

THE PLYMOUTH MAIL.

VOLUME XIII, NO 51.

PLYMOUTH, MICH., FRIDAY, AUGUST 24, 1900.

WHOLE NO. 676.

Tempting Furniture ...Prices

Sure to interest Economical Buyers.

We have been very fortunate in securing some

Choice Bargains!

In the Furniture Line, which we propose to give the people the benefit of.

BEDROOM SUITES

A good Ash Suite, 20x24 Bevel Plate, our price only...\$14.00
 A good Ash Suite, 20x30 Bevel Plate, former price \$21.00 now... 17.50
 A good Ash Suite, 24x30 Bevel Plate, former price \$25.00 now... 21.00

The best Oak Suite on the market for the price—22x28 French Bevel Plate, Serpentine Top Drawers, only 18.75
 Oak Suites, 24x30 Bevel Plate, former price \$26, only... 23.00
 Oak Suites, 26x32, French bevel plate, formerly \$33, only 30.00

Woven Wire Springs, from \$1.45 up to \$4.00

Large Line of Iron Beds, from \$3.25 up to \$12

In Couches we have the Finest Assortment in Town.

25 different patterns to select from, ranging in price from \$4.25 up to \$23, in which we will give you a discount of from \$1 to \$3 on every couch.

250 Different Styles of Rockers to Select From

From \$1.25 up to \$16, on which we will shave the price from 25c to \$3 on each Rocker.

15 Different Styles of Dining Chairs,

On which we will cut the prices from 50c to \$2.00 per set.

LARGE LINE OF SIDEBARDS,

On which we will slash the price from \$2 to \$5 on every Board.

Lowest Possible Estimates Made on all Shade Goods.

Everything in stock will meet the same fate. Can you pass these goods up at these mutilated prices? Come while they last. You will not always get these goods for a little or nothing. **The time to buy is now!** We are in the Furniture and Undertaking business and are here to stay. It may be to your interest to look into our Prices, for in so doing you find a little something out.

BASSETT & SON,

Furniture Dealers and Undertakers, Masonic Block, Plymouth

GAYDE'S MEAT MARKET

The Best of Everything in the Meat Line.

PORK SAUSAGE,

We have our own brand of the finest always on hand.

Steamed Ham for Cold Meats—Try it. Goods delivered to any part of the village free. Give us a call.

After this date all customers who receive their pay by the month must settle every month, and those paid by the week must settle weekly. This rule will be strictly enforced.

WM. GAYDE

NORTH VILLAGE.

Pencil and Pastepot

The Michigan Steve Co., of Detroit, Chicago, Buffalo, makers of Garland stoves and ranges, have been awarded first prize at the Paris exposition, in competition with the world.

Lewis F. Wendt, of Wayne, is hustling around among the farmers in this district working in the interests of his candidacy for state senator. He says the outlook is bright for a successful contest.

A colored campmeeting opened yesterday in Goldsmith's grove, Wayne, with a flourish of trumpets. E. H. Johnson of Ypsilanti has control of the affair and has secured Rev. Murphy of Tennessee to preach.

Among the jurors drawn for the September term of the Wayne circuit court are the following: W. C. Grace, Denton; John S. Egler, Chas. F. Frank, and Fred Thom, Wayne; Geo. H. Truesdel, Sheldon; A. O. Huston and Chas. C. Allen, Plymouth; Christ. Landau, Northville.

A Northville dispatch under date of Aug. 18, says: Horse thieves got in their work again last night. They stole Thomas G. Richardson's best farm horse and stole a harness and buggy from Mr. Smith. Over toward Farmington four other horses were taken. No trace of the thieves has yet been found.

A bunch of girls at the depot the other evening were discussing young men in general, and a certain one with a base ball moustache in particular was being dissected when one of the girls convulsed the others by exclaiming innocently, "That boy's moustache tickles me." It was some time before she understood why they laughed.—Capac News.

The advertising rate of the Ladies' Home Journal is 884 an inch, or 86 an agate line, each insertion. Merchants who think they are testing the value of advertising by putting a quarter column advertisement at holiday times in the local paper at a cost of 50 cents, would probably have heart failure if a Ladies' Home Journal advertising man called on them.—Hastings Banner.

There are many liars in the south as well as in Michigan. The Mobile News says an artist in that city painted a dog so natural that the animal had hydrophobia during the hot weather. He is the same who painted a copy of a beer bottle with such skill that the cork flew out just as he was finishing it. And after he was married he painted a picture of his first baby so lifelike that it cried and his wife spanked it before she noticed her mistake.

There is no need of a man living until he is fifty years old to blow in a shot gun that is not loaded, buying gold bricks, guzzling patent medicines, lighting fires with kerosene, skating on thin ice, trying to beat other men at their own games, endorsing friends' notes and thinking he knows it all. The school of experience is a good one, but it is rather expensive and one way to avoid the experience is to keep a close lookout for the experience of others, which can be done by observation. There is no use drowning in the same hole where another man drowned the day before if one will only keep out.

It is a curious fact, which may or may not be repeated this year that in every election for President in which the same candidates confronted each other twice in succession the nominee who was beaten in the first instance won in the second. Jefferson, who was defeated by John Adams in 1792, defeated Adams in 1800, Jackson, who was left behind by John Quincy Adams in 1824, was far ahead of Adams in 1828. William Henry Harrison, who was easily beaten by Van Buren in 1836 just as easily defeated Van Buren in 1840. Cleveland, who was 65 in the minority in 1888 against Benjamin Harrison, had a majority of more than that figure over Harrison in 1892.

The marriage of a Mr. McFee and Grace Hern was announced in our columns last week. It is our duty this week to say that the marriage bonds were not tied well enough to hold the young people together until the week was passed. They set up housekeeping on South Sophia street, but it seems that they were mistaken as to the extent of their affection for each other, and about midnight Saturday the bride fled in evening dress to her mother's home. She is a pretty and apparently intelligent young lady and her description of the character of the creature she took for a husband is not complimentary and if true would make

a good case of assault and battery in a criminal court. He tells an entirely different story and lays the blame on her. Each of the young people have carted their furniture home.—Wayne Review.

The mass Prohibition county convention at Detroit last week Thursday elected delegates to the state convention, among others being, Rev. O. M. Thrasher, of Northville, H. B. Jolliffe and R. C. Safford, of Plymouth, and J. Harrison, of Canton.

The county ticket nominated is as follows: Sheriff, H. B. Jolliffe, of Plymouth; county treasurer, Charles Yerge, of Detroit; probate judge, Henry Russel, of Detroit; register of deeds, R. C. Safford, of Plymouth. The county committee will make selections for prosecuting attorney and two Circuit Court commissioners. The nominee for county surveyor is H. L. Russel; auditor, O. H. Elliot, of Detroit; coroners, W. S. Safford, of Dearborn, and L. B. Dodge, of Detroit.

It may not be generally known that skim milk or buttermilk readily mixes with kerosene, forming an emulsion which destroys insects without the danger of injury to animals or plants on which they might be that might result from the use of the pure oil or of oil and water. We first learned of this from using this mixture for the scale insect, or mite, which causes scaly legs on fowl. We found that one or two dippings or washings with it would cure the worst case of scaly leg and leave the skin as smooth as when first hatched. We never had occasion to try it for lousy animals, for we never had one, but we do not hesitate to recommend it, and we have lately seen its use advised for ticks on sheep, using a gill of kerosene to one gallon of milk. We did not make our mixture so strong of kerosene as that, but perhaps the larger tick may need a stronger application than an insect so small as to be scarcely visible to the naked eye.—American Cultivator.

What people most want is something mild and gentle, when in need of a physic. Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets fill the bill, to a dot. They are easy to take and pleasant in effect. For sale at Meiler's drug store.

Abner Lane, an honest old farmer of Salem, was in the city yesterday and related how two peddlers had flim-flamed him out of five dollars. They came along to his farm and wanted to trade horses. They said they had a good horse and after looking him all over Lane concluded that he would trade. He gave them his horse and five dollars to boot. As soon as the exchange was made the peddlers told him that the horse they had given him was a ferocious animal—that it would kick and bite and do all kinds of mean things. Lane said he did not want such an animal and so they traded back. But the fellows maintained that they would keep the five dollars and did so.—Ann Arbor Argus.

The laws of health require that the bowels move once a day and one of the penalties for violating this law is piles. Keep your bowels regular by taking a dose of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets when necessary and you will never have that severe punishment inflicted upon you. Price 25c. For sale at Meiler's drug store, Plymouth.

How's Your Stomach?

If troubled with dyspepsia, cure it at once. Begin at the seat of the disease. Make the blood pure and the liver active. **Knorr Stomach Tablets** cure all stomach disorders. Fifty doses, 50 cents. At all druggists.

Plymouth Markets.

The prices paid for farmers' products as given to THE MAIL by dealers and which will be corrected weekly are as follows:

GRAIN AND BREEDS.	
No. 2 Red Wheat	..... 70
No. 2 White	..... 68
Olds white, per bu.	..... 71
Barley, per bu.	..... 1.70 to 1.80
Rye	..... 45
DAIRY AND PRODUCE.	
Butter, cream	..... 30
..... strictly fresh	..... 31
Lard, lb.	..... 06 to 07
POULTRY AND MEATS.	
Spring chickens, live, per lb.	..... 06
Pork dressed, per cwt.	..... 06
.....	..... 06
.....	..... 07 to 07 1/2
MISCELLANEOUS.	
Flour, retail price per bu.	..... 83.75
.....	..... 80
.....	..... 80
.....	..... 80
.....	..... 80

I WILL PAY

All parties making purchases of me for over 75c.

THEIR CAR FARE

from Plymouth to Northville and return.

N. H. CAVERLY,

The Harness Man of Northville
 Opposite Postoffice.
 Repairing a Specialty.

GUESS! GUESS! GUESS!

How many Collar Buttons are there in the jar?

A Guess with every Purchase of

25c.

First Prize.....\$1.00 Necktie
 Second Prize......50 Necktie
 Third Prize......25 Necktie

Buttons will be counted 9 p. m. Saturday, Aug. 25

Specials for the Week.

\$1.00 Neckwear @ 73c | 50c Neckwear @ 38c
 .75 Neckwear @ 49c | 25c Neckwear @ 19c
 A big lot at 5c and 8c.

J. W. OLIVER

We are Going to Clean Up on 'em.

Every Hat, Every Cap, Every Shirt Waist, Every Skirt and Wrapper, worth from 50c to \$3 00, will be sold at from

10 Cents to \$1.00!

Thousands of yards of

Seasonable Dress Fabrics

WILL BE SOLD AT

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES

Percales, Piques, Madras, Dimity, Cambrics, Gingham, worth from 10c to 20c per yard,

Now 5 to 10 cents per yard

HILLMER & CO.

Near Village Hall.

The New Meat Market

Solicits the patronage of all lovers of

GOOD MEAT.

Our line consists of

Fresh Pork, Salt Pork, Sausage and Ham, Roast Beef, Dried Beef, Veal, Bacon and Lamb

We call for your orders and quote you Low Prices. When in want of a Sirloin try one of our slices.

SCHILKE & BELLEN

Successors to H. Harris.

HOMESEEEKERS' EXCURSION

For full particulars call on Agents of Ohio Central Lines, or address, Moulton Houk, General Pass. Agt., Toledo, Ohio.
 Send in your subscription to The Mail—only \$1 per year.
 Via Ohio Central Lines.
 To Points in the West, Southwest and South, August 7th and 21st. One Fare plus \$2.00 for the Round Trip.

ALLIES IN SACRED CITY.

Report That They Entered Friday, Aug. 17.

HOLY OF HOLIES IN PEKIN.

Story of How Chinese Capital Was Captured Told by the Chicago Record Correspondent—Relief Came Just in Time to Prevent Annihilation.

London, Aug. 22.—The following dispatch has been received from Rear Admiral Bruce:

Taken, Aug. 19 (Sunday). The allies are reported to have entered the sacred city of Pekin, Friday, Aug. 17.

ALLIES CALL FOR AID.

Forced March Bet'g Made to Re-enforce the Forces Now at Pekin.

Rome, Aug. 22.—A cablegram has been received from the commander of the Italian warship Fieramosca, at Taku, stating he had dispatched 400 marines to the aid of the allies at Pekin.

He did this, he explains, at the request of the allies at Pekin, who sent urgently on Saturday for reinforcements. They asked for troops, but all that could be spared were the Italian marines. No further reinforcements have been sent north from Taku, because there are no soldiers there that can be spared.

The Italian commander reports (his report is corroborated by Japanese official dispatches) that fighting was still going on in the streets of Pekin.

London, Aug. 22.—Dispatches from Tientsin say that, in response to urgent calls for reinforcements, German, Austrian and Italian troops are now being hurried by forced marches to Pekin.

Very few men can be spared at Tientsin, for the eighty miles between there and Pekin must be kept open and clear of hostile Chinese and Boxers, the latter still making occasional forays along the route and proving extremely troublesome.

CONGRESS MESSAGE.

State Department Receives Another Dispatch from the Minister.

Washington, Aug. 22.—The state department makes public the following extracts from a cablegram received last night from Minister Conger:

"United States Legation, Peking (undated), via Chefoo, Aug. 20.—Secretary of State, Washington:—Saved. Relief arrived today. Entered city with little trouble. Do not yet know where imperial family is. Except deaths already reported, all Americans alive and well. Desperate efforts made last night to exterminate us. Mitchell, American soldier, and a Russian and a Japanese wounded, German killed. Advise Woodward, Chicago; Conger, Des Moines; Sims, Council Bluffs; Conger, Pasadena; Porter, Paris.

"CONGRER, by Fowler, Chefoo." The cabinet today decided to reject the latest appeal from Li Hung Chang for a cessation of hostilities. The reply will be communicated at once to the Chinese government with a statement of the reasons for the action of this government. The rejection is based on the non-compliance of the Chinese government with the specific provisions of the declaration of the United States under date of Aug. 12.

It is understood that this government has received an extended communication from Minister Conger, giving much later and fuller advice than those thus far received. The text of the message will not be made public at present. The state department also has received a dispatch from Consul Fowler of Chefoo, but it deals with technical features, and it is stated that for this reason it will not be given out. It is said it sheds no new light on the situation at Pekin.

ENTRY TO PEKIN.

Correspondent of a Chicago Paper Tells The Story.

Chicago, Aug. 22.—The Record today prints the following special cable from a staff correspondent:

Pekin, Friday, Aug. 17 (via Shanghai, Aug. 21).—Contrary to the agreement of the allied commanders, the Russians advanced and occupied the first door of the east gate early in the morning of the 17th (Thursday), but failed to force the second door.

As 7 o'clock on the afternoon of the 18th the British and American entered the gate near the Negation, and met with only slight resistance.

The Japanese met more serious opposition at the upper east gate all day. At midnight on the 18th they blew up the gate and entered the city. Most Chinese were killed.

The people in the legation were well but somewhat starved. Minister Conger said: "They tried to annihilate us the day before you got in. Prince Ching, president of the tsung-li-yamen, sent word that his officers had received orders to cease firing on us under pain of death."

"At 7 o'clock in the evening of the same day the Chinese opened fire, and they continued all day. If the relieving column had not arrived we would have succumbed."

"The Americans lost seven marines killed and fifteen wounded and one child died. The whole movement is purely a governmental one. The Boxers are only a pretense, having no guns. The accidental adviser of the emperor was the leader of the imperial troops here."

"In eleven days over 2,000 shells fell among us. The American marines under Capt. Myers held a position on the wall throughout the siege. Upon the

alies passing the wall, the Chinese retreated. The imperial family left four days ago for Shan Si province. It is estimated that the strength of the Pekin garrison was 10,000 men. The legation was urged to leave the city under an escort of Chinese troops, but refused, fearing treachery.

"The Chinese in the imperial city made a stout resistance. After shelling them, the allies succeeded in forcing the gate and entering the city about noon on the 17th.

"The American loss in the city was the greatest. Capt. R. of the Fifth artillery was killed."

In an interview with Sir Claude Macdonald, the British minister stated: "The Chinese broke every engagement with the foreign ministers. There is no truth in the story that the imperial palace supplied the legations with food. They sent vegetables which were refused. The total casualties during the siege of the legations were 67 killed and 120 wounded."

EMPRESS MAY HAVE ESCAPED. If She Is at Sianfu She Is Beyond Reach of Allies.

London, Aug. 22.—According to a dispatch received by the admiralty from Rear Admiral Bruce, the allies entered the sacred city of Pekin Friday.

If the Chinese government is at Sianfu there is no means of getting at them, according to the military men, without a prolonged campaign, and with an army as large as Lord Roberts' to secure the bases of communications.

Advices from the provincial capitals show that the attitude of the southern mandarins has been friendly since the allies reached Pekin. Some of the magistrates have been issuing proclamations commanding the Chinese to attend to business, to avoid sedition and acknowledging that the invasion of the foreigners is justified.

FOUGHT 20,000 BOXERS SIX WEEKS. Catholic Missionary and 6,000 Converts Rescued at Pitsang.

New York, Aug. 22.—A dispatch to the Herald from Tientsin, via Shanghai, says:

Father De Hets, a Lazarist missionary, has arrived here.

The village officials sent Father De Hets west, he, with 6,000 converts, held out for six weeks against Boxers armed with rifles and swords.

They numbered 20,000. They intended blinding or killing the whole population.

The village officials sent Father De Hets word that he must leave China, but, with a few rifles and a small cannon, he held on till Gen. Sung sent word that the Christians would be spared, but that they must disarm and Father De Hets must leave for the coast.

He was escorted to Gen. Ma at Pitsang and had been there for three days when Pitsang was taken.

The remaining converts were given one week's food by Gen. Sung, acting under orders from Pekin.

The Boxers obeyed his orders.

CHINESE ARE DECAPITATED For Befriending the Whites in Their Straits.

Shanghai, Aug. 22.—Official Chinese advices from Pekin say Hau Tung an Yi Lien Yuan of the anti-foreign party and Li Shan, a pro-foreigner, have been decapitated and that Yung Li has been imprisoned by Prince Ching.

It is added that the emperor and dowager empress are sixty miles west of Pekin, under the constraint of Prince Tuan. Li Hung Chang goes north immediately.

Hau Tung was a member of the imperial secretariate and president of the civil board. Li Shan was a member of the ministry of the imperial household. The identity of Yi Lien Yuan cannot be traced.

London, Aug. 22.—Although satisfactory details are lacking, there is a daily fierce fighting in Pekin. An official Italian report says that the struggle in the streets of the Chinese capital was still in progress on Saturday, four days after the legations were relieved. Furthermore, urgent requests have been sent to Taku for reinforcements, and troops are now hurrying by forced marches.

The Chinese troops are said to be still surrounded in the palace grounds, but any indication of an issue of the struggle is lacking. The strength of the allied forces at the start was 15,000, but these, through wounds, sickness, heat, probably 500 at the least, have been incapacitated. Of the 15,000, it is estimated that they have services of 200 or so of the disabled Europeans who stood the siege, but who have been rescued.

LIST OF MESSENGERS SLAIN. Folio's Name of Victims of the Foreigners' Messengers.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 22.—The state department received a dispatch from Consul Fowler, dated Chicago, Aug. 15. It relates to the massacre of messengers and others at Paoching, which has been referred to a number of times in the press dispatches, and has generally been conceded to have occurred on June 30. The first part of the dispatch is as badly mangled in transmission that it is impossible to make much out of it. The text is as follows:

Chicago, Received Aug. 15.—Secretary of State, Washington: Respected Aug. 15 all messengers missionaries Paoching killed June 30, premises burned. Some (eight?) Catholic mission. Rain stopped work. July 1 attacked American (board?) (Pitkin?) shot dead trying to keep gang out. Misses Morrell, Gould, taken Boxer headquarters, killed. (Baggall?) killed near (temp?) Cooper and Belgians also slain.

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SHEBOYGAN IN A STORM.

Wind Wrecks 200 Buildings in a Wisconsin City.

STORMS AT OTHER PLACES.

Death by Lightning at Mt. Clemens, Mich.—Wind Causes Rough Tideway Which Drowns Two in Lake Michigan—Southern Michigan Storm-Swept.

Sheboygan, Wis., Aug. 22.—Two hundred buildings were wrecked by a tornado which cut a path through this city shortly after noon, the property loss being estimated at more than \$300,000. Although it was the usual dinner hour, and hundreds of residents were in their homes when the storm broke; not one fatality was reported, and no one was seriously injured. Of the buildings in the path of the storm fully fifty were demolished beyond hope of repair, and 150 more were twisted about, unroofed or caved in by the flying timbers. Factories, business blocks and residences alike went down before the wind, while a brewery and a church were among the structures suffering serious damage. The tent of a horse and pony show was torn from the ground and blown away. The animals were freed and ran panic-stricken through the city. The roof of the malt house of the Konrad Schreier Brewing company was lifted from the building and carried over 150 yards and thrown into the street. It was carried over the huge ventilator of the brewery. The American Folding Bed company's plant was demolished and the sheds in the A. Zeinbal & Son's brick yards were blown down and the bricks scattered in every direction.

The storm struck the South Side Lutheran church and the steeple was blown down on two residences, crushing in their roofs. The Fourth ward schoolhouse, a beautiful building, was wrecked, one side and the front being blown in, causing the roof to fall, carrying the floors down into the cellar. The plant of the Oplenberg & Sonne-man company was partly wrecked. The home of Thomas Atkins was torn into kindling wood and strewn about the streets. A 5-year-old son of Mr. Atkins was buried under the debris and was gotten out with much difficulty. His life was saved by pillars, which piled in front of him in a corner of the house, where he had run for shelter. Among other homes destroyed were those of Charles Kotz, Herman Dehne, Henry Tillmann, Henry Schlemmer, Otto Joerns, Mrs. T. Leth, Mrs. William Groh and E. Clarenback.

Much Damage About Racine.

Racine, Wis., Aug. 22.—A funnel-shaped cloud formed near here this afternoon and moved southward. Much damage is reported from the country south of the city, where several barns were unroofed and much stock killed. The wind was followed by a steady downfall of rain for fully half an hour.

Big Storm in North Dakota.

Cogswell N. D., Aug. 22.—A heavy electrical storm passed over Sargent county. Nicholson, on the Soo road, reports twelve freight cars off the track, the depot and a windmill blown over. In this city chimneys were blown off the buildings, the depot on the Soo road was blown from the foundation, and several small buildings wrecked. Heavy damage to grain is reported by farmers.

Killed by Lightning.

Detroit, Mich., Aug. 22.—The entire lower peninsula of Michigan was swept by an electrical storm. The damage to crops is immense. From all parts of the peninsula come reports of standing grain beaten to the ground and practically ruined. The loss to farmers is heavy. Ferdinand Holtz, a young farmer, was struck by lightning near Mount Clemens and killed. The storm in Detroit swept down upon the boulevard for the biennial encampment of the Knights of Pythias and razed 1,000 of the 1,300 tents to the ground. Windows were broken in all parts of the city by the wind and rain, and upwards of a dozen buildings were struck by lightning.

Two Drowned in Tidewater.

Chicago, Aug. 22.—A big wave swept Lake Michigan, causing the water to recede 100 feet from some parts of the Illinois shore. The Chicago river level fell about four feet. While the tide was going out the current flowed with great velocity toward the lake, and when the lake's waters rushed back to the shore the river almost became a torrent and the current flowed in the opposite direction.

When the wave returned two deaths resulted, and a number of bathers narrowly escaped with their lives. The dead: Eugene Patterson, 25 years old, former bellboy at the Great Northern hotel; drowned at the foot of 16th street. William Rider, 15 years old; 2806 South Park avenue; drowned at the foot of 26th street.

Patterson was bathing when the water went out and was carried far out. He could not touch bottom and was powerless to save himself from being carried along. The wall of water soon came back with a roar, but the other bathers were only washed farther in shore and some were injured. Patterson's body was not found. Patterson came to Chicago from St. Louis, where he lived at 1016 Garrison avenue. Rider was fishing from a raft which was carried out. When the big rush of water started back the raft was overturned and Rider was thrown into the lake. His body was washed on shore by the return of the tide, but life was so nearly extinct that prompt medical attention failed to save him.

FARMER KILLS FIVE.

Wholesale Murder of a Woman and Her Children.

Arlington, Minn., Aug. 22.—Between 1 and 2 a. m., Theodore Wallert, a farmer living eight miles from here, slaughtered his wife and four children with a butcher knife, and a fifth child is so badly wounded he may not recover. The children were his step-children, Wallert having married a widow with a family. The couple had not lived together happily and recently separated, and Mrs. Wallert is understood to have taken steps for getting a divorce. The dead are: Mrs. Sophia Wallert, aged 42; Justus Steinborn, aged 20; Helena Steinborn, aged 16; Annie Steinborn, aged 13; Reynold Steinborn, aged 10. Otto Steinborn, aged 16, is so badly injured he may not recover. Baby Teresa Osterman, 2 years old, who was visiting the family, was unharmed. After committing the crime Wallert set fire to the barns, destroying the stables with five horses and nine cows, a corncrib and a large quantity of hay. About half a mile from the house he hid his bloody clothing, where it was later discovered, and at last report was making his way toward Glencoe. Sheriff Gaffke organized a posse and is hunting for the murderer.

ANOTHER WAR CLOUD.

Roumania and Bulgaria Preparing for a Clash of Arms.

London, Aug. 22.—Referring to the tension between Roumania and Bulgaria, caused by the demand of the Roumanian government for the arrest of Sarafow, president of the revolutionary committee of Sofia, the Bulgarian capital, together with the suppression of that organization, the Vienna correspondent of the Daily Express says: "The Bulgarian reply to the note of Roumania has been received at Bucharest. It is couched in aggressive terms. Bulgarian troops are being constantly moved to the frontier. The Macedonian revolutionary committee has collected 1,000 volunteers, under the command of Bulgarian regular officers, and will raid Roumanian territory. Three Roumanian army corps are mobilizing. King Charles, speaking to his officers Sunday, said: 'Gentlemen, be ready for war. It can happen at any moment. You will prove yourselves worthy successors of the heroes of 1877.' Addressing the minister of foreign affairs, he said: 'Thus do the ungrateful Bulgarians repay all the blood we shed for them in 1877. The Roumanian minister at Sofia will be immediately recalled.'

TRIED TO CAPTURE THE TOWN.

Four Desperadoes Precipitated a Hot Fight in West Virginia.

Wheeling, Aug. 22.—Yesterday afternoon at Hundred, West Virginia, this state, four men named Condy came in from the country, got drunk and proceeded to take the town. When Officer William Haught attempted to arrest them they knocked him down and beat him badly. A posse of citizens then appeared on the scene, but the desperadoes fired on them with Winchester. The posse fired back, shooting and capturing three of the Condis. The other escaped and is still at large.

Among the persons injured are: William Haught, shot through the arm; Newton Roberts, shot above the ear; E. Van Horn, shot in the arm; Chas. Tennent, shot in the leg. Others were wounded, but their names could not be learned.

New Assistant Postmaster General.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 22.—William M. Johnson of Hackensack, N. J., the president of the New Jersey state senate, who has been tendered and has accepted the office of first assistant postmaster general, made vacant by the resignation of Perry Heath, will take charge in a few days. Mr. Johnson was born in Newton, N. J., in 1847. His father, Whitfield S. Johnson, was secretary of state for New Jersey from 1861 to 1868. The son was graduated from Princeton in 1867. He was admitted to the bar in 1870. After practicing for four years in Trenton he moved to Hackensack, having married one of the most charming of the Trenton belles, a Miss White.

He is counsel for the estate of William Walter Phelps, and has many other great interests in his care. His entrance into politics was made only five years ago, when he achieved the distinction of becoming the first Republican state senator ever sent to Trenton from Bergen county. He was elected, became president of the senate and was acting governor during the recent absence abroad of Governor Voorhees.

Mr. Johnson is a close friend of Attorney General Griggs.

Boers and Guns Captured.

London, Aug. 22.—The war office has received the following dispatch from Lord Roberts: "Ian Hamilton captured two Krupp guns at Oliphant's neck Aug. 17. Three British were wounded. Hamilton engaged the Boers all day Aug. 19 at Boode Kopjes and Crocodile river. There were few casualties. Rundle reports that 684 Boers surrendered in the Harrismith district Aug. 19."

Found Shot Outside Sialoto.

London, Aug. 22.—Miss Minnie Harvey of Plymouth, a domestic employed in this city, committed suicide by taking strychnine last night. She was in the throes of death when found. She left a note stating that she was tired of living. The girl was 18 years of age.

Soldier Was Proven Fatal.

Toledo, Ohio, Aug. 22.—Joseph, the 10-year-old son of Michael Schaff of Lima, died from injuries received by being tossed in a blanket by soldiers during the encampment of the Second regiment, O. N. G., in that city. As reports are to follow.

TRANSVAAL WAR ITEMS.

The escape of DeWet after the elaborate dispositions made to surround him is humiliating to the English generals and has done some damage to another great reputation, that of Lord Kitchener.

Lord Roberts sent Kitchener to take complete control of the operations which were to end in cornering DeWet. Generals Methuen, Ian Hamilton and Smith-Dorrien were co-operating with him, as well as Broadwood's cavalry brigade, so that there must have been some 30,000 troops endeavoring to intercept the 7,000 mounted men who form DeWet's following. After being bounyed up for weeks with the hopes that this superbly led flying column would be environed, the British public are not at all pleased to hear that DeWet has got clear away again and has out-marched both Methuen and Kitchener and is heading north to join Commandant Delarey, who has taken possession of Hostenberg and seems to be practically master of the country almost up to Mafeking. As to the future, it seems that the operations may now be chiefly confined to two distinct quarters. DeWet and Delarey have wide spaces of western Transvaal and the Bechuanaland frontier to roam over, and the British hold on these districts, which were supposed to be subjugated, is extremely precarious, as the Boers are probably gaining recruits as they go along.

Lord Roberts's proclamation, after reciting the fact that many have broken the oath to maintain neutrality, and that the leniency extended to the burghers is not appreciated, warns all who break their oaths in the future that they will be punished by death, imprisonment or fine. He declares that all burghers in districts occupied by the British, except those who take the oath, will be regarded as prisoners of war and transported, and that buildings on farms where the enemy or his scouts are harbored will be liable to be razed.

The United States consul, James G. Stowe, says that when he left Johannesburg there was only three days' meat supply ahead and other food was scant, all the transport facilities being required to feed the army. Besides this, the rolling stock was worn and the resumption of mining, therefore, is impossible at present.

Gen. Dewet has managed to elude Gen. Kitchener, in spite of the fact that all the British wagons had double teams of picked animals. The Boers evaded the British by marching at night over grounds known to them, while their pursuers were obliged to march in the daytime.

A special cable dispatch from Delagoa bay says that according to Boer reports there, Gen. DeWet has turned on the British, defeated them and captured 4,000 men.

Special dispatches from Pretoria announce that Gen. DeWet bivouacked 15 miles from that city, and that Col. Mahon was briskly engaging him on the 20th.

It is reported upon British authority that President Kruger wants peace, but that his fighting commandants insist upon continuing the war.

Lord Roberts is to be given the position of general-in-chief to replace Gen. Lord Wolseley, who retires in October.

Lord Kitchener, after a forced march, has relieved Col. Hoare and the British garrison at Elands river.

BASE BALL.

Below we submit the official standing of the clubs of the National and American leagues, to and including Tuesday, August 21st:

Club	Won	Lost	Per cent
Brooklyn	57	35	.618
Pittsburg	51	44	.537
Philadelphia	44	46	.489
Chicago	48	48	.500
Boston	47	48	.495
Cincinnati	37	51	.421
St. Louis	43	51	.457
New York	37	55	.400

Club	Won	Lost	Per cent
Chicago	62	40	.609
Indianapolis	58	47	.552
Milwaukee	55	47	.537
Detroit	57	51	.526
Kansas City	51	56	.478
Cleveland	50	53	.485
Buffalo	47	62	.434
Minneapolis	43	66	.395

THE MARKETS.

LIVE STOCK.

Market	Cattle	Sheep	Lamb	Hog
New York	34 00/25 00	20 00	16 40	58 00
Best grades	3 00/25 00	2 50	4 50	58 00
Lower grades	3 00/25 00	2 50	4 50	58 00

Market	Cattle	Sheep	Lamb	Hog
Chicago	35 00/25 00	20 00	16 40	58 00
Best grades	3 00/25 00	2 50	4 50	58 00
Lower grades	3 00/25 00	2 50	4 50	58 00

Market	Cattle	Sheep	Lamb	Hog
Detroit	35 00/25 00	20 00	16 40	58 00
Best grades	3 00/25 00	2 50	4 50	58 00
Lower grades	3 00/25 00	2 50	4 50	58 00

Market	Cattle	Sheep	Lamb	Hog
St. Louis	35 00/25 00	20 00	16 40	58 00
Best grades	3 00/25 00	2 50	4 50	58 00
Lower grades	3 00/25 00	2 50	4 50	58 00

Deloit, Plymouth & Northville Ry

TIME CARD.

Cars Lv. Conner's Corner.	Cars
Going South.	Leave North.
6:45 a. m.	8:00 p. m.
7:40	9:00
8:40	10:00
9:40	11:00
10:40	12:15 p. m.
11:40 p. m.	2:35
1:40	12:50 p. m.
2:40	1:50
3:40	2:50
4:40	3:50
5:40	4:50
6:40	5:50
7:40	6:50
8:40	7:50
9:40	8:50
10:40 p. m.	9:50
11:40	10:50

Cars of the D. P. & N. make direct connection with cars of the Ann Arbor leaving Detroit on the even hour. For information about special cars, rates, etc., address T. E. Griffin, Plymouth, Tel. No. 24.

THE DETROIT & LANSING RAILWAY.

Time Table in Effect Oct. 8th 1909.

SOUTH BOUND.

STATIONS	No. 1.	No. 3.
Detroit	Lv. 7:30	P. M. 8:00
Carleton	8:25	7:08
Dundee	9:15	7:45
Tecumseh	9:50	8:15
Adrian	10:08	8:37
Watson	11:05	9:25
Napoleon	11:25	10:08
Malinta	11:48	10:18
Hamber	12:00	10:30
Leipzig	12:15	10:45
Ottawa	12:30	11:00
Col. Grove	12:45	11:15
Lima	1:15	11:45

NORTH BOUND.

STATIONS	No. 2.	No. 4.
Lima	Lv. 6:00	P. M. 3:00
Col. Grove	6:30	3:30
Ottawa	6:45	3:45
Leipzig	6:57	3:57
Hamber	7:15	4:15
Malinta	7:27	4:27
Napoleon	7:40	4:40
Watson	8:10	5:10
Adrian	9:09	6:09
Tecumseh	9:50	6:50
Dundee	10:34	7:39
Carleton	10:42	7:59
Detroit	11:45	8:45

Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, run daily, except Sunday.

F. E. DEWEY, C. A. CHAMBERS, Gen'l Supt. Gen'l Pass. Agt.

PERE MARQUETTE TIME TABLE.

In effect Jan. 1, 1910.

SAGINAW DISTRICT.

Trains leave Plymouth as follows:

STANDARD TIME.

GOING SOUTH.	GOING NORTH.
Train No. 4, 10:30 a. m.	Train 1, 8:00 a. m.
" No. 4, 3:15 p. m.	" 2, 9:15 a. m.
" No. 8, 8:45 p. m.	" 3, 2:00 p. m.
" No. 10, 7:30 a. m.	" 9, 6:15 p. m.

Trains Nos. 3 and 9 run through to Alpena.

Train No. 3 connects at Ludington with steamer for Manitowish and Milwaukee (weather permitting) making connections for all points West and Northwest.

Sleeping Parlor Cars between Alpena, Bay City, Saginaw and Detroit.

Trains leave for Toledo at 11:00 a. m., 3:30 p. m. and 7:00 a. m.

GRAND RAPIDS DISTRICT.

GOING EAST.	A. M.	P. M.
Grand Rapids	7:10	12:30
Salma	7:40	1:00
Leaning	8:04	1:24
Bales	10:46	8:08
PLYMOUTH	11:50	9:22
Detroit	11:50	10:58

GOING WEST.

A. M.	P. M.	
Detroit	8:40	1:18
PLYMOUTH	9:22	1:48
Salma	9:34	2:00
Leaning	11:22	3:50
Tonia	12:50	5:18
Grand Rapids	1:28	6:10

D. W. SHAVER, Local Agent

Ohio Central Lines

The Through Car Line

DETROIT, TOLEDO & COLUMBUS & CHARLESTON, W. VA. COLUMBUS & MARION.

Parlor Cars on Day Trains. Sleeping Cars on Night Trains. Rates Always Low as the Lowest. Ways Confer with Ohio Central Agents or address MOULTON HOUK, Gen'l Passenger Agt., TOLEDO, O.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

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Scientific American.

First National Exchange BANK

CAPITAL - \$50,000

All General Banking Business Transacted

3 PER CENT

Interest paid on Savings and Time Deposits.

Your Patronage Solicited.

O. A. FRASER, Cashier.

A. PELHAM, DENTIST.

PEPTORENE

Success

Is won by energy, enthusiasm, industry, and self-reliance. You can not have these qualities if your blood is impure, digestion impaired, or if you are troubled with habitual constipation.

Peptorene Tablets purify the blood, cure dyspepsia and constipation.

Twenty-five cents at all druggists.

Manufactured by Calhoun Remedy Company, Limited, Battle Creek, Michigan.

DRS. K. & K.

The Leading Specialists of America 20 Years in Detroit. 250,000 Cured.

WE CURE STRICTURE

Thousands of young and middle-aged men are troubled with this disease—many unconstitutionally. They may have a smarting sensation, small, twisting stream, often cutting at times, slight discharge, difficulty in commencing, weak organs, and all the symptoms of nervous debility—they have STRICTURE. Don't let doctors at present on you, by cutting, stretching, or tearing you. It is a warning sign, as it will return. Our NEW METHOD TREATMENT removes the stricture permanently. It can never return. No pain, no suffering, no detention from business by our method. These operations are strengthened. The nerves are invigorated, and the bliss of marriage returns.

WE CURE GLEET

Thousands of young and middle-aged men are having their sexual vigor and vitality continually sapped by this disease. They are frequently unconscious of the cause of these symptoms. General Weakness, Unnatural Discharges, Failing Manhood, Nervousness, Poor Memory, Irritability, at times Smarting Sensation, Swollen Eyes, with dark circles, Weak Back, General Depression, Lack of Ambition, Varicose Veins, Shrunken Testes, etc. GLEET and STRICTURE may be the cause. Don't consult family doctors, as they have no experience in these special diseases—don't allow yourself to experiment on you. Consult Specialists, who have modern life style of Diseases of Men and Women. Our NEW METHOD TREATMENT will positively cure you. One thousand dollars for a case we accept for treatment and cure. Terms moderate for cure.

CURES GUARANTEED

We treat and cure EMISSIONS, VARICOSE VEINS, GLEET, STRICTURE, IMPOTENCY, SECRET DRAINAGE, UNNATURAL DISCHARGES, KIDNEY AND BLADDER DISEASES. CONSULTATION FREE. BOOK FREE. If unable to call, write for QUESTION BLANK for HOME TREATMENT.

DRS. KENNEDY & KERGAN

Cor. Michigan Ave. and Shelby St. DETROIT, MICH.

LIVE SHEEP

Fleeces uniform in quality and length of staple are most desirable for manufacturing purposes.

The average weight of sheep received in June at the stock yards was the lightest of the year. The proportion of spring lambs was larger than usual, which reduced the weight. The average was only 81 pounds, against 87 pounds the previous month.

A sheepman says: "Tell these Wisconsin shippers that there is positively no demand for common to fair sheep and lambs. They have to sell at ridiculously low prices, and if shippers realized how low the market is for such stock no doubt they would not send them in so freely. Over 75 per cent of the sheep and lambs received the first week in July consisted of stock which buyers didn't want."

Prof. Herbert W. Mumford, of Michigan, says: With the vast amount of cheap unoccupied land in Michigan which is well adapted to sheep husbandry, combined with the present encouraging outlook for the wool and mutton industry, it is our opinion that farmers can well afford to double the number of sheep now kept in the state. Our climate and other conditions are favorable for the growth of wool and mutton and our geographical position gives us many advantages both from a breeder's and from a general farmer's standpoint.

Plans are being drawn in the bridge building department of the Denver & Rio Grande for the largest sheep dipping and clipping yards in the West. The traffic in sheep between New Mexico and Arizona and Colorado has so increased within the last year or two that the ordinary facilities for handling the stock are not sufficient. The new building for which plans are now being drawn will be erected at Chama, N. M., as soon as they have been approved by President Jeffery. The yards and buildings will be of unusual capacity and when moderately full will accommodate 7,500 sheep.

Sheep men, recently returned from the West, report a frightful condition on the sheep ranges of eastern Montana. Grass is dry as powder, and prairie fires have been raging in some sections, one fire sweeping over fifty square miles before it could be checked. They say the present generation has never seen the water so low in the upper Mississippi. No boats have run above La Crosse during the last month. Outlook for feeding at the northern points is very discouraging, with practically no screenings to be had, and ranges so bare of vegetation that the sheep must come into feed lots this fall in a weak and emaciated condition.

Burns and Weed Seeds in Wool.

Prof. Herbert W. Mumford, of the Michigan Agricultural College, says: The condition of the wool refers to the cleanliness of the fleece, the absence of all foreign substances, such as sand, burrs, chaff and all other substances looked upon by the wool manufacturer as litter. It is not because these naturally light substances affect the weight of the fleece to any considerable extent, that the wool manufacturer so strenuously objects to their presence in the fleece, but that they must be removed from the fleece before it is ready for manufacturing purposes and the process of separating these substances from the fleece is not only very tedious but very expensive, and that, as a rule, it cannot be done without more or less injury to the wool fiber. Knowing the above facts we can easily see how condition affects the price of wool, because it directly affects its value. It is not a difficult matter for the wool grower to so manage his flocks that the wool produced by them will be practically free from all litter. He must provide racks for the sheep which will permit them to eat without getting their necks full of chaff, seeds and dust. (It is, of course, unnecessary to mention the old straw stack.) He must keep his farm free from burr-bearing weeds, his flock will keep most other weeds in check. If we needed any proof that the farmers of our country are negligent about allowing weeds to grow and seed in abundance on their farms, we could visit some large wool scouring or woolen mill and carefully examine the refuse or waste from the mills and we would have abundant proof in the millions of weed seeds found. At some mills where such refuse is dumped where seeds can germinate and grow we find a large number of species and varieties of weeds.

Molasses As Food for Cattle.

A stockman of the South says: The very short cane crop of 1899 is developing an active demand for low-grade molasses. The low prices at which molasses sold in this country for a number of years, and the fact that considerable quantities of it are thrown away for lack of a market, attracted the attention of the live-stock feeders of England, and immense quantities of molasses have recently been sent abroad for horse and cattle feed, our own people seeming to be comparatively ignorant of the great food value of this by-product of sugar plantations.

Grossman states that it pays to protect pigs against the extremes of the seasons. Feeding in the moderate season is more profitable than during the very cold weather.

HORTICULTURE

Scale Insects Upon Peach Trees.

Prof. Geo. C. Butts of the Pennsylvania Experiment Station has sent out the following emergency circular: The peach trees in south eastern Pennsylvania are seriously attacked this season by a scale insect that is causing some alarm in the fear that it might be the dreaded San Jose scale. The many specimens sent to the experiment station within the past two weeks have all been the Peach Lecanium (L. Pericase). The insects are motionless hemispherical bodies of a dark purple color, almost black, measuring one-eighth inch in diameter. They cluster upon the twigs and smaller branches often crowded together on the under side of the twigs. Within the past few days the eggs, which are very numerous under the body of each scale insect, have been hatching and the young insects, mere brown specks, are moving about by the thousands over the twigs. These minute bark lice walk up the twigs waving their delicate antennae, in search of more tender food on the new growth. When they have found it they insert their tiny beak, a sucking proboscis and becomes fixed for life feeding upon the juices of the peach tree. A few of them can do no appreciable injury to a tree, but when they appear by the thousands as they do this season serious damage is caused by them, and remedial measures should be adopted. The most satisfactory remedy for these scale insects is kerosene emulsion made by the usual formula sent out by the experiment station and applied with a spray pump now. While the young insects are creeping about and before their mature scale covering is developed, their destruction with this insecticide is quite easy and sure. Not all the trees in an orchard will be attacked and it is necessary to treat those only which are affected.

The orchardist should have a hand magnifying glass to make frequent observations to determine if the insects have been killed by the application and if any have escaped with life after two days a second application should be made. Prompt and thorough work now will prove most effectual.

Michigan Fruit Prospects.

The Michigan crop report for July has the following to say of the fruit of that state:

Apples—The prospect for apples this year is on the whole better than one year ago. There are some complaints of apples falling badly, yet generally the same correspondent will report a small per cent of orchards cultivated. There is no question but what the crop can be controlled, in a measure, by cultivating, spraying and thinning, and also no doubt but what the crop pays when such measures are adopted. There are a few complaints of canker worm and some of twig blight. Some report that the Baldwin and Spy, old standard varieties, are not doing well this year.

Peaches—The peach crop this year promises to be a large one in many sections of the state. The light crop last year, together with a favorable growing season, enabled the trees not killed by the cold winter of 1899, to recuperate and set plenty of fruit buds. Where the orchards receive proper care all through the season, there will be a good crop, especially in the fruit belt and also in favorable locations outside of that belt. The profit derived from this crop depends materially upon the location of the orchard, the varieties with which it is planted and the care which it receives. There is no complaint of curl leaf or other diseases.

A general summary is as follows:

Apples—Prospects for an average crop, 63 per cent.

Peaches—Prospect for an average crop, 42 per cent.

Pears—Prospect for an average crop, 52 per cent.

Plums—Prospect for an average crop, 46 per cent.

Orchards—Per cent that are cultivated, 37 per cent.

Trees—Condition of last spring's setting, 85 per cent.

Grapes—Prospect for an average crop, 74 per cent.

Strawberries—Average price per 16-quart case, 95 cents.

Effects of Overbearing.

A tree has a certain amount of energy to be used in the production of fruit, and at first devotes its efforts to maturing as many pits as possible. This habit is a provision of nature for the reproduction of the species. This great production of pits exhausts a tree so that there is little strength left for the development of the fleshy part of the fruit. More than this, there is only a small growth made and the tree cannot ripen its wood so as to pass a severe winter without being injured. Very few, if any, fruit buds will be formed for the following year's crop, and the tree must spend this season in recuperating and developing fruit buds for overbearing again the next season. If the limbs are not propped up many will be broken, thus giving the tree a ragged and unsymmetrical shape.—C. P. Close.

A wool buyer says: It is almost impossible to definitely form an opinion as to the grades of wool that are likely to return to the producer the best profits in the next few years, as everything depends upon fashions in woolen goods, and no one can determine in what direction they will lean.

The newsboy on the corner shouted: "Evening paper—Stevens nominated for vice president!" and the people passed on, satisfied. In the next street another newsboy shouted: "Evening paper—Democrats nominated a vice-president!" and the people were curious and bought. "Who's nominated, sonny?" asked a dry old fellow eagerly. "Have a paper, sir?" was the answer. This boy was selling the news; the first boy was giving it away. It is easy to pick the winner between the two.—Boston Journal.

Stagnant Water Released.

Cutting the sudd on the upper Nile has released a mass of long stagnant water which is working its way down the river, killing the fish as it goes. At Assouan, where the great dam is being built, the dead fish have been cast ashore in millions and the odor is unpleasant. The Nile water is all the workmen have to drink, and though, when filtered, it seems to have no ill effect upon them, eels plunged into the filtered water are suffocated in a few moments.

Baden-Powell's Feminine Tastes.

Gen. Baden-Powell, the hero of Mafeking, seems to be a man of peculiarities. Among other things, it appears that he is possessed of a good many feminine tastes. He played with dolls when he was a boy, and was fond of making clothes for them after his nurse had cut them out. It is said that he did the work beautifully. The general is still an excellent cook, and considers such knowledge most valuable and even necessary to a soldier.

San Domingo's Prime Minister.

Swift Wright, formerly editor and proprietor of the Daily Journal of Logansport, Ind., is now prime minister to President Jimenez of San Domingo. Wright was a first lieutenant in the recruiting service prior to the Cuban war. He was in Cuba when Jimenez organized the revolution and went with the general to San Domingo. It is said the Jimenez owes much of his success to Wright's fertility of resource.

Shipping Earnings of Nations.

Mulhall, the statistician, says that during the year 1897, British shipping earned \$279,000,000, over half of the total earned by the world's shipping. Germany came next with \$41,500,000; Norway, \$25,000,000; France, \$24,000,000; Canada, \$17,000,000; the United States, \$16,000,000. The total earnings of the world's shipping were \$509,000,000, of which \$457,000,000 is credited to European countries.

Disease Germs Beneath Paper.

The Paper-Hangers' union in Philadelphia has passed a resolution warning the public that health "is jeopardized by allowing old wall paper to be covered with new, thereby permitting all dirt and filth to accumulate and remain, and with it germs of disease." Some ugly testimony is presented in relation to the papering of rooms in which contagious diseases had occurred.

Children in Front of Cars.

The supreme court of New Jersey has decided that the law does not require the street railway companies to give audible warning of the approach of their cars to children playing on the sidewalk. It is enough if the motorman makes every effort to arrest the motion of the car when such children rush from the sidewalk and run directly in front of the car.

Formosa Controls Camphor Product.

Formosa now controls the camphor product of the world. The Japanese annual production has dwindled to 300,000 pounds, the Chinese yield has never exceeded 220,000 pounds, while the Formosan supply, increasing yearly, reached 7,000,000 pounds in 1895, and the yield for the last four years has ranged over 6,000,000 pounds.

Soldier and Diplomat.

Sir Claude MacDonald, British minister to China, is a soldier as well as a diplomat. As a lad he joined the Seventy-fourth Highlanders, and in 1832 served through the Egyptian campaign. Later he also served with the First Battalion Black Watch, and took part in the battles of El-Teb and Tamal.

Senator Hanna's Alleged Supplication.

One of Senator Hanna's friends is authority for the statement that the Ohio boss has a strong vein of superstition in him. It is even declared that he is a regular patron of an old German woman, Frau Gutekanot by name, who lives in Cleveland and has great renown there as a soothsayer.

The Magdalen Islands.

The Magdalen islands, in the Gulf of St. Lawrence, form a little group that very few people have any knowledge of. The inhabitants, mainly fishermen, are civilized and comparatively well to do, but know very little as to what is going on in the outside world.

Senator Tillman's Effective Reading.

Frequent declarations are made among persons who attended the Democratic national convention that Senator Tillman of South Carolina, read the platform more effectively than anyone who ever before attempted such a job.

Church of 3,000 Members.

About 540 seats have recently been added to the seating capacity of Bethany church, Philadelphia. The church has a membership of 3,000, and a Sunday-school of about the same number.

Capital skating is generally to be had in Teheran, Persia, at Christmas time, but the Persians have never taken keenly to the amusement. When the late shah was alive he was so delighted with the performance of English residents on the ice that he got some skates for his ministers, who were far too fearful of losing their heads to disobey his command to put them on. Their antics on the ice amused Nasr-ed-Din to such an extent that he nearly had an apoplectic fit.—Boston Journal.

Ruined Icelandic Farmers.

About 800 Icelanders emigrated from Liverpool to Quebec yesterday, en route for Manitoba and the northwest. The recent order in council rendering compulsory the slaughter of foreign sheep and cattle at the port of arrival in Great Britain has ruined the prospects of many Icelandic farmers, whose sheep require British pasturage before they are fit for killing. This has induced many of the islanders to leave for Canada with their families.—London Chronicle.

Octave Thanet as a Mimic.

Miss French ("Octave Thanet") possesses a novel accomplishment, rare among writers. She has remarkable ability as a mimic and is able to carry on impromptu a conversation between two or more imaginary persons, modifying her voice to represent different characters. Indeed, the dramatic element is so strongly developed in Miss French that had she not found success with the pen she would have won fame as a comedienne.

Lorillard's Costly Houseboat.

Pierre Lorillard's houseboat Calman, which was burned in Florida waters a short time ago, was the most elaborate boat of the sort in this country, and the loss is estimated at nearly \$100,000. Mr. Lorillard's boat was equipped with its own motive power and so arranged that it could tow a float of stable and carriage house, the owner permitting the owner to use his own horses when he wished to land.

Duchess of Wellington.

The widowed duchess of Wellington is one of the most interesting and attractive women in England. Evelyn, duchess of Wellington—as her grace will probably elect to be called—is still a comparatively young woman, being in her forty-fifth year, and she enjoys the rather unusual distinction of being several years younger than her sister-in-law, Lady Arthur Wellesley, who is now the reigning duchess.

Clouds' Height Figured.

To determine the height of clouds an observer at each of two stations a mile or more apart measures the angle and altitude of some point of a cloud. The identity of which is ascertained from conversation by telephone, while synchronism in the observation is secured by the beating of electric pendulums. This is the method used at the celebrated observatory at Upsala, in Sweden.

Patron of Horticulture.

Prince Hussein of Ghizeh, in Egypt, is the Hussar of the most famous gardens in that region. Prince Hussein is a cultivator of flowers because he is a lover of flowers. By virtue of his success in horticulture he has become father and patron of the science in Egypt and has done much to promote the existence of the now flourishing horticultural society there.

Crane's Idea of Death.

A friend who parted with Stephen Crane at Dover, on his way to Baden-Wallen, in the Black Forest, where he died, reports this saying of his: "When you come to the hedge that we must all go over, it isn't bad. You feel sleepy, and you don't care. Just a little dreamy curiosity as to which world you're really in—that's all."

Woman Remembers Lafayette.

A Saco woman recalls with pride that she waited upon the Marquis de Lafayette when he passed through the town twenty-five years ago on his way from Boston to Portland. The marquis enjoyed his dinner and gave the waitress a silver dollar, upon which coin every one of her ten children has cut his teeth.

Suffered Extremes of Weather.

Robert Johnson, a street news vendor, died in Washington as the result of prostration during the recent hot spell. Two years ago he was terribly frostbitten in the same city and it became necessary to amputate both his feet. The operation was performed in the same hospital where he died.

Taking Arsenic.

The practice of taking arsenic in minute doses is very prevalent among the peasantry of the mountainous districts of Austria-Hungary and France. They declare that this poison enables them to ascend with ease heights which they could not otherwise climb.

Roosevelt's Ancestry.

Theodore Roosevelt's first ancestor to come to this country was Klass Mortensen Van Roosevelt, who arrived from the Netherlands in 1649. It did not take him long to become a prosperous burgher in New Amsterdam.

How He Does It.

John Harrington, who celebrated his 100th birthday in New York on independence day, is well and hearty, and says he is so, at 100 years of age, "because I keep away from worry and attend to my own business."

HEADACHES

90 per cent caused by Eye Strain,

CURED

Without Drugs and permanently,

BY GLASSES.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

C. G. DRAPER

Optician and Jeweler,

-A. A. TAFFT-

DO YOU KNOW

THAT YOU CAN BUY

Ladies' and Children's Muslin Underwear Cheaper than you can Make it?

We quote you Children's Drawers from 12c to 25c
Ladies' Drawers from 25c to 75c
Corset Covers from 15c to 50c
Ladies' Gowns from 50c to \$1.25
White Skirts from 50c to \$2.00
and other articles just received in large quantities direct from the factory.

SHIRT WAISTS

I have large quantities at almost any price you wish to pay.

WASH DRESS GOODS!

I have a large line Cord, Dimities, Swiss Mull, India Llon, Percales, French Ginghams and others too numerous to mention.

FOR GENTLEMEN

We have Straw Hats, Felt Hats and Caps, Neckwear, Suspenders, Fancy and Work Shirts and Overalls, Underwear, Hosiery and other articles too numerous to mention. Please call and inspect our stock.

Butter and Eggs Taken in Exchange for Goods.

-A. A. TAFFT-

PRINTING.

Good Printing always attracts attention, and it is only good printing that attracts the attention of the man with dollars. That's the kind we do. Come and see our samples, or ring us up by phone and we'll be glad to call on you.

The Plymouth Mail

Phone 6.

PLYMOUTH MAIL

BY F. W. SAMSEN & SON.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Year \$1.00
Six Months75
Three Months50

ADVERTISING RATES.

Business Cards, \$5.00 per year.
Resolutions of Respect, \$1.00.
Cards of thanks, 25 cents.
All local notices will be charged for at 5 cents per line or fraction thereof, for each insertion. Display advertising rates made known on application. Where no time is specified, all notices and advertisements will be inserted until ordered discontinued.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 24, 1930

F. D. Route Posters.

A circular recently issued from the office of the Post-master General reads as follows:

First. That on and after August 1, 1930, the "drop letter" or one cent rate of postage will not apply within rural free delivery limits. The two cent per ounce rate will be exacted within such delivery upon all first-class matter except postal cards.

Second. That the introduction of rural free delivery will not increase or otherwise modify the present rate of postage on second-class matter.

Third. That rural free delivery carriers will not bring to the post-office mail matter, collected by them, which may be delivered on their routes before completing their trips.

Fourth. That stamps upon mail matter collected by rural free delivery carriers, including those on matter delivered en route as directed in Section 3, will be cancelled by them and reported to the postmaster, who will derive the benefit of the cancellation if the office is fourth class.

Fifth. That until suitable rubber cancelling stamps can be supplied by the Department, rural free delivery letter carriers will cancel stamps with the indelible pencils recently furnished them for use in registering letters.

His Advice.

Prof. Clinton D. Smith of the Agricultural College and director of the Michigan agricultural experiment stations, makes a hopeful announcement to farmers relative to the passing of the Hessian fly and the prospects for an excellent crop of wheat next year, and gives the farmers valuable suggestions which they will doubtless do well to heed.

In reporting progress in the matter of fall wheat, Prof. Smith says that the Hessian fly promises to get a fair start this fall, although the parasites are becoming common. These parasites are small flies which lay eggs in the wax seed stage of the Hessian fly. While not prepared to predict as to the exact extent to which these flies will hold their enemy, the Hessian fly, in check next season, Prof. Smith says that with the intelligent aid of the wheat growers a good crop of wheat will be possible next year, and he makes the following suggestions for the fall campaign:

1. Plow the ground as early as possible, keeping down volunteer wheat and getting ready a new seed bed.
2. Sow a narrow strip of wheat early to allow of the insects laying eggs in it. Plow this strip under when about ready to sow, doing the job thoroughly.
3. Sow a little later than common, say not far from Sept. 20 in this latitude, depending somewhat upon the weather conditions.
4. Use a little fertilizer of the commercial class to give the wheat a good strong start.
5. Get all the farmers in a given community to adopt this method, as no matter how successful a farmer may be in getting rid of the fly in the fall, he will have the fly in his wheat in the spring if his neighbors do not aid in the work.
6. Advise against sowing rye for at least three reasons, viz: Rye as well as wheat is attacked by the fly; rye once in the soil is hard to eradicate and will seriously injure succeeding wheat crops; rye brings a price less than wheat and the average yield in the state is less than that of wheat.
7. Farmers should sow their usual acreage of wheat this fall, because the price will, beyond all reasonable doubt, run high next year; because the fly will probably not be as bad again for several years as it has been this year, although this will depend somewhat on the intelligent work of the farmers; because the rotation generally adopted ought not to be changed, and wheat is peculiarly a Michigan money maker.

Martin Loennecker, of Jackson, was nominated for congress at the second district convention held in Wyandotte Tuesday. Only one other candidate was presented, Mr. Cavanaugh from Washtenaw county. His name, however, was with drawn before balloting began, and Mr. Loennecker was nominated by acclamation. He is a cigar-maker at the prison city, a German, and said to be a popular man in his city, and a political hustler.

Apples from the farm of Andrew Meade of Ann Arbor town captured the third prize at the Paris exposition. Orrin Pierce of Hudson was selected as the man to make the collection from the different parts of the state and Mr. Meade's happen to be some of the best.

One single carriage for sale.
W. O. ALLEN.

"My baby was terribly sick with the diarrhoea," says J. H. Doak, of William, Oregon. "We were unable to cure him with the doctor's assistance, and when last resort we tried Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. I am happy to say it gave immediate relief and a complete cure." For sale at Meier's drug store.

The following are the officers and members and their numbers of the new Hook and Ladder Truck: Capt. Irt. Briggs; Lieut. W. H. Peck; Sec. and Treas., Harry Peck; Ladder-men—No. 1, Jay Klapp; No. 2, Geo. Knapp; No. 3, Geo. Arthur; No. 4, Will Arthur; No. 5, Herman Gottschalk; No. 6, Harry Peck; No. 7, Frank Black; No. 8, Elmer Smith; No. 9, John Huston; No. 10, Ralph Samsen; Substitutes—No. 11, Chas. Haessinger; No. 12, Chas. McLaren; No. 13, Frank Burrows; No. 14, Geo. Lane; No. 15, Lester Brown. The company meets every Monday and Thursday nights and are progressing rapidly in their drill.

Peter Dewitt, employed with the Michigan Telephone linemen, made a complaint before Justice Valentine on Wednesday against the foreman, H. McDonald, on the charge of assault and battery. McDonald claims he retained a dollar from the man's pay which he had advanced him. There was a row over the matter and McDonald threw the man from the construction car and also struck him. Pleading guilty, the Justice fined him \$5 and costs, which he paid. McDonald then turned about and had Dewitt arrested for being drunk and disorderly and using abusive language. A jury was demanded and upon the evidence they found that Dewitt was guilty, but recommended him to the mercy of the court. Marshal Weeks served the papers in both cases.

W. C. T. U.

Last Friday afternoon was devoted to the work of the flower mission. The members met at one o'clock and tied with tiny white ribbons, 355 dainty boutonnieres, which were distributed by the Misses Eddy, Wills, Merritt, and Brown to the trainmen and passengers of the electric and steam cars.

We were pleased to see by the last Michigan Union that after August 15, the address of Mrs. Jennie Voorhies will be Plymouth, Michigan. We learn however that she will spend the greater portion of the coming year in California.

Last Friday afternoon, the W. C. T. U. was treated to some music by six little girls whom Miss Ursula Hart-sough had kindly trained for the occasion.—Supt. Press.

EXCURSIONS

VIA THE PERE MARQUETTE

Detroit, Sept. 3
Labor Day and Letter Carrier's Convention
11th Annual Convention of National Letter Carriers' Association, Grand Parade at 3 p. m. 20 brass bands. Electric display in the evening, etc. Tickets will be sold by all Pere Marquette agents on Sept. 2nd and 3rd on the 2nd and 3rd at stations having Sunday trains, all good to return until Sept. 10. Rate one way fare.

Toledo, Sunday, September 2
Train will leave Plymouth at 10:30 a. m. Leave Toledo at 6:00. Rate \$7.75.

Sunday, August 28th, Detroit.
Train will leave Plymouth at 9:40 a. m. Leave Detroit at 6:30 p. m. Rate 25 cents.

Grand Lodge and Grand Rapids, Sunday, Aug. 28th.
Schwabentest or German picnic at Grand Rapids, with the usual attractions. Good things to eat and drink, music and a delightful day assured all visitors. Usual attractions at Grand Lodge. Train will leave Plymouth at 8:20 a. m. Leave Grand Rapids 7:15 p. m., Grand Lodge 8:45. Round trip rate to Grand Lodge 75c., Grand Rapids, \$1.75.

Annual Low Rate to Petoskey, Traverse City, Charlevoix, Ludington, Mackinac Island, September 4th.
Train will leave Plymouth at 6:55 a. m. Rate \$5.00 to Petoskey and Traverse City via Pere Marquette through or via Grand Rapids, Howard City via G. R. & I. Ry. Rate to Mackinac Island \$1 more than Petoskey. Rate to Ludington, \$5. All tickets good to return until Sept. 15th. See bills or ask agents for full particulars.

Chicago—Grand Army Encampment.
Tickets will be sold August 25th to 29th, good to return until August 31st, and will be extended to Sept. 30th if deposited with agent in Chicago. Rates one cent per mile from all stations. Ask agents for full particulars.

Detroit—Knights of Pythias Encampment
Tickets will be sold August 25th to 28th, good to return until Sept. 5th, and will be extended to Sept. 14th if deposited with agent at Detroit. Rate one way fare for round trip. Ask agents for full particulars.

Farm for Sale—Located 2 1/4 miles east of Plymouth, containing 115 acres. For particulars enquire A. W. Zander.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, ss.
LUCAS COUNTY,

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the city of Toledo, county and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.
FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1896.
A. W. GLEASON.

[SEAL.] Notary Public.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

To Cure a Cold in One Day
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists return the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Vacation is Nearly Over

ONLY A FEW DAYS BEFORE SCHOOL BEGINS

New Shoes and Clothing

will be needed and we are prepared to furnish them in all Grades and Prices.

Children's Vestee Suits	.....	\$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50
Boys' 2-Piece Suits	.....	\$1.50 to \$5.00
Boys' Knee Pant Suits, with vest	.....	\$4.00 to \$5.00
Boys' Long Pant Suits	.....	\$3.50 to \$10
Boys' Long Pants	.....	\$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00
Boys' Knee Pants	.....	25c., 50c., 75c., \$1.00
Boys' Solid School Shoes	.....	\$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75
Misses' Solid School Shoes	.....	\$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.65, \$1.75
Children's Solid School Shoes	.....	\$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.40
Boys' Caps	.....	25c., 35c., 50c
Boys' Hats, brown and black	.....	50c

OUR NEW FALL GOODS

are arriving every day, Stylish, Well-made, Serviceable Goods, especially adapted for school wear.

A. H. DIBBLE & SON

R. E. COOPER, M.D.C.M.,

Physician & Surgeon,

Office hours 11 to 2; 6:30 to 9:30.

Coleman Block.

T. H. OLIVER, M. D.,

Physician & Surgeon

Office over Riggs' Store.

Hours—Until 9 a. m., 2 to 4 p. m. and after 7:00 p. m.

E. C. LEACH, Pres.

L. C. HOUGH, Vice Pres.

C. A. FISHER, Asst. Cashier.

PLYMOUTH SAVINGS BANK

CAPITAL \$50,000.

3 Per Cent paid on certificates and savings deposits

A portion of your business solicited.

E. K. BENNETT,
Cashier

COMRADE

M. H. DeLong,



of Schuylerville, N. Y., who served in Company K, 8th Vermont Volunteers, had other foes to battle with after his return from the late war. He recently wrote:

"I have used Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine for nervousness brought on by the use of tobacco and too close application to business. It gave me prompt relief without leaving any unpleasant effects. The result was beneficial and lasting. I heartily endorse it."

DR. MILES' Restorative Nervine

is sold by all druggists on guarantee, first bottle benefits or money back. Book on heart and nerves sent free.

Dr. Miles Medical Company, Elkhart, Ind.

Job Printing

"Through the months of June and July our baby was teething and took a running off the bowels and sickness of the stomach," says O. P. M. Halliday of Deming, Ind. "His bowels would move from five to eight times a day. I had a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in the house and gave him four drops in a teaspoonful of water and he got better at once." Sold at Meier's drug store.

Pocket Map of China.
Latest indexed map of Chinese Empire, with enlarged map of portion of China where difficulty exists, and information relating to present crisis, mailed on receipt of four cents in postage by W. B. Kniskern, 22 1/2 Fifth Ave., Chicago, Ill.

EAT WHAT YOU LIKE.
Eat as you like. Keep strong by taking Knill's Dyspepsia Tablets. They digest any and all kinds of food. Make pure sweet stomachs and breathe. Try them. Only 25c a box.

PLEASANT, SAFE AND SURE
are Knill's Black Diarrhoea Pills. (Black-berry Compound) cure Summer complaints, diarrhoea, dysentery, cholera morbus and all pains of the stomach and bowels. 25c a box.

ORANGE HEADACHE.
Knill's Orange Headache Pills, 10 doses 10c. Cure in 10 minutes, are the best and cheapest. Never fail or leave any bad after effect. Guaranteed by your druggist.

Robinson's Livery

Open at all hours.

FIRST CLASS RIGS

In every respect.

HARRY C. ROBINSON

Commissioner's Notice.

In the matter of the estate of Cynthia M. Duntley, deceased. W. C. the undersigned, having been appointed by the Probate Court for the county of Wayne, State of Michigan, commissioner to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against said deceased, do hereby give notice that we will meet at the office of William H. Hoyt, in the village of Plymouth, in said county, on Saturday, the thirtieth day of October, A. D. 1930, and on Saturday, the twelfth day of January, A. D. 1931, at ten o'clock A. M. of each of said days, for the purpose of examining and allowing said claims, and that six months from the thirtieth day of July, A. D. 1930, were allowed by said Court for creditors to present their claims to us for examination and allowance.
Dated July 27, 1930.
WILLIAM H. HOYT,
Commissioner.

Probate Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Wayne, ss.
At a session of the Probate court for said county of Wayne, held in the Probate office, in the city of Detroit, on the eighth day of August, in the year one thousand nine hundred and thirty, Edgar O. Durfee, Judge of Probate, in the matter of the estate of Nathan T. Bradner, deceased.

Mittie F. Bradner, the administratrix with the will annexed of said estate, having rendered to this court her final account,
It is ordered, that the 5th day of September next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said Probate office, be appointed for examining and allowing said account. That a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said time of hearing, in the Plymouth Mail, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county of Wayne.
EDGAR O. DURFEE,
Judge of Probate.
HELVY S. HILBERT, Register.

Commissioner's Notice.

In the matter of the estate of William J. Key, deceased. W. C. the undersigned, having been appointed by the Probate Court for the county of Wayne, State of Michigan, commissioner to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against said deceased, do hereby give notice that we will meet at the residence of Oliver W. Fenney, in the township of Canton, in said county, on Thursday, the 25th day of October, 1930, and on Thursday, the 24th day of January, 1931, at ten o'clock A. M. of each of said days, for the purpose of examining and allowing said claims, and that six months from the 25th day of July, 1930, were allowed by said Court for creditors to present their claims to us for examination and allowance.
Dated Aug. 3, 1930.
JOHN W. CADY,
ARETUS D. FORD,
Commissioners.

Local Newslets

Mrs. Coleman is having her house reshingled this week.

Regular meeting of L. O. O. F. next Tuesday night.

Fred Garnet, of Jackson, visited at Jay Cochrane's Sunday.

Marshall Smith and family, of Redford, visited at Jas. Dunning's Sunday.

Prof. Franklin A. Peake, of Harrison, Tenn., is visiting Rev. F. I. Beckwith.

Miss Nellie G. Pierce, of Wellsville, Ohio, is the guest of Rev. F. I. Beckwith.

Miss Ida Hill, of London, Ont., is visiting Geo. Wills and family this week.

C. A. Fisher is enjoying a several weeks' vacation at Walloon Lake near Petoskey.

Mrs. S. Dunn leaves Saturday for Buffalo, N. Y., to reside with her daughter there.

Miss Rennie Pierson, of this village, has been engaged as music teacher for the Wayne schools.

The tar walk on both sides of the Coleman block has undergone some very much needed repairs.

Mrs. Jas. Dugaw, Mrs. Stevens and Mrs. Stevenson, of Detroit, were the guests of Mrs. A. Harlow Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Leach, Miss Edwards of Toledo, and Madeline Bennett spent Thursday at Island Lake.

The Plymouth Telephone Co. is putting in 'phones this week and expect to have the line in operation by September first.

Mr. and Mrs. John Hix, of Tonquish, spent Tuesday afternoon with their daughter, Mrs. Reiman, who has been quite sick.

Mrs. James Eddy and daughter Elsie leave tomorrow on a visit of several weeks with her daughter, Mrs. Avery Downing, in Chicago.

The State Pardon Board has been asked to consider an application for the pardoning of Jackson prison of Thos. A. Evans, late of Northville.

Rufus Crane and family well known here, have removed from Northville to the Livonia east town line, Clarenceville being their postoffice address.

J. F. Cullen, of the Wayne Echo, has purchased the Review of A. M. Ellsworth and the former paper will be discontinued. Two papers for Wayne was one too many.

The M. E. social in the park last Saturday evening was attended by a large crowd, the ladies selling all the cream obtainable. The Plymouth band enlivened the occasion by some of their choicest music.

Mrs. Mary Stuart Coffin, of Detroit, will deliver an address next Sabbath evening in the Presbyterian church. Mrs. Coffin is a fluent speaker and is sure to please her audience. The meeting will be under the auspices of the W. G. T. U. and a collection will be taken at the close.

W. O. Allen started the foundation for a new house on Church street yesterday, the lot having been purchased by Mrs. J. G. Morgan. Mr. Allen was just about to begin work on another new house on Sutton street west, when Mrs. Morgan made a deal and the workmen were sent to the latter place.

There will be two balloon ascensions during the fair—on Thursday and Friday afternoons—by lady and gentleman aeronauts. The base ball tournament will again be a feature, the attendance of the crack clubs in this vicinity being secured—Wayne, Cherry Hill Brighton and Carleton.

Through the recommendation of friends in Detroit, the Plymouth cornet band has been engaged by the Rochester, N. Y. U. R. K. of P., during the national encampment of that order at Detroit next week. As The Mail has before remarked, the boys furnish excellent music and their abilities are appreciated abroad as well as at home.

At a special meeting of the school board Saturday evening, Prof. J. E. Meeley was employed for the coming year. The gentleman comes here from Hastings, where he has been employed for the past four years as superintendent of schools. He brings with him some very high recommendations and will undoubtedly give eminent satisfaction. He has a wife and one child.

Quite a wind and rain storm prevailed Sunday and Monday afternoons. A number of trees were blown down in this vicinity, but there was no material damage done. In Detroit and vicinity on Monday afternoon the wind blew a hurricane, and much damage was done. The telephone company suffered especially and it was not until Tuesday afternoon that communication was re-established.

NOTICE—On account of putting in hardwood floors, I have 75 yards of Ingrain and about 150 yards of Brussels carpet for sale. Most of it is in excellent shape and reasonable in price.

W. O. ALLEN.

Frank Stringer, of Wayne, was in town Wednesday.

Miss Vera Guy, of Sunfield, is visiting Miss Zaida Briggs.

C. G. Draper is visiting in Kalamazoo and Jackson, this week.

Miss Clark, of Belleville, spent Sunday with Rose Hawthorne.

Frank Burrows has been visiting several weeks in Detroit.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. James Leslie, Tuesday, a twelve pound boy.

John Loomis, of Omaha, Neb., is spending a few days at L. Patterson's.

Mrs. Mulligan, of Detroit, visited Mrs. L. C. Hough Monday and Tuesday.

Taylor B. Geer and wife, of Delta, Col., are visiting B. and F. Tillotson, in Canton.

Miss Edith Martin, of Detroit, was the guest of Fannie Spicer a few days this week.

Mrs. Wm. McKinstry and son George of Jackson, visited Mrs. H. A. Spicer this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Pierce, of Lansing, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Hough Tuesday.

Mrs. Kate Williams and daughter, Maud, of Hudson, spent Saturday with friends in town.

Herman Ruppert left last week for Benson, Arizona, after a visit of six weeks with his parents.

Tessie and Grace Quinn, of Detroit, are spending a few weeks with their cousin, Florence Willett.

H. Harris will have an auction sale of household goods at his residence on Main street, Saturday, at 3 p. m.

Preaching service at the M. E. church next Sunday by the pastor. Subject for the morning, "Spiritual Vision."

Col. Bliss, Republican gubernatorial candidate, will speak at the farmers' picnic, Whitmore Lake, on Sept. 1st.

Mrs. Wilcox, after spending a few weeks with her mother, Mrs. Weeks, has returned to her home in Grand Rapids.

John Hanber, of Toronto, Canada, accompanied by his mother, of Thamesville, are the guests of M. R. Grainger and family.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Barker and daughter Gladys, of Sheldons, were guests of Mrs. Barker's sister, Mrs. Spicer, this week.

People who leave items in The Mail item box at the postoffice, should not do so later than four o'clock Thursday afternoon, to insure publication that week.

Saturday afternoon of this week Mrs. F. B. Adams gives a lawn tea to the primary department of the M. E. S. S., of which she is teacher. There are 68 pupils in this class and it is a picture to see them together.

Plymouth Rock Lodge, F. & A. M., will give a reception to the auxiliary of the order, the Chapter of the O. E. S., next Wednesday evening. There will be a musical and literary program. All members are requested to attend.

While trying to jump on a moving engine on the Detroit & Northwestern railroad Monday evening, at Farmington, James S. Hardy of Detroit, a conductor on that road, and well-known in Plymouth, slipped and fell under the engine. The toes and part of his left foot were cut off.

Amos Ray attended the races at Northville last Saturday and also imbibed very freely of Northville corn-juce. He came home very much under "the influence," and becoming demonstrative, was placed in the village lock-up by Marshal Weeks. Monday morning Justice Valentine assessed him \$10, which he paid.

The Boys Came Home.

Lee Jewell and Stark Durfee, the two juvenile burglars, came home Saturday ready to take their medicine, having become tired of "tramping." Constable Kinsler arrested them and took them before Judge Valentine and their trial was set for the following Monday. The Jewell boy being under age his case was referred to Truant Officer Hosmer, of Detroit.

Mr. Hosmer came up Monday morning and advised that both boys given a trial by jury notwithstanding they pleaded guilty. This was done, and after the taking of the evidence in the case, the jury returned a verdict in accordance therewith, which was "guilty as charged." No defense was made.

Justice Valentine sentenced young Jewell to the Reform School for Boys at Lansing and Durfee was given sixty days in the Detroit House of correction Jewell being fifteen years old will spend two years at the reformatory. He did not seem to realize the seriousness of his position and laughed and chatted as if the whole thing was a joke. The other boy felt bad and cried. Both were taken to Detroit Monday evening by Marshal Weeks and Constable Kinsler.

Mrs. Rockwell, agent for Dr. Larzere's remedies would be pleased to have the ladies of Plymouth call on her at Klee's hotel, Wednesday, Aug. 29th. Will be glad to explain the remedies, whether you buy or not. 9:30 to 5:30.

A CARD.—We wish to thank all those who kindly assisted in caring for our mother in her last sickness and after her death; also for the beautiful flowers.

SARAH HOOD,
T. S. HOOD,
J. E. HOOD,
and families.

The North Side

Mrs. James Dorothy, of Saginaw, spent Tuesday at Willard Roe's.

Jolliffe Bros. shipped a car load of cheese to Philadelphia this week.

Mrs. E. H. Lincoln, of Pontiac, is visiting at Geo. Peterhans, this week.

Evered Jolliffe returned Wednesday from a visit among friends in Saginaw.

Miss Lillie Blakely left Tuesday for a weeks' visit with relatives at Greenville.

Try Wetmore's colored coconut, something new: for sale by Gayde Bros.

Frank Austin returned Wednesday from Mt. Clemens, where he has been for treatment.

Miss Amelia Stever, of Detroit, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Julius Stever, this week.

J. J. VonNostitz and F. VonNostitz wife and children, spent Sunday with Wm. Gayde and family.

Harry Williams, who has been visiting in Ludington for the past two weeks, returned home Sunday.

Mrs. M. Fitzhugh and Miss Ethel Smitherman are visiting friends in Detroit and Mt. Clemens this week.

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Inslee, of Detroit, spent the fore part of this week with Geo. A. Starkweather and family.

Mrs. C. O. Dickerson returned Wednesday from a week's visit with Mr. Dickerson's mother at Manchester.

Miss Mary Born, who has been visiting at Peter Gayde's for the past month returned to her home in Bay City Tuesday.

LOST—A baby's breast pin between Robt. Walker's house and the depot. Finder please leave at Gayde Bros. store.

Mrs. J. K. Simons and son Earl, of Coleman, is visiting Mrs. Simons' sister, Mrs. Geo. E. Williams, a few days this week.

Mrs. Margaret Whaley, of Brant, Saginaw county, is visiting her daughters, Mrs. Harry Jolliffe and Miss Libbie Whaley, this week.

Miss Estelle Wickett, of Walkerville, Ont., who has been visiting her cousin, Miss Daisy Worden, for the past three weeks, returned home Monday.

Fred Moore, who has been baggage-man at the Pere Marquette depot, for several years, has given up that position and is now brakeman on a freight.

There is an opening for a good harness shop on this side of the village just at present. The vacant room in the Starkweather block would be just the place.

Rev. G. D. Ehnis left Wednesday for Toledo, where he will attend a meeting of the Michigan and Ohio Synod. Mrs. Ehnis and daughter are visiting at Saline, Mich.

The Michigan Condensed Milk Co. are now bidding for all the milk received at Plymouth and are anxious to secure a contract at once for seven months' milk.

Miss Gladys Videan, of Detroit, who has been spending a two months' vacation at Peter Gayde's, returned home Wednesday, Amelia Gayde returning to Detroit with her.

Miss Amelia Peterhans, of Cleveland Ohio, and Dan Peterhans, of Iron Mountain, spent the fore part of the week with their brothers, George and Christ Peterhans, of this place.

The Misses Minnie and Gusta Heide, Ada Westfall, Mattie Walker, Lillie Gould, and Messrs. Frank Huston, Albert Gayde and John Furlong are camping at Whitmore Lake this week.

The picnic at R. C. Safford's Friday afternoon last proved to be a very pleasant and successful affair, although many were somewhat disappointed because Dr. Sunderland was unable to attend it.

The excursion to Lansing on Saturday last was well patronized by the people of Plymouth as well as all other places along the route. Over 2,000 people were on the Agricultural College grounds that day.

A team of horses belonging to a man named Jackson became frightened at a passing train at the P. M. depot Wednesday afternoon. They broke their tie straps and after a short run through the lawns on Oak street they came to a sudden stop in front of Jolliffe Bros. store, where they struck one of the new poles of the Plymouth Telephone Co., when the wagon made an unsuccessful attempt to climb the pole. The team striking the pole no doubt averted a serious accident, as carriages containing several women and children were directly in front of it. A badly broken harness and wagon is the extent of the damage done.

WANTED—Man and wife, to work farm or share or to take charge of farm and stock for the winter. Address E. T. Wood, 38 Moffat Bldg., Detroit, Mich.

For sale cheap if sold at once, a new top buggy. Call at Robinson's livery barn. H. HARRIS.

FOR SALE—Good building lot on South Main St. Enquire at this office.

Parents and Friends:
We greet you again and ask your attention to the following announcements concerning our public school which we know has your kindest consideration and earnest support.

OPENING OF SCHOOL
The pupils of the various departments are requested to come on Monday, September 3rd, in the forenoon for enrollment and classification in order to be ready for regular work on Tuesday, September 4th, the first day of the fall term.

ADMISSION OF NEW PUPILS
Standings from another school of equal rank will be accepted as evidence of scholarship in classification, and eighth grade diplomas from the County Commissioner will admit to the High School. Pupils without standings or diploma will be examined to ascertain where they belong. All children between the ages of four and seven are entitled to attend the kindergarten.

NON-RESIDENTS
We are justly proud of the large number of non-resident pupils that attend every year and we will continue to spare no effort to make the work thorough and profitable to all. The course of study in the High School contains the branches necessary for entrance to the University of Michigan, and to the State Normal College and many of our graduates have done credit to themselves and to us in those institutions. Graduates are admitted to advanced standing in the Agricultural College.

ALUMNI ASSOCIATION
An alumni association of Plymouth High School was organized last May to which all graduates of the school are eligible for membership. The association has opportunity for increasing the influence of the school and will prove an important factor in advancing its interests. At the banquet given to the graduating class on commencement night, E. C. Hough was elected president, and Edw. Springer, secretary for the ensuing year.

TUITION FOR NON-RESIDENT PUPILS

Each Semester	
High School	\$6.50
Seventh and Eighth Grades	6.50
Fifth and Sixth Grades	5.00
Primary Department	3.50

The Board of Education, desirous of advancing the interests of the school, and of bringing it into closer relations with the University and State Normal College, have made a few changes in the course of study. While these changes are not any great departure from the courses offered in previous years the changes were necessary in order that our High school might receive the approval of the U. of M. and State Normal College authorities. The changes will not in any way effect the standing or credit earned by students previous to this year.

Field Day at Northville.
Our sister village of Northville will have a grand field day and jubilee on Thursday, Aug. 30th. There is everything advertised and it's to take place just as advertised and be free to all. In the forenoon there will be a clay pigeon shoot, foot races, potato race, egg race wheelbarrow race, and greased pole. Beginning at 1:30 there will be bicycle races, horse races—trotting, pacing and running. In all the events nice prizes are offered. The races will take place on Dunlap street. At 4:30 there will be a ball game between Pontiac and Carleton. At 6:30 there will be a contest between the Northville and Plymouth fire departments, each company to make a run of two blocks, hitch to a hydrant, lay 300 feet of hose and have the water running. The one making the quickest time will receive cash prize of \$5. In the evening there will be a dance at Princess rink. Plymouth citizens who like a little sport and recreation will undoubtedly be ready to go and help swell the big crowd at Northville on that day.

The fair books are ready for distribution.

Misses Bailey and McLaren are in Cleveland studying the latest millinery fashions.

New ads. this week, by F. M. Briggs, Bassett & Son, E. L. Riggs, Dibble & Son and the Northville Gallery.

WANTED.—2,000 cords of Basswood and Poplar Bolts. Detroit Excelsior Works, 1460 Russell st., Detroit, Mich.

A Minister's Good Work.
"I had a severe attack of bilious colic, got a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, took two doses and was entirely cured," says Rev. A. A. Power, of Emporia, Kan. "My neighbor across the street was sick for over a week, had two or three bottles of medicine from the doctor. He used them for three or four days without relief, then called in another doctor who treated him for some days and gave him no relief, so discharged him. I went over to see him the next morning. He said that his bowels were in a terrible fix, that they had been running off so long that it was almost bloody flux. I asked him if he had tried Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and he said, 'No.' I went home and brought him my bottle and gave him one dose; told him to take another dose in fifteen or twenty minutes if he did not find relief, but he took no more and was entirely cured." For sale at Meier's drug store, Plymouth.

A GRAND WIND-UP

Only one more week remains before the close of our very successful

Mid-Summer Clearing Sale,

and to Cap the Climax we offer to the public a

WHIRL-WIND OF LOW PRICES

on what remains of our stock of

Warm Weather Goods,

—INCLUDING—


PRINTS SHIRT-WAISTS CLOTHING
PERCALES UNDERWEAR HATS
GINGHAMS HOSEIERY SHOES
WHITE GOODS WRAPPERS NECKWEAR

And a quantity of goods suited to all seasons.

Remember only one week more of this remarkable sale.

E. L. RIGGS,

Plymouth Cash Outfitter.



I am Sole Agent for Chase & Sanborn's Celebrated Teas and Coffees.

Six o'clock in the Chase and Sanborn Coffee Mills! And not one pound of roasted coffee can be found in their stock! That's the rule.

Just see how it works! After coffee has been roasted it must not be exposed to the air or it loses half its strength and all its rich aroma. So they roast their

HIGH GRADE COFFEE only upon order. The coffee is roasted, hermetically sealed in air-tight canisters, and shipped—all on the same day.

If you want coffee which shall make your mouth water for another cup, just ask your grocer for one of Chase & Sanborn's High-Grade Coffees. It will be given you in an imported, air-tight, parchment-lined bag. Try it once.

IF you have Stomach Trouble, try a box of Dr. Cooper's Dyspepsia Tablets.

IF Rheumatism, try a box of Gale's Rheumatic Tablets. Nothing better.

JOHN L. GALE

A Midsummer COMEDY

The red-headed bus driver ding a long tin horn out from under his seat and blew three blasts.

"The ferry'll be over in a minute," he said. "I got to get back to catch the 4:40 from Chicago. Fifty cents, please, and a quarter for them trunks."

The knock-kneed white horses shambled away through the deep dust, kicking up a cloud which put a fresh layer on the brown leaves of the hazel "breath" on either side of the road. In two minutes the thick woods hid them from sight.

On the high bank of Lake Mary in northern Wisconsin were left four trunks, Miss Elizabeth Jordan, and the Hon. Jabez Jordan. The articles left behind by the bus driver are here stated in order of their importance. The trunks containing an elaborate summer wardrobe, Miss Jordan was a pretty girl, and the Hon. Jabez was merely a father and incidentally a trust magnate, the president and chief stockholder in the International Air Engine company.

"Well, father," said Miss Bess, with a smile which would have brought any other man to his knees, "it looks as though we'd come to the right place for pastoral quiet, don't it?"

But the Hon. Jabez simply pulled the corners of his thin upper lip further down over his mouth.

"It looks to me as though we were going to be cast away on a desert island," he said.

"If the ferry don't come out pretty soon we'll have to camp out in the woods all night," laughed the tantalizing Miss Jordan, "and I don't see any sign of their coming. Don't you think you had better call them, father? The island is only three-quarters of a mile away, and the voice carries far over the water."

The Hon. Jabez Jordan almost sprang his ancient lungs, and Bess added her loudest cry to the appeal, but there was no sign of life on the island. Presently, however, a big white skiff crept round a point in the shore. In it were two blue-shirted young men.

"Come here," called Mr. Jordan, sharply, as the boat came into view, "and take us over to the island. We're in a hurry."

"Will you please go—" began the man at the oars as the peremptory order reached him—then, as his companion punched him in the back and whispered, "It's a pretty girl"—"down to the point, where we can get the boat close in to shore?"

It was a short row to the island. Just before they landed the Hon. Jabez Jordan handed the young man in the blue shirt a silver dollar.

"Thank you!" was the answer. "Will you need an oarsman (omf-ow)?"

Mr. Jordan could see no need of as-



sistance in that direction, but Miss Bess declared she intended spending every hour on the water, and an engagement was made for 8 o'clock the next morning.

"Well, for heaven's sake, Tom," said one of the young men, as the skiff rowed away from the island, "what on earth are you going to do now?"

"Why, I'm going to find out who that pretty girl is, and, since I haven't the honor of her acquaintance, I'm going to pose as her oarsman. I'm tired of fishing, and it's so dull here that her coming is a blessing. I'm sorry there are not two of her. If there were you might get a job, too."

It took only a few minutes to disclose the identity of the beautiful Bess Jordan. Tom Edwards had heard her name often in the city, and knew her by reputation as a "soc" girl. He told what he had discovered to his friend Elliot, and they agreed that the situation promised pleasant complications.

"But if this story ever gets out on you at the club," said Elliot, "the boys—"

"If it does get out I'll know who is responsible, and it won't take me long to get even with you."

"What is your last name?" asked Miss Bess Jordan, as Edwards sent the skiff flying out into the lake the next morning.

That was a question on which Edwards had not counted.

"Everybody calls me Tom," he said—which was true enough.

"But your last name?" she persisted. "It's Tompkins," he said, despairingly, "Thomas Tompkins."

Edwards or Tompkins had been at the lake three weeks and was reasonably familiar with it, but Bess Jordan put all his knowledge to the test. She wanted to know where the best fishing places were, where the water lilies were thickest, whether there were any beets in the woods, and finally she asked where he lived. He had not got along fairly well until that question came. Even then he did not entirely lose his presence of mind.

"I live right over there in that house," he said, pointing to some chimneys which showed above the trees half a mile back from the lake. Miss Jordan looked at the chimneys carefully, as if making a mental note of their location.

One morning, two weeks after the arrival of the Jordans, Edwards was stricken with astonishment to hear Bess Jordan address him as Mr. Tompkins when he rowed up in the morning as usual to take her out on the water. He looked at her quickly and fancied he saw the ghost of a smile in her eyes. He had been furious at himself half a dozen times for ever starting the deception, for Bess Jordan was not a girl a man could row out with day after day for weeks without feeling the charm which made her a belle at home. Perhaps if he had been properly presented and had appeared under his right name and in his proper role there might have been some chance, but now—

He was complaining to Elliot about it one night.

"I'm in love with her," he said. "But here I am, known only as 'Tom' Tompkins, an oarsman, who has been accepting \$2 a day for rowing around the lake for the last two weeks. Our joke is getting to be a mighty serious affair so far as I am concerned. I can't confess, because if I did she'd never speak to me again, and I swear I can't keep on rowing her out on the lake every morning without making love to her. She's one of the noblest girls in the world, I tell you, Elliot. You ought to see the way she treats me—me, nobody but Tom Tompkins, oarsman—and the way she looks at me sometimes!"

"I tell you what, Edwards," said the sympathetic Elliot, "if I were you I'd go ahead and make love to her anyway in your character as Tom Tompkins. If she'll have you in that role you may be sure she loves you for yourself alone. It may be a dangerous experiment, but I don't see any other way out of it if your case is as desperate as you say it is."

What happened during the next ten days it would be a waste of time to tell. Most people will know either by intuition or experience, and besides that particular period has no bearing on the point of this truthful chronicle. The curtain for the last act rises on Miss Bess Jordan and Thomas Tompkins, oarsman, sitting side by side on the bank of the lake. The arm of Tompkins was about the waist of Miss Jordan.

"Now, Bess, dear," he was saying, "I am sure you love me in the good old way. A girl as rich as you are, with all the attractions of your gay life in the city before you, could not promise to marry a poor guide and fisherman, unless she did love him more than all the world. I have been surprised a hundred times that you did not send me about my business. But gradually I have learned that you care nothing for wealth or social position. You are able to recognize a man under a torn blue flannel shirt. You only ask for love, and when you find a man who loves you and whom you love in return, nothing is allowed to stand in the way. So now, dear, that I know what a wonderful girl you are I have a little confession to make."

Which Thomas Edwards, clubman, lawyer and millionaire, thought was really a clever way of leading up to the disclosure of his real identity. But the girl was before him.

"Pardon me, Tom," she said, "I've got a little confession to make myself. Or perhaps I'd better call you Mr. Edwards now."

Mr. Edwards, alias Tompkins, sat up straight against a white birch tree and looked at her.

"You remember that first day you rowed us across to the island? I thought it queer then that an oarsman who was rowing around looking for odd jobs should be wearing an old seal ring and that he should have the key of a college fraternity on his black watch chain. Then, too, I saw you wink at Mr. Elliot when you took that dollar from papa."

"You remember the day you pointed out the chimneys of the house where Thomas Tompkins, being your own august self, lived? I went over there and found the place occupied by a family of Norwegian farmers who had never heard of a man by the name of Tompkins. Thomas, you didn't deceive me for a minute. Three weeks ago I knew your name and all about you."

"And what," gasped the breathless Edwards, "do you propose to do now?"

"I think," laughed Bess Jordan, "that since I am engaged to marry Tom Tompkins Mr. Edwards had better row me back to the island. Unless, of course, he feels himself equal to making the matter clear to me and the Hon. Jabez Jordan. And even then I don't see how you can ever forgive yourself for deceiving a poor, unsophisticated girl from Chicago."

The wedding will take place next October.—Chicago Tribune.

Picking Chickens by Electricity.
An ingenious employe of a packing house in Kansas City is said to have invented an elaborate machine for picking chickens by electricity. The electricity acts in a rather roundabout way in the feather removing operation, its function being merely to drive motors attached to fans which are rotated at an enormous speed to produce violent air currents. These currents are led into a receptacle where they meet in a variety of cross-current, not unlike the apex of a Kansas tornado. The speed is held in this case, a second, and is instantly stopped of all its feathers, even to its pin-feathers and the smallest particles of down.

A Double Change of Opinion

He was a minister of the Episcopal fold—an "Anglican priest," as he would have expressed it—and he believed most ardently in the wisdom and advisability of a celibate priesthood.

"The church demands and should receive absolute singleness of devotion from her priests," was the way he stated the matter to his friends.

She was an artist, firm in the belief that a real devotion to art admitted of no other loves or devotions.

"One cannot serve the gods and at a family altar," was her manner of stating the case.

They met upon the transatlantic steamer coming over, and the inevitable happened.

He had been in England, studying the semi-monastic orders of the Anglican church in that country. She had been sketching in France and Germany, closing her trip with a flying visit to London and Liverpool. He was from New York; she from Chicago. Their principles were exactly alike, only they didn't know it. But it only took them ten days to discover this fact.

He was attracted to her, because of a certain high pureness of face and bearing which set her far apart from the merry, charming, but decidedly flirtatious other women who sat at her table—and his. She came to the conclusion that he undoubtedly "had something in him," because of the quiet reserve of his manner. A long acquaintance with art had taught her that it is the face—as the picture—which holds something in reserve that usually proves worthy of study and cultivation. Besides, the high vest and large silver cross, which stamped him as a ritualist among ritualists, and therefore, most likely a believer in celibacy, made her feel perfectly, delightfully safe in enjoying his company. Mirable Anneson often found it necessary to be extremely careful in her intercourse with the other sex. She was a pretty girl and decidedly charming; since she did not intend to marry—or thought she did not, which amounted to the same thing—it behooved her to be careful how she raised false hopes.

Rupert Hazard—Father Hazard, as he preferred to be called—felt correspondingly safe in talking with Miss Anneson, because self-consciousness seemed to be so entirely lacking in her make-up. They began by talking about art, literature and the deeper problems of social economies. They



didn't begin to talk of love, even in the abstract, until Liverpool had been left behind for seven days. The young woman who had made and broken two engagements in that time led them in this direction unconsciously.

Neither of them were gossips, but the thing seemed so incredible—to people who hadn't crossed the ocean often enough to become accustomed to this sort of phenomena—that they couldn't help thinking of it, having been informed of the fracture of the second engagement by their respective stateroom stewards—and several other persons. As the young woman, apparently well on the way toward a third deep sea engagement, passed by the sunny corner where they were comfortably discussing the condition of the poor in London, New York and Chicago, Mirable spoke out suddenly.

"Doesn't it seem strange that people will play and trifle with the most sacred and holy things in life?" she said, with rising tone.

The Rev. Rupert Hazard came out of his reverie concerning the good work which the church was destined to accomplish among the poor of his own parish neighborhood and sighed.

"It does, it does," he returned, seriously.

This was the opening wedge. From love in the abstract to the question of love of a more ordinary and personal aspect was but a little step. (It never is.) A day later they were telling each other why love was not for them. Two days later each knew that the other had decided never to marry. Three days later the Accomplished Traveler, overhearing a fragment of their conversation, smiled sympathetically as she promulgated on.

"Do you know," the young clergyman was saying, "that, while celibacy has always seemed almost necessary for the priesthood to me (it had seemed absolutely necessary until a few days before), I fail to see how an unmarried, and perhaps lonely, existence

will cause you to paint better pictures."

"Why!" and the girl's tone was earnest as it was astonished. "I don't see how you can think otherwise. Art demands all the best of one, and no second-rate or second-hand devotion. If one is really to serve and minister to the beautiful, but it has always seemed to me," she added, meditatively, "that an unmarried minister has lost a fine chance, at least, of getting close to the hearts of his people. I wonder which of us is right—or neither, or both?"

Then came the big storm, and after that all things looked different. Mirable was anything but a coward, but she couldn't help feeling a little nervous as the great ship trembled and staggered and rolled under the force of the tremendous waves. The young minister, whose faith was of the real and assertive kind, soothed and reassured her as she sat, trembling but silent, in the music room looking out at the angry waters. The girl was duly comforted and strengthened, and the pleasant feeling of half dependence and intimacy, both of his thoughtful kindness, lasted even after the sun had decided to shine again. And the young minister had also learned something while the storm was raging. It was with a really meek and humble heart that he assisted her to the upper deck, just as soon as this was possible, and stood by her side as she took mental notes of the waves and their form and color.

"Mirable," he said present—he had learned her name some days before—"I have a confession to make to you. I have found out—the Lord has taught me—that my views upon the question of celibacy have been mistaken. I now agree with you that a clergyman is better with a wife, and I hope—I hardly dare hope, but still I long—that you will be my wife some day, by and by."

They were quite alone on the rolling deck. The weather was still too rough for others less interested in art—and one of its exponents—to venture out. The girl, meditating, found that she, too, had changed her opinions in regard to several matters.

"If I tell you," she said at last, as bravely, as shyly, "that I no longer believe that love and marriage lessen one's chances of becoming a great artist, you must not fancy that it is because I am ready to say yes to the question you may want to ask me, possibly, some time. But it has seemed to me, lately—"

"Dear one, let me ask that question now," the man at her side broke in, impulsively. "Will you, dear child and sweetheart, promise to become my wife?"

Again the girl was silent, thinking, thinking. She no longer believed, as she had said, that an unmarried existence was necessary for the highest art, but still—she thought of the picture she was longing to paint, the wondrous thing of graces, nymphs, perhaps, even bacchantes—and wondered how it would do for a minister's wife to paint and exhibit this thing. And yet—with love in the balance—

She turned to him, smiling. "I will not promise now," she said, quietly; "it is far too early and we know far too little of each other for me to make any such promise, for one thing, and, besides, I have a picture I must paint first. It will take me until well on into next summer. (All this happened last autumn.) And you must not write to me, nor ask me to write to you, until the end of June, anyway. Then, if you want to risk the trip on such slight encouragement, you may come to Chicago, and—if you care to ask me that question again—I may possibly think about it."

Last Saturday he came, and next autumn her studio will be in New York instead of Chicago, and there will be a new name up on the door.—Chicago Tribune.

TENANTS PLEASED.

Success of a New York Woman Who Sublets Apartments.

The domain of woman's effort is constantly widening. Members of the sex are found in every community earning a living, and sometimes acquiring wealth, by means that a quarter of a century ago would be barred against them. Renting and managing high-class apartment-houses is of the latest of women's endeavors. In large cities there are now several women engaged in this business and making it a success. Miss E. S. Wing of New York took charge of a fashionable apartment house last fall and showed an extraordinary capacity for dealing with the would-be and the real tenant. Before neighboring buildings were half filled her house was turning away applicants. The great secret of her success lay in the fact that her duties did not end when the apartments were rented, but she acted the part of a careful housekeeper from the first. She engaged and directed all employes herself, attended to repairs and alterations as they were needed, made all the minor contracts, such as seeing to the electric lighting, water motors, elevators, insurance, telephone service, etc. Then, she is promptness itself, collecting the rent at the beginning of the month, and, in short, she gives her whole attention both to the interests of the house and its tenants.

Better Undercrust for Pie.

Pie-eaters will be pleased to learn that a lately invented tin platelet, with holes in the bottom, prevents a soggy undercrust. A woman is the inventor. A crinkled rim of this same plate presses together the edges of the upper and lower crusts, and prevents the escape of juices.

SCIENTIFIC TOPICS.

CURRENT NOTES OF DISCOVERY AND INVENTION.

Strange Money—Skins and Potatoes Used as Currency in Kamdoky Mountains—Big Increase in Patents—Some Useful Inventions Recently Made.

"The strangest money I ever saw," said a commercial traveler to a Washington Star reporter the other day, "was in the mountain districts of Kentucky and West Virginia. Early last spring I was making my semi-annual tour through this region, and I stopped one morning at a little grocery store and saloon, not to sell goods, but to get a drink of the 'mountain dew.' While I was pouring out my drink a big, husky mountaineer entered the place and called for a drink. As he finished gulping it down he reached into a large pocket and drew forth what looked to be a coonskin, and, opening a drawer, hauled out a rabbit skin, which he offered as change. The mountaineer picked up the skin and started to the front part of the store, which was the grocery department. He there bought a twist of plug tobacco and tendered the rabbit skin in payment. He received a big twist of long green, and I was surprised to see the storekeeper reach in another drawer and tender him a squirrel skin. The mountaineer tucked the squirrel skin in his pocket, walked out, unhitched his horse, and rode away. I became interested and engaged the proprietor in conversation. He told me that sometimes he would go months without seeing any real money, and that the mountaineers used the skins in all kinds of trades, such as buying provisions, horses, etc. He said that four times a year a hide buyer from Lexington or Cincinnati visited the country and bought up all the skins, which were generally concentrated in the few stores in the vicinity. But of all the queer financial transactions I have ever known," continued the drummer, "the oddest came under the head of 'paying the fiddler.' It had been noised abroad that a dance was to be given a little way up the mountain, and I agreed to go along with one of the boys to see the fun. After going through the elaborate preparation of blacking his boots and putting on a white shirt and collar, I saw my companion go to the potato bin and carefully select a dozen nice potatoes and put them in his pocket. No sooner had we arrived at the 'music hall' than he gracefully surrendered his vegetables for an entrance ticket. But what puzzled me the most was that upon coming out, after dancing all night, he was given two onions in change. I have been trying to make up my mind ever since just what the dance was worth in the 'currency of the realm.'"

Good Eclipse Negatives.
The development of the photographs taken in Georgia by Professor Charles Burkhalter of the Chabot observatory, during the solar eclipse on May 28, has demonstrated beyond a doubt the success of his new method of astronomical photography. The negatives that were taken have been developed into the best photographs of the Corona of the sun that have ever been produced. Professor Burkhalter's device controls the exposure to the different rays. The exposure to the inner portion of the Corona, which has given the best results, is 4-100 of a second. The outer portion receives an exposure of eight seconds.

MEAT-ROASTING APPARATUS.
In the cut is shown an improved roasting pan, by the aid of which it is possible to cook all sides of a piece of meat equally, and it can also be browned without burning. A sheet of metal is bent to the shape shown, to receive the revolving spit. The piece of meat is attached to the spit by the crosspins, and the spit is suspended to the ends of the supports. The crank by which the roast is turned is provided with a pin near the outer end, and the metal sheet is perforated at intervals to receive the pin and lock

Government and the Lobster.
Congress has just appropriated the sum of \$7,000 to pay for an investigation of the lobster. The trouble with it is that he is getting scarcer and scarcer every year, and unless something is done about it, it is obvious that he will soon become practically extinct, so far as any commercial usefulness on his part is concerned. What the government wants to know is the reason why lobsters are diminishing in numbers and what measures may be taken to put a stop to the mischief. During the last five years more than 500,000,000 baby lobsters were hatched by the fish commission and "planted" in New England waters. The cost of hatching and planting 100,000,000 young lobsters is about \$10,000, says the Saturday Evening Post.

Scientific Jettings.
As the Kneifer river takes a southerly direction in order to discharge itself into the Black sea it passes a succession of rapids and it is proposed to utilize the power of the rapids for the generation of electricity. Ink will not dry up rapidly in a new well, which has a depending conical opening in the upper side of a glass tube, with a second cone supported by the bottom and having the edge higher than the tip of the upper cone. The lower cone being filled by a quick upward motion of the well.

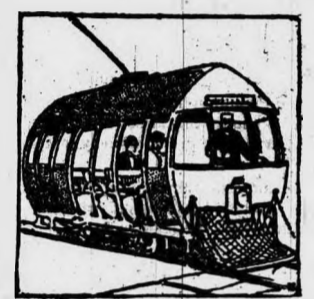
Arrow Poison of the Wagogo is Derived from the Juice of the Bark of Two Euphorbiae Trees by Continued Soiling. Brierley has isolated therefrom a crystalline body which corresponds chemically and physiologically with the Wakamba arrow poison. The euphorbia juice appears to act as a progressive poison.

also were \$1,353,228 total expenditures, \$1,247,223 surplus turned into treasury, \$110,005. On July 1, thirty out of the thirty-six examiners had their new work within one month from the date of filing and three of the remaining six overran that time by only one day. The amended work in nearly all of the divisions was acted on within fifteen days after filing.

Applications awaiting action by the patent office numbered 3,564, which is between 500 and 600 more than on July 1, 1899. The number of applications for patents, etc., received during the fiscal year just closed was 5,000 greater than during the preceding year, and the number of amendments acted upon was also correspondingly greater. The work of the clerical divisions also has been kept up to date.

COMBINATION STREET CAR.

The immense cost of street-car companies of providing separate cars for summer and winter use has led Frans Burger and Henry M. Williams to design the car shown below. The car is egg shape, and the ribs at the sides and ends are slotted on either side, to provide runways for the curved sections of roof of egg metal which close the car. The roof of the car is of double thickness, with pockets in line with the ribs, forming extensions of the curved sides. In the center of the roof are arranged a series of pulleys, with cables attached to the upper edges of the ropes being wound on a shaft, thus enabling the conductor to open and close the car by turning a crank on the shaft. When the cables are un-



wound the sides will slide downward of their own accord until connection is made with the floor, the curvature of the sides allowing the passengers to sit close to the ends of the seats without interfering with the work of altering the car.

The Labor Problem.

The labor question in its practical phases was never before so carefully thought over as at present, both by employers and employes and also by political economists, who in recent years have dropped their straw-stuffed man for the real one, and in doing so have given a new lease of life to the "dismal science." In the practical sphere one of the best illustrations of the changed conditions brought about by what some writers on economics call the "moralized labor contract" is to be found in what the Germans call "welfare institutions," such as those now found in connection with the great Krupp steel works and a few other establishments. These "welfare institutions" embrace pension funds, model houses, restaurants, hospitals, schools, savings banks, etc., by which the good of the employes is conserved by a setting in operation for them of intelligent effort on the part of their employers. This, of course, largely depends upon the philanthropic character of the chief employers as well as a deeper sense of moral obligation as to the labor contract than those which usually prevail. Such institutions seem to have more of hope than profit-sharing, which, notwithstanding some conspicuous successes in England, such as that of the Burne cotton mills, in Tiverton, Mr. Chase's management, and instances in this country, does seem on the whole, to have proved a success.



the meat in any desired position. When the under side of the meat is done sufficiently the crank is pulled out a short distance to release the pin, when the meat can be revolved until the pin engages another perforation and locks itself in place.

Big Increase in Patents.
The report of Commissioner of Patents Duell for the fiscal year shows a total of 26,540 patents granted, including reissues and designs. There were 1,660 trademarks, 682 labels and ninety-three prints registered. Patents that expired numbered 18,988. Allowed applications forfeited for non-payment of the final fee were 4,052. Of the total of \$9,815 applications received 3,253 were for designs, ninety for reissues, 1,753 for patents, 2,105 for trademarks, 873 for labels, and 137 for prints. The total receipts of the patent of-

FROM ALL OVER MICHIGAN

Happenings of a Week Stewed Down for Ready Reading.

A WHOLE REGIMENT OF ITEMS.

The State Still Owns 537,045.77 Acres of Land After Disposing of Over 100,000 Acres—Many Other Items of Interest to Michiganders.

Weekly Crop Bulletin.

The weekly crop bulletin issued on the 21st says: The weather conditions of the past week were generally favorable for crop growth and field work, although showery weather in some counties has interfered with the oat harvest. Showers have been quite general in southern and central counties and been beneficial to corn, beans, potatoes and pasturage, which had suffered from the extreme heat of the preceding week. The oat harvest is quite generally completed in the southern and central counties, and is well advanced in the northern counties and is just beginning in the upper peninsula. Oats generally are a very fine crop in all the counties of the state. In the upper peninsula, barley and spring wheat are also being cut. The pea harvest is quite general in northern counties. The excessively hot weather of the preceding week has apparently injured buckwheat, which is not as promising, although still indicating a fair crop. Corn and late potatoes are generally in very good condition and promise good yields. Corn is now glazing. Beans are maturing in southern counties and are nearly ready to pull. The crop is shortened somewhat by high temperature and some correspondents complain of rust. Sugar beets continue very promising. In extreme southern counties fodder and early planted dent corn is being cut. Apple prospects are better than was expected, although apples have been falling badly. There are many reports of plums rotting; pears and grapes indicate good yields. Fall plowing is well advanced in southern counties and has made good progress in central and northern counties. In the latter section there is considerable complaint that the soil is too dry; in southern counties the ground is in good condition for working. In very few cases rye has been sown, but practically no fall seeding has yet been done.

State Still Owns Quite a Farm.

The forthcoming report of the commissioner of the state land office will show that the number of acres of land held by the state at the close of the fiscal year, June 30, is over 100,000 acres less than was held one year ago. The total number of acres of land held one year ago was 642,319.53. There were 897.05 acres of part paid land forfeited to the state during the year; 1,087.40 acres of swamp land were forfeited; 9,713.58 acres of tax homestead land reverted to the state by the general government, making a total of 655,137.57 acres. The state sold 44,802.11 acres of land during the year, licensed 2,731.20 acres of swamp land parted with 42,359.42 acres to homesteaders, and deeded back to the auditor-general 28,199.07 acres of land against which certificates of error had been issued. These transactions leave the state the possessor of 537,045.77 acres of land at the end of the fiscal year. The total amount of money received from the sale of lands during the year was \$144,595.07, and the total receipts from all sources was \$209,762.81.

Detroit Swept by a Storm.

The most violent wind and rain storm of the season visited Detroit on the afternoon of the 20th, striking the city just before 6 o'clock, just at the right time to catch street cars loaded to their utmost capacity with passengers going home from their day's work. For a time the cars were tied up and sections of the city left in darkness. Many accidents were reported during the storm; shade trees and electric wires suffering heavily, while the great white city of the Knights of Pythias was leveled to the ground. The wind blew 36 miles an hour and nearly half an inch of rain fell. No deaths were reported.

Wreck on the G. R. & I. at Pierson.

The most disastrous railroad wreck which ever occurred in this part of the state was caused on the morning of the 15th, when two passenger trains on the Grand Rapids & Indiana railroad crashed into each other at full speed at Pierson, 39 miles north of Grand Rapids. Serious bodily wounds were broken from the wreck; nine persons are in a serious condition, and several others less seriously injured. It was all caused by a sleepy telegraph operator at the Mill Creek station.

Casopole in a Prosperous Condition.

Casopole, with an assessed valuation of about \$600,000, and a tax rate never exceeding seven and a half per cent, owns an excellent water plant; a village hall worth \$3,000 and a fire cemetery. She has a well-equipped fire department, good roads and public walks, and the streets are lighted by electricity. Her indebtedness is \$20,000, which is being paid in installments.

Southern Michigan Swept by a Storm.

The southern portion of Michigan was visited by a severe wind, rain and lightning storm on the afternoon of the 19th. At Detroit several houses were struck by lightning; at Jackson a \$10,000 loss is reported, and at Cass City a \$10,000 loss was reported. Several other places report minor damages.

A four-foot section of a Vicksburg pear tree contains 183 fall grown pears. According to Lansing's new directory that city has a population of 17,000.

MICHIGAN NEWS ITEMS.

A crusade is on at Mars! against stall saloons.
One case of smallpox is reported at Lake Linden.
Marine City will have a new \$20,000 school building.
Lightning caused a \$4,000 fire near Cherry Hill on the 14th.
Six cases of smallpox were discovered at Champion on the 15th.
The contract has been signed and Galesburg is assured of electric street lights.
The resorters at Mackinac Island suffered a \$25,000 fire loss on the night of the 16th.
Safe blowers received \$40 in cash for their trouble at Oxford on the night of the 15th.
Gov. Roosevelt will make his first campaign speech in Michigan at Detroit, Sept. 7.
During the bombardment of Pekin it is estimated that the Chinese loss was about 400.
Fifty-eight weddings, 32 of which are suppressed, were solemnized at St. Joseph on the 19th.
Ferdinand Hiltz, of Macomb county, was struck by lightning on the 20th and instantly killed.
Allegan claims the distinction of having more old maids than any other town in three states.
The business men of Laingsburg have decided to hold a three-days carnival Sept. 18, 19 and 20.
A new postoffice has been established at Hard Grove, Crawford county, with Esther Kent as postmaster.
The proposition to bond Mayville for \$5,000 for a municipal lighting plant was voted down on the 14th.
About 10,000 people attended the pioneer picnic at Fairfield on the 15th. The affair was a great success.
Milkmen at the Soo have formed a judicious combination and boosted the price of their staple 25 per cent.
The Detroit Steel & Spring works at Detroit, was destroyed by fire on the night of the 19th. Loss, \$100,000.
Twining was visited by a severe hail storm on the 17th. Some of the hailstones measured four inches in diameter.
The German day festival at Menominee on the 19th was a grand success. It is estimated that 35,000 people were present.
The 26th annual reunion of the Ingham County Soldiers' and Sailors' association will be held in Mason, Sept. 18 and 19.
The annual reunion of the Lenawee County Soldiers' and Sailors' association will be held on Tuesday, Sept. 4, at Adrian.
Nine Flint milkmen are charged with using an embalming fluid by State Food and Dairy Commissioner E. O. Grosvenor.
A severe wind storm passed over a portion of Livingston county on the night of the 14th, blowing off the roof of several barns and doing other damage.
The only remedy to prevent "yellows" in peach orchards, according to Prof. L. E. Taft, of the Agricultural college, is to dig out the trees and burn them.
Midland papers say that wheat in that county is a much better crop than last year. If that is so, it is the only county in the state to report such a condition.
John G. Hawley, of Detroit, a prominent member of the Michigan bar, and a well-known authority on criminal law and extradition, died on the night of the 17th.
Secretary of State Stearns has caused to be compiled an up-to-date compilation of the election laws which are now being distributed. Copies may be had on application.
Muskegon was visited by a severe wind and rain storm on the afternoon of the 20th. Several small buildings were blown down and wires were down all over the city.
A death certificate was received at the secretary of state's office at Lansing the other day in which the sex of the deceased was given by the registrar as "Congregational."
The Marshall roller mills, which were recently shut down because of difficulty in scouring wheat from outside points at fair freight rates, will start up again about Sept. 1.
The boards of control of the various state institutions are preparing their lists for appropriations to be submitted to the next legislature. About \$50,000 will be asked for new buildings.
Marquette is fast filling up with sufferers from hay fever. This is the 2d year that the sufferers of this malady have sought relief there, and the place can now appropriately be termed the "sneezers' mecca."
Gladwin will soon have telephone communication with the outside world; arrangements having been made for the extension of the Michigan Telephone company's long distance service to the village, via Beaverton.
There is every prospect that many of the Gogebic Range mines will close down because their working force is one-half as they have plenty of ore on the docks which can hardly be moved before the season of navigation closes.
Another effort is being made at Romeo to work up sentiment for the establishment of a condensed milk factory. Such an institution would be a good thing for the farmers of the vicinity, but the promoters are having a hard time to make them see it that way.
Some wag at Cheboygan sent a reporter for one of the local papers on a wild run to the other end of town after an item by asking him if he had heard about a man getting shot in Blank's hardware store. The reporter found that a man had—five pounds of shot.

During the continued hot weather the farmers of Sanilac county cut a great deal of grain, and the unexpected downpour of rain on the 20th caused any amount of damage, the grain growing in the sheaves.
The Gull Lake sea serpent has again made its appearance. The last time it terrified the inhabitants was in 1893. Resorters are purchasing dynamite to explode in the lake in the hope of bringing the "monster" to the surface.
Kalamazoo is passing through a pest of grasshoppers and crickets, such as it has never before known, and even the oldest inhabitant is at a loss to account for it. The pest began about a week ago, and has been getting worse every day.
The recent rains have been a great help to beans and corn in Ingham county and the farmers now hope to do well from these products. The heavy wind blew down considerable corn, but the rain's value easily offset the damage.
The state tax commission are having stormy sailing at Port Huron, the city attorney refusing to allow them the use of the tax rolls. The commission will fight it out and have entered on a review of the township rolls in order to recover their wind.
Of the 78 incorporated cities of Michigan only 44 have paid fire departments that employ full time men. There are also 305 incorporated villages in the state, but only 158 of them have organized fire departments, and 151 of these is simply a volunteer service.
A rural free delivery route has been ordered for Clarkston, Oakland county, to go into effect Sept. 1. The length of the route will be 28 1/2 miles; area covered, 40 square miles; population served, 732; number houses on route, 163; carrier, Jasper Linsbury.
A feature of the coming soldiers' reunion at Standish, Sept. 12, 13 and 14, will be the unveiling of a monument erected by the citizens of the town to the memory of Mort Cummings, the young man from that place who died while in service in the Philippines.
One would think that in these days of improved harvesting machinery, there would be little demand for the old-fashioned grain cradle, but just the same one concern in Marcellus turned out 2,000 of them the past year, and is going to increase its capacity to 10,000 next year, to keep pace with the demand.
Reports to the state board of health show that diarrhea, rheumatism, cholera morbus, neuralgia and tonsillitis in the order named caused the most sickness in Michigan during the week ending August 11. Smallpox was reported at 3 places, cerebro-spinal meningitis 4, diphtheria 13, whooping cough 22, measles 38, scarlet fever 44, typhoid fever 95 and consumption at 182.
Alpena people who own bicycles might just as well sell their machines now, or else give them away, unless they want to go outside the city limits to ride. The council has ordained that six miles per hour shall be the maximum speed at which bicycles may be ridden on the city streets, and it is beyond the ability of the average rider to go at such a slow pace as that.
H. T. Nash, of Adrian, is not sure but what he is still a soldier in the U. S. volunteer army of the civil war. Near the close of the rebellion he was given an extended furlough, which bore the date of May 10, 1865. Shortly afterward hostilities ceased, and Nash's regiment was mustered out without his being recalled from his furlough, nor has he ever received a discharge from the service.
The Detroit & Toledo Shore line is having all kinds of trouble in getting its road completed. The latest report is that a portion of the track was laid across property belonging to a city park on the banks of the Maumee river, of Toledo, and the park commission asked the track up and has an able bodied policeman roosting on the site of the invasion until the road shall have obtained the proper permission to lay its tracks over city property.
It is hard enough to climb over a barbed wire fence when one has plenty of time at his disposal, but when a mad bull is at one's heels hurrying along, it is many times more difficult. That was the fix Farmer Dougherty, of near Alpena, found himself in, for course he didn't have time to pick out the smooth places in the fence to take hold of, and his hands were terribly torn, but he escaped the bull and considers that he got off cheaply.

THE NEWS CONDENSED

The German inventor, Herr Krupp, practicing with a cannon which shoots 14 miles.
Hudson business men have organized a company for the purpose of prospecting for oil in the vicinity of that city.
Messmer, the steel works suburb of Pueblo, Colo., was swept by a disastrous fire on the night of the 15th. Loss, \$100,000.
The thermometer registered 99 in the shade at St. Louis on the 17th, the hottest day of the year. Fourteen infants died as a result.
Somewhere between Chicago and Burlington, Ia., an express package, supposed to contain \$25,000, is alleged to have gone astray.
The German police have agreed to keep all suspicious looking automobiles suppressed in Berlin. It is said that the number of automobiles of which 500 are in Germany, have been expelled from Germany since the assassination of King Humbert.
Mrs. F. S. Monnett, wife of the former attorney general of Ohio, while standing in the doorway of her home at Columbus on the 20th was struck in the breast by a bullet from a Robert rifle in the hands of one of the boys who were shooting sparrows. Physicians say her condition is very alarming.

SCIENTIFIC TOPICS.

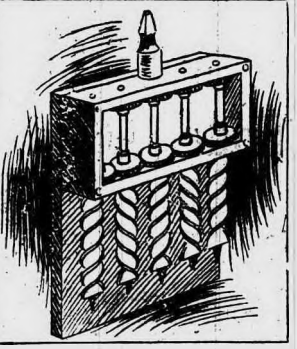
CURRENT NOTES OF DISCOVERY AND INVENTION.

A New Attachment for Bath Tubs, the Invention of a New York Man—An Improved Method of Cutting Mortises—A Remarkable Bird.
A Remarkable New Zealand Bird.
The capture of a fourth specimen of the "takebe," or flightless rail of New Zealand, is regarded as one of the most important events of recent years in ornithology. The capture was effected nearly two years ago, but detailed accounts of the bird have just reached England. The takebe (Notornis hochstetteri) is about equal in size to a goose, but its wings are very small and unlike all of its relatives in other lands, it cannot fly. Its breast is of a rich blue color, and its powerful beak is described as "a large equilateral triangle of hard pink horn," apparently an excellent weapon. The first specimen of the bird was caught in 1849, the second in 1851 and the third in 1879. The new specimen is said to be the finest of all, and \$1,500 has been offered for it.
Glass Dissolved in Water.
Every kind of glass at a sufficiently high temperature, says Prof. Carl Barus, must eventually show complete solubility in water. Under pressure glass dissolves in water heated to 410 degrees Fahrenheit. Sea-water more than about 660 feet beneath the surface will remain liquid at that temperature, and if it penetrates the earth's crust where the temperature is equally high, it will, apart from the pressure, liquefy the silicates, or glassy rocks. Prof. Barus concludes that at a depth of about five miles, silicates in contact with water are virtually fluid, and that the level of aqueous fusion in the earth is five times nearer the surface than is that of igneous fusion.
The Mystery of Radium.
The substance called radium emits radiations resembling the X-rays without the application of work or energy from external sources, and without appreciable loss of weight. This seems to be inconsistent with the law of the conservation of energy, but the mystery is explained by the calculations of Monsieur Becquerel, which shows that a loss of weight so infinitesimal that in a thousand million years it would amount to no more than a milligram would suffice to account for the observed effects. According to this explanation the emanations from radium consist of material particles. But how infinitely minute must those particles be!
NEW BATH TUB ATTACHMENT.
The shower bath is a luxury which is not found in many homes, partly on account of the expense of the extra space necessary for the apparatus, but it goes without saying that the device here shown will soon find its way into common use. The inventor is William H. Bridgeman, of New York. The apparatus is provided with means for attaching it to the edge of a tub, and connections can be made to the faucets by means of a rubber tube, to force hot or cold water into the pipes. The latter are perforated along the sides, and screw clamps are provided by which they can be adjusted to any desirable angle, throwing the spray either directly on the body of the bather, or causing it to ascend a short distance into the air and fall gently if the direct stream is too harsh for the skin. With this device the bather can rinse the skin without the necessity of refilling the tub with fresh water, and a

recorded it—the males are entirely migratory, and the females are not. "For more than 20 years," says Mr. Chahoon, "I have seen female mergansers on the Ausable river all winter, and I have frequently seen them on the Adirondack rivers; but I have never seen a male merganser in the winter, and in the late fall the males and females gather in separate flocks, and when the male mergansers appear in the spring they are always in flocks by themselves."

TOOL FOR CUTTING MORTISES.

The cutting of mortises in timbers for frame buildings has hitherto been a laborious task, even with the aid of the boring machine in common use for this purpose, and without the machine it is almost impossible to cut the series of holes in the straight line necessary to form the mortise. Isaac Schurman of Danvers, Mass., has designed the tool shown in the cut to replace the machine now in use, and the rapidity with which it will perform the



work will recommend it to the practical carpenter, aside from the fact that its cost is no more than the old machine. At one side of the frame which supports the bits is a guiding plate, attached in such a manner that the turn of several thumb screws will move it toward or away from the bits, thus adjusting the tool for cutting the mortise at the proper distance from the edge of the timber, and as the bits are removable from the frame the mortise can be made of the desired length by taking off one or more of the end bits.

Largest of Animals.

Mr. Beddard, in his new book on whales, reminds readers that although the imagination is apt to picture the giant reptiles of the Jurassic and Cretaceous periods as having exceeded in size all modern animals, yet in fact there is no evidence that the earth has ever contained, either on land or in the sea, creatures exceeding the whale in bulk. The mammoth was larger than the elephant, but the ichthyosaurus could not match the whale for size, although with its terrible jaws it would doubtless have been the whale's master.

Where Spiders Are Useful.

At a recent meeting of arboriculturists in France, the question was debated whether spiders should be suffered to spin their webs on fruit walls. The general opinion seemed to be that the webs were more useful than objectionable. It was remarked that they prevent the incursions of earwigs and similar insects, and also interfere with the operations of noxious flies whose larvae ravage leaves and fruits.

Death of Cockroaches.

One of the bulletins of the Department of Agriculture mentions a simple Australian remedy for cockroaches. It consists in feeding the insects upon a mixture of flour and plaster of Paris which, it is said, they greedily devour. The plaster of Paris "sets" after they have swallowed it, and that is the end of them.

Scientific Jottings.

The Empire State Sugar company, which is building a large sugar plant at Lyons, N. Y., has ordered ten auto-trucks of five tons capacity, which are to be used to cart sugar beets from the farms to the refinery. The company has 5,500 acres of land contracted for. Three electric omnibuses have also been ordered to run between Lyons and Soda Point, on Lake Ontario, a summer resort, to compete with the steam railroad.

On the Jumna canal, at Delhi, monkeys swarm upon the banks and, being overcrowded and consequently unhealthy, they suffer considerably from various diseases. When one monkey is obviously ill a few of the larger monkeys watch for a favorable opportunity and then push it into the canal. If the poor creature be not drowned at once, it is thrown into the water again after it regains the trees, or else it is forced to keep aloof from the rest of the company.

Loss of human life by lightning in the United States during the year 1899 was greater than any preceding year for which statistics have been collected, says the Scientific American. The number of persons killed outright or who suffered injuries which resulted in their death was 543; the number of those who received injuries varying in severity from slight physical shocks to fatal burns and temporary paralysis was 520. The greatest number of fatalities, about 45 per cent, were in the open. The next greatest number occurred in houses, about 34 per cent; 11 per cent occurred under trees and 9 per cent in barns. Fully a dozen persons were killed in the act of stripping clothes from a wire clothes line or coming near to one.



Two small poultry runs are better than one large one. By means of a division of a large run two small ones may be created. One of these can be planted in green stuff while the other is being fed down. The writer has tried this with marked success.

In these columns, during the last few years, we have frequently suggested to our readers the growing of rape in the poultry yard. Have any of our readers tried it this year? If so, we would be pleased to hear from them on the subject.

Where new poultry fences are to be constructed the old lath idea should be laid aside, and wire alone considered. No wonder that some of the women on the farm with a love for the beautiful lose interest in poultry keeping, when it means a lath fence that in a short time gets out of repair and becomes an eyesore. Wire properly put up will remain for years without further attention. At a short distance from the house it does not show at all. If the posts are well made and painted there is nothing to detract from the looks of the place. If the posts are placed within ten feet of each other the wire can be kept taut without a top wire. This will make it possible to get along with a wire fence only four feet high.

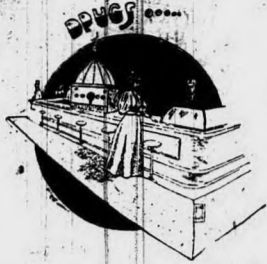
Dogs are a great nuisance when it comes to the wire fence for the poultry yard. It is something of a problem to know how to keep them from getting under the wire. Of course if no bones were thrown into the yard the dogs would never develop an inclination to go in that direction. But since it is necessary to give the poultry the table scraps we must find some way of keeping out the canines. Probably the easiest way is to feed food of this kind inside the poultry house, out of sight of all creatures except those for whom it is intended. In any case the wire fence will need to be fastened down to the ground. There are various ways, only one of which has been practiced by the writer. This way is to make sharp wooden pegs, six or eight inches long, according to kind of soil, and an inch or more in thickness. A nail is driven into the stake near the top and at such an angle with the wood that it slants quite sharply downward. The pegs are driven into the ground at the bottom of the wire and the nail catches over the bottom strand of the wire, which is thus driven fast against the ground. Place these pegs about two feet apart and they will hold the fence tightly. Of course the frosts of each winter will loosen them to some extent, and they will have to be inspected each year. If any of our readers has a superior plan, let us hear from it.

Outbreeding Instincts.

It seems a remarkable thing that the strongest instincts in a bird may be bred out, yet such is the case. A poultry writer tells of his experience with some ducks: "We all know what unnatural results have sometimes been accomplished by breeding; some of them carefully sought after, and others reached incidentally, or accidentally, but none the less wonderful. Take for instance, the duck, whose fondness for water is proverbial, and yet when bred year after year and for generations solely for rapid growth, and deprived of water except for drink, that they may lose no time or flesh in unnecessary exercise, but give their undivided attention to attaining a weight of five or five and a half pounds at nine or ten weeks old, this natural desire and liking for water and swimming accommodations and privileges sometimes seems to have been so thoroughly bred out of their very nature that we have known of instances where, as an experiment, they had to be forcibly driven into the pond, and instead of remaining there and enjoying it, they acted like so many old hens, frightened nearly out of their wits, and took the first opportunity to get ashore, and made the best of their way home. They knew nothing of aquatic delights, personally, nor had they ever been told of them by their parents who were equally ignorant of the subject as themselves. Neither had their unsophisticated ears been regaled with any traditional 'talk of the open,' from their grand or great-grandparents; consequently they seemed in blissful ignorance of everything except their humdrum life of contentment, eating, drinking and growing, which to them was doubtless equivalent to 'eating, drinking and being merry.'"

Fowls Free or Confined.

Fowls kept in confinement will do as well as those having free range, provided they are cared for in an ideal manner. This is seldom accorded them, and so, in the circumstances in which fowls are usually found, they do by far the best on a free range, or, at least, a large range. The man that makes a business of poultry raising can with advantage keep his fowls confined. He will give them the attention they need. Also the man that has children that are enthusiastic in poultry raising can safely keep his fowls confined, provided he can depend on the children to do the necessary work. Many a man takes \$50 worth of hay from his orchard at the expense of \$100 worth of fruit.



As we
Have
Previos'y
Remarked

The red hot days of August are here and there is only one pleasant thing about them, and that's the

Soda Water and
Ice Cream Soda....

—AT THE—

'93 PHARMACY.

'Tis a healthful drink all the year round. The finest Wines and Liquors for the sick and Delicacies for the table for the well, in the way of

..FINE GROCERIES..

Drugs and Medicines Galore. Prescriptions scientifically compounded at the headquarters of all the leading physicians in town.

'93 PHARMACY.

F. M. BRIGGS

When you buy Bread

Buy the well known brands of bread made by the

WARNER BAKING CO.,

We handle STANLEY, VIENNA, CREAM, POPPY SEED, Twist, COMMON, Twist, HALF RYE, FRENCH, MA-MA and QUAKER BREAD.

Vienna and Current Buns, French Rolls, Fried Cakes.

These goods arrive every morning by street car and are always fresh. TRY THEM.

NORTH VILLAGE.

GAYDE BROS.



Hard Work

On the part of the house-wife might enable her to produce

BREAD

nearly as good as ours.

But why work hard when the purest, lightest and most palatable bread made is within easy reach. Our wagons deliver every day. Try our Salt Rising Bread.

G. A. TAYLOR

Subscribe for the Plymouth Mail

Best Paper in Western Wayne.

Breezy Items

By Elce Correspondents.

TONQUISH

The late wind storms have done quite a little damage to fruit and shade trees throughout this community. Miss Flora Greenman, of Ypsilanti, formerly of this place, is visiting friends here this week. Clark Sackett has been on the sick list but is better at this writing. Hix & Reiman have sold out their threshing rig to John Laslett.

FERRINSVILLE

Mrs. Wm. Wurts is very ill at this writing. O. J. Turk called on W. Sherman and family last Monday. The annual election of S. S. officers was held at the church last Wednesday evening. The following officers were elected: Supt., Mrs. Ella Wright; Sec., Mrs. Wm. Parmalee; Treas., Miss E. Lyle; Organist, Miss Minnie Schunk. Born to Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Fox, a daughter, Aug. 14th. A great many from here attended the Woodmen picnic at Wayne.

The L. A. S. will give an ice cream social at the P. of L. hall Saturday evening, Sept. 1. Everyone is invited. Miss Edith Lyle and Miss Minnie Schunk took a trip to Northville last Thursday.

SOUTH LIVONIA

Mrs. Maria Gaines, of St. Ignace, is visiting here. Mrs. Beals has been visiting Mrs. Merrylees. Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Sherman and son Elmer spent Sunday at Mr. Harmon's at Plymouth. Mrs. H. E. Meldrum is better this week. Mrs. Chas. Beyer died of blood poisoning last Friday morning. Funeral took place at Livonia Center Sunday, services being conducted by the Rev. Ehnis, of Plymouth. Mrs. Beyer leaves a husband and an infant child to mourn her departure. The husband has the sympathy of the entire neighborhood.

MEAD'S MILLS

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Loud, of Flint, visited relatives here last week. On the 19th of August, Mrs. G. P. Benton was given a dinner in honor of her birthday. Friends from Detroit, Delhi and Northville were present. Mrs. Martin and Mrs. Greene returned last Wednesday from a week's visit at Romeo. Mrs. Cable, of Plymouth, and Mrs. Hall, of Paw Paw, visited their sister, Mrs. Ella Thomas, one day last week.

MURRAY'S CORNERS

During a heavy thunder shower on Monday afternoon, an elm tree within a few feet of Clifford McClumphia's barn, was splintered by lightning. Misses Ada Westfall and Martha Walker are camping at Whitmore Lake this week. Orson Westfall and Theodore Harmon spent Tuesday fishing at Walled Lake. Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Safford, of Plymouth, and Dr. and Mrs. H. E. Safford and daughter Helen visited at Hiram Murray's Sunday. The Aid Society which was to meet which Mrs. F. C. King Thursday has been postponed. Mr. and Mrs. Orson Westfall visited friends at Salem Monday. Clifford McClumphia took the camping party to Whitmore Lake Monday.

CANTON CENTER

There will be no preaching Sunday Aug. 29. Sunday School at 3 o'clock. John Nash was in Detroit Tuesday on business. Mrs. Talt returned to her home in Clinton county Wednesday. Miss Jennie Bryant is visiting relatives in Canton. Mrs. Harriet Corwin has been staying with her daughter part of this week. The L. A. S. will meet with Mrs. Freeman Huston on the second Wednesday in September. Jessie Nash was called to Grand Rapids last week to attend the funeral of her sister-in-law, Janet Redmond.

LIVONIA CENTER

Mrs. Celia Millard and two children, of Detroit, are visiting friends here. And now W. H. Sweet looks proud. It is an 8 1/2 pound boy and all doing nicely. Miss Eunice Peck, of Jackson, is visiting Mrs. Russel Peck. Threshing seems to be the order of the day in these parts. This community was badly shocked to hear of the death of Mrs. Charlie Beyers last Friday. She was buried in the Center cemetery on Sunday and the large concourse of friends that followed the remains to its last resting place showed with what esteem she was held. The bereaved husband of a

few short months has the sympathy of the community at large. Several from around here attended the picnic in Mining's woods last week Thursday. Quite a cyclone passed north of us Monday, doing some damage to trees and fences but luckily injuring no one that we have heard of yet. Miss Ada Wolfe, of Farmington, spent a couple of days last week visiting friends here. Joe McEachran has been nursing a sore hand and arm the past few days. At one time it was thought blood poisoning would set in but latest report says it is better. What has become of Miller, our Northville meat man? A new man with a wagon marked Farmington was on our streets Thursday.

ELM.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. James Noctor, August 19th, a 7 pound boy. Mrs. Chas. Shaw and sister, Miss Lewis, have returned to their home in West Virginia. Miss Florence Webber, of Plymouth, is visiting friends of this place for a few days. Hazel Hiles, of Farmington, has been spending a few days with Miss Dora Hawkins. Mamie Rohring is visiting for a few days in Plymouth with Edith Robinson. Mr. Meldrum, of Wayne, began the work of plastering George Hawkins' house Wednesday. Louva Millard, of Plymouth, spent a few days of last week with her sister, Mrs. T. V. Shaw. Archie Blue, of Grand Rapids, spent last Sunday with his mother.

NEWBURG

Margaret McGramm, a teacher from a Detroit school, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Tuttle. A number of our young folks are taking an outing this week at Walled Lake. They report a fine time and increasing appetites. Several young people went from here to Lansing to see the Agricultural College buildings last Saturday. Mrs. C. Vanblaircum is housekeeper for W. Hattenbury. Mrs. Farwell returned home from Detroit Monday. Mrs. Tom Davey went to Detroit on Sunday to see her son's wife who is very ill. Brother Stephens called on his church people here Tuesday. Mrs. Vinton is recovering from her recent illness. Miss Eliza Clark has a severe cold and is very feeble. The Sunday School picnic seemed to be enjoyed by everyone who attended. The speakers, Mr. Healy of Detroit, and Rev. Beckwith, pastor of Baptist church Plymouth, were eloquent and by the good attention given, their talk seemed very much appreciated. The Newburg ball team won the game by a score of 11 to 2. Havseeds are not always slow. George Barber visited his brother at Canton over Sunday. Arthur Davey Sundayed at home. Floyd Ostrander called on his parents Sunday evening. James King has purchased his brother's home in Newburg. Ethel Woodworth has returned from Toledo, where she has been entertained by Alice Brown. Mr. Hunt, of Detroit, Sundayed with E. Bassett and later assisted in putting awnings on store and dwelling windows. Fred Clinton has returned from Detroit and is painting for his uncle, Ed. Barlow. Roy Norris and Leonard Stark took an outing at Detroit and Belle Isle last Friday. Mrs. Anna Gessey visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Norris, last week and attended the picnic. Jennie Smith, a niece of Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Rutter, is at Walled Lake with her Rutter cousins. Little Clyde Fisher is working for James LeVan. Mrs. Sherwood, an aged and respected resident of Stark, was buried from the Ferrinsville church Wednesday. W. G. Stephens officiating.

\$31.50 Round Trip to Denver, Colorado Springs and Pueblo, From Chicago via Chicago, Union Pacific and North Western Line, August 21, September 4 and 18, good returning until October 31. Also very low rates on the same dates to Glenwood Springs, Ogden, Salt Lake City, Hot Springs, Deadwood and Rapid City, S. Dakota, Casper, Wyo. Quickest time. Best service. All agents sell tickets via Chicago & North Western Ry. For full particulars address A. Q. Tallant, 507 Smithfield street, Pittsburg, Pa.

Commissioner Evans' annual report will show that Michigan had 4,239 citizens on the pension rolls on June 30 last as against 45,170 on the same date one year ago. The total amount paid to Michigan pensioners during the past year aggregated \$6,642,078. Some eight weeks ago the three and one-half year old son of Mr. and Mrs. Bert Tower was afflicted with what was deemed bronchial trouble but on which medicine seemed to have no effect. During a severe coughing spell a few days ago he coughed up a peanut meat which had been lodged in the throat all that time and which had caused all the trouble. The child is all right now.—Northville Record.

A good joke is being told on one of the patriarch farmers living near Albion. He went to a back lot after his cow. Slipping one end of a long rope over her horns he took the end and walked homeward. When he reached the barn what was his surprise to find the cow still in the pasture lot. She had slipped the noose and he had dragged the rope the whole distance unaware of the fact. This is vouched for by the Albion Leader.

This will be a button campaign and manufacturers, advised by party leaders are making designs of all kinds and sizes. They say there will be more buttons worn than ever before. One order placed in Cincinnati a few days ago, was for 100,000 buttons. Some of the buttons are so large that a man's party enthusiasm will have to be pretty warm before he goes out on the street with one hanging on his coat. Watch charms with the candidates' pictures are also out.

Albert Hadsell has conceived of a good way to make a 'cat hole' useful and ornamental. Just south of his house on the Birmingham gravel he has cleared out one carefully rolling the banks and making it look civilized as possible. From a near by wind-mill he is filling it with water so as to make it a pretty little lake. This he will stock with frogs. The muck is fourteen feet deep in some places so that frogs intro-

duced there will survive the winter all right. Boys will be set catching the hoppers soon and next year he will have music without end. There is a mint of money in frog farms for some who have tried it and why not for Hadsell? Some boys near Royal Oak utilized a ditch and in one season took out \$32 worth of frogs. The hind legs are esteemed a great delicacy and bring 20 or 25 cents per dozen easily. Snakes and turtles have to be guarded against and no fish are allowed in the pond.—Pontiac Post.

New Sleeping Car Line between Chicago and Mason City, Iowa.

The Chicago & North-Western Ry. announces the establishment of a through sleeping car line between Chicago and Mason City, Iowa, via its new line from Belle Plaine. Through sleeper leaves Chicago 5:30 p. m. daily, arrives Mason City 7:10 a. m. Leaves Mason City 8:00 p. m., arrives Chicago 7:42 a. m. daily. Train leaving Chicago 10:30 p. m. daily will have through connections for Mason City daily except Saturday. Through tickets can be obtained of all principal agents.

EXCURSION RATES

To Columbus via Ohio Central Lines for the Ohio State Fair. One fare for the round trip from all points in Ohio and Pt. Pleasant, W. Va. Tickets on sale Sept. 3d to 7th inclusive. Good returning until Sept. 8th.

E. H. Spoon
This signature is on every box of the genuine **Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets** the remedy that cures a cold in one day

Churchward's Heart Cure.

This is a specific for heart trouble and will help when every thing else fails.

Guaranteed to be Perfectly Harmless

To be obtained of all druggists or of the manufacturer. **E. CHURCHWARD,** 57 Parsons street, DETROIT Sent by mail or express.

Being Obligated

To raise a certain sum of money in the next 30 days, we offer you the following

LOW PRICES,

Good until the last day of September.

	WERE	NOW
1/4 CABINET.....	\$1.50	\$1.00
1/2 CABINET.....	2.50	1.75
3/4 CABINET.....	2.75	2.00
FULL CABINET.....	\$3.00-5.00	\$2.00-4.00

The above prices are for Cash only and we guarantee you the very best work.

Yours for business,

THE NORTHVILLE GALLERY

Picture Framing of all kinds at equally Low rates.

SUNDAY DINNER,

25 CENTS.

Why heat your house and tire yourself out when you can get a clean, appetizing Meal at the

HOTEL PLYMOUTH,

J. B. KLEE, Prop.

Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton Ry.

The Short Line to Cincinnati

And all Parts South.

Vestibuled Trains, Parlor Cars, Empire Pullman and Compartments Sleepers, Cafe Dining Service.

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Is Baby Thin

this summer? Then add a little **SCOTT'S EMULSION** to his milk three times a day. It is astonishing how fast he will improve. If he nurses, let the mother take the Emulsion.