

# THE PLYMOUTH MAIL.

VOLUME XIV, NO 45

PLYMOUTH, MICH., FRIDAY, JULY 19 1901.

WHOLE NO. 723.

## Sale of Furniture!

Over one thousand pieces of Furniture of almost every sort you can think of, are going for

**A Quarter, a Third, and in some cases a Half Off**

To stir up business, to make room and to keep our stock fresh. Strange that we should reduce one thousand pieces of Furniture, but we buy too much on purpose and we want the

**Fullest Possible Assortment**

EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR

and we like to give a good Bargain,

For the good will and the future business there is in it. Here is the golden chance to buy the articles you need way below former prices.

10 per cent cut on all Picture Mouldings.

**BASSETT & SON,**

The Reliable Furniture Dealers and Funeral Directors.

Masonic Block, Plymouth

### Breezy Items

By Live Correspondents.

#### PERRINSVILLE.

Miss Lena Dethloff spent a few days of last week at Plymouth.

Mrs. May Knight and Mrs. Maggie Sherman spent last Wednesday at Plymouth.

Miss Pauline Wuschek called on friends and relatives at this place last Saturday.

Henry Dethloff and lady friend, Miss Minnie Wilbur, spent last Sunday with the former's brother, Charles Dethloff, of Plymouth.

W. R. Parmelee and Wm. Cooper spent Wednesday in Detroit on business.

Thos. W. Carter, of Ashboro, N. C., had kidney trouble and one bottle of Foley's Kidney Cure effected a perfect cure and he says there is no remedy that will compare with it. '93 Pharmacy.

#### LIVONIA CENTER.

The heat for the past week has been something unbearable in these parts, but it has been fine hay weather and farmers have made good use of it, as the haying and harvest is being cleaned up in good shape around here.

Mrs. Frank Peck is entertaining a niece, Miss Rose Cahill, from Lansing, the present week.

Charley Rose Smith got dumped off a hay rake last week and got shook up in great shape, but not badly hurt.

Miss Minnie Garchow and Will Hart were married at the bride's home Tuesday afternoon. Only near friends were in attendance.

Miss Grace Peck, of Detroit, attended the party at the Center Friday night.

Report says we will soon have a new threshing machine near the Center.

Mr. and Mrs. George Flint, of Detroit, are visiting friends around the Center this week.

Will Barrows expects to erect a fine monument this week to his wife's memory.

The greatest healer of modern times is Banner Salve for cuts, wounds, sores, piles and all skin diseases; it is guaranteed; use no substitute. '93 Pharmacy.

#### MEAD'S MILLS.

Arthur McRobert, wife and mother, were at Belle Isle last Sunday.

Matt. Greene returned to Rochester, N. Y., last week.

Mrs. Ella Thomas and Mrs. Lucy Waterman were visitors at Plymouth one day last week.

Mrs. Van and children, of Northville, visited Mrs. Bissell last Tuesday.

Miss Avis Green at St. Clair flats for the past two weeks.

Mrs. Caroline Boston, who died the 25th of June, was born in the State of New York, had lived the most of her life in this place. Married Joseph Boston seven years ago last April and he is left to mourn his loss.

#### MURRAY'S CORNERS.

Mrs. Clifford McClumpha visited her aunt, Mrs. Hurd, at Plymouth, Sunday.

The aid society met yesterday at the home of Mrs. Milton Geer.

The Superior Zobo band, assisted by Mr. Riley and the Plymouth male quartette will give a concert at the Free Church this Friday evening.

The farmers are very busy at present and in the midst of harvesting. Farm hands seem to be at a premium this season.

Clyde Lewis, of Jackson, is visiting his uncle, Sheldon Gale.

Alice Mott, of Plymouth, is visiting at Sheldon Gale's this week.

One-Way Settlers' rates Via Ohio Central Lines.

On the First and Third Tuesdays of each month special low rate, One Way Settlers' Tickets will be sold by Agents of the Ohio Central Lines to points in Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Mississippi, North and South Carolina, Tennessee and Virginia. For full particulars, Rates, Routes, etc. call on any Agent of Ohio Central Lines, or address: S. G. Harvey, Pass. Agent, Toledo, O.

Dr. Geo. Ewing, a practicing physician of Smith's Grove, Ky., for over thirty years, writes his personal experience with Foley's Kidney Cure: "For years I have been greatly bothered with kidney trouble and enlarged prostate gland; I used everything known to the profession without relief, until I was induced to use Foley's Kidney Cure. After using three bottles I was entirely relieved and cured; I prescribe it now daily in my practice and heartily recommend its use to all physicians for such troubles, for I can honestly state I have prescribed it in hundreds of cases with perfect success." '93 Pharmacy.

Stops the Cough And Works off the Cold. Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, no Pay. Price 25 cents.

#### TONQUISH

Bert Miller, formerly of Canton Center, has moved into a house on the Wayne road. Mrs. Miller is on the sick list.

Misses Nellie and Sarah Shultz and their brother Lee spent Sunday afternoon with their friend, Ellis Hix.

There was a party at Mr. Dethloff's last Saturday evening. Dancing was the order and was much enjoyed by all present.

Mrs. Lester Clifford entertained company on Monday evening.

Representatives of the D. P. & N. Co. were down to settle with Ed. Newcomb for a cow that was killed by one of their cars a short time ago.

Otis Rowe went to Detroit Sunday.

Will Stevenson, of Swift, called on his uncle, H. L. Rhead, Sunday evening.

Asa Rowe and wife, of Detroit, have moved out here and will occupy Albert Stevens' tenement house this season. Their old friends will be very glad to welcome them back in this community. Mrs. Epps is on the sick list.

Interest in the two hundredth anniversary of the landing of Cadillac at Detroit has grown to enormous proportions and the three days of the celebration are so filled in with interesting events that each day seems better than the other, to use a familiar "bull." There will be a lot of historic interest in following the flotilla of Cadillac and his adventurous band down the river to the landing at Randolph street. There will be as much in the parade of nations the next day, when each of the twenty-one nationalities or races is to show its progress from two centuries ago until to-day.

It is generally conceded, however, that the flower day/parade and the night pageant on the 26th of July will be the grandest feature of all and those who have been permitted to see the floats which will then traverse the streets of the city, on railway trucks, say they will compel the admiration of every one.

The railroads for the third day have made a fare of one cent per mile, a rate seldom granted for anything except the Grand Army. The three days' celebration will be the greatest this country has ever seen.

Extraordinary stories are coming in as to the profits of truck farming in the south for northern markets. The fertile peninsula which lies between the Cooper and Ashley rivers, of which Charleston, S. C., is the apex, for instance, is divided up into little truck farms, which produce fruits, strawberries and early vegetables for the northern market. Train loads leave every day in the spring for Washington, Baltimore, and New York, and there are two lines of steamers sailing twice a week filled with garden truck, which sells at high prices. The farmers grumble about the freight rates, but nevertheless they do very well. One of them cleared \$4,000 last year from his strawberry beds. One makes \$10,000 a year from little farm on which he grows lettuce, tomatoes, early peas and beans. Last year he cleared up \$600 an acre. From 250 hills of cucumbers he received a revenue of \$1,934; from his potatoes turnips beets and other stuff he got \$4,739, and from his fruit \$4,138. Another man gets from 10,000 to 15,000 quarts of strawberries an acre between April 15 and May 15, and sells them at a profit of 1 cent a quart net. He has an orchard of 1,500 peach trees, which last year paid him an average of \$6 a tree. His profit from truck gardening have averaged \$125 an acre for his fifty acres during the last ten years. He is a yankee, and plows deep. Similar stories come from all over the south.

STRAYED.—Came onto my premises, two miles north of Plymouth, Sunday, July 14th, a bay mare, with white left hind foot and white spot in face, weight about 1200 lbs. Owner can have her by paying all charges. A. M. ECKLES

#### What Two Cents Will Do.

It will bring relief to sufferers from asthma or consumption, even in the worst cases. This is about what one dose of Foley's Honey and Tar costs. Isn't it worth a trial? '93 Pharmacy.

### DOCTORS

say "Consumption can be cured." Nature alone won't do it. It needs help. Doctors say

Scott's Emulsion

is the best help. But you must continue its use even in hot weather.

If you have not tried it, send for free sample. SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, 409-415 Pearl Street, New York. 50c and 60c; all druggists.

## SHOES

**WOMEN'S  
MEN'S  
CHILDREN'S**

Ladies, have you ever bought any of our Shoes? If not, we want you to do so, for they are right. Come to our place of business and let us talk Shoes with you. If you want a fine Dress Shoe, call for our Ladies' Black Vici Kid Turned Shoe, Style No. 517.

**\$3.50**

And style No. 518 gives you a Ladies' Plump Black Vici Kid with a Gootyear Welt Sole.

**\$3.00**

In these two styles we offer you the BEST values you can buy in these grades.

In Men's Shoes we are making a leader of Style No. 277, Black Vici or Velour Calf, the best shoe of the season. All kinds of Children's Shoes.

**1-4 Off on all Tan Shoes**

**In Our Dry Goods Department**

We can show you a fine line of

DRESS GOODS, BATISTE, LAWNS AND DIMITIES, PERCALES, SILKS & SATEENS


Dress Trimmings of all kinds, Shirt Waists. A fine line of LACE CURTAINS, prices ranging from 50c to \$9 per pair.

We have an up-to-date Grocery department—everything Clean and Fresh. Oranges, Bananas, Pineapples, Strawberries.

We now have Mrs. Hunter's Bread for sale. Send us your orders.

**J. R. RAUCH & SON**

Phone 13-2 R. Free Delivery.



### The Pursuit

Of sweetness brings you to our store. Here the delicious products of the baker's skill tempt the languid appetite into vigor and at moderate outlay one can get the

**Pies, Cakes and Cookies**

to satisfy.

Our Pastry is light, pure and wholesome, and our Bread is the most nourishing and satisfactory made.

**G. A. TAYLOR, Prop.**

Bakery and Restaurant.

## CANNED MEATS

THAT ARE FIT TO EAT.

English Luncheon Sausage, with Tomato Sauce.  
Armour's Potted Ham.  
Armour's Potted Chicken.  
Armour's Veal Loaf.  
Armour's Chipped Dried Beef.  
Armour's Compound Corned Beef.

A line of goods that we can recommend. They are fresh—try them.

**GAYDE BROS.,**

Telephone No. 53.

NORTH VILLAGE

## Hotel Plymouth,

STRENG & SAGE, Props.

Rates, \$2.00 per Day.

Sunday Dinners to home people. 35c

Other Meals, 25c.

Board by the Day or Week.

Good Sample Rooms.

Hotel Barns in connection.

The Patronage of all the People is solicited.



Five brothers named Backes live in Trenton, N. J. All are lawyers enjoying lucrative practice, and not one of them had more than a grammar school education. Their father died in 1874, leaving a widow and six boys, the eldest of whom was but 14 years old.

A miscellaneous item to the effect that Joseph Frits of Byron, Mich., was president of the Epworth League there and also a bartender in his father's saloon is denied. The young man is a consistent member of the Methodist church and does not tend bar; although he boards at home, which is above his father's saloon. He holds no office in the Epworth League.

A new division of seagoing torpedo boats has been added to the German navy. The vessels are five in number and are from the same type as those lately sent for service in Chinese waters. Each has a displacement of 350 tons, with a crew of fifty men, an armament of three torpedo tubes and five quick-firing 2-inch guns. The boats are capable of steaming twenty-six to twenty-seven knots an hour, and each can carry 100 tons of coal.

It is a fact worth bearing in mind that whenever news is scarce in Washington the correspondents are sure to set afloat one or two rumors; that an extraordinary session of Congress is to be called, or that some member of the cabinet is about to retire. Matter for a second dispatch is furnished by a denial of the rumor. A knowledge of this device will enable readers to estimate the probable truth of these rumors when they first make their appearance.

A Maryland judge has judicially affirmed one of woman's rights, says the Pittsburgh Dispatch. If a woman finds her husband loitering around the streets, she has a right to order him home, where his presence is wanted, and to push, shove or otherwise use so much force as is necessary to make him obey. This is an especially indisputable right, according to the learned court of Hagerstown, Md., where the loitering husband is found in company with another woman.

The author of "The Kidnapped Millionaires," the latest novel to attract general attention, is Frederick Upham Adams, an inventor of some note. He recently built a railroad train which shattered all records from a mile to one hundred miles. It was built to avoid atmospheric resistance, and was popularly known as the "cigar-shaped train" or the "wind-splitter." Between Washington and Baltimore this train of seven cars attained the remarkable speed of 103 miles an hour.

Dorothy Talbert, colored, 104, who now lives in Atchison, for many years was a slave in Clay county, Mo. Mrs. Talbert was originally owned by a Virginia family, but she was sold before the civil war to Fountain Waller of Liberty, Clay county, together with her five children. The Virginia man who sold them afterward bought back Hester, one of the children and she is still on his plantation, and is herself a great-grandmother. Mrs. Talbert lives alone, and tends her garden beside doing her own work. Mrs. Conway, her daughter, who died a few years ago, although 61, was the old lady's "baby," and she feels the loss keenly.

Western apples sent to the New York market last season afford new proof of the importance of packing goods in the best way. In the ordinary New York flat (there is seldom room for a barrel of apples, nor would fruit bought in such quantity keep until used. On the other hand apples purchased by the dozen or the peck are expensive. Western growers who acted upon this knowledge were well paid. Last year they shipped their apples to New York in boxes. They were sold at barrel rates, and the boxes were consequently kept on the fire escapes until freezing weather. Two hundred and fifty thousand boxes were sold last winter, and this year the number will be still larger.

The rights of a striking workman were clearly and concisely stated the other day by a New York magistrate who was hearing a case of assault. "You may work for whom you please," he said, "as long as you please, and leave whenever you please. If you can do better or get more money, you have a perfect right to do so. But every other man has the same right to sell his labor for what he sees fit, to work as many hours as he pleases, and to accept whatever compensation has been agreed upon between him and his employer. The law does not permit you to interfere with him." If every striker would keep this simple statement in mind, labor troubles would at least be free from violence.

One may sympathize with the writer of a letter lately published in the London Times, and yet not be able to repress a smile. "I recently attempted to alight from one of the new American train-cars," writes this indignant Englishman. "I am sure that I used the utmost care, yet I was thrown nearly thirty feet!" Evidently the poor man had never before ridden on a street car which moved fast enough to make it unsafe to alight while the car was in motion. One is led to think that the plan to give London real rapid transit is succeeding.

Adams Seys the U. of M. Is Anti-Christ in Spirit.

SHOT DOWN WHILE AT WORK.

The Murderer of Peter Smith Succeeded—Ex-Governor Pingree's Old Partner—Various Bits of Information Gathered from all Parts of the State.

Murdered While at Work. Peter Smith, aged 35 years, a respected farmer of Bainbridge township, and a tenant on the farm of Fred Baker, near Sister Lakes, was shot and killed Thursday while engaged in cutting wheat on the Jacob Winn farm, a mile and a half from his home. The first known of the murder by others in the field was the discharge of the gun, the man having secreted himself behind a shock of grain. The report was heard, the sight of the smoke was noted and the nearness to Smith created a suspicion that murder had been committed. Smith was struck in the back and the ball passed under the shoulder. He lived but three hours. The lifeless body of Horace Peters, the murderer of Peter Smith, was found in the wooded swamp near Bainbridge Center. He had shot himself through the chin with the same shotgun used in killing Smith early Thursday morning.

From the appearance of the body, it is believed Peters committed suicide a day after the crime. Peters had threatened to kill several people in the neighborhood, and the greatest fear existed until the finding of his body. People in the vicinity went without sleep, and kept watch for three nights with their guns in hand.

MR. ADAMS' CHARGE DENIED.

President Elliot, of Harvard, denies the statement made by Henry Anstin Adams at the Catholic Summer School in Detroit, that "The president of Harvard college is an avowed agnostic; the president of Columbia is a diluted, weak-kneed Episcopalian; the whole spirit of Ann Arbor is anti-Christian." "There is no truth in that whatever," said President Elliot.

Mr. Adams is the former rector of St. Paul's Episcopal cathedral, at Buffalo. He said: "Yale, Harvard and all other universities are conspirators against the truth of God. A man cannot be a thoroughly educated and cultured man unless he is a Catholic."

President Angell refuses to discuss the statement made by Adams that the whole spirit at the U. of M. is anti-Christian. "It is so absurd that I would not dignify the statement by any discussion," he said.

PINGREE'S OLD PARTNER.

A mystery that puzzled Detroiters for many years has been solved through the death of former Governor Pingree. Some 14 years ago his partner, Charles H. Smith, sold his interest in the firm to Mr. Pingree and invested the money in another business that didn't pan out. It was a business failure and not a cloud rested on Smith's name. He thought differently and it worried him. One night while playing cards with a friend he got up, left the house, and from that day until now nothing was ever heard of him. When Mr. Pingree's remains were in New York an old man recalled and wished to see them. It was Charles H. Smith. It developed that Mr. Pingree knew of his whereabouts and provided for him in the Mills hotel.

CANNOT TAX IT.

The assessor of Howell assessed against Thomas Gordon as agent for Rogers \$100,000 on personal property. This sum was supposed to represent the money which had been loaned through Gordon in this state on notes and mortgages, and such money as Gordon might have had at the time in his custody belonging to Rogers. The circuit court held that the money was subject to taxation and that the determination of the board of review as to the amount was final and not reviewable, no fraud being charged.

The supreme court has reversed the case. The court says it is the policy in this state to tax credits owned by residents only, and the provisions of the law and decisions are quoted to that effect. "It is legally clear," says the court, "that the money in Gordon's possession was not assessable."

HORRIBLY CRUSHED.

Augustus J. Mayworm, civil engineer in the Alpena cement factory, was instantly killed at 4:45 o'clock p. m. Saturday. He was thrown from a plank on which he was standing and pitched head first into a large clutch pulley and forced through a space of about 12 inches on the under side. The pulley was revolving at the rate of 150 per minute. Deceased was the only son of Assistant Postmaster Mayworm of Detroit. He was a young man of high character and great promise.

Miss Phoebe Stevens, a well-known woman of literary ability, and William C. Cockrill of Saginaw, were arrested on a charge of grand larceny at the instance of Cassopolis authorities.

The postmaster-general has issued a fraud order against J. E. Batdorf & Co., of Battle Creek, proprietors of the "Magnetic Healing Institute." This is the concern which advertised that they would send a diagnosis of any disease which the patient might have if he would simply send them a lock of his hair.

The marriage of Miss Clara Ayers and Fred Gilliland, of Adrian, which took place February 10, 1900, has just been announced. The bride is the youngest daughter of A. J. Ayers, a traveling man, and the groom is a son of James F. Gilliland, head of the electrical works.

MINOR MICHIGAN MATTERS.

Quincy is to have a pickle factory. Big Rapids is to have a carnival Aug. 6-8.

Hartford is figuring on enlarging her water works system.

A woodworking factory is to be established shortly at Watervliet.

Detroit will be in gala attire during the Cadillac celebration on July 25, 26 and 27.

The first peaches from the Michigan belt were shipped from St. Joseph Monday.

Open air concerts by Otsego's newly organized band are paid for by the merchants.

Ike Bonds, aged 18, was drowned in Dickinson's lake while bathing. The body was recovered.

Van Buren county voted by about 300 majority to appropriate \$35,000 for a new county building.

S. M. Sykes, a Newark township farmer, has a cat which is caring for two motherless chickens.

The strike order was obeyed by the 500 employees of the Muskegon plant of the American Tin Plate Co.

Andrews' hotel barn and contents, including a horse, burned at Holly. Loss \$600; insurance \$200.

The state pardon board will meet at Saginaw Tuesday to consider the cases of convicts from that locality.

Charles Reibel, a Royal Oak farmer, made an unsuccessful attempt to commit suicide by taking Paris green.

The total expenses of the state tax commission for the fiscal year, which ended June 30, 1901, were \$120,000.

The Allegan village council has named the village park Pingree park, in honor of the late former governor.

William Howe, of Middleville, is under arrest, charged with practicing shameful cruelty upon his 12-year-old son.

A 10-year-old daughter of John Green, of Smith's Creek, is dead from what a state official pronounced smallpox.

The Kirby Carpenter Co.'s brick mill, of Menominee, has shut down for one year, throwing 100 men out of employment.

Maple Rapids has a flowing well rising 26 feet. The water has mineral properties, and may be utilized by the village.

The raspberry crop is ruined in Berrien county by the continued dry spell, representing a loss to the farmers of \$100,000.

The board of trade at Hart has landed the potato starch factory for which negotiations have been pending for some time.

Fire destroyed a frame row of six buildings at White Cloud Saturday night. Estimated loss, \$10,000; small insurance.

Detroit has been occupied by the National Educational Association and the Undertakers and Embalmers the past week.

Charles Ritchie, an inmate of the northern asylum, eluded the vigilance of a brother, and hanged himself from a tree in the woods.

The Ladies' Library Association of Dowagiac is going to ask Andrew Carnegie to bestow upon that city one of his \$15,000 public libraries.

Miss Amy Leslie, the dramatic critic of Chicago, and Frank H. Buck, a hotel employe of Chicago, were married at St. Joseph a few days ago.

An army recruiting officer has been in Grand Haven for two weeks looking for recruits. There was only one applicant, and he was rejected.

Col. C. V. R. Bond objects to the Washington dispatches intimating that Judge Daboll was retired from the rural mail service to make room for him.

Five tramps were captured near the north limits of Adrian. They held up Dwight Hinkley near the Lake Shore station and took two \$5 bills from his pocket.

Commissioner Griswold has appointed Mrs. A. Whipple, of Jackson, a deputy factory inspector under the new law, which calls for one woman in this capacity.

The state board of health is preparing to take action for the restriction and prevention of cancer, a disease which annually carries away a large number of persons in this state.

Rev. J. E. Hoover, of Holt, created something of a sensation Sunday evening by removing his coat, vest and collar while preaching his sermon. He finished his sermon in a pink shirt waist.

While Mrs. Henry Elkins, of Entrican, was at her daughter's home, her son Howard, two years and three months old, was missed. After a search they found his body in the cistern.

Refreshment booths will not be found within the limits of the state camp this year, as the military board decided to grant no concessions, and to accept no payment from any such enterprise.

Notes and mortgages found in a hollow stump proved to be the property of Mrs. David Myers, of St. Joseph, having been stolen from her residence a few days ago. The cash taken is still missing.

The 2-year-old child of James Jewell, of Negaunee, was playing about the house when it fell into a pan of boiling milk. The little one was terribly scalded and death soon relieved it from its agony.

LeClair, the embezzler, is a bigamist as well. He has a wife in Muskegon, has confessed to having another in Traverse City, and a third claimant to his affections has turned up in Newport, Tenn.

The land commissioner will confer with the attorney general before issuing a patent to S. S. Olds for that portion of the St. Clair flats claimed by him in accordance with the opinion of the Supreme Court.

Duraud has a new system of water works lying idle. The council is in a deadlock and has not accepted the system. The taxpayers fought with a former council for five months when it was letting the contract.

Two Adrian girls, Clara Storms and Irene Hawley, went bathing in the river, but while thus engaged some thief stole their wardrobe, left on the shore, and they had to go home arrayed in their bathing suits.

Henry W. Sova, who deserted the United States army on May 9 last, was arrested at Muskegon. Sova is 29 years old, and enlisted with the United States regulars last March. He was sent to Fort Riley, Kas., where he deserted.

Muskegon has the distinction of having the only tin plate mill in Michigan. It is probably the most prominent industry of the city, giving employment to nearly 500 workmen most of whom are skilled laborers, receiving excellent wages.

Charles H. Bodge, of Jackson, sues the Michigan Central Railway company for \$10,000 damages. He was injured in 1882, and when he talked of beginning suit, was promised permanent employment. Recently he was discharged.

Wm. Taylor, alias Wm. Willis, colored, died at the prison hospital of typhoid fever. Taylor was 33 years old, and was sent from Ann Arbor May 8 last to serve two years for larceny. There are five other cases of typhoid fever at the prison.

John Manchester of Flint township, who was arrested several weeks ago on the charge of criminally assaulting his 9-year-old step-daughter, was discharged. The girl claimed on the stand that the story she told of the alleged assault was untrue.

It is said the Tontine Surety Co., of Detroit, must have taken in between \$300,000 and \$400,000 and has paid out not over \$25,000 that any trace can be made of. The company removed to New Jersey and now Manager C. B. Brown is in the Detroit jail.

Arthur Hill, of Saginaw, has returned a check sent him by Secretary Wilkey, of the state forestry commission, for expenses as a member of such commission. He requests that the money be returned to the forestry fund and used in extending the work.

Mertimer O. Bigelow, of Birminghama, who was promoted to be a captain in the regular army, is 31 years old. He entered West Point in 1891, graduating four years later. In 1898 he received his promotion as first lieutenant. He has been serving in Cuba.

Two boys were picked up by the police in the Michigan Central yards, Kalamazoo, and if the story they tell is straight, they took one of the most exciting rides in the history of the road, clinging to the roof of a Pullman sleeper the 143 miles between Chicago and Kalamazoo.

Mrs. Mattie Carson, widow of the late Samuel Carson, of Galesburg, claims her husband left no will whatever. Carson died June 7, his children claiming he executed a will May 16, the provisions of which followed the statute, and seven days later executed an instrument of trust to his son, assigning four-fifths of the estate, or about \$23,000, to the children. A great legal fight is now on.

A. W. Miles, a farmer living near Pinconning, committed suicide by hanging Saturday morning. Three weeks ago Miles visited the undertaker in Bay City, purchased a coffin which he had shipped to his home. He explained that he was suffering from cancer of the throat and that his physician declared he was liable to die at any time. He wanted to save the family trouble when the time came.

Mrs. Laura Green, of Champaign, Ill., is under arrest in Muskegon, charged with shoplifting. She says she can be classed among the wholesalers. Her graft is to visit the larger cities for her deceptions and then sell the plunder in the smaller towns.

People of Ludington have formed a pool for the employment of a physician. There are 200 families in the deal. They have engaged Dr. Bart at \$1,800 a year and he is to respond to all calls from members of the community. If any member sends in a needless call he is fined. Justus S. Stearns is a member of the community.

George Smith, a well-to-do farmer of Shiawassee township, has filed a bill for divorce from his wife, Gertrude Smith. He says that she left him fifteen years ago. Although both have lived in the county ever since, they have never seen each other during that time.

Figures and Reports of the Great Steel Workers Strike.

A JUDGE'S VIEW OF PICKETING.

Reported that President McKinley's Services in Arbitrating the Strike will be Availed of—The Situation as it Stands at Present.

Figures are given to show that the great strike of Pittsburg Steel Workers is daily costing the three companies involved \$210,000 and the workmen \$156,000. In addition to all of these losses the many and varied industries crippled now and in prospect represent losses to the men of large sums that cannot be computed now. The Amalgamated men are said to have a fund of over \$200,000 with which to keep the strike going, and the many Amalgamated men employed in the various mills still operating will go a great way toward keeping the sinews of war in good condition.

Attempts are being made to get President McKinley to arbitrate the steel strike, and it is stated that he is in favor of so doing. The steel trust officials say they will do nothing till the strikers back down.

The closing down of the Clark mill and of the Monessen sheet mill are looked upon as telling victories, and almost complete the tie-up of the three companies. But one tin mill, that at Monessen, and one sheet mill, at Dun-cunville, remain at work. The fact that the National Tube men, who are non-union men, received a substantial advance in wages has caused discontent among the union men employed by the National Tube company, at their Second avenue plant, and Republic mill, south side. The men think they are entitled to a similar increase.

The announcement that the Wells-ville (O.) rolling mill would be started, and started non-union gave rise to uneasiness among the citizens. It was the first indication as yet given by the manufacturers that they were other than passive participants in the big strike. What the result may be of an attempt to operate the Wellsville plant none of the Amalgamated people would predict. All they would say was: "It cannot be accomplished."

National Organizer Thos. H. Flynn, of the American Federation of Labor, came to Pittsburg from Washington and after a consultation with the officials of the Amalgamated association pledged the support of the Federation in the strike. In an interview, Flynn said the Federation had a membership of 2,000,000 and could make an assessment when any of the organizations affiliated with them were in need of assistance.

Picketing Unlawful.

Judge Clark, of the United States District Court, during the hearing of the motion to dissolve the temporary injunction issued against the striking machinists of Cincinnati, said: "I have arrived at the conclusion that picketing is beyond shadow of doubt unlawful; that it is immoral and wrong. Counsel for the defense must understand plainly that I am opposed to picketing in any form whatever and that I will promptly make the power of this court felt against it. But violence," he added, "is not to be remedied by injunction in this court. It is subject to the criminal jurisdiction of the state courts."

Mrs. Bonine Indicted.

The first chapter in the sensational murder of James S. Ayres, the Washington, D. C., census office clerk, culminated in the indictment of Mrs. Lola Ida Bonine for murder in the first degree. James Seymour Ayres, Jr., 21 years of age, who was employed as a clerk in the census office, and was a resident of Port Austin, Mich., was found dead in his room in the Kenmore Hotel about 8:30 o'clock the morning of the 13th of last May. A woman was seen to emerge from the room and descend by the fire escape to the second floor of the hotel and enter through a window. Mrs. Bonine was arrested and confessed, stating that the killing was done in defense of her virtue and honor.

Bryan Will Fight.

William J. Bryan says: "I will discuss the Ohio convention and its doings fully in my paper."

"The gold bugs, I am afraid, are trying to administer absent treatment to the rank and file of the party. I don't object to having it distinctly understood that I intend to fight to the bitter end every effort to force the abandonment of the Chicago and Kansas City platforms."

Radical Bryan men construe his remarks on the Ohio case to mean that he will at once set to work to build up an organization in every state to combat any tendency to ignore the platform of the last two national campaigns.

Fleary Students.

Students in the City of Mexico have issued a fiery manifesto against the Roman Catholic church. They say a congress composed of educated young men of the country will soon assemble to take action on church matters. The government will be asked to confiscate all property found to be held by the clergy or their agents, the proceeds to be applied to the payment of the national debt.

The census department estimates that there are 300,000 French-Canadians in Ontario.

A daring attempt to loot the Resler & Ashbrook bank, of Alexandria, O., was made Tuesday by a gang of six or seven men. Nothing was secured, however, and after standing off a crowd of citizens, at whom they fired repeatedly, for an hour, the robbers escaped in stolen buggies.

Chagrined by the fact that the Michigan fruit exhibit at the Pan-American exposition has not been up to the standard, the Dunkley Co., of Kalamazoo, South Haven and Hartford, has taken the matter in hand and will lend efforts toward maintaining the exhibit in a manner that will be representative of the great fruit industry of Michigan.

Christian Endeavor twentieth annual convention closed in Cincinnati Thursday night.

Total receipts of Uncle Sam to May 31 from the war taxes imposed July 13, 1898, were \$310,053,363.

Fifty Milwaukee machinists voluntarily went back to work at the Allis-Chalmers company, virtually putting an end to the strike there.

The great drought in Kansas and Missouri has been slightly relieved by showers. Most crops are hopeless, however.

Rev. E. A. Cantrell quits the pulpit of the First Christian church, Washington, announcing that he no longer believes the Bible.

Gen. Maximo Gomez has returned to Cuba from New York. Says he will never forget American kindness as long as he exists.

Alfred B. Kitteridge, of Sioux Falls, has been appointed United States Senator to fill the unexpired term of Jos. H. Kyle, deceased.

Andrew Carnegie has offered Stillwater, Minn., \$25,000 for a public library. A site has been secured and the council will provide the required income.

A head end collision between two local freight trains on the Missouri, Kansas & Texas, near Wymark, I. T., killed five men and three others were probably fatally injured.

A special train of five cars was hauled over the Pennsylvania road Tuesday from Pittsburg to Chicago in 10 hours and 50 minutes. This breaks all passenger train records between the two cities.

Despite local thunderstorms, accompanied by slight rainfall, in western Missouri, the drought that is burning up vegetation in Missouri, Kansas, Oklahoma and Indian Territory is still unbroken.

There are only 50,000 seekers for the 133,000 farms in the Kiowa country opened by President McKinley's proclamation. Most of the seekers are on the ground waiting for a chance to register.

John J. Martin, capitalist and landlord of the Capitol Hotel in Philadelphia, found his son lost 21 years ago, working among the iron furnaces in Anderson, Ind. He will now have an easier job.

Carlisle H. Graham has made his fifth successful journey down the rapids of Niagara river in the same barrel which he used in his trip 12 years ago. He almost sufficed from heat, being confined in the barrel for 35 minutes.

Mrs. John Edwards and her 15-year-old daughter, Mary, are in jail in Reading, Pa., accused of slaying John Edwards, husband and father, with a grub hoe. A 10-year-old son told on them. If convicted they may be hung.

According to information given out at the headquarters of the Nickle Plate road in Cleveland, nine men were killed as the result of a collapse of a bridge at Springfield, Pa., while a construction train was passing over the structure.

News has been received from Havana to the effect that the trial of Charles F. W. Neely, of Indiana, charged with the misappropriation of postal funds, will begin about August 1. That of Estes G. Rathbone will take place immediately thereafter.

The colored citizens of Cleveland are exceedingly angry at those in charge of the coming G. A. R. national encampment. They assert that in appointing a committee of colored men at the last hour to look after the colored veterans is a clear attempt to draw the color line.

A cargo of granite will be shipped in August from Maine quarries to Liverpool. This will be the first cargo of American granite ever shipped to any European port, and will be laid down in Liverpool at \$1 a ton, or \$1.25 a ton less than Scotch granite can be supplied.

Independent Cuba will begin business with a bonded indebtedness of only \$122,400, resulting from the clause in the new constitution pledging the Cuban republic to the payment of the bonds issued by authority of the revolutionary government during the war with Spain.

Large parts of the Russian empire are again threatened with famine. The last official report, which has just been published, was dated June 21. Since then not a drop of rain has fallen in the eastern provinces, and it is believed the crops are now largely beyond hope in many districts.

The official call of "the Bryan Democrats" of Ohio charges that the Ohio convention repudiated the last two Democratic platforms, and adds that "if the Democratic party abandons the principles laid down in the platforms of 1896 and 1900, then it may as well close its political career, for there is little else of importance to fight for."

The ministers of Denver, Col., are considering the advisability of organizing a vigilance committee. Although it is against the things that the ministers will primarily direct their attention, the work which they propose to do at once is only preliminary to the really gigantic scheme they consider, looking to the uplifting of the entire community.

Miss Kate Klipp of Jackson, Mich., became the bride of David H. Clark, of Montclair, N. J. The owner of the house where the reception was held, James B. Pier, proved to be her long-lost uncle. A crayon of the bride on the wall led to the discovery. The uncle is wealthy. The bride had not seen him since a child, when she went west.

The people of the middle west are praying for rain singly and in groups, but the entire stricken region, which includes Kansas, Missouri, Iowa and parts of Illinois and Indiana, is moving toward a huge, concentrated prayer day to bring rain to their burning crops. Unless rain comes soon to the parched crops in the immense corn and wheat belt, great loss and in many cases complete ruin will result.

Eastern Nebraska and western Iowa received Tuesday an inch or more of rain, which began falling at 2 a. m., and relieved the drought and heated term. Rain also was reported in the Black Hills of South Dakota.



# The Filibusters of Venezuela.

Or the Trials of a Spanish Girl.

By SEWARD W. HOPKINS.

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## CHAPTER III. The Castle Falls.

We have already spoken of Pedro Francisco, the wealthy planter, the lover of Senorita Jacinta, and the confident and agent of Ferdinand Gomez.

Francisco was a man about thirty years of age, and had inherited from his father, Spaniard of the type of Don Juan Garza, not only the broad lands that made him wealthy, but the fierce and haughty spirit of the true Spaniard, and the love of the pomp and display of royalty that Don Juan possessed.

The hatred of the republican government was as strong an emotion in the heart of Francisco as his love for Jacinta Salazar. He had thrown himself into the conspiracy with fervor. The success of Phillip of Aragon would doubly reward him. With Salazar in power, he could not hope to win Jacinta. If the republican power was crushed, he would not only see his beloved court and courtiers, royal glory and military pomp, but he would have Salazar in his power and Jacinta should be his.

The plan of Gomez to begin the war in the valley of the Coroni, and his selection of Francisco as his chief organizer there, was but another proof of the boundless genius of the man.

All the cupidities of the Zambos had been well worked upon by Gomez and Francisco, and they were organized, ready for the revolt against the government having been promised a rich bounty for their services.

These creatures were under the immediate command of one Mattazudo, a half-breed, but not a Zambo. Mattazudo was half white, that is, Spanish, and half Indian. He was shrewd, unscrupulous and cruel as Gomez could have wished him to be. Moreover, he had unlimited sway over the Zambos.

Francisco was wonderfully well informed of events of which General Salazar was entirely ignorant.

He had received full instructions from Gomez and knew just when and where to meet the Turtle.

Ten miles down the Orinoco from the mouth of the Coroni, the southern bank of the river had a peculiar formation.

In the midst of miles of swamp and lagoon, one high and dry ridge rose like a great hog's back from the river to the dry lands beyond the lagoons.

Gomez, who knew the geography and topography of the country, perfectly, had selected from the very first that hog's back as the point on which to land his arms.

His orders, therefore, to Pedro Francisco were to assemble a large force—as many of their adherents as could be gathered without arousing the suspicion of General Salazar—on the hog-back to meet him and his fellow conspirators from the Turtle.

It was therefore a strangely wild and animated scene that was spread out before Lola Garza when the Turtle anchored off the hog-back, and the unloading of firearms began.

Preparations did not lag. Every man was armed, and, having given orders to the captain of the Turtle to take the ship out farther into the stream and await a message from him, Gomez gave the order to march.

"Where shall we go first?" asked Phillip of Gomez.

"To the Castle of Salazar," said Gomez. "The army of the Republic—that portion of it south of the Orinoco—is commanded by Salazar, who has most of the men at his castle. They are now at Bolivar watching the unloading of the Agostura, and his castle will be an easy prey."

At the castle of Salazar two women were growing anxious. The prolonged absence of Salazar filled his wife and daughter with alarm. Rumors had reached the castle that the errand of Salazar to Bolivar would be worse than useless, for the enemies that were expected had already landed in an unexpected way, and the Coroni flowed between the friends and the enemies of the republic.

Dona Maria and Jacinta heard these rumors with alarm, for if the insurgents should cross the Coroni and attack the castle, the pitiful handful of thirty men left by Salazar would not be sufficient to protect it.

General Salazar had an invention of his own in use on two flat boats used to convey cattle or produce across the river. These boats could be pulled across the river from either side. Francisco understood them well, and already the strained eyes of Jacinta and her mother saw a boat load of the enemy crossing the river.

The few men in the garrison began firing, but frightened by the seemingly endless throng that was coming to conquer them, threw down their arms and fled.

"We are lost!" cried Dona Maria. "Deserted by the few we had, what can we do? Even the servants have left us. We cannot escape!"

"The secret passage!" exclaimed Jacinta. "There is not a man unfaithful to my father, who knows it. Come; we can escape them there!"

"Of what use is it?" asked Dona Maria. "We can, it is true, leave the castle by the secret passage, but what shall we do then?"

"Time enough to think of that when we are asked," said Jacinta. "Come."

They ran to their rooms, hastily packed up a few articles, seized their weapons and entering a room on the second floor, left it again, disappeared

completely and leaving no trace of the manner in which they went.

An hour later the followers of Phillip and Gomez had all crossed the Coroni, and the standard of the new king, Phillip of Aragon, floated from the flagstaff of the castle of Salazar.

## CHAPTER IV. The Secret Passage.

There was one person in the retinue of Phillip of Aragon whose joy at the successful capture of the castle of Salazar was not entirely without alloy. This was Pedro Francisco.

He knew that Senorita Jacinta was not with her father at Bolivar. He had dwelt upon the pleasure with which he would make her his prisoner, to win release only by making her captivity lifelong—by becoming his wife.

His chagrin, therefore, when the castle was found to be unoccupied was very great.

He knew nothing about the secret passage. Neither did Gomez, or any one else in the royalist army.

Meanwhile the returning battalions of Salazar heard the flying rumors. Salazar, who was slowly riding ahead, accompanied by Medworth and Tempest, was startled at seeing three horsemen coming at full gallop toward him.

The general spurred forward to meet them.

"What is it? You have news?" he said.

"The castle! The castle!" cried one. "The Spaniard!" cried another. "The people have gone over."

"We are lost!" exclaimed the third. General Salazar turned pale.

"What do you mean?" he demanded. "You cry the castle! Has anything gone wrong at the castle? Has the enemy come? My wife and daughter—where are they?"

"All is lost, I tell you!" was the reply. "The whole country has risen in revolt. An armed force, consisting of hundreds of men, under Francisco and the half-breed Mattazudo, attacked the castle. We fought bravely. We killed over a hundred, but they were too many for us."

"Silence!" roared General Salazar. "Fear has turned you into garrulous old women. You say the castle is taken? Where, then, are my wife and daughter?"

"Alas! We do not know. They either escaped or were captured."

"Likely," said Tempest, speaking in English to Arthur. "The ladies are either free or in captivity, alive or dead. No denying that fellow's brilliant intellect."

"Hush!" said Medworth. Salazar turned toward them, with a pale, but stern face.

"My young friends," he said, "the worst has befallen us. We have been outwitted—tricked—in the most skillful way. While we were in Bolivar, the enemy has entered at another point and now occupy my castle, and have no doubt captured or killed my wife and daughter. There is hard work before me. The castle must be retaken, if possible."

He spurred his horse forward. The news spread among the men. They pressed on close behind him. At the rear came the lumbering artillery—the guns he had taken to Bolivar to prevent the landing of the enemy.

After a wearisome march they came in sight of the castle, and from its staff floated a peculiar flag.

"It is not that the flag of Spain?" asked Medworth.

"No," replied Tempest, whose venturesome life at sea had made him familiar with the flags of all nations and the languages of most. "It is the flag of no known country. It is modeled closely after that of Spain, but is not quite like it. A flag no doubt designed and chosen as the standard of the royal party in Venezuela."

The column was now halted. Salazar called several of his officers to him.

As was perfectly natural and proper, Medworth and Tempest were not admitted to this council of war. They slipped from their horses and walked away toward the Coroni. Some of the soldiers of Salazar looked at them, but none tried to stop them from going.

It was Medworth's idea to get below the bank of the river, which at this point was high, and, thus screened from observation, creep toward the castle and endeavor to obtain some information of the actual situation there.

Carefully they crept up the river, drawing nearer each moment to the bank, now and then peeping over the bank to take bearings.

The path was beset with difficulties. At one place they came to a small stream that flowed into the Coroni, and to cross which they must find stones or logs to make a stepping-way.

The road to the castle, along which the troops of Salazar were marching, crossed this stream over a bridge a quarter of a mile away, but Medworth did not know that, and if he had, it is not likely he would have left the shelter of the river bank to go to it.

After a time they found themselves near the castle.

At this point there was a deep, thick growth of vines and low trees along the river, and they had a view of the castle only in one place where the road was cut through down to the landing place of the general's flat boats.

They hurried passed this, and found a secure place among some vines and

bushes on a low spot between the river and the higher bank, about ten feet from the water.

Here they halted, and if they spoke at all, spoke only in whispers, while they peered here and there to see if there were any human beings near them.

Suddenly Medworth was startled at seeing the thick vines on the side of the bank move. A hand appeared—a small, jeweled hand—and then a woman's face.

Medworth clutched Tempest, and they remained hidden, wondering what sort of hiding place that was.

Two women—one young and pretty, the other mature, but still handsome—emerged cautiously from some secret place, looked this way and that, and moved slowly away up the river.

They had not gone beyond the sight of the young Americans, when, with a loud shout, a man rushed upon them and seized the younger.

The Americans heard her scream and knew that she needed protection. All thoughts of their own safety fled, and as they saw two others come to the assistance of the first, they rushed out.

"Are you not the wife and daughter of General Salazar?" asked Medworth. Jacinta looked up into the handsome face of the young American, and said:

"We are, senator, and this man is our very enemy."

It is, of course, apparent to the reader that Jacinta's assailant was Pedro Francisco. He made a gesture as if to draw his knife, but before he could use it, the silver hammer fist of Tempest caught him square, and he went cursing and howling to earth.

His two companions attempted to help him, but Medworth, who was a strong man himself, though not equal to Tempest in strength, knocked one of them down, and Tempest nearly killed the other.

The Americans then, to end the affair before others came, drew their revolvers, and Francisco and his companions sneaked away, crestfallen and swearing vengeance.

The Americans were overwhelmed with thanks, and Jacinta's black eyes were devouring Medworth's face and figure, while her tongue was uttering soft words of gratitude for his timely assistance.

"What a handsome man!" she was saying to herself. "I wonder who he is. I hope I shall meet him again."

"Seniors," said Dona Maria, who had no thought of the romance in the situation, but hungered for news of her husband, "do you know where General Salazar is now?"

"He is about a mile below, with his soldiers," replied Medworth, who spoke Spanish better than Tempest. "We left him to hurry forward and gain some knowledge of the situation. We will escort you to him."

So they started back down the river, Medworth helping Jacinta, and Tempest having Dona Maria under his care.

Jacinta smiled fascinatingly upon Medworth, and asked him where he came from.

"I came from New York with my friend," he answered. "A beautiful girl is in the hands of the men who have captured your castle, and we have come to rescue her."

Then Jacinta did not look so pleased. "Is there any secret approach to the castle?" asked Medworth.

"No," replied Jacinta, boldly; "there is none."

When they had escorted the two ladies to that point where they could see the faces of the approaching army, they bade them adieu, and again receiving thanks, turned back toward the castle.

"Quite an adventure," said Tempest. "By Jove, though, that girl's a stunner! What eyes! But what are we going to do now?"

"Those women escaped from the castle by some secret way," said Medworth. "And we saw them emerge apparently from the very ground. It's my belief that there is a cave or something there, perhaps with a communication with the castle."

(To be Continued.)

## EXAMINING THE DOCTORS.

Partially Educated Physicians Menace Health of the Public.

Medical examinations in this state are strict, but not severe, says the Philadelphia Times. Certainly no person should be allowed to take human life into his hands unless he was able to answer the few questions that are asked, and yet those who fall consider their fate a personal hardship. They probably forget the interests of the people they would practice upon, if allowed to hang out their signs. Consider for a moment that in many other states in this country young men enter at once into the practice of medicine from imperfectly managed schools which turn them out in short order. If put to the Pennsylvania test, they could never practice medicine, but with imperfect educations, with scant training, and as a rule with little natural aptitude for the work, they ply the body and occasionally operate upon it with knives and saws.

Considering the thousands of partially educated doctors who are turned upon the country every year, it is wonderful that the longevity of the nation is increasing. Still that may be explained by the fact that most sensible people nowadays are not taking medicine except under compulsion, and many of our best doctors are stronger in demands about food, exercise and fresh air than they are about their prescriptions.

The wife of one of the most successful and most noted physicians in this country complained the other day that she never got an opportunity to give her children medicine, except when the doctor was called out of town.—Philadelphia Times.

Deep collars of Irish or gulfure lace appear on many of the smart models.

## SHIP SINKS IN COLLISION

Steamer Fremont Wrecked in

Midnight Accident.

ALL ON BOARD ARE SAVED.

Steamer City of Lowell Brings News of

Accident to New London, Conn.—Wreck

Occurs to Eastward of Cornfield Light-

ship, Off Saybrook.

New London, Conn., July 18.—The

steamer Fremont of the Joy line in a

sinking condition and all the passen-

gers and crew taken off by the steamer

City of Lowell, was the news that Cap-

tain H. E. McDonald of the steamer

City of Worcester brought to this port

at 2:20 this morning. The Fremont

was in collision with another steamer,

but the particulars were not obtain-

able. The Fremont was on its regular

trip from Providence to New York and

was in collision when about twenty

minutes to the eastward of Cornfield

light vessel, off Saybrook. The col-

lision occurred about midnight. A

boat's crew from the City of Worcester

was sent to the disabled steamer and

found the steamer City of Lowell

alongside. Captain Miner of the Low-

ell said that he had all hands aboard

of the Lowell and would take them to

New York.

## MYSTERIOUS WRECK REPORTED.

Fishermen at St. John, N. F., Tell of

Seeing Vessel Ashore.

St. John, N. F., July 18.—A report

received here by telegraph from Seal

Cove is to the effect that fishermen

there claimed to have seen a steamer

last night ashore at Renew's Island,

near the scene of the wrecks of the

British steamer Delmar and the Orient

Steam Navigation company's steamer

Lusitania. The fisher supposed the

steamer in question either sank or got

off again. The revenue cruiser Fiona

came down the shore past the locality

of the supposed shipwreck in the

afternoon, but the commander asserts

that no wreck was in sight, nor was

there any evidence of wreckage.

## Wealthy Kaufmann Slain.

Cody, Wyo., July 18.—The body of

Samuel Kaufmann, a merchant residing

at the natural hot springs, twenty miles

from here, has been found some dis-

tance from his cabin with a bullet

wound in the shoulder and the face

crushed and beaten in a horrible man-

ner. In his cabin evidences were found

of a struggle, including several large

pools of dried blood. A considerable

amount of money Carson was known

to possess is missing. Carson had not

been seen alive for two weeks.

## Hitch in E. Glenn Trial.

Parkersburg, W. Va., July 18.—There

was a delay of several hours in the

trial of Ellis Glenn for forgery, caused

by the illness of one of the jurors,

Willard Lytle. He was overcome by

the heat. Some important testimony

was brought out by Attorney Kinder

of Illinois, who assisted in the Glenn

case at Hillsboro. The state is nearly

through with its witnesses. Miss Glenn

will go upon the stand and will no

doubt prove the star witness of the

trial.

## Fears the Acid Throwers.

Middletown, N. Y., July 18.—Miss

Taylor, the pretty young housekeeper

of the Hotel Columbus here, is still a

prisoner in her room in the hotel.

Though the detectives have hunted

everywhere for the two veiled women

who assaulted her some weeks ago in

the yard back of the hotel, they have

failed to arrest them. These enemies

burned her face and eyes with acid

and she is in mortal fear of them, be-

lieving they are still in the city.

## Seventy Rebels Surrender.

Manila, July 18.—The insurgent gen-

eral, Gebarro, with seventy men, has

## SWIFT CRUISERS PLANNED.

Committee Has Ambitions to Build

Twenty-two-Knot War Vessels.

Washington, July 18.—A powerful

warship which can steam 10,000 miles

without recoaling at a speed of 22

knots is the kind of an armored cruiser

the Naval Board of Construction now

has under consideration. Such a ves-

sel could steam from a port on the

North Atlantic to Manila without

stopping at any South American or

North American port. She could cruise

for a long period without putting into

port and her great speed would make

her safe if she fell in with a squadron

of wandering battleships or cruisers.

These cruisers, two in number, will

be of 14,000 tons burden and will have

a coal capacity of 2,000 tons. The ar-

mored cruiser Brooklyn has a capacity

of 1,650 tons and the New York, also

armored, a capacity of 1,150 tons.

The speed of twenty-two knots is

one knot faster than the contract

speed of the Brooklyn and the New

York. In tonnage and general design

these vessels will be practically similar

to the armored cruisers California and

West Virginia, now under construc-

tion.

The board has decided that the two

ships shall have either eight-inch or

seven-inch rifles in their main batteries,

but has not chosen between the two

calibers. It has been practically deter-

mined, however, that if eight-inch

guns are selected they will be mounted

in turrets, but there will be no turrets

for seven-inch guns.

## JAPANESE WRITER IS MARRIED.

Miss Watanabe, Who Wins Fame by Her

Pen, Has Interesting Career.

New York, July 18.—Miss Onoto

Watanabe, the young Japanese girl

whose short stories and other writings

have attracted much attention, was

married this afternoon in the "Little

Church Around the Corner" to C. A.

Babcock, a nephew of the late pastor

of the Brick Presbyterian Church. Miss

Watanabe has just completed a

novel which will be brought out in the

fall by Harper's. She has already had

published several long novels and a

number of short stories. All of her

novels deal with



PLYMOUTH MAIL

BY F. W. SAMSEN.

FRIDAY, JULY 19, 1901

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Year \$1.00, Six Months .60, Three Months .35

ADVERTISING RATES.

Business Cards, \$5.00 per year. Resolutions of Respect, \$1.00. Cards of thanks, 25 cents.

Minister Wu of China has filed claims against the United States for \$500,000 indemnity for alleged injuries suffered by Chinese subjects at the hands of Americans in Montana.

While Great Britain leads the world as a tea-drinking nation, the United States out-ranks all other countries as a coffee-drinker.

The new Philippine tariff has been completed and mailed to Governor Taft with authority to put it into immediate operation if it meets with his approval.

The new regiments organized in this country will not be sent immediately to the Philippines, though they will probably go there ultimately.

Admiral Melville of the navy thinks that the success of the French submarine boat in placing a torpedo under a battleship, proves nothing as to the efficacy of these vessels.

Members of the Interstate Commerce commission have received no information in regard to the charges by Western shippers that the railroads have advanced traffic rates from 30 to 50 per cent.

The State department has received a curious complaint of alleged discouragement of the return of the Spaniards to the Philippines.

The steel trust has roused the Navy department to a point of rebellion by its excessive charges for machinery forgings for use in war ships.

Secretary Gage is not well, although he is attending to his duties. His physicians have advised him to take a rest, at least during the hot season.

Any advertised dealer is authorized to guarantee Banner Salve for better, eczema, piles, sprains, scalds, burns, ulcers and any open or old sore.

ELOCUTION HELPS THE VOICE.

By Careful Training Harshness of Tone May Be Overcome.

There are some who deride the prevailing popularity among women of "the elocutionary fad," as it is contemptuously called.

HOW TRUSTS AFFECT PRICES.

Thus Far the Capitalists Get More Benefits Than the Consumers.

So far as the combinations exert a monopolistic power over prices—and sometimes they have this power to a limited degree—the result is in all probability usually, but not always, directly injurious to society.

American Schools Abroad.

President Harper of the University of Chicago announces that the university has begun to establish affiliated preparatory schools in different parts of Europe.

Quin Wouldn't Whistle Falstaff.

Quin made his last appearance on the stage as Falstaff. The occasion was the benefit of his friend Ryan and the result such a financial success that the beneficiary wrote Quin the following year saying that he would like to repeat the benefit and asking him as a favor to appear once more in the same part.

Growing Bottles.

There is an Australian curiosity called, because of its peculiar form, the "bottle tree." It grows to a height of 50 feet and seems to represent bottles of all shapes, both right side up and upside down.

PORTRAIT OF MME. CHOUTEAU

An Interesting Relic of St. Louis' Early Days Preserved.

One of the most interesting of the family heirlooms preserved by descendants of the first Chouteau family in St. Louis is a life-size portrait of Mme. Marie Theresa Chouteau, wife of Pierre Chouteau, and who is credited with having been the mother of St. Louis.

POKER FLAT OF TODAY.

Little Remnant of the Famous California Camp of 1852.

In 1852 Poker Flat produced \$700,000 in gold bullion in a single month and celebrated the event with a triple hanging.

"Get Busy."

There is a whole sermon in the parlance of the day, "get busy"—that is, get to doing something; get to work; be a doer of the word and not a hearer only.

Travelling the Oz.

A Vienna correspondent writes that there is a law in Austria which makes it a very serious offense to insult a public official, or even to offend his dignity in any way.

SECRET OF HAPPINESS.

Kindness, Love and Common Sense in Married Life.

Happiness in married life is to be gained, just as enduring happiness in any other phase of existence on earth is to be found—by the use of the old-fashioned virtues of unselfishness and consideration for others.

SO HAPPY!

Cooling Couple Embarrassed Policeman at Milwaukee Last Winter.

She was a fluffy-haired little vixen, whose cheeks had been plucked by Jack Frost until they were as crimson as the sunny side of a full-ripe peach.

Children's Rights.

In order to test the ideas of children as to right, says Arthur MacDonald in Everybody's Magazine, the following story was told them: "Jamie's father gave him a dog, but Jamie often forgot to feed it, and the dog cried often at the door."

Jay Gould's First Trade.

Two boys who became distinguished in widely different ways were Jay Gould, the multi-millionaire, and John Burroughs, the naturalist.

Fish Has One's Cable.

The fault in the New Zealand submarine cable, which was repaired recently by the steamer Recorder, is stated to have been caused by the bite of a fish.

The Indian and the Northwest.

A handsomely illustrated book just issued, bound in cloth and containing 115 pages of interesting historical data relating to the settlement of the great Northwest, with fine half-tone engravings of Black Hawk, Sitting Bull, Red Cloud and other noted chiefs.

"WANTED"

Weak men, weak women, pale men, pale women, nervous men, debilitated women, to take Knill's Red Pills for Wan People. They restore Health, Strength and Beauty.

EXCURSIONS VIA THE PERE MARQUETTE

Train will leave Plymouth at 9:40 a. m. Returning, leave Detroit at 6:30 p. m. Rate 25c.

Plymouth Markets.

The prices paid for farmers' products as given to THE MAIL by dealers and which will be corrected weekly are as follows:

Table with columns for Grain and Seeds, Dairy and Produce, Poultry and Meats, and Miscellaneous. Lists items like wheat, corn, butter, eggs, etc. with prices.

Penney's Livery!

When in need of a Rig ring up City Phone No. 9. DRAYING OF ALL KINDS Promptly done.

Cut a Figure in the World

Advertisement for technical schools. Includes illustration of a person and text: "We offer the advantages of the best technical schools to men and women who are determined to carve out their fortunes by the sure method."

FLORIDA

The Bahamas, Cuba, and the SOUTH. Tickets now on sale. Apply for Book, "Winter Trips South."

Livery 'Bus Draying

Telephone No. 7, city phone, when you want a first class Turnout, Single or Double. We Give Special Attention to all Kinds of Draying & Teaming.

PERE MARQUETTE

In effect Jan. 7, 1901. Trains leave Plymouth as follows: For Grand Rapids, North and West.

DETROIT, PLYMOUTH & NORTHVILLE RY

TIME CARD. Table with columns for Cars Lv. Conner's Corner, Going South, Going North, and Leave Wayne. Lists train times and fares.

DETROIT SOUTHERN RY.

Table with columns for STATIONS, No. 1, No. 3, No. 5. Lists train routes and times for South and North Bound.

ARE YOU GOING SOUTH?

SO, WE WOULD RECOMMEND TO YOUR USE THE Ohio Central Lines. From Toledo, you will find the TRAIN SERVICE THE BEST.

HOMESLEKERS

Excursion Rates to the SOUTH and SOUTH WEST on the First and Third Tuesdays of each month. ALWAYS AS LOW AS THE LOWEST.

THROUGH WITHOUT CHANGE

FROM DETROIT TO ST. AUGUSTINE DAILY EXCEPT SATURDAY AND SUNDAY, LEAVING DETROIT 12.55 NOON; TOLEDO, 2.30 P.M.; CINCINNATI, 8.40 P.M. ARRIVING AT ST. AUGUSTINE NEXT EVENING FOR SUPPER.



# Boys' Sailor Suits

As I have a few Boys' Wash Suits left, from the ages of 4 to 9, I will close them out at a

**Great Reduction.**

# Pants.

Also a full line of Boys' 25 and 50 cent Pants will be closed out at a reasonable discount.

# Caps.

Just received a large assortment of Boys' Caps, to be sold out at

**19c.**

# L. J. REINER,

Corner Store, Gayde Block.

## Local Newslets

J. R. Rauch was at Walled Lake Tuesday.

Miss Marx, of Detroit, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Flaherty.

Miss Caroline Roe, of Lansing, is visiting at Willard Roe's.

Fred Dibble and wife are spending the week at Walled Lake.

Mrs. Etta Reichelt left Saturday for a visit at Alma and Petoskey.

Mrs. Elizabeth Kinney left Tuesday to visit her son at Pittsburg, Pa.

Mrs. Sumner and two children, of Detroit, are visiting at A. A. Taft's.

Preaching services at the M. E. church next Sunday morning at 10:30.

Mrs. Homer Perry, of Kalamazoo, is visiting her brother, Theodore Chilson.

Mrs. C. O. Hubbell attended the funeral of an aunt at Milford Wednesday.

Mrs. Lillie Murdock, of Glenwood, Iowa, is visiting her brother, Jed Noves, this week.

Mary and Ella Anderson spent last week in Detroit attending the N. E. A. convention.

Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Passage left Saturday for a two weeks' outing at Walled Lake.

Paul Roach, of Detroit, visited Marion Schilke Wednesday, at her cousin's, Mrs. Fred Schilke.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Schilke, Miss Marion Schilke and Miss Laura Bell spent Sunday at Walled Lake.

Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Rose, of Grass Lake, and Miss Eva Walker, of Chelsea, visited at Sewell Bennett's this week.

The subject for next Sunday morning at First Church of Christ, Scientist, will be, "Truth." All are cordially invited.

Mr. and Mrs. Marshall Shay, of Cleveland, Ohio, and Mrs. Ed. Root, of Northville, visited Mrs. M. J. Weeks Tuesday.

Axle grease in 1, 2, 5 and 12 lb. pails, at H. W. Lee's.

While running a drill press at the Hamilton factory Monday afternoon, James Dunn had his left hand caught in the machinery and narrowly escaped the loss of it. As it was two fingers were smashed so badly that amputation was necessary, which was done by Dr. Oliver.

Theron Harmon, of Casnovia, is visiting here.

Miss Cecil Schryer is the new clerk at the post-office.

Miss Lynda Durfee, of Olivet, is visiting at A. D. Prout's.

Work has begun on Sam. Abelson's new house on Sutton street.

Mrs. Betsy Platt is visiting friends in Detroit a few days this week.

Ypsilanti and Plymouth base ball teams will cross bats here Aug. 1st.

Miss Minnie Lait is visiting for a week or two at Dr. Ptolemy's Brighton.

Fool the flies and buy a fly net cheap at H. W. Lee's.

Worthy Shuart and son Harold, of Battle Creek, are visiting at Ed. Shuart's.

A mild case of scarlet fever was reported Sunday in the family of Dewey Holloway.

The depot will undergo repairs next month and will come out with a dress of slate color.

The P. M. R. R. Co. has an extra gang of men working here putting in several new sidings.

Union services in the park near the Presbyterian church at 7 p. m. Sunday. All are invited to attend.

Contractor Lauer, of Wayne, is laying cement walks for W. T. Conner and H. C. Robinson this week.

Mrs. J. M. Webber and son Walter, of Litchfield, Ill., are visiting the former's brother, James McKeever.

Service in the Presbyterian church next Sabbath morning at 10:45. Christian Endeavor meeting at 6:15 p. m.

A class of 15 members will take a trip with the goat in the Knights of Loyal Guards next Wednesday evening.

Mrs. M. E. Mills, daughter and son, leave Friday for Geary, O. T., where Mr. Mills is employed on the Choctaw R. R.

Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Miller, Philadelphia, and Miss Nellie Hudd, of Alliance, Ohio, are visitors at S. O. Hudd's.

The Daisy Manufacturing Company are building the foundation this week for a new brick office, located near their factories.

Single harness for \$8, \$9, \$11, \$15, \$17, \$22, more or less, at H. W. Lee's.

Benjamin Chamberlin, conductor of the local freight between Detroit and Toledo, was taken sick here Wednesday and the train was some delayed.

Rev. and Mrs. W. G. Stephens and Mr. and Mrs. V. E. Hill left Monday, for a two weeks' vacation at Longs Lake.

Mrs. E. C. Gibson, of Philadelphia, Pa., came Tuesday to spend the summer with her mother, Mrs. S. M. Johnson.

Mr. and Mrs. M. B. Weeks left Monday for New Baltimore, where they will act as house-keepers in Mr. Markham's new cottage.

Remember the Woodman's picnic to Tashmoo park Saturday, Aug. 3d. Take a ride on the splendid steamer Tashmoo and enjoy a day off after the summer's work.

In a 2:14 pacing race at Detroit Wednesday, purse \$2,500, Capt. Sphinx, owned by George Miller, of Plymouth township, won second place. The race was won by Dan Patch in 2:08.

The terrific heat makes everyone have "that tired feeling," the Mail force suffering with the rest of the people. If you find but little local news, charge it up to the hot weather.

Huston & Co. have another car load of buggies, surreys, road wagons and driving wagons. Our assortment is better than ever before. Call and see us before you buy.

The Plymouth ball team did not appear to good advantage at Pontiac last Friday afternoon, and lost the game by a score of 15 to 7, the Pontiac boys securing seven runs in the last innings. It seemed to be an off day for the Plymouthites, the condition of the grounds being also against them. They play at Brighton this afternoon.

A dispatch was received Tuesday by Mrs. Courtrite conveying the information that her son Al. had been killed. Press dispatches state that his death was caused by a head-on collision of a passenger train and a loose engine on the Ohio Valley railroad near Padens, W. Va. Mr. Courtrite was engineer of the passenger train and his fireman was also killed. Mr. Courtrite visited his mother and brothers, Eli and Ed, here only a few weeks ago, and the shock to the poor mother, over 80 years old, to hear of his terrible death, almost prostrates her. His residence was at Parkersburg, W. Va.

Dan McIntosh and W. J. Burton were working on top of a D. P. & N. repair car at Northville Monday afternoon, when a bolt in the switch-pan of the trolley-line broke, letting the wire swing around and knocking both men from the car, McIntosh breaking his right leg just below the hip and Burton injuring his left foot. Dr. Burgess was called and McIntosh was placed on a cot, and brought on a car to Plymouth. Dr. Tillapaugh was summoned by Dr. Burgess and on arriving at McIntosh's home, some two miles out in the country, the doctors set the broken bones and made him as comfortable as could be done.

## The North Side

Miss Etta Reichelt is visiting friends at Alma this week.

Miss Molly Blackstone, of Clio, visited Miss Daisy Worden Sunday.

Wm. Smitherman is on the sick list this week under care of a doctor.

Miss Mae Smith is visiting her sister, Mrs. H. Laible, at Saginaw.

Jolliffe Bros. are making large shipments of cheese, mostly to Chicago.

Miss Ione Adams has been visiting a week with friends in the country.

Miss Stella Hill, of South Lyon, visited Miss Grace Toncry the past week.

Miss Alma Smith, of Battle Creek, is visiting her cousin, Miss Minnie Brems.

Miss Callie Roe and Mrs. Willard Roel spent Tuesday with friends at Wayne.

Miss Dora Widder, of Ann Arbor, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Chas. Brems, this week.

Mr. Kingston and family, of Detroit, have moved into Isaac Gleason's house on Oak street.

The Baptist parsonage is being repaired and papered this week, by Holloway Bros.

Mrs. Wm. Creger and daughter of Detroit, are visiting Wm. Creger, Sr., and family here this week.

Miss Louise Stever left Wednesday to visit her sister, Mrs. Miller, at Tecumseh, for a couple of weeks.

Jake Streng's new house, corner of Mill and Liberty Streets is being painted this week by Hassenger & Son.

Miss Nona Marvin, Miss Louise Maten, Frank McDonald and Ned Maten, of Detroit, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Willard Roe.

A little baby boy was born to Mr. and Mrs. Norman Miller Wednesday.

The ladies of the Universalist church will give an ice cream social in the park Saturday night.

Edwin Saunders' attorney for the P. M. R. R. Co. was enroute Wednesday on business, and as he was on the train at Detroit he received a message that Mrs. Saunders, who was visiting in Saginaw, was very low and to come at once. She died before his arrival.

W. C. T. U.

The W. C. T. U. have decided to hold a "baby show," the date of which will be announced later. Many beautiful prizes, kindly donated by merchants and friends, will be awarded the little ones.

Members should not forget the lawn meeting to be held at 3 p. m. to-day at Mrs. Carrie Markham's.

Science has found that rheumatism is caused by uric acid in the blood. This poison should be excreted by the kidneys. Foley's kidney cure always makes them well. '83 Pharmacy.

One Reason Why.

Editor Plymouth Mail:

Dear Sir: I noticed in your last issue an article taken from an exchange, advising farmers to trade more with the home merchant. Have often read similar pieces in your paper and would like to tell you the reason why they do not do so more, as I see you seem to have only one side of it. It is simply because farmers, the same as other people, once in a while need a little money. One perhaps finds he can spare something from his early garden and is very much in need of a little cash, so he takes to the village a bushel of peas. They are the first in town. The merchant is pleased and ready to buy, but when it comes to paying for them, he says "Of course, you'll trade them out. I don't pay money for such things." A few days ago, I saw some nice currants at a store and asked the merchant how much he paid for them. His reply was "Oh, I did not buy them; they are only left here to sell." It's just the same with butter and eggs and everything a farmer has to sell. Your home merchant does not like to pay any money if he can help it. They will sometimes pay one-half, but prefer that you take it all in trade. You see it makes the farmer anything but independent, because without money he has to pay for everything in truck, even to his local newspaper. The home merchant simply compels him to go to the city with his produce and what more natural than that he should buy there?

A FARMER.

FOR SALE.—One 2-seated canopy top surrey in perfect order, but little used, will sell for just about half what it is worth; also one phaeton, a good one with leather top, broad cloth trimmings and in No. 1 order, at half price. Enquire at Riggs' store.

FOR SALE.—House and lot on Ann Arbor st., near the fair grounds, and twenty acres of land one and one-half miles east of Plymouth. Address H. E. Bradner, Lansing, Mich.

James Mullane, a workman on the P. M. Ry. at Northville, walked into Will Gayde's meat market Tuesday noon while the latter was at dinner, and picking up a large butcher knife, quietly made a sneak. He offered the knife for sale to Dan Jolliffe shortly after, who believing it to have been stolen, telephoned Mr. Gayde if he had lost one. The services of Constable Smith were secured and the fellow was overhauled about two miles out of town. He was taken before Justice Valentine and pleaded drunkenness as an excuse for the theft. The Judge imposed a fine of \$5 or thirty days and gave him 74 hours to secure the money. He's still hunting for it.

The state supreme court sitting at Jackson, Tenn., on the 20th ult., decided that a woman cannot practice law in Tennessee.

Statistics have been compiled by Mr. Frank H. Hitchcock, chief of the foreign market section of the Department of Agriculture, showing the distribution of the agricultural exports of the United States for the years 1896 to 1900. The figures show that during the year 1900 there were twelve countries to each of which the United States exported over \$10,000,000 worth of domestic farm produce. A total of \$408,000,000 was purchased by the United Kingdom, the largest on record except that of 1898, while Germany bought \$134,000,000 worth, an increase of about 100 per cent in the past five years. Other large importers were the Netherlands, France, Belgium, Italy, Canada, Japan, Denmark, Cuba, Spain and British Africa. Other countries took less than ten millions worth.

To Cure a Cold in One Day. Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Detroit's Wonderland.

Visitors to Detroit this summer will have an opportunity to attend Wonderland and the Detroit opera house for only the usual price of admission charged at Wonderland. Wonderland's theater was found to be too small to accommodate the immense crowds of people who daily desire to attend this entertaining and popular place of amusement. During the summer months, therefore, the theater will be enlarged and Manager Moore has secured the beautiful Detroit opera house in which to present the vaudeville shows in the meantime. The museum will remain open and connections have been made from the various floors of the curio halls with the parquet, balcony and gallery of the Detroit opera house. This was possible as the buildings are side by side and temporary doors between the two could be effected very easily. The people will, as usual, enter the museum first and then go directly into the magnificent theater.

The Detroit opera house being one of the handsomest first-class theaters west of New York city, it will undoubtedly prove an added attraction to Wonderland visitors during the summer months. This theater, as was the Wonderland theater, is equipped with the American Blower system of ventilation and cooling and is a delightfully cool and refreshing oasis in the large city during the hot days. It will be a haven for the folks who come to the city from surrounding towns, which to rest and enjoy an afternoon or evening of most delightful entertainment.

Manager Moore will make an extra effort to please the visitors by making the very best, cleanest and most entertaining vaudeville attractions procurable in the United States. As in the past he will spare no expense to make Wonderland and the Detroit opera house the headquarters for excursionists and visitors during the summer. Parcels and luggage of all sorts will be cared for and the attaches of the Amusement palace will devote themselves to the care and entertainment of visitors. Folks who go to the city to do shopping or to visit, or solely for pleasure, will find Wonderland prepared to provide for them in every respect.

A regular bureau of information will be open to all who desire to learn the time of arrival of trains and suburban electric cars, or to acquaint themselves concerning anything about the city, places of interest, etc.

The children have not been forgotten. Wonderland has always been the play house of the little folks, and for their entertainment many features have been added in the museum, and the "happy family" in the menagerie has been largely augmented to provide amusement for them.

The vaudeville performance is presented four times daily, twice in the afternoon and twice in the evening. People may enter the theater at any time and remain until they, have seen the whole show.

The shrewdest monarch in business.

The shrewdest monarch in Europe, from a business point of view, is undoubtedly the sultan. He does not believe in Turkish banks, but deposits all his superfluous cash abroad special messengers being sent at intervals to pay the money in. He also has a curious habit of secreting money in all sorts of strange places in the palace, and prefers to run the risk of being robbed rather than enrich the coffers of an Ottoman bank. But he does not depend on his regal position solely for his income. He owns one of the main streets in Constantinople, a sugar plantation in the West Indies, and draws a handsome dividend from a line of steamships plying on the Bosphorus.

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# J. L. GALE'S

A GREAT BARGAIN IN

## Toilet Soap

Just received a case of seven different kinds of Toilet Soap, highly perfumed, worth 20c a box, that I will sell for

**10c a box,**

3 cakes in a box

## Now is the Time to Buy

JELL-O, TRYPHOSA, GELATINE, SCHEPP'S FRUIT PUDDING, BREAKFAST FOODS, &c.

## Just Received

A new stock of 5c Sardines, 12c Sardines, 15c Sardines, 20c Sardines, Sardines in Mustard, Chicken Loaf, Veal Loaf, Ham in 1lb. cans, Potted Ham, Corned Beef, Pigs Feet, Vienna Sausage, &c.

For

CANDIES, FRUITS, VEGETABLES, ICE CREAM, ICE CREAM SODA,

Go to GALE'S

## Ginger Ale and Birch Beer

For sale in bottles, at 10c each.

# JOHN L. GALE

Telephone No. 16.

# Are we Doing Business?

The amount of goods that leave our store daily proves that our trade is increasing rapidly and that our

## PRICES ARE RIGHT

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A FINE LINE OF

Baby Carriages  
Couches  
Dining Tables  
Book Cases

CALL AND SEE THEM

# MILSPAUGH BROS.

FURNITURE DEALERS.  
FUNERAL DIRECTORS

Subscribe for the Plymouth Mail

Best Paper in Western Wayne.





## WOMAN AND HOME.

**CASH OR ACCOUNTS.**  
The question of cash or accounts is one that is debatable in the mind of the modern woman, particularly the city woman. Distances in a large city are so inexorable that the conveniences or small or telephone shopping is very tempting. It is possible nowadays, indeed, to take advantage of bargain counter attractions at long range. Many women, knowing their shops well, will unhesitatingly telephone for a marked down article on opening the morning paper to find it advertised, some shoppers holding an account at different stores for no other purpose. Sometimes, indeed, these purchases can be sent C. O. D., but often they cannot.

In the matter of exchanges, too, the charge customer has an advantage in the ease and celerity with which she can manage these transactions. Against, however, this saving of time and strength and of opportunity must be set the objection, obviously important, of a temptation to extravagance, says Harper's Bazar. When an article is to be charged it seems much easier to make the purchase. One of the phrases common among women hesitating at this point: "It will only need a little larger check, and a few dollars one way or the other will make no difference," and it rarely fails to tip the scale in favor of the purchase, yet it is just here that the danger of an account lies in the establishment of moderate means, and the woman who finds herself slipping along this, easy, dangerous road can find safety only in stern repression, or to permit the account to lapse. An every day balancing of accounts is a wonderful safeguard for a housekeeper, and seldom occurs with the woman who charges things.

spiritual to be conquered, and this needs all the strength, and all the time, and all the powers of the individual. "Progress is the realization of Utopias." "You have built your castle in the air," said Thoreau; "now put your foundations under it." No dream can be too fair for realization, and life is a period in which to realize these highest individual possibilities.

### DE SOIE BATHING SUIT.



Made with bolero tucked-over blouse of white peau de soie. Collar and bands of white duck, with bands of dark blue duck.

### NEED A MORE SIMPLE LIFE.

In writing of the boasted progress of the last century. "An American mother" asks in the Ladies' Home Journal for June, "What has the 19th century done to the woman herself? Are her school training, her college and her work in art and literature making her a more womanly woman, more fit to be a wife and mother? If not, they are losses to her, not gains. The chief change which the last century made in the American woman was that it tempted her to give up for the new occupations of art, reform and money making, her own real work as a homemaker, wife and mother. The 19th century has dragged our women from their natural base. It has given them noble surroundings for their lives; literature, art, social power. But they are not content. They are nervous and restless beyond any former race of women. The food given them is too light. They look out on the world with starved eyes. The wiser among them are finding out that what they want is not show and public work and applause, but a simple life, repose and the homely affections of home."

### MODISH HAIR COLORING.

Fashionable hair in Paris now is dark mahogany shade. It is said to be far more beautiful than anything hitherto accomplished in the way of changes from the natural hue, says the New York Press. Nor is the process of transformation so difficult as was the yellowing of hair. Probably because the mahogany hue now in vogue so much more nearly resembles the natural dark coloring of at least the Frenchwoman's hair, the little irregularities in the working of the chemicals are not noticed.

### THREE STYLISH SUMMER DRESSES.



1. Green and white figured muslin, trimmed with white lace and black velvet ribbon; closed at the left side of the front.  
2. Gray linen, with gored skirt and beaded blouse. The band about the neck, the cuffs and the belt are of white linen, with French knots done in yellow. The narrow braid which

covers the seams of the skirt and finishes the waist is also yellow. Hat of white straw, with yellow flowers and black velvet at the back.  
3. White pique, with appliqued bands of black batiste and all outside stitching in black. Hat of white straw with white plumes and black velvet.

### OUR COOKING SCHOOL.

**Raspberry Vinaigrette.**  
Make this by the recipe for raspberry vinaigrette, only putting in five and a half pounds of sugar to every three pints of the juice and water mixed.

**Cherry Brandy.**  
Boil together a cup of sugar and a cup of water, and when the syrup has become thick remove it from the fire and beat until it is cool. Now heat in a double boiler a cup of half cream, a cup of cherries, a cup of blanched

and chopped almonds, a tablespoonful of sherry and a tablespoonful of vanilla; turn all into a freezer and freeze.

**Rose Wine.**  
Steep the rose leaves in hot water as you would tea leaves. Strain while hot, sweeten to taste and put over the fire just long enough to melt the sugar. Add a cup of brandy to each gallon of liquid. Bottle, cork and seal.

Deep collars of Irish or guipure lace appear on many of the smart models.

## TALMAGE'S SERMON.

### FINANCIAL PANICS THE SUBJECT LAST SUNDAY.

From the Seventeenth Chapter of Jeremiah, Verse 11—The Refinements of Life and Unnecessary Expenses of the Home and Family—Live Economically.

Copyright, 1901, Louis Klopsch, N. Y. Washington, July 14.—In this discourse Dr. Talmage shows the causes of great financial disturbances which take place every few years and arraigns the people who live beyond their means; text, Jeremiah xvii, 11, "As the partridge sitteth on eggs and hatcheth them not, so he that getteth riches, and not by right, shall leave them in the midst of his days and at his end shall be a fool."

Allusion is here made to a well known fact in natural history. If a partridge or a quail or a robin brood the eggs of another species, the young will not stay with the one that happened to brood them, but at the first opportunity will assort with their own species. Those of us who have been brought up in the country have seen the dismay of the farmyard hen, having brooded aquatic fowls, when after while they tumble into their natural element, the water. So my text suggests that a man may gather under his wings the property of others, but it will after while escape. It will leave the man in a sorry predicament and make him feel very silly.

**Extravagance Causes Ruin.**  
What has caused all the black days of financial disasters for the last 60 years? Some say it is the credit system. Something back of that. Some say it is the spirit of gambling ever and anon becoming epidemic. Something back of that. Some say it is the sudden shrinkage in the value of securities, which even the most honest and intelligent men could not have foreseen. Something back of that. I will give you the primal cause of all these disturbances. It is the extravagance of modern society which impels a man to spend more money than he can honestly make, and he goes into wild speculation in order to get the means for inordinate display, and sometimes the man is to blame and sometime his wife and oftener both. Five thousand dollars income, \$10,000, \$20,000 income, is not enough for a man to keep up the style of living he proposes, and therefore he steers his bark toward the maelstrom. Other men have suddenly snatched up \$50,000 or \$100,000. Why not he? The present income of the man not being large enough, he must move earth and hell to catch up with his neighbors. Others have a country seat; so must he. Others have an extravagant estate; so must he. Others have a palatial residence; so must he.

Extravagance is the cause of all the defalcations of the last 60 years, and if you will go through the history of all the great panics and the great financial disturbances, no sooner have you found the story than right back of it you will find the story of how many horses the man had, how many carriages the man had, how many residences in the country the man had, how many banquets the man gave—always, and not one exception for the last 60 years, either directly or indirectly extravagance the cause.

### The Refinements of Life.

Now for the elegances and the refinements and the decorations of life. I cast my vote. While I am considering this subject a basket of flowers is handed in—flowers paradisaical in their beauty. White calla with a green background of begonia. A cluster of heliotropes nestling in some geranium. Sopal and perianth bearing on them the marks of God's finger. When I see that basket of flowers, they persuade me that God loves beauty and adornment and decoration. God might have made the earth so as to supply the gross demands of sense, but left it without adornment or attraction. Instead of the variegated colors of the seasons the earth might have worn an unchanging dull brown. The tree might have put forth its fruit without the prophecy of leaf or blossom. Niagara might have come down in gradual descent without thunder and winged spray.

Look out of your window any morning after there has been a dew and see whether God loves jewels. Put a crystal of snow under a microscope and see what God thinks of architecture. God commanded the priest of olden time to have his robe adorned with a wreath of gold and the hem of his garment to be embroidered in pomegranates. The earth sleeps, and God blankets it with the brilliant of the night sky. The world wakes, and God washes it from the burnished laver of the sunrise. So I have not much patience with a man who talks as though decoration and adornment and the elegances of life are a sin when they are divinely recommended. But there is a line to be drawn between adornment and decorations that we can afford and those we cannot afford, and when a man crosses the line he becomes culpable. I cannot tell you what is extravagant for you. You cannot tell me what is extravagant for me. What is right for a queen may be squandering for a duchess. What may be economical for you, a man with larger income, will be wicked waste for me, with smaller income. There is no iron rule on this subject. Every man before God and on his knees must judge what is extravagance, and when a man goes into expenditures beyond his means he is extravagant.

### Meeting One's Obligations.

Of course sometimes men are stung of misfortunes and they cannot pay. I know men who are just as honest in having failed as other men are honest in succeeding. I suppose there is hardly a man who has gone through life but

there have been some times when he has been so hurt of misfortune he could not meet his obligations, but all that I put aside. There are a multitude of people who buy that which they never intend to pay for, for which there is no reasonable expectation they will ever be able to pay. Now, if you have become oblivious of honesty and mean to defraud, why not save the merchant as much as you can? Why not go some day to his store and when nobody is looking just shoulder a ham or the spare rib and in modest silence steal away? That would be less criminal, because in the other way you take not only the man's goods, but you take the time of the merchant and the time of his accountant, and you take the time of the messenger who brought you the goods. Now, if you must steal, steal in a way to do as little damage to the trader as possible.

John Randolph arose in the American senate when a question of national finance was being discussed, and, stretching himself to his full height, in a shrill voice he cried out, "Mr. Chairman, I have discovered the philosopher's stone, which turns everything into gold—pay as you go!" Society has got to be reconstructed on this subject or the seasons of defalcation will continue to repeat themselves. You have no right to ride in a carriage for which you are hopelessly in debt to the wheelwright who furnished the landau, and to the horse dealer who provided the blooded span, and to the harness maker who caparisoned the gay steeds, and to the liveryman who has provided the stabling, and to the driver, who, with rosetted hat, sits on the coach box.

Oh, I am so glad it is not the absolute necessities of life which send people out into dishonesties and fling them into misfortunes. It is almost always the superfluities. God has promised us a house, but not a palace; raiment, but not chinchilla; food, but not canvasback duck. I am yet to see one of these great defalcations which is not connected in some way with extravagance.

Extravagance accounts for the disturbances of national finances. Aggregations are made up of units, and when one-half of the people of this country owe the other half how can we expect financial prosperity? Again and again at the national election we have had a spasm of virtue, and we said, "Out with one administration and in with another and let us have a new deal of things and then we will get over our perturbation." I do not care who is president or who is secretary of the treasury or how much breadstuffs go out of the country or how much gold is imported until we learn to pay our debts and it becomes a general theory in this country that men must buy no more than they can pay for. Until that time comes there will be no permanent prosperity. Look at the pernicious extravagance. Take the one fact that New York every year pays \$3,000,000 for theatrical amusements. While once in a while a Henry Irving or an Edwin Booth or a Joseph Jefferson thrills a great audience with tragedy, you know as well as I do that the vast majority of the theaters are as debased as debased they can be, as unclean as unclean they can be, and as damnable as damnable they can be. Three million dollars, the vast majority of those dollars going in the wrong direction.

### Harmful and Unnecessary Expenses.

Over a hundred millions paid in this country for cigars and tobacco a year. About \$6,000,000,000 paid for strong drink in one year in this country. With such extravagance, pernicious extravagance, can there be any permanent prosperity? Business men, cool headed business men, is such a thing a possibility? These extravagances, also account, as I have already hinted, for the positive crimes, the forgeries, the abscondings of the officers of the banks. The stores on the business street swamped by the residence on the fashionable avenue. The father's, the husband's craft capsize by carrying too much domestic sail. That is what springs the leak in the merchant's money till. That is what cracks the pistons of the suicides. That is what tears down the banks. That is what stops insurance companies. That is what halts this nation again and again in its triumphal march of prosperity. In the presence of the American people so far as I can get their attention I want to arraign this monster curse of extravagance, and I want you to pelt it with your scorn and hurl at it your anathemas.

How many fortunes every year wrecked on the wardrobe. Things have got to such a pass that when we cry over our sins in church we wipe the tears away with a \$150 pocket handkerchief! I show you a domestic tragedy in five acts:

Act the first—A home, plain and beautiful. Enter newly married pair. Enter contentment. Enter as much happiness as ever gets in one home.  
Act the second—Enter discontent. Enter desire for larger expenditure. Enter envy. Enter jealousy.  
Act the third—Enter the queenly dress-makers. Enter the French milliners. Enter all costly plate and all great extravagances.

Act the fourth—Tiptop of society. Princes and princesses of upper tandem floating in and out. Everything on a large and magnificent scale. Enter contempt for other people.  
Act the fifth and last. Enter the assignees. Enter the sheriff. Enter the creditors. Enter humiliation. Enter the wrath of God. Enter the contempt of society. Enter ruin and death. Now drop the curtain. The play is ended and the lights are out.

I called it a tragedy. That is a misnomer. It is a farce.

Providing for One's Own. I know it cuts close. I did not know but some of you in high dignities

would get up and go out. You stand it well! Some of you make a great splash in life, and after awhile you will die, and ministers will be sent for to come and stand by your coffin and lie about your excellences. But they will not come. If you send for me, I will tell you what my text will be: "He that provideth not for his own, and especially for those of his own household, is worse than an infidel." And yet we find Christian men, men of large means, who sometimes talk eloquently about the Christian church, and about civilization, expending everything on themselves and nothing on the cause of God, and they crack the back of their Palais Royal glove in trying to hide the one cent they put into the Lord's treasury. What an apportionment! Twenty thousand dollars for ourselves and one cent for God. Ah, my friends, this extravagance accounts for a great deal of what the cause of God suffers.

And the desecration goes on, even to the funeral day. You know very well that there are men who die solvent, but the expenses are so great before they get underground they are insolvent. There are families that go into penury in wicked response to the demands of this day. They put in casket and tombstone that which they ought to put in bread.

### God's Cause Impoverished.

And then look how the cause of God is impoverished. Men give so much sometimes for their indulgences they have nothing for the cause of God and religion. Twenty-two million dollars expended in this country a year for religious purposes! But what are the twenty-two millions expended for religion compared with the hundred millions expended on cigars and tobacco and then two thousand millions of dollars spent for rum? So a man who had a fortune of \$750,000 or what amounted to that, in London spent it all in indulgences, chiefly in gluttonies, and sent hither and yon for all the delicacies and often had a meal that would cost \$100 or \$200 for himself. Then he was reduced to a guinea, with which he bought a rare bird, had it cooked in best style, ate it, took two hours for digestion, walked out on Westminster bridge and jumped into the Thames—on a large scale what men are doing on a small scale.

Oh, my friends, let us take our stand against the extravagances of society. Do not pay for things that are frivolous when you may lack the necessities. Do not put one month's wages or salary into a trinket, just one trinket. Keep your credit good by seldom asking for any. Pay! Do not starve a whole year to afford one Belshazzar's carnival. Do not buy a coat of many colors and then in six months be out at the elbows. Flourish not, as some people I have known, who took apartments at a fashionable hotel, and had elegant drawing rooms attached and then vanished in the night, not even leaving their compliments for the landlord. I tell you, my friends, in the day of God's judgment we will not only have to give an account for the way we made our money, but for the way we spent it. We have got to leave all the things that surround us now.

Alas, if any of you in the dying hour, felt like the dying actress who asked that the casket of jewels be brought to her and then turned them over with her pale hand and said, "Alas, that I have to leave you so soon!" Better far that hour have one treasure of heaven than the bridal trousseau of a Marie Antoinette or to have been seated with Calligula at a banquet which cost thousands of dollars or to have been carried to our last resting place with senators and princes as pallbearers. They that consecrate their wealth, their time, their all, to God shall be held in everlasting remembrance, while I have the authority of this book for announcing that the name of the wicked shall rot.

### SOUP AND STOCKS.

Omens Which Gave Warning to a Heavy Speculator.

A New Yorker in London during the recent time of excitement on the stock exchange attributes his fortunate issue from a series of heavy speculations to an incident that was connected with nothing more occult and supernatural than a plate of soup. He was at dinner when the recent crisis was at its height. The soup was vermicelli, with the customary letters floating in it. In the conversation the New Yorker was contending against the general argument that the existing high prices were not likely to decline but rested on a business basis which made it certain they would be maintained. He was lifting the spoon to his lips after a very spirited utterance on the subject, when he saw that the four letters in his spoon spelt the word "Sell." He is not a superstitious man, but the incident set him thinking. He swallowed the omen without mentioning it. He continued to eat, and the party confined its talk chiefly to the condition of the stock market in this city. When he dipped his spoon in the soup for the last mouthful, the New York operator saw that only six of the four letters remained in the plate, but they spelt the word "Unload." This coincidence was too much even for the doubting stock broker, who excused himself from the table and went to the cable office of the hotel. He sent word to his broker to close out all his railroad holdings, and the difference in time brought the message here for the opening of the market on the day of the panic. His broker followed his directions, and he came out a heavy winner. It is not surprising that his favorite soup is now vermicelli, especially when he is operating heavily in stocks.—New York Sun.

### BOUGHT FOR \$200,000.

Interesting History of Senator Clark's Great Copper Mine.

Like all rich mines, the United Verde, the greatest copper mine in the world and which is owned by Senator W. A. Clark of Montana, has an interesting history. Clark bought the mine, which now earns \$12,000,000 a year profits, from two women for \$200,000. This was the way it came about. Two ranchers in the Verde valley located the property. They sold out for \$10,000 to William Murray and former Gov. Trittie of Arizona. One of the ranchers promptly proceeded to drink himself into delirium tremens with his share of the money. Murray and Trittie induced two New York women of independent fortune to back them to the extent of \$200,000 in the development of the mine. This money was nearly all spent and the prospects were blue when the miners struck a pocket of silver ore that paid \$80,000. Murray died and Trittie failed to get any more profit out of the mine. It was abandoned for several years. Clark with his foreman came down from Montana looking for mining property. They saw the Verde, liked it, went to New York, found the women only too glad to sell their stock for its face value and got possession. Clark proceeded to develop the mine scientifically and soon found that he was "right on the ore chute," as miners say. Then he built a hundred-ton smelter and set about taking out the ore that has made him the copper king of the world. There are about 3,000 shares of stock in the mining company and Senator Clark owns them all.

### Wonderful Case in Indiana.

Buck Creek, Ind., July 15th.—Mrs. Elizabeth Rorick of this place had Rheumatism. She says: "All the doctors told me they could do nothing for me." She was very, very bad, and the pain was so great she could not sleep at night.

She used Dodd's Kidney Pills, and she is well and entirely free from pain or any symptom of the Rheumatism. "Are you still using Dodd's Kidney Pills?" was asked. "No, I stopped the use of the Pills some time ago, and have not had the slightest return of my old trouble. I am sure I am completely and permanently cured."

Many in Tippecanoe County who have heard of Mrs. Rorick's case and her cure by Dodd's Kidney Pills, are using the Pills, and all report wonderful results.

### Kangaroo Tendons Valuable.

A movement has been started in France which has for its preservation, or rather the cultivation of the kangaroo, which has been rapidly proceeding toward extermination. Dr. Brisson, a French surgeon, says that there is likely soon to be an exceptional demand for the animals in consequence of the success attending the use of the kangaroo tendon in the hospitals. It has been employed in scores of instances to tie up the fractured bones of a man's leg in order that he may use his knees while the bones are knitting together.

### Ladies Can Wear Shoes.

One size smaller after using Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It makes tight or new shoes easy. Cures swollen, hot, sweating, aching feet, ingrowing nails, corns and bunions. All druggists and shoe stores. 25c. Trial package FREE by mail. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

### Carnegie Invites Johnston.

John Johnston is in receipt of a personal letter from Andrew Carnegie, in which the multi-millionaire invites the Milwaukee Scotchman to visit him in Scotland. Mr. Carnegie writes that he will give Mr. Johnston a "genuine Highland welcome."—Milwaukee Wisconsin.

### Laundering This Dress.

To launder the exquisite creations of muslin and lace in which this season abounds has become quite a problem, yet the most delicate materials will not be injured if washed with Ivory Soap and then dried in the shade. But little starch need be used. ELIZA R. PARKER.

### Lemonade Poisons Hundreds.

Several hundred persons were poisoned at Ada, I. T., by drinking lemonade. Three children are reported dead and many seriously ill.

No family, shop, ship, camp or person should be without Wizard Oil for every painful accident or emergency.

Even if he has nothing, every man likes to say he has made his own way in the world. The man who admits he doesn't know it all is wiser than the one who thinks he does.

### Hall's Catarrh Cure.

Is taken internally. Price, 75c. When a man dispartes, he feels badly three times longer than he has a good time.

### Turn the Rascals Out

We are speaking of the grip microbes. The well and strong can resist their poison, the sickly and weak are their prey. Baxter's Mandrake Bitters are nature's remedy for expelling all poisons from the system. At druggists, in liquid or tablets at 25 cents per bottle or box.

If afflicted with Thompson's Eye Water.

**CURE FITS**  
FREE  
A Remedy of True Worth of the U. S. Public Health and all Nervous Diseases. Address: Dr. F. J. W. 222 W. 23rd St., New York, N. Y.

When answering Advt. please mention this page.

**THE GREAT REMEDY**  
For all kinds of Coughs, Croup, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Asthma, Hay Fever, and all other Affections of the Throat and Lungs. Price 25c. per bottle.







### A LEGAL EMERGENCY

Which Was Met as Became a Thoroughbred Lawyer.

A story is told of an old attorney in Southern Illinois during the war times, who, when all the young lawyers were at the front, was engaged one day by an old planter to draw some affidavits of loyalty by which to obtain the release of cotton that had been seized by confiscation. The old attorney drew the affidavits, and the planter succeeded in getting his cotton, whereupon, with great satisfaction, he told the attorney to meet him on the levee the next morning at 9 o'clock and he would pay him. The attorney, who was sadly in need of funds, lay awake all night trying to decide what charge he should make, and wondering if \$50 would be too much, and if possibly \$100 would be willingly paid by the old planter, who had succeeded in getting very valuable cotton by his aid. With feverish head and parched lips the old man went down to the levee at the appointed time and met the planter, not yet able to decide what charge he should make. Without asking him for his bill the old planter said, "Sit down, sah," and, as he took out a huge roll of bills, "Now, sah, I'll just count out what I think, sah, would be a fair amount, sah, and then, sah, I'll see what you have to say about it sah." Then, picking of a \$500 bill from the roll, the planter laid it on his knee, and added another, and another, and another, until there were five of them, and, looking up, said, "Now, sah, that is about what I thought was right, sah, and what have you to say about it, sah?" The old attorney, bursting with suppressed emotion as he saw the bills laid out, nevertheless struggled to be equal to the occasion. He strove to speak, but did so with difficulty. At last his lips parted and he said with dignity, "Well, I think perhaps you had better make it another five."—Case and Comment.

### FINES MAY REACH MILLION.

Successful Raid Made on Keepers of Game Birds.

John E. Overton, a state game protector discovered 2,100 game birds in the Arctic Freezing Warehouse in New York. The possession of game birds at this season by any one in the state of New York, or the killing of such birds, is a misdemeanor subject to fine. The fine is \$60 for the first offense and \$25 for each bird. As there were over 2,100 birds found, the company may be called upon to pay a fine of \$52,500. Mr. Overton only searched two rooms. There are forty-seven more rooms which may contain more game birds. It is thought that all told there are nearly 100,000 birds in the house. This would make the warehouse people liable to fines amounting to \$2,500,000 if the letter of the law could be enforced. The raid, according to Mr. Overton, is the largest ever made in New York, and was most successful, owing to the fact that it reveals where this vast amount of unlawful game is being sent from. Most of it comes from the far West. The authorities at the freezing plant assert that the birds are not their property, but are sent there in cases and barrels to be stored. They say also that they have no knowledge of just what is in the place, but the law holds that any one having game out of season in his possession will be held responsible and subject to the fine. They said they did not know where the game came from or where it went, as they were in the cold-storage business not dealers in game or poultry.—Exchange.

### Warm Weather Diet.

"It is astounding," said a physician to the writer, "how little thought the people give to their food in relation to various seasons of the year. I would entreat every housekeeper not to buy a morsel of pork, ham or sausage from June till October. Reserve even beef, lamb and veal for the coolest days of summer, and in long, hot spells let meat alone entirely. Nature provides for these burning days with vegetables and fruit, tender chicken and fine, firm, white-fleshed fish. If you have left-over foods to be utilized, convert them into chilled, appetizing salads instead of ragouts. If soups are a necessity, let them be thin consommé or chicken soup, not purées or bisques. I would prohibit pie and rich cake, and let fruit, less, delicate jellies or milk puddings take their place. I'd also put a veto on hot breads. If people could turn an X-ray on the poor, overworked stomachs I'm called to care for all summer long and see the mischief done by overeating and eating things that have no business to be cooked in hot weather, they would realize I am speaking earnest truth."—Good Housekeeping.

### Uses Sting Horse To Death.

The other day, as Frank O'Neil, an employe of Miller & Lux, was driving a team hitched to a derrick wagon, near Los Banos, Mexico, his horses were attacked by bees and stung to death, while he had a narrow escape with his own life. The bees find their best feed on Miller's immense alfalfa fields, and are swarming around so thick that it is often unsafe for teams to pass them. As soon as they were attacked the animals jumped sideways and broke the wagon tongue, and the driver at once cut the team loose. One animal jumped a fence into a place where the bees were, and was stung to death in a few minutes, while the other ran for the plow camp, where it died a few hours later. O'Neil was literally covered with bee stings, but fortunately they did not seem to poison him as badly as they do some people, and he was recovered. The team was one of the largest and most valuable on the Miller & Lux ranch.

### DEPTH OF A RAINFALL.

The Ingenious Method by Which It Is Accurately Measured.

Probably one question that has puzzled the lay mind is how the depth of a rainfall may be accurately determined. The way it is done is this: A funnel whose larger aperture represents a surface of 10 square inches is placed in a position where it may catch the direct fall of the rain, with the rim of the funnel extending perhaps an inch or more beyond the platform to which it may be fixed. This is for the purpose of preventing any rain from being wasted into the funnel and increasing the true fall. From this funnel the water runs to a tube, which bears an exact and carefully determined ratio to the area of the funnel's mouth, say one-tenth. If, therefore, the tube shows water to the depth of an inch, it is clear that one-tenth of an inch of rain has fallen. The tube is provided with a carefully graduated scale, so that the fall may be readily seen. Three inches of rain would show a depth of thirty inches in a tube one-tenth the size of the receiving aperture, and the decimals of an inch could be quickly noted by observing the scale. If placed on the roof of a building, the apparatus should be kept away from the edges, to prevent any peculiar slant of the wind carrying into the funnel a larger proportion of rain than would fall into it under normal conditions. The larger the aperture of the receiving funnel is made, the more accurate will be the results obtained. A curious fact that has been noted in connection with rainfalls is that gauges placed on roofs usually gather less water than those placed on the ground. This is accounted for on the theory that the rain in falling absorbs some of the moisture of the air and the greater distance it falls the larger will be the bulk of the individual drops.—New York World.

### GOVERNMENT CLERKS.

Thrift Among Them Increases Under Civil Service Rules.

One of the most satisfactory results of the establishment of the civil service law and regulations here, according to an old officer of the government, has been the increasing unpopularity of the borrowing habit among clerks, writes the Washington correspondent of the New York Times. The uncertainty of tenure of office under the spoils system tended to carelessness in the use of money, and carelessness brought on the necessity for anticipating pay by borrowing, sometimes from persons of small capital who demanded extortionate interest for their loans. Since efficiency has come to be the condition of retention in office and not political influence, thrift has increased, and hundreds of clerks who were once in the habit of borrowing from month to month are now saving money to pay for homes purchased on the instalment plan, and in such instalments that many years are given in which to clear off the incumbrance acquired with the property. The department money lender as he used to be has almost disappeared, and it is asserted that there are no longer ex-members of congress here who derive more money as interest than they obtained in a year as members of the house. This class of lender was the most dreaded and respected, for when he operated he learned to exercise his political influence in a cruel and wanton manner in case his exorbitant interest was not paid on time.

### A Leader's Triumph.

Liszt was the first pianist who played whole programmes by heart. Weber seems to have been the first conductor who was able to get along without a score. An accident proved this. At Dresden, one evening, Mozart's "Magic Flute" was to be given, conducted by Weber. The moment to commence was drawing near, when it was observed that the score of the opera had not been placed on the director's desk. Great consternation was among the musicians. The court was expected to arrive at any moment, and the orchestra well knew that Frederick August would be enraged did their instruments not burst into harmony as soon as he appeared. The anxiety extended to the audience; Caroline, the wife of Weber, looked at the empty desk before her husband with agitation. Weber saw the danger, but he smiled, and, without losing a single moment, he searched for the score; but the court entered at about the same instant. Weber glanced at his trembling wife to reassure her, grasped his baton, gave the signal to begin, and conducted the entire first act of the opera from memory, without a note of the music; with his usual vigor and ability, even amusing the orchestra by pretending to turn the pages at the proper moment. The affair soon became noised about, and reached the ears of the royal family, who personally overwhelmed Weber with compliments.

### The Business Side of Yachting.

Many private yachts are built as auxiliary business institutions. The owners use them for the entertainment of their business friends, and they find that a business deal can be made to better advantage in a luxuriously furnished cabin, or on a deck arranged for the comfort of the visitors than in an uninviting office. But the majority of the steam yachts owned by Americans are maintained, at great cost, for the pleasure which may be derived from their use. While some of the vessels make long cruises, others are kept near home, but always ready at short notice to carry the yachtsman and his friends to foreign ports, and there is rarely an important meeting of yachts in European waters where the United States is not well represented.

### "MEALIE MONDAY."

University Holiday for Poor Students in Sapiensish Larder.

A characteristic feature of the Scottish university which is worthy of special mention is that it has always afforded an opportunity to poor students of obtaining an education. There has always existed in the universities a fine spirit which has regarded with honor the struggles of students who are endeavoring to support themselves. And these students have so prized an education as to lead lives of strenuous self-denial, with their eyes determinedly set upon the far-off goal. Many students from their Highland homes have appeared at the beginning of the academic year with a bag of oatmeal and a barrel of potatoes, representing the sole store of life and energy for months to come. So common was this practice that a holiday in the mid-year was appointed, known as "Mealie Monday," in order to give the students an opportunity of returning home to replenish their larder. This day is still observed as a holiday. In his reminiscences of Edinburg Robert Chambers tells the story of his early experiences at the university—how a friend, his brother and himself had lived together, and each had brought to the common store a bag of oatmeal. The three bags hung from one of the rafters of their room, and the landlady would scrupulously take a handful of the meal from each bag, in order to mix the morning porridge, according to a strictly equitable principle of distribution. It must be remembered also that, in many cases, untold sacrifices must be borne in the homes whence the sons set forth to secure an education, in order that they may live in a university town at all, even in the simplest possible manner. It is by no means an isolated case, that story of the father who had but three cows, and one of them he sold in order to send his son to St. Andrew's.—Scribner's Magazine.

### FOUR BEARS AT A SHOT.

The Phenomenal Good Fortune of a Nimrod in Maine.

About seven years ago Mr. Withee was presented with two fine hounds, and, wishing to try their training and their grit, he took them out to do a little bear hunting. The first morning Withee let the dogs out for a run while he was getting breakfast, expecting them to be back in a short time. When breakfast was over the dogs had not returned, so, taking his gun, Mr. Withee started out in the direction they had taken. After travelling about a mile the faint barking of dogs could be heard, and it was then plain why the dogs had not returned. They had scented game and were in pursuit. The sound of the barking led him far up the side of a mountain, and soon he came in sight of the dogs standing around the upturned roots of a tree. Mr. Withee crept up cautiously until within about fifteen feet of a cave that was near by, and then a black shaggy head could be seen just above the roots. Taking good aim he fired his 44 caliber and awaited results. After several minutes he went up to the cave and what he saw there gave him a shock from which he has never recovered. Two bears lay dead and two more were so stunned that a few quick passes with a knife settled them. For the four bears Mr. Withee received \$20 bounty, \$27.50 for their hides, and \$42 for the bear oil; making \$89.50 for one day's hunt.—Boston Journal.

### Leprosy in United States.

According to scientific investigation, directed from Washington, which have been going on for several months, there are about 275 reported cases of leprosy in the United States. It is thought probable that the real number may be nearer 1,000. For various reasons physicians who have cases of this disease, in many instances either fail or refuse to report them. But the number reported is sufficiently large to occasion some alarm. Seventy-four of the known cases are in New Orleans, chiefly among the Italian population. There are 23 in Minnesota, mostly among Scandinavians in the rural settlements. There are 15 cases in North Dakota and two in South Dakota, among the same people. Chicago has five cases and New York six. It is noteworthy that nearly all of the 275 reported victims are foreigners. The Scandinavians seems peculiarly susceptible to the disease. They either had it when they landed in America, or contracted it shortly after landing. Every one of the cases in the Dakotas and Minnesota is located in the country, in localities rather remote even from small towns. The disease seems to be spreading most rapidly in Louisiana, and for several years there has been agitation there in favor of efficient supervision and control of all leprosy patients, either by the state or by the government.

### Pretty Poem, Egly Tablet.

By order of the city council of Cambridge, Mass., an ugly stone tablet had been placed on the sidewalk of Brattle street, near Story street, old Cambridge, with an inscription on its face in black letters, reading: "Near this spot stood the spreading chestnut tree and the smithy referred to in Longfellow's poem, 'The Village Blacksmith.'" The tree was cut down some years ago, against the protest of Longfellow and many others, because it was an obstruction to travel. Originally it was on private property, but the street was widened and the tree was thus with others brought into the public thoroughfare. In 1879, three years after its fall, the school children of Cambridge presented to the poet on his birthday a chair made of wood from the tree. On the same day Longfellow wrote a postcard reply to the children, "From My Armchair."

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Probate Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, county of Wayne, ss. At a session of the Probate court for said county of Wayne, held at the Probate office, in the city of Detroit, on the eighth day of June, in the year one thousand nine hundred and one. Present, Edgar O. Durfee, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Edwin Corwin, deceased. Harriet B. Corwin, executrix of the last will and testament of said deceased, having rendered to this court her final administration account and filed therewith her petition praying that the residue of said estate may be assigned in accordance with the provisions of said last will.


It is ordered, That the twentieth day of August next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said Probate office, be appointed for examining and allowing said account and hearing said petition.



And it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing, in the Plymouth Mail, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county of Wayne.

EDGAR O. DURFEE, Judge of Probate. ALBERT W. FLINT, Deputy Register.

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