

THE PLYMOUTH MAIL.

VOLUME XVI, NO. 32

PLYMOUTH, MICH., FRIDAY, APRIL 3, 1903.

WHOLE NO. 813.



Just Now

at this time of year you are thinking of House-cleaning. To do a

GOOD JOB,

you should use some of our extra strong Household Ammonia,

Only 10c a Pint.

The Wolverine Drug Co.

Phone No. 5, Day or Night.

Introductory Sale.

HAVING SECURED THE AGENCY FOR

Twin Remedy

I am prepared, in order to advertise these wonderful remedies, to give the people of Plymouth and vicinity a chance to try and to use the same at HALF PRICE, viz:

\$1 Bottles for 50c.

The Twin Remedy comes to Plymouth after a wonderful record of cures in hundreds of Michigan cities where it has been introduced. No idea of the actual value of this medicine in the cure of Catarrh, Sick Headache, Constipation, Catarrh of the Stomach, Dyspepsia, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Water Brash, Pain after Eating, Loss of Appetite, Lame Back, Kidney Troubles, Anaemia, Catarrh of the Bowels, General Weakness, Leucorrhoea, or any Nervous Trouble, can be given in the limits of a newspaper article, so only a few testimonials are given here, but a circular giving full information as to the Remedy can be had at my store for the asking. Trial alone can tell and it should be enough to say that if you are a sufferer from any of these diseases, you can try the Twin Remedy at half price and your money back if you do not find it as represented. One can ask no more in the way of fair treatment.

Stomach Trouble Cured.

Imlay City, Jan. 11, 1901.
H. Colquhoun, Prop. Twin Remedies:
Dear Sir—I suffered with stomach trouble for over twenty years without obtaining any relief, vomiting at spells a fluid green and bitter as gall. At your introductory sale at A. F. Martin's in November, I was induced to try a bottle of your Twin Remedy No. 2 and it was the only medicine that ever gave me complete relief. My stomach has not troubled me since.
D. M. WASHER.

Kidney Trouble Cured.

One Vassar citizen—H. J. Morgan—says: "I could not sleep nights; would

This being only an introductory sale at 50c a bottle, it is for a limited time only and will not be repeated. Therefore, remember the

Last Day, at 50c Wednesday, April 22.

C. O. Hubbell's Pharmacy,

PLYMOUTH, MICH.

H. COLQUHOUN, Prop. Twin Remedy, 343 Grand River, Detroit.

Breezy Items

By Live Correspondents.

PERRINSVILLE.

Mrs. J. F. Brown and Mrs. Kate Wurts were in Wayne Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Jones and son of Wallaceville visited with F. Theuer and family Sunday.

John Dethloff has moved into De Witt Cooper's house.

The chicken-pie social given by the M. W. A. at the Hall last Friday night was not very well attended, owing to the inclemency of the weather.

Ed Rutter has moved to Newburg. Mary Tait has been worse during the past week. Her many friends are very anxious for her recovery.

Arthur Hanchett was in Detroit last Saturday.

Harry Robinson has accepted the position of tending the milk factory at Elm and his mother will move there soon.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Schunk were in Wayne last Saturday.

A. Lyle was in Wayne Tuesday. Mr. Simmons was found dead on the road near Coonville Tuesday. Funeral was held yesterday.

Mrs. Ben Rathbone, of Detroit, has been visiting with her daughter, Mrs. Bertha Meldrum.

After La Grippe—What.

Usually a hacking cough and a general feeling of weakness, often leading to fatal results after the patient is supposed to have passed danger point. Foley's Honey and Tar is guaranteed to cure the "grippe cough" and make you strong and well. It never fails to stop a cough if taken in time. Take no substitutes. Hubbell's Pharmacy.

TONQUISH

William Ward spent Sunday in Detroit.

H. Farmer formerly of Wm. Lasslett's farm, has moved onto the place lately occupied by Earnie Socloser.

Hiram Clement while cutting wood on Monday morning cut his foot quite badly, but not so bad as to keep him from work.

Mrs. Edwin Crozell entertained her sister from Detroit, Monday.

James Robinson has purchased a house of Ed. Giboo and a small plot of ground of Mrs. Giboo situated along the D. P. and N., and will move soon as it is convenient. Mrs. R. is feeling quite poorly at present writing.

Clara Reiman of Plymouth, spent last week with her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. F. Reiman, also her music teacher Miss Lulu Heubler.

Geo. Hix and family have moved on the Loren Blount farm formerly occupied by Lewis Stine.

Cady Hix, resumed school in Plymouth on Monday morning, much refreshed after a weeks' vacation.

H. H. S. met with Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Robinson on Wednesday, April 1st.

Ellis Hix entertained company from Four Towns, North Wayne and Plymouth on Sunday.

A Thoughtful Man.

M. M. Austin of Winchester, Ind. knew what to do in the hour of need. His wife had such an unusual case of stomach and liver trouble, physicians could not help her. He thought of and tried Dr. King's New Life Pills and she got relief at once and was finally cured. Only 25c., at Hubbell's Pharmacy.

LIVONIA CENTER.

Will Cort left for York State on Tuesday, so as to be ready for the first of April.

Mr. and Mrs. John Cort have moved into their new house on the west forty and Geo. and wife have gone to live in the old house.

The lawsuit at the Center Monday between Mr. Frisk and Dingman and Brown of Detroit, resulted in the former's favor.

Will Hart returned from Port Austin last Sunday and is now at his father-in-law's.

The report that Otto Zigler would leave his farm this spring seems to be erroneous, as he says he is with us yet.

Mr. and Mrs. Riley Wolf from expect to soon move to Mrs. Wolf from's farm near Farmington.

Miss Jennie Couch returned to the city Monday, after a weeks' visit at Joe McEachran's.

Mrs. Geo. Chilson visited friends at the Center Monday.

Pitt Everett was on our streets Monday.

SHAKES A CURSE SWOOP.

There's nothing like doing a thing thoroughly. Of all the Salves you ever heard of, Bucklen's Arnica Salve is the best. It sweeps away and cures Burns, Sores, Bruises, Cuts, Bolls, Ulcers, Skin Eruptions and Piles. It's only 25c. and guaranteed to give satisfaction by Hubbell's Pharmacy.

NEWBURG.

Our Newburg League (a few members) were royally entertained by the Plymouth League Tuesday evening. A very tempting lunch was served in the basement. That all were hungry was evident by the rapidly disappearing viands, but best of all was the literary feast.

The surprise party held at Orson Corwin's Saturday night was well attended and very much enjoyed by all. An unusual dainty supper was served. Games and visiting were the order of the short hours and all went home hoping for another pleasant evening's enjoyment some future time.

Althea Woodworth Suudayed at her home in Newburg.

Mrs. James LeVan is quite sick. Mrs. Maton and children have moved into Mrs. Patterson's house.

Now is the time of year when you may know you have many friends by the kindly pat on the shoulder. See? (nearing election.)

MURRAY'S CORNERS.

Miss Helen Moore, of Oberlin, Ohio, is visiting her aunt Mrs. Ed. McClumpha.

Ada Westfall has been under the Dr. care this week but is improving now. Silas Howson is moving into the Kinyon house this week and Allen Bordine is moving into part of Perry Walker's house.

The maple sugar making was a failure this season. Only a few were unfortunate enough to tap their bushes.

Ed. Geer, of Ypsilanti, fell from a scaffold last Tuesday, breaking his neck and killing him instantly. The funeral will be held this afternoon at 2 o'clock at his old home on the farm on the Ann Arbor road.

Mrs. Calvin Whipple was out riding Tuesday for the first time since her recent illness. She is improving rapidly.

Warning.

If you have kidney or bladder trouble and do not use Foley's Kidney Cure, you will have only yourself to blame for results, as it positively cures all forms of kidney and bladder diseases. Hubbell's Pharmacy.

CANTON TOWNSHIP TICKET.

REPUBLICAN

Supervisor—John E. Nash.
Clerk—W. L. Cross.
Treasurer—Lee Newton.
Justice (full term)—Preston J. Parshall.
Justice (vacancy)—Albert E. Cole.
Com. Highways—Elmer C. Sly.
Board Review—Alfred Riggs.
School Inspector—W. H. Heywood.
Constables—Stillman Corwin, Chas. Morton, Jr., Geo. A. Wiles, and Chas. Trusdell.

DEMOCRATIC

Supervisor—Geo. W. Smith.
Clerk—F. D. Schrader.
Treasurer—James H. Hanford.
Justice (full term)—Albert D. Clark.
Justice (vacancy)—Frank Tillotson.
Com. Highways—James Gunn.
Board Review—Grove S. Cole.
School Inspector—A. O. Huston.
Constables—Abram Hannan, T. L. Harmon, Count D. Bentley, James Rhassell.

W. C. T. U.

The gold Medal Contest which occurred at the Baptist church last Friday evening was well attended and proved to be one of the finest entertainments of the season. The contestants rendered their recitations in a most creditable and pleasing manner. The contest was a very close one and where all did so well, it required most careful consideration from the judges. The medal was awarded to Miss Laura Bell who recited in fine Irish style "Patty Ryan Demands Her Rights." The evening's entertainment was made the more enjoyable by the inspiring music furnished by Cable's Orchestra.

The annual meeting of the W. C. T. U. will occur at their rooms next Friday afternoon. It is hoped that there will be a good attendance.—Supt. Press.

SEVERE ATTACK OF GRIP

Cured by One Bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.

"When I had an attack of the grip last winter (the second one) I actually cured myself with one bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy," says Frank W. Perry, Editor of the Enterprise, Shortville, N. Y. "This is the honest truth. I at times kept from coughing myself to pieces by taking a teaspoonful of this remedy, and when the coughing spell would come on at night I would take a dose and it seemed that in the briefest interval the cough would pass off and I would go to sleep perfectly free from cough and its accompanying pains. To say that the remedy acted as a most agreeable surprise is putting it very mildly. I had no idea that it would or could knock out the grip, simply because I had never tried it for such a purpose, but it did, and it seemed with the second attack of coughing the remedy caused it to be not only less duration, but the pains were far less severe, and I had not used the contents of one bottle before Mr. Grip had bid me adieu." For sale at Moller's Drug Store.

Electric Lights are not Necessary

To enable you to see the reasons why you should trade at the Big Double Store.

In the First Place

We carry the largest stocks of Groceries, Shoes and Rubbers, Dry Goods and Gents' Furnishings in town.

In the Next Place

Our Groceries are strictly fresh, our Shoe stock is new, stylish and up-to-date, and in Dry Goods we will let the line speak for itself.

Turn on the Light.

We court inspection, because we know the stock will stand the test.

Spring Goods Here.

Come in and see the pretty Gingham, dainty Dimities and Challies, handsome Waist Patterns, etc. We have an extra fine line of Medallions, Applique, Embroideries and Laces. Everything new and stylish.

Do not go to the city to buy goods until you call and inspect the most up-to-date and largest line of Dry Goods we have ever shown in Plymouth.

J. R. RAUCH & SON

Watch our Window for Easter Novelties

We carry a full line of the

National Biscuit Co.'s Goods

—SUCH AS—

Zephyrettes, Uneda Ginger Wafer, 5 O'clock Tea, Graham Wafers, Orange Gems, Newton Fig, Long Branch Biscuit, Wabisco, Uneda Biscuit, Cream Crackers, Mary Ann, Iced Sugar & Molasses. [Cakes]

Garden Seeds of all Kinds.

Try our Picnic Hams, Bacon, Halibut, Bloaters, etc.

We are agents for the Columbus Stock Food, Poultry Food and Animal Condiment.

Don't forget our Open Kettle New Orleans Molasses.

WE GIVE AMUSEMENT STAMPS,

25 of which are good for 10c in trade at our store.

We handle Cottolene, put up in zqt. pails.

Shafer & Brown

Telephone 40.

Free Delivery.

Uncle Sam will inaugurate the Panama canal with a \$40,000,000 dig.

The revolution in Bolivia is spreading. A lame dog joined it yesterday.

The American ice trust lost money last year. Probably it had too much watered stock.

At this distance we can see a Pickwickian flavor about that proclamation of the czar.

There has been a break in the whisky trust, but not long enough to let the stuff out for nothing.

A New York jury has fixed the value of a man's leg at \$17,000. Would you sell one of your legs for that?

Some way should be found to prevent Mount Pelee and old Crazy Snake from breaking out at the same time.

When you have known a hundred women, you know just about as much about the sex as when you knew only one.

The Mad Mullah's mother is sought. Now if they could catch his mother-in-law, perhaps he'd quiet down and live in peace.

The furnace man has appeared in the Burdick case, but the milkman and the plumber have thus far succeeded in keeping out.

When we remember what a fuss men make about their \$50 Panama hats marked down to \$1.98, we can have charity for the women.

Ex-Mayor Ames of Minneapolis says the newspapers are to blame for his present troubles. This is quite a compliment to the press.

Compared with what the Buffalo detectives do not know about the Burdick murder the facts thus far brought out are exceedingly meager.

"If your baby has the gripe don't kiss it," says Dr. Cyrus Edson. "If your stenographer has the gripe!" he adds—"send her home till she gets well."

The Rothschilds started in business with a small art store. They knew practically nothing about painting, but soon had all of the old masters coming their way.

A trolley syndicate has been incorporated in New Jersey with a capital of \$50,000,000. But a little bit of a thing like that doesn't spill much water nowadays.

Japanese labor has been tried in Colorado and Utah and is pronounced to be a failure. The Japanese costume fills so easily with snow that the laborer becomes lousy.

Prof. Monaghan might have added to his assertion that poor cooks make drunkards the further fact that they incline to profanity, assault and battery, defalcation and suicide.

The man out West who wants a divorce on the ground that his wife hypnotized him into the marriage, will not get it. That ground would allow every husband to get a divorce.

Secretary Shaw isn't worrying half so much about the prospective payment of that \$50,000,000 Panama canal account as you may be about the prospective payment of a \$50 tailor's bill.

Lancers are to be discarded by the British army. All the lancers and dragons will be armed with carbines and swords hereafter. Is this another move forward toward universal peace?

That Tennessee legislator who wants to make kissing a misdemeanor must have passed a lonesome youth, a dreary middle life and now on the verge of old age has no love for children.

Mr. Tokell, the English bruiser who was recently jolted into the land of dreams by the American, Mr. Forbes, has so far recovered as to be able to state that the people of this blasted country "lack claws."

We are informed that the Sultan of Muscat has been ruined by the expense incurred in organizing his customs service on the advice of the British, American and French consuls. Too many cooks.

A Boston dry goods firm advertises "Beautiful things in spring shirt waists." We have them down here, too, but we do not advertise them. They speak for themselves, both as display and solid matter.

A Frenchman claims to have invented a boat which will prevent seasickness. His action is as gentle as that of a street car, but it is needless to say that the comparison was not made with what we call street cars in Chicago.

The Australian archduke who gave up his title and hereditary claims a few weeks ago in order to marry with a wealthy American has been deserted by the latter. Without his title and fortune he probably seemed like a different man to her.

THE MICHIGAN NEWS

What is Doing in All Sections of the State

The Railroads Fight.

An order restraining Auditor-General Powers from proceeding to collect taxes due to the state from Michigan railroads was issued by Judge Wainly in the Federal Court in Grand Rapids Friday. The injunction will be given a hearing on May 25. Twenty-three railroads were represented when the petition asking for the injunction was filed. These roads were: The Michigan Central, Pere Marquette, Grand Rapids & Indiana, Detroit & Mackinac, Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic, Lake Shore & Michigan Southern, Mineral Range, Copper Range, Ann Arbor, the "So" line, Pontiac, Oxford & Northern, Grand Trunk, Chicago & Northwestern, Chicago & St. Paul, Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis, Wabash, Boyne City & Southwestern, South Haven & Eastern, Indiana, Illinois & Iowa, Wisconsin Central, Manistee & Northern, Mason & Oceana, Milwaukee, Benton Harbor & Columbus, Detroit & Lima Northern, Wisconsin & Michigan, Manistee railroad, Manistique.

Still One Million Shy.

A few more railroad companies paid taxes according to their ideas of what they ought to cash in to the auditor-general. The Chicago & Northwestern paid in \$98,584 to and the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul \$29,424 1/2. Altogether the companies have paid in \$1,543,922 48 exclusive of the Wabash Railroad Co., which paid its tax of \$47,911 68 under the new law. It is possible that the total taxes to be paid by the railroads under their own computation will amount to \$1,650,000, which is about \$200,000 more than was paid last year. The total is still about a million dollars shy of the sum that was assessed against the railroads under the new ad valorem law.

Killed His Brother.

Clyde, the 24-year-old son of T. H. Whitall, a farmer of Alkoma township, stabbed his brother Archie, aged 22 years, Friday morning, inflicting a wound from which the latter died that night. The boys were quarrelling in the house about a dog, when Clyde grabbed a butcher knife and made a lunge at his brother. The knife penetrated the young man's breast over the heart. The parents witnessed the tragedy. Clyde was stricken with remorse as soon as he realized what he had done, and made no effort to escape, remaining in the house inconceivable until the arrival of officers, who placed him under arrest.

Word Bound Over.

Frank Ward, the Britton farm hand, was given an examination in Adrian Friday on the charge of assault with intent to commit murder upon the person of Mrs. Thomas Wilson, wife of his employer. The examination attracted considerable attention, and many residents from around Britton were in attendance. The prosecution put on the stand but one witness, Edward Auten. Testimony was so damaging that the court saw his way clear to bind the prisoner over to the May term of the Circuit Court. Ward was unable to furnish bail, which was placed at \$3,000.

A Tough Stomach.

At the inquest held in Kalamazoo on the remains of Fred Cerraw, his stomach was found to contain 325 nails, a piece of coal weighing two pounds and twelve ounces, a spike four inches long, a carving fork tine, an iron washer, several pieces of wire, 25 pieces of tea lead, 132 small stones, 28 pins, 17 buttons and other material. It was found that death was caused by the pins penetrating the lining of the stomach. Cerraw came to the asylum from Quincy, Mich., seven years ago, and has been afflicted with stomach trouble for years.

Fined \$1,400.

P. M. Thomas, of Charlotte, recently convicted in the United States district court of having a false affidavit made in reference to a soldier's land grant, was brought before Judge Swan for sentence Wednesday. There were 13 indictments against Thomas, and in the case in which he was convicted he was fined \$300, in the next 10, \$100 each, and in the last two \$50 each. A plea of nolo contendere was made by Thomas in the last 12 cases. The sum of \$1,400 was paid into court by the defendant and he was allowed to go free.

AROUND THE STATE.

One hundred and thirty-seven widows reside in Buchanan.

The village council at North Adams is again talking electric lights.

Oceana county's new jail at Hart is completed and ready for occupation.

The telephone lines are again at work on the local exchange in Bancroft.

The Corral graze has passed strong resolutions in favor of a general primary law.

Eighty-four new rural free delivery routes were put in operation in this state during March.

A new Methodist church will be built at Romulus as soon as the weather will permit.

Nashville has landed another industry—a steam pump works will give employment to 200 men.

Work on the gas plant, for which a franchise was granted at Holland recently, will begin at once.

Michigan postmasters apparently are not superstitious. Their meeting will be held on Friday, Aug. 13, in Ludington.

Burlington is to build a jail for the village prisoners, and have a marshal to make some prisoners to put in the jail.

Ogemaw county farmers report wheat not looking very well, as there was not much snow in that section the past winter.

The outlook for a strike of the Bay City coal miners on April 1st does not improve. There are about 1,000 miners involved. No step has yet been taken to resume arbitration.

Labor is very scarce at Niles, and the factories are unable to get as many men as they want.

The Pacific Express Co. offers \$2,000 reward for recovery of the bar of gold stolen from the depot in Detroit.

Plainwell may not secure a brewery after all, although it had been announced that it was a settled thing.

Fishing may lose its agricultural importance in this section. Standish is after it, and is offering inducements for its removal.

A. F. Hunt, cashier of the Byron Exchange bank, has smallpox. Nobody is refusing to take money from the bank, however.

The books in the state treasury Saturday showed a balance considerably in excess of \$5,000,000, the largest in the history of the state.

A stock company with a capital of \$15,000 is being organized at Chesaning for the purpose of establishing a canning factory there.

A government official who is in a position to know, says that one druggist in Van Buren county sells twenty-five barrels of whisky every year.

Daniel Allen got a verdict of \$462.52 in the Circuit Court against William Ransom, who called him names and said he was a perjurer. Both are from Eldred.

Some residents of Petoskey object to the small from the factories which were secured by dint of hard work and hustling, and would like to drive them out of town.

Receiver A. E. Lang has been discharged from the management of the Lake Shore electric road, and the control placed in the hands of the new board of directors.

A Kent county farmer who mistreated his horses while in Grand Haven Saturday night was arrested, kept in jail over Sunday and Monday morning fined \$20 and costs.

A prominent farmer near Niles is preparing to do all his farm work like plowing, cultivating, harvesting, etc., by power furnished by a thirty-horse power gasoline engine.

Dr. W. A. Burdick, who has been engaged in the drug business in Galesburg for 50 years, has received a check for \$35 in payment, with interest, of a debt of \$5 of 35 years' standing.

S. Sanson, of Bancroft, has just received a letter from his brother Thomas, in Salt Lake, Utah, whom he had supposed was killed in the Mountain Meadow massacre by Indians in 1857.

The contract was let at Capac Saturday for the construction of what is known as the Cox and Doty creek drain in Mussey, Emmet and Berlin townships, at a total cost of about \$3,000.

Arthur, the 15-year-old son of William Wellhouse, of Marine City, shot himself about 9:30 o'clock Sunday morning, dying instantly. The bullet entered the left temple, and was from a 22-caliber rifle.

All difficulties over right of way for the proposed Traverse City, Leelanau & Manistee railroad have been adjusted, and the work of grading will begin at once. The steel for the entire line has been purchased.

Martin Griffith, a wealthy Norton township farmer who came to Muskegon 47 years ago, fell down the cellar of Adolph Gerst's saloon and died of the shock. Mr. Griffith built the first sawmill in Muskegon.

Hon. DeVos Olinberg, the scientist who was bitten by a winter bug, which he had captured for the national museum, is better. Insanity has not appeared as in the case of Oscar Newsky, similarly bitten.

Zoe Matis, of Grand Rapids, and Hazel Yetter, of Newaygo county, who escaped from the industrial home Saturday and were caught Sunday morning at Ousted, had spent the night in a box-car at Pentecost.

C. H. Prescott & Sons, of Tawas City, have sold to a syndicate headed by ex-Secretary Bird, of the Michigan Agricultural College, 5,000 acres of land in Ogemaw and Isoc counties, on the Detroit & Mackinac railroad.

It is said that the Saginaw Southern electric railroad, which has been talked of for two years, will be built to Owosso, connecting with the Owosso & Cornua road, and running nearly parallel with the Michigan Central.

Farmers at Homestead, a little town in the upper peninsula, have started a crusade against the saloons of that place and intend, if possible, to wipe them out. It is said that there is a fight on in that vicinity which is extremely interesting.

The largest log jam ever seen on the Menominee river is at a point two miles from this city. Five million feet of logs are piled 40 feet high. The log company has a crew at work breaking it with dynamite. The jam extends nearly a mile.

Ex-County Clerk Woodworth, of Ingham county, who is to be tried on the charge of converting trust funds to his own use, will also have to defend a suit brought to recover \$800 which, it is said, he drew from the county treasury without authority.

The Michigan Anti-Saloon League would like to send petitions containing the names of 1,000,000 voters to the legislature to urge the passage of the Holmes bill against straw liquor bonds and the defeat of the Paddock bill allowing saloonkeepers to give bonds furnished by surety companies.

Ernest Sherlock, aged 20, and unmarried, was struck by a Pere Marquette train Saturday evening while on his way home from work, and was so badly injured, that he died two hours later. His skull was crushed in at the back and both legs cut off.

Giuseppe Colosio and Peter Costagna were participants in a Sunday fight at a saloon in Fink, a mining settlement north of Wakefield. Both were badly injured and taken by friends to Ashtabula, Wis., hospital for treatment. The occurrence was kept very quiet until word was received that Colosio had died and Costagna was not expected to live.

THE BURDICK MURDER.

Judge Murphy's Summing Up of the Evidence.

Judge Murphy, in his findings in the Burdick inquest, declares that the identity of the murderer has not been proved. The statement is an exhaustive review of the evidence brought out during the inquest.

Special attention is given to the letters exchanged between Arthur R. Pennell and Mrs. Burdick, particularly the one containing a threat against Burdick's life. Concerning these the judge says:

"Altogether, these facts would, in my opinion, constitute just ground of suspicion on which a warrant could be issued, were he alive."

Speaking of Pennell's relations with Mrs. Burdick, Justice Murphy said: "His, of all others, was the motive strong enough to incite a desperate mind already steeped in wrong doing to so foul and cruel a murder."

Referring to Mrs. Hull, Judge Murphy said: "The action of Mrs. Hull on that morning (the morning after the murder) and her testimony on the stand, has caused me much thought and worry. To my mind, they are inconsistent, with a perfect want of knowledge as to what had actually occurred. So little apparent feeling for the dead man, such an evident desire to cover up the crime and no disposition whatever to aid the authorities in apprehending the murderer may be explained, but has not been explained."

Mrs. Paine and Miss Hutchinson are completely exonerated in Judge Murphy's findings, which, in conclusion, say: "It is only duty to censure Mrs. Burdick. But great as her wrong has been, great is her punishment."

Wabash Men Win Victory.

The Wabash railroad was completely defeated at St. Louis, Mo., in its endeavor to forestall its employees in an attempt to secure better wages by going on strike. Judge Elmer B. Adams, of the United States Circuit Court, dissolved the temporary injunction he had granted on March 31 restraining the officials of the Brotherhoods of Locomotive Firemen and Railway Trainmen and other labor leaders from ordering a strike or influencing the employees to go on strike. The decision is regarded as most sweeping and completely refutes the claims and allegations of the Wabash attorneys on all points, the principal ones being conspiracy to interfere with interstate commerce and United States mails, and that the Wabash employees were satisfied with their wages and general treatment.

Points to Pennell.

Two bloody finger prints were discovered Saturday on the casing of the outer door of the Burdick house. The discovery is believed by the district attorney to be positive proof that the murderer left the house after the crime was committed. The body of Arthur R. Pennell may be exhumed for the purpose of learning whether or not the bloody finger marks correspond to the intricate convolutions of the skin on the surface of Pennell's fingers. A suspicion so strong as to arouse the great interest of the authorities that the wounds on Edwin L. Burdick's head were made by the butt of Pennell's revolver has arisen from facts brought to light. Pennell, it develops, bought a revolver a month before the murder. On the morning Burdick was found dead—Feb. 27—Pennell went to the same store in a highly nervous and excited condition and bought another revolver. He said the first weapon had been stolen from him.

The Admiral on the Carpet.

Admiral Dewey called by appointment at the White House Saturday and made a full explanation of a recent newspaper interview, in which the admiral was quoted as saying the Caribbean sea man-of-war were "an object lesson to the Kaiser, more than to any other person." The admiral asserted to the president that he had no intention of reflecting in the interview, upon Germany, her emperor or her navy and that, while the statements credited to him were substantially what he said, he neglected to caution the interviewer against quoting him. At the White House it was stated that the admiral's explanation was satisfactory to the president. It is not believed that further official notice will be taken of the incident.

The Lowell Lockout.

In preference to locking the textile unions of Lowell, the agents of seven big cotton mills ordered an entire suspension of work for an indefinite period on Saturday. Without delay notices of a shutdown to take effect at once were posted on the gates and as piece hands completed their work they were told to leave. When speed went down at noon, fully 17,000 operatives had been forced into idleness. The length of the shutdown is problematical, but it is likely to last many weeks, as the unions have been promised financial support.

Cuban Senate Approves It.

The treaty of reciprocity between Cuba and the United States, as amended by the senate of the United States, was approved at 8 o'clock Saturday night in the Cuban senate, by a vote of 12 to 9. This approval is absolute and is not hampered by any conditions, the questionable time limit amendment having been dispensed with through the receipt of the cablegram from Secretary Hay, in which it was positively declared that President Roosevelt would call a special session of congress prior to December 1.

Boodling was charged by Speaker Whitcombton before the Missouri lower house in connection with the Davidson school-text book bill, and during the discussion Doorkeeper Clark struck Rep. Selph. The house was in an uproar and a general mix-up was narrowly averted.

In an attempt to hold up a Chicago saloon early Monday Oris Benson was fatally and Joseph Driscoll seriously wounded. The men commanded the bartender, James Johnson, to go to the rear and leave the cash register open. Instead, Johnson opened fire on the supposed bandits.

STATE LEGISLATURE

Brief Chronicle of Matters of Importance

The Kelly bill, exempting mortgages and land contracts from taxation—a reform which has been the subject of agitation for years—is now before the house, having passed the senate.

Rep. Thomas G. Campbell, of Gladwin, chairman of the house committee on taxation, says: "Presumably under our system we assess all property, personal and real—that is, the supposed basis on which levies are made. But we are really aiming to reach every individual and assess him for what he is worth. And this we do, but we do not allow him to set off against his property any debts other than those guaranteed by real estate, except credits. After we have got at all the real and personal property we can find and have placed all the tangible evidences of wealth on the rolls, we stick on another \$65,000,000 under the head of credits—something which has no existence whatever, either as property or wealth. From this we derive a revenue of about 12-3 cents on the dollar, or \$1,100,000 in aggregate taxes. This sum constitutes about 5 per cent of our total revenue."

A proposed bill which, it is understood, was drawn up by former Representative F. C. Wells, provides for a \$2,000 state veterinarian, and prescribes at length for the preventing the spread of disease among cattle. It would permit him to hire help at \$10 a day for each assistant, and the scope of the measure may be seen in this clause: "The state veterinarian shall have power to employ, at the expense of the state, such persons, and purchase such supplies and materials as may be necessary to carry into full effect all orders by him given."

The most important measure acted upon by the house Tuesday was the Kelly bill, submitting to the people the question of calling a convention to make a general revision of the state constitution. The bill has passed the senate, and in the house committee of the whole there was no objection to it, so that the measure will probably go before Gov. Bliss for signature in a few days. If it goes through the voters will be called upon to vote on the measure at the fall election of 1904.

The senate complied with the request of the house for the return of the Moriarty measure granting circuit judges the power to admit to probationary parole persons convicted of crimes less than murder. The bill is not retroactive. Once a prison door has closed on a prisoner, he is debarred from probation. The measure is loosely drawn. It is not specifically stated that only the judge whom the law gives the right to sentence can employ the parole power in any case.

Henry Russel, of the Michigan Central, talked to the house and senate committees on railroads for half an hour in opposition to the proposed constitutional amendment to allow the legislature to create a railroad tariff commission. Harry K. Gustin and Frank W. Fletcher, Alpena lumbermen, appeared to argue for a rate-fixing commission, citing as instances of inequalities in rates the log rates, which they declared had nearly doubled of late.

Senator Charles Smith's bill providing for a new equalization for purposes of state taxation was lost in the senate Wednesday. The veteran legislator from the copper country had hoped to get a new adjustment of tax figures under which upper peninsula counties would have their burden lightened, his measure providing that the new equalization should be made by the state tax commission instead of by the state board of equalization, as in the past.

An important proposition, which is likely to be considered by the house committee on ways and means, is that there shall be attached to every appropriation bill for supplies at state institutions a proviso that such supplies, if they be such things as clothes, food or furniture, shall be purchased from Michigan persons, firms or corporations. Much of this business is claimed to have gone to Chicago and Milwaukee in the past.

Some of the members of the house have discovered that one of the features of the Nottingham bill is a proposed raise in the annual salary of Dr. Harrison, of the Soo, secretary of the medical registration board, from \$1,500 to \$2,500 a year, the fee for examination being raised to \$25 for that purpose. Some of the members of the committee are now talking about cutting down the fee, which would also mean that Dr. Harrison wouldn't get his raise.

The senate on Tuesday devoted considerable time to a discussion of the bill appropriating \$125,000 for a Michigan exhibit at the world's fair and at the evening session the bill came up on third reading and the vote stood 17 to 10, but President Fuller ruled that it would take a two-thirds vote to pass the measure on the ground that it provided for an appropriation of state money for private purposes. The bill was tabled.

The senate has passed the bills placing the funds of the school board and library board of Detroit in the city treasury, and providing that no contracts for improvements shall be valid until a certificate has been issued by the city controller that the money therefor is actually in the treasury. Only the governor's signature is needed to make them laws. The school board bill is to go into effect July 1 next.

Senator Moriarty's bill affecting the paroling of convicts which passed, simply gives the governor power under certain conditions to allow a paroled convict to leave the state, and making it possible to retake him from another state if he breaks the parole. Another bill of Moriarty's passed provides for further punishment for escaped convicts when their terms have expired.

The house has agreed to the bill to sell the old state capital on Washington avenue, Lansing, the purpose being to use the proceeds to build an executive mansion. The senate has already passed a bill for the same purpose.

Senator Baird has perfected his long threatened primary reform bill for the whole state. There is in the bill no provision whatever for any direct vote of the people on nominations, state, congressional, county or city. It preserves county conventions to elect delegates to state conventions. In fact, all the principal features of the present system of making nominations are retained. The principal change proposed is that caucuses all over the state shall be held on the same day designated on the bill, so that the "swap" caucuses for the election of delegates to all conventions to be held in a year, now so often held in country districts, may be done away with. Should the Colby bill, providing for direct nominations, pass the house, it will go to Baird's committee on elections in the senate and there is little doubt that Baird will substitute his bill for Colby's, and the concessions made to friends of primary reform by Baird are likely to be all that they will get in this legislature.

The legislature is taking things easy, so far. Both house and senate meet for an hour or less every Monday night. On Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday they usually devote about three hours every afternoon to the reception of committee reports and to consideration of, and action on, bills in committee of the whole and on third reading. Short sessions of the house are held Friday morning, while seldom do enough senators remain in town to make a quorum of the senate for the week-end session. Of course during three forenoons and as many evenings of each week considerable committee work is done in both branches of the legislature. Legislators, who, two months ago, were predicting that this legislature would finally adjourn by the first week in May, now shake their heads dubiously and say: "It looks as though we'll be kept grinding gears until June 1."

A query has arisen among members of the legislature as to whether there is a row between Gov. Bliss and the members of the advisory board on pardons, it being taken for granted that there is trouble because of his excellency's move to have the membership of the board cut down from four to two. The board is said to be behind with its work and the plea is made that with an extension of the time for which they may draw pay and an increase of the per diem, they would do so. It is claimed that an investigation of every case before them has caused the work to drag and that former boards acted on very many cases on the secretary's reports to them.

Every section of the so-called Colby-Powell-Stone bill was considered in committee of the whole of the house Thursday, but the committee rose without any debate on the bill as a whole, the motion of Mr. Galbraith of Houghton prevailing to make it a special order again for Thursday of next week. The upper peninsula members think the amendment to be offered by Mr. Galbraith may receive strong support. It excepts the state ticket and leaves the adoption of a primary system optional with counties.

There is a scheme behind the bill recently passed by the senate, permitting brewers to establish branch agencies upon payment of \$50, conditional upon their paying one brewer's license of \$800, at least, that is what an experienced man in liquor matters says. This man declares that if the bill goes through, big cities like Detroit are likely to lose about one-half of the revenue they now derive from saloon licenses, and in Detroit this runs something over \$250,000 a year.

Mr. Campbell is an adherent of the stamp tax plan for reaching credits, and had a large hand in drafting house bill 81, which would tax all credits under a specific tax system. House bill 80, which he also assisted in drafting, exempts all credits from taxation. The house committee of the whole agreed to the bill prohibiting telegraph or telephone linemen from trimming shade trees without consent of the owners of the property. It does not apply to cities where the matter is regulated by ordinances.

The house has agreed to a bill to exempt from taxation the funds of mutual benefit societies. Though such funds are now taxable, the tax commission has made no effort to place them on the rolls.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS

The typhoid epidemic in Ithaca, N. Y., has resulted in 51 deaths out of 691 cases.

The physicians of Waukegan, Wis., have formed a union and their schedule of fees has been published. Telephone consultations are \$1 each.

Joseph Schmidt, of Smithton, Ill., read a temperance lecture to two men whom he saw drinking cider from a jug. They seized him, bound him hand and foot to a tree and poured hard cider down his throat until he was stupefied.

With the hottest weather ever recorded in March in Chicago, Detroit, Cleveland and other eastern cities, Colorado, Utah and Wyoming were experiencing the most severe blizzard of the season, with 18 to 20 inches of snow.

Unable to stop laughing since last Wednesday, Wm. Kelly, was transferred from ward to ward of Roosevelt hospital, New York, and finally landed in the alcoholic ward at Bellevue, suffering from hysteria.

Preston Garland, colored, has celebrated his 104th birthday anniversary. Garland receives a small United States pension. He was born a slave in Lynchburg, Va., and enlisted under Gen. Butler's call for negro soldiers and served until the close of the war.

Asleep for 28 days Bessie Kuech, aged 22, of Salt Lake, has not had a waking moment for spoken a word, yet she seems annoyed when touched.



Christ is Risen

He is arisen, the God in Man, who strove
Through the long ages with his bestial past.
He is arisen, and through the gates of love,
Hath entered to his heritage at last.

And Death, the shadow that his footsteps fled,
In terror of the asphodel and tomb,
Is robbed of all his panoply of dread,
And garbed in glory of the lily's bloom.

Oh, long had earth been a Gethsemane,
Oh, long had man worn red crown of pain,
And many a soul had fared to Calvary
Bearing its cross of wretchedness and shame.

No more, no more, into the voiceless dark
Sinks he to rest, fearing the dreamless night.
For Christ is risen, and the immortal spark
Of God in him hath kindled heavenly light.

The Origin of the Cross

The origin of the cross as a symbol is shrouded in the dim mists of almost prehistoric antiquity. Centuries before the Gallic and Cymric Celts swarmed over England, centuries before the lowly Nazarene began promulgating his doctrines, centuries before the beginning of the Old Testament history, the cross was an important factor in the lives of men. It forms part of the lore of the most ancient of religions. Never is a great excavation made but that many variations of the cross forms are exhumed and under circumstances which prove that they have been religious symbols.

There are many evidences to prove that prior to the time of Christ the cross was with the Jews a sign of salvation. The brazen serpent was Moses instructed the people of Israel to mark their doorposts with the blood of the sacrificial lamb he told them to make the mark in the form of a cross. The sign of the cross is frequently found on ancient Jewish monuments near Persepolis.

What became of the true cross is one of the greatest miracles of all time. It is true that there are in many Old and New World cathedrals bits of wood purporting to be part of the true cross. In some cases, notably that which concerns the fragment of the tablet placed over the cross by Pilate's order, and which is now in the ancient church of Santa Croce at Rome, their authenticity seems fairly well established; but so minute are the fragments that, according to one ancient writer, if all were collected and put together they would only make a block of wood about twenty inches long, eight inches wide and three inches thick.

It was three centuries after the crucifixion of Christ before the cross was found. Its discovery was due to the devout Helena, wife of the Emperor Constantine, who abolished crucifixion and to whom the Chris-

tian religion owes the original adoption of the cross as a symbol. Over the spot where the cross was discovered a chapel was erected and the sacred wood was retained by Helena in Jerusalem and deposited under the great church or basilica erected by Constantine over the place of crucifixion and burial. For three hundred peaceful years the cross remained in the custody of the Bishop of Jerusalem. Every Easter it was exhibited to the pilgrims who thronged the Holy City. Then came three hundred years of comparative obscurity, from which the cross emerged to become the center of upheavals that convulsed the entire civilized world, arrayed the West against the East, and caused the spilling of oceans of blood—the wars of the Crusades.

The story of the valiant crusaders and their series of attempts to rescue the holy wood from Moslem hands is well known. After a series of vicissitudes, victory finally perched on the banners of the Saracens, who, under the great Saladin, defeated the Christians at Hattin, in a battle of frightful carnage. On that day, the 5th of July, 1187, the cross was lost to the Christians. It was never again recovered. Richard the Lion Hearted and many other warriors went to the rescue, but to no avail. Finally the cross disappeared. Of its fate nothing is known. For hundreds of years a search was maintained, but without success. It is generally believed that the superstitious Moslems, fearing the powers of the cross, destroyed it in order to prevent its possible recapture by the Christians. This, in brief, is all that is known of the history of the true cross itself.

After the crucifixion over three centuries elapsed before the cross as a symbol in any form became a part of the church observance, and seven centuries passed before the crucifix was finally adopted. This prolonged delay proceeded from two main

causes. The early Christians, had not fully eradicated the old prejudice against the cross, and they thought the scene of the crucifixion too sacred to be pictured in images.

Prior to the fourth century the boldest of Christian symbols was the monogram of Christ. It was woven into all ecclesiastical vestments and formed a prominent feature of other decorations. About the year 393 the first crucifix was introduced into the church. It was made of dark red wood and at the intersection of the two parts bore the figure of the lamb, the objection to the using of the actual figure of Christ being still strong.

Somewhat later came the Greek crucifix, one of the most beautiful of all the forms, and which many contemporary divines contend would form a more fitting part of church ceremonials than the one in common use. This Greek cross was meant to typify the triumph over death, but in such a manner as to direct as far as possible the entire subject of its gruesome and morbid aspect. It blossomed with flowers of gold and silver and was richly studded with gems. In 692, during the reign of Justinian, the Council of Trullo was held. The object of the famous conference was to devise a means by which to circumvent the mysticism and symbolism that were threatening to undermine the Christian religion and deprive it of its true meaning. It was pointed out that the signs and symbols used in the service were becoming more and more important than the things they stood for, and that to the ignorant mind the story of the life and sufferings of Christ began to be only a sort of myth, an allegory. It was resolved to substitute the actual human figure of the crucified Christ for that of the symbolic lamb. This act resulted in the creation of the orthodox crucifix of today.



Does Silage Cause Abortion?
From the Farmers' Review: I give you herewith my opinion of the effect of silage upon animals well advanced in the period of gestation and of its use in general as a food for dairy cows.

Silage has been given the credit from time to time for causing many of the ills in the dairy industry, among them may be mentioned bad flavors in milk and butter, destroying the teeth of animals, shortening life and more recently abortion has been added to the list. If the crop is not put into the silo at the proper stage of maturity or if the silo is not air tight and undesirable fermentations take place, some ill-effects may result. On the other hand, when a crop is put into a well built silo in the right condition, I believe that silage is a cheap, palatable and healthy food for dairy cows and that the products resulting from its use are not inferior. Why is it, if silage is unhealthful and unwholesome, that thousands of silos are in use by the best dairymen in America? Why is it that milk furnished by many of the best dairymen who are heavy feeders of silage are unable to supply the demand from critical customers who pay high prices for what they regard as an excellent article? Why is it that butter from dairies where silage is properly fed meets with no objection from customers? Why is it that some condensed milk factories accept milk from silage fed cows and urge their patrons to erect and use silos? Why is it that cows fed on silage for a long period of years remain in good health, continue to take their rations and yield profitable returns? Why is it (if silage causes abortion) that herds of forty cows fed liberally with silage for six months of the year, even when well advanced in the period of gestation, go through the entire year without a case of abortion? My experience in feeding a dairy herd with silage for seven years indicates that there is no foundation for objections to the legitimate use of silage as a food for dairy animals even when supplying critical customers with milk and cream. Further, my experience has been that when well preserved silage is fed continuously for six months of the year (the amount not exceeding 35 pounds per cow daily) in connection with such fine feeds as will make a properly balanced ration the animals will remain in good health from year to year. Furthermore, it has been my experience that cows, even when well advanced in the period of gestation, may be fed good corn silage at the rate of 20 to 25 pounds per day in connection with other foods without any injurious effects. It is my opinion, therefore, that good corn silage fed within reasonable limits does not cause abortion. In fact, I believe that a succulent food, as corn silage, fed in small quantities at the time when animals are well advanced in the period of gestation, aids in keeping the digestive system in good condition and has a beneficial effect upon the general health of the animal.—C. B. Lane, Asst. in Dairy Husbandry, N. J. Experiment Station.

From the Farmers' Review: At the Dairymen's Convention held at Fond du Lac, Wisconsin, some weeks ago, D. W. Howie made the statement that ensilage was the cause of abortion where fed to cows advanced in the period of gestation. I am in receipt of a request to give my experience along this line. It has been my custom for many years to put all cows about to freshen on an ensilage diet, dropping all grain feed. In conversation with H. B. Gurler on the same subject I found he was practicing the same method and like me does not have any bad results, either abortion or milk fever. We also use ensilage for all young heifers right up to the time they freshen. Do not use grain before three or four weeks of time of their freshening, and then the grain feed is quite light, never more than four pounds daily of some balanced ration plus milk get. I am in receipt of many letters each year from dairymen all over the United States regarding abortion in their herds and from the descriptions they send of how their herds are handled I have never failed to point out the cause and in no case have I for a moment thought ensilage caused it (more likely the lack of it). Mrs. Howie (the mother of D. W.) at our recent round-up at Bloomington gave us several causes for this trouble and every one of them is just such as I find in all afflicted herds—badly constructed stalls, narrow gateways, narrow stable doors and slippery places about watering places, rough treatment by hired help and dogs. I must take enough space to thank F. M. Parsons of Burlington, Iowa, for championing my silo plan. All of the remembrances I get from my giving to the dairymen and stockmen this silo plan is in the way of just such kind words and it is all I am asking, and I am pleased to say my dividends are steadily growing from year to year, as the users see how well Cobb's silo fills the bill for a cheap, good silo.—"Buff Jersey."

Dispatches from Guadalajara, Mexico, state that the territory within fifty miles of Mount Collina is covered with a thick pall of smoke, that lava is pouring down the eastern slope of the mountain and that many buildings in Tonala, Santa Maria, Casaca, Autlan, and Naraha have been destroyed by earthquake shocks.

The President's Trip.
The special train on which the president left Washington Wednesday for his western trip is furnished by the Pennsylvania Railroad and one of the finest ever run out of Washington. It has been specially decorated and equipped for the trip. It consists of six cars, manned by a picked crew with Conductor Wm. H. Johnson, who has been with the president on many trips, in charge. Spencer Murray is in charge of the president's car, which will be the private car Elysian. It has a parlor and observation compartment, three state sleeping rooms, a dining room, two sleeper sections, a kitchen and sleeping sections for servants. Other cars of the train are the Texas, a compartment sleeper; the Senegal, a section sleeper; the St. James, a diner; the Atlantic, a combination buffet and baggage car; and a regular baggage car.

The trip will continue from April 1 until June 5—nine weeks and three days. During that time the president will travel about 14,000 miles. John Burroughs, the poet-naturalist of New York, arrived here today. He will accompany President Roosevelt until he arrives at St. Louis, making the tour of the Yellowstone Park with him. From St. Louis Mr. Burroughs will return to New York. President Nicholas Murray Butler, of Columbia University, will join the party at St. Louis, and will be the president's guest until he arrives in California. When that state is reached the president will be joined by Benjamin Ide Wheeler, president of the University of California, who will accompany him through the state.

Young Corbett the Champion.
Billy Rothwell, of Denver, proved his claim to the name "Young Corbett" and the featherweight championship of the world, by decisively defeating the ex-champion, Terry McGovern, with a knockout uppercut to the jaw in the eleventh round of their fight at San Francisco.

CONDENSED NEWS.
Mother of 14 children at the age of 26 is the "race suicide" record of Mrs. Mary E. Phagley, of Roots, Ill. She married at 14. Her husband died and she remarried shortly after his death. Blinded by nervousness for fear she would not pass her high school examination is the condition of Miss Julia Fox, aged 16, who was at the head of her class at Derby, Conn. Her sight cannot be restored.

Immigrant arrivals at New York Sunday broke all Sunday records, there being 4,336 in all. This is the beginning of the rush season and this year's record is expected to exceed all others by many thousands.

Charles Gilmore, a dwarf, two feet high, and James Montgomery, more than six feet tall, were arrested in New York for fighting in the street. According to the policeman the dwarf had the best of the conflict, using a stick to good advantage.

New York's board of aldermen adopted a resolution endorsing and urging the immediate passage of the legislative bill providing for municipal operation and control of street railways. The resolution declares present conditions are intolerable.

President Roosevelt has selected Wayne McVeagh to represent the United States at The Hague when the arbitration tribunal considers the question of preferential treatment as between the allied and the non-allied powers having claims against Venezuela.

AMUSEMENTS IN DETROIT.
Week Ending April 4.
DETROIT OPERA HOUSE.—"The Alter of Friendship" at 8. Matinee at 2. Evenings 8.
LYCEUM THEATRE.—"The Four Cohans"—Saturday Mat. 2c. Evenings 10c, 25c, 50c and 75c.
WHITNEY THEATRE.—"Kentucky Feud"—Mat. 10c, 15c and 25c. Evenings 10c, 25c and 50c.
TEMPLE THEATRE AND WONDERLAND.—Afternoon 2c to 10c. Evenings 10c, 15c to 50c.

THE MARKETS.
Live Stock.
Detroit—Cattle: Choice steers, \$4.70-6.00; good to choice butcher steers, 1.000 to 1,200 pounds average, \$3.40-4.00; light to good butcher steers and heifers, 750 to 800 pounds average, \$3.75-4.10; mixed butchers and fat cows, \$3.25-3.75; canners, \$1.50-2.00; common bulls, \$2.50-3.25; good shippers, \$3.00-3.50; extra bulls, \$4.00-4.25; common feeders, \$3.50-3.75; good well bred feeders, \$3.75-4.25; light stockers, \$3.40-3.75; Milch Cows and Springers, \$2.50-3.00; not many good milkers on sale. Veal Calves—Active but 50c-60c lower than last week, \$3.60-7.00.
Sheep: Best lambs, \$7.00-7.25; fair to good lambs, \$5.50-6.75; light to common lambs, \$5.00-6.00; yearlings, \$5.75-6.25; fair to good butcher sheep, \$4.50-6.50; culls and common, \$3.50-4.00.
Hogs: Light to good butchers, \$7.25-7.45; extra, \$7.20-7.25; light Yorkers, \$7.25-7.30; rough, \$6.75-6.75; stags, 1-3 off.
East Buffalo—Cattle: Top, \$5.85-6.25; common to good, \$5.50-6.00; Hogs: heavy, \$7.85-8.00; mixed, \$7.70-7.80; Yorkers, \$7.65-7.70; pigs, \$7.00-7.50; rough, \$6.75-7.00; Sheep and lambs: Top native lambs, \$6.50-7.00; culls to good, \$5.50-6.00; western, \$7.50-7.65; yearlings, \$5.50-6.00; ewes, \$6.00-6.25; sheep top mixed, \$6.25-6.50; culls to good, \$5.25-5.50.
Chicago—Cattle: Good to prime steers, \$5.25-5.50; poor to medium, \$4.75-4.75; stockers and feeders, \$2.75-3.45; cows, \$1.50-2.40; heifers, \$2.50-3.45; canners, \$1.50-2.75; bulls, \$2.25-3.50; calves, \$3.00-3.75; Texas fed steers, \$4.25-5.00; Hogs: Mixed and butchers, \$7.25-7.50; good to choice heavy, \$7.60-7.70; rough heavy, \$7.15-7.40; light, \$6.25-6.50; bulk of sales, \$7.25-7.50; Sheep: Good to choice wethers, \$5.50-6.50; fair to choice, \$4.50-5.50; native lambs, \$5.50-7.50.
Grain.
Detroit: Wheat—No. 2 white, 72c bid; No. 2 red, 10 cars at 73c; closing nominal at 74c; May, 10,000 bu at 72c; closing at 73c; July, 15,000 bu at 72c; No. 3 red, 5 cars at 71c; closing 71c; by sample, 1 car at 74c per bu.
Corn—No. 3 mixed, 41c; No. 3 yellow, 42c per bu.
Oats—No. 1 white, 2 cars at 33c; No. 1 white, 2c per bu.
Rye—No. 2 spot, 1 car at 54c; No. 3 rye, 52c per bu.
Chicago: Wheat—Spring No. 2, 75c-76c; No. 3, 72c; No. 2 red, 73-74c. Corn—No. 2, 41-42c; No. 2 yellow, 41-42c. Oats—No. 2, 32-34c. Rye—No. 2, 49c.

Premier Wilson, of Princeton University, will make an extended tour of the west, beginning April 20. He is scheduled for an address to the students at Ann Arbor.

Frank Davis, L. F. Lamay, Dominic Barlotto, John Gachenis and Joe Beauco were killed by an explosion in a coal mine at Sandorol, Ill. Four others were fatally injured.

Dr. Thos. Foster, one of the oldest newspaper men in the country, having been connected in an editorial capacity with the Philadelphia Public Ledger in 1836, is dead in San Francisco, aged 85.



I have had occasion to use your Black-Draught Stock and Poultry Medicine and am pleased to say that I never used anything for stock that gave half as good satisfaction. I heartily recommend it to all owners of stock.
J. B. BELSNER, St. Louis, Mo.

Sick stock or poultry should not eat cheap stock food any more than sick persons should expect to be cured by food. When your stock and poultry are sick give them medicine. Don't stuff them with worthless stock foods. Unload the bowels and stir up the torpid liver and the animal will be cured, if it be possible to cure it. Black-Draught Stock and Poultry Medicine unloads the bowels and stirs up the torpid liver. It cures every malady of stock if taken in time. Secure a 25-cent can of Black-Draught Stock and Poultry Medicine and it will pay for itself ten times over. Hogs work better. Cows give more milk. Hogs gain flesh. And hens lay more eggs. It solves the problem of making as much blood, flesh and energy as possible out of the smallest amount of food consumed. Buy a can from your dealer.

Blessud ar thee littel boys bekaws that don't haf to play with dolls.

Blessud 'iz thee boy whooze naim is Hezikiah, for then itt izunt Percy.

Blessud iz thee oled batch, for hee iz not terryfide by cnny muther-in-law.

Blessud iz thee littel boy whoo haz a scar tow, for hee don't haf to goe too scool.

Blessud iz thee mat, whoo dide during thee winter, for hee eskaped house-keeping.

Blessud ar thee littel gurls, for they don't haf too git down on their nees and play marbels for keaps.

A SATISFACTORY TEAPOT.
There is no teapot quite as satisfactory as the plain brown porcelain affair which is in use in half the farm-houses in New England, and in most city kitchens. 'Tea never tastes better than when brewed and served in this homely teapot. It can be ornamented with silver rings around the edge of the top and bottom and around the spout. With a silver strainer added it is fine enough to be used on the handsomest tea table.

A BRASS FINISH.
For some time silver and brass dishes, trays, candlesticks, teapots, and all the thousand and one trifles belonging to the table, desk and dressing room have been of the highest lustrous and polish. This promises to be superseded by a dull finish, which will be appreciated as a change, if for no other reason. Old brass and copper must be polished, if its character is to be preserved, but modern bric-a-brac too brilliantly finished gives an impression of "brand newness" which makes other things around it look rather shabby.

BANANAS AS FOOD.
Opinions often differ as to the digestive qualities of bananas, especially for children. The banana is highly nutritious, and satisfies the craving for starchy food which most children feel. The trouble is that the fruit is usually eaten without being chewed, and the stomach has hard work to digest the solid lumps. A good way to serve bananas at the nursery table is to cut them in small cubes, thereby preserving the taste, which seems to be lost when they are sliced thinly. Break up fresh lady fingers with them and serve with plenty of sweet cream.

BIG VAUDEVILLE BOOM

WONDERLAND AND TEMPLE THEATRE
DETROIT, MICH.

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Afternoons at 2:15
Admission 10 to 25 Cents

Evenings at 8:15
Admission 10 to 50 Cents

ALL THE BIG AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN ACTS...

We Sell Carefulness

and charge only for drugs. You will pay as much elsewhere for the drugs alone.



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Night Calls, 14 3r.

Prescriptions called for and delivered to all parts of town.

THE PLYMOUTH SAVINGS BANK

CAPITAL \$50,000.

Transacts a General Banking Business.

Pays 3 per cent interest on Certificates and Savings Deposits.

Loans money on real estate and collateral security.

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Courteous treatment to every one.

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MORE BOXES OF

WARNER'S CHEESE

sold in Michigan yearly than any other one make and trade steadily increasing.

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testing at least 4 per cent. for March at

Warner's Plymouth Cheese Factory

WILL BE

\$1.25 per 100 lbs.

Nothing in the dairy line is any firmer at present than Cheese and the prospect for the future is good for HIGH PRICES.

Is Life Worth Living

That depends upon the Liver

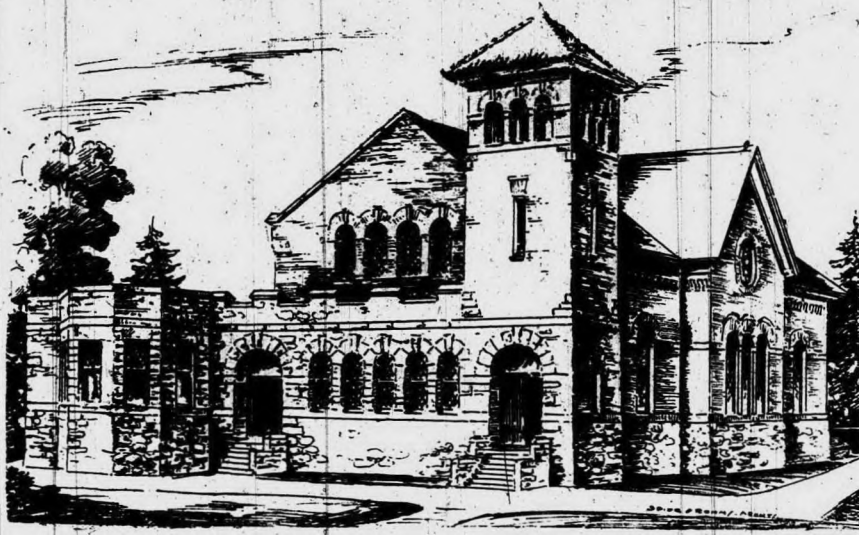
If you are troubled with your stomach, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Constipation, Bile, Headache, Sick Headache, loss of appetite or Sallow Complexion, depend upon it you have a torpid liver to contend with. Take

Torpedets for Torpid Livers

They make lively livers; therefore life worth living.

Plymouth Medicine Co.

Send Postoffice for 50c—both early and late. Also about 125 lbs. Ste. Walter, Michigan. L. E. BRADSON.



PERSPECTIVE OF PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

The Trustees of the Presbyterian church, Plymouth, met on Tuesday evening, the 24th ult., and accepted the plan drawn by Spier & Rhons, architects, of Detroit. The old church will be entirely remodeled after the above style. The tower will be taken down, new roof, new seats, new windows, new front, and tower on corner next to school park. There will be considerable grading done on lot around the front of the church, part of the sheds will be removed which now obstruct the view from Main street. The church will be practically new and will be a credit to the community. The cost will be \$4,000 or a little less.

Local Newslets

James Cooper has moved to Detroit. John Turk, of Wayne, was in town Monday.

The roads are again getting into passable shape.

C. Wright, of Belleville, is visiting his brother Henry.

Julius Wills, of Grand Rapids, visited his parents Sunday.

Mrs. Juliette Stewart visited relatives a few days in Detroit.

Mrs. S. O. Hudd and son Leslie returned from Saginaw Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Draper spent Sunday with friends in South Lyon.

Ladies Lyric Orchestra, of Detroit, at Methodist church, Friday, April 12.

Mrs. Belle Evans, of Detroit, visited Rev. and Mrs. T. B. Leith over Sunday.

Miss Lula Smith, of Byron, Mich. is visiting at Gertrude Kinyon's this week.

Phida Fraser left Saturday night for Omaha, Nebraska, to visit her father and sisters.

Mrs. C. W. Austin, of Detroit, was the guest of S. H. McEwen and family over Sunday.

Don't fail to see Shafer and Brown's unique display of Easter Novelties during Easter week.

Huston & Co. received a large shipment of buggies this week.

Miss Sidebotham, of the Normal school is spending her vacation with Miss Maggie Joy.

Mrs. Rupert Jones, of Delfrey, is visiting at Mrs. Florence Jones on South Main Street.

Chas. Meyers and her children, of Detroit, visited at Earnest Burden's Monday and Tuesday.

The Amelia Dunn farm, 2 1/2 miles west of town, has been sold by administrator Fred Dunn to Ed Shuette.

Leona Merritt and A. Shafer, visited Mrs. Shafer at Ann Arbor hospital Sunday. Mrs. Shafer is improving slowly.

Full line of dress, and street hats at Mrs. Harrison's.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Judson, of Detroit, March 27th, a son. Mrs. Judson will be remembered as Fanny Spicer.

Fred Schilke expects to remove to Delray next week. H. Harris will move into the house vacated by Mr. Schilke.

Work was again begun on A. D. Stevens' new house on Harvey street this week, and it will be completed as soon as possible.

Mr. and Mrs. Dr. Nichols, who have been Plymouth residents the past winter, have returned to their home at Whitmore Lake.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Stephens attended the funeral of Mrs. Clarence Stevens in Grand county last Saturday. Deceased was a daughter-in-law.

A. W. Chaffee expects to occupy a part of the Coleman house on Sutton street. The exchange between him and Fred Dibble will be made next week.

There will be a regular meeting of the council next Monday evening, at which committees will be appointed and matters pertaining to the proposed new electric light plant be informally discussed.

Open the door, let in the air, The winds are sweet, the flowers are fair, Joy is abroad in the world for me, Since taking Rocky Mountain Tea, Weir's Fine Drug Co.

Ralph Samsen bruised the middle finger of his right hand quite severely Tuesday morning, a heavy box of paper getting away from Harry Robinson while unloading it from the dray, and toppling over catching Ralph's hand between it and a hitching post.

Fancy neckwear at Mrs. Harrison's. Campbell H. Leith, of Detroit spent Sunday with his parents.

We want a correspondent at Mead's Mills. All stationery furnished.

Mr. and Mrs. Zerah Burr, of Dexter visited at Jay Burr's yesterday.

Miss Retta Bullock, of Salem, is visiting Plymouth friends this week.

Miss Minnie Leith returned home Saturday from her visit at Saline.

Miss Lucy Hawthorne, of Redford, visited her sister, Rose over Sunday.

Mrs. Charles Reed, of Richmond, visited at E. L. Riggs a few days this week.

Miss Parkinson, of Port Huron, will trim for Miss Maude Milsbaugh this spring.

Miss Maude Vrooman returned Monday evening from a visit at Lansing and Grand Rapids.

Mrs. Alice Haynes, of Grand Rapids, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Delker, Tuesday.

A. W. Chaffee has sold his handsome residence property on Sutton street to Messrs. A. H. and Fred Dibble.

Mrs. Dr. Saunders, of Detroit, visited Miss Carrie Tyler, Monday, and the latter returned to Detroit with her for a few weeks.

V. B. Chase removes from Plymouth this week to Freeland, where he will engage in business. He has been resident here for five years as operator for the P. M.

The social given by the O. E. S. at their hall last Saturday evening was largely attended and the occasion proved a very enjoyable one. Light refreshments were served.

Ed. Van Vleet will sell at public auction at his place in Plymouth village on Saturday, April 4th, at 1:30 o'clock, 3 horses, wagon, harness and buggies and other articles. Harry Robinson, auctioneer.

Jas. Dunning has moved into the Pat. Kelly house and Felix Fredyl has moved into the Dunning house which he recently purchased. George Root expects to move into the house vacated by Fredyl.

Buggy pole for sale cheap. Enquire at Harry Robinson's livery barn.

Miss Faye Palmer has been added to The Mail force and a part of her duties will be to gather news items every week. Our friends will please remember when she asks for information. We cannot print the news unless you act as informant.

Dr. Granger has purchased the Palmer house on the school-house property paying \$25 therefor. He is now grading down his lot on Harvey street and will remove the house thereon, remodel it and fit it up for a dwelling for himself.

L. B. Samsen, who has been with The Mail for the past four years, has purchased the South Lyon Excelsior and the first copy under his management will be issued this week. The name of the paper will be changed to South Lyon Herald.

Ed. Geer, a farmer known quite well here, who formerly lived some eight miles west, but who now lives in Ypsilanti fell from the roof of his house Tuesday by the breaking of a board. He struck on his head and was instantly killed, his skull being crushed in.

There was a large attendance at the funeral of Mrs. T. C. Sherwood last Friday afternoon, quite a number being from out of town. The floral contributions were elegant and reflected in a measure the high esteem in which the deceased was held by friends and neighbors.

Fred Vieweger, living on the Hurd farm, 2 1/2 miles northwest of Plymouth village, will have an auction sale on Wednesday, April 3, at 10 o'clock a. m., consisting of a large quantity of farm implements and live stock. Lunch at noon. John Bennett, auctioneer.

The North Side

Henry Reichelt moved from Nankin into his house here this week.

Carl Heide commenced setting out cabbage plants in the field Wednesday.

Mrs. Chas. Gentz and son, of Detroit, visited her mother Mrs. Dan Baker.

Chas. Herrington and daughter, of Howell, visited Mr. and Mrs. George Schreyer this week.

Henry Sage left Sunday for Jackson where he has a position as motorman on the Boland line.

John Streng has been painting and papering the interior of the Hotel Victor, which gives it a very neat appearance.

Mrs. Robt. Willis and son Carl and Mr. and Mrs. F. Sties and children, of Detroit, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Springer.

A birthday surprise was given Mrs. Wm. Hillmer on Tuesday evening by the German Ladies' Aid Society. All report a good time.

Seneca Everett is working some great improvements on the Scotton property he lately purchased. He will make it one of the best in town.

Joseph Drayton is having a large porch built around his house which he purchased of Chas. Brems. He is fixing it up extensively and it will be for rent soon.

Chas. Clements will be the new proprietor at the Junction House hereafter, having moved there this week. Mrs. Chrisman has moved back to Ann Arbor.

Win. Carruthers who has been day yardmaster here the past two years, has been given the Detroit yard. Ed. Wood, who has been night yardmaster has been given the Plymouth yards day times and Mr. Gravel will be on duty nights.

About thirty walked into the home of Mr. and Mrs. Willard Roe on Saturday evening March 28th, it being their 25th or silver wedding anniversary. Fling and Pedro were indulged in by the guests for a time when light refreshments were served, accompanied by selections on the phonograph. The host and hostess were especially careful in looking after enjoyment of their guests and the latter expressed themselves as highly pleased, wishing that all might gather at the pleasant home of Mr. and Mrs. Roe to celebrate their golden wedding. Those present from out of town were Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Marvin and daughter, Ned Maten and sister, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Linderman and son and Mrs. Hattie Crabb and daughter of Detroit, Mrs. E. H. Brown of Saginaw and Mr. and Mrs. Zenas Blakely of Toledo.

FOR SALE—My house and lot on Bowery street. Will be for rent unless sold by May 1st. A. H. DIBBLE.

FOR SALE—Top Buggy, Sideboard, 2 bedroom suite, Book-case, commode with mirror, refrigerator, dining table three coal stoves, cook stove gasoline stove. A. H. DIBBLE AND SON.

FOR SALE—1 bedstead and commode, 2 mattress and springs, 1 folding invalid chair, lamps, stands and other household articles. A. W. CHAFFEE.

FOR SALE—Five ladders and other articles at auction at my place on Ann Arbor street Saturday afternoon. MRS. VAN VLEET.

WANTED—Housekeeper, middle aged lady to take charge of house. Call at H. Harris' meat market.

I am going out of business, and will sell my stock of millinery at reduced prices, some things less than cost. Opening Tuesday and Wednesday, April 7 and 8. MRS. DICKERSON.

FOR SALE—Second hand delivery or two-wheeled spring wagon. Enquire at Huston & Co's.

J. L. GALE'S Wall Paper Wall Paper

I have just received a large stock of Wall Paper, with prices from 5c to 50c double roll. Come and see it. If you want to paper any small rooms, I have a stock of broken lots of 15c, 20c and 25c paper that I will sell at 10c. We have also 10c and 15c paper that I will sell at 5c.

Seeds Seeds

Now is the time to buy your Clover and Timothy Seed. The present indication is that Clover Seed is going higher. Now is the time to buy.

For Paints and Oils

GO TO GALE'S.

For Alabastine or 'Kalsomine of any kind, go to Gale's.

For Groceries go to Gale's.

For Drugs go to Gale's.

We have just received a new stock of 10c Glassware. Come and see it.

JOHN L. GALE

Telephone No. 16.

Spring Season Now Open

See our Line of

Base Ball Goods.

C. G. DRAPER

JEWELER AND OPTICIAN.

Wall Paper Wall Paper

We are now receiving our stock of Wall Paper for Spring.

5,000 Rolls

of the very latest patterns, from the cheapest to the best at prices that will fit your pocket-book. Before you buy come and look over our stock.

No trouble to show goods.

GEO. W. HOYT

Telephone 37. Goods delivered.

THE LION'S WHELP

A Story of Cromwell's Time

BY AMELIA E. BARR

Author of "The Bow of Orange Ribbons," "I, Thou and the Other One," "The Maid of Maiden Lane," Etc.

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CHAPTER VI.—(Continued.)

"But, mother, when I look back to last August—"

"If you want to look happily forward never look backward. I have always found that one good hour brings on another." And Jane took the counsel into her heart and anon began to sing, when soon a loud, joyful voice joined her, and its owner came into the room singing them.

"Oh, Doctor Verity!" Jane cried, "how glad I am to see you."

"I had been here an hour ago, but I had to wait on the Lady Mary Cromwell. She has sent you a letter, and a coach is at your order, and you are off to Whitehall. And you will be very welcome there."

Then Jane ran to her mother, and her box of fineries was quickly packed, and the girl came down for her visit glowing with hope and happiness.

As they drew near to Whitehall, Jane's spirits fell a little. She had not caught a glimpse of her lover, and she felt a sudden anxiety about her position. Sometimes prosperity is as fatal to friendship as adversity, and the girl tried in silence to prepare herself for any change in affection that change of fortune might have caused. But her fears were very transient; Mary and Frances Cromwell, full of the joy and pride of their great position, soon carried Jane all through their splendid apartments, and afterwards sat down together in Mary's room to talk over old times and the friends and occupations that had made them happy and memorable.

Their first inquiry was for Lady Matilda de Wick, and when Jane answered, "Her father is dead, and I know not exactly what has befallen her since his death," the girls were all silent a few minutes. After the pause, Mary Cromwell said:

"I remember her so well on her fine Barbary mare. How handsome she was! How proud! I wonder where she is."

"It was said she would live with

de's exacting temper and sharp tongue had wounded her often; but for all that she knew Matilda loved her. With her mind full of kindly thoughts towards Matilda, Jane returned to her room, and she was delighted to find a letter from her friend waiting for her.

"It came this very morning," said Mrs. Swaffham, "and I told the man who brought it you would be here today, and no doubt would answer it forthwith."

Jane laid aside her bonnet and opened her letter. "She is at Lady Jevity's house, mother, and she longs to see me, and indeed I am in the same mind. We shall be sure to quarrel, but then—"

"You can both play at that game, and you hold your own very well. I would go to Jevity House in the morning. Whom did you see at the Cockpit?"

"I saw Lord Neville several times, but had no private speech with him; and I heard Mary Cromwell say there was a purpose of marriage between him and Alice Heneage."

"Tis very like."

"I do not like so. I am sure he loves me."

"Then he should say so, bold and outright."

"He said last night he was coming to see my father and you, and though he spoke the words as if they were mere courtesy, I read in his face the purpose of his visit. Mother, we shall need your good word with my father."

"I can't go against your father, Jane. I would as soon take hot coals in my naked hands. You will have to do as your father says, Jane; so make up your mind to that. Father may have a purpose already of marrying you to someone else."

"I will not marry anyone else."

"Your sister said the same thing, but she married Philip Armington; and now there is no man in the world but Philip."

"I will marry Cluny Neville or remain a spinster."

"You will in the end do as your father and brothers say. There, now! say no more about your marriage. It is beforehand talk, and that kind of discussion amounts to nothing. It is mostly to go over again. I have been making inquiries about the Jevitys; they are what your father calls 'Trimmers'—neither one thing nor another."

In the morning Jane an hour before noon was on her way to Jevity House. It stood close by Drury Lane—a mansion nobly placed upon a stone balustraded terrace, and surrounded by a fine garden. In this garden the old knight was oftenest found; he was there when Jane's carriage stopped at the iron gates. She had been delayed and almost upset in Drury Lane by the deep mud, so that the noon hour was striking as Sir Thomas Jevity met and courteously walked with her to the entrance hall. Here there were a number of servants, and their chief ushered her into a stately cedar salon, the walls of which were painted with the history of the Giants' war. Soon Della came hurriedly into the room with an exclamation of delight. "Oh, Miss Swaffham! Oh, Miss Jane!" she cried. "My lady is impatient to see you." She led Jane up a magnificent stairway lined with portraits, and they soon reached Matilda's apartment. As the door opened she rose and stretched out her arms.

"Baggage!" she cried with a weak, hysterical laugh. "You dear little baggage! You best, truest heart! How glad I am to see you!"

And Jane took her in her arms, and both girls cried a little before they could speak. Matilda was so weak, and Jane so shocked to see the change in her friend's appearance, that for a few moments tears were the only possible speech. At length Jane said:

"You have been ill, and you never sent for me. I would have stayed by you night and day. I would have been mother and sister both. Oh, indeed, my mother would have come to you, without doubt! Why did you not let us know?"

(To be continued.)

New Table Glass.

Never was an ambitious hostess who did not succumb to the charms of dainty glassware, let those who will try to harden their hearts against the beautiful fluted specimens of crystal that stand erect on the dining tables of the leading Parisiennes. With some sets of wine glasses the top edge of each cup opens out into no less than eight little flutes; but far more beautiful are the cups that are fashioned with only four, so that the impress of the top of one on paper would be something like a four-leaved shamrock.

The glasses are, of course, of the finest crystal, and take for ornament raised bands of rich gold, which give wonderful dignity. Touches of the exquisite French enamels come on some of the glasses as the blossom of a delicate spray of flowers traced in gold, or, on the more ornate cups of crystal, among the intricacies of monograms.

Rested on the Sun's Day.

In A. D. 313 the Emperor Constantine of Rome granted toleration to the Christians and in 321 he gave imperial sanction to the observance of the first day of the week. The edict which introduced a new era in Sunday observance runs: "On the venerable day of the sun let the magistrate and people residing in cities rest and let all workshops be closed. In the country, however, persons engaged in the work of cultivation may freely and lawfully continue their pursuits, because it often happens that another day is so suitable for grain sowing or for vine planting, lest by neglecting the proper moment for such operations the bounty of heaven should be lost."

Then there came to Jane's mind in very sweet fashion the memory of Matilda de Wick. They had quarreled almost constantly for years, and Matilda

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"Kidney Colds"

Nothing will "lay you up," "play you out," "put you to bed" quicker than a kidney cold.

Thousands feel the first effect of colds in the kidneys; backache, rheumatic pains, urinary disorders, retention of the urine, infrequent and too frequent urinary discharges, tell of kidneys out of order.

Doan's Kidney Pills cure all Kidney ills from common backache to dangerous diabetes.

A. T. Ritenour, owner of the wood yard at 125 East Cork street, Winchester, Va., says: "Ever since I had the grippe I have been a sufferer from kidney troubles, which made themselves apparent in racking pains through the region of the kidneys and across the small of my back. The pains were always severe, and sometimes so sharp and biting that they compelled me to take to my bed. The kidney secretions furnished further evidence of disorders. They were off color, irregular, and painful of passage. Added to this there was an annoying weakness."

"The newspaper advertisements of Doan's Kidney Pills attracted my attention, and I procured a box of that remedy at Franck Baker & Sons' drug store. The relief I experienced was magical. The pills lifted me from my bed of sickness, placed me on my feet, and made me a well man. I can work as well as ever. Doan's Kidney Pills, I believe, saved my life. They are a great remedy to stop kidney troubles resulting from colds."

A FREE TRIAL of this great kidney medicine which cured Mr. Ritenour will be mailed on application to any part of the United States. Address Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all druggists; price, 50 cents per box.

EFFECT OF THE OPERATION.

Part of Nature of Sheep Grafted on Farmer.

An operation was performed recently by a local surgeon on a farmer living near Norristown, says the Philadelphia Telegraph, and the peculiar methods pursued will go down on record as a marvel of science, if the tiller of the soil should get perfectly hale again.

The man had been suffering from cancer of the stomach for many years, and considered his case hopeless, until he conferred with the surgeon, who promised that an operation might cure him. Accordingly it was agreed to perform it at the farmer's home the next day.

The sufferer was laid upon a table side by side with a healthy sheep. The stomach of each was cut open, and the part affected by cancer was transferred to the sheep in exchange for a good slice of its intestines. Both patients were sewed up and soon revived from the effects of the anesthetic used during the extraordinary operation. The sheep was turned loose and its master put to bed. For a week the farmer was nourished on goat's milk, and after ten days was allowed to sit up in a chair, as everything was progressing favorably.

Today the proud surgeon received a letter from his patient stating that the sheep was still alive and feeding as usual, and that the only ill effects produced upon himself by the exchange is an insatiable "hankering after grass."

A Remarkable Statue.

An Italian sculptor finished for a family in Logansport, Ind., a statue for the local cemetery which exemplifies the longing of the bereaved for an exact literal reproduction of the dead, and at the same time affords the most complete bit of realism known. In order to get the statue the family had a photograph taken of a man exactly the size of the deceased, dressed in the latter's clothes. These include a mackintosh over an ordinary business suit, trousers crammed into the tops of rubber boots, loose tie, turn-down collar, and soft, broad brim hat. The photograph and a head of the deceased were sent to Italy, and the result is a counterfeit presentment of the father of the family in white Carrara marble standing on a tall pedestal in the cemetery. The rubber boots recall the business of the deceased; he was a contractor of ditches.—New York Times.

Electric Plant for Mexico.

It is reported that the English Contractors, Sir Weetman, Pearson & Son, who have large investments in Mexico, have obtained concessions from the Mexican government for the establishment of an extensive system of electrical energy. They announce that they have the necessary plans completed for expending \$12,000,000 gold in constructing an electric generating plant in the mountains of the state of Puebla, where there is an abundance of water power.

Recent spouse is Taker Back After Spending Money on Another.

Milwaukee, Wis., dispatch: After having sent his wife \$400 with which to pay her expenses from Germany to America Michael Kitzka of Chicago found that she had used the money to slope with a German professor to Milwaukee. When, however, she was taken into custody and confronted Kitzka, she went so copiously as pleased to have for indignation that she released and took her back.

Good Reason for Not Trading.

Those who know Dr. Wilder, father of Marshall P. Wilder, appreciate that humor is hereditary. The doctor approached a friend in the Waldorf-Astoria last Saturday and asked:

"Did you know that the Times publishes every day a list of the names of people who will never trade at So-and-So's (naming a prominent department store) again?"

"No, you don't say. Why, I should think that would be ground for a damage suit."

"Well, you see," replied the doctor, "the names are under the heading, 'Died Yesterday.'"

\$100 REWARD \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known for the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of Testimonials. Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Temperance is like a tree that has for its branches contentment, and for its fruit peace.

Failures are often God's fitting for future success.

MISS TENA IFLAND.

Box 100, Ellipton, Ohio, offers to furnish information free as to how she was cured of pains in her side, stomach and nerve trouble. Write her.

Any woman who speaks ill of her neighbors gives her a license to get back at her.

YELLOW CLOTHES ARE UNSIGHTLY. Keep them white with Red Cross Ball Blue. All grocers sell large 3 oz. package, 5 cents. Sold by druggists, 75c.

You cannot save society apart from souls.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'BRIEN, 323 Third Ave., N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

There is not a moment without some duty.



Mrs. Laura L. Barnes, Washington, D. C., Ladies Auxiliary to Burnside Post, No. 4, G. A. R., recommends Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"In diseases that come to women only, as a rule, the doctor is called in, sometimes several doctors, but still matters go from bad to worse; but I have never known of a case of female weakness which was not helped when Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was used faithfully. For young women who are subject to headaches, backache, irregular or painful periods, and nervous attacks due to the severe strain on the system by some organic trouble, and for women of advanced years in the most trying time of life, it serves to correct every trouble and restore a healthy action of all organs of the body."

Such testimony should be accepted by all women as convincing evidence that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound stands without a peer as a remedy for all the distressing ills of women.

MRS. RATH'S BABY

Tired Mother's Touching Story of Anxiety and Suffering.

Cuticura Brings Blessed Cure to Skin Tortured Baby and Peace and Rest to Its Worn Out Mother.

It is no wonder that Mrs. Helena Rath was taken sick. Single-handed, she did all the housework and washed, cooked and mended for her husband, Hans, and their six children. After a plucky fight to keep on her feet, Mrs. Rath had to yield, and early in 1902 she took to her bed. What followed she told to a visitor, who called at her tidy home, No. 821 Tenth Ave., New York City.

"I hired a girl to mind the children and to do whatever else she could. I couldn't stay in bed long. Sick as I was, it was easier for me to crawl around than to lie and worry about my little ones. So I got up after a few days, and let the girl go. I had noticed that she had sores on her face, hands and arms, but I paid no attention to that until Charlie, my youngest, began to pick and scratch himself. He was then ten months old, and the girl had paid more attention to him than to any of the others. Charlie was fretful and cross, but as he was cutting teeth, I didn't think much of that. Even when a rash broke out on his face I wasn't frightened, because everybody knows that that is quite common with teething babies. Several of my others had it when little, and I thought nothing about it."

"But the rash on Charlie's poor little face spread to his neck, chest, and back. I had never seen anything quite like it before. The skin rose in little lumps, and matter came out. My baby's skin was hot, and how he did suffer! He wouldn't eat, and night after night I walked the floor with him, weak as I was. Often I had to stop because I felt faint and my back throbbed with pain. But the worst pain of all was to see my poor little boy burning with those nasty sores."

"I believed he had caught some disease from the girl, but some of the neighbors said he had eczema, and that is not catching, they told me. Yes, I gave him medicine, and put aces and things on him. I don't think they were of use. Once in a while the itching seemed to let up a bit, but there was not much change for the better until a lady across the street asked me why I didn't try the Cuticura Remedies. I told her I had no faith in those things you read about in the papers. She said she didn't want me to go on faith nor even to spend any money at first. She gave me some Cuticura Ointment—I think the box was about half full—and a piece of Cuticura Soap. I followed

the directions, bathing Charlie and putting that nice Ointment on the sores.

"I wouldn't have believed that my baby would have been cured by a little thing like that. Not all of a sudden, mind you. Little by little, but so surely. Charlie and I both got more peace by day, and more sleep by night. The sores sort of dried up and went away. I shall never forget one blessed night when I went to bed with Charlie beside me, as soon as I got the supper dishes out of the way and the older children undressed; when I woke up the sun was streaming in. For the first time in six months I had slept through the night without a break."

"Yes, that fat little boy by the window is Charlie, and his skin is as white as a snowflake, thanks to the Cuticura Remedies. I think everybody should know about the Soap and also the Ointment, and if it is going to help other mothers with sick babies, go ahead and publish what I have told you."

MRS. HELENA RATH.

The agonizing, itching, and burning of the skin as in eczema; the frightful scaling, as in psoriasis; the loss of hair, and crusting of the scalp, as in scalled head; the facial disfigurements, as in pimples and ringworm; the awful suffering of infants, and anxiety of worn-out parents, as in milk crust, tetter and salt rheum,—all demand a remedy of almost superhuman virtues to successfully cope with them. That Cuticura Soap, Ointment, and Remedies are such stands proven beyond all doubt. No statement is made regarding them that is not justified by the strongest evidence. The purity and sweetness, the power to afford immediate relief, the certainty of speedy and permanent cure, the absolute safety and great economy have made them the standard skin cures, blood purifiers and humor remedies of the civilized world.

CUTICURA REMEDIES are sold throughout the civilized world. PRICES: Cuticura Soap, 25c per bottle (in the form of Chocolate Coated Pills, 50c per bottle of 50); Cuticura Ointment, 50c per box, and Cuticura Soap, 50c per tablet. Send for the great work, "Humors of the Blood, Skin, and Scalp, and How to Cure Them," 64 pages, 33 Illustrations. The Cuticura and Remedies are all prepared, including Soap and Ointment, by W. L. CHASE & CO., 100 N. 3rd St., Philadelphia, Pa. Sole Importers for the U. S. and Canada, F. J. CHENEY & CO., 100 N. 3rd St., Philadelphia, Pa. Sole Importers for the U. S. and Canada, F. J. CHENEY & CO., 100 N. 3rd St., Philadelphia, Pa.



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Recent spouse is Taker Back After Spending Money on Another.

Milwaukee, Wis., dispatch: After having sent his wife \$400 with which to pay her expenses from Germany to America Michael Kitzka of Chicago found that she had used the money to slope with a German professor to Milwaukee. When, however, she was taken into custody and confronted Kitzka, she went so copiously as pleased to have for indignation that she released and took her back.

Electric Plant for Mexico.

It is reported that the English Contractors, Sir Weetman, Pearson & Son, who have large investments in Mexico, have obtained concessions from the Mexican government for the establishment of an extensive system of electrical energy. They announce that they have the necessary plans completed for expending \$12,000,000 gold in constructing an electric generating plant in the mountains of the state of Puebla, where there is an abundance of water power.

A Remarkable Statue.

An Italian sculptor finished for a family in Logansport, Ind., a statue for the local cemetery which exemplifies the longing of the bereaved for an exact literal reproduction of the dead, and at the same time affords the most complete bit of realism known. In order to get the statue the family had a photograph taken of a man exactly the size of the deceased, dressed in the latter's clothes. These include a mackintosh over an ordinary business suit, trousers crammed into the tops of rubber boots, loose tie, turn-down collar, and soft, broad brim hat. The photograph and a head of the deceased were sent to Italy, and the result is a counterfeit presentment of the father of the family in white Carrara marble standing on a tall pedestal in the cemetery. The rubber boots recall the business of the deceased; he was a contractor of ditches.—New York Times.



All eyes, turning, beheld Cromwell.

her aunt, Lady Jevity; if so, she must be in London."

"We have seen Lady Heneage often," said Mary Cromwell, "and 'tis said there is a purpose of marriage between Alice Heneage and a favorite of my father's—Lord Cluny Neville."

"I have seen Lord Neville," said Jane. "He brought me your letters and the blue and gold ribbon you sent me. His visits were flying ones; he came and he went."

"Like the knight in the story—he loved and he rode away. He is coming here this afternoon, is he not, Frank?"

"He said so. He was to make some copies of the hymn he wrote, for Mr. Jevity has set it to music, and we are to practice the singing together. Father thinks very highly of the words."

"Dear me!" ejaculated Jane. "is he also a poet? I thought he wrote only with his sword. I fear that he has too many perfections. Has he not one fault to balance them?"

"Yes; but never mind them now," said Mary, "there is the bell for dinner, and we must answer it at once or we shall grieve mother."

They rose at these words and went quickly to the dining-room. Mrs. Cromwell, leaning upon the arm of her daughter, Mrs. Ireton, was just entering it, and Jane wondered silently at the state these simple country gentry had so easily assumed.

"The General dines with the Speaker," said Mrs. Cromwell; and she was herself about to say grace when Doctor Verity entered. He was greeted with a chorus of welcomes, and readily took his seat at the foot of the table and spoke the few words of grateful prayer which sweetened and sanctified the meal. Then he said:

"I came through Jormyn street I saw Lady Matilda de Wick. She looked dangerous and pistols at me. God knows, I pity her. She was shrouded in black."

"Has anything been heard of Stephen de Wick?" asked Jane.

"It is thought he reached the Hague in safety. His companion, Sir Hugh Oswald, missed Prince Rupert's pirates last year."

"I'll warrant 'tis my young soldier's hymn, and in my judgment, a good hymn."

They were advancing towards the organ as Cromwell spoke, and they joined the group around the inspired player. His tramping notes gave the sensation of charging men and horses, and of the ministration of angelic hosts.

The exultant song ceased, but their hearts were yet full of thanksgiving, and Cromwell walked about the room—with Frances and Jane at his side—humming the majestic melody, or breaking out into some line of audible song, until, addressing John Milton, he said:

"We have sundry letters to write, and the plain truth is, I could wish they were more heavenly. Here is a man to answer who is playing fast and loose with us—and I will not have it. He is laying too much weight on my patience; let him take care that he break it not."

Speaking thus, he walked towards the door, and Jane marvelled at the man. His countenance was changed; all its wistful tenderness and exaltation had given place to a stern, steadfast severity; his voice was sharp, his words struck like caustic, and the homelike, country gentleman was suddenly clothed with a great and majestic deportment.

Neville left soon after the Lord General, and the girls had a game of bat-tledore and shuttlecock in the long gallery; then sewing, reading aloud, evening meal and the evening exercise closed the day. The days that followed were little different. On the whole, Jane was not very sorry when her visit was over and she was free to return home. In spite of the frankness, she felt out of her element. The Cromwells had outgrown their old friends, and not all their familiarities could dispel the atmosphere of superiority which surrounded them; it was unavoidable and unequivocal, though they were not themselves conscious of it.

One Way Calendar Rates
to the west and northwest via Detroit Southern Ry. Tickets on sale daily February 15th to April 30th, to points in Montana, Idaho, Washington, Oregon, British Columbia, California and Arizona at greatly reduced rates. For full information apply to any Detroit Southern ticket agent or write George M. Henry, General Passenger Agent, Detroit, Mich.

Farm of 85 acres for sale, one mile south and one mile west of Salem station. Also house and lot in the village of Northville. Enquire of R. C. Safford, Plymouth.

EVERY CHURCH or institution supported by voluntary contribution will be given a liberal quantity of the Longman & Martinez Pure Paints whenever they paint.

NOTE: Have done so for twenty-seven years. Sales: Tens of millions of gallons; painted nearly two million houses under guarantee to repaint if not satisfactory. The paint wears for periods up to eighteen years. Lined Oil must be added to the paint. (done in two minutes). Actual cost then about \$1.25 a gallon. Samples free. Sold by HUSTON & CO.

Epworth League Meeting
An interesting meeting was the Epworth League rally, held in the M. E. church, on Tuesday afternoon of this week. Representatives from Pontiac, Detroit, Farmington, Dearborn, Belleville, Denton, Wyandotte, Newburg and Northville, were in attendance.

The object of the meeting was not only to bring the league workers into closer touch with each other, but also, to exchange ideas, and to mutually receive and impart inspiration. The trend of thought was the need of higher spiritual attainments, to fit the leaguers not only "to look up" but also for courageous efforts "to lift up."

The interesting and profitable talks of the afternoon, were supplemented with a masterly address in the evening by Dr. E. S. Niede, of Ann Arbor. A fine audience greeted the speaker, but there was room for more. It is a great pity that any intelligent person, young or old, should miss the opportunity of hearing so learned and cultured a gentleman.—B.

HIGH SCHOOL NOTES.

A meeting of the members representing the several schools that will compete in the field-day from Wayne, Chelsea, Northville, and South Lyon, will be held at Plymouth on Saturday, April 6, to arrange for the events and other important matters that are to be brought before the committee.

The Plymouth track-team has received a challenge from the Howell track-team, asking that the Plymouth boys come to that place on any date they may set. As yet there has been no decision as to when the meet will take place, but will probably be before the field-day at Plymouth.

Professor Mealey was called to Detroit Wednesday on account of sickness.

Danger of Colds and Grip.

The greatest danger from colds and grip is their resulting in pneumonia. If reasonable care is used, how ever, Chamberlain's Cough Remedy taken, all danger will be avoided. Among the tens of thousands who have used this remedy for these diseases we have yet to learn of a single case having resulted in pneumonia, which shows conclusively that it is a certain preventive of that dangerous disease. It will cure a cold or an attack of the grip in less time than any other treatment. It is pleasant and safe to take. For sale at Meilers drug store.

A writer in the Mobile (Ala.) Register gives a long description of the town of Century, Fla., and the immense saw-mill located there. The town becomes of interest to Plymouth because one of its former citizens is located there, Mrs. E. A. Haus, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. D. D. Allen. Among other things this writer says: At Century, Florida, two miles below the Alabama state line, is the Alger-Sullivan Lumber Company's mill. It is one of the largest concerns of its kind in the United States, and, owning 225,000 acres of virgin timber lands, all covered with a dense growth of long leaf yellow pine, its usefulness will not be impaired for a great many years. Though the mill has been in operation only a little more than a year, already there are thirty miles of railway with seven locomotives and some 100 cars, and with more than seven miles of standard track and tramways in the yards at the home plant, made necessary by the large amount of lumber sawn daily. The plant employs 800 men; the mill and town, which belongs also to the company, occupies something over 200 acres.

Robbed The Grave.

A startling incident is narrated by John Oliver of Philadelphia, as follows: "I was in an awful condition. My skin was almost yellow, eyes sunken, tongue coated, pain continually in back and sides, no appetite, growing weaker day by day. Three physicians had given me up. Then I was advised to use Electric Bitters; to my great joy, the first bottle made a decided improvement. I continued their use for three weeks, and am now a well man. I know they robbed the grave of another victim." No one should fail to try them. Only 50 cents, guaranteed by Hubbell's Pharmacy.

Following is the Livonia township ticket; Democrat named first, Republican second:

- Supervisor—George Chillson, Day L. Dickerson.
- Clerk—W. H. Coats, Walter Lavalli.
- Treasurer—Wm. Garchow, Chas. Wolf.
- Justice—(full term)—Chas. J. Tuttle, Thomas Davey.
- Justice (vacancy)—Chas. Bentley, Wm. Krumm.
- Highway Com.—John Krumm, Francis Perry.
- School Inspector—Mrs. Jessie Garchow, Mrs. Ora Chilson.
- Bd. Review—J. C. Chilson, Chas. Goers.

Fire destroyed the farm residence owned by Mrs. Mary Church, in Canton township last Thursday. The house was occupied by James Walker, who managed the farm. Mr. Walker was sawing wood with an engine for power and it is supposed sparks from this got into the roof. When the fire was first discovered it was blazing fiercely in the attic. Most of the contents on the ground floor was saved but on the upper floor on siderable was lost. The loss will not fall short of \$1,500 to \$1,900, and is partially insured.

A Great Sensation.

There was a big sensation in Leesville, Ind. when W. H. Brown of that place, who was expected to die, had his life saved by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. He writes: "I endured insufferable agonies from Asthma, but your New Discovery gave me immediate relief and soon thereafter effected a complete cure." Similar cures of Consumption, Pneumonia, Bronchitis and Grip are numerous. It's the peerless remedy for all throat and lung troubles. Price 50c. and \$1.00. Guaranteed by Hubbell's Pharmacy. Trial bottles free.

An Echo of the Cooper Murder Case.

The Detroit Free Press of last Friday has the following in its court news: Judge Robnett yesterday ordered a temporary injunction to issue restraining Dewitt G. Cooper, of Nankin township, from disposing of personal property claimed by George G. Cooper of the same township. Complainant, George G. Cooper sets up that the property was transferred to his wife in trust, by a mutual agreement between the brothers and Mrs. Amanda Cooper, wife of complainant, with the understanding that it should remain the property of complainant.

George G. Cooper was arrested on July 5, 1902, charged with the murder of his wife by pushing her down stairs, but was acquitted by a jury in Judge Frazer's court in March, 1902. The bill of complaint continues: "And this opportunity to declare that such charge was the most wanton and malicious ever made against man."

Complainant declares he was warned that he would be charged with the crime of murder prior to his arrest and that he would be confined in the county jail for a long period without bail and a bill of sale of his personal property to his brother, Dewitt, was executed on July 4, 1901, the day previous to the arrest. George G. Cooper claims his brother promised to pay the expenses of the trial from the proceeds of the farm, personal property, turning over the residue to him. During the nine months of his confinement complainant declares he received only \$9 and that the county paid for the services of his counsel and for his witnesses. He claims his brother, Dewitt, sold the farm and part of the personal property, receiving about \$1,700 therefor, and that an auction sale of the rest of the personal property has been advertised for March 27, at Perryville. Complainant avers that his brother refused to make an accounting and owes him about \$3,000. An accounting is asked as well as an injunction.

For a clear skin, clear all the way through, transparent enough to let sunshine—rosy cheeks show through—take Rocky Mountain Tea. This month spring time. 35cent. Wolverine Drug Co.

Now's the time to take Rocky Mountain Tea: it drives out the microbes of winter; it builds up the stomach, kidneys and liver. A wonderful spring tonic that makes sick people well. Wolverine Drug Co.

HAVE YOU A SORE THROAT?
Don't let it run on—it may prove dangerous. Go to your druggist and ask for **TONSILINE.**

TONSILINE is the greatest throat remedy on earth. Tonsiline not only cures Sore Throats of all kinds, very quickly, but is a positive, never-failing and speedy cure for Sore Mouth, Hoarseness and Quinsy.

It's the stitch in time. Don't neglect to use it. 25 and 50 cents at all druggists. THE TONSILINE CO. CANTON, O.

DO YOU GET UP WITH A LAME BACK?

Kidney Trouble Makes You Miserable.

Almost everybody who reads the newspapers is sure to know of the wonderful cures made by Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy.

It is the great medical triumph of the nineteenth century; discovered after years of scientific research by Dr. Kilmer, the eminent kidney and bladder specialist, and is wonderfully successful in promptly curing lame back, kidney, bladder, uric acid troubles, and Bright's Disease, which is the worst form of kidney trouble.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root is not recommended for everything but if you have kidney, liver or bladder trouble it will be found just the remedy you need. It has been tested in so many ways, in hospital work, in private practice, among the helpless too poor to purchase relief and has proved so successful in every case that a special arrangement has been made by which all readers of this paper who have not already tried it, may have a sample bottle sent free by mail, also a book telling more about Swamp-Root and how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble.

When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper and send your address to: Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. The regular fifty cent and Home of Swamp-Root dollar sizes are sold by all good druggists.

Don't make any mistake, but remember the name: Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

Commissioner's Notice.

In the matter of the estate of Thomas S. Clark, deceased. We, the undersigned, having been appointed by the Probate court for the county of Wayne, State of Michigan, commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against said deceased, do hereby give notice that we will meet at the residence of Ann E. Clark, in the township of Canton, in said county, on Friday, the twelfth day of May, 1903, and on Friday, the 23rd day of August, A. D. 1903, at ten o'clock A. M. of each of said days, for the purpose of examining and allowing the claims of all persons claiming from the estate of said deceased, and that all persons having claims against said estate are to present their claims to us for examination and allowance.

Dated March 24th, 1903.
JOHN B. TILLOTSON,
FRANK A. TILLOTSON,
Commissioners.

H. HARRIS,
The old reliable Meat Cutter, is always ready to serve the public with choicest cuts of

Beef, Veal, Mutton and Pork
Full Line of Salt and Smoked Meats,
Chickens for Everybody on Saturdays
Orders taken and goods delivered to all parts of the city.
Telephone orders given prompt attention.
Telephone 44. **H. HARRIS**

The Paint Brush or The Scrubbing Brush, Which?

The day of the dusty carpet, the dirty floor and scrubbing brush is waning. A rug can be shaken in a minute—a painted floor can be cleaned with a duster.

THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS SPECIAL FLOOR PAINT
is especially prepared for floors. It dries quickly. It gives a hard, glossy finish. It represents the difference between the light and the dark side of house-keeping.

Conner Hdw. Co.
J. D. McLAREN & CO.,
GRAIN & PRODUCE, SEEDS, COAL and BUILDERS' MATERIAL.
P. M. ELEVATOR.
FARMERS—We pay the highest market price. Remember us when you have anything in farm products to sell.
J. D. McLAREN & CO.

Excellent Meats
THE MOST TENDER THAT MONEY WILL BUY
In the way of Beef, Pork, Veal, Mutton, Salt and Smoked Meats,
Fish and Oysters
Try our own Pure Leaf Rendered Lard
WM. HOOPS
Phone 23. Free delivery

Probate Notice.
STATE OF MICHIGAN, county of Wayne, ss.: At a session of the Probate court for said county of Wayne, held at the Probate office in the city of Detroit, on the 31st day of March in the year one thousand nine hundred and three. Present, Edgar O. Durfee, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Maria H. Bedford, deceased.
Albert H. Dibbin, administrator of said estate, having rendered to this court his final administration account and filed therewith his petition praying that the residue of said estate may be assigned to the persons entitled thereto. It is ordered, That the 29th day of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said Probate court room be appointed for examining and allowing said account and hearing said petition.

And it is further ordered, That a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said time of hearing, in The Plymouth Mail, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county of Wayne.

[A true copy.] EDGAR O. DUREE, Judge of Probate.
HENRY S. HOLBERT, Register.

Commissioner's Notice.
In the matter of the estate of David B. Willcox, deceased. We, the undersigned, having been appointed by the Probate court for the county of Wayne, State of Michigan, commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against said deceased, do hereby give notice that we will meet at the office of Ernest N. Passage, in the village of Plymouth, in said county, on Tuesday, the 31st day of March, 1903, and on Monday, the 3rd day of August, 1903, at two o'clock P. M. of each of said days, for the purpose of examining and allowing said claims, and that six months from the 31st day of March, 1903, were allowed by said court for creditors to present their claims to us for examination and allowance.

Dated March 5, 1903.
ERNEST N. PASSAGE,
CHARLES A. FISHER,
Commissioners.

P. W. VOORHIES,
Attorney and Counselor at Law
Real Estate, Loans and Collections.
Telephone 72. Plymouth, Mich.
BANNER BALVE
This most healing salve is the best.

The Secret
of correct dress is simply knowing where to buy your clothes.

Getting your Spring suit here—one of the nobby CLOTHCRAFT styles—solves the problem happily and at slight expense.

Suits and overcoats from \$10 upward, that rival the costly creations of the exclusive tailor.

We have your size. We have the style you fancy most. We have the cloth you like—the all-wool kind.

And we have all the accessories, too—men's fine furnishings of every description.

E. L. RIGGS