 38, at Fourtwell, near Pittsburg, the seven miners who were shut off from the world by a sudden rush of water, caused by the breaking of a wall of an abandoned mine, were rescued at 10 o'clock Tuesday night.

The men were greatly exhausted. Owing to their weakened condition it was decided not to bring them out until after the mine has been drained.

Never in the history of the mining region has such a joyous scene been witnessed as when the unfortunate men were reached. Hundreds of persons who gathered about watching the work of rescue cheered, laughed and cried.

Thaw's Bail.

Mrs. Wm. Thaw, mother of Harry K. Thaw, and his sister, the countess of Yarmouth, returned to New York Saturday from Pittsburg and went to the Tombs to see Harry. Mrs. Evelyn Thaw was calling on her husband at the time.

Mrs. Thaw would make no statement, but it is understood that she has failed to raise the bail money for which it was said she went to Pittsburg. The money could have been raised, but it was reported by doing so the securities held by the Thaw estate would be greatly depreciated.

The elder Mrs. Thaw, it is said, is greatly disappointed over her inability to raise the money with which she had hoped to obtain her son's temporary liberty.

Miss Margaret McCall came all the way from Scotland to wed Alex. Clarke, of Calumet.

THE MARKETS.

Detroit—Extra dry-fed steers and heifers, \$5.25@5.50; steers and heifers, \$4.75@5.00; calves, \$4.25@4.50; good fat cows, \$3.75@4.00; common cows, \$3.25@3.50; calves, \$2.50@3.00; choice heavy bulls, \$3.75@4.00; fair to good bullocks, \$3.25@3.50; 4 1/2; stock bulls, \$3.50; choice feeding steers, \$3.00 to 1,000 lbs., \$3.75@4.00; fair feeding steers, \$3.00 to 1,000 lbs., \$3.50@3.75; choice stock, \$3.00 to 1,000 lbs., \$3.25@3.50; stock heifers, \$3.25@3.50; milkers, large, young, medium age, \$4.00@4.50; common milkers, \$3.50@4.00; Veal c—Market, good grades, \$2.50; common, \$2.00; best, \$3.00@3.25; others, \$4.00.

Sheep and lambs—Market 25c to 50c lower; common clips, very dull. (Quotations are for clipped stock.) Best lambs, \$5.50@5.75; fair to good lambs, \$5.00@5.25; light to medium lambs, \$4.50@5.00; yearlings, \$5.00; fair to good butcher sheep, \$4.50@5.00; culls and common, \$2.50@3.50; wool lambs, \$3.50@4.00.

Hogs—Market, good grades, \$10.00; common, \$9.00; best, \$11.00@12.00; others, \$4.00.

AD MARKETS—W. N. W. Hurley East Buffalo—Best export steers, \$5.50@5.75; best 1,200 to 1,300-lb. shipping steers, \$5.00@5.40; best 1,000 to 1,100-lb. steers, \$4.50@5.00; light to medium, \$4.00@4.50; trimmers, \$3.50@4.00; best fat heifers, \$4.75@5.00; medium to good, \$4.00@4.25; best feeding steers, \$3.25@3.50; good to fair, \$3.00@3.25; common stock steers, \$3.00@3.25; export bulls, \$4.50@4.75; bolona bulls, \$3.75@4.00; stock bulls, \$3.50@3.75; fresh cows, \$2.50 per head lower; extra, \$



# BANK VAULTS STUFFED WITH FORGED NOTES

## FINANCIERS OF FAR EAST DUPED BY SKILLFUL COUNTERFEITERS

Experts from the Bank of England and the American Bank Note Company are now on the way to China to assist in separating the spurious from the genuine notes held by the big financial institutions of the East—powers may join in the attempt to stop skillful counterfeiting, which threatens the currency of all nations.

The most stupendous counterfeiting operations in the history of the world are coming to light in the Orient. The amount of money involved is great, almost beyond reckoning, and the method of forgery so far reaching, clever and dangerous that all the financiers of the east are alarmed.

The gigantic scheme, so successfully carried out that no living man knows its extent, is practically laid at the door of the Japanese. Point by point the fact that the little brown men flooded all Manchuria and stuffed the Russo-Chinese bank with spurious money during the war with Russia is being established by experts. Sixteen million pounds, or \$30,000,000, of the worthless stuff is said to have been detected. Nobody can guess how much more is extant.

Japanese engravers and printers have manufactured a counterfeit bank note that has defied experts for two years and puzzles them still. The Russo-Chinese, the Hongkong and Shanghai, the Imperial Bank of China and the Indo-Chinese bank—all these have felt the sting of the Japanese money viper. What effect it will have can as yet be only conjectured. Even Europe has suffered.

Appeal has been made to the Japanese government to enact and enforce stringent laws to exterminate the swarm of shrewd counterfeiters in Nippon, and who elude the watchful officials of that empire. It is claimed scant attention has been paid to this request. Japan has had many things to look after since her costly conquest of the Russian bear.

### Now Doubt the Truth.

Experts from the Bank of England and the American Bank Note company are now on the way to China to assist in ferreting out the tremendous amounts of bogus money known to be mixed with the genuine. Their findings, if made public, are expected to startle the world. They may be so momentous that they will be suppressed to prevent the tottering of the strongest financial institutions in Asia. Bankers of the orient fear, with good reason, that they are holding, locked in their burglar-proof vaults, tens of millions of pounds in counterfeit notes which they took for genuine, and which will spell ruin when disclosed.

The money men have not forgotten that the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation was compelled to keep its doors open five nights and five days at a stretch to handle a remarkable and unaccountable influx of bank notes—notes of which many have since been found to be forgeries, and of which the bank is not rid.

And the Indo-Chinese bank, a French corporation of Shanghai, withdrew its notes from circulation to investigate the character of those received. Then a sudden and drastic system of scrutiny was put in immediate effect. Nine out of every ten notes were rejected; now there is doubt about many of the tenths.

### Plant in Kobe.

The Russian government has demanded an investigation as to the effect upon the Russo-Chinese bank of the stream of counterfeit money which threatens to engulf the czar's financial craft and bankrupt half his empire, as it already has Siberia. Nicholas III. may address a note to the powers asking that the Mikado be urged to adopt measures to strangle the counterfeiting menace charged to his subjects. There is ground for the belief that they would readily acquiesce through the fear of the spread of the plague and duplication of the money of other nations.

In Kobe, has been located a counterfeiting plant which is said to have cost \$100,000. It has ceased operations, but worthless notes, so near perfection that only the minutest fault can be found by adepts, are declared to be still coming from the hand of cherry blossoms, chrysanthemums and fighting men. Other plants and ingenious imitators are presumed to be continuing the crooked work.

Last summer in the Russo-Chinese bank doubt arose as to a certain note. It was for \$10, Mexican money, and numbered 0654. It was as perfect a reproduction of the genuine original as could be conceived. The bank's experts peered for weeks over it and a good note and could find not even the slightest discrepancy. Yet the bank note officials had strong cause to believe it a forgery.

### Worst Fears Realized.

Similar doubts had come up in the Imperial Bank of China and at the Indo-Chinese bank. Persistent efforts, however, revealed no visible peculiarity of a note—certainly none such

as to be observed in the regular transaction of business. Utterly in the dark, the bankers turned to this side of the water for light. To determine whether the suspected notes were real or spurious, several of them and a number of unquestionably good ones were sent to the American Bank Note company, New York, and also to the Bank of England, says the Cincinnati Enquirer.

After three months' close study of the notes discrepancies were noted in all those under suspicion, and they were pronounced counterfeit. The discrepancies were limited, however, to the minutest differences of texture of the paper, and other virtually indiscernible faults. British findings were the same.

Consternation has been caused by the replies sent to the oriental banks. To what extent they have been receiving these counterfeit notes during three years and how many of them the banks themselves were and are holding as supposedly good money remains to be learned. Sixteen million pounds—\$30,000,000—is an American expert's estimate of the amount already found.

### Four Plates Used.

It has been established that these counterfeit notes were placed in circulation at the opening of the Russo-Japanese war, and possibly before. Instead of having stopped the tide has risen until the afflicted bankers are afraid of their own paper, because they cannot be sure of it.

During the war it was openly charged that the Japanese government carried on a nefarious operations carrying on and closed its eyes and ears to the truth. Every Japanese or Chinese coolie class appeared with money. The banks and the report was that the brown men were carrying a portion of their money from the four banks.

Experts to investigate. Information has been received that the main counterfeiting plant itself has been located in Kobe. The outfit is said to have cost at least \$100,000. The most expensive machinery used in the making of money has been employed in turning out this

middle of a warm summer day a great rush of notes began. Every obligation was met without question. During the afternoon it kept up. The notes were for the most part presented by the coolies. They were universally of the five dollar class. The officials thought of a counterfeiting scheme, and had their experts investigate the notes. Several hours were devoted to a study of them under a microscope. The experts had to acknowledge that no discrepancy could be found.

### Inspection Proved Futile.

"Then the big bank did its duty. The officials knew that every note it had in circulation was more than amply secured, and they determined that if the people wanted hard money for their paper they should have it. That night the bank remained open, and the procession of coolies kept up. The next day the bank did not close. And every hour for five days and five nights this rush continued.

"Extra funds from other branches of the corporation were hurriedly recalled and every note met. Then the drain slackened and the officials breathed easier. How many thousands of dollars in good English coin was withdrawn has never been divulged. Suffice it to say that when the year was rounded out and the statement of the bank made, the higher officials were surprised. They again set about to see if a forgery had not been perpetrated. Their investigation merely brought out the fact that practically every note issued by the bank had been returned, and that all appeared genuine. Then more notes began to come in. Genuine depositors and those holding the real notes began to be frightened by the rumors floating broadcast, and coming for the most part from drunken, opium-crazed coolies who had secured uncustomed amounts of money. These depositors began to present their notes for payment. Then the bank officials knew there had been a great crime. Inspection proved futile, and they decided to lay the matter before American and English experts. The result is now known.

"The Indo-Chinese bank in Shanghai was similarly affected. It occurred about a year ago. I remember it well. A run started through



spurious note, and some of the most skilled workmen in the world did the delicate engraving of the plates. The product of the plant is nothing less than a reproduction of the Russian bank note. In its perfection it passes the bounds of the word "counterfeit." It becomes a duplicate.

One of the leading experts consulted regarding the dilemma is George S. Hall, of the American Bank Note company. He is now en route to China, where his mission will keep him occupied three months. His time will be devoted toward solving the problem uppermost there.

### Five Days Run.

J. S. McCune, one of the best-known experts of England on forgery and counterfeiting, is also bound for Shanghai, which offers the most fertile field for the skill of such men. That appears to be the headquarters for the extended investigation now beginning. Mr. McCune claims Japan has been petitioned by several of the larger banking corporations of China, all of which are European institutions, to enact a drastic law, similar to that of the United States, making it a high crime even to have a counterfeit note in possession.

"This is the condition in the far east," said Mr. McCune. "The bankers do not know where they stand. Runs have been started on them which were absolutely unaccountable. I recall in particular the case of the Hongkong and Shanghai bank in Shanghai.

"About a year and a half ago a run started on this bank. The officials did not understand why. The institution is an English concern, and has practically unlimited capital. In the

# PEOPLE TALKED ABOUT

## EGYPT'S MAN OF IRON OUT



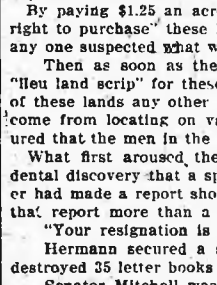
Lord Cromer, Great Britain's plenipotentiary on the Nile, the great man in Egypt, who in 26 years raised the land of the Nile from a state of beggary to a condition of prosperity, has resigned his post on account of ill health.

It had been known for some time that the health of Lord Cromer was affected, but there was no idea when he issued his voluminous report on the progress of the government recently that his retirement was impending.

Lord Cromer has been the rear ruler of Egypt since 1883, the khedive being mere plaster in his hands. He built the great dams in the Nile, which have added millions of acres of fertile land to the ancient country of the Pharaohs. Egypt was sunk in the deepest debt in the 80s, but now her coffers are overflowing.

He was born in 1842 and saw much public service after he entered the royal artillery in 1858. Four years he acted as secretary of Lord Northbrook, while the latter was viceroy of India. In 1877 he was appointed a commissioner of the Egyptian public debt. In 1879, when the Khedive Ismail was deposed, he represented England and France as one of the controllers general. In 1880 Lord Cromer's services in Egypt received public recognition in his appointment to the office of finance minister on the viceroyal council of India. In 1883 he succeeded Sir Edward Malet as British agent, consul general, and minister plenipotentiary. Lord Cromer is a man of quick decision and great determination. In Egypt he ruled with an iron hand and was an uncompromising servant of British supremacy.

The retirement of Lord Cromer will involve no change in the British policy with regard to Egypt. Sir Eldon Gorst was appointed to succeed to the post of Egypt on the advice of Lord Cromer, whose complete confidence he possesses. He takes up a difficult task, but will assume the work with the full approval of official circles both in London and Cairo.



## EX-OFFICIAL ON TRIAL

The government's prosecuting officers are trying hard to send to jail Binger Hermann, former commissioner of public lands, and member of congress from Oregon. Besides the case which has been on trial in Washington there are indictments and prosecutions waiting for him at home.

Hermann is one of half a dozen prominent men charged with conspiracy to defraud the government, and Hermann is the only big fish that has so far escaped the net. The conspiracy of which Hermann is accused is said to have been entered into while Hermann was commissioner of lands. It is alleged that through the influence of Senator Mitchell, who was to be paid \$500 for his services, certain lands in northwest Oregon were to be set aside as a forest reserve, to be known as the Blue Mountain Forest reserve.

Surveyor General Meldrum with one Sorensen Mitchell, and others were to be given advance information as to what lands would be included and they would take advantage of this advance information to get possession of the school land sections.

By paying \$1.25 an acre and getting some person to sign a "release of a right to purchase" these lands could be corralled by the conspirators before any one suspected what was to happen.

Then as soon as the reserve was created the government would issue "fieu land scrip" for these lands, giving their holders a right to take in lieu of these lands any other public lands outside the reserve. The profit was to come from locating on valuable timber lands with the lieu scrip. It is figured that the men in the deal were to clear \$750,000.

What first aroused the suspicions of Secretary Hitchcock was the accidental discovery that a special agent of the department named J. S. Holsinger had made a report showing up land frauds and that Hermann had held up that report more than a month.

"Your resignation is requested," said the secretary. Hermann secured a short delay, and during that time it is alleged he destroyed 35 letter books which contained traces of the conspiracy.

Senator Mitchell was convicted, but died before sentence was executed. Hermann has claimed right, along that he was persecuted. He is putting up a hard fight.

necessary. "4. It will do more than anything that has happened in a long time for the cause of woman's suffrage. "5. It will stimulate the study of law by women who are peculiarly fitted for such study and practice. "I am not going out looking for cases, but if a man feels unable to get the best brand of justice in a man justice shop he may try the petticoat brand. I have not a swelled head. I don't think a justice of the peace is any better than a good cook."



## FREED BY "UNWRITTEN LAW"

Set free of the charge of murder by the "unwritten law," Congressman George K. Favrot, of Baton Rouge, La., has been released from jail by the court of which he himself was judge when he shot his boyhood chum, Dr. H. H. Aldrich, dead for a remark about Mrs. Favrot.

Aldrich was Favrot's family physician. Mrs. Favrot is a strikingly handsome brunette of the southern type. The tragedy caused a sensation through Louisiana, as the three principals belonged to the oldest and most aristocratic families in the state.

Favrot held the offices of congressman from the Sixth district and judge of East Baton Rouge parish. The congressional election had occurred the day preceding the killing, November 7, 1906, and five hours before Dr. Aldrich was shot down Judge Favrot passed the death sentence on a negro for murder. That night he was arraigned in his own courtroom.

By an oversight in the Louisiana constitution, there is no substitute for a district judge, and Congressman Favrot, being unable to grant himself bail, was remanded to prison, and there he remained with the entire court machinery of the district tied up because the law did not provide for such an emergency. The supreme court declared the only solution was a special election of a district judge, and this was done.

Congressman Favrot based his defense on the "unwritten law." A woman's name was sullied and her protector put to death the man who was responsible. Fewer than half a dozen persons know the nature of the alleged insult.

Judge Favrot was indicted by a grand jury which he himself had called. The indictment was quashed because one of the jurors was illiterate. A second grand jury has just refused to return an indictment against the congressman.

## DIDN'T KNOW WHICH GOT HIT.

An Irishman, passing along the street one day, was hit on the head by a brick which had dropped from a new building. Thinking he had cause for complaint and damages, he consulted a lawyer, who advised bringing suit. The case came before the proper authorities, and the man was awarded \$50 damages. Wishing to settle with the lawyer who had conducted the case, he asked for the bill.

"Well, I think \$50 will be about right," said the lawyer. The money was paid. After a while, observing that the Irishman was evidently puzzling over some knotty question, he asked what was the trouble.

"Begorra!" replied the Irishman, "I was just wondering who got hit—you or I."—Judge.

### Beginning a Career.

Aspiring Youth—I understand there is a vacancy on your local staff.

City Editor—Yes, there is; in fact, we are very short-handed, and I can give you a job at once. I want some one to go around and interview Slugg Bulldozer, the eminent politician. This paper charges that he beats his wife and starves his children, and we want to know what he thinks about it.

"Um—er—haven't you a regular interviewer for that kind of work?"

"Oh, yes, several of them, but they are all in the hospital."—N. Y. Weekly.

### Criminal Carelessness.

Newspaper Weather Prophet (big New York daily)—See here, you don't discharge that careless foreman, our weather reputation will be ruined.

Great Editor—My goodness! What has he done?

"Done? What hasn't he done? In the paper to-day is my prediction for yesterday, which he forgot to take out, and right alongside of it is the official report of yesterday's weather."—N. Y. Weekly.

### Happened in Boston.

"See here, waiter, there's no meat in this sandwich!" exclaimed the lunch-counter patron.

"Then why do you designate it as a sandwich, sir?" queried the man behind the white apron. "I am surprised that a gentleman of your erudition should commit such a solecism of rhetoric, sir."—Chicago Daily News.

### The Best in the House.

Hotel Clerk—A room with bath is three dollars per day, colonel.

Prominent and Influential Son of the Dark and Bloody Ground—Yes, sub; but that is of no interest to me, sub. What I wish to know, sub, is the price of a room with drinks?—Puck.

### Cause and Effect.

The Doctor—We just come back from San Remo; been away a week.

The Jokist—Yes, I saw it mentioned in the paper.

The Doctor (eagerly)—Indeed! What did it say?

The Jokist—It drew attention to the remarkable decrease in the death-rate.

### NOT WHAT HE MEANT.



Host (a doctor, who has received a call some distance off)—I'm awfully sorry, old chap, I must leave you to be entertained by my wife until I return.

Guest—Oh! what a confounded nuisance.

### Kiss Anyway.

To kiss a miss may lead to bliss, To kiss a miss may lead to this: Your kiss may miss, which I wish would seem to miss to be remis. But chance like this you'd not dismiss To even kiss a miss amiss!—Life.

### Smell It?

"Where is your automobile department?" asked the man entering the big department store.

"Follow your nose," remarked the clerk near the door.—Yonkers Statesman.

### She Had Her Reason.

Mistress—And pray why do you want to leave us, Anna?

Cook—The doctor has ordered my sergeant a more generous diet.—Royal Magazine.

### After He Had Read It All.

He (virtuously)—I call it simply outrageous for the newspapers to print this terrible stuff.

She (sternly)—How do you know it is terrible?—Baltimore American.

### Only in Domestic Affairs.

Jink!—So your wife don't not believe in practical politics?

Pratt (smiling)—No, only in the boss system.—Baltimore American.



**PLYMOUTH MAIL**

F. W. SAMSEN.

**SUBSCRIPTION RATES.**  
 One Year \$1.00  
 Six Months .50  
 Three Months .25

**ADVERTISING RATES.**  
 Business Cards, \$5.00 per year.  
 Resolutions of Respect, \$1.00.  
 Cards of thanks, 25 cents.  
 All local notices will be charged for at 5 cents per line or fraction thereof, for each insertion. Display advertising rates made known on application. Where no time is specified, all notices and advertisements will be inserted until ordered discontinued.

FRIDAY, MAY 3, 1907.

**Base Ball in Plymouth.**

At a recent meeting of the directors of the Plymouth Athletic Association, E. L. Riggs was elected manager of the base ball club. A first class local ball team will be put in the field and games with some of the best amateur clubs will be arranged for. New suits have been purchased for the boys and they will appear in natty dress. While for a few games a pitcher may have to be imported, Roy Armstrong and Clyde Bentley are daily working out and will become the pitching staff of the club. Plymouth will play its first game with Milford on the 9th, and the latter will play in Plymouth the week following, the 16th, which will be the opening game here.

The Association was indebted to President Markham in the sum of \$98 for money advanced to pay expenses last year. But Mr. Markham made the generous proposition that he would accept \$50 and cancel the obligation. For a week or more a subscription paper has been in circulation to raise funds for the association and The Mail has been requested to publish the list of names. While the list is published at this time it will not prevent any one else, who may wish to do so, to make a contribution as still more funds are needed to pay for suits and ground rent.

- |                   |                    |                     |
|-------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| \$5.00            | E. K. Bennett      | E. L. Riggs         |
|                   | C. S. Butterfield  | Fred Burch          |
|                   | Gayde Bros.        | Das Smith           |
|                   | Thos. Hennaway     | Schrader Bros.      |
|                   | A. E. Patterson    | Boe & Partridge     |
|                   | Brown & Pattingill | D. M. Berlan        |
|                   | A. H. Dibble & Son | McLaren & Co.       |
|                   | E. C. Hough        | Conner Hardware Co. |
|                   | J. R. Rauch & Son  | C. A. Pinckney      |
|                   | J. H. Kimble       | H. E. Cooper        |
|                   | H. C. Robinson     | F. P. Bennett       |
|                   | C. B. Bennett      | F. K. George        |
|                   | Milton Oakman      | D. M. Adams         |
|                   | F. W. Samsen       | C. B. Shortman      |
| \$3.00—Wm. Gayde. |                    |                     |
| \$2.00            | Henry J. Fisher    |                     |
|                   | F. J. Stocken      |                     |
|                   | C. E. Penney       |                     |
|                   | E. E. Voxen        |                     |
|                   | Geo. Springer      |                     |
|                   | S. O. Hudd         |                     |
|                   | Bobt. Walker       |                     |
| \$1.00            | H. A. Nichols      |                     |
|                   | J. A. Landy        |                     |
|                   | A. J. Burgess      |                     |
|                   | F. W. Voorhies     |                     |
|                   | Geo. Richwine      |                     |
|                   | Wm. Robinson       |                     |
|                   | M. Smith           |                     |
|                   | Boort              |                     |
|                   | B. H. Bea          |                     |
|                   | Ed. Brown          |                     |

**Vote for Bonds or Pay Now.**

Whether the question of bonding the village for \$12,000 to pay the cost of paving Main street is voted by the people on May 14th is carried or not, the council doesn't propose the work shall be blocked or even deferred, for at a meeting held last Monday evening a resolution was passed declaring it necessary that the street be paved and that further preliminary proceedings be taken. The resolution is printed on another page and it will be seen that a date is fixed for the hearing of objections and complaints from property owners who will be assessed two-thirds of the expense.

As we understand the matter, in case the question of bonding is not carried at the polls May 14th, the tax rate this year will be raised to a figure that will provide funds for the payment of one-third by the village at large and its share of park property. In other words the tax payers at large will be called upon to pay up this year instead of having bonds issued payable in twenty years. The ultimatum seems to be to vote for the bonds or pay your share of the expense this summer.

Many of the property owners along the line of the street are very much displeased because of the proposition to assess two-thirds against the property as well as the intention of paying with brick, and it has been stated some of them talk of getting out an injunction to prevent the council from doing so. President Bennett and a majority of the council, however, are determined the improvement shall be made and they will push the matter to a finish.

**Field Day Meet.**

The sixth annual field day meet of the high schools of Plymouth, Chelsea and Wayne will take place at Athletic Park, Plymouth, Saturday, May 11th. The Plymouth boys have been in training for some time and expect to carry off as many or more honors as they did last year. However Wayne is said to be in much better shape than last year and will put up a strong fight for a lead. There will undoubtedly be a large attendance of Plymouthites to see our boys win out. Admission 50c and 10c, one ticket admitting to both morning and afternoon sessions.

It pays to have nicely printed stationery. Get it at The Mail office.

**CHURCH NEWS.**

**CHRISTIAN SCIENTIST.**  
 Sunday morning service at First Church of Christ, Scientist, 10:00 A. M. Subject, "Adam and Fallen Man." Sunday school for children 11:00 A. M. Wednesday evening testimonial service 7 P. M. Every one is welcome.

**PRESBYTERIAN.**  
 Sunday 10:00, morning worship. The pastor will speak on "The Chinese Centennial." 11:15, Sunday-school. 6:00, The Girls' Guild will meet in the church parlors to study Paul's first missionary journey, Acts 13 and 14. The C. E. has resolved itself into a Missionary Guild temporarily at least. 7:00, Evening praise service. The pastor will speak on "Life and Death from Paul's Standpoint." You are most cordially invited to all the above services. Also to the midweek prayer service at 7:00 on Thursday evening. Subject, "Forbearing One Another in Love"—Ephesians 4:1-6.

**UNIVERSALIST**  
 The sermon next Sunday morning will be the first of a series that is intended especially to make clear the Universalist views upon the meaning and work of the church as related to church membership. All who are interested in the plain teachings and the simple methods and interpretations of Jesus Gospel and believe in a society founded upon these should be present at this series and get our point of view. Services at 10 a. m. Subject next Sunday, "The Church; its Field and its Value to the World."

Sunday-school at 11:15 a. m. Y. P. C. U. service at 7:00 p. m. Subject, "Pride—Righteous and Unrighteous." Miss Mary Schaufele, leader.

**BAPTIST.**

The Wayne Association of the W. B. H. M. S. will hold its annual meeting May 9th at the Baptist church. There will be a morning, afternoon and evening session. A cordial invitation is extended to mission circles and any who may desire to be present.—Sec.

Men's meeting 10:00 a. m. All men invited, whatever may be their creed. Morning worship at 10:30. Lord's supper at 11:30. Sunday-school 11:45. B. Y. P. U. 6:30. Leader, Miss Alice Weston. Topic, "Power of a Contented Life." 7:30 to 7:45, song service, followed by evening sermon, Prayer and praise meeting Wednesday night 7:30. This will be the first prayer meeting of the new church year. May it be a sample of the prayer meetings for the year.

**METHODIST.**

The Kings Herald of the M. E. church will hold their May meeting Monday next, the 16th, with Mrs. Bodmer, at 3:30 o'clock.

Every one interested in the Epworth League is urgently requested to attend the regular annual meeting to be held in the M. E. church to-night at 7:30. In connection with a social hour, the election of officers will take place.

Rev. Erwin King of Owosso has been appointed pastor of the Methodist church of Plymouth and will take up his duties at an early date. In the meantime the pulpit will be supplied and the regular Sunday morning and evening services maintained. A preacher has been secured for next Sunday. Morning service at 10 a. m. Evening service at 7 p. m. The usual Epworth League service at 6 o'clock. Preaching at Newburg in the afternoon.

**Waited a Long Time.**

Just how the roots of trees will permeate a tile drain is nicely illustrated in the county drain now being dug up by T. F. Chilson on Harvey street. The tile is a 12 inch one and for several years it has been clogged up at the lower end. Last fall the pressure of water became so great that the crock burst and the water came up above ground, where it has since been a continuous flowing stream. The big crock dug up contained a perfect matting of fine roots so thickly and firmly held together that not a bit of water could get through. The people whose cellars have been flooded by the backing up of the water are glad that after many months of waiting they are afforded relief.

**Alumni Meeting.**

A meeting of the officers of the high school alumni association was held last Saturday at which the committee for making preparations for the banquet were appointed. All members of the association are urgently requested to pay their 1907 dues as soon as possible to either Marion Nash or Clara Patterson.—Sec'y.

**The North Side**

Miss Helen Passage spent Thursday with friends at Northville. Mrs. Fisher and daughter, Mrs. Hannah, were Detroit visitors Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Kensler of Salem spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Jake Streng.

Miss Margaret Miller and Mrs. M. E. Hannah visited friends at South Lyon last week.

Miss Hazel and Elele Carpenter of Detroit are visiting E. D. Wood and family this week.

Willard Roe went to Lansing Thursday to attend the funeral of his brother, Wilson Roe, on Friday.

Harry Proseus of North Rose, New York, and Stillman White, of Evert, visited E. N. Passage and family this week.

Ed. Palphreyman commenced work for Wm. Gayde last Monday. Wyman Bartlett will drive the meat wagon in the country this summer.

The death of Wilson Roe, who formerly lived here, leaves but one of the old members of the old Plymouth band, that being Isaac Gleason.

The German Ladies will give a box social at the home of Mrs. L. Iteber Wednesday evening, May 8th. Ladies all bring your lunch box which will be sold at auction and at which time the lucky one will receive the lamp the ladies have been selling tickets on for some time past. The proceeds will go toward an addition to be built on the parsonage.

**An Example for Plymouth.**

Just what a business men's association can accomplish when it sets out to do so, is nicely illustrated by such an association at Tecumseh, a village of about one-third more population than Plymouth. They do not believe in giving bonuses, but hustle around among themselves and get stock subscribed at home. Some time ago \$50,000 was subscribed for a fence factory and now they are at work hustling around for \$10,000 more, with every prospect of success in order to secure the Novelty Manufacturing Co. of Northville. Like the "prophet not without honor save in his own country" the Northville people are giving bonuses to outside concerns to come in and letting those already in, move out. The Tecumsehites think they see in the Northville concern a paying proposition and are after it and will get it. The writer was in Tecumseh a few days ago and knows the facts. We write this for the purpose of pointing out that what an organization in other towns can do, can also be done by a similar organization in Plymouth—if we had one. A little "backbone" and push among our moneyed men a few years ago would have secured us the Ford Motor Co., a concern now rated at millions. While such opportunities do not occur every day, there are smaller ones that can be secured by a little financing, with no chance of their pulling up and moving away after a year or two. Get a business men's association started.

**A Narrow Escape.**

G. W. Cloyd, a merchant of Plunk, Mo., had a narrow escape four years ago, when he ran a jimson bar into his thumb. He says: "The doctor wanted to amputate it but I would not consent. I bought a box of Bucklin's Arnica Salve and that cured the dangerous wound." 25c at The Wolverine Drug Co. and J. L. Gale's.

**Notice.**

To the Village Public: I have been told that some one had started a report that I was putting some kind of milk preserver in the milk that I sold and the same kind of report was started last summer. Whoever it was or is starting such stuff is a dirty false tale teller, for it is false and I will give a reward of \$25.00 to any one that will have a milk inspector take samples of milk from my wagon and prove that I put anything in the milk to keep it, any time last summer or this, or any time hereafter, or have any one do such a thing for me. I sell pure milk only.

—B. F. TYLES, Milk Dealer.

Modern house for sale on Sutton st. Enquire at Riggs' store.

**Plymouth Markets.**

- Wheat, Red, \$ .72
- Wheat, White, \$ .72
- Oats, 50c.
- Eye, 50c.
- Potatoes, 55c.
- Beans, basis \$1.10
- Butter, 55c.
- Eggs 14c

**DONT MAKE A MISTAKE**

Before buying Carpets, Rugs, Matings, Lace Curtains, Shades and Fixtures come and see our large, new stock.

We Have the Goods--the Prices, and can please you in all respects.

**Our Line of Fine Furniture Cannot be Beat**  
**SCHRADER BROS.**

Furniture Dealers and Funeral Directors. Phone 51 2-r., day or night.

**At Lapham's for Another Week**

MAY 6 to 13.

**A Special Reduction**  
 ON ALL KINDS OF SOAP.

**Six Cases of Liquid Veneer**

at a small margin above cost.

We will still continue for one week our Special Baking Powder Sale—Red Cross at 10c lb., I. C. at 20c and Rumford at 20c., all 25c goods.

The increase of sales and the hundreds of satisfied customers leaving this store weekly is evidence that we are the goods

**A. J. LAPHAM**



**ROGERS' PAINTS**

are made by a house that cannot afford to risk an honorable reputation by making any sort of paint except the best; nor can you afford to use any except the best, for it is much the cheapest in the long run.

Made by Detroit White Lead Works Sold by

**A. J. LAPHAM,**  
 Plymouth, Mich.

Detroit, Plymouth & Northville By

**TIME CARD.**

NORTH				SOUTH			
Ln. Wayne	Common Councils	Plymouth	Active	Ln. Wayne	Common Councils	Plymouth	Active
6 45	8 15	3 45	1 15	6 45	8 15	3 45	1 15
7 45	9 15	4 45	2 15	7 45	9 15	4 45	2 15
8 45	10 15	5 45	3 15	8 45	10 15	5 45	3 15
9 45	11 15	6 45	4 15	9 45	11 15	6 45	4 15
10 45	12 15	7 45	5 15	10 45	12 15	7 45	5 15
11 45	1 15	8 45	6 15	11 45	1 15	8 45	6 15
12 45	2 15	9 45	7 15	12 45	2 15	9 45	7 15
1 45	3 15	10 45	8 15	1 45	3 15	10 45	8 15
2 45	4 15	11 45	9 15	2 45	4 15	11 45	9 15
3 45	5 15	12 45	10 15	3 45	5 15	12 45	10 15
4 45	6 15	1 45	11 15	4 45	6 15	1 45	11 15
5 45	7 15	2 45	12 15	5 45	7 15	2 45	12 15
6 45	8 15	3 45	1 15	6 45	8 15	3 45	1 15
7 45	9 15	4 45	2 15	7 45	9 15	4 45	2 15
8 45	10 15	5 45	3 15	8 45	10 15	5 45	3 15
9 45	11 15	6 45	4 15	9 45	11 15	6 45	4 15
10 45	12 15	7 45	5 15	10 45	12 15	7 45	5 15
11 45	1 15	8 45	6 15	11 45	1 15	8 45	6 15
12 45	2 15	9 45	7 15	12 45	2 15	9 45	7 15
1 45	3 15	10 45	8 15	1 45	3 15	10 45	8 15
2 45	4 15	11 45	9 15	2 45	4 15	11 45	9 15
3 45	5 15	12 45	10 15	3 45	5 15	12 45	10 15
4 45	6 15	1 45	11 15	4 45	6 15	1 45	11 15
5 45	7 15	2 45	12 15	5 45	7 15	2 45	12 15
6 45	8 15	3 45	1 15	6 45	8 15	3 45	1 15
7 45	9 15	4 45	2 15	7 45	9 15	4 45	2 15
8 45	10 15	5 45	3 15	8 45	10 15	5 45	3 15
9 45	11 15	6 45	4 15	9 45	11 15	6 45	4 15
10 45	12 15	7 45	5 15	10 45	12 15	7 45	5 15
11 45	1 15	8 45	6 15	11 45	1 15	8 45	6 15
12 45	2 15	9 45	7 15	12 45	2 15	9 45	7 15

Care of the D. P. & Y. public street connection with care on the Ann Arbor Avenue Detroit the street hour. For information about special cars, rates, etc., address

E. RICHMOND, Sec'y.  
 Plymouth, Mich.

Michigan Telephone No. 2  
 Local Telephone No. 71.

**Penney's Live!**

When in need of a Rig ring up City Phone No. 9.

**DRAYING OF ALL KINDS**  
 Promptly done.

A share of your trade solicited.

**CZAR PENNEY**

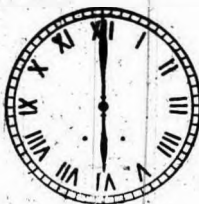
**Robinson's Livery**

Sutton Street

Good Rigs at the best prices possible.

All kinds of Draying done promptly.

**GALE'S**



**Six o'clock in the Chase and Sanborn Coffee Mills!**  
 And not one pound of roasted coffee can be found in their stock! That's the rule.

Just see how it works! After coffee has been roasted it must not be exposed to the air or it loses half its strength and all its rich aroma. So they roast their

**HIGH GRADE COFFEE**

only upon order. The coffee is roasted, hermetically sealed in air-tight canisters, and shipped—all on the same day.

If you want coffee which shall make your mouth water for another cup, just ask your grocer for one of Chase & Sanborn's High-Grade Coffees. It will be given you in an imported, air-tight, parchment-lined bag.

● Try it once.

For new stock of  
**Wall Paper,**  
**Drugs, Groceries,**  
**China & Glassware,**  
**Seeds of all kinds**  
 —GO TO—  
**John L. Gale**

**NOTICE.**

To the Electors of the Village of Plymouth: At a meeting of the Common Council of the Village of Plymouth held at the Council Chamber on Thursday, April 25, 1907, the following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, by the Common Council of the Village of Plymouth, State of Michigan, that it is necessary and expedient that South Main street in said Village of Plymouth from the intersection thereof with the Pere Marquette Railroad Company's right of way and running thence south to the intersection thereof with the northern side line of Sutton street and beginning at said northern side line of Sutton street and extending thence south to the southern side line of Ann Arbor street, be paved. Be it further

Resolved, That in the opinion of said common council a portion of the expense of said paving should be paid by the Village at large and a portion thereof by the abutting private property owners and that a just and fair distribution and apportionment of said expense will be as follows, to-wit: That the said Village at large pay the cost of all street intersections and in front of all parks and other public property and that of the remainder of said cost 50 per cent be paid by the Village at large and 50 per cent be assessed upon the private property owners owning land abutting upon the respective portions of said street as above described, according to their respective frontage. Be it further

Resolved, That in order for said Village at large to pay its proportionate amount of the cost of said improvement it is necessary to raise money by loan, and there shall be raised by the issuing of the bonds of said Village, the sum not to exceed \$10,000, necessary to be raised from the date of issue, and to bear interest at the rate of four and one half per cent per annum, payable semi-annually. Provided, that such loan be authorized by two-thirds of the electors voting by ballot upon the question having such bond at a special Village election to be held on the fourteenth day of May A. D. 1907. Be it further

Resolved, That the question of making said loan be submitted to a vote of the electors on the said day last named, and that the poll or place of holding said election be the Village Hall of said Village and the clerk of said Village be instructed to give notice of the holding of said election by posting copies of these resolutions in six of the most public places in said Village and by publishing the same once each week for two weeks in succession in the Plymouth Mail, a newspaper published and circulated in said Village. Be it further

Resolved, That the polls be open at seven o'clock in the morning and be kept open until five o'clock in the afternoon of said day. That the ballots on such election have printed thereon the proposition to be submitted at such election as follows: "For bonds for paving South Main Street," followed by the word "Yes" and the same words followed by the word "No." Any elector desiring to vote against said proposition shall make a cross opposite said word "No" and his vote shall be counted accordingly as he shall set his cross opposite either of said words "Yes" or "No". That the ballots cast at such election shall be counted and the results of such election certified by the board of inspectors in the manner as prescribed by law for counting the same and making returns thereof at other Village elections, and if two-thirds of the electors voting at such election shall approve of the issuing of said bonds that the same bonds be issued as may be hereafter directed by this council.

Dated April 25, 1907.  
 FRANK S. WILSON, President.  
 FRANK S. WILSON, Clerk.

**Registration Notice.**

To the Electors of the Village of Plymouth, Michigan: Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the Board of Registration of the Village of Plymouth will be held at the Common Council Rooms in said Village of Plymouth on Saturday, May 11, 1907, for the purpose of receiving the names of all such persons who shall be possessed of the necessary qualifications of electors and who may apply for that purpose and said Board of Registration will be in session in the afternoon until 8 o'clock in the afternoon, on the 25th day of April, 1907.  
 FRANK S. WILSON, Clerk.

**FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR**

For children—safe, sure. No opiates



# Central Grocery



This man isn't trying to grope his way to our store, but is playing a game of blind man's bluff. But even the blind can find their way to our store because of its easy accessibility and being in the center of the business district. Besides we have both 'phone connections and are always pleased to answer calls.

Our trade is steadily increasing, attributable to our strict attention to all the little wants of our customers and our promptness in serving them. Try an order with us and let us "show you."

**CELERY, LETTUCE,  
GREEN ONIONS,  
RADISHES,  
VEGETABLE OYSTERS,  
ORANGES & BANANAS**

and all Staple and Fancy Groceries.

## Rob & Partridge

Phone 13 Free Delivery

R. E. COOPER, M.D.C.M.,  
**Physician & Surgeon,**  
Office hours—Until 9 A. M., 12 to 2;  
after 7 P. M.

Office at home, next to Christian Science Hall  
Bell Phone 38; Local 20.

## Dr. A. E. PATTERSON

Office and residence, Main street,  
next to Express office.

Hours—until 9 a. m., 2 to 4 p. m. and after 7  
Telephone 88, Plymouth, Mich.

## LUTHER PECK, B. S., M. D., Surgery, Diseases of Women and Children.

Answers all calls day or night from his  
office over Riggs' store.  
Office Hours—8 to 9 a. m., 1 to 3 and 7 to 9 p. m.  
Telephone No. 8.

## DR. J. J. TRAVIS, DENTIST.

Office in old Bank Building.  
Phone 121.

## P. W. VOORHIES,

**Attorney and Counselor at Law**  
Real Estate, Loans and  
Collections.  
Telephone 73. Plymouth, Mich

## Probate Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, county of Wayne, ss.  
I, the undersigned, Judge of Probate for said  
county of Wayne, hold at the Probate office in  
the city of Detroit, on the ninth day of  
April, in the year one thousand nine hundred  
and seven. Present, Edgar O. Durfee, Judge  
of Probate. In the matter of the estate of  
William T. Sly, deceased.  
On reading and filing the petition of Elizabeth  
Sly, praying that administration of said  
estate may be granted to said Elizabeth or some  
other suitable person.  
It is ordered, that the fifteenth day of  
May next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at  
said court room, be appointed for hearing said  
petition. And it is further ordered, that a  
copy of this order be published three successive  
weeks previous to said time of hearing in the  
Plymouth Mail, a newspaper printed and cir-  
culating in said county of Wayne.  
EDGAR O. DURFEE,  
Judge of Probate.  
[A true copy.]  
EDWIN E. PALMER, Probate Clerk.

## TARGET BRAND Scale Destroyer

The best remedy for killing flea beetle scale  
on plants. Kills all kinds of insects.  
DIRECTIONS—Dilute with 20 parts of water.  
PRICE—Quart \$2.00; 1 gallon, \$4.00;  
5 gallons, \$17.50; 15 gallons, \$50.00.  
Lohman Seed Co., 73 Grand, Detroit

R-I-P-A-N-S Tablets  
Doctors find  
A good prescription  
For mankind.  
The 5-cent packet is enough for usual occasions.  
The family bottle (50 cents) contains a supply  
for a year. All druggists sell them.

## Local News

Mrs. Will Smith is quite dangerously ill.

Frank Nicholson spent Sunday in  
Ann Arbor.

Asa Joy is building a new house on  
Bowers street.

Dr. and Mrs. Nichols spent Sunday at  
Whitmore Lake.

Mrs. M. Kellogg visited in Detroit a  
few days this week.

Claude Shafer of Detroit visited his  
parents last Sunday.

Mrs. Fred Ekkliff is visiting relatives  
in Canada this week.

Hugh Aldrich of Ypsilanti visited  
Miss Mabel Childs Sunday.

Special meeting of the O. E. S. next  
Tuesday night for practice.

Mr. Fattall is moving into the Green-  
law house on Sutton street.

Mrs. E. I. Arms of South Lyon visited  
friends here last Monday.

Geo. Delker and family visited relatives  
in Grand Rapids Sunday.

Ed. Pelton and daughter June called  
on friends in town Wednesday.

Chas. Fitcher and wife of Flint visited  
at C. E. Pitcher's over Sunday.

Misses Verne Rowley and Della  
Eberly spent Sunday in Williamston.

Mrs. Nancy Bradner of Lansing is  
visiting her mother, Mrs. Ruth Cable.

A. W. Chaffee has sold his automobile  
to T. G. Richardson of Northville.

Ethan Richmond of Blanchard,  
Mich., visited at Ed. Richmond's this  
week.

Miss Vera Geer of Ypsilanti visited  
Miss Lelia Murray the latter part of  
last week.

Adna Burnett and daughter Alva  
and Miss Jessie Whipple spent Sunday  
in Northville.

Miss May Hull entertained her  
sister, Miss Alice Hull, of Eaton Rap-  
ids, over Sunday.

Mrs. Ed. Richmond and Mrs. Ellen  
Richmond attended the funeral of an  
aunt in Jackson Sunday.

Misses Blanche Gentz and Rose  
Wilske will spend the summer at the  
Interlocken at Orchard Lake.

Walter Kensler has sold his house  
and lot on Ann Arbor street to Clark  
Sackett. Mr. Kensler will move to  
Detroit.

Robt. and Lucy Safford, Miss  
Ruppee, Miss Culver and Lynn Mar-  
shall of Detroit visited at Mrs. Ella  
Safford's Sunday.

Albert Gates, rural mail carrier, has  
purchased a motor cycle with which he  
will make the round of his route—i. e.  
when the roads are passable.

Frank Bassett and Miss Eva Lee  
were married at the M. E. parsonage  
in Northville last night. They will  
occupy Mrs. Safford's house on Harvey  
street.

Ray Smith left Tuesday for Lansing  
where he will play first base for the  
Lansing club, which is a member of  
the Southern Michigan League. And  
"Danke" will make good, too.

There appears to be trouble in the  
Yoxon family. Mrs. Yoxon left a few  
weeks ago taking her belongings and  
has since applied for a divorce. Sat-  
urday a sheriff's attachment was placed  
on all the property owned by Mr.  
Yoxon.

C. H. Rauch, J. R. Rauch, B. B.  
Bennett and E. K. Bennett went to  
Fenton last Saturday to purchase an  
automobile for C. H. Rauch, returning  
Sunday. The machine will run back-  
wards as well as forward. Ask E. K.  
Bennett if it won't.

The home talent play, "All a Mis-  
take," was given a second time Tues-  
day evening at the opera house. Be-  
sides the specialties by the Smiths,  
June Pelton gave a number of pleas-  
ing fancy dances. There was a fairly  
good house present.

Rev. Lee McColister of Detroit will  
deliver an illustrated lecture in the  
opera house Tuesday evening, May 7th,  
entitled "Tolstol." It is one of the  
best in his repertoire and will prove  
of an interesting character. Every  
seat in the house should be filled.

To-day being Arbor day, between the  
hours of two and three o'clock, will  
occur the public planting of trees by  
the ladies' literary club. Through the  
kindness of Prof Isbell there will be a  
short, interesting program carried out  
by the school. Our citizens should  
give this service the recognition it de-  
serves.

Miss Edna Hunter is sick with ty-  
phoid fever.

Miss Anna McGill visited friends in  
Lansing Sunday.

George McGill of Detroit spent Sun-  
day at his father's.

The embroidery class will meet with  
Mrs. W. T. Conner next Tuesday after-  
noon from 2 to 5.

Come to the social and business  
meeting of the Epworth League at the  
M. E. church to-night.

Misses Florence and Mattie Phipps  
and brother Harvey and Albert Cooper  
all of Detroit, visited their uncle, Chas.  
Mathews, Sunday.

The remains of Mrs. Mary Mons-  
field, a sister of George Jackson, were  
brought here for burial from Detroit  
Wednesday. She had been a resident  
of this place until about five years ago.

Ed. Andrews was blacking a stove  
the other day with a mixture contain-  
ing gasoline. In some way the stuff  
caught fire and Ed. had both his hands  
severely burned, which called for the  
services of a doctor.

The good roads law passed by the  
legislature in 1905, so far as it applics  
to Wayne county, was declared  
unconstitutional by the supreme court  
on last Wednesday. There was quite  
an amount of tax collected last winter  
under the law.

The remains of Mrs. Jane Allen  
Kellogg, who died in Chicago, were  
brought here for burial last Saturday.  
Mrs. Kellogg was for many years a  
resident of Plymouth and had a num-  
ber of relatives here. Her daughters  
Mrs. Bowman of Detroit, and Mrs.  
Patterson of Baltimore accompanied  
the body of their mother from Chicago.

Some seventy couples participated  
in the dance given by the village fire  
department in Pennington hall last  
Thursday evening and they all had a  
nice sociable time—the older class as  
well as the younger—as both old and  
new dances were in order. The boys  
received a goodly sum from the sale of  
tickets, which will be added to a "fire-  
men's fund."

Commencing May 1st, the rural mail  
carriers of Plymouth will start out  
from the postoffice at 7:30 instead of  
8:00 a. m. The change of hour is agree-  
able, except that The Mail, which has  
heretofore gone out on the routes on  
Friday morning, may not be able to  
get out early enough hereafter to reach  
the carriers and subscribers will not  
receive their paper until next day.

Mrs. Fred Olen of Northville, while  
undergoing treatment at Ann Arbor,  
jumped from a bridge into the Huron  
river Wednesday while in a state of  
temporary insanity and was drowned.  
She was seen in the act of jumping in-  
to the water and men attempted her  
rescue at once. She had been in the  
water but a few minutes, but efforts  
at resuscitation in her weakened con-  
dition were futile.

Mrs. Robt. Holmes filled her washing  
machine with boiling water Wednes-  
day forenoon preparatory to doing the  
family washing. She stepped out of  
the room a moment when an eighteen  
months' old child pulled the plug out  
of the machine letting the water out,  
scalding its left arm from the shoulder  
down very seriously. Dr. Patterson  
was called and applied the requisite  
lotions and remedies.

A half-dozen dagoes amused them-  
selves last Sunday shooting fish in  
D. W. Packard's pond. Officer Springer  
was notified and he went out and ar-  
rested the bunch, letting them go on  
their own word that they would ap-  
pear before Justice Valentine Monday  
morning. They appeared all right  
and when they pleaded guilty the  
Judge said \$5.00 and costs, each. It  
was a rather expensive Sunday amuse-  
ment, as only one little fish was se-  
cured.

White Wyandotte eggs, 50c per set-  
ting of 15 eggs.  
C. W. HONEYWELL, Route 1.

Maple Syrup.  
Persons wanting a gallon or more of  
good maple syrup can obtain same of  
C. W. Honeywell, Route 1.

Barred and white rock eggs at \$1.00  
a setting. For sale by Arthur Hood.

Wanted—Two apprentice girls at  
Mrs. Harrison's.

Barred Plymouth Rocks. Eggs for  
hatching \$1.00 a setting. E. J. Burr,  
Plymouth.

## EXCURSIONS VIA THE DEER MARQUETTE

DETROIT, Rate, 25c  
SUNDAY, MAY 5.  
Train will leave Plymouth at 11:15 a.  
m. See posters or ask ticket agents for  
particulars.

TOLEDO, Rate, 50c  
SUNDAY, MAY 5.  
Train will leave Plymouth at 10:25 a.  
m. See posters or ask ticket agents for  
particulars.

ISLAND LAKE, Rate, \$ .35  
LANING, " 1.00  
GRAND LEDGE, " 1.25  
IONIA, " 1.50  
GREENVILLE, " 1.75  
SUNDAY, MAY 12.  
Train will leave Plymouth at 8:15 a.  
m. See posters or ask ticket agents  
for particulars.

**Wheat Lands  
SUNNY ALBERTA  
CANADA**  
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on main line, near Calgary. Most productive  
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Residence on Private Car, Sat and Sun  
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**E. N. PASSAGE,**  
Local Agt. C. P. Ry., Plymouth.

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Is your daughter going to graduate? If so, you will want to fit her out for the occasion. Why not come and see what we have before going elsewhere? We feel that with our large line we can do you good and we know you will do us good.

46-inch Batiste ..... 50c  
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32-inch Persian Lawn ..... 25c, 35c and 50c  
Embroidered Swisses ..... 50c, 60c and 75c

## Elbow Kid and Silk Gloves

Flouncings, All-over Embroidery and Laces, Edg-  
ings, Insertions, etc., just the things for graduating  
Dresses.

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Knit to FIT,  
Made to WEAR,  
Money back if Crock or Tear.

Sensible, Satisfying,  
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## 'Cadet' Stockings

Every Pair Guaranteed

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## Scientific Stockings

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BEST IN THE WORLD!

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**25c** the  
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House cleaning time is here and you will do away with your  
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ones at a reasonable price.

## We are the Ones who are Offering Them at a Most Reasonable Price

You all know that everything has advanced from 25 to 40  
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willing to give you the benefit of this discount. We have

## Carpets in the Roll and also Samples

in Brussels, Wiltons, near Brussels, Ingrains, Velvetoes and  
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## Curtains in All Widths and Lengths

PRICES RANGING FROM 50c to \$5.00.

Don't fail to look over our line, as we can save  
you money on these lines.

## EVERYTHING NEW AND UP-TO-DATE.

# RIGGS,

THE CASH OUTFITTER



# STORY

## The Mystery OF Carney-Croft

By  
JOSEPH BROWN COOKE

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### CHAPTER V.—Continued.

I told him of my experiences in the morning, taking care not to omit a single detail of what I had observed in my interview with either Carney or Bobbs. When I had finished he remarked, with equal brevity:

"Well, what of it?"

"That's the way with MacArdel! He can be, and usually is, the most exasperating fellow that ever lived."

"What of it?" I exclaimed. "There's a deuced lot of it, I tell you! I want to find out what this fellow is doing and get him to leave it alone. If you had ever seen his sister and could understand, as I do, the desolateness of her position, you'd be as anxious as I am to reform him."

"Woman in the case, of course," murmured MacArdel softly, taking a deep puff of smoke which he held in his mouth for a moment and then blew out slowly in a long thin cloud.

This is one of the most insulting things that a man can do, and MacArdel knows it perfectly well. I was inclined to knock him down, but I think too much of him for that, so I merely said:

"No, Mac, don't be a fool, but try to listen to reason, if you can!"

"Impossible when you're talking," he observed softly.

I ignored this and continued: "My only interest in Miss Carney is that of lawyer to client and I'm not in love with her or thinking of marrying her. In the first place, I've only seen her once or twice in my life, and in the next, the difference in our financial positions, to speak of nothing else, is quite enough to put out of the question any such idea on my part."

"Cat-looking," said MacArdel, between puffs.

"I suppose you mean by that to imply that a dog may look at a queen?" I replied testily, "but I tell you, man, it's all nonsense—utter nonsense."

"Looks bad, though," said MacArdel, "especially when a fellow compares himself to a dog, and the lady to a queen," and he touched the bell of the little table between us.

"What's that for?" I asked. "I've got plenty of cigars here in my pocket."

"Yellow chattrouse," he replied. "I think you need it."

"Now, seriously, Mac!" I resumed. "What do you think of this man Carney's virtual denial of any excesses?"

"Lie," said MacArdel.

"Well," I went on, "what do you think of the servant's behavior, in practically admitting the whole business and then turning about as he did at the last moment?"

"Nother lie," he replied.

Then you think they are a pair of precious scoundrels?" I asked.

"No; damned scoundrels," he said slowly. "I think they are unless the matter can be explained in another way. But I'm not at all sure of it. That's merely the way things look now."

"Mac," I said, "you don't know as much as I do."

"That," he replied, "is the most unkind thing you ever said to me. I know things, my boy, that your philosophy never dreamed of. I have been trying to think, while you have been talking, and in spite of you, I have thought to some purpose."

In the first place, as I said a minute ago, I think the man is an ordinary drunkard and that this servant of his is in league with him to keep the facts from you and his family. Now, I only think this because it is the most plausible explanation that offers; I am not sure of it by any means, and I want that distinctly understood.

In the second place, you don't know anything about it at all, and yet, in your monumental assurance, you have settled the whole thing with the exception of one detail, and you have come to me, as a physician, to supply you with that necessary link in your chain of evidence. You think he is the victim of some drug habit and you want me to tell you, from his symptoms, what drug he is using. Isn't that so?" and he blew out another of those insulting streams of smoke.

I was forced to admit sheepishly that he was right, and my good opinion of myself faded away like the smoke of our cigars.

"Well," he continued, "the symptoms he presents could not be caused by opium, nor by cocaine, nor by hashish. Whisky is the most likely thing of all, and you have nothing but a couple of vague expressions of astonishment from him and his servant to make you search for any other solution of the problem."

There is, however, one other thing that might be at the bottom of it all, and he could not get it here, and it would be pretty hard for him to get it anywhere. Moreover, I am not at all sure myself about it, and would venture to look it up before I would venture to say anything definite of the subject.

"What is it?" I asked anxiously. "Never mind what it is, for the present," he replied. "If I am wrong in my surmise you can safely put it down to whisky, and if I am right, you are no better off, though perhaps no worse. Now, I am not going to say anything more about it to-night."

"But in the meantime what am I to do with him?" I persisted. "I may see him again or be asked for advice concerning him at any time, you know."

### CHAPTER VI.

#### An Anonymous Letter.

The first lot of bills that I paid for the Carney establishment contained one for two dozen bottles of Scotch whisky which had been ordered by Mr. Carney and shipped by express to Carney-Croft on the day that he and Bobbs were in my office. I made no mention of this item to Miss Carney when I was going over the accounts with her, but paid it on the chance that it was correct. In this I was not mistaken, for, although I never saw John Carney again except for an instant, I did see the identical 24 bottles, empty, of course, in the cellar at Carney-Croft.

It was more than three years after the death of the old gentleman and the stable boy, and I had gone back to the place to arrange for its opening after

reached the gates, when, as I was unlocking them with a key from the big bunch that I had brought with me, he unbent enough to say: "Don't look much like it uster, here!"

He was quite right. The grass stood knee high on the lawns, the road-beds and paths were choked with weeds, and the asphalted walks, leading from the front and sides of the mansion, and winding gracefully down under the trees to the river, were blanketed under the leaves and other accumulations of three long years.

The man waited until I had unlocked the front door, which swung inward with the fitful creaking of disuse, and then asked: "D'ye want me to wait?"

"Oh, no!" I replied. "Not at all."

"All right," he returned, clucking to his horse. "I'll tell Hoskins to save a room for ye, an' it hain't much of a walk from here, anyhow."

"Hold on!" I shouted, as he was turning the corner. "Don't do anything of the sort! I'm going to sleep here to-night, if I can find any lights and manage to turn on the water. I don't want to sleep at Hoskins' unless I have to, but I'll be over there for breakfast in the morning."

His expression of amazement was wonderful to behold, as he pulled his horse down on its haunches to hear me through. Then, with a grin, he chuckled: "Wal, it's gol dummied little sleepin' ye'll do, I'll warrant!" and he drove on up the road.

I wandered over the house, raising windows and opening shutters to let in the light and air and then, making a frugal lunch of some things I had purchased on the train for this purpose, I lit a cigar and, drawing a chair out on the veranda, I watched the sunset far away over the river and waited for bed-time.

I had no doubt that my rustic friend's astonishment at my determination to sleep in the house was found-



Waited for Bed-Time.

It had been closed for the greater part of that time.

John Carney had remained at Carney-Croft only long enough to have a short visit with his sister and put to rights his own personal effects, and then, accompanied by Bobbs he had departed for a tour of the world or goodness knows where. I heard from either him or Bobbs at varying intervals, and on strictly business matters, and the only way I had of addressing him was through a banking house in London which was kept fairly well informed as to his whereabouts.

Miss Weston's health improved sufficiently to permit her traveling, and she continued to reside with Miss Carney, who took a furnished apartment in town, as her brother and I had advised her to do. Later they traveled considerably abroad, and finally settled down for a protracted stay at a little village on the Mediterranean coast, in the hope of benefiting the health of Miss Weston, who, as I afterward learned, was suffering from consumption.

As I have said, more than three years had passed when I received a most unexpected communication from Miss Carney saying that she had decided to return home at once, bringing Miss Weston with her. She asked me to have Carney-Croft made ready for occupancy with as little delay as possible.

I had had no vacation that summer, and it occurred to me that, instead of attending to the matter at long range, I would go down myself for a week or two and see if my personal attention.

I arrived on a day that was almost a counterpart of the one that saw my first visit to Carney-Croft, and at the station, I was received with scant show of welcome by the man who had taken me down in his trap before and entertained me on my return journey with anecdotes of old Mr. Carney and a tale of ghosts.

"Want to go down to the place," I said, "I suppose, he grumbled.

## ROAD AND FARM IMPROVEMENT

### THE DRAGGING OF ROADS.

With Very Little Work a Good Road-bed May Be Maintained.

Once more we take up our parable and insist on farmers making preparations to make the best possible roads they can out of the material at hand, which is just plain dirt, and he more clay in it the better.

Farmers are fooling away the great bulk of their road taxes every year by not using a drag. The road drag may be made out of any light wood—pine, cedar, cottonwood, soft maple, box elder. If a post or log is used it should be seven feet long, about six or eight inches thick, sawed in two lengthwise, the two pieces put split side foremost about three and a half feet apart, held together by pieces of yard wood or steel rods. A log chain should be attached to the front and the team hitched to it in such a way that the drag is drawn at an angle of 15 degrees. The drag should be drawn up one side of the road and down the other when the roads are soft. The

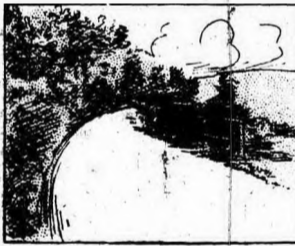


Before Dragging

team used should be the heaviest, slowest-moving team on the farm.

The use of this will in the first place smooth the roads down, filling up the holes, taking off the bumps, and dragging a little dirt to the middle of the road. In the second place it will allow the winds to blow over it and the sun to shine on it; and the dragged road will be dry a day or two, and, if it has many ruts in it, sometimes a week, before the undragged will be dry.

Do not, however, expect the drag to do any good in sand or in muck, or where there are stones in the road or stumps or much grass, or where the water stands in the ditches on either side. The road drag, declares Wallace's Farmer, is the best road maintainer that has ever been discovered, and not only the best, but the cheap-



After Dragging and Top-dressing.

est. It will not take the place of the grader in making the road in the first place, nor will it take the place of the side ditch which carries off the water, nor will it do in any undrained land. It is not everything in road-making, but for the maintenance of the road after it has once been put in shape it exceeds every other implement ever yet invented.

If farmers don't take hold of this road drag it will not be many years before an attempt will be made to levy on them the expense of making macadamized roads, about three to five thousand dollars per mile, and these macadamized roads will cost more to maintain than that it will to make and maintain a good dirt road with the materials and tools they have on hand.

### LOW DOWN WAGONS.

It Will Prove a Most Handy Wagon on the Farm.

I own a low down wagon and will say that it is rightly named by being called a handy wagon, writes a correspondent of Orange Judd Farmer. I would not do without one for twice the price of it if I could not get another one. Of course there is a great difference in different makes, as well as in any other thing.

As I own a manure spreader I never use my wagon for that purpose, but I always keep the rack on it. For haying, threshing or shredding they cannot be beaten as the pitchers would tell you, for when my wagon comes to the field they all want to pitch for me.

As to draft, well, they do draw a little harder in some places. Take a gravel road, the wide tires strike more stones than a narrow tire, and a low wheel is harder to roll over a stone than a high, which any sensible man can see, but in the field I can pull my load easier.

The tires on my wagon are four inches wide and I can get over the soft ground better than I ever did before, I had it.

In short, the handy wagon is all right if you have the right kind, but some of my neighbors have low wheeled wagons which a team of horses can hardly move when not loaded.

### FEEDING THE SOIL.

The Necessity of Putting in That Which the Crops Take Out.

In many of the older agricultural regions, the main question to the farmer is that of supplying plant food for the soil. Year after year a field has been called upon to produce the same kind of grain, consequently the soil has lost its productive capacity. This land must now have food or its value will be naught. This food must be stored up in the soil. The farmer thinks he cannot spare the land for clover, but must put it in wheat or corn year after year in order to get a good living from it. So crop rotation does not appeal to him. Other measures must be adopted. Fertilizer of some nature must be used, and he resorts to it to build up his land.

A good commercial fertilizer is beneficial to the soil, but nothing is better than farm manure. The fertility of the well-manured land does not pass away with the first crop, but abides for several years. The lasting effects of farm manure on soil was proven at an experiment station in England. Manure was applied to a piece of land once each year for 20 years, then it was discontinued. Over 20 years after the last application, larger crops of barley were secured from this land than from land that had never been manured.

The reason many farmers do not get the full benefit of manure is that they allow it to remain in piles about the barn until it deteriorates, or they fail to apply it evenly to the soil. Manure should always be put on the soil before it decomposes, for as it decays it acts upon the mineral particles of the soil and changes them into valuable plant food. Analysis of soil by experts shows that it often contains large quantities of phosphorus, potassium and other elements in inactive forms. When fresh manure is thoroughly mixed with this soil it produces such a change in the mineral elements that they at once become available for plant life.

It is said that farm manure does not contain a large amount of total plant food, only about 30 pounds of nitrogen, phosphorus and potassium to the ton. Its value then, is not so much in what it contains as in its power to operate on the mineral elements in the soil, changing them into available plant material. Experiments have proven that when manure is applied to soil it produces 20 or 30 per cent. of available plant food. The products thus formed are called humates.

When we come to calculate the actual value of manure in dollars and cents, says Farmer's Voice, the result is surprising. Suppose an acre of impoverished land that could produce no more than 20 bushels of corn in a favorable season is treated to five tons of rich manure. If the season is auspicious this acre will now produce 40 bushels of good corn the first year. This increase of 20 bushels, sold at 50 cents, would bring ten dollars per ton. Besides the land has a permanent benefit, and will manifest it from year to year.

The manure should always be distributed evenly. Too much in one spot and not enough in another results disastrously. A manure spreader is almost indispensable to the up-to-date farmer. Some farmers get along without them, but it takes a lot of time and patience to properly spread the manure.

### LIGHT HAY BARN FRAME.

Shelter Which Is Strong and Easily Constructed.

An Illinois farmer suggests an economical plan for framing a hay barn. If the frame is not too large, 2x4 stuff will answer, but in case of a large barn 2x6 is recommended. If bent is made after manner shown in the illus-



Sectional View of Barn.

tration, the plan is such that the interior of bent is left as free from timber works as possible.

Strength of frame is given by braces placed at either side of the bent. Each bent should be placed in a moderate sized barn about six feet apart. When set up they should be carefully spiked to post and then sided with whatever material is to be used. In a barn of this kind, says Prairie Farmer, it is presumed that the contents rest direct upon ground. If floor is used, it is necessary to make the frame much stronger.

### A Dry Barnyard.

The farm barnyard that has good drainage and keeps dry a good share of the time, should certainly be the choicest place of a happy farmer. If there is anything that is disagreeable in wet weather, it is to have to keep one eye on the path ahead of you when floundering around in the barnyard in order to keep from getting mired.

A stone house is not so durable as one of brick. A brick house, well constructed, will outlast one built of granite.

### "THE MARRYING SQUIRE."

Justice Geo. E. Law, of Brazil, Ind., Has Married 1400 Couples.

Justice Geo. E. Law, of Brazil, Ind., has fairly earned the title "The Marrying Squire," by which he is known far and wide, having already married some 1400 couples. Ten years ago he was Deputy County Treasurer. "At that time," said Justice Law, "I was suffering from an annoying kidney trouble. My back ached, my rest was broken at night, and the passages of the kidney secretions were too frequent and contained sediment. Three boxes of Doan's Kidney Pills cured me in 1897, and for the past nine years I have been free from kidney complaint and backache."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

### STUDENT MADE HIS POINT.

No Doubt the Policeman Understood What He Meant.

W. H. Mallock, the well-known English writer and political economist, said at a dinner in New York, apropos of a new definition of socialism: "I find that definition rather confusing. It reminds me of the young Oxford student's badinage with the policeman. 'Officer,' said the youth late one night, 'I'd like to ask you a question.' 'Very well, sir.' 'Does the law permit me to call you an ass?' 'You move on,' the officer growled. 'But stop a bit,' continued the youth. 'Does the law permit me to call an ass a policeman?' 'The law don't say nothing about that,' was the gruff reply. 'Then,' said the youth, 'good-night, Mr. Policeman.'"

### BABY IN TERRIBLE STATE.

Awful Humor Eating Away Face—Body a Mass of Sores—Cuticura Cures in Two Weeks.

"My little daughter broke out all over her body with a humor, and we used everything recommended, but without results. I called in three doctors, but she continued to grow worse. Her body was a mass of sores, and her little face was being eaten away. Her ears looked as if they would drop off. Neighbors advised me to get Cuticura Soap and Ointment, and before I had used half of the cake of Soap and box of Ointment the sores had all healed, and my little one's face and body were as clear as a newborn babe's. I would not be without it again if it cost five dollars, instead of seventy-five cents. Mrs. George J. Steese, 701 Coburn St., Akron, O., Aug. 30, 1905."

### One Way.

A reverend gentleman was addressing a Sunday school class not long ago, and was trying to enforce the doctrine that when people's hearts were sinful they needed regulating. Taking out his watch, and holding it up, he said: "Now, here's my watch; suppose it doesn't keep good time—now goes too fast, and now too slow—what shall I do with it?" "Sell it," promptly replied a boy—Harper's Magazine.

### EVEN IF DISCOURAGED

TRY DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS FOR YOUR RHEUMATISM.

The Pills Have Cured the Disease in Almost Every Form and Even in Advanced Stages.

Rheumatism is a painful inflammation of the muscles or of the covering of the joints and is sometimes accompanied by swelling. The pain is sharp and shooting and does not confine itself to any one part of the body, but after settling in one joint or muscle for a time, leaves it and passes on to another. The most dangerous tendency of the disease is to attack the heart. External applications may give relief from pain for a time but the disease cannot be cured until the blood is purified. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are the best medicine for this purpose as their action is directly on the blood, making it rich, red and healthy. When the blood is pure there can be no rheumatism.

Mrs. Ellen A. Russell, of South Goff St., Auburn, Me., says: "I had been sick for fifteen years from impure blood, brought on by overwork. My heart was weak and my hands colorless. I was troubled with indigestion and vomiting spells, which came on every few months. I had no appetite and used to have awful fainting spells, falling down when at my work. I frequently felt numb all over. My head ached continuously for five years."

"About two years ago I began to feel rheumatism in my joints, which became so lame I could hardly walk. My joints were swollen and pained me terribly."

"Dr. Williams' Pink Pills were recommended to me by a friend, after I had failed to get well from the doctor's treatment. When I began taking the pills, the rheumatism was at its worst. I had taken only a few boxes, when the headaches stopped and not long afterward I felt the pain in my joints becoming less and less, until there was none at all. The stiffness was gone and I have never had any return of the rheumatism."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have cured such diseases as nervous and general debility, indigestion, nervous headache, neuritis and even partial paralysis and locomotor ataxia. As a tonic for the blood and nerves they are unequalled. A pamphlet on "Diseases of the Blood" and a copy of our diet book will be sent free on request to anyone interested."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists, or sent, postpaid, on receipt of 60 cents. Three per box, six boxes for \$3.00. Beware of cheap imitations.

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**A General Good Feeling**

Always exists between us and our customers, for the reason that we always endeavor to give them the greatest satisfaction with every purchase. "Many sales and small profits" is our motto, and we shall always adhere to it. If you are looking for Bargains this is the place to make for. You will be sure of buying the best at the lowest prices, and of being treated politely whether you spend a dime or a hundred dollars.

B. & P. Blend Coffee at 25c.

Celery, Green Onions, Radishes, Lettuce  
Vegetable Oysters, Oranges and Bananas.

**Brown & Pettingill,**  
THE WHITE FRONT GROCERY.  
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If anything in the nature of a Watch is desired, a satisfactory selection can be made from our stock.

We do not urge you to buy an expensive Watch. There are a great many medium priced Watches that are good time-keepers.

We guarantee every Watch sold to be as we represent them and will keep them in running order for one year, barring all accidents.

All we ask is for you to see our stock and the Watches will do the rest.

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Jeweler and Optician

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A Savings Account would have told a different story. Think it over and make up your mind to start an account to-day. We'll increase your dollars 3 per cent.

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**CONSIDER MEATS,**  
When you Buy Them.

There is just as much quality in them as in other lines.

**OUR PRICES**  
are within the reach of the poor as well as the rich and our aim is to please all.

**SECURE THE BEST.**

TEL 23 **W. F. HOOPS**

**The Improvement of the Primary Law.**

Detroit Journal: That the public sentiment for the attainment of a comprehensive, adequate and effective primary reform law has been given the expression and won the victory it has in the state legislature is exceedingly gratifying to every citizen of Michigan who is familiar with the workings of this vital measure and the opposition which its friends have had to encounter. The house of representatives on Thursday in committee of the whole made changes, excellent and vastly important, in the law as passed in 1905, and by their vote virtually assured the passage of the law as revised. The most important of the changes are:

The direct nomination of governor and lieutenant governor by the people is made mandatory upon all parties. Notwithstanding the fact that the Democratic party has been the most vociferous in demanding the direct nomination system and that Prof. Woodbridge N. Ferris in his gubernatorial campaign of 1904 made it his platform, the Democratic party failed to reconcile its practice with its excellent principles and stubbornly refused to employ the new primary law in the nomination of its own candidates. Mandatory upon all parties, it will avoid confusion, check political hypocrisy and unify the whole scheme of elections.

Still better is the provision whereby candidates for the United States senate shall be nominated by the direct vote of the people. This is merely recognition of the sentiment that is gathering irresistible strength in every state in the union, and its realization in Michigan is wholly excellent.

However, most vital of all the improvements to the primary law is the provision that nominations for governor, lieutenant-governor and U. S. senator shall be decided by absolute plurality. The law of 1905 was by some considered radical and as a sort of check it was stipulated that unless one of the candidates for nomination received at least 40 per cent of all votes, the nomination would be returned to the functions of the old time convention. The elimination of this 40 per cent clause gives the people the last say, as the very spirit and purpose of the primary law intend. This means that the convention system with all its vagaries and corruption will no longer stand between the people and the people's selections for these important offices.

There are other excellent though minor changes, as for instance, improvements in the method of enrollment and provisions against bribery. All these will together serve to simplify, strengthen and reduce to a practical working basis the new primary law. The legislators can have done the people of Michigan no better service than this sensible and thorough revision of a measure which from its very nature requires time, patience and much changing to approximate perfection. Indeed, even now it may be far from perfect. The only satisfying and fair test will come with its practical operation.

**Good Substitute for Bell.**

N. C. Goodwin, the actor, described at a dinner a Turkish bath that he once took in Mexico. "My rubber," said Mr. Goodwin, "was a strong man, a very strong man. He laid me on the slab and prodded and kneaded and punched and hammered me in a most emphatic way. At the end, after I had got up, he came behind me before my sheet was adjusted, and gave me on the bare back four resounding whacks with the palm of his enormous hand. 'What on earth did you do that for?' I panted, staggering. 'No offense, boss,' said the man. 'It was only to let the office know I was ready for the next bath. You see, the bell's out of order in this room.'"

**Ruse Didn't Work.**

A bailiff, having long tried in vain to arrest a Quaker, at last resolved to adopt the disguise of a Quaker himself, and so get access to the interior of the house. He knocked accordingly at the door, inquiring if Friend Aminadab was at home and if he could see him. The housekeeper said, "Wait in, friend, and he shall see thee." The bailiff, delighted to have got this success, was directed to wait; but after waiting an hour he became impatient, rang the bell, and said to the servant, "Thou promised me I should see Friend Aminadab." "No, friend," answered she; "I promised he should see thee. He hath seen thee, but he doth not like thee."—Tit-Bits.

**PAVING RESOLUTIONS.**

Resolved, by the Common Council of the Village of Plymouth, State of Michigan, That the maps, estimates, plans and diagrams heretofore filed in the office of the Village Clerk and the same are hereby accepted and approved. Be it further

Resolved, That it is a public necessity that South Main Street in said Village beginning at the intersection thereof with the Pere Marquette Railroad and running thence South to the northerly side line of Sutton Street and beginning at said northerly side line of said Sutton Street and running thence South to the southerly side line of Ann Arbor Street be paved without delay. Be it further

Resolved, That the location, grade, and dimensions and character of said paving shall be according to certain maps and diagrams of said paving marked "Estimates and Plans for Paving South Main Street," with the specifications thereto annexed, all having been prepared by Sherman & Riggs, Civil Engineers, and recorded in the office of Frank S. Wilson, Clerk of the said Village. Be it further

Resolved, That it is the intention of this Council to pave said South Main Street according to said maps, plans and specifications, and that the cost of making said improvement shall be apportioned as follows: That the expense of paving said street from the Pere Marquette Railroad to the northerly side line of Sutton Street the Village at large shall pay for the cost of paving all street intersections and in front of all parks and other public property and that the remainder of said cost shall be paid by the Village at large and 65 per cent shall be paid by the owners of land abutting upon the said portion of said street in proportion as near as may be, to the frontage of each of the aforesaid pieces or parcels of land upon said street. That said lands so abutting upon the said portion of said street shall be assessed as a special assessment district and shall be known in this proceeding as "Special Assessment District Number One." Be it further

Resolved, That the Common Council of said Village of Plymouth will meet at the Council Chamber in said Village on the twentieth day of May, 1907, at seven-thirty o'clock P. M., for the hearing of objections and suggestions relative to said public improvement. Be it further

Resolved, That the aforesaid maps, plans and specifications, together with the estimates of the cost of said improvement, and that same are hereby deposited with the Village Clerk, subject to public inspection. Be it further

Resolved, That the Village Clerk use the following notice to be published once each week for two weeks in succession in the Plymouth Mail, a newspaper published in said Village of Plymouth:

**To All whom it May Concern:**  
Notice is hereby given that it is the intention of the Village of Plymouth to pave South Main Street in said Village, beginning at the Pere Marquette Railroad and extending thence southerly to the intersection thereof with the northerly side line of Sutton Street, and also beginning at said northerly side line of said Sutton Street and extending thence south to the southerly side line of Ann Arbor Street. That the cost of constructing said paving in front of all parks and other public property and 65 per cent of the remainder of said cost and the 35 per cent of said remainder shall be assessed upon the private property, lots or lands abutting upon said portion of said street in proportion as near as may be, to the frontage of each of the aforesaid pieces or parcels of land upon said street. That said lands so abutting upon the said portion of said street shall be assessed as a special assessment district and shall be known in this proceeding as "Special Assessment District Number Two." That maps, plans, specifications, drawings, diagrams and estimates of the cost of said improvement are now on file in the office of the Village Clerk subject to public inspection, and that the Common Council of the said Village of Plymouth will meet at the Council Chamber in said Village on Monday, the twentieth day of May, 1907, at seven-thirty o'clock P. M., for the purpose of hearing objections and suggestions relative to the making of said improvement. Dated April 23, 1907.  
BY ORDER OF THE COMMON COUNCIL

**PRICE OF LIFE IS LOW.**

London Roughs Will Put Any One Out of the Way Cheaply.

I am told that a £10 note will buy a man's life in London, that any unsuspecting person can fall into the Thames on a dark night, or break his neck going round a slippery, dark corner, or fall under a van, if a little bit of crisp paper changes hands, says the London Sketch. I know that a very distinguished playwright, wishing to work out the plot of a melodrama, went into a high-class den of thieves, made friends with some of the leaders, and unfolded to them as something he wished to put into execution the plan he had devised for his villain's action. He told his listeners that there was a very important financier he wanted out of the way for 48 hours while he played the very dickens with the exchange with the stocks the financier controlled. He suggested to his listeners that an attractive lady and a yacht would be the simplest means of insuring this object. His hearers concurred. They knew the very yacht for the purpose; a skipper and a crew could easily be produced; and concerning the lady there would be no difficulty whatever. "Then, after the 48 hours, we will of course, bring him back," said the dramatist brightly, thinking of his fourth act. A cloud came over the faces of his audience. "Well, guv'ner, of course. If you wish it; but it would save such a lot of questions being asked if he just went quietly overboard," the spokesman suggested.

**SECRET OF GOOD MANNERS.**

Two Theories of the Acquirement—Unselfishness and Conventionality.

"Most mothers hold, consciously or unconsciously, one of two theories about the acquirement of manners by their children. One mother says, 'Manners are only the outward sign of the inner nature. If my daughter has a kind heart and a well trained mind she will behave in a gentle, charming fashion. I will teach her compassion, respect for age, unselfishness for helping with the world's work. Her manners will take care of themselves.' Another mother says, 'My girls will never get on without conventional manners. They shall be taught from babyhood to emulate the speech and bearing of ladies. They shall be instructed in the proper behavior for every occasion. They shall walk and dance and write and speak with graceful perfection.' Neither method, says the Youth's Companion, produces altogether satisfactory results. Unselfishness is truly the foundation of good manners, but not the superstructure. Many conventional restrictions have grown about social relations. Some can be explained by the demand of kindness and some cannot.

**DRESS GOODS DEPT.—Special Values.**

We have made a closing out price on a lot of High Grade Novelty English Mohairs, fancy checks and mixtures, in choice shades of brown and green. No more desirable or serviceable fabric made for Shirt Waist Suits, Traveling Suits or general wear. Regular value \$1.50 a yard, closing out price 75c a yard.

We are offering some great values in Light Colored Novelty Suits, 42 to 45 inch Imported Suits, formerly \$1.25 to \$1.50; 50 to 56-inch Domestic Suits, formerly \$1.00 to \$1.25; all now 79c. Lots of time to wear them. Now is the time to buy them.

**LADIES' KNIT UNDERWEAR DEPT.**

High neck and short sleeves ..... 25c  
High neck and long sleeves ..... 25c  
Ankle or Knee Drawers ..... 25c  
Same styles at ..... 50c  
Same styles at ..... 75c  
Salus Unshrinkable Wool Vests ..... \$2.25  
Unshrinkable Dermophile, light weight ..... 2.00  
Summer Garments, each from ..... 10c to 3.00

**MEN'S WEAR DEPT.**

Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers ..... 35c  
Our unbeatable French Balbriggans ..... 50c  
French Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers ..... 75c  
French Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers ..... \$1.00  
Light Weight Natural Wool Shirts and Drawers ..... 1.00  
Norfolk and New Brunswick Natural Wool ..... 1.00  
Light Weight Cashmere Shirts and Drawers ..... 50c  
Unshrinkable Dermophile Shirts and Drawers—  
Light weight, a garment ..... \$2.00  
Medium weight, a garment ..... 2.00

Prompt Attention Given Mail Orders.

**The Taylor-Woolfenden Co.,**  
165 to 169 Woodward Ave., DETROIT.

**Ruberoid... Roofing**

Water and Acid Proof,  
Fire Resisting.  
Beware of Imitations.

**Conner Hdw. Co., Ltd.,**  
SOLE AGENTS.

**Happy Colors**

You know that there are colors which signify sadness, others which indicate happiness—but do you ever stop to think how often people are made sad or glad because of the color of their clothes? You know that children and flowers thrive best in the sunshine. Why not have more sunshine in your own home, then—why not let us show you how to get it in the walls by using

**Alabastine**  
The Sanitary Wall Chalk

By having your walls decorated with Alabastine you will make them more artistic, more durable, more sanitary, and will make your home more cheerful, brighter and more economical. Alabastine is, and how the difference with this and standard white wash can be compared to produce "exactly the effect you want."

For Sale of Alabastine in any quantity for your inspection.  
**GAYDE BRO.**

**GAYDE'S MEAT MARKET**

Is the place to buy your meats.

**THE CHOICEST CUTS**

of Beef, Pork, Mutton and Veal  
Salt and Smoked Meats

Telephone us your order and we will deliver it free of charge.

**WM. GAYDE**  
NORTH VILLAGE, Telephone 12

**The Mail only \$1 a year.**

Auction Bills at this Office