

THE PLYMOUTH MAIL.

VOLUME XVII, NO 40

PLYMOUTH, MICH., FRIDAY, JUNE 30, 1905.

WHOLE NO. 930.



THIS IS

True Fruit Strawberry

-- WEEK --

Soda,
Sundae, or
Sandwich,

FIVE CENTS.

—AT—

The Wolverine Soda-Bar

Phone No. 5, Day or Night.

JOIN NOW!

JOIN WHAT? JOIN WHO?

Join those who buy where they can get the best value for every dollar invested.

JOIN THOSE

WHO BUY THEIR GROCERIES OF

WM. B. ROE

Telephone 35.

Free Delivery



Something to Tempt

Your appetite is not scarce here. Our assortment of edibles consists entirely of high class goods. Groceries of inferior quality are never permitted to enter our store, and our prices are always lower than can be found elsewhere for equal quality.

Family Whitefish, 8-lb. kits for 55c.

The original Holland Rusk.

A good California Prune—6 lbs for 25c.

25 ounces I. C. Baking Powder for 25c. Every package guaranteed.

Comprador Garden Grown Japan Tea 50c, the best in the city.

B. & P. Coffee takes the lead.

Brown & Pettingill

Telephone 40.

Free Delivery.

Breezy Items

By Five Correspondents.

PERRINSVILLE.

Mrs. Esther Evans and children, of Oxford, have been visiting her brother Dewitt Cooper, for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Tom Fox, of Detroit, have been visiting with Mr. and Mrs. Will Fox.

Wm. Byer and Miss Ada Badelt spent one day last week in Detroit.

Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Meldrum and Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Meldrum visited at Detroit Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Luderman and daughter, of Detroit, visited with Mr. and Mrs. F. Theuer and family Sunday.

Mrs. Edwards and Mrs. Mable Hanchett and daughter spent Friday in Detroit.

Mrs. Mae Winchester has been visiting her mother, Mrs. Sherman, a few days.

Miss Mable Lyle, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Frank Wade, at Pontiac, returned home Sunday.

Feet swollen to immense size.

"I had kidney trouble so bad that I could not work," says J. J. Cox of Valley View, Ky., "my feet were swollen to immense size and I was confined to my bed and physicians were unable to give me any relief. My doctor finally prescribed Foley's Kidney Cure which made a well man of me." Sold by The Wolverine Drug Co.

LAPHAM'S CORNERS.

The Lapham Sunday-school held a strawberry and ice cream social Friday evening, June 23d, at the home of Wm. Tait.

Mrs. Bert Robinson and little son returned to their home in Chicago, Saturday, after a three weeks' visit with her mother, Mrs. P. S. Rich.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Bovee returned Tuesday from their wedding trip and will go to housekeeping at once at Belleville.

The Gleaners held their strawberry and ice cream social Tuesday evening, June 27, at the home of Bert Nelson.

Miss Nellie Smith entertained company from Ann Arbor, Tuesday.

A very pleasant wedding took place at the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Packard in Salem, at high noon, Wednesday, June 21st, 1905, being that of their daughter Tena L., to Charles Bovee, of Belleville, Mich. The ceremony was performed by Rev. H. Palmer. The bride was attended as maid of honor by Zada Quackenbush and the groom by his best man, Earl Quackenbush. The bride was gowned in white Persian lawn, and carried white carnations, and was given away by her father. The groom was attired in conventional black. There were eighty guests present. Those out of town being from Detroit, Jackson, Grass Lake, Ypsilanti, Howell and Belleville, and regrets from friends in Lapeer, West Branch, Jackson and Alma, Kansas. The decorations were elaborate, the color scheme being green and white. After partaking of a sumptuous repast the bride and groom departed for a short honeymoon under a heavy shower of rice and old shoes. The wedding presents were numerous and beautiful. Mr. and Mrs. Bovee will be at home after July 10th, at Belleville, Mich.

W. A. Herron of Finch, Ark., writes, "I wish to report that Foley's Kidney Cure has cured a terrible case of kidney and bladder trouble that two doctors had given up." Sold by The Wolverine Drug Co.

TONQUISH

The Helping Hand society will hold its next meeting with Mrs. Fred Keisman in Plymouth, July 12th, instead of the 11th.

Mrs. John Hix was in Plymouth on Monday to see her daughter, Mrs. Merritt Hanchett, who has been very ill. Her little grandson, Owen Hanchett, returned with her.

E. Cadwell and family entertained friends from Detroit on Sunday.

Mrs. Wm. Snyder and son, James spent Monday in Plymouth with her sisters, Mrs. Geo. Johnson, and also called on her brother and family living there.

The last car last Saturday night on the D. P. & N. road ran over and killed a horse for Mr. Momerrasky, living near the Patchen school-house.

No Secret About It.

It is no secret, that for Cuts, Burns, Ulcers, Fever Sores, Sore Eyes, Boils, etc., nothing is so effective as Bucklen's Arnica Salve. "It didn't take long to cure a bad sore I had, and it is all O. K. for my eyes," writes D. L. Gregory, of Hope, Tex. See at The Wolverine Drug Co. and John E. Gale's drug store.

GREAT SHIRT-- WAIST-- SALE

A Big Cut will be made on our entire stock of Shirt Waists. Don't wait, but come at once before sizes are broken up.

J. R. RAUCH & SON

Telephone 13-2R. Free Delivery.

NEWBURG.

Roy Armstrong entertained Plymouth friends Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Claude Grow are the proud parents of a fine baby girl.

It is rumored that some of our neighbors are going to celebrate their 20th anniversary soon. This recalls to our minds the pleasant time spent at LeVan's last winter.

Remember the E. L. social at Macinder's Saturday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Nevelle of Detroit, called on L. B. Langs Tuesday.

Mrs. Langs will be a Gale's soda fountain ready to serve the public on July 4th.

"Blue Ribbon Meeting."

Unless all signs fail, the twenty-second annual "Blue Ribbon" meeting at Detroit will excel any ever held. Never since the inception of the two classics—the M. and M. \$10,000 trotting and the C. of C. \$5,000 pacing—has the class of horses entered been so evenly matched in speed. The trotting event will have no less than a dozen starters comprising the best horses in training. Shrewd judges refuse to venture an opinion as to the probable winner. The turf papers in commenting on the classics are of one opinion, the most open races of any year since their introduction. Especially is this true of the M. and M. In other years one or two horses appeared to overshadow the balance of the field—last year for instance, when the Detroit horse Stanley Dillon was conceded the winner before the start—but not so this year. Of the eighteen still eligible to start, not a single one has enough on the others to be made a favorite.

The greatest contest ever witnessed will undoubtedly be the result of this year's M. and M. Every heat will find the entire field battling for first money. The laying up of heats is now history, and sharp, fast and spirited contests will surely be the rule.

The Blue Ribbon meet this year July 24-28 will certainly excel all its predecessors.

A CARD.—Mrs. G. E. and Dr. W. C. Brownell desire to return sincere thanks to the Masonic Fraternity, O. E. S., friends and neighbors, who kindly sympathized with and assisted them during their recent bereavement.

LOOK AT THESE PRICES FOR CASH AT THE BARGAIN STORE!

We do not deal in Trading Stamps, but save you money on goods you buy.

WE ARE NOT SELLING GOODS BELOW COST THESE PRICES GOOD FOR ONE WEEK

16 lb Granulated Sugar for	\$1.00	7 bars Queen Ann Soap	25c
Good fresh Eggs, per doz	15	8 bars Santa Claus Soap	25c
Pure Cider Vinegar, per gal	15	8 bars Leno Soap	25c
4 lbs Best Carolina Rice	25	Arm and Hammer Saleratus 7c, 4 for	25c
6 lbs Japan Rice	25	Best bulk Starch 4c, or 7 lbs for	25c
Best Water White Oil, per gal	10	Best Corn Starch 5c, or 6 lbs for	25c
Pellene Oil, best	12	Best Silver Drip Syrup, per gal	30c
Stove Gasoline	12	Best New Orleans Molasses	30c
Arma Pk. Coffee, per lb	14	Good New Orleans Molasses	30c
Arbuckle and Lion Coffee	14	Cheap Japan Tea	20c
Dutch Java Coffee	18	Tea Chest, best, per lb	25c
7 lbs Best Rolled Oats	25	Best Japan Tea	40c
3 cans best Sweet Corn	25	Good Japan Tea	40c
3 cans best Peas	25	Cheap Japan Tea	25c
2 cans best Tomatoes	25	Scrap Tobacco—Polar Bear, Army	25c
3 cans best Pumpkin	25	Jack, Old Nut, per paper	3c
2 cans best Red Salmon	25	4 lbs best Prunes, 40 to 50 to lb	25c
3 cans best Pink Salmon	25	Medium Fire Salt, bbl	18c
3 cans Leader Milk	25	Handicked Beans, qt. 7c, 4 for	25c
3 lbs best Seeded Raisins	25	12 bars Umfriso Soap	25c
Best Yellow Peaches, per can	10	25 can Emmentau Value B. Powder	25c
Best Red Kidney Beans	10	Codfish, entirely boneless	10c

BINDER TWINE, 10 and 11 cents pound. Egg, Store and Chestnut Coal 24.75

A. J. LAPHAM

Telephone 11. Free Delivery any part of City.

WANTED Skin Diseases

Of any nature, even from private diseases, poisoned wounds, erysipelas, are not alone relieved but cured by the use of

"Hermit" Salve.

This remedy has been used for twenty-five years and is the only guaranteed and true cure. Physicians endorse it.

L. Oats suffered from Salt Rheum, one box cured. Also used for sores and wounds.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS. 25 AND 50 CENTS.

Sold by The Wolverine Drug Co.

R-I-P-A-N-S Tablets

Doctors find

A good prescription

For mankind

The 5-cent packet is enough for usual occasions. The family bottle (25 cents) contains a supply for a year. All druggists sell them.

FOLEY'S HONEY-TAR
Cures Golden Pustules, Psoriasis

POULTRY

AND

EGGS

Highest Market Price Paid.

PLYMOUTH FEED STORE,

J. R. TRUFANT.

Subscribe for the Plymouth Mail

Never is an automobile so dangerous as when John Barleycorn is acting as chauffeur.

A New York millionaire has eloped with a waitress. But if she can't cook, what's the use?

Now is the time to buy real estate on Wall street. You can get an entire square inch of it for \$4.

A Pennsylvania church pays its rent with a June rose. It's lucky the rent day doesn't fall in February.

A Montana man has invented a vineless potato. Now let some genius get busy and invent a dogless sausage.

Naples is inclined to be disconsolate because a scientist has predicted that the volcano will go out of business before long.

Desiring to know which nation is his truest friend, the sultan of Morocco will see which responds quickest to a touch.

Have patience with the new graduate. After bumping against the world for a few weeks he will discover his limitations.

In order to be on the safe side Mayor Weaver of Philadelphia should hire a trustworthy understudy to keep watch at night.

It is announced that the postal deficit this year will be about \$15,000,000. The authors must be getting fewer manuscripts back.

One hundred automobiles were destroyed by fire in New York a day or two ago, but you will not be able to notice any difference.

Having had so many other casualties in actual experience it was no novelty at all for the battleship Texas to be sunk "theoretically."

According to a Russian in London, Admiral Rojestvensky's name is pronounced with the accent on the second syllable. Can you manage it?

Preparations are being made to exterminate the mosquitoes, but the odds are that the news isn't causing a boom in mosquito life insurance circles.

Twelve of America's famous men wrote to an Iowa schoolboy that "the secret of success is real hard work," and eleven of the twelve were lawyers!

King Alfonso made friends while he was in London, but there is no authority for the assertion that King Edward now familiarly calls him "Allie."

A preacher has been asked to resign his pulpit because he uses an automobile. The dispatches do not say whether he inherited his money or married it.

A New York man was fined \$20 the other day for catching a trout that was less than six inches long. But the judge ought to have seen the one that got away!

There are many forms of misfortune in this world, but none quite so peculiar as that of the Chicago man who brought suit for an injunction to keep his wife from talking.

Mr. Bonaparte of Baltimore says he has no use for the man who tries to live on his grandfather's reputation. Still, it's quite a distinction sometimes to have had a granduncle.

A chair once owned by President Washington has been sold to the Mount Vernon association for \$7,500, but a seat in New York's stock exchange costs a good deal more.

"Choose a freckled girl for a wife," says Dr. Oeler. "Freckled girls are invariably more amiable." And they never get old enough to be chloroformed, the doctor might have said.

A New York man has asked the police to help him find his 16-year-old niece, who is missing from her home, and as she is six feet tall, the police feel that they have some prospect of success.

A Yonkers, N. Y., alderman wants \$25,000 damages because he was accused of soliciting a bribe. An alderman who is courageous enough to carry his case into court ought to have the money.

Down in Massachusetts a man of 35 is engaged to be married to a woman who is 84 years old. We shall refrain from congratulating him until we hear that he has eluded the lady's great-grandchildren.

A fashion writer declares that in her belief the hoopskirt will not succeed in getting a foothold in this country. Well, we should hope the dear girls will be able to keep their little feet from getting tangled up in the mechanism.

Possibly the time will come when the man who habitually borrows his neighbor's lawn mower will send over his 15-year-old boy some day to say: "Father means to know if you will please lend him your automobile for this afternoon."

STATE NEWS

DOCTOR SAID WHIPPING WAS CAUSE OF PUPIL'S DEATH.

THE STATE RECOVERS ON THE SPANISH WAR CLAIM AT LAST.

BAY CITY THE SCENE OF A RIOT OVER STREET CAR STRIKE.

Severely Whipped.

The trial of Victor M. Staley, superintendent of Coldwater schools, who is charged with causing the death of the boy, Phillip Miller, by a severe flogging in school last winter, is drawing large crowds to the court house.

The mother's recital of the case was extremely pathetic. She was subjected to a severe cross-examination, which, however, failed to change any part of her evidence.

Witnesses testified to going to the house and being shown the bruises and discoloration on the boy, as he lay in bed.

Dr. William Wilson, who attended young Miller, testified as follows: "When I first saw Phillip he was a very sick boy—high fever and a nervous twitching of the muscles, indicating chorea. I also found the lower part of his back and hips badly bruised, and showing the effects of a severe flogging."

When asked the question: "Judging from the condition of the boy when you first saw him, and the results that followed, was the whipping he received severe?" Dr. Wilson answered: "The punishment must have been merciless."

Attorney Barlow objected and the court ordered the answer stricken out. Attorney Campbell then asked the witness what caused Phillip Miller's death. Slowly, and without evident reluctance, Dr. Wilson replied: "I think his death was caused by the whipping."

Rioting in Bay City.

The climax was capped Tuesday night in the Bay City street railway strike when thousands of frenzied citizens congregated all along the various lines of the system, stoned the cars, pelted strike breakers, assaulted the police officers, attempted to mob Supt. Morris, drove officers and men off one car on Cass avenue, and ran it from Marsac street off the end of the track across the Michigan Central railway tracks on Water street, where it was pelted with stones and bricks, then burned.

The situation became extremely chaotic, and it was simply a miracle that Supt. Morris escaped with his life at the corner of Lafayette avenue and Broadway, where the crowd was clamoring for him while he was in charge of Officers Hatch and Meeks. The latter had to use their blouses and flourish their revolvers to prevent the excited people from carrying out their fearful work. A path was finally opened and accompanied by the officers, the superintendent made his way out east on Lafayette to Garfield, as far as Twenty-first street, where the patrol wagon met the party. No cars were run Wednesday.

State Gets the Money.

There seems to have been a little mix-up regarding the settlement of the Michigan Spanish war claim. Tuesday a letter was received enclosing the check returned last fall by Gov. Bliss, the letter stating: "We send this check as per the opinion of the auditor of the war department, June, 1904." This was supposed to be the end of the matter, as the letter indicated the controller of the treasury, before whom Attorney-General Bird argued the claim, sustained the opinion of the auditor. Wednesday, however, Attorney-General Bird received the controller's conclusion, together with an additional check for \$23,448.73, which leaves the check only \$700 short of the amount originally asked for by the state.

Off the Rail Again.

Carrying 50 passengers, Pere Marquette train No. 80, running between Holland and Muskegon, ran on a broken rail near Kirk's Junction, but the engine, combination coach and baggage car passed over the break without mishap so fast was the train running. The day coach on the rear end of the train was derailed, rolling down a steep embankment. Three passengers who were in the coach escaped injury except for a severe flogging.

Maj. Wm. H. Kell, U. S. A., retired, has been relieved from duty as instructor at the M. A. C., at his own request.

John I. Vasher, of Waltz, whose case puzzled several doctors, died last week. A postmortem examination brought out the fact that his heart was crowded out of place due to a recent accident.

The action of the senate in voting Secretary Chilson, \$350 for indexing the senate journal, is coming in for some criticism. A member of the house points out that Clerk Pierce, of the house, will receive but \$600 for indexing the house journal, a task that involves much more work.

The heavy rain and hail storm of Sunday night damaged Muskegon county farmers to the extent of thousands of dollars. William Fisher's barn was lifted and carried 10 feet away, a cow in the barn being injured by the trip. On the Connors farm in Fruitport, the Connors barn, valued at \$2,000, was blown down.

IN THE STATE.

Three Rivers doctors saved Mrs. August Sobeski after she had swallowed carbolic acid because of home trouble.

The Bay City Alkali Co. has completed an organization with \$300,000 capital to manufacture alkalies by the Solvay process.

Richard Stewart, a Battle Creek laundryman, was sandbagged and robbed of a \$150 diamond ring, a \$100 gold watch and \$18 in cash.

A block of stores is being erected in Standish to take the place of the buildings burned in the business portion of the city last spring.

The recently completed census shows that Lansing has 24,851 residents, an increase of 22 per cent since the census was taken in 1904.

A boy 14 years old stole a rig belonging to Patrick Green, of Montrose, that was hitched on the street. The rig was traced to Saginaw, but there lost track of.

On account of the trouble between the Consolidated Mining Co., of Bay City, and its employees, the four mines of the company have been closed and 300 men are idle.

Hancock will hold a special election July 10 to vote on bonding the city for \$18,000 to secure funds to purchase baseball park and secure the erection of a \$50,000 hotel.

Kalamazoo Jewish residents are planning to hold a big celebration next Thanksgiving to commemorate the 250th anniversary of the landing of the first Jews in America.

Oscar Dunlap, aged 17, of Detroit, went to sleep on the tracks of the Michigan Central, near Mattawan, and awoke in eternity. Dunlap was tramping with three other young fellows.

Edwin Armstrong, aged 40, and unmarried, leaped from a boat as he was crossing Crooked lake with some companions, and cried: "Here goes nothing!" He was a heavy drinker.

The explosion of a 1,000-gallon tank in the basement during a fire at the Muskegon county poorhouse caused a panic among the 50-odd inmates and a property loss of over \$75,000.

The court has ordered the drain commissioner to proceed with the straightening Paw Paw river. It will cost from \$30,000 to \$40,000, and was bitterly opposed by some of the taxpayers.

Here is a fact that city folks should remember when they are poking fun at the "country Reuben." Farmers compose one-half of our population, but they only commit 2 per cent of our crimes.

Five horses, two cows and one calf were cremated in the burning of a barn on the farm of W. C. Haiger, near Pontiac. Large quantities of grain were also burned and the loss will reach \$2,000.

Mrs. Peter White, wife of Hon. Peter White, the noted pioneer in upper peninsula lumbering and mining, died Monday morning after an illness of several months. Mrs. White was 70 years of age.

Fully 12,000 people from Chicago were in St. Joseph Sunday, and 93 couples were married during the week. The rush is thought to be due to the rivalry Michigan City has tried to establish as a Gretna Green.

C. P. Cooley, of Kalamazoo, one of the largest harness manufacturers in southwestern Michigan, has closed his factory. He says autos and trolley lines have ruined the business, and only work harnesses are in demand.

John D. Mosher, of Superior township, bequeathed his seven horses to his six sons. His daughter was to select one cow from the herd, and her brothers were each to give her \$10 to offset their receiving all the horses.

Miss Clare Rysdorp, who graduated from the Grand Haven high school last week, had the distinction of having neither been absent nor tardy during all of her years in the public schools of the city, nine and a half years in all.

Gov. Warner's cottage at Cass lake is nearly finished and the family will take up their residence there for the summer in about ten days. The governor says he expects to spend about one-third of his time there this summer.

The little son of Prof. E. G. Holmes, principal of the Bear Lake schools, fell on a rusty knife, with which he was playing in the dooryard, and the point penetrated the ball of one of his eyes. Physicians have slight hope of saving the eye.

Mrs. Emma March, of Jefferson, O., has made a deposition that Mrs. Mary Stockdale made a will a few years ago, revoking all former wills, including that which gave her \$300,000 estate to Detroit and Buffalo hospitals and charities.

Mrs. Matilda Cooper, of Traverse City, has been awarded \$1,000 damages in the circuit court against saloonkeepers, for having sold to her son, who was drowned, liquor while he was drunk, thereby contributing to his death.

Mrs. Sarah Smith, aged 67, of St. Joseph, was found dead in her peach orchard and, as her clothing had been torn off and chewed by a cow, it was thought that she had been killed by the animal, but physicians say she died of heart disease.

Wm. H. Decker, aged 21, of Muskegon, sole support of his widowed mother, died from fearful injuries, and S. L. King, aged 60, secretary-treasurer of the Grand Rapids Carved Moulding Co., is in a critical condition as a result of a collision with a motor car.

The jury in the case of the death of Timothy LaLonde, of Sault Ste. Marie, brought in a verdict of accidental drowning. The relatives still insist the young man was murdered at Beaver park the night he went there with a load of soldiers from Fort Brady.

Gilbert C. Mee, aged 65, a draughtsman of Muskegon, was crushed to instant death, and George Stone, James Alling and Bowen Van Silt were badly injured by a schooner crushing a houseboat in which they sought shelter from Sunday's storm. The fire department was called to rescue the men in the wreckage.

ODESSA IN HANDS OF MOB

Guns of Battleship, Held By Mutineers, Are Trained Upon City.

RIOTERS ON SHORE DEFY MILITARY

Ship's Officers Killed by Crew Who Then Hoisted Red Flag and the Mob on Land Took Courage-- Part of the City is in Flames.

London, June 29.—A dispatch from Odessa to a news agency dated Wednesday night says:

The walls of the quays and the buildings around the harbor, as well as much shipping, are in flames. Mobs of incendiaries by armed force prevented the fire brigade working. The troops are completely terrorized and are afraid to approach within range of the Kniaz Potemkine's guns, which threaten a disastrous bombardment.

The city is appallingly illuminated by burning buildings and terror prevails everywhere. Sleep is impossible and everybody is watching and waiting. The whole garrison has been requisitioned for patrol duty. It is thought that it may become necessary to summon foreign warships for the protection of the foreign colonies.

Tuesday night's collisions between the mobs and the police and military resulted in the loss of seventeen lives, including three policemen.

REPORT THAT MEN ON OTHER SHIPS MUTINIED.

According to the correspondent of the Standard in a dispatch dated at 10 o'clock Wednesday night, the quarantine station in the harbor, warehouses, stores and offices and some ships have been fired by revolutionary bands. All foreign ships, the dispatch said, were preparing to slip their moorings in case of need, and the Kniaz Potemkine was playing a searchlight on every portion of the harbor.

Late tonight, perceiving a picket of Cossacks stationed at the Richelieu monument on Nicolai boulevard, the Potemkine fired a shell, killing four and wounding twenty of them.

It is rumored, says this correspondent, but the rumor is not confirmed, that the men of four other battleships mutinied at Sebastopol and that two of the ships are on the way to join the Potemkine.

Two hours ago a huge mob broke through the military cordon around the town and looted two large customs warehouses.

Tonight the Potemkine moved closer to the breakwater with her guns still trained on the city.

All public buildings are strongly guarded and the night patrols have been increased by 5,000 infantry and 1,200 Cossacks.

Odessa, June 28.—The red flag of revolution is hoisted at the mast head of the Kniaz Potemkine, Russia's most powerful battleship in the Black Sea, which now lies in the harbor in the hands of mutineers.

The captain and most of the officers were murdered and thrown overboard in the open sea and the ship is completely in the possession of the crew and a few officers who have thrown in their lot with the mutineers.

The guns of the Kniaz Potemkine command the city and in the streets masses of striking workmen, who yesterday fled before the volleys of the troops, are now inflamed by the spectacle of open revolt on board an imperial warship and are making a bold front against the military.

All day long firing has been heard in many quarters of the city. A number of barricades have been erected and tumult and disorder reign.

The main squadron of the Black sea fleet, consisting of the battleships Georghi Pobiedonosetz (George the Victorious), Tri Sviatitelia, Rostislav and Ekaterina II., with two cruisers, are expected to arrive here tonight and a regular naval battle is in prospect.

Rioters Most Defiant.

The rioters are in a most defiant mood and are not inclined to surrender without fighting.

Reports of the mutiny, which occurred while the battleship was at sea, are difficult to obtain, as the mutineers refuse to allow communication with the shore; but it is ascertained that it arose from the shooting of a sailor who was presenting, on behalf of the crew, a complaint against bad food. According to one version, this sailor, whose name was Omitchuk, objected to the quality of the "berchitch," or soup, and was immediately shot down by a mess officer.

The crew then rose and seized the ship and the officers, eight of whom were spared on condition that they would join the mutineers. The others were killed and their bodies thrown overboard.

After a period of vacillation, the Kniaz Potemkine headed for Odessa and arrived here last night, accompanied by two torpedo boats. Early today the body of Omitchuk was brought ashore in one of the battleship's boats and was landed on the New Mole, where it has been exposed in semi-state all day. It was visited by thousands of persons, many of whom placed coins in a basket at the head of the body toward a fund to defray the cost of the funeral, which the sailors propose to hold tomorrow and which the strikers will make the occasion of a great demonstration.

An inscription on the breast of the dead sailor states, on behalf of the crew, that Omitchuk died for the truth because he presented a just complaint of the crew.

The authorities have made no attempt to remove the body, the sailors having served notice that the ship would open fire on any one seeking to interfere with it. A police agent visiting the spot was killed by strikers.

Red Flag Hoisted.

During the day a red flag was hoisted on the Kniaz Potemkine and members of the crew were from ship to ship in the harbor forcing the stoppage of all work thereon. Food was supplied them by sympathizers on shore who pillaged the maritime store houses.

The strike is now general in the city and the rioters are growing in numbers and boldness. There were exchanges of shots all day, but the number of victims cannot be stated. This evening a bomb was thrown in Cathedral Palace, killing its thrower and a policeman.

A telegram from the mayor of Odessa, who is at Moscow, imploring the citizens to restore order, has been posted throughout the city.

During the day one of the torpedo boats which accompanied the Kniaz Potemkine came into the harbor and seized the Russian steamer Esperanza. The steamer was laden with 2,000 tons of coal, which the battleship is taking on board.

The governor has telegraphed for a squadron to be sent from Sebastopol.

Wreck at Tashmoo.

Two freight steamers, the Linden and City of Rome, were sunk in a collision off Tashmoo Park at 4 o'clock Friday morning, and the steward and his wife, of the former vessel, were drowned. The City of Rome, which was bound down with a cargo of ore, went down immediately after the collision, about 50 feet from the Tashmoo Park dock, and the Linden, which was bound up with a coal cargo, kept on her way up to Russel Island, where she went down in the middle of the channel. The crews of both boats succeeded in getting away in their yawls, with the exception of the Linden's cook and his wife, who are reported missing. The accident was caused by the suction of a big propeller bound up which made the Linden veer around and crash into the City of Rome. A large hole was torn into the bows of both steamers.

Admiral Nebogatoff, the "coward" of the recent naval battle, is said to have gone crazy.

Chicago Norwegians, 20,000 strong, petition President Roosevelt to recognize the independence of Norway.

Philanthropist Abram Sillmer, who lives in a woodshed in Waverly, Ia., has just given \$5,000 to a Dubuque hospital.

Czar Nicholas now takes daily drives in the streets—though always strongly guarded. He has remained secluded since "Red Sunday."

Pius X., like his predecessors, is a heavy investor in American securities. It is reported that his personal property of this class aggregates in value \$25,000,000.

The National Guard will ask congress at its next session to make the guard a part of the national defense. Doubling of the \$1,000,000 annual appropriation is desired.

John D. Rockefeller, after making John Mellin, the Swede innkeeper of Sleepy Hollow, agree to sell his place, has refused to buy it, though he has been trying to do so for years.

F. C. Whitman, of Battle Creek, while riding his wheel collided with A. M. Bishop, also a wheel. A bottle in Whitman's pocket was broken, cutting a serious gash in his abdomen.

THE MARKETS.

Detroit.—The cattle market has been dull and drab; with dry-fed sheeping steers 15 to 25 cents lower and common cow stuff very hard to sell at a decline of 10 to 20 cents. Grass cattle of all kinds were from 20 to 30 cents lower and of inferior quality.

Handy dry-fed butchers were about steady with last week, as were stockers and feeders. Bulls were also a trifle lower. Choice hams and springers were about the same as last week. The quality was no better, and there was nothing on sale good enough to bring \$4.50. Bulk of salted work was under \$40. Veal calves also took a drop and the market was generally 25 cents lower than it was a week ago, and very dull.

Hogs.—The market is light at all promising at present, and dealers are predicting a further decline in prices. Sheep.—The sheep and lamb trade opened as closed last week. Last week's prices on account light receipts. Best clip lambs, \$6.50 to \$7.75; fair to good lambs, \$5.50 to \$6.

Chicago.—Good to prime steers, \$5.25 @ 6; poor to medium, \$4 @ 5; stockers and feeders, \$2.50 @ 4.50; cows, \$2.50 @ 4.50; heifers, \$2.50 @ 4.50; canners, \$1.40 @ 2.50; bulls, \$2.25 @ 4; calves, \$2 @ 6.50.

Hogs.—Mixed and butchers, \$5.15 @ 5.35; good to choice veal, \$5.20 @ 5.35; rough heavy, \$4.10 @ 5.25; fresh cows steady; good to extra, \$27 @ 47; fair to good, \$25 @ 35; common, \$18 @ 23.

Calves.—Tops, \$6.50 @ 6.75; fair to good, \$6 @ 6.25; common, \$5 @ 6.

Hogs.—Medium and Yorkers, \$5.75 @ 5.80; heavy, \$5.50 @ 5.75; pig, \$5 @ 5.70. The market closed steady, few cars into arrivals unaltered.

Sheep.—Best lambs, \$6.50 @ 6.80; fair to good, \$6.25 @ 6.50; culls and common, \$4.50 @ 5.75; best spring lambs, \$7 @ 8; best sheep, \$2.50 @ 3.50; fair to good, \$1.75 @ 2.50; culls and cunks, \$2 @ 3.50; yearlings, \$5.75 @ 6; closed steady, all sold.

East Buffalo.—Best export steers, \$5.10 @ 5.65; culls and cunks, \$2.75; best 1,200 to 1,300-pound cow, \$4.25 @ 4.65; best fat cows, \$3.25 @ 3.75; fair to good, \$2.75 @ 3.25; trimmers, \$1.50; best fat heifers, \$4.25 @ 4.50; canners, \$1.40 @ 2.50; light butchers heifers, \$3.25 @ 3.50; common stock heifers, \$2 @ 2.25; best feeding steers, dehorned, \$3.75 @ 4; rough heavy, \$2.50 @ 3.50; fresh cows steady; good to extra, \$27 @ 47; fair to good, \$25 @ 35; common, \$18 @ 23.

Calves.—Tops, \$6.50 @ 6.75; fair to good, \$6 @ 6.25; common, \$5 @ 6.

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Grain, Etc.

Chicago.—No. 2 spring wheat, \$1.08 @ 1.12; No. 3, 98c @ 1.07; No. 2 red, \$1.03 @ 1.07; No. 2 corn, 55c @ 56c; No. 2 yellow, 55c @ 56c; No. 2 oats, 32c @ 33c; No. 2 white, 32c @ 33c; No. 2 white, 32c @ 33c; No. 2 rye, 78c @ 80c; good feeding barley, 34c @ 42c; fair to choice malting, 46c @ 48c; No. 1 flaxseed, \$1.25; No. 1 northwest, \$1.48; No. 1, 1.45 @ 1.50; No. 1 clover, contract grade, \$11.70 @ 12.25.

Detroit.—Wheat—No. 2 red spot and June, \$1.06; July, 5,000 bu. at 90c @ 10,000 bu. at 90c @ 15,000 bu. at 87c @ 20,000 bu. at 85c @ 25,000 bu. at 82c @ 30,000 bu. at 80c @ 35,000 bu. at 78c @ 40,000 bu. at 76c @ 45,000 bu. at 74c @ 50,000 bu. at 72c @ 55,000 bu. at 70c @ 60,000 bu. at 68c @ 65,000 bu. at 66c @ 70,000 bu. at 64c @ 75,000 bu. at 62c @ 80,000 bu. at 60c @ 85,000 bu. at 58c @ 90,000 bu. at 56c @ 95,000 bu. at 54c @ 100,000 bu. at 52c @ 105,000 bu. at 50c @ 110,000 bu. at 48c @ 115,000 bu. at 46c @ 120,000 bu. at 44c @ 125,000 bu. at 42c @ 130,000 bu. at 40c @ 135,000 bu. at 38c @ 140,000 bu. at 36c @ 145,000 bu. at 34c @ 150,000 bu. at 32c @ 155,000 bu. at 30c @ 160,000 bu. at 28c @ 165,000 bu. at 26c @ 170,000 bu. at 24c @ 175,000 bu. at 22c @ 180,000 bu. at 20c @ 185,000 bu. at 18c @ 190,000 bu. at 16c @ 195,000 bu. at 14c @ 200,000 bu. at 12c @ 205,000 bu. at 10c @ 210,000 bu. at 8c @ 215,000 bu. at 6c @ 220,000 bu. at 4c @ 225,000 bu. at 2c @ 230,000 bu. at 0c @ 235,000 bu. at -2c @ 240,000 bu. at -4c @ 245,000 bu. at -6c @ 250,000 bu. at -8c @ 255,000 bu. at -10c @ 260,000 bu. at -12c @ 265,000 bu. at -14c @ 270,000 bu. at -16c @ 275,000 bu. at -18c @ 280,000 bu. at -20c @ 285,000 bu. at -22c @ 290,000 bu. at -24c @ 295,000 bu. at -26c @ 300,000 bu. at -28c @ 305,000 bu. at -30c @ 310,000 bu. at -32c @ 315,000 bu. at -34c @ 320,000 bu. at -36c @ 325,000 bu. at -38c @ 330,000 bu. at -40c @ 335,000 bu. at -42c @ 340,000 bu. at -44c @ 345,000 bu. at -46c @ 350,000 bu. at -48c @ 355,000 bu. at -50c @ 360,000 bu. at -52c @ 365,000 bu. at -54c @ 370,000 bu. at -56c @ 375,000 bu. at -58c @ 380,000 bu. at -60c @ 385,000 bu. at -62c @ 390,000 bu. at -64c @ 395,000 bu. at -66c @ 400,000 bu. at -68c @ 405,000 bu. at -70c @ 410,000 bu. at -72c @ 415,000 bu. at -74c @ 420,000 bu. at -76c @ 425,000 bu. at -78c @ 43

WAR NEWS

PEACE ENVOYS TO MEET IN WASHINGTON EARLY IN AUGUST.

THE JEWS IN WARSAW ARE IN REVOLT OVER LODZ MASSACRE.

THE CITY OF LODZ RESEMBLES SHAMBLES FROM BLOODY BUTCHERY.

The president has received from both the Russian and Japanese governments the statement that the plenipotentiaries of the two countries will meet in the United States during the first ten days of August, and the president has expressed to both governments the wish that the meeting should take place if possible on the first of August, and if not on that date then at the earliest date thereafter.

Both Japan and Russia, according to a St. Petersburg dispatch, are now understood to have agreed on the time when their plenipotentiaries shall meet at Washington. It will be during the first ten days of August, but the exact date probably will be announced by President Roosevelt.

The question of precedence evidently is the main stumbling block to a prompt settlement of the number of plenipotentiaries. Both sides seem desirous to make the other take the initial move. Russia seems to consider that it is Japan's duty to name her plenipotentiaries before Russia announces hers. While the exact number of the plenipotentiaries has not been officially arranged, both powers seem to have tacitly agreed on three. The actual announcement of the names of the plenipotentiaries is expected within a few days.

The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Echo de Paris says he has received confirmation of the report that the czar has decided to take formal steps through Mr. Meyer, the American ambassador, to arrange an armistice. But reports from Washington show that suggestions for an armistice have not been received with absolute favor by either Russia or Japan. Quite naturally each government is seeking an advantage over the other in the diplomatic sparring that is going on now, and among those in touch with the situation it is regarded as unlikely that definite arrangements for an armistice will be concluded—even if they should be concluded at all—before the formal meeting of the plenipotentiaries of the two powers.

As heretofore noted, there is serious apprehension that unless a temporary suspension of hostilities be arranged, a great battle may be precipitated, the result of which might wreck completely the pending peace negotiations. It was expected confidently that an announcement of the names of the envoys of the two powers to the Washington conference be made by the end of last week; but, as a matter of fact, the negotiations have not progressed in the least since Tuesday. That both Russia and Japan have decided upon their representatives at the conference is quite certain, but each government, for reasons of its own, declines to make formal announcement of them. Peace negotiations have come to a dead halt on account of the illness of Count Lamsdorff, the Russian minister for foreign affairs. It is explained, officially, that nothing in the form of a hitch has occurred, but that the negotiations merely have been suspended temporarily.

Scenes in Lodz.

The Russian-Polish city of Lodz presents a sickening scene of blood and death as a result of last week's riots. The trouble began on Tuesday, the 20th, after the funeral of the victims of the conflict between troops and terrorists the previous Sunday. The Christians were permitted to bury their dead, but the Jews were prohibited from doing so and the people secretly interred the bodies of the Jews at night, which excited indignation and terrorists riots were initiated Thursday. The city resembles a shambles, and the terrible scenes of the two days will never be wiped from the memory of the Polish people.

The fighting spirit of the people is fully aroused. They have tasted blood and want more. Certainly the revolutionary spirit is abroad, and it remains to be seen whether military measures will have the same effect as previously.

The dead from last week's outbreak total 1,200. Thus far the bodies of 343 Jews and 218 Christians have been buried. The wounded number over 700. Some semblance of order has been restored and the workmen are gradually returning to the factories.

Fred N. Northrop has resigned a position with the state treasurer to become cashier of the Commercial Savings bank at Lakeview.

Maj.-Gen. Wood is back from the Philippines for a short visit in America. He says the islands are in a practically peaceful condition, and that in all other conditions rapid improvement is shown.

Death is to be abolished, says Prof. A. P. Matthews, when a diet is discovered which will keep intact the fundamental cell substance. Improper feeding and incomplete excretion is the cause of death, he says, and "a true science of dietetics is now being formed."

The "Laxy Worm" has infested 95,000 Porto Ricans in the center of the island. The natives used to regard the disease as incurable and are battling with delight the news that Capt. T. K. ... has cured 1,000 cases in another district. Capt. ... has started to work on the 95,000 victims.

Vicksburg Bank Affairs.

The affairs of the Vicksburg bank it would seem got in to a tangle through looting deals of President E. L. Page in cotton. No figures have been given out by the bank's officials showing the amount of shortage, but it is well established that when this is done the amount will be well up in the thousands. Farmers and mechanics constitute the bulk of the depositors and they are greatly excited. Business men continue to stand by the bank and only a day or two ago they deposited \$8,000 to help bolster up the institution. The village is hard hit, all its funds having been deposited in the bank. It is found that there is only \$34 in the village treasury, \$18 of which is in the form of a check on the defunct bank.

Cashier Keep, who is blamed for not knowing the condition of the bank, says: "How could I be blamed for ignorance in this failure, in view of the recent developments? Only recently I came across a case where Mr. Cain had been in Kalamazoo and taken with him \$18,000 in paper on which he realized a loan of \$10,000. Sixty days later, when the loan became due, he returned to Kalamazoo, renewing the loan and leaving \$13,000 worth of paper as security and selling one of the notes for \$5,000 to R. J. Williamson, of the Kalamazoo Savings bank. It was gilt edge paper, and he never credited the transaction on the books of the bank, and I never knew of it until I went to Kalamazoo to check up our account."

On Saturday John F. Young, William H. Ledere and Joseph McElvain, three creditors, filed a petition in the United States court in Grand Rapids asking that the bank be declared bankrupt. The petition states that the liabilities of the insolvent concern total \$300,000; that the bank has but a small amount of cash on hand and can pay but a small per cent of the claims against it. It was further stated in the petition that the president was ill; that the cashier, Charles L. Keep, had asked that he be declared a personal bankrupt; and the president, E. L. Page, not be disturbed by creditors.

The petition further states that the bank on June 22 supposedly paid the following sums, knowing that the bank was on the verge of collapse: To Edwin C. Day, \$3,300; Alice Barr, \$1,500; W. W. Nille, \$3,000, and other sums aggregating \$17,000. Thereafter the bank closed its doors and did no further business. Judge Wandy appointed Steven B. Munroe, of the Kalamazoo Trust Co., as receiver.

Trouble in Warsaw.

The Jewish districts of Warsaw are now in full revolt. The shops and stores are closed and traffic has ceased. The street cars have been overturned to form the nucleus of barricades. Great crowds assembled in the streets and the ugly temper of both the populace and the troops threatens to break out in bloodshed at any moment. Thirty-four battalions of infantry are stationed in the town.

The city has the appearance of a military encampment. Infantry and Cossacks are bivouacked in the streets and patrols are circulating everywhere. Barricades have been erected at the corners of Ogrodowa and Zelazna streets, and occasionally the crack of a rifle is heard as strikers shoot at men going to work.

Monday's conditions are the result of a proclamation issued Saturday night by the Social Democratic party of Poland and Lithuania, calling out workmen as a protest against the Lodz massacre, and declaring that in order to show the solidarity of their brethren and to protest against "the new and incessant crimes of the emperor's government," all Warsaw must stop work.

CERTAIN DEFEAT.

Russians Are Sure Oyama Will Win Battle.

The military experts of Russia take anything but a hopeful view of Gen. Linévitch's situation. They do not believe he can be surrounded, but apparently do not consider the possibility of a Russian victory. Linévitch's retirement to Harbin and the isolation of Vladivostok seem to be regarded as foregone conclusions, when Field Marshal Oyama strikes.

Knouted the Priests.

Seventy priests, who met in Georgia, Russian Transcaucasia, a few days ago, were attacked by Cossacks and brutally knouted. The outrage has resulted in an interdict like that pronounced in the middle ages, of refusing to solemnize baptism, marriage or any rite of the church until redress is given by the whole orthodox church, of which the Georgia church is part.

Why Wallace Quit.

John F. Wallace, chief engineer of the Panama canal, and member of the commission, has resigned both these positions, the salary of which is \$30,000, to accept a \$60,000 office with a New York corporation. Mr. Wallace was asked the cause of his resignation. He replied that he was in a delicate position in the matter and referred his questioner to Secretary Taft.

Rev. C. L. Lestef, South Haven, was badly bitten by a dog in Kalamazoo and the owners refused to settle.

Handsome bronze medals have been given the Grand Trunk railway men for their bravery in the tunnel accident last fall.

Panama has declared that all mines on the isthmus, whether on private property or not, belong to the government. There are many rich mineral deposits on the isthmus.

Robert Gauss, Denver, has discovered, by breeding, a variety of wheat which will grow and thrive on the waterless western plains.

The supreme court has decided in the Jackson voting machine recount case that the machines cannot be reopened after the canvass for a recount.

Theodore Trombley's sail boat was capsized on Saginaw bay at 6 o'clock in the evening and it was nearly noon before he was rescued. He had managed to cling to the drifting craft all night, with waves of cold water rolling over him constantly, and was picked up a mile and a half from the place where his boat went over.

LATE NEWS

THE CHINESE EXCLUSION ACT TO BE LIBERALLY CONSTRUED.

THE LAKE SHORE WRECK COST NINETEEN LIVES AND \$400,000.

NOW COMES A STORY THAT WALLACE KNOWS ABOUT "GRAFT."

Scandal Is Rumored.

The World says: "John T. Wallace, chief engineer of the Panama canal commission, who has placed his resignation in the hands of President Roosevelt, is expected to reveal a national scandal in case his resignation is accepted. It is said Wallace has information dealing with the delay in the work on the Panama canal and this information he is planning to make public.

"Wallace says the canal will never be built within the present century if politics and department interference are allowed to hamper the work of those on the ground. It is said that the previous estimates of \$250,000,000 cost and 10 to 15 years' time for completion of the canal will have to be more than trebled if the actual results of the past month are taken as a criterion. Wallace intimates there is the biggest kind of graft in the canal contracts."

Secretary Hay Ill Again.

Secretary of State John Hay was prostrated by an attack of uraemia at his summer home in Newbury, N. H., Sunday evening, but early today his condition had been relieved by a local physician and two specialists who had come from Boston by special train, and it was expected that the secretary soon would be in his usual health. The attack, which was similar to others experienced by Secretary Hay during recent years, was attributed to a cold contracted on his journey from Washington to Newbury on Saturday. Dr. J. L. Cain, the local physician who was the first one called to attend the sick man, said: "Secretary Hay's trouble has been relieved. He will need attention for a day or two. If no complications arise he will soon be as well as usual."

The Chinese Immigrants.

The president's policy of "a square deal for the Chinese" promulgated Monday in an official statement from the White House, indicates the extent to which the enforcement of the exclusion law is to be modified. These modifications are relied on to head off the threatened boycott of American goods by the Chinese. The president's decision to order a less rigid enforcement of the law indicates that there is at least a marked difference of opinion between him and Secretary Metcalf, who has charge of immigration, and there are indications of rather serious friction between them. Mr. Metcalf is from California, where the sentiment against the Chinese is strongest, and the president thinks he is thinking more of the interests of the section from which he comes than of the interests of the whole country.

Lake Shore Wreck.

The Lake Shore officials who have been estimating the loss caused by the wreck of the Twentieth Century Limited train at Mentor, O., which caused nineteen deaths, place the financial part at about \$400,000. The engine and all the cars, except the buffet car, can be repaired. The engine will be rebuilt, and the loss on that will not be over \$10,000. It was valued at about \$18,500.

The total damage to the train will come to \$50,000. But there are other items in the list which bring the total cost of the disaster to a high figure.

The railroad men make the statement that personal injury claims and death claims will cost the road about \$200,000. They also figure that the adverse advertising to the road will amount to not less than \$100,000.

In addition, there is the cost of the freight shed and its contents, which will add \$5,000 to the damage. The refunding of the fares charged on the train will add \$2,000. These, with other things incidental to the wreck, will bring the total cost of the disaster up to \$400,000.

Salary For Dead Man.

One of the most sensational developments in the Equitable Life Assurance society situation came to light Friday through the discovery that a man who has been dead for 13 months, and three others who had long ago severed their connection with the society were still on the payroll. The discovery was made through a study of the report of Supt. of Insurance Hendricks.

The administrator of the estate of George Nixon, killed May 12, 1902, by a Grand Trunk engine at Flint, has been awarded a verdict of 6,485.50 in his suit against the company.

Civil Engineer Walker, of the navy, is being investigated—not for graft, though. It is alleged he was too severe with contractors who did the work on the Charleston navy yard dock.

In applying for divorce John Madgett, of Atlanta, Ga., produces a diary which shows that in 14 years he and Mrs. Madgett quarreled 6,110 times, 2,441 times because she asked for money and 422 times because he snored.

M. M. Ramsey, a Leland Stanford, Jr., University professor, missing three months, was recognized in New York after being arrested for vagrancy. He had been working in cheap east side restaurants as a waiter. It is thought he is out of his mind. Another professor of the same university, C. C. Rice, has left Pittsburg for his home in Lincoln, Neb., demoralized from the heat.

ADDS TO SPLENDOR

MEN OF BUSINESS RECOGNIZE ADVANTAGES OF ACETYLENE.

Famous Summer Hotel, the Grand Union of Saratoga, Has Installed This Best of All Artificial Lights—Means Increased Comfort and Health.

Saratoga, June 27.—The very name, "Saratoga," brings to every mind health-giving springs, unsurpassed hotels and beautiful drives. It has been for many years the Mecca for all who admire nature, enjoy good living, and are seeking for health, or are simply taking a vacation.

The Grand Union, the largest summer hotel in the United States, set among green trees with its long wings enclosing a court with fountains and flowers, grass and trees, music and light, is throughout the season thronged with guests. With the progressive spirit always shown by its management, the Grand Union has again added to its attractiveness by introducing acetylene gas to make still more brilliant the evening hours. The general proprietors believe in furnishing their guests with the best of everything, and now, after investigating and finding that Artificial Sunlight can be had, they have installed a complete acetylene gas plant to produce it, and have connected upwards of six thousand acetylene burners in and about the house and grounds to this little gas plant.

Like many discoveries of recent years, which are coming into popular favor, acetylene, one of the most recent, is very simply produced. It is adapted for use wherever artificial light is needed and the necessary apparatus can be understood and operated by anyone.

The generator in which Acetylene is produced by the automatic contact of carbide and water might be termed a gas plant, as it performs all of the functions of a city gas plant. The acetylene generator can be purchased for a few dollars and in any size, from one adapted to furnish acetylene to ten or a dozen burners for a cottage, up to the large but still simple machine such as is now furnishing Acetylene for six thousand burners in the Grand Union.

Outside of large cities the use of Acetylene is quite common. The owner of the country home now demands running water, gas and other conveniences which a few years ago were considered as luxuries, and acetylene gas has met his requirements, and gives him a better and cheaper light than is ordinarily furnished in cities.

It is well known that rooms lighted with Acetylene are more comfortable, because cooler, and more healthful because the air is not vitiated.

Trees in 1637.

Perhaps the earliest protection to trees in the colonies was in Massachusetts, for in 1637 Watertown was moved to pass a vote at town meeting "to mark the shade trees by the roadside with a 'W' and fining any person who shall fell one of the trees thus marked eighteen shillings," says Mrs. Charles F. Millsbaugh, in the Chautauquan for June, Exeter, N. H., was a close second, when in 1640, regulations were passed regarding the cutting of some oak trees. In 1793 the Massachusetts Agricultural Society offered prizes to the person who should cut the trees from the most land in three years; however, so alarming a decrease in forest area was shown by reports received at the time that the policy was speedily reversed, and prizes were offered for the planting of trees and the management of woodlots.

Underclothes Marked With Crests.

Austrians of rank have their crests and coronets worked on their undergarments. A case was tried in the Viennese courts not long ago in which a swindling, self-styled count had his linen marked with the initials and coronet of the Austrian premier, Count Goluchowski.

Of Wide Interest.

Breed, Wis., June 26.—Special—Chas. Y. Peterson, Justice of the Peace for Oconto Co., has delivered a judgment that is of interest to the whole United States. Put briefly, that judgment is, "Dodd's Kidney Pills are the best Kidney medicine on the market today."

And Mr. Peterson gives his reason for this judgment. He says: "Last winter I had an aching pain in my back which troubled me very much. In the morning I could hardly straighten my back. I did not know what it was but an advertisement led me to try Dodd's Kidney Pills. After taking one box I can only say they have done more for me than expected as I feel as well now as ever I did before."

Pain in the back is one of the first symptoms of Kidney disease. If not cured by Dodd's Kidney Pills it may develop into Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Rheumatism or some of the other deadly forms of Kidney Disease.

Remarkable Sheep Drive.

Without losing a single animal, seven shepherds recently drove a flock of 14,000 sheep from Mamuga, in Queensland, to Narbirri, in New South Wales, a distance of 900 miles.

Farmers' Wives should read advertisement of Acetylene Apparatus Mfg. Co. in another column of this paper.

Pay of London Police Force. The pay of the London police force amounts to over \$7,000,000 a year.

Making gold bricks without gold is an ancient industry.

UNCLE NED'S FOURTH RECOLLECTIONS



Uncle Ned had stolen out into the orchard to take a quiet snooze under a tree, but the children spied out his hiding place and begged him for a story. Uncle Ned pretended to be provoked, but of course he was not really, and the children knew it.

"Well, what shall it be this time?" he demanded.

"Tell us a story about the Fourth of July," cried John.

"Oh, yes, do Uncle Ned," echoed the others.

For a minute or two Uncle Ned rummaged around in his memory. "I will tell you about a time in 1853," he said. "I was at Funchal, the capital city of Madeira Island, one of the paradises of the earth. My father, your granduncle, had gone there for his health, and with my mother we were invited to spend the Fourth with Mr. Marsh, the American consul.

"My recollection is also that it happened to be the day of a solemn Portuguese function. Mary, queen of Portugal, was dead and her son was succeeding her. The consulate building fronted on the beautiful public square, where a catafalque had been erected.

"The Portuguese official procession was headed by a functionary—a sort of officer—who carried a big silver ax. On approaching a crown set on top of the catafalque he cleft the crown in twain, and exclaimed: 'The queen is dead, long live the king!' Bells were tolling, minute guns were firing from forts on the harbor and the land fortresses. All was deepest mourning, flags were half-mast and draped, and no sounds of music were heard.

"The consulate driveway, the building standing back, was entered under an arch, on which there was a balcony. From this vantage ground one could see across the plaza and down through a short street that led to the ocean side, giving a fine view of the shipping in the harbor.

"The land and water scenery were magnificent. From the balcony I could reach out and touch a tempting bunch of bananas. Seemingly right



maunder. So that was one fine Fourth I had, wasn't it?"

"I'd like to have been there and heard the shooting," said John.

"And see the fellow smash the crown with the ax," added Jim.

"An' me'd like to had a banner," said little Dot.

"And I," said Mary, the oldest, with dignity, "would have been most affected by the spectacle of the glorious flag of freedom waving proudly from the grand old warship in the harbor."

"Well, they were each a part of the day," said Uncle Ned, as he relit his pipe for the twentieth time, "and I shouldn't wonder but what it's time for you all to run along now."



Evolution of the Fourth

In the twenties of the last century great preparations were made by the pioneers of southern Ohio for the Fourth of July celebration, says the Cincinnati Enquirer. In some instances an ox was roasted and people came for miles to the barbecue. At other times the "foremothers" provided great feasts of venison and beef for the feast, with butters of apple and pumpkin, bread of wheat or rye—an agreeable change from the common fare of cornbread—and pies by the quantity of all varieties known to the time.

The men folks prepared speeches—those who could make them—their subjects being "King George the Third," and "England's Tyrannical Policy." Every man, woman and child congratulated themselves that they were living in the free wilds of Ohio rather than on England's Isles. The reading of the Declaration of Independence was listened to with serious attention, the youngest children being compelled to sit as quietly as though they were in church.

Courted Then as Now.

Young men in jeans pantaloons, with knitted wool "galluses" and cotton shirts with white linen bosoms finely handstitched, paid court to maidens in gowns of linen or tow, "heteheled," spun or woven by themselves. The buggy-top calash modestly hid their faces from the ardent gaze of their country suitors.

Fife and drums furnished music for the occasion, the strains of "Yankee Doodle Come To Town," with "Tippecanoe and Tyler, too," setting the proud pace for the heroes of 1812. Patriotism glowed warm in the twenties.

Even as late as the fifties and sixties the Fourth of July was taken seriously. Sunday school picnics had come into vogue, and there was a mingling of religion, patriotism and fun. Brass bands played "The Star Spangled Banner," "Marching Through Georgia," and "Tenting on the Old Camp Ground." The war of the Rebellion overshadowed the war of the Revolution, and there was a new theme for speeches. Sunday school children interspersed the speeches with their favorite hymns.

The "Callithumpians."

The Declaration of Independence was read as formerly, but was listened to only by conservative elders who bore remnants of the New England conscience. The young people instead of sitting decorously by, as had the youths of the 'twenties, wandered

boldly off and watched for the approach of the band of "callithumpians" that was to furnish fun for the day.

This band consisted of young men arrayed in brilliant costumes of blue, red or yellow cotton, much after the style of the circus clowns. Hideous masks were worn, and those who could not afford a complete callithumpian outfit blackened their faces, donned false beards and turned their coats wrong side out. Their appearance produced terror in the hearts of the children and set the hearts of the maidens expectantly fluttering. Who knew but what one's fate lay hidden behind one of these masks. Free lemonade, furnished by the barret, was served in bright new tin cups to the callithumpians by the maidens, whose alluring endeavors to elicit verbal thanks was in many cases but dumbly rewarded.

Then Came Dancing.

After the passing of the combination Sunday school picnic and Fourth of July celebration the observance of the day took on a lighter character. With the Sunday school went the Declaration of Independence. The speakers' platform was enlarged, smoothed and turned into a dancing pavilion. Instead of the patriotic fife and drum or the local brass band that gladly played for nothing came the orchestra that played for hire, and frivolous keepings to music took the place of sedate listening to speeches among the young people. "Ice cool lemonade, made in the shade," was distributed only for profit, and not served free as in former days.

As the country developed and wealth increased pyrotechnics and firecrackers took a leap to the fore. Torpedoes and toy pistols add to the interest of the day, and the Fourth of July has become a synonym of noise and fireworks. The more dangerous the noise or cause thereof and the more extensive and expensive the fireworks the better satisfied the celebrators' feel. Whether the feeling is one of patriotism is a question. It is also a question whether the Fourth of July celebration has evolved on the upward or downward grade, and whether the original import of the day has not altogether been lost to sight.



PLYMOUTH MAIL

—BY—
F. W. SAMSEN.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Year \$1.00
Six Months60
Three Months35

ADVERTISING RATES.

Business Cards, \$5.00 per year.
Resolutions of Respect, \$1.00.
Cards of thanks, 25c each.
All local notices will be charged for at 5 cents per line or fraction thereof, for each insertion. Display advertising rates made known on application. Where no time is specified, all notices and advertisements will be inserted until ordered discontinued.

FRIDAY, JUNE 30, 1905.

During the past eight years sixty-two convicts made their escape from Jackson prison. During the same years but two, Thomas Keefe and Raymond Morgan, escaped from the Detroit house of correction.

Ann Arbor Courier:—W. W. Wedemeyer finds the climate at his South American post so undesirable that he will not continue in the work assigned him, but will come back at an early day singing "Michigan, My Michigan," with greaterunction than ever.

It certainly seems that if the men who go on strike would stop and consider the cost, they would be less prone to declare a strike on the slightest provocation. Take for instance the Chicago strike. The strike has already cost \$7,000,000 for the labor that has been wasted and which can never be regained.

The county building at Pontiac will be ready for dedication in August. The building will be completed and furnished, and only \$1,800 will be the excess over the appropriation of one hundred thousand dollars, and which will also include sodding the lawn and a fine wide cement walk from the building to the street.

Governor Warner has signed the bill providing that teachers' certificates issued in one county shall be good in all other counties of the state. He has also put his signature to the document changing the time of the annual meeting of township boards from the first to the second Monday preceding annual town meeting.

Not all of the enterprising Japs are fighting Russia it would seem from an account furnished by the United States consul at Tamai, Formosa. A Japanese capitalist is about to invest \$400,000 in the purchase and cultivation of 50,000 acres of Texas land and will employ his countrymen in raising rice, fruit and vegetables on a large scale.

It is estimated that a canal to connect Lake Michigan with the Mississippi would cost 25,000,000. If this great waterway is constructed it will not stop long until the Missouri is reached. Some day the value of canals will be greatly appreciated in this country. They afford a cheap method of transporting freight and compel railroads to reduce their freight rates.

Hereafter when debtors in Michigan pay up their notes they will find that they have not "three days of grace," but must pay on the date when their obligations become due. This is one of the most interesting effects of the negotiable instrument bill signed by Gov. Warner. It covers all kinds of "papers," and is intended to make the Michigan law conform to that of most of the other states.

A Chicago man has received from the editor of the Harvey (N. D.) Post the following note: "It is reported that one of the fastidious newly married ladies of Harvey kneads bread with her gloves on." This incident may be somewhat peculiar, but there are others. The editor of this paper needs bread with his shoes on. He needs bread with his pants on; and unless some of the delinquent subscribers to the "Old Rag of Freedom" pay up before long he will need bread without a thing on, and North Dakota is no Garden of Eden in the winter time." We are not exactly in the same fix but we need the "dough" just the same.

Here's a bran new swindle which is being successfully worked on the farmers of southwest Michigan. A well dressed stranger stays all night with the intended victim and during the stay reports that he has lost a valuable diamond pin somewhere about the place. After searching for half a day he takes his leave feeling badly about his loss requests the family to keep a watch out for his pin, adding he will pay \$100 for its recovery. A few days later a bum appears on the place and accidentally shows a pin exactly like the one they had been looking for and casually remarked that he found it just outside the gate. After some dickering the pin is sold for \$25 and sometimes \$50. The farmer then writes to the address left by the stranger and asks him to bring his hundred and get his pin. He never comes, for the bum was in the deal and the pin had cost 50 cents.—Exchange.

Mrs. Bertha Boice, of Maumee, O., visited Mrs. Arthur Stevens Tuesday.

CHURCH NEWS.

Episcopal services in the Universalist church Sunday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. All are cordially invited to attend.

The subject for Sunday morning at First Church of Christ, Scientist, will be "Life." Every one cordially invited to attend.

Dr. L. S. McColester will preach in the Universalist Church Sunday evening July 2 at 7 P. M. This will be his last service before vacation.

Dr. Sweet, presiding elder of the Detroit district, will occupy the pulpit of the M. E. Church next Sunday morning. The evening congregation will join in a union service at the Baptist church.

Services in the Presbyterian church next Sabbath morning. The pastor will preach, Subject, "Hope." There will be no service in the evening on account of the union service in the Baptist Church.

Baptist Church of Plymouth—C. T. Jack, pastor. Morning service 10. Theme of morning sermon—God's Response to His Church. Union service of all the churches in the evening. Sermon by the pastor. Subject—"The Offense of the Cross." The union services will continue through July and August alternately in the churches Sunday-school immediately after morning sermon. B. Y. P. U. Sunday evening 6:00. Mid-week prayer and praise service Wednesday night, 6:30. Communion service after morning sermon.

On Business.

In business it's every man for his own woodpile and a tub race for all. The business man belongs to one of three classes—the successful, the unfortunate and the loose-jointed.

The last-named variety predominates. He buys on credit and sells the same way. Not belonging to the financial "400" and therefore being morally responsible, he is ground between the upper and nether millstones of uncollectable accounts and unpayable bills.

The business man belonging to the unfortunate class starts out on borrowed capital or an inheritance.

Success reaches out an alluring hand which he never quite succeeds in grasping.

He skirts along the precipice of failure until he topples over its brink and joins the throng of brethren at the bottom who are all in.

The unfortunate business man is a reproach to the eternal fitness of things. If he is not ruined by a combination of untoward circumstances, his prosperity is exploded by a ruthless combination of kerosene and other standard things.

Fortune plays into the hands of the business man who reaches success.

Whether he gallops to the top or gets there on a dog trot the result is the same. He scorns warmed-over virtues and last season's neckties.

He is visited by aristocratic burglars and invited to contribute to the welfare of his fellow men.

The successful business man belongs to one of two sets—the ultra-successful and the moderately successful.

The former controls the finances of nations and lives on the fat of the land.

The latter often owns a house separate from his business establishment, in which his wife and children live and where he occasionally meets them.

He plans for a rest in the future with a mingling of the exultant cackle of hens and fresh air, but his last breath is likely to be tainted with sewer gas.

Of the three general classes of business men—the successful, the unfortunate and the loose-jointed—the last is the happiest, because he has the brightest dreams.

It matters not that these dreams are never realized—he has them.—Chicago News.

The Milford Times of last week, in speaking of the Milford-Plymouth ball game, lays their defeat to the umpire, and whines because Milford didn't have their choice of an umpire. The management here claims Milford did not make any request for an umpire of their own choice. It's a small hole to crawl out of. Milford was outplayed all around and they know it. The decisions of Umpire Roe out no figure in the result, whatever. "Load up" again, and come down and try it over.

A very quiet, but pretty wedding took place at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Wagonshultz Thursday afternoon at 4:30, June 23, 1905, when their daughter Luella was united in marriage to Ephraim H. Partridge, the ceremony being performed by Rev. H. Goldie. The bride was attended by her sister, Miss Emma, and the groom by his brother, Melburn. The bride was gowned in pale green silk. The house was decorated with ferns and carnations. The happy couple left for Buffalo and Niagara Falls amid a heavy shower of rice. Their wedding presents were useful and pretty. Mr. and Mrs. Partridge will be at home after July 15th, at Plymouth.—W.

The Rebekahs will serve lunch in the park on the 4th of July.

Mr. and Mrs. W. T. McGraw, of Detroit, came out in their automobile last Sunday and spent the day with Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Sherwood.

South Lyon will have a gala day July 28th. A prize of \$75 has been hung up and it is expected South Lyon, Milford and Plymouth will be the contestants.

The remains of Jerome Pierce, of Walled Lake, were brought here Tuesday afternoon for burial. Mr. Pierce was a resident of Plymouth some years ago.

Mrs. Chas. Liverance was brought to her home in Livonia from Harper hospital Saturday, having recovered from an attack of appendicitis. She was 12 weeks at the hospital.

The whiffletrees of the wagon breaking, let the pole down and the horses Fred Schrader was driving on Ann Arbor street last Saturday became unmanageable. They started to run, but Mr. Schrader hung onto the lines until near the Hotel Plymouth, when one of them broke and the horses were free. They ran into the show tent on the corner, where they were stopped.

The street carnival came and went, orderly and quietly. Saturday night was the banner night of the week, the streets being crowded with people. Five per cent of the gross receipts went to the Athletic Association and their share was a little over \$33. The showmen say they lost money here, which is undoubtedly true, expenses and salaries considered. The pony show and electric theater were the principal and best attractions.

Weigh every ad for selling force. That's a proving test.

Spasmodic advertising means playing tag with Opportunity.

To sell more, tell more.

There are times when it requires more nerve to be a conformer than a reformer.

Luck seldom turns of its own accord. It's up to you to prod your prier under it and flop it over.

The ideal ad has salesman written all over it.

Noise is not argument.

Look to results far more than to rates.—Judicious Advertising.

Dying of Famine
is in its torments, like dying of consumption. The progress of consumption, from the beginning to the very end, is a long torture, both to victim and friends. "When I had consumption in its first stage," writes Wm. Myers, of Cearfoss, Md., "after trying different medicines and a good doctor, in vain, I at last took Dr. King's New Discovery, which quickly cured me." Prompt relief and sure cure for coughs, colds, sore throat, bronchitis, etc. Positively prevents pneumonia. Guaranteed at The Wolverine Drug Co. and John L. Gale's drug store, price 50c and \$1.00 a bottle. Trial bottle free.

PERE MARQUETTE

In effect May 14, 1905.
Trains leave Plymouth as follows:
For Grand Rapids, North and West. 9:02 a. m., 1:55 p. m., 5:52 p. m.
For Saginaw, Bay City and Port Huron. 7:15 a. m., 9:12 a. m., 2:06 p. m., 6:18 p. m.
For Saginaw, Manistee, Ludington and Milwaukee. 7:15 a. m., 9:12 a. m., 2:06 p. m. and 6:18 p. m.
For Toledo and South. 9:15 a. m., 2:45 p. m.
For Detroit and East. 6:45 a. m., 10:32 a. m., 11:15 a. m., 2:35 p. m., 6:22 p. m., 9:52 p. m., 9:22 p. m.
Daily.
H. F. MOELLER, Gen. Pass. Agt.
Agent—E. D. WOOD.
Telephone—City 25; Michigan 18.

Commissioner's Notice.

IN the matter of the estate of August Helm, deceased. We, the undersigned, having been appointed by the Probate court for the county of Wayne, State of Michigan, commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against said deceased, do hereby give notice that we will meet at the residence of F. Markin Briggs, in the township of Livonia, in said county, on Tuesday, the 28th day of August, A. D. 1905, and on Wednesday, the 29th day of November, 1905, at 2 o'clock P. M., to receive and examine all claims against said deceased, and to allow said claims, and that six months from the twentieth day of May, 1905, were allowed by said court for creditors to present their claims to us for examination and allowance.
Dated May 29, 1905.
WALTER LEVALLA,
DAVID WOLFRAM,
Commissioners.

Notice of Mortgage Sale.

WHEREAS, August Blanck (sometimes written Blank) and Augusta Blanck, his wife, of the township of Livonia, county of Wayne, State of Michigan, made and executed a certain mortgage bearing date the ninth day of April, A. D. 1902, to William Blanck, Sr., which was recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of the said county of Wayne on the twenty-sixth day of September, A. D. 1902, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, in the 204th mortgage on page 391. And whereas, the said mortgage was duly paid and the amount claimed by the said mortgagee in the sum of thirteen hundred and two dollars (\$1322.00), and no suit or proceeding has been instituted by law to recover the debt now remaining secured thereby, or any part thereof. And whereas default has been made in the payment of the "money secured by said mortgage, whereby the power of sale contained therein has become operative. Now therefore, notice is hereby given that, by virtue of said power of sale, and in pursuance thereof, and of the statute in such case made and provided, the undersigned will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, on Monday, the twenty-fourth day of July, 1905, at twelve o'clock noon, standard time, at the southeast corner of the intersection of the corner of the county of Wayne (in held), the premises described in said mortgage, or sufficient thereof to satisfy said indebtedness, and the costs and expenses of sale, including the attorney's fee allowed by law, the description of which said premises contained in said mortgage is as follows: All Wayne certain parcel or parcels of land situated in the township of Livonia, in the county of Wayne and State of Michigan, and described as follows, to-wit: The north half of the east half of the east quarter of section number twenty (20), containing forty (40) acres, be the same more or less. Also six (6) acres from off the north end of the southeast corner of the north end of the quarter of said section number twenty (20).
Dated April 21, 1905.
P. W. VOUGMAN, BLANCK, SR., Mortgagee
P. W. VOUGMAN, Attorney for Mortgagee.

FOLEY'S HONEY-TAR

Cures Croup, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, etc.

MID-SUMMER
FURNITURE BARGAINS
We have some exceedingly good Bargains in the Furniture line that we wish the people of Plymouth to take advantage of during the next few weeks. We cannot particularize, but ask you to come and let us tell you about them.
Odds and Ends of Wall Paper at Cost Price
You cannot do better in the city than the Prices we are quoting every day.
SCHRADER BROS.,
Phone 51-2r. Furniture Dealers and Undertakers

4th of July Buggies
From now until July 4th, we will make a special drive in Carriages and Road Wagons. We have a large stock of them and we purpose to move them
AT PRICES TO SUIT PURCHASERS
Come and select your Wagon while the stock is complete. If you want to make sure of getting a Bargain, go when they offer them.
The Moon Implement & Buggy Co.

I have lately purchased
THE SCHAN
COLD-SET
Tire Setter
The Machine that Does the Work
The above illustration represents the machine ready for operation.
No tires are taken off.
Any degree of disk can be put in the wheel.
No burning or marring of felloe.
No spoiling of wheels by welding tires too short.
No boring of the felloe for new bolt holes.
It does far neater work than can be done by taking the tire off. Will not injure the paint on your new buggy wheel.
This machine is a marvel of construction and in the wonderful results produced, as a trial will convince you.
HENRY J. FISHER,
North Village, Plymouth.

Detroit, Plymouth & Northville Ry
TIME CARD.

L. W. Wayne	NORTH				SOUTH				A. W. Wayne
	Conover	Conover	Conover	Conover	Conover	Conover	Conover	Conover	
7:15	7:15	7:15	7:15	7:15	7:15	7:15	7:15	7:15	7:15
8:15	8:15	8:15	8:15	8:15	8:15	8:15	8:15	8:15	8:15
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10:15	10:15	10:15	10:15	10:15	10:15	10:15	10:15	10:15	10:15
11:15	11:15	11:15	11:15	11:15	11:15	11:15	11:15	11:15	11:15
12:15	12:15	12:15	12:15	12:15	12:15	12:15	12:15	12:15	12:15
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2:15	2:15	2:15	2:15	2:15	2:15	2:15	2:15	2:15	2:15
3:15	3:15	3:15	3:15	3:15	3:15	3:15	3:15	3:15	3:15
4:15	4:15	4:15	4:15	4:15	4:15	4:15	4:15	4:15	4:15
5:15	5:15	5:15	5:15	5:15	5:15	5:15	5:15	5:15	5:15
6:15	6:15	6:15	6:15	6:15	6:15	6:15	6:15	6:15	6:15
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11:15	11:15	11:15	11:15	11:15	11:15	11:15	11:15	11:15	11:15
12:15	12:15	12:15	12:15	12:15	12:15	12:15	12:15	12:15	12:15

Last car for Detroit via Wayne at 11:40.
Last car for Northville at 11:20.
Cars of the D. P. & N. make direct connection with cars on the Ann Arbor leaving Detroit on the even hour. For information about special cars, rates, etc., address
R. RICHMOND, Supt.
Kilbuck, Mich.
Michigan Telephone No. 2.
Local Telephone No. 71.

E. N. PASSAGE,
Real Estate Dealer,
Loans and Insurance.
Office one block from Depot and car line.

FOLEY'S HONEY-TAR
Cures the cough and breaks the cold

THE MAIL ONLY \$1.00 PER YEAR.

Soda-licious!

Just the right amount of Cream, Ice or Sprup You don't stop to think

WHY

you like our Soda. You just

KNOW

that you do and unconsciously tell others.

That is Why we are so Busy these Days

Hubbell's Pharmacy

PHONE 14 2r. Night Calls, 14 3r.

Prescriptions called for and delivered to all parts of town.

R. E. COOPER, M.D.C.M.

Physician & Surgeon

Office hours—Until 9 A. M. 12 to 2: after 7 P. M.

Office at house, next to Christian Science Hall

Dr. A. E. PATTERSON

Office and residence, Main street, next to Express office.

Hours—until 9 a. m., 2 to 4 p. m. and after

Telephone 88, Plymouth, Mich.

LUTHER PECK, B. S., M. D., Surgery, Diseases of Women and Children.

Answers all calls day or night from his office over Riggs' store. Office hours—8 to 9 a. m., 1 to 3 and 7 to 9 p. m. Telephone No. 8.

DR. J. J. TRAVIS, DENTIST.

Office over old Bank Building. Phone 120.

DR. W. R. KNIGHT, DENTIST.

Modern methods and all the latest appliances. Long experience, work guaranteed, prices moderate. Office located on Main street, two doors north of express office, in Shortman building.

DR. W. F. LUBAHN, Dentist.

Crown and Bridge Work and Gold Inlay a Specialty. Office with Dr. Pelham.

Penney's Livepu

When in need of a Big ring up City Phone No. 9.

DRAYING OF ALL KINDS Promptly done.

A share of your trade solicited.

CZAR PENNEY

Livepu 'Bus Draying

Telephone No. 7, city phone, when you want a first class Turnout, Single or Double.

We Give Special Attention to all kinds of Draying & Teaming

GOOD STABLING, 10c

HARRY C. ROBINSON

Job Printing Special

Local News

Firecrackers at Brown & Pettingill's. Huston & Co. have a large stock of buggies.

Mrs. John Shaw visited in Ypsilanti yesterday.

David Corkins and wife visited in Belleville Sunday.

The Sun Bros. circus will exhibit in Plymouth July 18th.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Merksion, Tuesday, a son.

Mrs. H. Wolgast and daughter Anna spent Sunday in Wayne.

Fred Burch and wife are camping at Straight's Lake this week.

Mrs. Fred Ziegen of Detroit is visiting Miss Zaida McClumpha.

Misses Kittie and Belle McClumpha are visiting in Detroit this week.

Mrs. Emma Merrill of Detroit is spending the week at John Lundy's.

Ice cream social in North Village Park this evening, for benefit of B. Y. P. U.

Mrs. Dennis Walker and two children, of Chelsea, are visiting at S. L. Bennett's.

Mrs. Chas. Pullen, of Milan, visited her sister, Mrs. Geo. Richwine, the past week.

Mrs. Wm. Brewer and daughter Lucile, of Saginaw, are visiting at J. D. McLaren's.

Dr. W. R. Knight returned Wednesday from Geneva, N. Y. accompanied by his mother.

Go to Huston & Co. for top buggies and driving wagons. Special prices before July 4th.

Carrie Lundy of Troy and Nettie Jones of Birmingham spent Sunday at John Lundy's.

Rev. T. B. Leith occupied the pulpit of the fifth Presbyterian Church, Toledo, O., last Sunday.

Notice.—Green trading stamps, for filling out books can be had by calling at Mrs. Geo. Delker's.

Albert Birch and Miss Annie Mettie, both of this village, were married in Detroit on Wednesday.

Mrs. Fred Gray and Miss Irene Baker, of Lansing, visited friends here Friday and Saturday.

A number of the O. E. S. went to Wayne Wednesday night to witness the initiation of candidates.

All Maccabees are requested to meet at village hall Tuesday evening, July 4th, at 7:30 sharp, to form for the parade.

The dead of the Penniman family, buried in the Presbyterian cemetery, have been removed to Riverside cemetery.

James LeVan and wife left Wednesday for Higgins Lake, Rosecommon county, where they will stay for the summer.

Joe Tessman and son Ed., of Detroit, for many years residents of Plymouth, visited relatives Saturday and Sunday.

President Eddy should issue a proclamation prohibiting the shooting of cannon firecrackers. They are dangerous contrivances.

The lecture at the Presbyterian church last Monday night by Miss Lillian Phelps was very interesting but not largely attended.

Misses Celeste, Emma and Eva Merrill and Rose Wilake left Wednesday for Walloon Lake, where they will stay for the summer.

The ladies of the Presbyterian church will serve sandwiches, coffee, ice cream and doughnuts in the old bank building on July 4th.

Bouquets of mixed flowers 10c and 15c, during summer months. Aster plants for late blooming, 10c a dozen.—Cora L. Pelham. 'Phone 108.

"Cub" Hudson reported to Constable Springer yesterday that some one had entered his room the day before and stolen a \$5 pair of pants and \$2.50 in cash.

C. H. Bennett came out Saturday with a new motor car—the Ford. It is one of the best machines manufactured. This makes four cars now owned in the village.

Mrs. H. Williams and daughter Martha left Tuesday for Portland, Ore. and Seattle, Wash. At the latter place they expect to remain for the summer with a son and brother.

The ball game yesterday afternoon between Plymouth and Chelsea was won by the former by a score of 9 to 3. The game was characterized by rather listless playing. Plymouth scored 8 hits, while Chelsea netted but 2.

A CARD.—The children of the late Mrs. Mary Minnack desire through The Mail to return their sincere thanks to friends and neighbors for the kindly assistance and sympathy extended to them in their recent bereavement.

A Bad Scare.—Some day you will get a bad scare, when you feel a pain in your bowels, and fear appendicitis. Safety lies in Dr. King's New Life Pills, a sure cure for all bowel and stomach diseases, such as headaches, indigestion, constipation, etc. Guaranteed at The Wolverine Drug Co. and John L. Gale's drug store, only 25c. Try them.

THE FOURTH

How It Will Be Celebrated in Plymouth Next Tuesday.

Weather being favorable the largest crowd Plymouth has seen for many years will congregate here next Tuesday. Reports are coming in from every direction of people coming. South Lyon's ball team will be accompanied by a crowd of 300 and a special train will take them back at night after the fireworks. Wayne and Northville will send large delegations, and extra cars will be run by the D. P. & N. Ry. Salem and Sheldon and the surrounding country towns, as far east as Sand Hill, will come in by the wagon load. And it is expected that everybody will be well entertained. The sports begin at ten o'clock and there is no intermission, except for dinner and supper, until late at night, as may be seen from the following program:

FORENOON PROGRAM—10 A. M.

100 yard Running Race. Prize \$3.00; 1st \$1.50; 2nd \$1; 3d 50c. Cash or equivalent.

Potato Race. Prize \$175; 1st \$1; 2nd 50c; 3rd 25c.

High Jump. Prize \$2.00; 1st \$1; 2nd 50c; 3rd 25c. Cash or equivalent.

Broad Jump. Prize \$2.00; 1st \$1; 2nd 50c; 3rd 25c. Cash or equivalent.

Sack Race. Prize \$2.00; 1st \$1; 2nd 50c; 3rd 25c.

Oration by Judge Robert E. Frazer. And other exercises in the Park

AFTERNOON PROGRAM—1 P. M.

Greased Pig—Catcher gets the pig. Grand Water Battle—For \$25.00 cash prize

Night Shirt Race—Prize \$6.00; \$3.00 to 1st; \$2 to 2nd; \$1 to 3rd.

Maccabee Tug of War—Prize \$5.00 Cash.

Base Ball Game—Plymouth vs. South Lyon at Athletic Park.

Grand Maccabee Parade—At 8:00 p. m., in which the Tents from Plymouth, Northville, Wayne, Salem and Sheldon take part. It is expected 400 will be in line in full regalia and carrying torches.

Great Display of Fireworks. Dancing in Penniman Hall.

Miss Lella Murray spent Sunday in Northville.

Albert Stuck, of Ypsilanti, was in town Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. King, of Detroit, were in town Sunday.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Norman Miller Wednesday, a girl.

Mid-summer sale of millinery still on at Maude Milsapugh's.

Mrs. Louise Bassett, of Carbondale, Pa., is visiting friends in town.

Miss Vern Rowley and Ruth Huston spent Sunday in Grand Rapids.

Mrs. A. J. Lapham is in Detroit caring for her daughter, who is ill.

Fred Rowe, of Manchester, visited his brother, M. A. Rowe last week.

Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Earle, of Detroit, have been visiting at M. A. Rowe's.

Douglas Kellogg, of Detroit, spent Sunday with his sister, Mrs. A. A. Taft.

Don Safford, of Grand Rapids, will spend Sunday with his mother and sisters.

Miss Louise Olson, of Detroit, was the guest of Miss Margaret Joy over Sunday.

Belleville is now a full-fledged village having elected village officers last Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Delker, of Manchester, Mich. are visiting at Geo. M. Delker's.

Mrs. Sarah Wright has gone to East Tawas, where she will spend the summer.

Roy Felt has been visiting his cousin Merie Murray in Superior for the past few days.

A large supply of firecrackers at Brown & Pettingill's.

The band will give the first open air concert of the season in the park Saturday night.

Games with Romulus and the D. A. U's have been booked by the local management.

Loyd Rorabacher and wife, of Ionia, visited Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Chase Friday and Saturday.

Mrs. Dillon Bolt and Mrs. Chas. Worden, of Detroit, visited friends here last week.

Misses Bertha Shattuck and Norma Baker are spending the week with friends in Pontiac.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Springer and Mr. and Mrs. Conrad Springer spent Sunday at Orchard Lake.

Mrs. Ellsworth Fuller returned to her home in Jackson yesterday after a month's visit in Plymouth.

Will Schife, for some time apprentice in Stocken's barbershop, went to Olivet to work last Monday morning.

Miss Floessie Holbrook returned home from Pipestone, Minn., Sunday, where she had been teaching the past year.

The D. P. & N. Ry. realized a good thing out of the street fair, their receipts for the week being double that usually.

Dr. W. C. Brownell, of McCracken, Kan., attended the funeral of his foster father, G. E. Brownell, last Thursday.

The three-months old baby of Jesse McLeod died Tuesday afternoon. The funeral occurred yesterday forenoon, Rev. T. B. Leith officiating.

The North Side

Mrs. Chas. Gentz and son Frank visited her parents here last week.

Miss Ethel Smitherman is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Henry Smitherman, at Ovid.

Mr. and Mrs. Dr. Packard, of Lupton visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Dan Baker last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Hamilton, of Saginaw, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Wingard.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Green and children, of Saginaw, visited Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Hayes this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Coppennoll are entertaining their sister, Mrs. H. C. Oldfield, of Council Bluffs, Ia.

Harry Williams and Miss Mattie Germer, both formerly of Plymouth, were married at the home of the bride in Detroit Monday evening.

Burt Robinson has added two new industries to his many occupations—Landscape gardening and sign painting. Burt is a genius, no mistake. He has done some fine work for Geo. C. Peterhans, near the Warner cheese factory and anyone in need of such work will make no mistake by placing their orders with Burt.—P.

Mr. O. F. Beyer and Miss Mary Gayde were married at the home of the bride, Thursday evening, June 29, at six o'clock, Rev. G. D. Ehnis officiating, only the immediate relatives being present. Miss Amelia Gayde acted as maid of honor and Miss Violet Videan of Detroit, bridesmaid. The groom was assisted by Mr. Bert Beyer and Mr. Edward Gayde. After the ceremony an elegant wedding supper was served the attending guests.

The bride was gowned in white voile and carried a bouquet of white roses. The maid of honor wore a dress of white lawn and the bridesmaid white mousseline-de-soie and both carried pink roses.

The couple left on the 9 o'clock train for Detroit, where they will take the boat for Cleveland and Buffalo. On their return they will make their home in Detroit, where Mr. Beyer has a position as pharmacist.

The many friends of the couple extend to them their best wishes for a long and happy journey down the stream of life.

The annual school meeting of District No. 1, Plymouth, will be held at the school-house, Monday, July 10th, at 7:30 p. m.

Rev. H. Goldie and wife have gone to Grayling, their former home, where Mr. Goldie delivered an address to the graduating class. They will remain until the latter part of next week, Mrs. Sanderson, of Homer, mother of Mrs. Goldie, is here looking after the children.

A Wayne correspondent of a Detroit paper writes:

A committee of Plymouth citizens were here one day last week to make the Prouty & Glass people an offer to remove their factory to that berg. But Wayne thinks too much of the largest sleigh factory in the world to allow the P. & G. Co. to go. Plymouth wants the earth these days.

Notwithstanding all this, the P. & G. Co. is considering the advisability of moving their plant, and if they conclude to do so, Plymouth is ready to make the proposition.

Sunday Dinner.

The following bill of fare will be served at the Plymouth House for Sunday dinner, at 12:45.

Chicken Consommé with Rice
Radishes
MEATS
Roast Chicken
Boiled Ham with Apples
VEGETABLES
Creamed New Potatoes
Sliced Tomatoes
DESSERT
Cherry Pie
Ice Cream and Cake
Fruit
Hot Tea
Coffee

A fine dinner will also be served on the 4th of July.

NOTICE.—The village taxes can be paid any Thursday and Friday of June or July at the old Bank Building, and the water rates at the same place any time after July 1st. Other days taxes can be paid at my residence.
F. W. BEALS, Treas.

Plymouth Markets.

Wheat, Red, \$.98
Wheat, White, \$.98
Oats, 25c.
Eggs, 70c.
Potatoes, 10c.
Beans, bush \$1.25
Butter, 17c.
Eggs, 15c

We like best to call

SCOTT'S EMULSION

a food because it stands so emphatically for perfect nutrition. And yet in the matter of restoring appetite, of giving new strength to the tissues, especially to the nerves, its action is that of a medicine.

Send for free sample.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists,
67-69 Broadway, New York,
and all druggists.

The Key to Success

LEARN THE ART OF SAVING

And deposit your savings in a Bank that has a reputation of being safe and reliable.

We pay 3 per cent interest on savings deposits and extend our courtesies to all.

NOTICE.—On and after June 1st, this bank will be open from 8:30 to 11:30 a. m. and from 12:00 to 3:00 p. m.

STANDARD TIME.

THE PLYMOUTH UNITED SAVINGS BANK

Most Brides

Prefer Presents that are useful as well as decorative. There is nothing more acceptable than something for the table in Silver or Cut Glass. You won't find a better stock of either anywhere than we can show you at the present time.

For a Bridesmaid

One could not choose a prettier favor than a SIMMONS Neck or Lorgnette Chain or Fob. Our line of these comprises some extremely dainty styles.

G. G. DRAPER

Jeweler and Optician.

FIREWORKS FIREWORKS

I have just received a large, new stock of Fireworks.

Fire Crackers 1c bunch
Fire Crackers 3c bunch
Fire Crackers 5c bunch
Torpedoes 1c bunch
Torpedoes 3c bunch
Torpedoes 5c bunch

Roman Candles 1c to 10c each
Sky Rockets 1c to 10c each
Assorted Fire Works 1c each
Assorted Fire Works 5c each
Assorted Fire Works 10c each

Punk Balloons
Mines, Chinese Lanterns
Red Fire, Blue Fire, Green Fire

JOHN L. GALE

Your Repair Bills are Nothing when you Use a



CONNER HARDWARE CO., Ltd. SOLE AGENTS.

THE MISSING MAN

By MARY R. P. HATCH
Author of "The Bank Tragedy"

Copyright, 1892, by Lee and Shepard

CHAPTER VI.—Continued.

But was not there an ominous significance in its being found on the bank of the river so near the spot where the Italians were wont to land on their excursions after liquor? Easily excited, malicious and revengeful, ready to brandish their knives at any provocation, it was not impossible that they had set upon Hamilton when intoxicated, killed him and sunk his body in the river. If his surmises should be proved true, then it would not be asked why Hamilton should do so strange a thing as to go to the bank and yet not to his own home afterwards. It would be seen that he was on the way there when something happened to prevent, something dreadful, or he would have been heard from.

Osborn, after some deliberation as to what would be the wisest course, called after banking hours at the house of the president. Mr. Hastings was present and received him pleasantly. As soon as the young man was alone with the president in the latter's room, he broached the subject of his call and produced the cap as confirmatory of his statement.

"You found it by the river bank?" "Yes, sir; lodged in the bushes. It may have been washed ashore, but I think, as the water has been low since May, it was more likely tossed there by some one."

"We had a small freshet the very last of May, you recollect?"

"Yes, so we did! Well, it may have been washed there by the rise of the water. Anyway, it looks ominous; do not you think so, Mr. Hastings?"

"Perhaps so," said the president. "Do you think Hamilton started to go home from the bank, went as far as the river, encountered the Italians, presumably intoxicated, and was finally set upon by them?"

"I do," said Tony, firmly. "I know that he was in town the 22d. and from

"We know there is, sir. I have seen it manifested right here in Grovedale and if I am not mistaken, you were present, too, when Dr. Major exhibited his influence over the minds of his subjects."

"Yes, I recollect, and, bless me! you went forward, didn't you?"

"I did, sir, and they told me I made a fool of myself; went around the audience offering flowers to the ladies, though I had nothing in my hand but my hat. Now, if Ashley possessed this power, it would have been an easy matter, having come into the possession of those notes, to hypnotize Low, making him believe that he was Hamilton himself."

"Well, well, Tony, you must own that this is all the purest conjecture; but if by any strange conjunction of circumstances your idea should prove to be not without foundation, how did Ashley come by the notes; why did Hamilton go away with Mrs. Ashley, and where is Hamilton now?"

"The second question I give over unanswered, the other two, by thinking of Hamilton as in the power of Ashley, are explained. Yes, and that might explain the second, too."

"But how about the Italian theory, must that go to the wall?"

"The two might be united, somehow."

"I conclude you have thought this matter up considerably."

"Yes, sir, I have."

"Couldn't have been Ashley instead of Hamilton you saw going into the bank, hey?"

"No, sir, I was too far away to be hypnotized," said Tony, smiling, "and I know it was Hamilton himself."

"Well," said Mr. Hastings, thoughtfully, "this is a strange matter, and perhaps we are only at the beginning of the mystery."

"That is what I think, sir. I only wish it might end by restoring Hamil-

ton, which might be in some sense a comfort to her, as doing away with the one point, hitherto regarded as incontestable, of her husband's pretending in person the altered notes to 'low and to the other bank and receiving the money in exchange.

Constance listened to his account of Ashley, of Bruce's suspicions, and Tony's own ideas based on Bruce's account of Ashley's hypnotizing the jailer.

"Now, if he could do that, Mrs. Hamilton, why might he not have influenced Low to the extent of making him believe he was the cashier of the Grovedale bank?"

"It is a bold idea, Tony. I wish I could credit it fully. And yet, as you say, it is no stranger than what he did to the jailer, as alleged by Mr. Bruce. Bruce then thinks Ashley and Vane are one and the same."

"Bruce is a stupid old curmudgeon! Couldn't track a mouse back to his hole."

"Tony," said Mrs. Hamilton, suddenly, "what do you think of the letter thrust under Mr. Hastings' door and purporting to have been written by Mr. Hamilton? I do not think he wrote it at all."

"He certainly did not, if what we have conjectured is true."

"Why I think so I will tell you. He would never send me a message through another person no more than he would have come to the bank without coming home."

Mrs. Hamilton's confident assertion carried great weight with her listener until a doubt hurried from the regions of nowhere struck against it. "How," asked the doubt, "if he went away in the company of another woman?"

"You seem to doubt it, Tony?"

"No," he replied, for his mind had already rallied from the shock on thinking that he had taken his premises on the belief of his complete innocence of every charge. "I think your reasoning is good. Mr. Hamilton is, I believe, instead of being a victimizer, the victim himself, of circumstances, if not conspiracy."

Tony arose to go soon afterwards, and Mrs. Hamilton said, gravely:

"I shall think over what you have said, and it may be I shall want your assistance in following out some line of investigation. May I count on your aid?"

"Yes, indeed, I shall be most happy to aid you if I can," and Tony's boyish face lighted up with pleasure.

"Thank you. You are the only person in Grovedale, besides myself, who believes my husband to be innocent. Even Uncle Carter does not," said Mrs. Hamilton, with emotion, as she shook hands with the young man.

Constance thought the matter over deeply for twenty-four hours, and then the following letter reached young Osborn:

"Friend Tony—I have decided to ask of you the favor I hinted at yesterday. If you can get free from your duties at the bank for a few days I should like to have you go to the police headquarters in Boston, gain a personal interview with the chief, and have him send a suitable detective to follow out the new clue furnished by the cap found on the river bank. I desire a man of great astuteness, for such a man is needed, tell the chief, and I am willing to pay well for the service, and, of course, I shall reimburse you for the time and money spent in my behalf.

"Very truly yours,

"Constance Hamilton."

Tony got his release without much difficulty and soon reached the police headquarters. Following Mrs. Hamilton's directions he asked for a detective of the keenest order, and such a one was furnished him in the person of a small, alert individual by the name of Swan. To him Tony recounted from beginning to end the bank mystery with its varied complications and the adverse circumstances surrounding it at the present time.

(To be continued.)

INCIDENT TOLD BY CYNIC.

Proof of Presence of Skeleton in Every Man's Closet.

The late Emerson Bennett of Philadelphia was in his prime the most popular American author. He was the star of Robert Bonner's New York Ledger staff, and certain of his books—"The Prairie Flower" and "The Phantom of the Forest"—had a circulation that would be thought enormous even now.

Mr. Bennett was over 80 years old when he died. He was so unfortunate as to have outlived his fame. Nevertheless, he continued cheerful to the end, and in the Masonic home, where his last days were passed his humor was prized highly.

Mr. Bennett often used to talk about Robert Bonner at the home. This is one of the Bonner stories that he sometimes told:

Bonner one day was criticising human nature cynically. A clergyman took up the cudgel in human nature's defense.

"There is good in all of us," he said; more good than bad. I believe that 99 per cent of us have never done any thing for which there is real cause to be ashamed."

"Nonsense," said Mr. Bonner. "Every man has a skeleton in his closet. You could shoot a gun any where and bring down a bad man."

"Why?" he continued, warmly. "I once knew a bishop who was considered the holiest man in America. A friend of mine, by the way of a joke telegraphed one night to this bishop: 'All is discovered. Fly at once.'"

Mr. Bonner paused and, chuckled. "Well?" said the clergyman, impatiently. "Well, what happened?"

"By morning," said Mr. Bonner, "the bishop had disappeared, and he has never been heard of since."—New Orleans States.



The Making of the Flag

How did we make the flag?
By compass, and square, and line?
With pattern, and thread, and the sempster's tool,
To follow the plain design?
Was it only the lore that the draftsmen knew
That gave us the red, and the white, and the blue?

How did we make the flag?
Not all
By measuring stitch and seam;
For part of it came from a country call
And part of it is a dream
A vision that led brave souls afloat,
And gave us the red, and the blue, and the white.

How did we make the flag?
In peace
We fashioned it fold on fold;
In war it was blent with the grim sacrifice
The drums in their summons rolled,
'Twas the courage alike of the quick and the dead
That gave us the blue, and the white, and the red.

How did we make the flag?
'Twas thus
It came to its grace and worth;
Through all that is good in the souls of us
The banner has had its birth;
'Twas the holier strength of the purpose true
That gave us the red, and the white, and the blue.

Thus have we made the flag,
Ah, no!
By colors that will not fade,
By sinews sweep and by deathless glow,
'Tis as that the flag has made!
And it whispers to-day to each star told
"You must hold me high and must keep me great!"
—W. D. N. in Chicago Tribune.

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EVOLUTION OF THE FLAG

During ten years preceding the Revolutionary War the colonists had many different designs of flags. These early flags were emblematic of the feelings of an ill-treated people, whose rights had been trodden on, whose petitions for justice had been ignored. They were the "handwriting on the wall" which foretold the coming struggle.

What could better tell the attitude of an indignant people than the rattlesnake flag with its defiant motto, "Don't Tread on Me." It was England's custom to release shiploads of criminals on American shores. Therefore it was suggested in the Philadelphia Gazette that the colonists in return for this kindness send the mother country a cargo of rattlesnakes. A writer of the times said: "The rattlesnake well represented the Americans, inasmuch as it is found only in America; never begins an attack, nor, when once engaged, ever surrenders; it never wounds until it has given notice, even to an enemy, against further treading on it. From these—the flag."

Another design, the favorite of New England and the navy, was the Pine Tree Flag. Then there were many others—The Bunker Hill Flag, the Minutemen's Flag, Paul Jones's Flag, the South Carolina Flag, etc.

Benjamin Franklin's Flag. It is to Benjamin Franklin, that great man to whom America owes so much, we are indebted for our first Union flag. This grand Union banner, raised at Cambridge, Mass., Jan. 2, 1775, had on its red ground 13 alternate red and white stripes, symbolic of the union of the colonies, while in the upper corner was the well known ensign of England—the crosses of St. George and St. Andrew.

However, after independence was declared, this flag, with its English cross, was inappropriate and unsatisfactory. So June 14, 1777—over 127 years ago—the Continental Congress passed the resolution that the flag of the United States be 13 stripes, alternate red and white, that the Union be 13 stars—white in a blue field, representing a new constellation.

This was designated to typify a new nation—the one shining light of freedom in a world of tyranny.

Tradition has it that Gen. Washington with Robert Morris and Col. Ross, took a sketch of the design to a Mrs. John Ross on Arch street, Philadelphia, who had the honor of making our first banner.

It has been asked why our stars on our flag were five-pointed and those on our coins, six-pointed. The designers of our early coins followed the English custom. The designers of our flag followed the continental.

The first mention of our stars is found in the Massachusetts Spy of March 10, 1774, as follows:

"A ray of bright glory now beams from afar,
The American ensign now sparkles a star,
Which shall shortly flame wide through the sky."

When Vermont and Kentucky were admitted to the Union the question arose: "How shall these states be represented on our flag?" The question was answered Jan. 13, 1794, by Congress increasing the number of 13 stars and stripes to 15. But when Tennessee, Ohio, Louisiana and Indiana followed Vermont and Kentucky in the Union, the question as to their representation was not so easily answered. Plain it was that the Stars and Stripes could not be increased indefinitely, else it would soon require a regiment to carry so large a flag.

Victorious in Five Wars. Upon request of Mr. Peter Windever, Mr. S. C. Reid, hero of Taylor's, suggested a way out of the difficulty as follows: That our flag

have thirteen stripes alternate red and white; that the Union have twenty stars, white in a blue field, and that on the admission of every new state in the Union, a new star be added, such addition to take effect on the next Fourth of July after each admission. This was adopted in April, 1818.

Through five wars has our Star Spangled banner been borne victorious. In the wars of the Revolution and 1812, our standard gained the respect of the world. From the rebellion, though worn and tattered, "Old Glory" came victorious, the flag of the whole country for—

"The men of the South are our brothers again.
The flag of the free waves from Texas to Maine."

By purchase, exploration, annexation and conquest, our territory has been increased until the United States is a land of almost unlimited wealth and power, until the stars on our flag now number forty-five, and as we have five territories besides our recent acquisitions, it is likely that our stars will one day number more than half a hundred.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

AMERICA'S DAY IN JAPAN.

Celebration of the Fourth of July at Yokohama.

Why patriotism should grow with absence is a question for cynics and philosophers and would be answered by them in differing way, no doubt. That it does so grow is a fact, and one well exemplified by the attitude of foreigners in the far East toward their national holidays.

The days of the British guardian saints, St. Andrew, St. George and St. Patrick, often forgotten at home, are each marked by some especial festivity here, says a correspondent, writing from Yokohama. The French colonies seem to double in numbers on July 14, while the attitude of Americans toward the Fourth is quite in contrast with their usual feeling at home. That uproarious birthday of the republic whose celebration in our cities is apt to drive the average middle aged American born citizen to country solitude is here anticipated for days with real delight and celebrated with genuine enjoyment.

One of the most topsy-turvy things about the earth's other side, perhaps, is the fact that it never rains on the Fourth. So says tradition; and tradition has been justified, in Yokohama at least, for ten years.

Early in the morning sounds the old familiar popping of firecrackers—but it is intermittent merely and one can breathe without inhaling brimstone. All along the streets, over the gateways, flags and flying, at each gate swings the Stars and Stripes, crossed with the Japanese, the French, the German, the Italian, Danish, Dutch and most satisfactory of all, the British flag—"celebrating the day we got rid of you," as the Englishmen say with smiling humor.

About noon day fireworks are set off all over the town, bombs that explode high in air, liberating fanciful paper figures that float through the sky until it seems full of creatures, pretty or grotesque—a cat, a bird, a balloon, a horse, a tiger, a Japanese knight upon a rollicking charger. On the streets everywhere, watching these flying things, are children; the Japanese with their gay kimonos and butterfly bows, the English in smocked frocks, the Americans in soft muslins with ribbons—the little faces all turned skyward, the little lips all forming "Ohs!" or "Ahs!"

Home of Leghorn Hats. Sienna, Italy, is famous for the large hats of its women, and the long horns of its cattle. The hats, which we know in America as Leghorn hats, are a peculiar product of Sienna, although they are known abroad by the name of the city from which they are exported.

Possesses Huge Spider. The London Zoo is the first European institution to possess a living specimen of the huge South American spider, which catches animals as big as humming birds and small snakes.

Women Not Artistic. During the last hundred years in France and England the education of women has been more artistic than that of men. For more emphasis is put upon music and drawing in girls' schools than in the corresponding institutions for their brothers. And yet Galton found, in investigating nearly 900 cases, that 28 per cent males and 33 per cent females showed artistic tastes. In spite of the larger opportunity which the modern woman has to develop her artistic faculties, the results in the two sexes are practically the same.

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Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

is a positive cure for all those painful ailments of women. It will entirely cure the worst forms of Female Complaints, all Ovarian troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Falling and Displacement of the Womb and consequent Spinal Weakness, and is peculiarly adapted to the Change of Life. Every time it will cure

Backache.

It has cured more cases of Leucorrhoea than any other remedy the world has ever known. It is almost infallible in such cases. It dissolves and expels Tumors from the Uterus in an early stage of development. That

Bearing-down Feeling.

causing pain, weight and headache, is instantly relieved and permanently cured by its use. Under all circumstances it acts in harmony with the female system. It corrects

Irregularity.

Suppressed or Painful Menstruation, Weakness of the Stomach, Indigestion, Bloating, Flooding, Nervous Prostration, Headache, General Debility. Also

Blisters, Faintness,

Extreme Lassitude, "don't-care" and "want-to-be-left-alone" feeling, excitability, irritability, nervousness, sleeplessness, fatigability, melancholy or the "blues," and backache. These are sure indications of Female Weakness, some derangement of the Uterus. For

Kidney Complaints

and Backache of either sex the Vegetable Compound is unequalled.

You can write Mrs. Pinkham about your case in strictest confidence.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM BLD. CO., LOW, MASS.

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Possesses Huge Spider. The London Zoo is the first European institution to possess a living specimen of the huge South American spider, which catches animals as big as humming birds and small snakes.

Women Not Artistic. During the last hundred years in France and England the education of women has been more artistic than that of men. For more emphasis is put upon music and drawing in girls' schools than in the corresponding institutions for their brothers. And yet Galton found, in investigating nearly 900 cases, that 28 per cent males and 33 per cent females showed artistic tastes. In spite of the larger opportunity which the modern woman has to develop her artistic faculties, the results in the two sexes are practically the same.

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MISS GENEVIVE MAY. CATARRH OF STOMACH CURED BY PE-RU-NA.

Miss Genevive May, 1317 S. Meridian St., Indianapolis, Ind., Member Second High School Alumni Ass'n, writes: "Peruna is the finest regulator of a disordered stomach I have ever found. It certainly deserves high praise, for it is skillfully prepared. "I was in a terrible condition from a neglected case of catarrh of the stomach. My food had long ceased to be of any good and only distressed me after eating. I was nauseated, had heartburn and headaches, and felt run down completely. But in two weeks after I took Peruna I was a changed person. A few bottles of the medicine made a great change, and in three months my stomach was cleared of catarrh, and my entire system in a better condition."—Genevive May. Write Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio, for free medical advice. All correspondence held strictly confidential.

Would Boycott Wagner.
The Vegetarische Worte, a vegetarian journal published at Hamburg, appeals to its readers not to attend Wagner's performances or play any of the master's music. It describes Wagner as "a gross flesh-feeder" and a man who openly ridiculed vegetarian principles.

Wins Novel Wager.
Marcello, a Manx pedestrian, won a novel wager at Yarmouth, England, recently. He was to walk 5,000 miles and be married in 200 days, and he accomplished the feat.

Ask Your Dealer for Allen's Foot-Ease.
A powder. It rests the feet. Cures Swollen, Sore, Hot, Callous, Aching, Sweating Feet and Ingrowing Nails. At all Drug-gists and Shoe stores, 25 cents. Accept no substitute. Sample mailed FREE. Address, A. S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

Smokeless Powder.
"Smokeless powder" is a class name rather than that of any one product. "Indurite," invented by Chas. E. Munroe, an American, in 1889, and made at Newport, R. I., was probably the earliest so-called smokeless powder.

Storekeepers, Hotel-men
and all householders will be interested in Acetylene Apparatus Mfg. Co. announcement in this paper.

Cure of Sunburn.
Buttermilk is very refreshing to the hot, tired skin. If chafed by dust or wind this simple wash will quite restore its delicacy. Sunburn also yields to the persuasion of a dip in buttermilk.

Pays 6 per cent

The Realty Syndicate

San Francisco
Paid-up Capital, \$4,600,000
Assets, \$11,308,953.32
Incorporated 1895
Investment Certificates issued in sums of \$100 to \$10,000
Interest 6 per cent per annum
Payable semi-annually
Write to The Realty Syndicate
No. 14 Sansone St., San Francisco, California

CELERY KING

Ache on Ache

The suffering endured by women from disorders that are caused by irregularity of the bowels is appalling. Druggists sell the best remedy for such irregularity. It is Celery King the tonic-laxative. 25c.

WILL YOU JOIN A SYNDICATE

of a limited number of members, for the purpose of furnishing the money in time payments to operate very extensive valuable mines; your money and \$5.00 on each share is refunded on redemption of the preferred shares and you hold common shares for your future greater profit, or you get all out. A reasonable proposition, only open for a short time to a limited number of members who want business. Full information from G. C. L. WRIGHT, 255 Dollar Savings & Trust Bldg., Youngstown, O.

Hurrah for the Fourth

Hurrah for the Fourth of July!
With its deafening racket and noise;
When mothers instinctively sigh
For the safety of reckless small boys.
When Johnny awakes with a yell,
And drags forth his cast-iron gun,
Whose boomings uproariously tell
He is wading knee-deep in the fun.



Hurrah for the Fourth of July,
And the rattle of rifle and of drum!
When we know from small Willie's sad cry,
He is minus a finger or thumb;
When mothers, behind darkened doors,
Keep cotton plugged into their ears
To shut out the thunderous roars
And are filled with forebodings and fears.



Hurrah for the Fourth of July!
When the surgeons are all feeling gay,
And with lotions and arnica, try
To respond to the calls of the day.
When dynamite crackers get in
And furnish their quota of harm,
And we learn in the murderous din
That Tommy is minus an arm!

Hurrah for the Fourth of July!
When Johnny to add to the fun,
And with foolish desire to die,
Looks into the mouth of his gun.
Oh, well that the funeral man
Has methods which he can employ,
And in some sort of decency can
Straighten out what is left of the boy!



Hurrah for the Fourth of July!
The glad day is now drawing near;
There's a lurid, red glare in the sky,
The booming we faintly can hear.
Prepare for the dangers that wait,
For the noise we will hear by and by,
For the racket the kids will create—
Hurrah for the Fourth of July!

Some Famous Sayings

WASHINGTON.
(In his address to the Governors of the States, June 8, 1783.)

There are four things which I humbly conceive are essential to the well-being, I may even venture to say, to the existence of the United States, as an independent power.

First, an indissoluble union of the states under one federal head.

Secondly, a sacred regard to public justice.

Thirdly, the adoption of a proper peace establishment, and

Fourthly, the prevalence of that pacific and friendly disposition among the people of the United States which will induce them to forget their local prejudices and policies; to make those mutual concessions which are requisite to the general prosperity; and, in some instances, to sacrifice their individual advantages to the interest of the community.

These are the pillars on which the glorious fabric of our independency and national character must be supported. Liberty is the basis, and whoever would dare to sap the foundation, or overturn the structure, under whatever specious pretext he may attempt it, will merit the bitterest execrations, and the severest punishment which can be inflicted by his injured country.

DANIEL WEBSTER.
(Address in Congress, July 4, 1851.)

I now do declare, in the face of all the intelligent of the age, that, for the period which has elapsed from the day that Washington laid the foundation of this capitol to the present time, there has been no country upon earth in which life, liberty and property have been more amply and steadily secured, or more freely enjoyed, than in these United States of

America. . . . Who is there that can stand upon the foundation of facts, acknowledged or proved, and assert that these our republican institutions have not answered the true ends of government beyond all precedent in human history?

(At another time.)
Of our system of government the first thing to be said is that it is really and practically a free system. It originates entirely with the people and rests on no other foundation than their assent.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN.
(First inaugural address, March 4, 1861.)

A majority held in constraint by constitutional checks and limitations, and always changing easily with deliberate changes of popular opinions and sentiments, is the only true sovereign of a free people. Whoever rejects it, does, of necessity, fly to anarchy or to despotism.

HENRY W. GRADY.

The home is the source of our national life. Back of the national capitol and above it stands the home. Back of the president and above him stands the citizen. What the home is, this and nothing else will the capitol be. What the citizen wills, this and nothing else will the president be.

ARCHBISHOP IRELAND.

In men far more than in matter, you have the highest products of progress. There is progress only when men grow. In men you have the potent means to determine the progress of the future. God has made men the agents of progress.

GEORGE WILLIAM CURTIS.
A man's country is not a certain area of land, but it is a principle, and patriotism is loyalty to that principle.

IDEAS OF THOMAS JEFFERSON
Extract From Letters Written by Famous Statesman.

The basis of our government being the opinion of the people, the very first object should be to keep that right, and were it left to me to decide whether we should have a government without newspapers, or newspapers without a government, I should not hesitate a moment to prefer the latter. But I should mean that every man should receive those papers and be capable of reading them.—In a letter to Edward Carrington, dated Paris, Jan. 16, 1787.

I am for a government, vigorously frugal and simple, applying all the possible savings of the public revenue to the discharge of the national debt; and not for a multiplication of officers and salaries merely to make partisans, and for increasing by every device, the public debt, on principle of its being a public blessing. I am for free commerce with all nations; political connections with none, and little or no diplomatic establishment.—To Elbridge Gerry, Jan. 28, 1793.

Our first and fundamental maxim should be, never to entangle ourselves in the broils of Europe. Our second, never to suffer Europe to meddle with

the Atlantic affairs. America, North and South, has a set of interests distinct from those of Europe, and peculiarly her own. She should, therefore, have a system of her own, separate and apart from that of Europe.—To President Monroe, Oct. 24, 1823.

Fourth of July in the Philippines.
On the Fourth of July the Filipino "outyankees" the most patriotic Yankee that ever lived. He has taken the day to his heart, and is as joyous over it as a boy over his first fire-cracker; and while perhaps he is yet a trifle hazy as to the exact importance of the event in American history, he is perfectly clear on the subject of flags, and he is perfectly aware of the good times possible on this day.

In Manila all the business houses are draped with starry bunting and the ancient palaces are bright with the Stars and Stripes, and even the boats in the harbor are decked with "Old Glory." Towering arches, generally of bamboo, are erected in the streets and strung with flags and portraits of our national heroes. In the smaller Philippine towns, where flags cannot be had, these arches are often made of cotton cloth and decorated with wreaths and suitable inscriptions.—Woman's Home Companion.

STONE IN FANTASY MOTION.

What Would Happen to Projectile Dropped Through the Earth.
Most of us have probably speculated, at one time or another, what would happen if a hole were bored right through the earth and one were to drop a stone into it; and F. R. A. S. now gives his views on this puzzling question. "The stone," he says, "would fall with increasing speed to the center of the earth, where it would have attained a speed of nearly 300 miles a minute. Its momentum would carry it at a constantly reducing speed through the remaining half of its journey until by the time it appeared at the antipodean end of the hole it would have come to a standstill. It would then begin to drop again, and would perform exactly the same journey on its return to the starting point. Thus it would continue to travel backward and forward from one end of the earth to the other practically forever."—London Tit-Bits.

Cleaning India Rubber Goods.
To clean indiarubber goods, a piece of clean, household flannel should be rubbed upon a bar of common yellow soap. When a lather is obtained, apply the flannel to the rubber and pass it briskly over the surface. This will speedily make the article clean. Set to dry in a cool breeze.

UNSIGHTLY BALD SPOT.
Caused by Sores on Neck—Merciless Itching for Two Years Made Him Wild—Another Cure by Cuticura.

"For two years my neck was covered with sores, the humor spreading to my hair, which fell out, leaving an unsightly bald spot, and the soreness, inflammation and merciless itching made me wild. Friends advised Cuticura Soap and Ointment, and after a few applications the torment subsided, to my great joy. The sores soon disappeared, and my hair grew again, thick and healthy as ever. I shall always recommend Cuticura. (Signed) H. J. Spalding, 104 W. 104th St., New York City."

Modern Pictures Not Wanted.
In recent years it has become a matter of increasing difficulty for a living English artist to find a market for his wares, says the Academy. The middle classes appear to have concluded that original pictures are entirely beyond the means of persons with a moderate income, and content themselves with photogravures. The wealthy, on the other hand, appear to consider picture-buying merely in the light of an investment, and all they want is a safe thing like preference stock—the established reputations.

Church Trustees
should investigate Acetylene Gas. See ad of Acetylene Apparatus Mfg. Co. in this paper.

Way to Met Dead Men.
W. H. Dedman, leaving Portland for Eugene, Oregon, wired to a stable keeper there: "Meet Dedman at 3:30 train to-day, sure." The operator corrected the spelling a little and the traveler was met at the station with a hearse.

Here is Relief for Women.
Mother Gray, a nurse in New York, discovered a pleasant herb remedy for women's ills, called AUSTRALIAN-LEAF. Cures female weaknesses, Backache, Kidney, Bladder and Urinary troubles. At all Druggists or by mail 50c. Sample mailed FREE. Address: The Mother Gray Co., LeRoy, N. Y.

Horses Must Be Hitched.
In San Francisco if one leaves his horse unhitched or untended in the street it means a fine. The city is about to spend \$3,000 on more hitching posts.

Make Your Own Gas

Any country home, store, hotel, church or building can be as brilliantly and conveniently lighted as a city house.

Acetylene Gas is cheaper than kerosene, brighter than electricity, safer than either.



PILOT Automatic Generators

require little care, do the work perfectly and can be operated by anyone—anywhere. Complete plant costs no more than a hot air furnace. Send for booklet, "After Sunset." It gives full information regarding this wonderful light, and is sent free to anyone.

Acetylene Apparatus Mfg. Co., 137 Michigan Ave., Chicago, Ill.

Truths that Strike Home

Your grocer is honest and—if he cares to do so—can tell you that he knows very little about the bulk coffee he sells you. How can he know, where it originally came from, how it was blended—or with what—or when roasted? If you buy your coffee loose by the pound, how can you expect purity and uniform quality?



LION COFFEE, the LEADER OF ALL PACKAGE COFFEES, is of necessity uniform in quality, strength and flavor. For OVER A QUARTER OF A CENTURY, LION COFFEE has been the standard coffee in millions of homes.

LION COFFEE is carefully packed at our factories, and until opened in your home, has no chance of being adulterated, or of coming in contact with dust, dirt, germs, or unclean hands.

In each package of LION COFFEE you get one full pound of Pure Coffee. Insist upon getting the genuine. (Lion head on every package.) (Save the Lion-heads for valuable premiums.)
SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE
WOOLSON SPICE CO., Toledo, Ohio.

A woman's way of reasoning is as much of a mystery to the average man as her way of dressing.

A woman can hide a sorrow until she gives away under the strain.

I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—J. M. F. HOYER, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

The woman who seems to accept flattery with the most satisfaction usually thinks the least of it.

Women never weep more bitterly than when they weep with spite.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, cures colic, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

It takes more than a bank draft to start the heavenly flame.

Catarrh of the Bladder and Kidney Trouble (absolutely cured) by Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy. World famous for over 30 years. 50c a bottle.

Wait for your worries, but not for your work.

PAXTINE TOILET ANTISEPTIC

FOR WOMEN

troubled with the peculiarities of their sex, used as a douche is remarkably successful. Thoroughly cleanses, kills disease germs, stops discharges, heals inflammation and local soreness, cures hemorrhoids and nasal catarrh. Paxtine is in powder form to be dissolved in pure water, and is far more cleansing, healing, germicidal and economical than liquid antiseptics for all TOILET AND WOMEN'S SPECIAL USES. For sale at druggists, 25 cents a box. Trial Box and Book of Instructions Free. THE R. FALTON COMPANY BOSTON, MASS.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

W. N. U. — DETROIT — No. 26 — 1906

When answering Ads. kindly mention this paper

900 Drops

Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of INFANTS, CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. FLETCHER

A Perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and Loss of Sleep.

Fac-Simile Signature of Dr. J. C. FLETCHER, NEW YORK

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS Bears the Signature of

Dr. J. C. Fletcher

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

Cool Meats for Hot Weather

BOILED HAM, VEAL LOAF,
PRESSED MEAT, HAM BOLOGNA,
BOLOGNA, LIVER SAUSAGE,
DRIED BEEF.

Also First Class Line of Fresh and Salt Meats.

Fish on Thursdays & Fridays.

Orders Delivered all Parts of Town.

'Phone 23.

W. F. HOOPS

We have in Stock a Fine,
New Line of

GENTS' SUMMER FURNISHING GOODS

that we are selling at

BOTTOM PRICES.

Hats, Caps, Shirts, Neckwear,
Collars and Cuffs, &c.

COME AND SEE OUR LINE

F. FREYDL,

Conner Block.

THE TAILOR

Do you Eat Meat?

If you do, call at H. Harris', where you can

Get the Very Best Cuts

of Beef, Veal, Pork, Mutton, Smoked Ham,
Shoulder, Bacon, etc. Salt Pork.
Home Kettle-Rendered Lard.

Orders taken and goods delivered to all
parts of the city.

Telephone 44.

H. HARRIS

Building Material

WE HAVE IT.

BRICK, CEMENT, CALCINED PLASTER,
PLASTERING HAIR, &c.

We Pay the Highest Market Price

For GRAIN, HAY, BEANS
AND POTATOES.

J. D. McLAREN & CO.

Both Phones.

P. M. ELEVATOR

GAYDE'S MEAT MARKET

Is the place to buy your meats.

THE CHOICEST CUTS

of Beef, Pork, Mutton and Veal
Salt and Smoked Meats

Telephone us your order and we will deliver
it free of charge.

WM. GAYDE

NORTH VILLAGE.

Telephone 12

TEACHING YOUTH OF EGYPT.

Koran an Important Part of System
of Education.

In the acquisition of the Egyptian boy's education, the Koran plays the most important part; it is, in fact, the foundation of all instruction given. It must, first of all, be committed to memory; and the pupil is taught to read and write each portion as fast as it is memorized. As a mental stimulus—in the case of juvenile scholars—a palm branch, judiciously administered, may take the place of our more familiar birch rod. While the majority of the students do not pursue their studies more than five or six years, yet many remain much longer, fitting themselves for the duties of doctor, lawyer or ruler of their countrymen. No boy may be admitted before the age of 8, but, on the other hand, advanced age is no bar to entrance; so, if it pleases him, the man of mature years may on his tasks beside a youthful classmate. As a rule, it is only the boy of the upper class who is able to avail himself of a prolonged course of study. The poor boy must early in life take up the struggle for existence.—Four-Track News.

IDIOT STRONG ON FIGURES.

Mentally Unbalanced, but Can Outdistance Reliable Calculators.

Before a Hamburg Medical society "a perfect idiot" was produced who is able, it is said, to outdistance the most reliable calculator in the world. He is twenty-five years old, of good physique, but mentally unbalanced. For the benefit of the doctors he multiplied and subtracted three, four, five and six figure examples without the least difficulty and with absolute accuracy. Questioned as to the day of certain dates during the past year or past century, he answered after a few moments' reflection, counting in the leap years. As an adding machine he does wonders, but in all other respects he has no sense whatever. His greatest delight is to hoe potatoes and count them, 1,133 in a sack. He is a member of an insane fraternity of 1,200, and spends his time going from one to the other, congratulating him or her on their birthday, or nameday, all of which he keeps in his head.

Whom the Gods Love.

There are two standards of measurement of human life: the one by years, the other by achievement. Measured by years, Sidney Lanier's life of less than two score was a broken column; measured by achievement, his life is not yet ended—he is immortal, says Milton H. Northrup in Lippincott's Robert Burns died at 37, Byron at 36, Poe at 40, Raphael at 36 and Lanier at 39. It is whom the gods love die young. And yet who say that the Scottish plowboy, or a author of "Childe Harold," or the whang of the "Raven," or the painter of the Transfiguration, or the composer of the "Centennial Cantata," do not, one and all, still speak to us in voices whose echoes will command enraptured listeners away down the centuries?

Subtle Flattery.

A piano mover moved an instrument for a woman the other day and in doing so broke a piece from one of its legs. The owner brought suit against him to recover damages. While on the witness stand the negro driver of the van was asked to describe his conversation with the plaintiff when he delivered the piano. He did so as follows:

"When I done delivered the piano, the lady asked me 'how it done got broke. I says to her, 'Lady, it doan' matab; 'cause when you is playing, nobody won't notice the break, 'cause they all will be looking at you.' An' then she tipped me a dime."—Brooklyn Eagle.

Customs of Uganda.

In his book, "Uganda and Its Peoples," J. F. Cunningham tells of a curious manner of treating the sick among a certain native African tribe: "When a person fell ill the village prophet was called in. He said at once whether the sick person would recover or not. If he was doomed to die, he was allowed to fulfill the prophecy; if he was to live, there was no need of medical aid." Another strange custom is explained in the words of the native who, when asked by the author why women were not allowed to eat the flesh of goats, replied: "There is no why; it is the custom."

Mr. Morgan's Hair.

Several years ago a well known lawyer named C. E. Morgan represented Providence in the Rhode Island legislature. Mr. Morgan had very red hair. During the discussion of some bill Mr. Morgan had a tilt with a country legislator, during which he declared that he was not going to have any man with hayseed in his hair come to Providence and try to teach him how to make laws. The countryman arose and said: "Mr. Speaker, in reply to the gentleman from Providence, I will say that, while I may have hayseed in my hair, I thank heaven that it isn't red-top."

"A Warrior Full of Pie." That the juvenile mind is deeply interested in things to eat is illustrated by two answers a public school teacher received the other day.

The class was reading a passage in "Marmion," in which occurred the words "doughty" and "pious." One little girl was asked the meaning of doughty. She promptly replied, "Full of dough." Another, when asked to explain "pious," was equally prompt in answering "Full of pie."—New York Press.

Call a girl a chick and she smiles; call a woman a hen and she howls. Call a young woman a witch and she is pleased; call an old woman a witch and she is indignant. Call a girl a kitten and she rather likes it; call a woman a cat and she hates you. Women are queer.

If you call a man a gay dog it will flatter him; call him a pup, a hound, or a cur, and he will try to alter the map of your face. He doesn't mind being called a bull or a bear, yet he will object to being mentioned as a calf or a cub. Men are queer too.—London Tit Bits.

Huge Task.

It was a huge task, to undertake the cure of such a bad case of kidney disease, as that of C. F. Collier, of Cherokee, Ia., but Electric Bitters did it. He writes: "My kidneys were so far gone, I could not sit on a chair without a cushion; and suffered from dreadful headache, headache, and depression in Electric Bitters, however, I found a cure, and by them was restored to perfect health. I recommend this great tonic medicine to all with weak kidneys, liver or stomach. Guaranteed by The Wolverine Drug Co. and John L. Gale, druggist; price 50c."

EXCURSION VIA THE PERE MARQUETTE

DETROIT, RATE 25c.

SUNDAY, JULY 9th.

Train will leave Plymouth at 9:40 a. m. See posters, or ask agents for particulars.

DETROIT, RATE 25 CENTS SUNDAY, JULY 2.

Train will leave Plymouth at 11:15 a. m. See posters, or ask agents for particulars.

FOURTH OF JULY.

LOW RATES VIA PERE MARQUETTE.

Ask agents for rates and particulars of Fourth of July excursions. Tickets good going on July 1, 2, 3 and 4, and good for return until July 5.

Probate Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Wayne. At a session of the Probate court for said county of Wayne, held in the Probate office, in the city of Detroit, on the twenty-second day of June, in the year one thousand nine hundred and five. Present, Morse Rohnert, acting Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Frank F. Anderson, deceased.

Henry C. Anderson, administrator of said estate, having rendered to this court his final administration account and filed therewith his petition praying that the residue of said estate may be paid to the persons entitled thereto. It is ordered, that the twenty-sixth day of July next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said court room, be appointed for examining and allowing said account and hearing said petition.

And it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said time of hearing, in the Plymouth Mail, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county of Wayne.

Probate Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Wayne. At a session of the Probate court for said county of Wayne, held at the Probate office, in the city of Detroit, on the twenty-sixth day of June, in the year one thousand nine hundred and five. Present, Morse Rohnert, acting Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of John F. Saco, deceased.

George A. Starkweather, administrator of said estate, having rendered to this court his final administration account and filed therewith his petition praying that the residue of said estate may be assigned to the persons entitled thereto.

It is ordered, that the twenty-fifth day of July next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said court room, be appointed for examining and allowing said account and hearing said petition. And it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said time of hearing, in the Plymouth Mail, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county of Wayne.

Probate Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Wayne. At a session of the Probate court for said county of Wayne, held at the Probate office, in the city of Detroit, on the twenty-sixth day of June, in the year one thousand nine hundred and five. Present, Morse Rohnert, acting Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Albert W. Flint, Deputy Register.

P. W. VOORHIES,

Attorney and Counselor at Law

Real Estate, Loans and Collections.

Telephone 73. Plymouth, Mich.

THE GREAT FAMILY MEDICINE

Theford's Black-Draught comes nearer regulating the entire system and keeping the body in health than any other medicine made. It is always ready in any emergency to treat ailments that are frequent in any family, such as indigestion, biliousness, colds, diarrhoea, and stomach aches.

Theford's Black-Draught is the standard, never-failing remedy for stomach, bowel, liver and kidney troubles. It is a cure for the domestic ills which so frequently summon the doctor. It is as good for children as it is for grown persons. A dose of this medicine every day will soon cure the most obstinate case of dyspepsia or constipation, and when taken as directed brings quick relief.

DANVILLE, ILL., Dec. 23, 1902.

Theford's Black-Draught has been our family doctor for five years and we would not be without it. When any of us feel badly we take a dose and are all right in twelve hours. We have spent lots of money for doctor bills, but got along just as well with Black-Draught. THE H. RADEK.

Ask your dealer for a package of Theford's Black-Draught and if he does not keep it send 50c. to The Chalmers Medicine Co., Chalmers, Tenn., and a package will be mailed to you.

THEFORD'S BLACK DRAUGHT

Celebration at Plymouth

Don't forget to call at the

HOTEL VICTOR,

near the P. M. depot, only a short distance to the base ball grounds, where you can get a

FIRST CLASS MEAL FOR 25c

Stabling Free. Your horses taken care of during the Celebration.

Goebel's Celebrated Malt Extract and Family Bottled Beers always on hand.

J. G. STRENG, Prop.

WANTED!

CREAM WANTED.

We are in the market for Cream from Hand Separators. Parties having any should write us for prices, particulars and shipping directions. We can make you money over your present method of handling your milk.

Let us Figure with you and See if we Cannot.

A Live Agent Wanted for Buying Cream in Every Locality

Write for Particulars.

THE OHIO DAIRY CO.,

713-717 ADAMS ST.,

BUTTER DEPT.

TOLEDO, O.

REFERENCE: National Bank of Commerce, Bradstreet's Agency, R. G. Dun's Agency.

Should you not have a Hand Separator and think you would like one, write us.

The Bargain of the Season!

We have just closed out from an Importer in New York a lot of 48-inch French Nainsook, some of it slightly yellow from being in stock, the regular retail prices of which were \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.60 and \$1.65 a yard. The fabric is the most beautiful that can be turned out of a loom, in plain goods, suitable for dresses, waists or very fine underwear. We offer the lot at 50c a yard.

Men's Wear.

Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers, second to none, 25c, 50c, 75c and \$1.00 a garment.
Summer garments, all wool, \$1.00 to \$1.75.
Dermophile All Wool Unshrinkable, \$2.00.
Plain and Fancy Cotton and Lisle Half Hose, 25c to \$1.00 a pair.
Dermophile Unshrinkable Wool, in Natural and Black, 50c pair.
Handsome lines of Negligee Shirts at \$1.00 and \$1.50 each.
New Styles in Neckwear at 25c and 50c.
All the best makes of Suspenders.

Last Week of the June Underwear Sale

Special Prices Ladies' Knit Underwear.

Summer Underwear, low necks, no sleeves, 10c, 12½c, 15c, 20c and 25c, 35 cts, 3 for \$1.00, 50c, 75c, \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$2.55 each.
Ladies' Lace Trimmed Drawers, 25c, 35c, 50c and \$1.00.
Ladies' Combination Suits, lace trimmed, 50c, 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.50.
Everything in Children's Summer Underwear from 10c up to 50c.

MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED.

The Taylor-Woolfenden Co.,

165-169 Woodward Ave., Detroit.

New Era High Grade Prepared Paint,

The Best Paint on Earth

Don't try to save a few dollars in the price per gallon of paint at the expense of many dollars in wearing quality. New Era Paint wears best and longest. Try it when you paint your house. It will please you.

White Lead, Linseed Oil, Dry Color, Carriage & Wagon Paint, Enamels and Varnish.

GAYDE BROS.

Telephone 53-2r.

The Mail only \$1 a year.