

# THE PLYMOUTH MAIL.

VOLUME XIV, NO 36.

PLYMOUTH, MICH., FRIDAY, MAY 17, 1901.

WHOLE NO. 714.

New line of Bedroom Suites just in, from \$11.50 up.

Fine line of new Couches, just come. Prices very low.

We have also added to our stock a line of Refrigerators, will save you money.

The finest line of Hammocks ever shown in town. Prices very low, Call and see them before you purchase.

Don't forget the Wall Paper that is going at cost. We have the most complete stock ever shown in this town and is being sold at very Low Prices.

We make a Specialty on Picture Frames and Room Mouldings.

## BASSETT & SON,

The Reliable Furniture Dealers and Funeral Directors,  
Masonic Block, Plymouth

## MILLINERY.

New Hats for Summer Wear

Sailors, Up-to-date, just arrived

Fancy Hat Pins, Stick-pins, &c.

Unexcelled Glove Cleaner.

at

## MAUD VROOMAN'S

Main St., Plymouth.

## LOW PRICES

STILL PREVAIL HERE

Water White Oil, 8c per gallon.  
We have no Low Grade Oil.

4 cans good Corn for	25c
Gasoline, per gallon	11c
XXX Coffee	18c
Lion Coffee	18c
Arbuckle Coffee	14c
Granulated Sugar, 16 lbs for	1 00
Flour, per sack, best	50c
8 bars Santa Claus Soap for	25c
8 bars Queen Ann Soap, cash, for	25c
3 cans Choice Sweet Corn	25c
3 cans Choice Tomatoes	25c
Best Early June Peas, per can	10c
Best Corn Syrup, per gal	25c
Pure ground Pepper, per pound	30c
Our Best Tea, per pound now	50c
Tea Dust, per pound	25c
Good Fine Cut Tobacco, per pound	30c
Sweet Cuba Tobacco, per pound	35c
Pure Cider Vinegar, per gallon	15c
Clear Back Pork, per pound	9c
Red Gross Plug Tobacco, per pound	30c
A new line of Prints	5c and 6c
Best Overalls, per pair	50c

Wall Paper

All LATEST PATTERNS for 1901, from 5c to 20 cents per double roll.

Will call daily for orders.  
Telephone No. 11.

A. J. LAPHAM,

NORTH VILLAGE.

## Breezy Items

By Live Correspondents.

### MURRAY'S CORNERS.

A feeling of sorrow pervaded this neighborhood Sunday morning when it was announced that the death of Mrs. Thomas Geer had occurred the night previous. She has been in poor health for the last two years and for the past week had suffered very much. She was a member of the Presbyterian church at Ypsilanti and took an active part in the Free Church Aid Society. She leaves a husband, two children and a very large circle of friends to mourn her loss. The funeral was held at home Tuesday afternoon, conducted by the Presbyterian minister of Ypsilanti. The flowers contributed by the society and friends were beautiful.

Miss Martha Walker will close her school May 24th by holding a picnic in the afternoon and a concert in the evening at her school.

Mrs. Archie Murray and daughter Edna, of San Raphael, Cal., are visiting at Hiram Murray's.

### NEWBURG.

The ladies' aid society held a pleasant meeting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Bennett last Friday. The next one will be at Mrs. Geo. Chilson's. The topic will be "The Handwriting on the Wall." The date, the second Friday in June.

Mr. and Mrs. Hart, of Detroit, are visiting their uncles, Ed. and Henry Bassett.

Mrs. Bassett, of near Ithaca, is visiting relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Rutter Sundayed with their parents.

The Hall association will give an ice cream social at the hall Friday evening.

Mrs. Tom Davey is recovering from her recent illness.

Nelson Barrows is building an addition to Mrs. Murray's house.

The few who braved the sharp wind last Sunday were much interested in Rev. W. G. Stephens' sermon.

If you are sick all over and don't know just what ails you, it's ten to one your kidneys are out of order. Foley's Kidney Cure will bring you health and energy. '93 Pharmacy.

### LIVONIA CENTER.

"The bowery! the bowery!" is all we hear now a-days. Wm. Krum and W. H. Smith are building a grand dance pavilion just east of the town hall and expect to give parties there every two weeks all summer. An ice cream parlor is also being built.

The little daughter of R. Z. Millard is quite sick.

Julius Wolgast, of Detroit, is spending a few days in these parts.

Ex-town Clerk Sammy Johnson left Thursday for Bart, Penn., for a six months' visit among relatives there. His niece, Mrs. Pitt Everett, went with him.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Garchow entertained a company of friends May 5th, during which time Mrs. Bostwick presented Mrs. Henry Fendt with a beautiful enlarged picture of her deceased husband. The day was Mrs. Fendt's 5th wedding anniversary and she was much affected by the gift. It was a complete surprise to her.

"I had a running sore on my breast for over a year," says Henry R. Richards of Wilkesville, N. Y., "and tried a great many remedies, but got no relief until I used Banner Salve. After using one-half box, I was perfectly cured. I cannot recommend it too highly." '93 Pharmacy.

### MEAD'S MILLS.

Herschel Barton, wife and brother, were visiting in Detroit the first of the week.

Mrs. Croker and two daughters visited at Carmi Benton's last Friday.

Frank and Oren Magraw took in the excursion to Detroit last Sunday.

Mrs. Edwin Whipple and son Austin were visitors at John Magraw's last Saturday.

Frank Taylor has been painting a house at Novi.

Don't be too sure how you are to get home when you go away on the street cars. We know of several who walked home last Saturday night.

### The Great Scourge

of modern times is consumption. Many cures and discoveries from time to time are published, but Foley's Honey and Tar does truthfully claim to cure all cases in the early stages and always affords comfort and relief in the very worst cases. '93 Pharmacy.

For Sale or Exchange—My farm near Phoenix Mill. Address H. W. Holcomb, 320 Warren-st. west, Detroit.

### PERRINSVILLE.

Miss Minnie Schunk, Edith Lyle and Lena Dethloff spent Monday evening, with W. Sherman and family.

Mrs. A. Lyle has been quite ill. Mrs. L. P. Hanchett, of Plymouth, is spending a few days with Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Hanchett.

The presiding elder, Rev. Shier, will occupy the pulpit Sunday, May 19th. The quarterly meeting will also be held. Mrs. Phoebe Kipp is on the sick list.

### TONQUISH.

There will be preaching at the Tonquish church, Sunday, May 19, at 10 a. m. and at 7:30 p. m., by Rev. Mr. Todd, of Detroit. He will also be assisted by a Mr. Montgomery, of Detroit, in the evening. We hope a full house will turn out to hear them, as they are reported to be very eloquent speakers.

G. H. Fish spent a part of last week with relatives in Plymouth and Northville.

Mrs. Julia Hanchett and Mrs. Maud Miller, both of Canton, spent Tuesday with their parents at this place.

Miss Martha Brandt, living east of here, is very sick, with but little hope of her recovering.

Mrs. John Lasslett, of Canton, spent Tuesday afternoon with her husband's parents living near here.

James King is giving his house a new coat of paint which is quite an improvement.

Clark Sackett met with quite a runaway Monday, his horse became unmanageable and smashing his buggy up quite badly. No one was hurt.

It is reported that Mrs. Ed. Newcomb is on the sick list.

Mrs. Arden Sackett is also on the sick list.

### Woman's Literary Club.

The 15th regular meeting of the Woman's Literary Club met with Mrs. Loomis, at the home of Mrs. Ella Chaffee, Friday afternoon, May 3. President in the chair. Minutes of previous meeting read and accepted, followed by critic's report. The reading of Hamlet occupied the first 30 minutes followed by roll call, 17 members responding with quotations from writers under consideration. The afternoon program was in charge of Mrs. Loomis, chairman of IV. division. Poetry—Brwning, Tennyson, critical estimates, Mrs. Perrin. The Essay—Influence of Carlyle and Coleridge, Ruskin and Turner. Miss Brisban. English and American Humorists, Mrs. Loomis.

On motion club adjourned to meet with Mrs. Ella Shattuck, May 17.—Sec.

### W. C. T. U.

The W. C. T. U. have arranged for a union temperance meeting in the Methodist church next Sabbath evening, to be addressed by Mrs. Annie Andrus, of Detroit. She is a pleasing speaker and it is hoped that she may have a large audience. A collection will be taken at the close of the meeting to aid in the temperance work.

Plymouth Union appointed last week as delegates for the State convention, Mrs. Carrie Markham and Mrs. M. A. Patterson as alternate.—Supt. Press.

as Mamie Smith, Middleboro, Ky., writes: "My little sister had the croup very bad. I gave her several doses of Foley's Honey and Tar and she was instantly relieved; it saved her life." '93 Pharmacy.

### Decoration Day Excursions via Ohio Central Lines.

On account of Decoration Day, Agents of the Ohio Central Lines will sell excursion tickets between all points on these lines, and to all points within 150 miles on connecting lines. Excursion tickets at one and one-third fare for the round trip will be on sale May 29th and 30th, good returning until May 31. For further particulars call on Agents of the Ohio Central Lines.

### Homeseekers' Excursions During May and June, via Ohio Central Lines.

On May 21st and June 4th and 18th, agents of the Ohio Central Lines will sell Homeseekers' Excursion tickets at greatly reduced rates to points in the West, Southwest and South. Tickets to be good for return limit of 21 days from date of sale. For further particulars as to reduced rates, routes, etc. call on agents of Ohio Central Lines, or address S. G. Harvey, Pass. Agent, Toledo, Ohio.

### The Indian and the Northwest.

A handsomely illustrated book just issued, bound in cloth and containing 115 pages of interesting historical data relating to the settlement of the great Northwest, with fine half-tone engravings of Black Hawk, Sitting Bull, Red Cloud and other noted chiefs; Custer's battleground and ten colored map plates showing location of the various tribes dating back to 1600. A careful review of the book impresses one that it is a valued contribution to the history of these early pioneers, and a copy should be in every library. Price, 50c. per copy. Mailed postage prepaid upon receipt of this amount by W. B. Kniskern, 22 Fifth ave., Chicago, Ill. 710 6t

YOU CAN GET WHAT YOU WANT AT THE

## Department Store!

Our Dry Goods Department is full of Goods in season. We have a fine line of

## SHIRT WAISTS

for both Ladies and Children, at all Prices.

We have the largest line of

## Ladies' Wrappers

in Plymouth. Prices run from 69c to \$1.50. Come and look them over.

New Prints, New Percales,  
New Embroideries, New Laces,  
New Dress Trimmings,  
New All-Over Laces

## In our Shoe Dep't

We ask your regular patronage, with full confidence in our ability to please you. We are in business for business and appreciate that our success depends entirely on the good quality of our Shoes.

## QUALITY STYLE PRICE

These three elements, properly adjusted, makes desirable Shoe Merchandise.

We are Sole Agents for the Famous Puritan Shoe

Also have all kinds and prices in other makes for Ladies', Gents and Children.

In our GROCERY Department we have clean, fresh goods, Fruits of all kinds and confectionery. Fresh Vegetables every day. We pay particular attention to telephone orders.

Free delivery to all parts of the city. Phone 13-2R.

## WE WISH TO INFORM OUR CUSTOMERS

that the Detroit Trading Stamp Co. have moved their store to 21 Wilcox Street, in University Building, which is more convenient and centrally located for patrons. They have the largest and most complete line of premiums ever yet shown by them. Don't forget the number.

21 WILCOX STREET

## J. R. RAUCH & SON

Dry Goods, Haberdasher,  
Boots, Shoes and Groceries.

## SPRING IS HERE

AND SCHILKE'S MEAT MARKET  
WILL BE OPEN

Sundays from 7:30-9:30

We Keep Everthing in the  
Meat Line.

FRED SCHILKE,

Proprietor



Christian Kincker, a Swiss guide in the Rocky mountains, has a record of 2,000 mountain ascents without an accident to himself or his party.

This Buffalo is the same sanguine little city that was bragging a few months ago that its fair should be ready when the opening day arrived.

It is too soon to tell whether the reduction in the size of the page which several metropolitan daily newspapers are making is merely an advertising experiment, or the beginning of an important permanent change.

Sweden and Norway both boast several homes for unmarried women. One of these was endowed more than 200 years ago by a man who left the bulk of his fortune to his spinster descendants.

In the new mint in Philadelphia the United States will have the finest, costliest, and most complete money-making establishment of its kind in the world.

A physician who has recently returned from Persia says that the natives still believe that human tears are a remedy for certain chronic diseases.

The Forestry Department of the St. Louis fair intends to have an exhibition that will be an object lesson to all who see it of the practical side of wood working in all its phases and branches.

Prince Alphonse, the nephew of the Prince Regent of Bavaria, is the man of the hour in Bavaria. He has received the "Blue Letter," which means he has been officially degraded.

The sumptuous chapel built to commemorate the many victims of the terrible fire which took place a few years ago at the Charity Bazaar in Paris is now finished, and is generally considered to be exceptionally artistic and appropriate.

While a crew of stone laborers were working an excavation through the Forman cliff, two miles east of Newport, R. I., for the bed of the Tennessee and North Carolina railroad, they found a human female skeleton 19 inches in height, in a perfect state of preservation.

Since the day when Jesus Christ came here to suffer poverty and painful death, lived a life of absolute devotion to the poor and to the weak.

2,999 DEATHS IN APRIL.

Notwithstanding the Large Number of Smallpox Cases

NOT ONE DEATH OCCURRED

During the Month—Pneumonia and Influenza Less Prevalent Than in March—Scarlet Fever and Typhoid Fever Also Showed a Slight Decrease.

Riot reigns for a time in the streets of Detroit on the night of the 10th, and a score of persons bore upon their bodies the following morning painful reminders of the mob's doings.

Later—Peace reigned on the Campus on the night of the 11th. In place of another and more serious riot, there was held a jubilation meeting on the above night.

Not a Death From Smallpox in April.

The monthly bulletin of vital statistics, issued by the secretary of state on the 13th, shows that notwithstanding the large number of cases of smallpox in Michigan not one death occurred during the month.

The U. S. weather crop bulletin issued by Director Schneider, of Lansing, on the 14th says that ample opportunity and very beneficial showers have occurred in nearly all counties of the state.

Every spring the people of Mulliken talk about having the village incorporated so as to be able to secure the advantages of fire protection, better sidewalks, higher taxes, etc.

The postoffice department has decided upon the abolishment of Huronia Beach post-office, and the establishment, instead of a temporary sub-station of the Post Huron office, to be open June 15 to September 15.

Cadillac is already preparing plans for a monster celebration this year on July 4 and 5.

Joseph Moran, of Jacksonville, another one of ex-Gov. Pingree's pardoned convicts was found guilty of criminal assault on the 9th.

MINOR MICHIGAN MATTERS.

A free rural mail delivery route was established at Corey.

A fine new grain elevator is in course of construction at Ver-nontville.

Manchester has a new institution where good things without end are manufactured. It is a pretzel factory.

The wool market opens in Tekonsha at 11 to 15 cents per pound.

A petition is being circulated by the farmers between Milan and Stony Creek and many are signing it, asking for a free rural mail delivery route.

The matter of holding a fair and race meeting the coming summer at Minden City is being agitated by the residents of that village and the vicinity.

It is expected that the work of widening the gauge of the Almont branch of the Pere Marquette railroad from narrow to standard will be done this month.

The coal dealers of Albion have formed a trust among themselves, to do away with all "trust" for their customers. Hereafter, they announce, all transactions will be on a spot cash basis.

A Big Rapids man who thought he knew a joke when he saw one proved to the contrary when he loaded a squirt gun with ice water and discharged it down the back of a friend's neck.

There is a crazy man at large at Howell. The officers have not yet found out who he is, but he proved his lunacy by breaking into one of the local newspaper offices the other night and ransacking the place for money.

Fruitport has been settled upon as the location for the power house of the Grand Rapids-Muskegon interurban electric railroad now in course of construction.

Lapeer is hustling after new industries, and has secured several, but there are no vacant houses in town to accommodate the workmen who will come with the new factories.

The installation of water meters at Houghton has resulted in a big saving of water. Since they were put in on the premises of every user of the city water the big reservoirs on the hill above the city overflow every night.

Miss Dora McDonald, aged 26, of Detroit, was pronounced dead on the morning of the 12th by the attending physician, after having lapsed into a state of suspended animation for the second time during her lifetime.

It is a good safe rule to keep out of other people's quarrels, and the rule will apply as well to the quarrels of dumb animals.

Every spring the people of Mulliken talk about having the village incorporated so as to be able to secure the advantages of fire protection, better sidewalks, higher taxes, etc.

But one lone prisoner in the county jail out of a population of 35,000. A stranger would probably conclude that Sanilac county could take the biscuit for straightforward, undeviating honesty, but the fact is, says the Lexington News, the only reason why our county jail isn't fairly bursting with a gang of unmitigated rascals, is because justice is being executed out of her dues.

The postoffice department has decided upon the abolishment of Huronia Beach post-office, and the establishment, instead of a temporary sub-station of the Post Huron office, to be open June 15 to September 15.

A Flint woman, who was afraid of burglars, placed \$33 in bills in an old cigar box for safe keeping over night.

Kalkaska and vicinity is threatened with an epidemic of diphtheria. One death has already occurred in a school district two miles out of town and two families in that district have several members sick with the disease.

Salmonkeepers have been frozen out of Leingsburg by the action of the village dads in raising the amount of bonds required from \$3,000 to \$6,000.

DOINGS OF THE LAST SESSION.

The following bills were passed by the house on the 14th: Appropriating \$40,000 for an additional state normal school; appropriating 5,000 acres of state tax lands in the township of Whitney, Arenac county, and in the township of Sherman, Le-coc county, for the purpose of clearing out the channel of the Au Gues river; providing that in cases before the state crossing boards the expenses and per diem compensation of the clerk shall be paid by the railroad applying for said crossing; providing for the registration of grange libraries; providing for the licensing and regulation of itinerant peddlers; to organize the township of Hansen; providing that teachers must deposit their certificates in the county where they teach; making it a misdemeanor for messenger boys to divulge information entrusted to them; providing for the acceptance and collection of bequests to the state of Michigan; exempting salt manufactured by the Williams & Alberger process from inspection; compelling township treasurers to have their stub tax receipts compared with those of the county treasurer; to prevent the employment of women or children on emery wheels or buffers, and placing such establishments under the control of the labor commissioner; amending act incorporating Ancient Order of United Workmen, so as to provide that dependents as well as blood relative can share in the beneficiary fund; amending law relative to fraternal beneficiary fund; amending law relative to fraternal beneficiary societies so as to define specifically that such organizations must have a lodge system and a representative form of government; senatorial re-apportionment bill; congressional re-apportionment bill; congressional re-apportionment bill.

The senate finally disposed of the garnishee bill on the 14th by passing it, 24 to 2. In committee of the whole Senator Cannon tried to have the \$4 exemption granted single persons stricken out, but this failed, and the bill was agreed to. When it came up on third reading Senator High rose to a question of personal privilege, and in a long statement exonerated Fred Cozzens, of Detroit, from having pocketed any money in connection with the measure last session.

The senate passed the following bills on the 14th: To amend the charter of Battle Creek; to amend Grand Rapids charter; to amend Bay City charter; to organize the union school district of Mitchell township, Alcona county; to defend the legal qualifications for kindergarten, music and drawing teachers; to enable the faculty of the Agricultural college to appoint a secretary; dairy and food commission bill; to license embalmers; garnishee bill; to amend the act relative to corporations for buying and selling real estate; to amend the law relative to quarantine nuisance and offensive trades; to amend the law relative to corporations for owning office buildings, etc.

The conference committees on the railroad ad valorem taxation measure reached an agreement on the night of the 14th. The bill agreed upon provides for the taxation of railroads, union station and depot companies, express companies, car loading, refrigerator and fast line companies. The corporations excluded from the bill are telephone, telegraph and sleeping car companies, and if the agreement arrived at is upheld by both houses they will continue to pay a specific tax.

The date of final adjournment of the legislature is the all-absorbing question just now. The speaker says the house is in a fortunate position because of having all important measures out of the way, and that the body could adjourn at any time now and the state would lose nothing in the way of legislation. May 23 is probably about the date for final adjournment.

Dogs are making fearful havoc among sheep in Tekonsha township. The dog tax fund is likely to be exhausted. In two nights \$100 worth of sheep were killed and maimed.

Tekonsha has a prohibitory ordinance closing the town against saloons. A beer wagon from Coldwater relieves the situation by making weekly trips to the place. The wagon has a surprisingly large patronage and is more popular than a cure.

State Oil Inspector Jackson, in his quarterly report to the board of state auditors for the first three months of the present year, reports total fees collected of \$11,510.06 and total expenses of \$7,964.46, leaving a balance of \$3,545.60 to be turned into the state treasury.

One of the Howell papers says that a couple from Cobeceta township called on one of the undertakers in Howell the other day and ordered a coffin piece. Not that they had any idea of using them at once, but they wanted to have them made and ready when the necessity did arise.

Members of the Tecumseh gun club are made of the right material. Two Onsted men have been in the habit of scooping up all the fish they could out of Wampler's lake with all kinds of nets. Members of the club saw it was only a question of time when there wouldn't be a fish left and informed Michigan's most efficient game warden, Grant Morse, who had them arrested. They were fined \$20 each and costs.

Salmonkeepers have been frozen out of Leingsburg by the action of the village dads in raising the amount of bonds required from \$3,000 to \$6,000.

SMALLPOX IS EPIDEMIC

Among Indians of the Western Reservation

ACCORDING TO SIOUX AGENCY.

22 Persons are Quarantined Near Pierre, S. D.—Non-Union Men Mobbed by Alabamians, the Outcome of a Street Railway Strike—Other Items.

Smallpox Epidemic Among Indians. Reports reaching the interior department show that smallpox is widespread among the Indians of the western reservations. A report on the 13th from the Cheyenne river Sioux agency in South Dakota says smallpox is prevalent throughout that reservation and that many deaths have occurred. Out of 22 persons quarantined near Pierre, S. D., there has been 1 death and 10 persons are affected. Smallpox is raging in the vicinity of the Yankton agency, S. D., among the white population. At some of the up-river agencies numerous deaths have occurred. At Yankton 10 extra policemen have been sworn in as an emergency measure.

Left 23 Children and \$1,000,000.

The will of Geo. Q. Cannon, of Salt Lake City, Utah, filed for probate on the 9th, disposes of an estate approximating \$1,000,000. The estate is divided into two parts, the first part consisting of gilt-edged securities worth \$300,000. This is to remain in trust until his youngest child, now 9 years of age, attains his majority. All of the 33 children of President Cannon are given an acre of land from the Cannon farm, and \$2,000 in cash on attaining majority or at marriage, the balance of the \$300,000 to be divided among the children when the youngest child becomes of age.

25,868 Indian Pupils.

A statement by the Indian bureau shows that there are more Indians now in the schools of the government than at any other time in the last 10 years, the total being 25,868. The statement embraces figures for the three months ending March 31, 1901. It shows that in the non-reservation boarding schools the enrollment for the quarter was 7,470. The enrollment in reservation boarding schools in the three months was 10,411. The day schools during the quarter had 4,307 pupils. The total enrollment of the three classes of schools during the quarter was 22,188.

Non-Union Men Mobbed.

Under the escort of a platoon of mounted police and surrounded by a mob of 2,000 Alabamians, 200 non-union men were taken at midnight to the Quail street car barns of the United Traction company, which is the main station of the Albany lines of the company. Stones were hurled at the non-union men as they were taken to the barns. This is the company's first step toward operating its lines with non-union men. It is reported that the non-union men hailed from Philadelphia.

Suicided to Avoid Disaster.

A man believed to be R. N. Pollock, the missing bank president from Cleveland, O., ended his life at Seattle, Wash., on the 8th in the Hotel York by sending a bullet through his brain. A razor, a two ounce box of rough on rats and a phial containing 100 tablets of acetic were found at hand. All papers belonging to the man had been burned before committing the deed.

35 Lives Lost in Accident.

A telegram received at St. Louis, Mo., on the 13th, from Towan, Ill., announces the sinking near that place of the steamer City of Paducah, of the St. Louis & Tennessee River Packet Co. It is reported that 35 lives were lost. An excursion party was aboard the boat at the time of the accident.

BRIEF NEWS PARAGRAPHS.

The Berlin newspapers assert that a readjustment of the military forces of Germany on the Russian frontier is in contemplation, involving a heavy increase. The forces between Allenstein and Lyck, now 11 battalions, will be raised to 19.

A cloudburst east of Wheeling, W. Va., on the night of the 10th, caused the overflowing of Peters, Chappels and Woods runs, tributaries of Wheeling creek. At Triadelphia, the Baltimore & Ohio tracks were covered with water for several hours and trains were held up, including two passenger trains.

The revolutionary movement among the laboring classes of Russia is spreading. There have been 40 arrests of operators during the last few days and a number of editors as well as women have been arrested. Two professors, who were placed under arrest, have been transferred to positions in the interior.

A fine bed of marl has been discovered on the farm of Edward Gracie, in Genesee township, and a report is now in order that the "biggest cement factory in the world" will be built there at once. That—the report, not the discovery—is what usually follows the discovery of a marl deposit, big or little, of late.

The mysterious death of Mrs. Nathan Marshall, which occurred at Owosso on the night of the 7th, but which was not discovered until the 9th, now turns out to be murder. The coroner's inquest resulted in the verdict that the woman came to her death by blows on the head administered by unknown persons. The authorities have offered a reward of \$300 for the arrest and conviction of the guilty party.

Just after midnight on the 13th the Walkerville Match Co., of Walkerville, was destroyed by fire. Loss, \$115,000; insurance, \$72,000.

TRANSVAAL WAR ITEMS.

The following was received from Lord Kitchener, dated Pretoria, May 12: Grenfell has occupied Louistricourt, capturing 50 Boers, with rifles, Louistricourt was previously held by six British with 40 surrendered Boers. Other columns report 8 Boers killed, 20 wounded, 132 prisoners, 24 surrenderers and a machine gun, 6,400 rounds of ammunition, 150 wagons and 870 horses captured.

The report that a force of Boers is concentrating under Delarey at Bar e-beestfontein is regarded with a feeling of satisfaction. The British force should far outnumber the Boers, and as the latter must by this time have lost practically all their guns, Del rey cannot have any artillery with him. This fact alone should place him at a great disadvantage.

A dispatch from London, dated the 7th, says that the health of Mrs. Botha, wife of Commandant-General Botha, has broken down owing to worry, and her constant journeys between her husband and Lord Kitchener, and that she is about to sail from Delagoa Bay to visit Mr. Kruger, and to appeal to him to persuade the Boers to surrender.

Mrs. Louisa Botha, who has obtained consent to interview Mr. Kruger and urge him to advocate peace, sailed from Durban for Europe on the steamer Dunvegan Castle on the 13th.

According to a dispatch from Pietermaritzburg, Lord Kitchener is about to try a new plan of burning the veldt in order to compel the Boers to surrender.

CHINA WAR NEWS.

Russia's efforts to facilitate the negotiations respecting China, and to hasten the withdrawal of foreign troops from the Celestial empire, is the subject of an official note, a copy of which has just been received in Washington. It contains the first complete official statement of the course of the Russian government that has been made. The statement of Russia's policy was made simultaneously with her official declaration that while maintaining the present temporary situation in Manchuria in order to preserve peace, the imperial government is content calmly to await events. It declares virtually that Russia has kept steadily in view the fact that in sending her troops into China no hostile intent was entertained toward China; on the contrary, their presence was for the purpose of rendering effective aid to the government of China in its struggle against the insurgents.

The answer of China to the statement of the ministers of the foreign powers as to the losses sustained by nations and individuals in China has been received. The answer commences with an appeal for mercy, saying that the country is impoverished. The answer explains that the utmost China can offer is 15,000,000 taels annually for the next 33 years. This amount will be derived as follows: From salt, 10,000,000 taels; from the liquor tax, 2,000,000, and from native customs, 3,000,000. The communication further asserts that were this done it would leave the country unable to meet the expenses of government without assistance. It is therefore requested that the foreign customs be increased one-third and the receipts therefrom to be given to China for the purpose of government. The ministers are to discuss this answer until it has been considered by them in meeting.

The report of Gen. Ketteler, received at Pekin from Kuo Lu, differs from the other reports concerning the German-French expedition previously received. Gen. Ketteler's report shows that the Chinese troops did not leave the province till they were forced to do so. The entire brigade, commanded by Gen. Ketteler, met the enemy on April 21 and inflicted immense loss. The report does not give the loss. The Germans had one officer and three soldiers killed and 28 soldiers wounded.

CUBA AND PHILIPPINE NEWS.

The U. S. Philippine commission finds that the internal revenue collections in most of the provinces are not sufficient to support the provincial governments until the beginning of the collections of land taxes, a year hence, and appropriation of \$2,000 to \$3,000 will be made from the insular treasury in favor of several of the provinces. These appropriations will be considered to be loans. In addition, the provincial laws will be amended so as to require a sedula of one peso from all males over 18, half of which will go to the province and half to the municipality.

The treasury at Washington has begun the payment of sundry army expenses in the Philippines, including rans and rewards for surrendered arms, formerly borne by the insular treasury.

NEWSY BREVITIES.

Two of Former Gov. Pingree's pardoned convicts are back in prison again—Jox Moran, convicted of assault, and Alonzo Perry, guilty of larceny.

The Shaanrock I. beat the Shaanrock II. by five minutes over a 20-mile course on the 13th. The wind was blowing a gale and a big white sea was running.

About the only successful report from fishermen received is that from Howard City, where a party went up in Newaygo county and caught over 400 brook trout. It is dollars to doughnuts that they didn't use a fly, but went for them with bait just the same as they would for a bullhead.

The schedule of the Detroit, Plymouth & Northville electric road is said to have degenerated into a sort of go-as-you-please affair, and the Northville city fathers will get after the officials and make them live up to the terms of their franchise in regard to the frequency of running cars.



# TALMAGE'S SERMON.

## CHRISTIAN FIDELITY THE SUBJECT LAST SUNDAY.

"He Was a Mighty Hunter Before the Lord"—Text, Genesis X, Verse 9.—The Acheron of Olden Times—Awkward Christian Work.

(Copyright, 1901, by Louis Klopsch, N. Y.)  
Washington, May 12.—In this discourse Dr. Talmage urges all Christian workers to increased fidelity and shows how much effort at doing good falls through lack of adroitness; text, Genesis x, 9, "He was a mighty hunter before the Lord."

In our day hunting is a sport, but in the lands and the times infested with wild beasts it was a matter of life or death with the people. It was very different from going out on a sunny afternoon with a patent breech-loader to shoot reedbirds on the flats, when Pollux and Achilles and Diomedes went out to clear the land of lions and panthers and bears. Xenophon grew eloquent in regard to the art of hunting. In the far east people, elephant mounted, chased the tiger. Francis I. was called the father of hunting. And Moses, in my text, sets forth Nimrod as a hero, when it presents him with broad shoulders and shaggy apparel and a browned face, and arm bunched with muscle, "a mighty hunter before the Lord." I think he used the bow and the arrows with great success practicing archery.

I have thought if it is such a grand thing and such a brave thing to clear wild beasts out of a country, if it is not a better and braver thing to hunt down and destroy those great evils of society that are stalking the land with fierce eye and bloody paw and sharp tusk and quick spring. I have wondered if there is not such a thing as gospel archery, by which those who have been flying from the truth may be captured for God and heaven. The Lord Jesus in his sermon used the art of angling for an illustration when he said, "I will make you fishers of men." And so I think I have authority for using hunting as an illustration of gospel truth, and I pray God that there may be many a man enlisted in the work who shall begin to study gospel archery of whom it may after awhile be said, "He was a mighty hunter before the Lord."

Awkward Christian Work.  
How much awkward Christian work there is done in the world! How many good people there are who drive souls away from Christ! Instead of bringing them to him! All their fingers are thumbs—religious blunderers who upset more than they right. Their gun has a crooked barrel and kicks as it goes off. They are like a clumsy comrade who goes along with skillful hunters. At the very moment he ought to be the most quiet he is crackling an alder or falling over a log and frightening away the game. How few Christian people have ever learned how the Lord Jesus Christ at the well went from talking about a cup of water to most practical religious truths, which won the woman's soul for God! Jesus in the wilderness was breaking bread to the people. I think it was very good bread. It was very light bread, and the yeast had done its work thoroughly. Christ, after he had broken the bread, said to the people, "Beware of the yeast or of the leaven of the Pharisees." So natural a transition it was, and how easily they all understood him! But how few Christian people there are who understand how to fasten the truths of God and religion to the souls of men!

The archers of olden time studied their art. They were very precise in the matter. The old books gave special directions as to how an archer should go and as to what an archer should do. He must stand erect and firm, his left foot a little in advance of the right foot. With the left hand he must take hold of the bow in the middle, and then with the three fingers and the thumb of his right hand he should lay hold of the arrow and affix it to the string—so precise was the direction given. But how clumsy we are about religious work! How little skill and care we exercise! How often our arrows miss the mark! I am glad that there are institutions established in many cities of our land where men may learn the art of doing good—studying spiritual archery and become known as "mighty hunters before the Lord!"

How to Be Effective.  
In the first place, if you want to be effectual in doing good you must be very sure of your weapon. There was something very fascinating about the archery of olden times. Perhaps you do not know what they could do with the bow and arrow. Why, the chief battles fought by the English Plantagenets were with the longbow. They would take the arrow of polished wood and feather it with the plume of a bird, and then it would fly from the bowstring of plaited silk. The bloody fields of Agincourt and Solway Moss and Neville's Cross heard the loud thrum of the archer's bowstring. Now, my Christian friends, we have a mighty weapon than that. It is the arrow of the gospel; it is a sharp arrow; it is a straight arrow; it is feathered from the wing of the dove of God's spirit; it flies from a bow made out of the wood of the cross. As far as I can estimate or calculate it has brought down 400,000,000 of souls. Paul knew how to bring the notch of that arrow on to the bowstring, and its whir was heard through the Corinthian theaters and through the courtroom until the knees of Felix knocked together. It was that arrow that struck in Luther's heart when he cried out:

"Oh, my sins! Oh, my sins!" If it strikes a man in the head, it kills his skepticism; if it strikes him in the heel it will turn his step; if it strikes him in the heart, he throws up his hands, as did one of old when wounded in the battle, crying, "O Galilean, thou hast conquered!"

Spiritual Archery.  
If you want to be skillful in spiritual archery you must hunt in unfrequented and secluded places. Why does the hunter go three or four days in the Pennsylvania forests or over Raquette lake into the wilds of the Adirondacks? It is the only way to do. The deer are shy, and one "bang" of the gun cleans the forest. From the California stage you see, as you go over the plains, here and there a coyote trotting along almost within range of the gun—sometimes quite within range of it. No one cares for that. It is worthless. The good game is hidden and secluded. Every hunter knows that. So many of the souls that will be of most worth for Christ and the most value to the church are secluded. They do not come in our way. You will have to go where they are. Yonder they are down in that cellar. Yonder they are up in that garret—far away from the door of any church. The gospel arrow has not been pointed at them. The tract distributor and the city missionary sometimes just catch a glimpse of them, as a hunter through the trees gets a momentary sight of a partridge or quail. The trouble is we are waiting for the game to come to us. We are not good hunters. We are standing on some street or road expecting that the timid antelope will come up and eat out of our hand. We are expecting that the prairie fowl will light on our church steeple. It is not their habit. If the church should wait 10,000,000 of years for the world to come in and be saved, it will wait in vain. The world will not come.

What the church wants now is to hit its feet from damask ottomans and put them in the stirrups. The church wants not so much cushions as it wants saddles and arrows. We have got to put aside the gown and the kid gloves and put on the hunting shirt. We want a pulpit on wheels. We have been fishing so long in the brooks that run under the shadow of the church that the fish know us, and they avoid the hook and escape as soon as we come to the bank, while yonder is Upper Saranac and Big Tupper lake, where the first swing of the gospel net would break it for the multitude of the fishes. There is outside work to be done. What is it that I see in the backwoods? It is a tent. The hunters have made a clearing and camped out. What do they care if they have wet feet or if they have nothing but a pine branch for a pillow or for the northeast scorm? If a moose in the darkness steps into the lake to drink, they hear it right away. If a loon cry in the midnight, they hear it. So in the service of God we have exposed work. We have got to camp out and rough it. We are putting all our care on the comparatively few people who go to church. What are we doing for the millions who do not come? Have they no souls? Are they sinless that they need no pardon? Are there no dead in their houses that they need no comfort?

Must Have Courage.  
I remark further, if you want to succeed in spiritual archery, you must have courage. If the hunter stands with trembling hand or shivering knees, the catamount the catamount takes aim. What would become of the Greenlander if when out hunting for the bear he should stand shivering with terror on an iceberg? What would have become of Du Chailin and Livingston in the African thicket with a faint heart and a weak knee? When a panther comes within 20 paces of you and it has its eye on you and it has quitted for the fearful spring, "Steady there!" Courage, O ye spiritual archers! There are great monsters of iniquity prowling all around about the community. Shall we not in the strength of God go forth and combat them? We not only need more heart, but more backbone. What is the church of God that it should fear to look in the eye any transgressor? There is the Bengal tiger of drunkenness that prowls around, and instead of attacking it how many of us hide under the church pew or the communion table? There is so much invested in it we are afraid to assault it. Millions of dollars in barrels, in vats, in spigots, in corkscrews, in gin palaces with marble floors and Italian top tables and chased ice coolers, and in the strychnine and the log vomica that go to make up our "pure" American drinks. I looked with wondering eyes on the "Heidelberg tun." It is the great liquor vat of Germany, which is said to hold 800 hogheads of wine, and only three times in 100 years it has been filled. But as I stood and looked at it I said to myself: "That is nothing—800 hogheads. Why, our American vat holds 10,200,000 barrels of strong drinks, and we keep 800,000 men with nothing to do but to see that it is filled."

The Great Monster.  
Oh, to attack this great monster of intemperance and the kindred monsters of fraud and uncleanness requires you to rally all your Christian courage. Through the press, through the pulpit, through the platform you must assault it. Would to God that all our American Christians would band together, not for cracked brains (fanaticism), but for holy Christian reform! I think it was in 1793 that there went out from Lucknow, India, under the sovereign, the greatest hunting party that was ever projected. There were 10,000 armed men in that hunting party. There

were camels and horses and elephants. On some princes rode and royal ladies under exquisite housings, and 600 coolies waited upon the train, and the desolate places of India were invaded by this excursion, and the rhinoceros and deer and elephant fell under the stroke of the saber and bullet. After awhile the party brought back trophies worth 50,000 rupees, having left the wilderness of India ghastly with the slain bodies of wild beasts. Would to God that instead of here and there a straggler going out to fight these great monsters of iniquity in our country the millions of membership of our churches would band together and hew in twain these great crimes that make the land frightful with their roar and are fattening upon the bodies and souls of immortal men! Who is ready for such a party as that? Who will be a mighty hunter for the Lord?

I remark, again, if you want to be successful in spiritual archery you need not only bring down game, but bring it in. I think one of the most beautiful pictures of Thorwaldsen is his "Autumn." It represents a sportsman coming home and standing under a grapevine. He has a staff over his shoulder and on the other end of that staff are hung a rabbit and a brace of birds. Every hunter brings home the game. No one would think of bringing down a roebuck or whipping up a stream for trout and letting them lie in the woods.

Bring Them to Church.  
If you go out to hunt for immortal souls, not only bring them down under the arrow of the gospel, but bring them into the church of God, the grand home and encampment we have pitched this side the skies. Fetch them in; do not let them lie out in the open field. They need our prayers and sympathies and help. That is the meaning of the church of God—help. O ye hunters for the Lord, not only bring down the game, but bring it in.

If Mithridates liked hunting so well that for seven years he never went indoors, what enthusiasm ought we to have who are hunting for immortal souls! If Domitian practiced archery until he could stand a boy down in the Roman amphitheater with a hand out, the fingers spread apart, and then the king could shoot an arrow between the fingers without wounding them, to what drill and what practice ought we to subject ourselves in order to become spiritual archers and "mighty hunters before the Lord!" But let me say you will never work any better than you pray. The old archers took the bow, put one end of it down beside the foot, elevated the other end, and it was the rule that the bow should be just the size of the archer. If it were just his size, then he would go into the battle with confidence. Let me say that your power to project good in the world will correspond exactly to your own spiritual stature. In other words, the first thing in preparation for Christian work is personal consecration.

Oh, for a closer walk with God,  
A calm and heavenly frame,  
A light to shine upon the road  
That leads me to the Lamb!

I am sure there are some men who at some time have been hit by the gospel arrow. You felt the wound of that conviction. And you plunged into the world deeper, just as the stag, when the hounds are after it, plunges into Schraon lake, expecting in that way to escape. Jesus Christ is on your track today. O impatient man! Not in wrath, but in mercy. O ye chased and panting souls! Here is the stream of God's mercy and salvation, where you may cool your thirst! Stop that chase of sin today. By the red fountain that leaped from the heart of my Lord, I bid you stop! There is mercy for you—mercy that pardons, mercy that heals, overlooking mercy. The 12 gates of God's love stand wide open. Enter and be forever safe.

### NEED A GOOD APPEPITE.

Sometimes We Need a Change of Food and of Sense.  
How frequently we hear the remark made, when a person's indisposition is spoken of, "Oh, he can't have much the matter with him. He eats well and therefore he must be all right." As a matter of fact, although a good appetite is sometimes considered as a test of the state of the health, it is not an invariable test, for often those who are seriously ill have good appetites. This is the case with many consumptives and others, but a person with a bad appetite is not in good health—there is something wrong with him. Appetite and hunger are generally used synonymously, but hunger is more than appetite; it is impetuous, but is allayed after eating. What is the best thing to do when the appetite wanes? The usual remedy is a tonic, sometimes it takes the shape of too frequent "nips" of gin and bitters, sherry and bitters, or some other compound. For a want of appetite, the real remedies need to be often rest and sleep, together with fresh air. Overwork when feeble is a cause of loss of appetite. A change of food is a good remedy; sometimes the regimen has not been varied enough, and the system becomes overburdened with one kind of material, and another kind is deficient. An entire change of food may work wonders. A change of scene, of thought, and of environment are some of the best means to restore a jaded appetite for food. Outdoor exercise, work, sea-bathing—these have a good effect, and promote these changes in the body which make a demand for food imperative. These remedies are all natural ones, and if rightly used can do no harm. Of course it requires judgment to decide which remedies are needed in each case, but if the normal instincts are heeded they will often tell what to do—it is generally best to trust to them.

He who knows not, and knows that he knows not, is simple; teach him.

# Hunting Snakes

A PAYING INDUSTRY, BUT NOT AN INVITING ONE.

(Special Letter.)

The prices of snakes are booming. A few years ago a diamond-backed snake would not have brought 5 cents from any dealer in reptiles. Today a good-sized rattlesnake is worth \$20 at least. This increase in the value of snakes is due in part to the demand for them by naturalists, who wish to study them, but more particularly to physicians who wish to experiment with their poisons. The later compare the effects of these poisons upon the human system with the effects of various poisons produced by the bacilli of various diseases. In this manner they hope to discover not only an antidote for snake bite, but an antitoxin for swamp fever and dozens of other ills that flesh is heir to. Dr. Weir Mitchell, author and scientist, has at times as many as 1,000 snakes in his laboratory.

Our Poisonous Snakes.  
For various reasons poisonous snakes are much less common than they were at one time. Still there are enough to make things interesting in many localities. In western Texas ranchers' families living in sod huts look under the bed daily for prairie rattlers, and only sleep secure under a mosquito net canopy. The poisonous species of snakes in the United States are the rattler, copperhead, moccasin, and coral snake. The first three belong all to the same family—the crotalidae—and their poisons, so far as known, are similar. The coral or harlequin snake is found only in the south, and its venom very much resembles that of the East Indian cobra. He is brightly banded, small, harmless looking, but very vicious. No certain remedy is known for the bite of any of these snakes. Whisky and strychnine, given in doses large enough often to produce convulsions, are usually most effective. Very much depends upon the constitution of the person bitten, and upon the portion of the body that the snake's fangs strike. In general nine-tenths of the persons bitten by these snakes die.

Snake Hunting in South Carolina.  
For persons who enjoy snake stalking, says R. L. Ditzner, who conducted expeditions for snakes on behalf of the Bronx (New York) zoo, I can recommend certain parts of South Carolina above any other section of the United States. For example, a four-mile swamp near the little town of Robertsville, in Hampton county, is a snake's paradise. Portions of the swamp are overgrown with huge rushes and portions of canebrake dovetailing into pine swamps, the trees running up to 50 feet to the first limb and hung thick with sage green moss. Trees, ground and water are alive with reptiles.

Snake hunting is as fascinating as deer stalking—especially to a man who finds some meaning in every band on a pit viper's back. No mouse was ever more ready to take alarm than are these slippery quarryies, and to land a bag full of valuable snakes is a task that calls for adroitness mingled with a high quality of perseverance. Night is the very best time for catching snakes, for it is then that the serpent tribes uncoil themselves and glide hissing about the swamp in perfect freedom. Obviously this sort of thing is not without danger, and after one trial of it the snake hunter usually prefers daylight. In the moonlight a

haze floats above the swamp and it lies like a silvery sea. Within it, the pines are ghosts whose long beards sweep the pools, diamond-back rattlers rear their ugly heads, racers, moccasins, and strange, pink water snakes glide noiselessly, and alligators keep up their loud, uncanny bellowing. The air is heavy with the musky odor of serpents.

In daylight the snake hunter is mounted on a mule usually and clad in an armor of heavy brown duck, high top boots, and stout flexible gloves. His weapons are a bamboo stick with a running noose of fine copper wire at the end, and a second cane furnished with a wire net. He always carries a revolver, too, if he is wise. Across the rattle's neck is balanced a short cane stick, and from each end of the stick dangles a good-sized cotton bag. These bags are for the snakes. The mule sagaciously picks his way through the swamp along deer paths which wind in and out, where a single misstep would tumble him and his rider into a pool swarming with alligators and water snakes.

How Snakes Are Bagged.  
A snake stalker, of course, attempts to take only the more valuable and strange specimens of serpents. When he catches the gleam of the right sort of a coat through the rushes, or spies a fine moccasin dangling from a limb over his head, he halts and goes into action with his copper-wire noose and bamboo stick. If he can he slips the noose over his snakeship's head and draws it taut. Then he gets the puffing, thrashing, spitting reptile 'twixt thumb and fore-finger around the neck and drops him into the cotton bag. He gives the bag a quick whirl so that the fang that darts forth instantly is embedded in a thick fold of cloth. Invariably in a crisis the hunter throws away copper wire and seizes a snake with his hands, grasping him well toward the head, so that he cannot twist around and thrust his fangs into his hands.

A rattlesnake is fairly easy to capture because he is consummately brave, never runs from an enemy, and his warning rattle is unmistakable. Skirt the borders of a palmetto thicket any day and watch the wavering shadows of the foliage on the ground. Presently these shadows if you watch sharply seem to dart ahead in a straight line, with a brass whirr coming from somewhere around. The darting line is a diamond-backed rattler whose curiously marked skin is in exact imitation of the palmetto shade. The diamond-back is the most deadly of his tribe. In the west the varieties of rattlers there found inhabit barren rocky pieces and the tall grasses of the prairies. Just now the rattlesnake is hunted mercilessly, for he is valuable to the medical man for his toxins and to the naturalist because out of the eleven varieties in the United States the habits and looks of not more than five are well known.

In spite of their deadly poison, the hunting of venomous snakes is not any more dangerous than the hunting of bears or tigers or lions in India. The reason is that no snake except the coral snake, is likely to attack without provocation. The danger to students of snakes is all in the familiarity bred by close acquaintance.



SNAKE HUNTING IN A SOUTH CAROLINA SWAMP.

A New Marine Torch.  
Fielden's Magazine describes a most novel marine torch which is so constructed that it ignites the moment it is plunged into water. The device consists simply of a plain metal cylinder from one to five feet in length and from three to eight inches in diameter—they are made of varying sizes. It is sealed at both ends, and contains in a wire basket a quantity of carbide of calcium as well as an air chamber to insure sufficiency buoyancy. At the head of the cylinder there are a number of burners and an adjacent small chamber contains calcium phosphide, which in contact with water generates phosphuretted hydrogen. This ignites and lights up the acetylene as it issues. It is automatic and there is no mechanism. It is only necessary before plunging it into the water to re-

move a protecting strip of metal by pulling a ring. The illuminating power can be imagined from the statement made that a 6-inch torch will burn from an hour to an hour and a half with a candle-power of 2,000 and a flame twelve inches high, and that according to size they will burn from a half hour to ten hours. They are all rechargeable.

A Valuable Black Walnut Tree.  
A mammoth black walnut tree in the farm of E. P. Gaus, in Williams county, Ohio, has just been sold for \$1,000. Several lumber dealers have examined chips from this tree, and all have declared it to be the finest specimen of that kind of wood they ever saw. The tree was 8 feet in diameter, 40 feet above the stump and extended 73 feet from the butt to the first limb.

## AMONG ANCIENT PERUVIANS.

The Early Tribes Trephined Skulls with Stone Instruments.

Prof. W. J. McGee of the bureau of ethnology, in Washington, has received official permission to exhibit at the Pan-American Exposition in Buffalo his studies of trephining among the early Peruvians. He will show ancient skulls trephined by stone implements, and in connection with this, some animal skulls, showing experimental work done under Prof. McGee's direction, using the same flint implements which the aborigines were forced to employ. It is doubtful whether the ancient operations were performed for a distinctly surgical purpose or whether the operation was of some mystic significance. In some cases the freshness of the wounds in the bone showed that the patient did not long survive the operation, and in one or two instances it is plain that the ancient operator must have cut down upon a large blood vessel, causing almost instantaneous death, but in other cases the operation was more successful and the patient must have survived for some years at least. Prof. W. H. Holmes, of the National Museum, will exhibit a dozen groups of models representing the domestic life of the aborigines of both North and South America, and will show also the houses in which they lived and some of the garments and implements of their daily life. This exhibit, although under the auspices of the National Museum, has been planned to supplement the regular ethnologic and archaeological exhibit of the exposition.

### A Miracle Explained.

Dryant, Mo., May 12.—The conventional cure of Mrs. M. A. Goss of this place has sent a ripple of excitement all over Douglas county, and Dodd's Kidney Pills, the remedy in question, are receiving thereby the greatest advertisement any medicine has ever had in this state.

To satisfy the many inquiries which she finds it impossible to answer by letter, Mrs. Goss has sent the following statement of her case to the St. Louis Globe-Democrat:

"I did not think I could live a day and suffer as I have lived and suffered for months, with Scleritis and Rheumatism. I used baths and liniments of all kinds. Two physicians treated me, one of them for two months. Nothing helped me in the least. I never slept more than ten or fifteen minutes at a time. I was hoarse and had to lie on one side all the time. I used to wish for death to deliver me from such torture.

"A friend suggested Dodd's Kidney Pills, and after I had used them a week I began to improve, and in about four weeks I could sit up in bed. A few days later I walked a quarter of a mile and back. I now do all my own cooking and housework. The pain has entirely left me and I am a well woman. I have taken altogether sixteen boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills. Dodd's Kidney Pills saved my life."

"Mrs. M. A. Goss."  
People come for miles to see Mrs. Goss and hear her wonderful story. Dodd's Kidney Pills are working marvelous cures in Missouri.

This is a booming market, they tell me in the street, and the outside impression is that the bookers, of whom there are some 5,000 all told, are wallowing in wealth. It cannot be. Such as do not speculate, but confine their business to the legitimate emission of eight and quarter for seveners rendered, despite a steady boom. What they want is an active market with rapid fluctuations, in which their customers both sell and buy. The present market is dangerous. It is too one-sided. The short interest has been eliminated. It is a bankers' market, with abundant subsidies. So some brokers say.—New York Press.

South Lake's Ferry.  
Is the title of an illustrated booklet just issued by the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway, descriptive of the country between Aberdeen and the Missouri River, a section heretofore unprovided with railway facilities, but which is now reached by a new line of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway. Everyone contemplating a change of location will be interested in the information contained in it, and a copy may be had by sending a two-cent stamp to F. A. Miller, General Passenger Agent, Chicago, Ill.

Private Mailing Card.  
Private Mailing Card with colored views of scenery on the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway sent on receipt of ten (10) cents in stamps. Address F. A. Miller, General Passenger Agent, Chicago, Ill.

The first thing a shoemaker uses in his business is his last.  
The more a wise man thinks the less he is apt to talk.

Loos's Family Medicine.  
Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Prices 25 and 50c.

There is no profit in religion where there is no loss.  
For its unexampled electrical display the Pan-American exposition will receive five thousand horse power electric power from the great plant of the Niagara Falls Power company, twenty miles distant.

There is no pride like that of a beggar grown rich.

The well posted druggist advises you to use Wizard Oil for pain, for he knows what it has done.

There is a potato field in Kansas as long as miles long.



# J. L. GALE'S

## Wall Paper Wall Paper

New stock of Wall Paper coming this week at 5c, 8c and 10c the double roll. Also new stock at 15c and 20c double roll! You can buy Wall Paper cheaper at Gale's than any store in Detroit. Come and see for yourself.

DO YOU WANT ANYTHING IN

## Household Paints!

We have some 20 different shades at 15c a pint. We have a large stock of Wood Finishes, such as Light Oak, Dark Oak, Walnut, Cherry, Rosewood, etc. We also keep a full line of

## Varnish Stains, Carriage Paints, &c.

We are selling Pure Raw Linseed Oil for 68c and Boiled Oil at 60c per gal. Fahnestock Lead at \$7.00 per cwt. We are agents for

## Boydell's and Masury's Liquid Paints

For anything in the Drug and Grocery Line, come and see us.

One box of Gale's Rheumatic Tablets cured Fred Bogert of a bad case of Rheumatism. If you are troubled with Rheumatism try a box.

# JOHN L. GALE

## Save Your Eyesight

By relieving the strain on the nerves of the eyes with a pair of

## Properly Fitted Glasses

## A NEW LINE

Of Watches, Clocks, Chains, Charms, Locketts, Brooches, Pins and Sterling Barrettes just received.

## Agents for Clipper & Rambler Bicycles

Ladies and Gents Bicycles to Rent.

## C. G. DRAPER

Optician and Jeweler.

# A. N. KINYON,

PLYMOUTH, MICH.

DEALER IN

Champion 2-horse Corn Planters,

with Fertilizer attachment

Farmers' Friend Fertilizer.

Hay tools, Car Track, Fork, Ropes, &c.

Hand Planters, for Potatoes and Corn.

Wooden and Steel Tanks.

Walter A. Wood Binders, Mowers, Rakes

Steel Rollers, Spring & Spike Tooth Harrows.

Plows and Plow Repairs.

Surreys, Buggies, Cultivators.

The Celebrated Clean Sweep Hay-Loader, the best in the market.

Machine Oil.

## PLYMOUTH MAIL

BY  
F. W. SAMSEN.

FRIDAY, MAY 17, 1901

### SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Year \$1.00  
Six Months .50  
Three Months .25

### ADVERTISING RATES.

Business Cards, \$5.00 per year.  
Resolutions of Respect, \$1.00.  
Cards of thanks, 25 cents.  
All local notices will be charged for at 5 cents per line or fraction thereof, for each insertion. Display advertising rates made known on application. Where no time is specified, all notices and advertisements will be inserted until ordered discontinued.

The cause of the disaster to the Maine may have to be judicially decided by the Spanish Treaty Claims Commission, relatives of those killed thereon having filed claims for damages before the Commission, which they can only make good by proof that Spain, either directly or indirectly, was responsible for the explosion.

The United States is the greatest coffee-consuming country in the world, and is sending abroad \$1,000,000 weekly in payment for the bean from which the drink is brewed. Compared with other countries, the per capita consumption in pounds in 1890 was as follows: United Kingdom, 72; Italy, 99; Austria-Hungary, 204; France, 462; German Empire, 612; United States, 1079.

A number of civil service jobs are going a begging. Not a single applicant has made his appearance for the post of steamboat boiler inspector at Manila, with a salary of \$2,250, and there are not enough qualified candidates for the office of meat inspector of the Bureau of Animal Industry in the Agricultural Department. These places pay \$1,200 and \$1,400 with a good opportunity for promotion.

It has been decided to send the big sixteen-inch gun, which has been under construction at the Watervliet Arsenal, N. Y., and which is nearly completed, to the Buffalo Exposition. It is the largest modern gun in the country, and one of the largest built in the world. Its range is 21 miles, but it will necessarily be inaccurate, owing to its high trajectory and it is probable that no more of the type will be built.

One of the queer things about the Government is known as the "conscience fund." It is made up from anonymous contributions from writers who declare that they have cheated or robbed the Government in the past and desire to make restitution. It now amounts to \$311,963. The first contribution was received in 1811, and amounted for the year to \$250. The smallest sum ever received in one year was \$6 and the largest \$29,155.

Letters from the civil service authorities in Manila say the Filipino women are intensely interested in the prospect of holding government office. The idea is an entirely new one to their class, and the prospects of being able to make a good living on their own account is exceedingly attractive. There were some 500 of them in Manila who are anxious to be examined, and there is every likelihood that the government will have all the clerical force it requires.

There are 21,161 postoffices which pay less than \$50 salary a year, most of them being in the Southern states. North Carolina has the largest number. Of the 3,069 postoffices in the state 1,648 pay less than \$50 and only 106 pay more than \$1,000. Pennsylvania has the largest number of fourth class offices, 4,900 but more of them pay over \$100 a year. Kentucky has 2,431 offices, of which 1,396 pay less than \$50 a year. Most of these, like those of North Carolina, are in the mountains.

The Government has paid about \$50,000 in compromise of the issue over the use of the nickle process for hardening armor plate for warships: adjusting matters so that in the future this process may be used by the government itself if it should undertake the manufacture of its own armor or by any private concern furnishing armor for American ships. This hardening process is used in the armor on ships now in commission, and on those under contract. Claims were made, however, that it involved a private process.

The extensive work of the Isthmian Canal Commission is nearing completion and the final report will probably be ready for submission to the President in about six weeks. In the main this will follow the preliminary report made last year, although later inquiry is likely to make some slight changes in the estimates of the cost. The attitude of the Columbia Government and of those interested in the Panama route may also lead to fuller information in the coming report as to the acquirement of that route by the United States.

Mr. F. D. Arnold, Arnold, Ia., writes: He was troubled with kidney disease about three years. Had to get up several times during the night, but three bottles of Foley's Kidney Cure affected a complete cure, he feels better than he ever did and recommends it to his friends. '93 Pharmacy.

Published by Request.  
Rev. De Witt Talmage VanDoren, Defender  
Christian Science.

The criticism of New York clerics, members of different denominational churches, concerning Christian Science as a religion, are not nearly as damaging to that cult as to the Christian churches, if it be true that these criticisms represent the spirit of evangelical Christianity. I am not in any sense a follower of Mrs. Eddy; indeed, there is much in her teaching that does not appeal to me as being true; yet at the same time there is much that must command the respect and admiration of every candid and unprejudiced mind.

These criticisms may be well meant. Nevertheless they are unwise, as they are unwise, as they must inevitably react upon the churches represented by these critics. "He that takes the sword shall perish with the sword."

These criticisms are untimely, since they disclose a temper inimical to the spirit and teaching of Jesus Christ, whose servants all ministers are supposed to imitate. They reveal a sensitiveness, amounting to almost irritability, toward an institution which seems to them to threaten the "traditions of the Elders."

If the practice of healing the sick is the basis of suspicion against the Christian Science Church, it can well afford to rest under the suspicion, since it has the sanction of Jesus Christ, and also that of the Christian Church of all ages for there has never been a period in the history of the church when there were not found these signs and wonders in response to faith.

These brethren, and especially the Baptist brethren, would do well to read Dr. A. J. Gordon's book on the "Ministry of Healing." For twenty-four years Dr. Gordon was an honored pastor of the Clarendon Street Baptist Church of Boston, and a man and scholar pre-eminent in the denomination, respected and beloved by the entire Church of America. I recall an address delivered before the Baptist Ministers Conference of New York City by Dr. Fanner, who was at that time pastor of the Fifth Avenue Baptist Church, now president of Brown University, in which he said (I quote only from memory): "The evangelical churches would do well to accept whatever truth may be found in the teachings of Christian Science. All that they hold of truth as special beliefs of right to all the churches; no organization has a monopoly of truth; it is the common heritage of all and belongs to none in particular; it is the duty of all, as it is the privilege of all, to appropriate and utilize truth wherever found or by whomsoever held."

If the Christian Science Church has been instrumental in healing one million cases of sickness, or one thousand, ought not this to be taken into consideration by those who profess to believe in the healing power of Christ, and in the great commission, "Go, preach the Gospel and heal the sick?"

The only class of people for whom Christ had words of biting sarcasm and censure were the Pharisees, who could not see any good in anything outside of Judaism. Are we not in danger of falling into the spirit of Phariseism and of the Pharisee when we grow intolerant of the methods and beliefs of those who conscientiously differ from us and who are still putting forth noblest effort for the physical and moral salvation of humanity?

I have not the pleasures of Mrs. Eddy's acquaintance, but from the evidence at hand I am obliged to think of her as a woman of remarkable ability and spotless character.

I have met and known personally quite a number of Mrs. Eddy's followers, and in every way they compared favorably with the highest type of Christians found in my own church. How shall we judge the merits of a church if not by the type of Christian it turns out? I conclude that that is the best church which makes the best men and women regardless of name or doctrinal tenets. When it is understood by the whole people that the objective point of the churches is character rather than numbers, worth rather than wealth, harsh criticism will cease, confidence will be restored and the problem how to reach "the better class" will be solved, for the world is not slow to distinguish between Orthodox Christian and an Orthodox Pharisee. When it loves and honors the one, it has only abhorrence and detestation for the other.

If the Christian Science Church, or any other church, no matter what its name, generates the most of the spirit of Christ in feeling and in conduct that church will triumph in the end.

We do not need, Christian brethren, to feel alarm because of the apparent success of Christian Science.

Saturday May 18th I will make a special sale on all street hats and sailors. It will pay you to call if in need of one.  
NELL B. MCLAREN.

Mrs. Grace Kuhn, of Stark, third daughter of William and Mary Maynard, departed this life May 15th, 1901, aged 25 years. She leaves a husband and one child to mourn her loss. The funeral services, which were largely attended, were held at the Livonia church, Thursday afternoon May 16th. The sermon was preached by Rev. W. G. Stephens.

EVERY WOMAN.  
who has female troubles, common to her sex, is weak, feels tired, worn out or has lost her ambition, should take Knill's Red Pills for Women. "Pale or Weak." They are the great Blood and Nerve Medicine and Developer. They restore Health, Strength and Beauty. Only 25c Try them.

EVERY MAN.  
worn out mentally or physically from overwork or other cause should take Knill's Red Pills for Men. "Pale or Weak." They are the great Blood and Nerve Tonic, restore vim, vigor and vitality. They will make a perfect man of you. Try them.

EVERY WOMAN OR MAN.  
troubled with biliousness or inactive Liver or Bowels, should take Knill's White Liver Pills, 25 doses 25c.

If troubled with any Kidney or Urinary troubles, Backache, Lame or Sore, you take Knill's Blue Kidney Pills. They cure. Guaranteed by all Druggists. 25c a box, 5 boxes \$1.00.

Write for pamphlets, testimonials or samples sent Free.  
Knill's Red, White and Blue Pills Co.,  
Port Huron, Mich.

P. W. VOORHIES,  
Attorney and Counselor at Law

Real Estate, Loans and Collections.

Telephone 73. Plymouth, Mich.

## Penney's Livery!

When in need of a Rig ring up  
City Phone No. 9.

DRAYING OF ALL KINDS  
Promptly done.

A share of your trade solicited.

## CZAR PENNEY

## A. PELHAM,



## DENTIST.

## First National Exchange BANK.

CAPITAL, - \$50,000

All General Banking Business Transacted

3 PER CENT

Interest paid on Savings and Time Deposits.

Your Patronage Solicited.

O. A. FRASER, Cashier.

### Probate Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, county of Wayne, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for said county of Wayne, held at the Probate office in the city of Detroit, on the eighth day of May, in the year one thousand nine hundred and one. Present, Edgar O. Durfee, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Lorenz Brunson, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Lynn E. Brunson praying that administration of said estate may be granted to him or some other suitable person.

It is ordered, That the eleventh day of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said Probate office, be appointed for hearing said petition.

And it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing, in the Plymouth Mail, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county of Wayne.

EDGAR O. DURFEE,  
Judge of Probate.  
HENRY S. HELGARD, Register.

### Commissioner's Notice.

In the matter of the estate of Abram S. Bentley, deceased, Atty. the undersigned, having been appointed by the Probate Court for the county of Wayne, State of Michigan, commissioner to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons claiming said deceased, do hereby give notice that we will meet at the late residence of said deceased, in the township of Plymouth, in said county, on Wednesday, the 24th day of June, A. D. 1901, and on Thursday, the 25th day of September, A. D. 1901, at ten o'clock A. M. of each of said days, for the purpose of examining and allowing said claims, and that six months from the 26th day of March, A. D. 1901, were allowed by said court for creditors to present their claims to us for examination and allowance.

Dated April 13, 1901.  
ARTEUS D. FORD,  
HENRY F. HOBNER,  
Commissioners.

### Administrator's Sale of Real Estate.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, county of Calhoun, ss. In the matter of the estate of George V. Bentley, deceased. Notice is hereby given, that in pursuance and by virtue of an order granted to the undersigned, as administrator of the estate of said George V. Bentley, deceased, by the Hon. William A. Lane, Judge of Probate in and for said county, on the fifth day of April, A. D. 1901, there will be sold at public vendue, to the highest bidder, at the premises herein described in the village of Plymouth, in the county of Wayne, State of Michigan, on the twenty-eighth day of May, A. D. 1901, at ten o'clock in the afternoon of said day, all the right, title, and interest of said George V. Bentley, deceased, in and to the following described land and premises, situated in the village of Plymouth, county of Wayne, State of Michigan, to wit: Lot number thirty-six (36) of Keltog's subdivision of the village of Plymouth aforesaid, according to the plat of said subdivision as recorded in the Register's office of said Wayne county in Liber one (1) of plats on folio eight-nine (89).

Dated April 5, A. D. 1901.  
MERRIT B. COYKENDALL,  
Administrator of the estate of George V. Bentley, deceased.

## PATENTS

DESIGNS TRADE-MARKS AND COPYRIGHTS OBTAINED

ADVISE AS TO PATENTABILITY

Notice in "Inventive Age"

Book "How to obtain Patents"

Look "How to obtain Patents" is secured. Returns all city confidential. Address: 1212 Broadway, Wash., D. C.

## Job Printing

## PERE MARQUETTE

In effect Jan. 7, 1901.

Trains leave Plymouth as follows:

For Grand Rapids, North and West.  
9:22 a. m., 1:48 p. m., 5:58 p. m.

For Saginaw, Bay City and Port Huron.  
9:00 a. m., 9:12 a. m., 2:00 p. m., 6:15 p. m.

For Saginaw, Manistee, Ludington and Milwaukee:  
3:00 a. m., 9:12 a. m., 2:00 p. m. and 6:15 p. m.

For Toledo and South.  
1:00 a. m., 11:00 a. m., 2:30 p. m.

For Detroit and East.  
7:00 a. m., 10:32 a. m., 11:00 a. m., 2:17 p. m., 3:25 p. m., 8:45 p. m., 9:20 p. m.

H. F. MOELLER, Gen. Pass. Agt.  
Agent—H. M. JACKSON  
Telephone 23 for information.

## Detroit, Plymouth & Northville By

### TIME CARD.

Cars Lv. Conner's Corner.	Going South.	Going North.	Leave Wayne
6:45 a. m.	6:00 p. m.	6:50 p. m.	7:15
7:40	6:50	7:40	8:15
8:40	7:50	8:40	9:15
9:40	8:50	9:40	10:15
10:40	9:50	10:40	11:15
11:40	10:50	11:40	12:15
12:40 p. m.	1:50	1:50	2:15
2:40	11:50 p. m.	2:40	3:15
3:40	12:50	3:40	4:15
4:40	1:50	4:40	5:15
5:40	2:50	5:40	6:15
6:45	3:50	6:45	7:15
7:40	4:50	7:40	8:15
8:40	5:50	8:40	9:15
9:40	6:50	9:40	10:15
10:40 p. m.	7:50	10:40	11:15
11:40	8:50	11:40	12:15 a. m.

Cars of thd D. P. & N. make direct connection with cars on the Ann Arbor leaving Detroit on the even hour. For information about special cars, rates, etc., address, T. E. Griffin, Plymouth Tel. No. 24.

## THE DETROIT & LIMA NORTHERN RAILWAY.

Time Table in Effect Oct. 8th 1899.

### SOUTH BOUND.

STATIONS.	No. 1.	No. 3.
Detroit	Lv. 7:30	P. M. 4:50
Carleton	8:35	5:55
Dundee	9:15	6:35
Topeka	10:15	7:05
Adrian	10:15	7:15
Wasson	11:20	8:15
Napoleon	11:42	8:37
Malinta	12:03	9:18
Hamler	12:15	9:30
Leipic	12:33	9:49
Ottawa	12:45	10:02
Col. Grove	1:03	10:15
Lima	1:30	10:50

### NORTH BOUND.

STATIONS.	No. 2.	No. 4.	No. 6.
Lima	Lv. 5:30	P. M. 8:00	A. M. 10:00
Col. Grove	6:25	8:50	10:50
Ottawa	6:35	9:00	11:00
Leipic	6:47	9:12	11:12
Hamler	7:05	9:30	11:30
Malinta	7:17	9:42	11:42
Napoleon	7:30	9:55	11:55
Wasson	8:00	10:25	12:25
Adrian	9:08	11:30	1:30
Topeka	9:34	11:55	1:55
Dundee	10:04	12:25	2:25
Carleton	10:45	13:05	3:05
Detroit	11:50	14:10	4:10

No. 1, 2, 3 and 4 run daily except Sunday.

F. E. DEWEY, FRANK FERRIS,  
Gen'l Manager, Gen'l Pass. Agt.  
Detroit, Mich.

E. C. LEACH, Pres.

L. C. HOUGH, Vice Pres.

C. A. FISHER, Asst. Cashier.

## PLYMOUTH SAVINGS BANK

CAPITAL \$50,000.

3 Per Cent paid on certificates and savings deposits

A portion of your business solicited.

E. K. BENNETT,

Cashier

## Livery 'Bus Draying

Telephone No. 7, city phone, when you want a first class Turnout, Single or Double.

We Give Special Attention to all kinds of Draying & Teaming

GOOD STABLING, 10c

HARRY C. ROBINSON

## ARE YOU GOING SOUTH

IF SO, WE WOULD RECOMMEND TO YOUR USE

THE



From Toledo, you will find the TRAIN SERVICE THE BEST

Through Trains leave Toledo Union Depo Virginia making connections with scenic & O. R'y for all points in south.

## HOMESLEKERS

Excursion Rates to the SOUTH. BEST on the First and Third Tues. Month.

RATES VIA OHIO CENTRAL LINE ALWAYS AS LOW AS THE LOWEST

Full particulars, Time of Trains, Folders, etc., for the asking.

Address MOULTON HOUK, C. P. Toledo, O.



# THE FAMOUS Royal Oxfords

Are the Latest Styles of Black and Tan, Patent Vici and Colt Skin Shoes with extension soles and welt heel.

Patapsco \$1.50  
Men's Shoes

Are made of good, all solid leather, with sole leather counters and one piece grain inner soles. You have fit, style, price and our guarantee of a new pair if they do not wear.

Choice Line of Canvas Shoes at \$1.00 and \$1.50

**L. J. REINER.**

Corner Store,  
Gayde Block.

## Local Newslets

Mrs. Dr. Burgess, of Northville, visited friends here last Friday.

Mrs. M. Scotten, of Detroit, was in town Friday calling on friends.

Ed Pelton has moved into Chas. Shortman's house on Main street.

Miss Irene Baker, of Lansing, visited her brother, H. J. Baker, Saturday.

Mrs. Richard Reycraft, of Detroit, is the guest of Miss Maud Milspaugh.

Mrs. James Woodward and children, of Detroit, are visiting at Silas Packard's.

Mrs. Harry Swartout and children are visiting relatives at Holt, Mich., this week.

Miss Georgia Maltby, of South Lyon, has been visiting Miss Lucile Curtis this week.

Mrs. Jane Couner entertained a few of her lady friends at an afternoon tea Wednesday.

Mrs. E. P. Baker and Mrs. C. H. Rauch are visiting in Detroit a few days this week.

Mrs. Frank Lewis, of Ann Arbor, spent Wednesday and Thursday with Mrs. Geo. Shafer.

Mrs. Wm. Towner and daughter, of Muskegon, visited Miss Hattie Berdan the first of the week.

Miss Belle Hall, of Lawton, Mich., and Miss Mabel Gilson, of Detroit, are visiting at L. E. Cable's this week.

There will be a meeting of the fire department at the village hall next Monday to arrange for Decoration day.

The Maccabee memorial services will take place Sunday, June 9th, instead of Sunday, May 26th. Rev. Stephens will deliver the address.

About 25 members of Case Tent, K. O. T. M., drove to Sheldons Thursday night where the degree work was exemplified by the Plymouth team.

The subject for the Epworth League devotional meeting next Sunday night is "A nameless girl heroine." Leaders, the Misses Carrie Stewart and Jennie Granger.

J. D. McLaren, accompanied by his brother, Dr. McLaren, of Eureka, Cal., left last Friday for Beaumont, Texas, the center of the great oil fields lately discovered there.

Last Sunday the Epworth League observed the 12th anniversary by special services in the evening. Rev. J. E. Jacklin, of Detroit, the speaker, was listened to with pleasure. His address was very fine, indeed.

WANTED—Domestic, wages \$2.50 per week. Address box 402, Plymouth.

The Michigan legislature may adjourn sine die next week.

The number of cases of measles in the village ate on the decrease.

Mrs. A. C. Ackley, of Manistee, visited her sister, Mrs. C. Millard, Thursday.

A. S. Loomis and wife, of Ypsilanti, are visiting at O. A. Fraser's for a few days.

Norman Collins, of Detroit, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Walter Riggs this week.

Miss Anna Long, of Wallaceville, is visiting Miss Anna Micol a few days this week.

Under the new representative apportionment Wayne county gains two members.

Several Plymouth ladies attended the May musical festival at Ann Arbor yesterday.

Bert Morehouse and wife, of North Adams, visited Mr. and Mrs. Ed Pelton Thursday.

Several severe frosts occurred during the past week, the weather remaining decidedly cool.

Miss Mabel Spicer attended the Garlinghouse-Jones wedding at Ann Arbor Wednesday.

Misses Eva Wool and Marion White, of Northville, visited Miss Autie Reed Millard Tuesday.

Marshal Brown is so far succeeding very well in the enforcement of the laws of the village.

Dr. and Mrs. Homer E. Safford and daughter spent Saturday and Sunday at his father's, R. C. Safford's.

Dr. Patterson, a recent Detroit medical graduate, was in town Tuesday and may locate here permanently.

Heavy and light harness at the right prices, at H. W. Lee's.

Chas. Holloway has bought his mother's place on Ann Arbor street and will move there in about a week.

Nelson Riley, assisted by his pupils and others, will give a recital May 31, at the village hall. A fine program is being prepared.

There will be a meeting of the Pastime Tennis Club next Monday evening at 8 o'clock in the Plymouth Savings Bank parlors. All members are requested to be present.

The Odd Fellows didn't go to Wayne last Sunday afternoon to take part in the memorial service because no cars were running from Saturday night until Monday afternoon.

Merritt Bros. have the contract for building a new house on Main street for the Plymouth Improvement Co. Several other parties are also talking of building new residences.

Remember, there will be a special sale on all street hats and sailors at Neil B. McLaren's, Saturday, May 18th.

William Larkins was found guilty in the circuit court of receiving stolen property—sheep from the Heeney Bros. farm—last week, and Judge Fraser sentenced him to two years at Jackson.

Geo. Hines, a Pere Marquette brakeman, had his left hand caught while making coupling here Tuesday morning, receiving injuries that made it necessary to amputate two fingers. Dr. Oliver performed the operation.

Manager Prout is having the baseball grounds gotten in readiness for the game Decoration day between the home team and Brighton. The boys are doing a great deal of practice and a good game will be looked for.

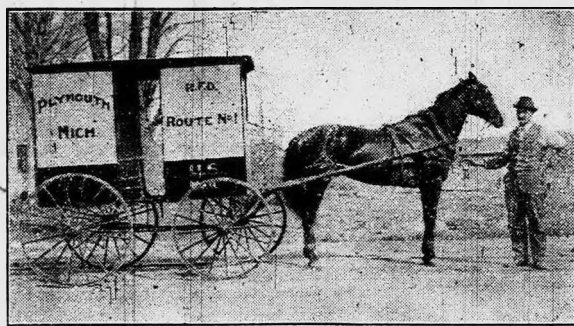
Huston & Co. have in a car load of Top buggies, Surreys, and Road wagons. Call and see them and get their prices before you buy.

Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Murray and daughter Edna, of San Rafael, Cal., reached Plymouth Sunday morning last and visited his aunt, Mrs. R. C. Safford. He is now attending a convention of railroad men at St. Paul, and will return about the 28th of May to complete his visit among his many relatives in this part of the country.

The Maccabees and Firemen will unite with Eddy Post, G. A. R., in the observance of Memorial day, May 30th. Services will be held at the village hall, and the address will be given by Rev. F. I. Beckwith. An extra fine musical program is promised. After services, the graves of fallen comrades and deceased members will be decorated with flowers, for which purpose liberal donations are requested.

The concert given by the Orchard Lake Cadets at the village hall last Friday evening was one of the finest musical events of the season, and the people who were instrumental in getting them here have reason to feel gratified over their success. The boys, under the leadership of Prof. Groom, are very proficient and that the audience appreciated their effort was evidenced by the reception given each number. The solos by Mr. Surdam on the clarinet, by Mr. Clark on the mandolin and by Mr. Curtis on the violin, were splendid and elicited rounds of applause. The bass solo by Major Atkinson was very fine and called for an encore. The whole performance was most creditable to all concerned and we hope the cadets may visit the village again at no distant future.

FOR SALE—Seed potatoes Carmon No. 2  
J. D. McLaren.



Carrier Robert Walker and his New Outfit.

## The North Side

Harry Jolliffe was in Milford on business Wednesday.

Miss Lena Ryder spent Sunday at her home in Salem.

Misses Blanche Allen and Grace Smith were Detroit visitors Tuesday.

L. C. Hassenger and sons are painting the German parsonage this week.

Miss Laura Bogardus, of Saginaw, visited Miss Matie Germer over Sunday.

Mrs. Dickerson will have an extra line of hats next week. Call and see them.

Mrs. S. R. Richards, of West Bay City, visited her cousin, Mrs. Willard Roe, Tuesday.

The coal shutes at the junction are now completed and engines are taking coal from them.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Slater and son, of Marshall, are visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Maurice Smith, this week.

Mrs. P. Gayde, who has been staying with her cousin in Detroit the past four weeks, returned home Thursday.

Earl Howell, who is working here on the steam shovel for the P. M. R. R. Co., visited his parents at Saginaw over Sunday.

Three cars of potatoes left the track at the junction last Friday morning badly demolishing them and spilling the potatoes in the ditch. The wrecker came and cleared up the wreck the same day.

## CHURCH NEWS

Preaching service at the M. E. church next Sunday morning by the pastor. Subject, "Sabbath Observance."

The subject for next Sunday morning at First Church of Christ, Scientist, will be "Soul and Body." All are cordially invited.

The ladies' furnishing society of the M. E. church are making arrangements for an ice cream social to be held Saturday, June 1st.

The Methodist society will give a birthday reception and donation to the pastor, Rev. W. G. Stephens at the parsonage Monday evening, to which all friends are invited.

Service in the Presbyterian church next Sabbath morning. There will be no service in the evening on account of the union meeting in the Methodist church under the auspices of the W. C. T. U. A special meeting of the Christian Endeavor society at 8:30 o'clock. All members are requested to be present.

The annual session of the National Universalist Woman's Missionary Society will be held May 22d and 23d in the Church of Our Father, Detroit. The Detroit ladies will entertain all visitors at the convention free. The National President, Cordelia A. Quipby, of Portland, Me., will be in attendance. The women of Plymouth Universalist church are invited to be there and any others who can attend will be made welcome.—S.

A special district school meeting has been called by the school board for Thursday evening, May 23d, at the school-house, to consider a proposition to enlarge the school capacity. More seating room is needed badly in the lower grades and either an addition will need to be built, or, as some have talked, a separate building put up on the north side of town, for the accommodation of the little ones. Much may be said for the latter proposition, but it also has its disadvantages; at any rate, it is up to the district to provide more room, and the patrons are asked to go to the meeting and give expression to their views as to ways and means to furnish it.

Horse millinery—Trimmed hats 25c at H. W. Lee's.

STRAYED—One cow and six young cattle came into my place, south-east of Plymouth, on the town line road, May third, which owner can recover by paying all damages.  
JOSEPH KOSS.

FOUND—Sum of money on Main street Saturday morning. Loser can recover it by describing property and paying for this notice.  
L. E. BRUNSON.

FOR SALE—House and lot on Ann Arbor st., near the fair grounds, and twenty acres of land one and one-half miles east of Plymouth. Address H. E. Bradner, Lansing, Mich.

Plymouth Chapter, O. E. S., go to Wayne next Wednesday evening, where they will confer the degrees of the Order for the edification of the Wayne chapter. A car will be chartered to make the trip.

Fly nets and dusters very cheap at H. W. Lee's.

A new time card went into effect on the Pere Marquette last Sunday. There are no changes that affect this station; except that the train going east at 11:00 a. m. and west at 5:58 p. m., will run every day instead of week days only.

About 35 members of the Modern Woodmen of America attended the anniversary banquet of the Northville lodge at Northville Thursday evening. A fine program was rendered, after which an elegant supper was served. The members all report a fine time.

The postoffice department has readjusted the salary of the Plymouth post-master from a \$1,500 place to \$1,700. Postmaster Hall doesn't feel bad at all over the readjustment and the only thing more that he would like is more room. His quarters are exceedingly cramped.

Mrs. George King, of Newburg, received a letter from her husband who is in California, last week to dispose of all the personal property at auction and join him. She accordingly will have a sale Saturday afternoon, May 18th, of a large quantity of farm property and live stock. John Bennett auctioneer.

There was a good house present last evening at the opera house to listen to the deliberations of the "Old Maids' Convention." The performance was creditable to the "maids" and will be repeated this evening with new variations.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION  
—OF THE—  
**Plymouth Savings Bank,**  
At Plymouth, Michigan, at the close of business, April 24, 1901.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts	\$149,642 24
Stocks, bonds, mortgages, etc.	78,473 35
Overdrafts	68 69
Banking house	4,248 00
Furniture and fixtures	3,022 98
Other real estate	4,000 00
Due from banks in reserve cities	29,773 64
Due from other banks and banks	325 00
U. S. and National Bank Notes	4,256 00
Gold coin	1,500 00
Silver coin	1,800 15
Nickels and cents	16 28
Checks cash items, internal rev. acct.	1,274 28
Total	\$282,022 32

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	\$50,000 00
Surplus fund	10,000 00
Undivided profits, net	7,923 79
Dividends unpaid	35,044 84
Commercial deposits	10,461 26
Certificates of deposit	34,701 12
Savings deposits	149,733 47
Total	\$282,022 32

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WAYNE, ss:  
I, E. K. BENNETT, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.  
E. K. BENNETT, Cashier.  
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 7th day of May, 1901.  
EUGENE P. LOMBARD, Notary Public.  
Correct—Attest:  
W. O. ALLEN,  
L. C. HOGAN,  
E. C. LEACH, Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION  
—OF THE—  
**1st National Exchange Bank**  
At Plymouth, in the State of Michigan, at the close of business, April 24, 1901.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts	\$96,221 62
Overdrafts; secured and unsecured	199 18
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	12,500 00
Premiums on U. S. Bonds	1,375 00
Banking house, furniture, and fixtures	7,383 45
Other real estate owned	5,881 71
Due from approved reserve agents	10,461 26
Internal Revenue Stamps	40 20
Notes of other National Banks	1,199 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents	62 00
Specie	8,204 25
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer, 3 per cent of circulation	625 00
Due on U. S. Treasurer, other than 5 per cent redemption fund	—
Total	\$144,463 01

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	\$50,000 00
Surplus fund	7,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	1,536 38
National Bank notes outstanding	12,500 00
Dividends unpaid	50 00
Individual deposits subject to check	25,114 83
Demand certificates of deposit	48,265 81
Total	\$144,463 01

STATE OF MICHIGAN, ss:  
I, O. A. FRASER, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.  
O. A. FRASER, Cashier.  
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 9th day of May, 1901.  
EUGENE P. LOMBARD, Notary Public, Wayne Co.  
Correct—Attest:  
R. C. SAFFORD,  
W. H. HOYT,  
R. L. ROOF, Directors.

WE ARE...  
HEADQUARTERS  
—FOR—  
**Lace  
Curtains.**

The Best Goods for the money. It will pay you to inspect our Parlors and get Prices.

We continue to lead our Competitors in the  
**Prices on Furniture**

Oak Suits, \$15.00 and up  
Couches, 5.00 and up  
Dining Room Chairs, 4.00 and up  
Rockers, 1.25 and up

**MILLSPAUGH BROS.**  
Picture Framing Cheaply Done.

**-A. A. TAFFT.-**  
**IT IS IM-  
PORTANT**

For you to know that our new Spring Stock has arrived and that we are showing the Latest Styles and best Values in Seasonable Goods. We cordially invite you to come in and see the many Bargains we have to offer.

**PINEAPPLE TISSUE**  
The very latest in Dress Goods.

A nice line of  
**MERCERIZED COTTONS,**  
in Black Colors, at 25c per yd.

We have just received a line of  
**Ladies' Silk Gloves,**  
in all shades. They are something new.

An elegant line of  
**NEW WASH GOODS,**  
in Dimities, Lawns, Percales, Prints and Gingham.

WE HAVE A NICE ASSORTMENT  
OF LADIES' BELTS & COLLARS.

**WALL PAPER**  
If you are going to do some papering this Spring, you should see our line before you buy. Latest patterns, from 5c to 50c roll.

....A. A. TAFFT

R. E. COOPER, M.D.C.M., Physician & Surgeon,  
Office hours 11 to 2; 8:30 to 9:30.  
Office at home, next to Christian Science Hall.

T. H. OLIVER, M.D., Physician & Surgeon,  
Office over Biggs' Store.  
Hours—Until 9 a. m., 2 to 4 p. m. and after 7:30 p. m.

**E. W. Green**  
This signature is on every box of the genuine  
**Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets**  
the remedy that cures a cold in one day

WE ARE...  
HEADQUARTERS  
—FOR—  
**Lace  
Curtains.**

The Best Goods for the money. It will pay you to inspect our Parlors and get Prices.

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Rockers, 1.25 and up

**MILLSPAUGH BROS.**  
Picture Framing Cheaply Done.



# Mildred & Trevanion

BY THE DUCHESS.

## CHAPTER XII.

This horrible announcement she uttered on Thursday could not fail to strike, depress and remorse into the heart of her guests; and, indeed, in Lady Caroline's breast it awoke mingled feelings of joy and terror, though she showed Mildred and Mabel the joy which she felt.

Lady Caroline attempted a faint re-arrangement, but was sternly silenced; and on Wednesday, two days earlier than that on which she had originally decided, the old lady, bag and baggage, swept out of King's Abbott, very much to the relief of those she left behind.

And now came the most trying time in all poor Mildred's life. During all of the past weeks that she had been suffering violence at the hands of her constant, striking visitor at King's Abbott, taking on rebuffs, nor open slight, nor open actions to heart, but, as might a faithful animal, attending all the more assiduously to her work, she was his acknowledged mistress.

Patience, assisted by perseverance, has ever been known to work wonders, so it followed that in process of time she became, though so imperceptibly that it was without her knowledge, necessary to Mildred; so much so indeed that love and fever grew the slight and unkindnesses on her part, while in their place a certain winning friendliness came and increased, raising false hopes in Lyndon's breast that should never have been there.

The end of all this was that close upon Christmas-time, somewhere about the middle of December, while all their minds were fully occupied with Lady Caroline's sayings and doings, Lord Lyndon proposed for Miss Trevanion, and was accepted. This blow might perhaps have effectually daunted another man; but Lyndon, still following up his crafty instincts, determined to hide his time and never surrender hope until a more favored suitor took his place.

Mildred, having lively recollections of the treatment she had received on a similar occasion, thought well to keep her own counsel in this matter; and so it was agreed upon between them to hold the entire circumstance a secret from the rest of the family—to insure which, things of course went on in the usual way, he calling every other day and she accepting his attentions which were never of the obtrusive description—in the same manner as formerly. So, well did they sustain their secret that even Lady Caroline's keen old eyes failed to detect that anything was amiss.

Sir George's affairs at this time were going from bad to worse. He had been shut up at work for the past two months trying to find the ways and means to ward off the inevitable day of reckoning, and had suggested plans and pursued theories, all of which his man of business had frowned at and pooh-poohed as utterly impracticable. Nothing but the possession of a large sum of money—and that to be written in five figures—stood between him and complete ruin; and how to secure the money was the difficulty—a difficulty beyond all surmounting unless somebody could be found who for pure friendship's sake would lend it for an indefinite period, trusting to time and chance for repayment. Such a friend was hard to find.

One evening Mildred, on her way to her mother's room, was stopped by a servant with the intelligence that Lord Lyndon had just called, and was in the drawing-room.

"Would Miss Trevanion go down and receive him, while she informed her father of his arrival?"

To which Mildred made answer that she would tell Lady Caroline herself, and went on to her mother's apartment.

When she came to the bedroom she found the door closed, but opening it glanced on toward an inner room beyond, where Lady Caroline usually sat, and whence voices, as if she were distressed, reached her. As she approached nearer, they rose still higher, and words became intelligible to her ears.

"If I do not get this money without delay we are simply ruined," said Sir George, faintly.

"Then I suppose there is nothing left you but to ask Mr. Young for it," returned Lady Caroline, in a reluctant tone.

"I suppose not," said Sir George. "Ask Mr. Young! Ask the father of the man whom she had not considered good enough to marry for money! What could it all mean?"

Mildred stopped short and pressed her hands tightly together. Surely she had not heard aright. They could not mean—she drew her breath hard and went like a whirlwind into the room.

"Then," she said, "what are you thinking of? What have you been saying? I thought you as I came along, by what right do you intend to ask money of Mr. Young—of him of all men? What could have you on him?"

"Mildred, you do not understand," began her father. "I speak of a loan."

"Yes, I do understand," broke in the girl impatiently. "Only too well! You speak of a loan; when, then, do you intend to return it—in installments, in

years? Why, you yourself told me only the other day you could not hope to see the time the estate would retrieve itself. I ask you, therefore, is it honorable to borrow?"

"Something must be done," Sir George urged feebly, "else we must starve."

"Then let us starve," cried Mildred, vehemently; "far better do that, or work for our daily bread as others have done before us, than live comfortably on other people's money. Let us be honest, whatever we are; and surely to borrow without hope of being able to repay is the very acme of all dishonesty."

Lady Caroline rose, pale and trembling. "Mildred," she said, "how dare you speak so to your father? You have altogether forgotten yourself. I think how can you presume to dictate to him what is right or wrong? Is he not your father? Are you not his child? Ah, it is because he has been so good to you that you now fall in love and obedience to him!"

It was, the first time she had ever rebuked Mildred within her memory, and her voice shook with the unwonted agitation.

"Do not speak to her like that," interrupted Sir George, gently. "She is right; she has but spoken the truth. I can now see for myself that my intention was dishonorable and dishonest."

But Lady Caroline was still stung to the quick.

"And you, you ungrateful girl," she went on, taking no notice of her husband's speech, "how can you claim to have any voice in the matter at all—who could have saved us all by putting out your hands, and would not?"

"Hush, Carry!" interposed Sir George, authoritatively. "We have had enough of that subject. I will bear no more of it. Thinking it over of late, I can see no just reason why Mildred should sacrifice herself to please her family. If I am to be beggared in my old age," he said, with a wretched attempt at a smile, "the sooner it comes to pass the better."

An awful pain arose in Mildred's heart; her mother's words had sunk deep into it. Was she indeed the cause of all this cruel suffering? Was it through her fault that sorrow had fallen upon the closing years of her father and mother?

## CHAPTER XIII.

Mildred descended the stairs and hurried across the hall, giving herself no time to think of or meditate on what lay before her, and, going into the drawing-room, found Lord Lyndon standing with his back to the fire. She went up to him, and hid out her hand.

"I want you to do something for me," she said, in a low, choked voice—"will you do it?"

"Of course, I will," he responded in his pleasant, cheery way. "Why do you ask me that? Have you yet to learn that there is nothing in the world I would not do for you if I could?"

"Hush!" she said. "I would rather you did not promise just yet. Wait until you have heard my request, for it is no ordinary one. I do not think you can grant it. I shall not think it in the least strange if you tell me you cannot."

"At least let me hear what it is," he requested, gently.

"I want you to lend me, for an indefinite period, fifteen thousand pounds."

Lord Lyndon was so taken aback that at first he scarcely recognized the importance of an immediate reply. He was rich, certainly—richer far than many men who were accounted well possessed of this world's goods; but fifteen thousand pounds was a sum that few could put their hands on at a moment's notice. He hesitated, therefore, for a little, and then recovering himself said quietly:

"What day shall I bring it to you? Or would you prefer paying it in anywhere?"

"You will give it to me, then? You really mean it? Are you sure—certain? Think what a large sum it is, and how small is your hope of repayment, and do not speak in too great a hurry."

"I am sure," he said. "I promise you."

"And about securities?" questioned Mildred, trying anxiously to recollect all that she had ever heard about money matters, and not succeeding at all.

"We will not speak about securities," answered Lyndon, gently. "Let it be an arrangement between you and me alone; I shall trust to you to repay me the moment you are able."

The utter kindness and nobility of his nature touched her to the heart.

"What shall I say to you?" she said, in a low tone, while a strange trembling pervaded her voice. "How shall I thank you?"

"Say nothing—do not thank me at all," he answered, in a hurried, pained manner, moving back a few steps from her.

thought him of what all this might portend; she thought of nothing—remembered nothing—beyond the fact that, for her, life's sweetness, liberty and tender sympathy were not.

At length, rousing herself with an effort, she went up to Lyndon and placed her hand on his. Her heart was beating wildly, her face was ashen.

"Do you remember a question you asked me about two weeks ago?" she said. "Do you still care to remember it? Because, if so, I have a different answer to make you now."

"Two weeks ago I asked you to marry me," he replied, in a forced, unnatural manner.

"And then I said 'No,'" she murmured faintly; "now—now—I would say 'Yes.'" She covered her face with her hands; a thick, dry, tearless sob escaped her.

"But I have not asked you to say it," observed his lordship, coldly, still keeping down with firm hand the rising hope that was consuming him. "What, Mildred, do you imagine that, because I have been able to help you in this little matter, I have a claim on you? You are doing both yourself and me a great injustice."

"You are too good for me," said Miss Trevanion; "and yet I know you love me. If you still care to marry me, I will gladly be your wife."

"Mildred, Mildred, what are you saying?" he cried, all the icy brave reserve breaking down in an instant. "Think what your thoughtless words must mean to me—life, hope, happiness greater than I have ever dared to dream of—and beware lest I take advantage of them. If you are saying all this—as I feel you are—from a mistaken sense of gratitude or pity, I implore you to desist and leave me as I was before."

"Listen to me," entreated Mildred, determined honestly to advocate her own doom, and holding out to him her hands, which he gently took and held. "If I tell you that I do not love you with that passionate love with which some women love the men they marry, but that I respect you above all living men, will it content you—will you take me as I am?"

"If I were quite sure you would be happy," he began, reluctantly.

"I am quite sure I should be happy," she interposed, and burst into bitter tears as she spoke.

After a little she recovered herself. "I feel nervous," she declared, trying bravely to appear her usual self, and smiling a wab, faint smile, though heavy drops were on her lashes; "you should have come to my rescue—it is not every day the proposal is made by the woman."

"My darling," he said, tenderly caressing the small hands, of which he had again possessed himself. "I hope—I think—you will never regret it. Mildred, if I were quite certain that this was for your good, and that you would never wish unsaid the words you have uttered, I believe I might feel satisfied."

"Be satisfied, then," she returned, but there was a terrible, dull aching pain at her heart, as she gave the expected assurance.

When he was gone she went upstairs again to the room where she had left her father and mother, and found them still there—Sir George standing at the window gazing out upon the snow-covered ground, Lady Caroline before the fire, as though in the act of warming herself. The traces of tears were still upon her mother's cheeks, and even as Mildred gazed a heavy drop fell upon her lap.

"Mamma, be comforted," cried Mildred, coming suddenly forward from where she had been standing unnoticed, in the shadow of the door; "I have done what you wished me to do—I have got the money for you."

Lady Caroline started and turned toward her; so did Sir George.

(To be continued.)

## WILL NOT LEND THE BOOKS.

Collectors of Rare Volumes Have a Horror of the Borrowers.

A noted book collector of New York, one whose library is filled with some of the rarest treasures of the bibliophile's heart, recently complained of the total lack of the collector's spirit among literary men. "I was recently asked by a literary man to send him a copy of an extremely rare book that I have on my shelves to aid him in some work that he is doing. Now, I want to help him all I can, and if he will come to my house he can have the use of the book as long as he wants it, under the most favorable circumstances. But send him the book—no, under no circumstances! It is not the fact that it is worth hundreds of dollars anywhere in the market, but the fact that if damaged or lost it would be utterly irreplaceable that makes the collector shudder. If it were lost or spoiled Mr. Literary Man would send an abject letter expressing his deep contrition at an untoward accident, perhaps with a check inclosed, but of the real horror of the situation I think he and his tribe could have no inkling."

## Improvements Upon National Capitol.

About \$300,000 will be expended upon the capitol at Washington during the congressional recess. Many desirable improvements will be made, and the architect of the capitol has been authorized to prepare and submit plans for the reconstruction and fireproofing of the central portion of the building and the renovation and redecoration of the rotunda. Plans are also to be prepared for a new fireproof building adjacent to the capitol grounds to be used for additional committee rooms, storage and power plant.

## UNFORTUNATE SPAIN.

Convulsion Which Threatens Another Change of Government.

In 1801 Spain was still, as in the days of Charles V., a land on which the sun never set. Among its possessions outside of the peninsula were the territory of Louisiana, extending from the Mississippi westward to the Rocky mountains, and northward from the Gulf of Mexico to the British boundary line. She had also Mexico, including Texas, and all of Central and South America, save Brazil, with Cuba, Porto Rico, the Philippines and other islands of the sea. In 1801 her domain has virtually shrunk to the territory of the peninsula. Alone of all the great nations of the earth, Spain is smaller and feebler at the opening of the twentieth century than it was at the beginning of the nineteenth, says Leslie's Weekly.

With this 100 years Spain has had more cataclysms at home even than France has experienced. Her government changed from an absolutism to a limited monarchy back and forth several times in the century. Bonaparte put his brother Joseph on the throne for a few years and ruled the country, driving out Charles IV. and Charles' son and successor, Ferdinand VII. Under Ferdinand's daughter, Isabella II., the country was convulsed with civil war through the rising of the Carlists, and there have been several Carlist rebellions since. Isabella was driven from the country in 1868, and then, in rapid succession, came military dictatorships; a monarchy under Amadeus of Savoy, brother of the king of Italy; a republic; more military dictatorships, and then Isabella's son, Alfonso XII., was put on the throne in 1875, and at his death in 1885 his queen, Maria Christina, began her rule as regent, first for her little daughter, Maria de las Mercedes, and then for her son, Alfonso XIII., born after her father's death.

Once more a convulsion for Spain seems close at hand, and now, as in the other cataclysms, the ultimate outcome defies prediction. The queen regent, being a foreigner (she is an Austrian), encounters some of the same sort of hostility which forced Amadeus to abdicate in 1873, after two years of rule. The Carlists have some hope of getting the throne, and of avenging the wrong which they claim was done them when Ferdinand VII. shut them out of making their daughter Isabella eligible for the succession.

Then, too, there are the republicans to be reckoned with. Many of the men prominent in the republican propaganda of a quarter of a century ago are still alive, and some of them are as zealous in the cause as ever. One of the men, Pi y Margall, who was at the head of the republic in 1873-74, says a republic is imminent and declares that this time the mistakes will be avoided and the republic will be permanent. All of Spain's old possessions—Louisiana, Mexico, Texas, Central and South America, Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines—are republics or composed parts of republican states. Is there not a chance that the mother country may follow the example of her children? Perhaps Spain's entrance into the list may be coincident with Cuba's—the first-born of the republic of the twentieth century.

## Indian Duck-Catching.

Last week I told you something about the lake dwellers of Maracaibo, Venezuela, and now I want to show you one of the ingenious traits of those Indians, says a writer in the Chicago Record-Herald. This was the manner in which the lake dweller hunted ducks and other water fowl. In certain seasons of the year ducks and geese are very numerous on the shallow waters of the lake, and the Indian could have sat in his hut with a gun and shot them if he had so desired. But he had a better way, as I think you will agree. First of all, he secured the shells of some large yellow gourds that grow there, carried them to the feeding grounds of the birds and anchored them with strings to the bottom of the lake, so that the gourds floated on the surface. The game would be wary at first, but finding that the yellow objects were perfectly harmless would at last pay no attention to them. Then the Indian prepared for the hunt. He took half a gourd shell and fitted it carefully over his shrick head. Then at some distance from the birds, he leaped into the water, which for miles was so shallow that he could wade with ease. He would creep cautiously toward the game, taking care that on the gourd shell and his eyes and nose should appear above the water. As he made his way among the other gourds the birds thought nothing of it. When he came close to an unsuspecting duck he seized it by the feet, and poor duck, without a squawk, suddenly disappeared under the waves. Another and another went likewise, until the Indian had all he could carry, when he would take them home to his hut.

## Gen. Booth's Good Work.

The good work done by the Volunteers of America, the Christian enterprise of which Gen. Ballington Booth and Maud E. Booth are the leaders, has increased philanthropic and religious benefits to the country. The organization is just entering its fifth year, and has preached to nearly 4,000,000 people annually. Last year over \$80,000 was raised and distributed for charitable work. A home has been opened at Newark, N. J., for young men leaving prison. Hotels for poor men have been opened in Brooklyn, New York and Chicago, and a spacious home has been purchased on Long Island for discharged prisoners. The organization is also in touch with 17,000 incarcerated men in various state prisons, and the reform that is spreading among them is encouraging.

## THE SASKATOON DISTRICT.

ONE OF THE NEW WESTERN CANADA DISTRICTS.

The Great Advantages of Settlement Where the Soil is of Unexampled Fertility.

During the past year or two a large number of American settlers (those going from the United States to Canada), have made homes in the Saskatoon district in Western Canada. They have found the climate all that could be desired and their prospects are of the brightest. In writing of it a correspondent says:

The lands for sale are choice selections from a large area, and every farm is within easy distance of a railway station. Experience has shown that this district enjoys immunity from summer frost, from cyclones and blizzards. The South Saskatchewan, flowing through the tract, is one of the finest rivers in the country, being navigable and having an average width of stream of 1,000 feet.

The agents of the Canadian government, whose advertisement appears elsewhere in your paper and who will be pleased to furnish full information, tell me that within the limits of the tract there are two distinct varieties of soil. One is a rich black loam, and the other is a somewhat lighter loam, containing a small admixture of sand. There appears to be no appreciable difference between the fertility of these two kinds of soil. Both are alluvial in their characteristics, both are marvelously productive, and both rest upon a subsoil of clay. The advantage of this formation is that it retains the heat of the day during the night, and is favorable to the early maturity of crops. Every kind of crop will here attain the highest perfection of quality. The land is admirably adapted for stock-raising and dairy farming, as well as grower grain. Some idea of the richness of the natural grasses of the prairie may be formed from the fact that more than 200 tons of hay were gathered within a short distance of Saskatoon.

and stored up for use during the winter. A growth so luxuriant demonstrates beyond all possible question the suitability of the land for pasturing cattle, and no doubt this important industry will be largely carried on.

Nature has been lavish in her gifts to this territory. Not only is the soil of unexampled fertility, but the climate is delightful and healthy. Such is the testimony of every settler, and this testimony is confirmed by enthusiastic opinions from every traveler, explorer, missionary or newspaper correspondent who has ever visited this famous Saskatchewan Valley. In former years vast herds of buffalo came here to winter from the elevated storm-swept regions south of the United States boundary line, proving thereby the adaptation of these rolling prairies to the purpose of raising stock. The land is dry, with sufficient, but not excessive rainfall, capable of early cultivation in the spring, and free from summer frosts. The configuration of the country renders artificial drainage unnecessary, and prevents the accumulation of stagnant pools; mists and fogs are seldom seen. The days of summer are full of sunshine, under the genial influence of which crops rapidly ripen. Autumn is characterized by an almost unbroken succession of fine weather, during which the crops are safely garnered. In winter it is cold, but extremely exhilarating and pleasant, owing to the wonderful dryness and bracing qualities of the air. The winter is a source of profit as well as enjoyment to the people, being far healthier than a humid climate.

Water and fuel—these two prime necessities of life are plentiful throughout the district.

Progress in Aerial Navigation.

M. Stanton Dumont, who more nearly than any other aeronaut has approached a solution of the problem set by the founder of the Deutsch prize of \$4,000 for the most successful navigable airship, has been awarded £150 by the Aero club in recognition of his efforts during 1900 to fulfill the condition of the competition, writes a Paris correspondent. The contest during the coming summer promises to be especially interesting.

## "It Seems as Though my Back Would Break."



Is it not true? Women suffer, feel the very life crushed out of them, grow old before their time. Each morning wake up determined to do so much before the day ends, and yet—

Before the morning is very old the dreadful BACKACHE attacks them, the brave spirit sinks back in affright; no matter how hard they struggle, the "clutch" is upon them and they fall upon the couch crying:

"Why should I suffer so? What can I do?"

The answer is ready, your cry has been heard, and a woman is able to restore you to health and happiness.

Backache is only a symptom of more fatal trouble—heed its warning in time.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will stop your torture and restore your courage. Your pains come from unnatural menstruation or some derangement of the womb. Let those who are suffering read Mrs. Morton's letter and be guided by her experience.

## AN OPEN LETTER TO WOMEN.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I have been so delighted with Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I thought I would write and thank you. My system was entirely run down. I suffered with terrible backaches in the small of my back and could hardly stand upright; was more tired in the morning than on retiring at night. I had no appetite. Since taking your Compound I have gained fifteen pounds, and am gaining every week. My appetite has improved, have no backache, and I look better than I ever looked before. I shall recommend it to all my friends, as it certainly is a wonderful medicine."—Mrs. E. F. MORTON, 836 York St., Cincinnati, O.



When a medicine has been successful in restoring to health more than a million women, you cannot well say, without trying it, "I do not believe it will help me." If you are ill, don't hesitate to get a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once, and write Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for special advice—it is free.

**\$5000 REWARD** Caring to the fact that some skeptical people have from time to time questioned the genuineness of the testimonials we have we are consequently publishing the following deposited with the National City Bank of Lynn, Mass., \$5,000 which will be paid to any person who can show that the above testimonial is not genuine, or was procured by obtaining the writer's special permission.—LYDIA E. PINKHAM, MANUFACTURER, LYNN, MASS.



# A Noted Knight Templar Owes His Health to Peruna

Colonel T. P. Moody, a prominent Knight Templar, is well known in every city in the United States west of Buffalo, N. Y., as a Jeweler's Auctioneer. In the city of Chicago as a prominent lodge man, being a member of the K. T.'s and also of the Masons. The cut shows Colonel Moody in the costume of the Oriental Consistory Masons, 32d degree.

In a recent letter from 5900 Moody avenue, Chicago, Ill., Mr. Moody says the following:

"For over twenty-five years I suffered from catarrh, and for over ten years I suffered from catarrh of the stomach terribly. I have taken all kinds of medicines and have been treated by all kinds of doctors, as thousands of my acquaintances are aware in different parts of the United States, where I have traveled, but the relief was only temporary, until a little over a year ago I started to take Peruna, and at the present time I am better than I have been for twenty years.

"The soreness has left my stomach entirely and I am free from indigestion and dyspepsia and will say to all who are troubled with catarrh or stomach trouble of any kind, don't put it off and suffer, but begin to take Peruna right away, and keep it up until you are cured, as you surely will be if you persevere."

"My wife, as many in the southwest can say, was troubled with a bad cough and bronchial trouble, and doctors all over the country gave her up to die, as they could do nothing more for her. She began taking Peruna with the result that she is better now than she has been in years, and her cough has almost left her entirely. The soreness has left her lungs and she is as well as she ever was in her life, with thanks, as she says, to Peruna. Yours very truly,



Colonel T. P. Moody, of Chicago, had Catarrh Twenty-five Years and Was Cured by Peruna.

tonishing. We have often published a partial list of these names, and the surprise caused by the first publication of it to all people, both professional and non-professional, was amusing. And yet we have never enumerated all of the diseases which are classed as catarrh. It must be confessed, however, to see even this partial list drawn up in battle array is rather appalling. If the reader desires to see this list, together with a short exposition of each one, send for our free catarrh book. Address The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, Ohio.

## BIG FIRE NEAR DETROIT.

Nearly a Half Million Dollars Worth of Property Destroyed.

Upwards of 50,000 telegraph poles, two sawmills, a salt block, a dredge, a tug and many thousands of feet of lumber were burned in a fire that started shortly before 3 o'clock on the afternoon of the 12th in Salliotte & Furgason's sawmill at River Rouge, causing a loss of at least \$275,000, divided among the several firms as follows: Western Union Telegraph Co., \$150,000; Salliotte & Furgason, \$14,800; John Brownlee & Co., \$42,500; Carlin, Stekney & Cram, \$50,000; Maltby Lumber Co., \$12,000; John Mason, salt well tools, \$1,000.

Fanned by the furious westerly gale that blew fully 30 miles an hour at times, the fire was soon out of the control of the village firemen and was licking up the mills and lumber piles hundreds of yards away. It swept over huge piles of lumber almost as fast as the eye could follow it, and in less than an hour had eaten its way from the place where it started to a point fully a half mile distant, where eight acres of land were piled high with cedar poles belonging to the Western Union Telegraph Co.

The fire is supposed to have been caused by a spark from the smoke-stack of Salliotte & Furgason's salt block, which is immediately west of the sawmill. Fortunately no fatalities occurred.

**\$8,000 Blaze at Ecorse.**

Almost the same minute that the spark was getting in its deadly work at River Rouge the same thing was happening at Ecorse, when a spark from a Detroit & Lima Northern switch engine fell in a lumber pile owned by G. A. Raupp & Co. In less time than it takes to tell it the small blaze, fanned by the high wind, grew to an alarming extent, until the whole pile was threatened. As sparks from the engine have started small blazes before, the watchman with the aid of several men attempted to drown out the flames with the one hose belonging to the company, but were unsuccessful, owing to the wind and a hurried call was sent to Detroit for assistance.

The people from River Rouge had their call in first, however, and the department at Detroit sent back word that all the help it could spare had been sent to the larger fire. There was nothing to be done after that, but stand by and see the lumber burn, although the efforts of willing hands saved the buildings of the company from destruction. Loss, \$8,000; covered by insurance.

Railroad Commissioner Osborn on the 15th completed for certification to the auditor-general the taxes that will be paid by each of the railroad companies doing business in Michigan. These taxes are based on the total Michigan income for the last calendar year, and are payable July 1. The taxes assessed for this year aggregate \$1,353,549.02, as against \$1,240,775.27 paid last year, the increase due, of course, to increased earnings, being \$112,773.75. The greatest increase is that of the Pere Marquette. Since 1896 the Wabash taxes have increased from \$9,000 to \$39,000.

Angusta, Ga., was visited by a \$170,000 fire on the 8th.

## BASE BALL.

Below we publish the standing of the American and National league clubs up to and including the games played on Wednesday, May 15.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.			
Club	Won.	Lost.	Per cent.
Detroit	14	5	.737
Baltimore	10	5	.667
Chicago	12	7	.632
Washington	9	6	.600
Boston	7	9	.437
Milwaukee	8	11	.421
Philadelphia	4	11	.263
Cleveland	4	15	.212

NATIONAL LEAGUE.			
Club	Won.	Lost.	Per cent.
New York	14	5	.737
Pittsburgh	12	7	.632
Boston	9	7	.562
Philadelphia	9	10	.474
Brooklyn	8	10	.444
Chicago	8	11	.421
St. Louis	7	13	.349

## THE MARKETS.

LIVE STOCK.			
City	Cattle	Sheep	Hogs
New York	14.00-15.00	8.00-9.00	10.00-11.00
Chicago	13.00-14.00	7.00-8.00	9.00-10.00
Detroit	12.00-13.00	6.00-7.00	8.00-9.00

GRAIN, ETC.			
Commodity	Price	Commodity	Price
Wheat	1.10-1.15	Corn	1.00-1.05
Oats	.80-1.00	Rye	1.20-1.30

## Great Lighting Features.

People who expect to attend the Pan-American exposition should remember: First, that the number of lights and the quantity of light will exceed that of any other equal area ever artificially illuminated, and it will be evenly distributed; second, that unusual spectacular effects will be produced by the many combinations of light and water, and these combinations are to be so graded as to climax in keeping with the decorative lights at the electric tower; third, that the electric tower basin will be the stage of the display of a combination of 1,500,000 gallons of water per hour in fountains with the light of 100 large-sized searchlights—a scene which will certainly be impressive.

**A Month's Test Free.**  
If you have fibromatosis, write Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis. Box 123, for all bottles of his Rheumatic Cure, except paid. Send no money. Pay \$2.50 if cured.

It comes as natural for a girl to like her teacher as it is for a boy to dislike his.

**Hall's Catarrh Cure**  
Is a constitutional cure. Price, 75c.

If you don't refer to a young lawyer as a legal light he is apt to be quite put out.

**FIT'S Permanently Cured.** No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE \$2.00 trial bottle and treatise. DR. E. H. KLINE, LEC., 601 ARCH ST., PHILADELPHIA, PA.

The fellow with his first camera believes in taking things just as they come.

**Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.**  
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. See a bottle.

A man's house may be his castle, but that doesn't make him a nobleman.

I do not believe Plac's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—JONAS P. HOVEX, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1901.

Tell a dignified individual to pull down his vest and you raise his cheer.

When cycling, take a bar of White's Yecatan. You can ride further and easier.

Harrowing a man's feelings won't help toward cultivating his acquaintance.

# CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

## The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

Dr. J. C. Fletcher

of

# In Use For Over Thirty Years

# CASTORIA

THE CANTON COMPANY, CANTON, MASS.

**900 DROPS**

**CASTORIA**

Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

**INFANTS & CHILDREN**

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. **NOT NARCOTIC.**

Prepared by **DR. J. C. FLETCHER**

Pumpkin Seed—  
Licorice—  
Sassafras—  
Rhubarb—  
Sulphur—  
Cinnamon—  
Ginger—  
Peppermint—  
Menthol—  
Castor Oil—  
Glycerin—  
Water—

A Perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and **LOSS OF SLEEP.**

Fac-Simile Signature of  
*Dr. J. C. Fletcher*  
**NEW YORK.**

16 months old  
**35 DROPS—35 CENTS**

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

## W. L. DOUGLAS

**\$3. & \$3.50 SHOES**

UNION MADE.

WE USE FAST COLOR EYELETS

FACTORY, BROOKTON, MASS.

It is not alone the best leather that makes a first class shoe it is the union made. We have planned the best work, leather perfect, and knowledges that have made W. L. Douglas shoes the best in the world for men. We are a substantial. Insist on having W. L. Douglas shoes with name and price stamped on bottom. Your dealer should keep them, if he does not, send for catalog giving full details how to order by mail.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brookton, Mass.

## DO YOU COUGH

DON'T DELAY TAKE

# KEMP'S BALSAM

THE BEST COUGH CURE

It cures colds, coughs, sore throat, croup, influenza, whooping cough, pneumonia and all other chest ailments. It is a sure relief in advance of age. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect, after taking the first dose. Sold by druggists everywhere. Large bottles 25 cents, and 50 cents.

## \$50 REWARD

will be paid to the discoverer of a cure for

# KID-NE-OIDS

Backache, nervousness, sleeplessness, weakness, loss of vitality, impotent kidney, bladder and urinary diseases that can not be cured by any other medicine.

The most reliable, liver and blood medicine, used at all druggists. Write for free sample. Address: **KID-NE-OIDS, St. Louis, Mo.**

## Turn the Rascals Out

We are speaking of the grip microbes. The well and strong can resist their poison, the sickly and weak are their prey. Baster's Mandrake Bitters are nature's remedy for expelling all poison from the system. At druggists, in liquid or tablets at 25 cents per bottle or box.

## SIXTY DOLLARS

worth of staple goods free to one intelligent man or woman in every county of the U. S. Write quick.

**NEW JERSEY MFG. CO., Jersey City, N. J.**

## FARMERS WESTERN CANADA FREE

If you take up your home in Western Canada, the land of plenty. This and many other giving experiences of farmers who have become wealthy in growing crops, stock raising, etc., and full information as to reduced railway rates can be had on application to the Superintendent of Immigration, Department of Interior, Ottawa, Canada, or to J. Grievie, Saginaw, Mich., or M. W. Maloney, No. 2 Merrill Block, Detroit, Mich.

## The St. Louis Show.

Everything is show, show, show. In 1903 St. Louis will celebrate the Louisiana purchase, an affair of some note in the days of Thomas Jefferson, involving disposition of 1,171,931 square miles of virgin territory. The tract reached from the Mississippi river to the Rocky Mountains, from the Gulf of Mexico to British America, and was about twenty-four times as large as the state of New York. The price paid was \$15,000,000, the cost of two or three big office buildings in this city at the present day. Now, the Louisiana Purchase Exposition already has in its treasury more money to begin the show with in 1903 than our government paid in 1803 for nearly the entire west, a princely domain of 750,035,840 acres. The municipality of St. Louis has given \$5,000,000, the federal government \$5,000,000 and the people of Missouri by voluntary subscription, \$5,000,000; total, \$15,000,000. Add to this sum the amount already received from concessionaires, or agreed upon, and you will have some \$17,000,000 or \$18,000,000.—New York Press.

## FRAGRANT

# SOZODONT

a perfect liquid dentifrice for the

## Teeth and Mouth

New Size SOZODONT LIQUID, 25c. SOZODONT TOOTH POWDER, 75c. Large LIQUID and POWDER, 25c.

At all stores, or by Mail for the price.

**HALL & RUCKEL, New York.**

**W. N. U.—DETROIT—NO. 20—1901**

## WOMEN'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

This is a new and powerful medicine for the cure of consumption, cough, and all other ailments of the lungs. It is a sure and reliable remedy, and is sold by all druggists.

## FRAGRANT

# SOZODONT

a perfect liquid dentifrice for the

## Teeth and Mouth

New Size SOZODONT LIQUID, 25c. SOZODONT TOOTH POWDER, 75c. Large LIQUID and POWDER, 25c.

At all stores, or by Mail for the price.

**HALL & RUCKEL, New York.**

**W. N. U.—DETROIT—NO. 20—1901**

## A Match Starts the Meal

If You use a

# WICKLESS BLUE FLAME

## Oil Stove

No Fuss No Muss

If your dealer does not keep them, write the nearest agency of

STANDARD OIL CO.

## POOR LITTLE JOHNNY! AND HIS "TUMMY"!

Small boys, and many times large ones, and occasionally girls, too, big and little, suffer terribly from convulsive pains of "cramps" in the bowels and stomach—pain so violent that it "doubles up" the ones attacked, and makes it impossible for them to stand up.

Some people call it colic, but most honest, plain-spoken people call it "belly-ache" and very properly, for the seat of the trouble is in the bowels, and caused by the violent efforts of the bowels to rid themselves of something which doesn't belong there. The small boy usually gets it from over-eating or from eating forbidden fruit, and suffers mostly in the summer time.

It's spring now, and "in times of peace, prepare for war." Let the boys and girls and the big folks, too, for that matter, clean out the clogged channels filled with winter bile and putrid undigested food, strengthen the 30-foot of bowel canal, liven up the liver, and "summer belly-aches" will have no terrors, because they won't happen. The way to make the body ache-proof is to use **CASCARETS**, the perfect system cleaners and bowel strengtheners. For fear that anybody in the family should ever be attacked by belly-ache, keep a box of **CASCARETS** in the house always, and remember that all pains and troubles in your insides are

## QUICKLY CURED BY

# Cascarets

LIVER TONIC

## BEST FOR THE BOWELS

NEVER SOLD IN BULK.

10c. 25c. 50c. ALL DRUGGISTS.

### CURE

all bowel troubles, appendicitis, indigestion, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul and acrid mucus, hemorrhoids, indigestion, pimples, pains after eating, liver troubles, all bow complaints, and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are getting sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It is a danger for the chronic ailments and long years of suffering that come afterwards. No matter what ailment you start taking **CASCARETS** to-day, for you will never get well and be well all the time until you get your bowels right. Take our advice, start with **CASCARETS** to-day, under an absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded.

### GUARANTEED

To cure any ailment of the bowels, indigestion, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul and acrid mucus, hemorrhoids, indigestion, pimples, pains after eating, liver troubles, all bow complaints, and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are getting sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It is a danger for the chronic ailments and long years of suffering that come afterwards. No matter what ailment you start taking **CASCARETS** to-day, for you will never get well and be well all the time until you get your bowels right. Take our advice, start with **CASCARETS** to-day, under an absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded.





## 1194 Signs of Spring

If you watch a Drug Store, you can always tell when Spring is coming. People begin to buy Sarsaparilla and Garden Seeds and Paint. We don't care how soon they come now. We have all the

### Spring Medicines, &

a good assortment of

### Live Garden Seeds

Paint Enough to  
Paint the Town. &

## The "'93 Pharmacy"

====  
**F. M. BRIGGS**

## Suits Made to your Measure

—AT—  
**FREDYL'S, THE TAILOR,**

OUR Spring and Summer Suitings and Pantings have arrived, and we are showing an elegant line of Patterns for 1901. Call and inspect them. They will be sure to please you.

ELEGANT SUITS \$15 UP. Workmanship, Quality and Price guaranteed.

**FREYDL, the Tailor**

## GAYDE'S MEAT MARKET IS HEADQUARTERS

FOR THE BEST  
OF EVERYTHING  
IN THE MEAT  
LINE. : : :

GIVE US A TRIAL GOODS DELIVERED

After this date all customers who receive their pay by the month must settle every month, and those paid by the week must settle weekly. This rule will be strictly enforced.

**WM. GAYDE**

NORTH VILLAGE.

## Salem Department

Dr. Wade was at Monroe Wednesday. Rev. W. C. Allen preached at Lansing Sunday.

Mrs. Jolliffe, of Plymouth, spent Friday with Mrs. D. M. Leitch.

Mrs. Wm. Kibly has been under the doctor's care for the past week.

Harry VanSickle, of Detroit, spent Sunday with relatives in Salem.

Mrs. Noble has been very ill for the last week requiring constant care.

Miss Nellie Smith was home from the Normal to spend Sunday with her parents.

Mrs. Tate, of Saginaw, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Bert Haywood for a few days.

Bently and Son, of South Lyon, have been in town this week doing several jobs of papering.

Mr. Chapin was at Orchard Lake on Monday and Mrs. Chapin spent the day at South Lyon Tuesday.

Mrs. Mamie Saber, wife of Dr. F. J. Saber, of Detroit, has been in Salem the past week visiting Mrs. Arthur Wheeler.

The funeral of Mrs. Aryell's mother took place last Tuesday, May 14. The Kings Daughters sent some flowers for the occasion.

D. M. Leitch, F. J. Tousey, D. R. Perkins and Wm. McLaren were in Detroit this week to see the Chicago-Detroit ball games.

Rev. Shepard and wife, of Pontiac, were in town Sunday visiting with Rev. W. C. Allen. Mr. Shepard filled Mr. Allen's pulpit at the Congregational church.

Philo Chubb met with a painful accident Tuesday. While shingling his wood house the scaffolding support gave away throwing him to the ground. Drs. Walker, upon examination, found his collar bone broken and serious injuries to his side and one leg.

Geo. C. Hickok, Curtiss, Wis., says: "Foley's Kidney Cure has been tested and found to be all you claim for it. I have given it to my father and it is the only thing that ever helped him." '93 Pharmacy.

Shortly before President McKinley's departure for the west, a delegation of colored bishops, clergymen, and so on, called to ask him to appoint more negroes to office. In reply, the President recalled a list of important offices held by colored men, enumerating the Register of the Treasury, the Recorder of Deeds, and eight or ten others. The colored brethren were forced to admit that they had been well cared for, but the spokesman said, "But, Mr. President, there is a good old Methodist church. Don't you think that ought to receive some recognition?" "Why," responded Mr. McKinley quickly, and with a pleasant smile, "the Methodist Church has the President. What more can be asked?"

### Stops the Cough And Works the Cold.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, no Pay. Price 25 cents.

Oregon, Washington and Idaho are the states to which a large immigration is now directed. You should take advantage of the opportunities and the greatly reduced rates. This wonderful country fully and accurately described and illustrated in a new booklet with a large map, which will be mailed to any address upon receipt of six cents in postage by W. B. Kiskern, 22 Fifth avenue, Chicago.

## EXCURSIONS

### VIA THE PERE MARQUETTE

Toledo, Sunday, May 19th.

Train will leave Plymouth at 9:45 a. m. Returning, leave Toledo at 6:00 p. m. Rate 50c.

Grand Rapids, Sunday, May 26th.

Train will leave Plymouth at 8:15 a. m. Returning, leave Grand Rapids at 8:45 p. m. Rate \$1.75.

### MILWAUKEE AND MANITOWOC VIA LAKE AND RAIL.

The Pere Marquette routes via Ottawa Beach and Ludington to Milwaukee and Manitowoc are now in operation. Passengers en route to the West and Northwest will find these routes desirable in the way of low rates and good service. Ask agents for full information.

### To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

### Plymouth Markets

The prices paid for farmers' products as given to THE MAIL by dealers and which will be corrected weekly are as follows:

GRAIN AND SEEDS.	
No. 1 Red Wheat	70
No. 1 White	70
Oats, white, per bu	27
Beans, per bu	1.30 to 1.35
Rye	45
DAIRY AND PRODUCE.	
Butter, cream	11
Eggs, strictly fresh	16
Lard, lb	9 1/2
POULTRY AND MEATS.	
Spring chickens, live, per lb	6 1/2
Pork, dressed, per cwt.	5 1/2
Beef	6 1/2
Veal	6 1/2 to 6 3/4
MISCELLANEOUS.	
Flour, retail price per bbl.	\$4.25
Beans, per cwt	30
Short feed	1.60
Chops	1.00
Potatoes	25



### Insects in Stored Grain.

Bulletin 127, U. S. Department of Agriculture: The chief loss in this direction from insects is to grains in farmers' bins, or grain or grain products in stores, mills and elevators, although in the warmer latitudes much of the injury results from infestation in the field between the ripening of the grain and its storage in bins or granaries. Fortunately, the several important grain insects are amenable to like treatment. Aside from various important preventive considerations, such as, in the South, prompt thrashing of grain after harvesting, the thorough cleansing of bins before refilling, constant sweeping, removal of waste harboring insects from all parts of granaries and mills, and care to prevent the introduction of "weeviled" grain, there are three valuable remedial measures, viz., agitation of the grain, heating, and dosing with bisulphide of carbon. The value of agitating or handling grain is well known, and whenever, as in elevators, grain can be transferred or poured from one bin into another, grain pests are not likely to trouble. The benefit will depend upon the frequency and thoroughness of the agitation, and in France machines for shaking the grain violently have been used with success. Winnowing weeviled grain is also an excellent preliminary treatment. Raising the temperature of the grain in closed retorts or revolving cylinders to 130 to 150 degrees F. will kill the inclosed insects if continued for from three to five hours, but is apt to injure the germ, and is not advised in case of feed stock. The simplest, cheapest and most effectual remedy is the use of bisulphide of carbon.

Bisulphide of Carbon.—This is a colorless liquid with very offensive odor, which, however, passes off completely in a short time. It readily volatilizes and the vapor, which is very deadly to insect life, is heavier than air and settles and fills any compartment or bin in the top of which the liquid is placed. It may be distributed in shallow dishes or tins or in saturated waste on the top of grain in bins, and the gas will settle and permeate throughout the mass of the grain. In large bins, to hasten and equalize the operation, it is well to put a quantity of the bisulphide in the center of the grain by thrusting in balls of cotton or waste tied to a stick and saturated with the liquid, or by means of a gas pipe loosely plugged at one end, down which the liquid may be poured and the plug then loosened with a rod. Prof. H. E. Weed reports that in Mississippi the chemical is commonly poured directly onto the grain. In moderately tight bins no further precaution than to close them well need be taken, but in open bins it will be necessary to cover the mover with a blanket to prevent the too rapid dissipation of the vapor. The bins or buildings should be kept closed from twenty-four to thirty-six hours, after which a thorough airing should be given them. Limited quantities at a time may often be advantageously subjected to treatment in small bins before being placed for long storage in large masses, and especially whenever there is danger of introducing infested grain. The bisulphide is applied at the rate of 1 pound to the ton of grain, or a pound to a cubic space 10 feet on a side.

### Horses as Freight.

The Supreme Court of Iowa has landed down a decision in the case of Lucas vs. the B. C. R. & N. Railway Company, which will be of general interest to railroad companies and horsemen. A judgment has been entered against the company for \$2,500 for injuries to the pacing stallion Larry Ginter, 2:15 1/2, while being shipped from Iowa City to Cedar Rapids. When the freight bill was made out it was made out for "an ordinary horse" and at a lower rate than would have been charged if it had been known by the railroad agent that he was billing such an animal. The railroad company claimed fraud in procuring this lower freight rate by misrepresentation and insisted that the limit of liability of \$100 on the horse should not have been exceeded. But the court held that the procurement of the billing of the animal as indicated was not a bar to collection of the higher rate by the company, hence the fraud was no bar to the payment of a higher damage when injury was done. The Supreme Court held against the railroad company and in accordance with this view.

### 50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE



Anyone wanting a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion from whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications should be confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. United States Patent Office. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the Scientific American. A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, \$5 a year; four months, \$2. Sold by all newsdealers. MUNN & Co. 35 Broadway, New York. Branch Office 225 F. St. Washington D. C.

## Rheumatism cured by Athlo-pho-ros

Sold by all Druggists. Send for Free Booklet to The Athlophoros Co., New Haven, Conn.



## Home Made Bread and Pastry

May have its advantages, but those who have tasted our goods like them much better. The production of the skilled baker, who spends all his time at this work, must excel that of even the best house-keeper, whose practice is limited. We buy supplies in large quantities and have the pick of the market, consequently our Bread, Cakes, Pies, etc., are the very best made.

**G. A. TAYLOR, Prop.**

Bakery and Restaurant.

## "Saving at the Spigot Wasting at the Bung"



That's what buying poor paint means. Paint may be low-priced by the gallon and be extravagant to use owing to the poor covering power and wearing quality. After the paint is applied it's too late to save. Start right and use

## THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS PAINT

Made to paint buildings with.

SOLD BY

**Conner Hardware Co.,**  
PLYMOUTH, MICH.

## Of Positive Quality

THE MIXED PAINT MADE BY  
**The Peninsular Lead & Color Works, Ltd.**  
Is always of uniform excellence.

The certainty of reliable, uniform First Quality is what the buyer desires and expects in Mixed Paint.

This certain quality means paint that is strong and true in color—that will spread evenly—that will preserve as well as ornament—that will not blister or scale or easily rub off—that constantly looks well—that is sure to wear well.

In all these requisites the Mixed Paint of The Peninsular Lead & Color Works (Ltd.) Detroit, has never disappointed any purchaser. It is always as good a paint as pure ingredients, skilled experience and modern equipment can produce.

Why experiment when you can buy sure satisfaction?

SOLD BY

**A. J. LAPHAM,**



EXCURSION  
RATES  
TO

THROUGH WITHOUT CHANGE  
FROM DETROIT TO ST. AUGUSTINE  
DAILY EXCEPT SATURDAY  
AND SUNDAY, LEAVING  
DETROIT 12.25 NOON; TOLEDO,  
2.30 PM.; CINCINNATI, 3.40 PM.;  
ARRIVING AT ST. AUGUSTINE  
NEXT EVENING FOR SUPPER.

## FLORIDA

The Bahamas, Cuba,  
and the SOUTH.

Tickets now on sale.  
Apply for Book.  
"Winter Trips South."

For further information inquire J. A. WILLIAMSON, Dist. Pass. Agt., Toledo, Ohio.  
D. G. EDWARDS, Passenger Traffic Manager, Cincinnati, Ohio.

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Best Paper in Western Wayne.