

The Plymouth Mail.

VOLUME XII, NO. 10.

PLYMOUTH, MICH., NOV. 4, 1898.

WHOLE NO 582

OUR NEW LINE.....

-----OF-----

**LADIES' CAPES,
LADIES' JACKETS,
CHILDREN'S CLOAKS,**

are now on hand and ready
for your inspection.

We will give you-----

**GOOD QUALITY,
LOW PRICES,
LATEST STYLES**
Ladies' Elegant Collarettes.

A Fine Lot of Ladies' Fall and Winter Dress
Skirts. In our line of Ladies' Fleece Lined
Wrappers you will find Great Bargains.

J.R. Rauch & Son

Cider Apples
Wanted

"Old Lee" Coal--the kind that keeps
you warm---delivered at
\$5.75 PER TON.

Lay in your winter's supply now and save money.
Terms Cash.

L. C. HOUGH & SON, Plymouth.
F. & P. M. ELEVATOR.

HENRY C. SMITH.

A POPULAR AND PROMI-
NENT YOUNG LAWYER..

Republican Candidate for Rep-
resentative in Congress.

The electors of the second Congress-
ional district should take pleasure in endorsing
Hon. Henry C. Smith, of Adrian, as
their representative in Congress.

Obedient to the wishes of a large num-
ber of personal friends, not only at home,
but all over the district, Mr. Henry C.
Smith consented to place himself in the
congressional race, and the hearty endorse-
ment given by voters is actuated by what
they believe to be the best interests of
the district.

Mr. Smith is no stranger to the electors
of the second district, and it may even be
said, thanks to his manly and unflinching
attitude in the now famous mileage ticket
case against the L. S. & M. S. Ry. Co., he
has gained an enviable reputation and
standing throughout the whole Peninsular
state.



HENRY C. SMITH.

Mr. Smith is a self-made man--and it
may be added a man who has no need to
be ashamed of his job. A Republican by
preference, commencing life as a farmer's
boy, he has attained his present personal
popularity and professional prominence
by his own persistent, well-directed effort.

From the age of 14, working sometimes
on a farm, or teaching school, he was in
time enabled to enter college, and ac-
quire a liberal education from his own
resources. Graduating from Adrian col-
lege in 1878, he did not permit the grass
to grow under his feet, but in less than
two years had qualified himself for ad-
mission to the bar. His progress from
that time on has been characteristic of the
push and mettle of the man.

The same year that witnessed his ad-
mission to the bar saw him chosen to the
responsible position of city attorney. Jan-
uary 1st of the following year, he was
appointed assistant prosecuting attorney
under Judge Watts. Two years later, in
1883, he formed a law partnership with
Judge Watts, which has continued up to
the present time, Hon. Seth Bean enter-
ing the firm in 1891.

Although his business and professional
cares have accumulated fast, he has not
been a laggard or lukewarm in his politi-
cal activities. Immediately after graduat-
ing in 1878, he "took the stump," and
has been a prominent as well as active
figure in every succeeding campaign.

Two years ago he was made president
of the Leawee county McKinley club,
an organization which, under the inspira-
tion of his guidance, became a powerful
factor in the campaign of that fall.

His spirited speech, in presenting the
club to the party's standard-bearer at Can-
ton, received high commendation from
Mr. McKinley at the time, and was ac-
corded flattering comment by the Repub-
lican press of the country.

His visit to Plymouth a short time ago

made him many friends, who have since
assured him of their support. Give Hen-
ry C. Smith your vote and you will have
in Congress a man who will prove him-
self worthy of the trust, and, be the favor
asked of him little or big, important or
unimportant, his duty and pleasure will
be to gain all the information possible for
his constituents, always remembering that
he is sent to serve and not to rule.

Hard work is the only cure for hard
times. Society is made up of the work-
ing class and the shirking class, and it is
not necessary to say which of these is
prosperous and happy. The young man
who is looking for a soft spot will find it
at that point where his brains ought to be.
Those who are born in the lap of luxury
usually require the rap of adversity before
they do honor to ancestry or enrich pos-
terity.

A snob may be known by several char-
acteristics. He is polite to his superiors,
arrogant with those of lower station,
favours the rich, snubs the poor and pre-
tends not to know his own mother when
he chances to meet the old lady in un-
fashionable clothes. He has plenty of
brass and few brains, and is always un-
easy from a suspicion that his intrinsic
vulgarity may fail to be hidden by his
outward gentility.

Tom Brickdell, of Niles, is not a banker
but he did a bit of banking on his own
responsibility. He had amassed quite a
bit of money, and deposited \$335 in a suit
of old clothes that was discarded. Of
course, burglars and thieves never would
search a ragged old suit for cash, and the
money was unmolested. One day a
ragged tramp came around, shivering
with cold, and Mrs. Brickdell, who was
not in the confidence of her husband in
his banking business, and who knew he
had no money, because that's what he al-
ways said if she wished a little change for
a new dress or bonnet, or to pay pew rent,
proceeded to give to the tramp the old
suit, in order to rid the woodshed of its
presence. When Tom came home and
found the bank gone, his hair went up on
end, and we fear he forgot his marriage
vow, but no time was lost by him in get-
ting officers on a hunt for that tramp.
Hereafter we advise him to trust his wife
with all his plans.--Adrian Press.

A good many of our farmers are for-
getting the use of their heads,
claiming that certain persons tear down
fences, tantalize stock and make nu-
isances of themselves generally, therefore
the more thoughtful and careful hunters
must suffer from the neglect and willful-
ness of others. Farmers have rights, as
the following law, No. 199, passed in 1877,
will prove: "That it shall be unlawful for
any person or persons to hunt for game
with firearms, dogs or otherwise on any
enclosed lands or premises of another in
any county in this state without the con-
sent of the owner or the lessee of such
lands or premises." The penalty for the
violation of this act is not less than five
nor more than twenty-five dollars in the
discretion of the court, and costs of prose-
cution: or from five to thirty days in jail.

Plymouth Markets.

The following is the market report for
Plymouth as corrected every Friday:

Wheat, No. 2 red,	45
Wheat, No. 1 white,	45
Oats, new	23
Rye, No. 2,	45
Butter,	18
Eggs,	15
Potatoes,	25
Beans, according to sample,	30-75

Auction Sale.

The undersigned will sell at public
auction on his farm 1/4 mile north and 1
mile west of Elm, on Friday, November
25th, 1898, his farm implements, horses,
cattle, corn, hay, etc. Sale begins at one
o'clock sharp. John Bennett, Auctioneer.
D. MATNARD, Prop.

---Sash for sale, glass 9x12, for price
of glass.

H. W. BAKER.

T T T T T

The best Japan Tea 60c lb
A fine Japan Tea 50c lb.
English breakfast Tea only 35c lb
A delicious Moch and Javá Coffee 30c lb

G. W. Hunter & Co

J. L. GALE.....



Just received a new stock of
Chase & Sanborn's Teas
and Coffees. We are now
selling Seal Brand Coffee
for 35c. Come and try it.

The first of next week we
will receive from the Graham
Mfg. Co., New York, City, a
stock of Silverware that is
especially adapted for Birth-
day, Wedding and Card
Party Presents, etc.

We are selling Flour at 40c
per sack until Nov. 10. All
goods in the Grocery line
cheaper than any other store
in town.

John L. Gale's Rheumatic Tablets for Rheu-
matism, Neuralgia, Gout, etc.

This tablet contains 10 of the most valuable drugs
known at the present time for Rheumatism. It is not only a
Rheumatic medicine but a strong blood purifier--regulates and
strengthens the Liver and Kidneys. Persons who have Rheu-
matism are requested to call and get a sample. Try them.
They must do you good.

J. L. GALE.

BUSINESS University

DETROIT, MICH.

The best place in America for young men and
women to secure a Business Education, shorthand,
Machinery Drawing or Penmanship. Thorough sys-
tem of Actual Business. Session every year. Business
begins any time. Catalogue Free. Reference, all
Detroit. W. F. JEWELL, Pres. F. R. SPENCER, Sec.

THE GUNS OF WAR
Were liable to create sad havoc among
our troops at Cuba, but there is an
element in our midst that is equally
as destructive to property as bullets
are to human life. Breastworks and
fortifications protect our boys from
shot and shell, but the Grand Rapids
Fire Insurance Company protects all
from loss by the ravages of the fire fiend.
The Grand Rapids Fire Insurance
Company does the largest business in
Michigan of any Michigan Company.



CHAS. A. BUHRER, Republican Candidate for County Treasurer

Was born in Wayne County, is a successful business man
and a conscientious public official.

As Alderman and Supervisor

Mr. Buhrer has a record which recommends him to the
taxpayers of Wayne County.

As Deputy County Treasurer

Mr. Buhrer has been a careful, painstaking official. He has
a thorough knowledge of every detail of the work of the
Treasurer's office.

The Taxpayers of Wayne County

Will make no mistake in selecting him County Treasurer,
thereby retaining in this important office an efficient, capable
public servant.

THE PLYMOUTH MAIL.

BAKER & GRAY, Publishers.

PLYMOUTH, MICHIGAN

The cellar excavator always gets in his work.

The real circus never fits like the paper on the wall.

Eating horse flesh is a poor way to acquire horse sense.

It's painful to see a man try to laugh when he isn't amused.

Conflicting testimony is but another name for the expert article.

Nearly every girl believes a lot of other girls are jealous of her.

The man who poses as a lion in society is usually a bear at home.

The blindness of lovers transforms them into a pair of spectacles for others.

Ignorance may be bliss, but love speaks the mother tongue of everybody.

Of course it was a woman who said "An honest man is the loneliest work of God."

The respect due to old age is always dealt out with a ladle to the wealthy grandfathers.

A walking delegate is a man who hates those who are rich enough to give others employment.

Men still living, and not yet old, remember when Livingstone surprised and enlightened the world with his great discoveries in the basin of the Zambesi, then an entirely savage wilderness. Today, near the banks of those lakes, Shirwa and Nyassa, which he was the first white man to see, is being held an inluge, an agricultural and industrial exhibition comparable with our state and county fairs, with fat oxen, fast horses, big pumpkins, and all the customary appurtenances of such an occasion. So swiftly has civilization made its way under the strong leadership of the Anglo-Saxon race.

The total railway mileage in the United States on June 30, 1897, was 184,428.47 miles, there being an increase of 1,651.84 miles, or 0.90 per cent during the year. In round numbers Alabama shows an increase of 117 miles; Arkansas, 192 miles; California, 219 miles; Louisiana, 161 miles; and Michigan, 123 miles. The increase in mileage in the other states and territories in which an increase occurred was less than 100 miles. In a few states, as usual, a decrease in mileage is shown. The aggregate length of railway mileage, including all tracks, on June 30, 1897, was 243,444.41, the increase being 3,315.29 miles.

A report from Paris says that French gunnery is improving. The gunnery experiments at Toulouse, when four battleships, the Brennus, the Jaurguiberry, the Charles Martel and the Magenta, and two cruisers, the Chanzy and the Galilee, fired with all their heavy guns and secondary batteries at three thousand meters range upon the Arrogante, an old-fashioned, steel-protected battleship, and sunk it in less than fifteen minutes, is the most important naval experiment made in France for many years. The Arrogante's interior woodwork burst into blaze, and was the immediate cause of its destruction, exactly as was the case with Cervera's ships at Santiago. The significance of this gunnery practice is realized when it is known that the French squadron discharged 500 projectiles, of which ninety were of 13 1/2-inch caliber. The estimated cost of the ammunition thus expended in fifteen minutes is \$8,000.

Some few Americans found opportunity to talk with Admiral Cervera's sailors, who were for several weeks imprisoned at Seavey's island, Maine. The effect of these conversations upon the Americans was, uniformly, to inspire sympathy for the Spaniards themselves, and to encourage a more hopeful view of the future of Spain. Most of the prisoners proved to be conscripts, forced into the navy because they could not pay \$300 to buy exemption. Naturally there was no "heart" in their fighting. They hated their own oppressive government, and they felt no bitterness toward the men it had sent them out to kill. Many of them would have been glad to remain in this country. All of them learned to respect it. The thoughtful generosity with which these prisoners were treated taught them a lesson in civilization. They are certain to impart it to their friends at home. An American who has lived in Spain for many years assures us that Spaniards will heed and profit by it.

The continuance and frequent fits of anger produce an evil habit in the soul, called wrathfulness, or a propensity to be angry, which oftentimes ends in cholera, bitterness and morosity; when the mind becomes ulcerated, peevish and querulous, and, like a thin, weak plate of iron, receives impression and is wounded by the least occurrence.

A viticultural authority states that the world's wine production in 1896 was 3,262,164,820, while last year it fell off to 2,943,475,920.

TALMAGE'S SERMON.

"IMPROVEMENTS IN HEAVEN," SUNDAY'S SUBJECT.

From Revelations, Chapter XXI, Verse 1, as follows:—"And I Saw a New Heaven"—A Glorious Spectacle.

The stereotyped heaven does not make adequate impression upon us. We need the old story told in new style in order to arouse our appreciation. I do not suppose that we are compelled to the old phraseology. King James' translators did not exhaust all the good and graphic words in the English dictionary. I suppose if we should take the idea of heaven, and translate it into modern phrase, we would find that its atmosphere is a combination of early June and of the Indian summer in October—a place combining the advantages of city and country, the streets standing for the one, and the twelve manner of fruits for the other; a place of musical entertainments—harpers, pipers, trumpeters, dogologues; a place of wonderful architecture—behold the temples; a place where there may be the higher forms of animal life—the beasts which were on earth beaten, lash-whipped, and galled and unblanketed, and worked to death, turned out among the white horses which the Book of Revelation describes as being in heaven; a place of stupendous literature—the books open; a place of aristocratic and democratic attractiveness—the kings standing for the one, all nations for the other; all botanical, pomological, ornithological, arboresecent, worshipful beauty and grandeur.

But my idea now is to speak chiefly of the improved heaven. People sometimes talk of heaven as, though it were an old city, finished centuries ago, when I have to tell you that no city on earth, during the last fifty years, has had such changes as heaven. It is not the same place as when Job, and David, and Paul, wrote of it. For hundreds and hundreds of years it has been going through peaceful revolution, and year by year, and month by month, and hour by hour, and moment by moment, it is changing, and changing for something better. Away back there was only one residence in the universe—the residence of the Almighty. Heaven had not yet been started. Immensity was the park all around about this great residence; but God's sympathetic heart after a while overflowed in other creations, and there came, all through this vast country of immensity, inhabited villages, which grew and enlarged until they joined each other, and became one great central metropolis of the universe, streeted, gated, templed, watered, inhabited. One angel went forth with a reed, we are told, and he measured heaven on one side, and then he went forth and measured heaven on the other side; and then St. John tried to take the census of that city, and he became so bewildered that he gave it up.

That brings me to the first thought of my theme—that heaven is vastly improved in numbers. Noting little under this head about the multitude of adults who have gone into glory during the last hundred, or five hundred, or thousand years, I remember there are sixteen hundred millions of people in the world, and that the vast majority of people die in infancy. How many children have gone to heaven during the last five hundred or thousand years! If New York should gather in one generation a million population, if London should gather in one generation four million population, what a vast increase! But what a mere nothing as compared with the five hundred million, the two thousand million, the "multitude that no man can number," that have gone into that city! Of course, all this takes for granted that every child that dies goes as straight into heaven as ever the light sped from a star; and that is one reason why heaven will always be fresh and beautiful—the great multitude of children in it. Put five hundred million children in a country, it will be a blessed and lively country.

But add to this, if you will, the great multitude of adults who have gone into glory, and how the census of heaven must run up. Many years ago a clergyman stood in a New England pulpit and said that he believed that the vast majority of the race would finally be destroyed, and that not more than one person out of two thousand persons would be finally saved. There happened to be about two thousand people in the village where he preached. Next Sabbath two persons were heard discussing the subject, and wondering which one of the two thousand people in the village would finally reach heaven, and one thought it would be the minister, and the other thought it would be the old deacon. Now, I have not much admiration for a lifeboat which will go out to a ship sinking with two thousand passengers, and get one off in safety, and let nineteen hundred and ninety-nine go to the bottom. Why, heaven must have been a village when Abel, the first soul from earth entered it, as compared with the present population of that great city.

Again: I remark that heaven has vastly improved in knowledge. Give a man forty or fifty years to study one science, or all sciences, with all the advantages of laboratories and observatories and philosophic apparatus, he will be a marvel of information. Now, into what intelligence must heaven mount, angelhood and sainthood, not after studying for forty or fifty years, but for thousands of years—studying God and the soul and immortality and the universe! How the intelligence of that world must sweep on and on

with eyesight farther reaching than telescope, with power of calculation mightier than all human mathematics, with powers of analysis surpassing all chemical laboratory, with speed swifter than telegraphy. What must heaven learn, with all these advantages, in a month, in a year, in a century, in a millennium! The difference between the highest university on earth and the smallest class in a primary school cannot be a greater difference than heaven as it now is and heaven as it once was. Do you not suppose that when Dr. James Simpson went up from the hospitals of Edinburgh into heaven he knew more than ever the science of health; and that Joseph Henry, graduating from the Smithsonian Institution into heaven, awoke into higher realms of philosophy; and that Sir William Hamilton, lifted to loftier sphere, understood better the construction of the human intellect; and that John Milton took up higher poetry in the actual presence of things that on earth he had tried to describe? When the first saints entered heaven they must have studied only the A B C of the full literature of wisdom with which they are now acquainted.

Again, heaven is vastly improved in its society. During your memory how many exquisite spirits have gone into it! If you should try to make a list of all the genial, loving, gracious, blessed souls that you have known, it would be a very long list—souls that have gone into that glory. Now, do you suppose they have enriched the society? Have they not improved heaven? You tell of what heaven did for them. Have they done nothing for heaven. Take all the gracious souls that have gone out of your acquaintance, and add to them all the gracious and beautiful souls that for five hundred or a thousand years have gone out of all the cities and all the villages, and all the countries of this earth into glory, and how the society of heaven must have been improved! Suppose Paul, the Apostle, were introduced into your social circle on earth; but heaven has added all the apostles. Suppose Hannah More and Charlotte Elizabeth were introduced into your social circle on earth; but heaven has added all the blessed and the gracious and the holy women of the past ages. Suppose that Robert M'Cheyne and John Summerfield should be added to your earthly circle; but heaven has gathered up all the faithful and earnest ministry of the past. There is not a town, or a city, or a village that has so improved in society in the last hundred years as heaven has improved.

But you say, "Hasn't heaven always been perfect?" Oh, yes; but not in the sense that it cannot be augmented. It has been rolling on in grandeur. Christ has been there, and he never changes—the same yesterday, today, and forever; glorious then, and glorious now, and glorious forever. But I speak now of attractions outside of this, and I have to tell you that no place on earth has improved in society as heaven has within the last seventy years; for the most of you within forty years, within twenty years, within five years, within one year; in other words, by the accessions from your own household. If heaven were placed in groups—an apostolic group, a patriarchal group, a prophetic group, group of martyrs, group of angels, and then a group of your own glorified kindred—which group would you choose? You might look around and make comparison, but it would not take you long to choose.

Again, I remark that heaven has greatly improved in the good cheer of announced victories. Where heaven rejoiced over one soul, it now rejoices over a hundred or a thousand. In the olden times, when the events of human life were scattered over four or five centuries of longevity, and the world moved slowly, there were not so many stirring events to be reported in heaven; but now, I suppose, all the great events of earth are reported in heaven. If there is any truth plainly taught in this Bible it is that heaven is wrapped up in sympathy with human history, and we look at those inventions of the day—at telegraphy, at swift communication by steam, at all these modern improvements which seem to give one almost omnipresence—and we see only the secular relation; but spirits before the throne look out and see the vast and the eternal relation. While nations rise and fall, while the earth is shaking with revolution, do you not suppose there is an arcing intelligence going up to the throne of God, and that the question is often asked before the throne, "What is the news from that world—that world that rebelled, but is coming back to its allegiance?" If pinning spirits, according to the Bible, are sent forth to minister to those that shall be heirs of heaven, when they come down to us to bless us, do they not take the news back? Do the ships of light that come out of the celestial harbor into the earthly harbor, laden with cargoes of blessings, go back unfringed? Ministering spirits not only, but our loved ones leaving us, take up the tidings. Suppose you were in a far city, and had been there a good while, and you heard that some one had arrived from your native place—some one who had recently seen your family and friends—you would rush up to that man and you would ask all about the old folks at home. And do you not suppose when your child went up to God, your glorified kindred in heaven gathered around and asked about you, to ascertain as to whether you were getting along well in the struggle of life; to find out whether you were in any especial peril, that with swift and mighty wing they might come down to interpose your perils? Oh, yes! Heaven is a greater

place for news than it used to be—news that sounded through the streets, news ringing from the towers, news heralded from the palace gate. Glad news! Victory news!

I do not think it was superstitious when, one Wednesday night, I stood by a deathbed within a few blocks of the church where I preached, and on the same street, and saw one of the aged Christians of the church going into glory. After I had prayed with her I said to her, "We have all loved you very much, and will always cherish your memory in the Christian church. You will see my son before I see him, and I wish you would give him our love." She said, "I wish, I will," and in twenty minutes she was in heaven—the last words she ever spoke. It was a swift message to the skies. If you had your choice between riding in a heavenly chariot and occupying the grandest palace in heaven, and sitting on the throne next highest to the throne of God, and not seeing your departed loved ones; and on the other hand, dwelling in the humblest place in heaven, without crown or throne, and without garland, and without scepter, yet having your loved ones around you, you would choose the latter. I say these things because I want you to know it is a domestic heaven, and consequently it is all the time improving. Every one that goes up makes it a brighter place, and the attractions are increasing month by month and day by day; and heaven, so vastly more of a heaven, a thousand times more of a heaven than it used to be, will be a better heaven yet. Oh, I say this to intensify your anticipation!

I enter heaven one day. It is almost empty. I enter the temples of worship, and there are no worshippers. I walk down the street, and there are no passengers. I go into the orchestra, and I find the instruments are suspended in the baronial halls of heaven, and the great organs of eternity, with multitudinous banks of keys, are closed. But I see a shining one at the gate, as though he were standing on guard, and I say, "Sentinel, what does this mean? I thought heaven was a populous city. Has there been some great plague sweeping off the population?" "Have you not heard the news?" says the sentinel. "There is a world burning, there is a great conflagration out yonder, and all heaven has gone out to look at the conflagration and take the victims out of the ruins. This is the day for which all other days are made. This is the Judgment! This morning all the chariots, and the cavalry, and the mounted infantry rumbled and galloped down the sky." After I had listened to the sentinel, I looked over the battlements, and I saw that the fields of air were bright with a blazing world. I said, "Yes, yes, this must be the Judgment;" and while I stood there I heard the rumbling of wheels and the clattering of hoofs, and the roaring of many voices, and then I saw the coronets and plumes and banners, and I saw that all heaven was coming back again—coming to the wall, coming to the gate, and the multitude that went off in the morning was augmented by a vast multitude caught up alive from the earth, and a vast multitude of the resurrected bodies of the Christian dead, leaving the cemeteries and the abbeys and the mausoleums and the graveyards of the earth empty. Procession moving in through the gates. And then I found out that what was the fiery Judgment day on earth was jubilee in heaven, and I cried, "Doorkeepers of heaven, shut the gates; all heaven has come in! Doorkeepers, shut the 12 gates, lest the sorrows and the woes of earth, like bandits, should some day come up and try to plunder the city!"

Timidity and Greediness. M. Dugas, a Frenchman, has written an extremely interesting paper on "Timidity." He finds that the vast majority of people are timid in their youth; a considerable minority remain timid all their lives. Timidity leads to meditation and analysis. It enters into the temperament of the philosopher and man of science. Per contra, a thoroughly stupid man is seldom timid. Virgil, Horace, Benjamin Constant, Michelet and Armiel were all notably timid men. M. Dugas notes that in the intellectual man you are apt to find great speculative hardihood combined with a practical timidity. Carlyle's is the typical case. The mere thought of having to order a coat or buy a pair of gloves caused him the most acute discomfort. In its extreme type timidity approaches the malady of the will, which some medical dictionaries call agoraphobia—the dread of the crowd, of the gaze of other people. All public speakers have known this feeling—even, it is said, the brazen M. Rochfort. Cicero, used as he was to the rostrum, was prevented by "blue funk" from delivering his "Milonian" speech. M. Sarcey, who has lectured every week for twenty years, says he has never been able to conquer his timidity. Paillet, a famous Parisian advocate, was so nervous that he used to say he half hoped some accident would happen him in the street on his way to the court, so that he might be prevented from appearing. Veteran actors, when they are worth their salt, seldom get over their "stage-fright."

Aluminum Hubs. One of the newest things in the building line is an aluminum hub, for shipment to remote places difficult of access. When packed for carriage it weighs 110 pounds. It is composed of four sides and a roof of thin sheets of aluminum, and when put up the house contains 190 cubic feet.

ARISTON CYCLES.

Better than the Best.



BE SURE AND SEE THE WHEEL. It has more points of Merit than any other high grade Bicycle built to-day.

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ELECTRIC CLEANER

All good Housekeepers use it. Removes all dust and dirt from carpets and Rugs. Removes all grease spots, fruit stains and coal soot. Restores colors and raises the nap. The work is simple and can be performed by any person. Wanted to be free from such substances as Alkali, Acid, Benzine, Resin and Ammonia, which are injurious to carpets and fabrics. One can clean 25 yards of carpet.

We also manufacture the ELECTRIC WALL PAPER AND PRESCO CLEANER Best in the market.

"THE ELECTRIC" Bicycle Chain Lubricant

Why not buy the best when it costs no more than the cheap worthless stuff now on the market?

Send for circulars.

PREPARED ONLY BY THE ELECTRIC CLEANER CO., Canton, Ohio.

THE BADGER

A Foot Corn Cutter



Costing only \$2.00

Three to Five Acres per day is a fair average reported. A better record for Speed, Ease and Economy than any other implement for Harvesting Corn, whether operated by Horse, Hand or Steam.

Ask your dealer for them, or one will be delivered at your Express Office on receipt of price.

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NEW Champion Washer.

Will wash Cleaner, Quicker, with more ease and less injury to the clothes than any machine now in use. Over 75,000 sold, all giving satisfaction.



Don't confuse this with the Washing Machines you have seen. This is something entirely new. Can not get out of order.

PRICE WITHIN THE REACH OF EVERYONE.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

Champion Washing Machine Co., 510 West Pearl St., CINCINNATI, OHIO.

IT SHINES FOR ALL THE BEWEE AND BEST OIL SHOE POLISH

ROSSNER'S SHINE SHOE POLISH FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN'S CHILDREN'S SHOES. HARNESS & PATENT LEATHER. PRICE 25c. READY FOR USE. REQUIRES NO RUBBING OR BRUSHING.

ROSSNER MFG. CO. WINONA, MINN. U.S.A.

This is truly a "Once a Week" shoe polish, as it will hold a shine for a week, and rain or snow will not spoil it. A Liquid Polish, put up in large bottles, enclosed in neat cartons, and makes a good show in the package and on the shoe. The nicest thing on the market for LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S FINE SHOES AND PATENT LEATHER. Easily applied. Requires no rubbing. Will not freeze.

Ask your local dealer for it. Rossner's "Once a Week" Shine Shoe Polish Address: ROESSNER MFG. CO., Winona, Minn.

Old Theories Abandoned!

Piles Cured without the Surgeon's Knife!

Metzger's PILE Ointment,

Does it infallibly.

50 Cents a package. Got it of your dealer or send direct to laboratory.

New Metzger Medicine Co., Decorah, Iowa.

ANN ARBOR RAILROAD

For Owosso, St. Louis, Alma, Mt. Pleasant, Clare, Cadillac, Manistee, Traverse City and points in Northwestern Michigan.

WE OWN AND OPERATE Our own Steamship Line across Lake Michigan between Frankfort and Keweenaw, Menominee and Gladstone, and are selling tickets to the Northwest CHEAPER than any all rail line.

The best trout and bass fishing in the state is found on our northern division.

Blessing cars on night trains. Berths, \$1.50 and \$1.00. Free chair cars on day trains.

W. H. BENNETT, G. F. A.

OHIO CENTRAL COAST LINES



LOOK AT THIS MAP. RATES ALWAYS LOW AS THE LOWEST. SERVICE ALWAYS GOOD AS THE BEST. EXPERIENCED TRAVELERS ALWAYS USE THE O. C.

THE ONLY THROUGH CAR LINE BETWEEN CLEVELAND, TOLEDO, AND SPRINGFIELD, TOLEDO, COLUMBUS AND CHARLESTON; COLUMBUS, FINDLAY AND CHICAGO; TOLEDO, BOWLING GREEN AND THROUGH WITH COLUMBUS AND HARTS TA ALWAYS CONNECT WITH OTHER RAIL LINES, OR "DOORS" HOLTZMAN HOTEL, 309 N. PARK ST., TOLEDO, OHIO.

**Old Made Young
Weak Made Strong
Sick Made Well**
BY THE USE OF
**ROYAL
Life Tablets.**
A WONDERFUL REMEDY—
LIFE ITSELF
Perpetual Health by their Daily Use
NO ONE NEED BE SICK.
They will put an END to all
Manner of Disease; Restore
Vitality; Give New Life,
Power and Energy to All
The Only Perfect Tonic
Ravages of old age Stopped
Used by "VICTORIA"
50 Tablets 50 Cents.
At Druggists, or sent by mail on
receipt of price by
ROYAL TABLET CO.
28 Lafayette Ave.,
DETROIT, - - MICH.
Geo. W. Hunter & Co., Plymouth Agents.

PLYMOUTH MAIL.
H. J. BAKER, } Editors and
M. F. GRAY, } Proprietors.
\$1.00 a Year, in Advance.
Single copies 3 Cents.
Entered at Plymouth P. O. as second class matter.
Cards of Thanks sent
Signatures of Contributors
Paid postage on a word; in local acts a word.
Reading notices where charges are made gets a line.
Friday, Nov. 4, 1898.

"HONEST FRANK LIGHT."
WILL DESERVE TO BE ELECTED
COUNTY TREASURER.
An Unblemished Record—The foe
of Unscrupulous Corporations
and Money Grabbers—Friend
of the People.
In making up one's choice for the
various offices to be voted for at the
approaching fall elections, there is
one man whose name deserves a place
on the ticket of every appreciative
voter. This is Mr. Frank J. Licht.
Democratic candidate for county
treasurer.
This gentleman has made for him-
self a record that few can boast of.
He is serving his second term in the
common council of the City of De-
troit, having been elected and re-elected
in a very strong Republican ward.
Away back in January, 1896, it was
that the Detroit Journal, the Repub-
lican organ, in an editorial article
headed "Watching Claims" used these
words:
"Ex-Ald. Licht was almost alone in
fighting unfair claims. He was per-
severing in getting to the bottom of



FRANK J. LICHT.
everything. He saved dollars, and he
saved hundreds. He pored and he re-
jected. He was the stumbling block
of the extortionists. He was not the
chairman of the committee, but his
name on a majority or minority re-
port was the one that counted. This
was not only because he was known to
be honest, but because the council
knew that he had carefully investi-
gated.
This record is what re-elected Mr.
Licht. As he was then, so is he now.
He is the foe of unscrupulous corpo-
rations and money grabbers of every
description, and he has always looked
to the interest of the taxpayers. He
has been a constant friend of the
workman, and advocated that no
man should be paid for his labor less
than \$1.50 per day. If elected to the
county treasurership, he will take
means to determine the right of the
present incumbent to hold office for
six months longer than the period for
which he was elected. He will at
once commence proceedings to have
that excess of salary and fees
amounting to \$20,000, returned to the
county, thus not only saving the tax-
payers that amount, but teaching a
salutary lesson to all who may need it.
Mr. Licht's private life is as unblem-
ished as his public career. He has
been a prominent business man in
the city of Detroit for twenty years. By
the practice of the same careful and
exact methods to which we have al-
luded, his business has increased. He
has but one rule for public and pri-
vate affairs—economy, watchfulness
and honesty. Our readers do not need
anyone to tell them that these are the
rare qualities which commend a can-
didate for such a responsible position
to the suffrage of his fellow citizens.

The tenants in Dr. Lum's new Majestic
block moved in this week. Fred McOmber,
real estate and insurance, occupies
one side of the ground floor of the build-
ing while Dr. Lum's office is to be found
on the other. The entire building above
the ground floor will be occupied by the
Republican campaign committee after
Nov. 8th.—Argus-Democrat.
Warren Lewis, the Ypsilanti dog
grower, got a check for \$50 for a three
months old, short tailed, full blood, black
Cocker spaniel, from some woman out in
California, who had more money than
dogs. Pete Cook, of York, had a fat
three years old steer, and he couldn't get
within \$15 as much for it as Lewis ob-
tained for his measly pup. Shorthorn
Durhams are not in it with short tailed
Cocker spaniels.—Adrian Press.
It takes Mrs. Jane Haight to catch
muskrats. Having been greatly annoyed
this fall by the pests, and becoming des-
perate, she constructed a trap by sinking
two lard cans in the ground, one above
the other, the upper can being bottomless;
she then put some molasses and water in
the bottom can, and on visiting the trap
in the morning was rewarded by finding
six of the "varments" therein and unable
to get out. A neighbor was called in who
killed them, and now she will probably
have that trap patented.—Milan Leader.
The Prouty & Glass Carriage Co., of
W-yne, will put up 5,000 sleighs this
fall.

From Maine to Manila.
And from the great lakes to Porto Rico,
the fame of Cleveland's Celery Compound
Tea for the nerves, continues to grow.
It has no equal as a nerve and brain re-
medy, and those who desire a beautiful
complexion should use it regularly. The
proprietors are now offering to the people
of Plymouth \$250 in cash prizes in order
to introduce it to everybody. For full par-
ticulars and free samples apply at once
to Geo. W. Hunter & Co's.
Homeseekers' Excursions to the West,
South-west and South Via Ohio
Central Lines.
On Nov. 15th Dec. 6th and 20th, the
Ohio Central Lines will sell Homeseekers'
excursion tickets at rate of one fare for
the round trip plus \$2.00. One way set-
tlers tickets on same dates will be sold at
greatly reduced rates. For full particu-
lars call on or address
W. A. PETERS, M. P. A., Detroit.

Facts to Remember.
She looks as clear as morning roses,
newly wet with dew, after taking
Knill's Red Pills for Wan People.
Trust not too much to an enchant-
ing face. But always trust in Knill's
Blue Kidney Pills at 25c a box.
A thing of beauty is a joy forever.
Knill's Red Pills for Wan People
make it.
Jealousy is doubt and doubt is the
death of love. But when you take
Knill's White Liver Pills you have
no doubt, they are effective.
Her very frowns are fairer far
than smiles of other maidens are.
She had taken Knill's Red Pills for
Wan People.
Hardly,
You cannot cure hams with a
hammer,
Or measure a dram with a drama,
Do sums with a summer,
Or yet shear a ram with a rammer.
But you can cure your kidney ills
With Knill's Blue Kidney Pills,
At 25c a box.
Mary was very thin,
Her face was white as snow,
The preacher paid a visit
And told her where to go
And get Knill's Red Pills for Wan
People,
As they would make her strong and
have good color again.
When the wedding bells are ringing,
Everyone will be singing:
"Take Knill's Red Pills for Wan
People."

Judged by their Merits
Are Knill's Red Pills for Wan People,
Knill's Blue Kidney Pills,
Knill's White Liver Pills.
As everyone that tries them say
they are the best and recom-
mend them to their friends. 25c
per box
Warranted. Sold by all druggists.
For Sale by G. W. Hunter & Co.

PHOTOGRAPES!
40 years experience
Best large Mantellas \$3.00 doz
Cabinets 2.00 doz
Small Mantellas 1.50 doz
Diamond Shape 1.50 doz
Minnette 1.00 doz
We make all sizes and all our
work is warranted not to fade.
The finish is equal to any.
E. P. BAKER,
Plymouth, Mich.

J. B. LEWIS & Co's
"Wear Resisters"
make a good
impression
everywhere.
The best shoes for
men, women, and
children, because
they are made
best, wear best,
look best. Look
for "Lewis" on
each shoe.
J. B. LEWIS & Co.,
Detroit, Mich.
LEWIS "WEAR RESISTERS"
are sold by all shoe dealers.
Bennett & Co., Plymouth

Are You Going to Build?
If so call on us for Figures.
We will not be undersold by
any retail yard. We handle
all kinds of
Lumber, Lath,
Shingles, etc.
Get our figures before going
elsewhere.
Our prices on Tile are
No. 1, 3 inch, 25c. rod
No. 2, 3 inch, 21c. rod
We have a fine line of large
Cedar Posts on hand.
Buy your Threshing Coal of us
C. A. FRISBEE.
E. C. LEACH, L. H. BENNETT,
Pres. Vice-Pres.
C. A. FISHER, Assistant Cashier

**PLYMOUTH
SAVINGS
BANK**
CAPITAL \$50,000.
3 Per Cent paid on certifi-
cates and savings deposits
A portion of your business,
solicited.
E. K. BENNETT,
Cashier

A. PELHAM,

DENTIST.

National Exchange Bank
CAPITAL, \$50,000.
A General
Banking Business Transacted.
**3 PER
CENT**
Interest paid on Savings and
Time Deposits.
Your Patronage Solicited.
O. A. FRASER, Cashier.

Notice.
We, the undersigned, do hereby agree
to refund the money on two 25-cent
bottles of Baxter's Mandrake Bitters, if it
fails to cure constipation, biliousness,
sick headache, or any of the diseases for
which it is recommended. Also will re-
fund the money on a 50-cent bottle of
Downs' Elixir, if it does not cure any
cough, cold, croup, whooping cough, or
throat or lung difficulty. We also guar-
antee one 25-cent bottle of either of the
above to prove satisfactory or money re-
funded.
DR. J. G. MIERER,
J. L. GALE,
G. W. HUNTER & Co.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.
The Best Salve in the world for Cuts,
Bruises, Burns, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever
Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains,
Jorns, and all Skin Eruptions, and pos-
itively cures Piles, or no pay required. It
is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction
or money refunded. Price 25 cents per
box. For Sale By John L. Gale.

CYCLE REPAIRING
and Extras for Cycles.
Pneumatic Tires, Inner Tubes,
Outside Casings, Valve Stems,
Valves, Steel Balls, Nipples,
Air Pumps, Spokes, Tire
Cement in bulk or liquid, Tire
Tape, Rubber Solution to re-
pair Tires and Tubes, Plun-
gers, Caps, Springs, Patching
Rubber, Linen Thread, Cork
Handles, Wrenches,
Lubricant for Chains,
and Chains in Stock.

New and second-hand
Bicycles for sale.
BICYCLES TO RENT.
W. N. WHERRY,
PLYMOUTH, MICH.

HARRY C. ROBINSON,
Livery and
Sale Stable.

BUS AND TRUCK LINE.
Horse Clipping a Specialty.
Single horse \$2; Team \$3.

C. L. WILCOX,
General Insurance.
Detroit Fire and Marine.
Hartford.
Phoenix, of Hartford.
Springfield Fire and Marine.
Pennsylvania.
Niagara.
Commercial Union.
Sun, of London.
Phoenix Assurance of London.
Office at
Residence, Plymouth, Mich

DETROIT, Grand Rapids & Western
SEPT. 25, 1898.

GOING EAST		GOING WEST	
	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.
Grand Rapids	7:05	1:25	5:25
Ionia	7:30	8:01	6:00
Lansing	8:54	9:26	7:26
Salem	10:35	10:35	9:10
PLYMOUTH	10:50	6:53	9:25
Ar. Detroit	11:40	5:45	10:30
GOING WEST		a. m.	
		p. m.	p. m.
Ar. Detroit	8:00	1:10	6:10
PLYMOUTH	8:05	1:15	6:15
Salem	9:01	1:54	7:07
Lansing	10:20	3:24	8:46
Ionia	12:00	4:53	10:26
Ar. Grand Rapids	12:55	5:20	10:25

ED. PELTON, Agent, Plymouth. GEO. DE HAVEN, G.P.A. Grand Rapids

F. & P. M. R. R.
TIME TABLE.
In effect Oct. 16 1898.
Trains leave Plymouth as follows:
STANDARD TIME.
GOING SOUTH. GOING NORTH.
Train No. 4, 10:05 a. m. Train 1, 8:10 a. m.
" No. 5, 2:25 p. m. " 2, 9:15 a. m.
" No. 8, 8:45 p. m. " 3, 2:25 p. m.
" No. 10, 6:40 a. m. " 9, 7:30 p. m.
Trains Nos. 3 and 9 run through to Alpena.
Train No. 3 connects at Ludington with steamer
for Mackinac and Milwaukee, (weather permit-
ting) making connections for all points west and
Northwest.
Sleeping Parlor Cars between Alpena, Bay City,
Saginaw and Detroit.
Train No. 8 runs daily, from Bay City to Detroit,
On Western Division it runs daily, except Sunday.
Trains leave for Toledo at 6:30 a. m., 10:30 a. m.,
and 8:25 p. m.
For further information see Time Cards
copy.
ED. PELTON, Local Agent.

COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE. In the matter of
the estate of ELEC. A. ANN HEDDEN,
deceased.
We, the undersigned, having been appointed by
the Probate Court for the County of Wayne, State
of Michigan, Commissioners to receive, examine and
adjust all claims and demands of all persons against
said deceased, do hereby give notice that we will
meet at the home of Henry Tuttle, in the village of Plymouth in said county on Mon-
day, the twenty-eighth day of November, A. D. 1898,
and on Monday, the 3rd day of April, A. D. 1899, at
ten o'clock a. m. of each of said days, for the purpose
of examining and allowing said claims, and that six
months from the third day of October, A. D. 1898,
was allowed by said court for creditors to present
their claims to us for examination and allow-
ance.
HENRY TUTTLE,
Commissioner.
Dated October 15th, 1898. (90-54)

COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE. In the matter of
the estate of JOHN C. BARK, deceased.
We, the undersigned, having been appointed by
the Probate Court for the County of Wayne, State
of Michigan, Commissioners to receive, examine and
adjust all claims and demands of all persons against
said deceased, do hereby give notice that we will
meet at the store of Shaw Bros., at Elm Station to the town-
ship of Livonia, in said county, on Saturday the
11th day of February, A. D. 1899, and on Tuesday,
the 25th day of April, A. D. 1899, at ten
o'clock a. m. of each of said days, for the pur-
pose of examining and allowing said claims, and
that six months from the 25th day of October,
A. D. 1898, was allowed by said court for creditors to
present their claims to us for examination and allow-
ance.
WILLIAM H. COATS,
JOHN B. BEAUF,
Commissioners.
Dated October 27th, 1898. 92-54

CLOCKS
LOCK
S
New Line Just Received.
Every Clock Guaranteed.
Latest Patterns. Low Prices.
See Window Display.
Call and Get Prices.
Repairing a Specialty.
C. G. DRAPER,
Sutton St. JEWELER.

TRY OUR
The
House Keepers Delight!
A Step-ladder.
TRY OUR
One Free with every lb of
Globe Baking Powder.
Shredded Wheat Biscuit, 13c.
5 pound sack Fallis Pan-cake Flour 20c.
1 pound Coffee and fancy canister 25c
Jardinieres 10c, 25c, 30c, 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.25
Flower Crocks, 5c, 7c, 10c, 12c, 15c.
Try our Teas and Coffees, we have the best.
Bogert & Co.
TRY OUR

There may be other laundries that are
larger but none that
Excell in Workmanship
The Plymouth Star Laundry.
The increasing patronage we are receiving
proves our popularity.
REA BROS., Proprietor.

Notice—On and after August 1st, I will sell for cash. Posi-
tively no credit.
DO YOU WANT
GOOD MEAT
IF YOU DO CALL AT
HARRIS' MARKET
and he will please you. He keeps the best of meats
at the Lowest Prices. Don't forget the place.
H. HARRIS.
Orders taken and delivered. PLYMOUTH.

FOR A SUMMER CRUISE TAKE THE COAST LINE
To Mackinac
NEW STEEL
PASSENGER
STEAMERS
COMFORT,
SPEED
and SAFETY
The Greatest Perfection yet attained in Boat Construction—Luxurious
Equipment, Artistic Furnishing, Decoration and Efficient Service.
To Detroit, Mackinac, Georgian Bay, Petoskey, Chicago
No other Line offers a panorama of 400 miles of equal variety and interest.
FOUR TRIPS PER WEEK BETWEEN
Toledo, Detroit and Mackinac
PETOSKEY, "THE BOB" MARQUETTE
AND DULUTH.
DAY AND NIGHT SERVICE BETWEEN
DETROIT AND CLEVELAND
Fare, \$1.50 Each Direction.
Berths, 75c. Stateroom, \$1.75.
Connections are made at Cleveland with
Earliest Trains for all points East, South
and Southwest, and at Detroit for all
points North and Westward.
Sunday Trips June, July, Aug., Sept. Oct. Only
EVERY DAY AND NIGHT BETWEEN
CLEVELAND, PUT-IN-BAY AND TOLEDO.
Send for Illustrated Pamphlet. Address
G. A. BENTLEY, c/o C. SOUTHWICK, 1000
Detroit and Cleveland Navigation Company.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

LOCAL HAPPENINGS AND PERSONAL MENTION.

What Our Scribe Gathered on the Outside.—Other News Items.

Indian summer weather. Register tomorrow if you wish to vote. Election next Tuesday. Vote early and often.

The Penniman residence has been repaired.

Mrs. Wm. Pfeiffer visited her parents in Salem last week.

Henry Murray and family have moved to New York state.

Regular meeting of the common council next Monday night.

A real red hot election will occur in this county next Tuesday.

Saturday, November 5th, is Riggs' great cloak day. Read his ad.

We are pleased to report that Harry Jolliffe continues to improve.

Arthur Hood is able to be around town, although looking very pale and thin.

Miss Opal Murray, of Superior, is visiting her cousin, Mrs. Will Pfeiffer, this week.

Don't forget the 15c chicken pie supper in Safford's hall Saturday from 5 to 7 o'clock.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis, of Owosso, are guests of her sister, Mrs. Corwin, of Canton.

The new proprietor of the Hotel Plymouth will take possession about November 10th.

Conner Hardware Co. are having a quarter off sale for a few days. Read their ad.

A force of men have been at work this week painting W. O. Allen's residence on Main street.

A rusty nail pointing heavenward caused a severe wound in A. M. Potter's foot one day this week.

The Conner Hardware Co. have placed a Peerless furnace in the residence of Crawford Safford south of town.

"Joe" Weiss, republican candidate for sheriff, was in town a few minutes Tuesday. He says things are looking roey.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Roe entertained a small party Wednesday evening in honor of her niece, Miss Verna Smith, of Redford.

Burglars entered the residence of W. J. Adams, Sunday night and carried away a pocket-book containing three or four dollars.

The F. & P. M. R. Co., has ordered several locomotives and four hundred freight cars to handle their increasing freight traffic.

Several of our exchanges are advertising C. H. Michells clothing sale in Detroit. It must make the local clothing advertisers feel good.

Rev. I. J. Bucknell will preach on the following subjects next Sunday: At 10:30, "Is the World growing better or worse?" At 7 "Spiritual Anarchism."

Chas. F. Barnes, of Redford, and Carrie Rutenbury, of Livonia, were married Thursday afternoon at the home of the bride. Rev. Oliver officiated.

The Bell Telephone Co., have placed a very neat booth in their office here. Patrons can now use the 'phone without their conversation being made public.

Dr. A. F. Bruske, President of Alma College, will occupy the pulpit of the Presbyterian church Sunday afternoon. Service at 3 o'clock. Everybody invited.

Olive Branch degree team, of Detroit, visited Tonquish lodge, No. 32, I. O. O. F. on Tuesday evening, November 1st, and exemplified the second and third degrees. After the work came a banquet and general good time. About 25 members of Globe Lodge, No. 48, of Northville, were also present.

Maude Millsbaugh and mother visited at the home of Mrs. Sue Bell near Wayne for a couple of days last week. It was the occasion of quite a reunion of the Millsbaugh family, relatives being present from Jackson, Ypsilanti, Sheldon, Monroe, Wayne, Plymouth, North Star, Mich. and Brainard, Minn.

Evangelist Mackey, who was here in the summer holding meetings in the park, led the Star of Hope mission meeting, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday evenings of this week.

The MAIL was informed this week that the rails for the electric road would be distributed between here and Wayne this week and that cars would probably be running by Thanksgiving.

Mr. V. E. Hill will address the Epworth League, of Newburg, and friends at their meeting next Sunday evening. It is hoped there will be a good attendance as Mr. Hill is a very pleasant speaker.

The deer hunters left for the north, Thursday. They will camp a few miles from McKinley, which is the terminus of the Au Sable & Northwestern railroad. The MAIL expects a pair of hind saddles in a few days.

Fred Gibb's, who has been working in Tesson's tailor shop for several months, left town a week ago Sunday without giving any one notice and has not been heard from since. He evidently intended to come back as he had not drawn all his wages.

Mrs. Dell Knapp and Mr. George Davey were the guests of their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Davey at Newburg, from Friday until Sunday. On Saturday evening, George was given a surprise by 35 of his young friends. An enjoyable evening was spent in games and music.

Clifford McClumpha and Miss Mamie Hurd, two well known young people of Plymouth, were married in Northville, Wednesday evening, by Rev. J. H. Herbener, pastor of the Presbyterian church. Mr. and Mrs. McClumpha will reside at the home of Mr. McClumpha's parents for the present.

On Halloween some of our smart boys took two lamps off the lamp posts and carried them away. Wm. Mott, the lamp-lighter, skrimished around and found one of the lamps but the other is still missing. The boys are known and if the lamp is not returned they will probably "hear something drop."

The Plymouth high school lecture course promises to be a grand success, if excellent talent will make it so. There will be five numbers: 1st: The Wagner Male Quartette, the peer of all quartettes; 2nd: Col. Copeland, "Seeing the Elephant;" 3rd: Conary, the entertainer; 4th: Thos. McCleary, "The Mission of Mirth;" 5th: Home talent. The committee will wait on you this week and next and it is hoped a generous response will be made for season tickets. The nominal price of \$1.00 for the course should sell at least 250 tickets. Assist the high school pupils to add to their library fund.

For neat and stylish dress making go to Mrs. Taft's, first door north of Dr. Dewey's.

—WANTED—Girl for dress-making. Mrs. Taft, first door north of Dr. Dewey's.

The village council of Wayne appears to be an easy mark for the D., Y. & A. A. Electric Road Co. At the request of a representative of that company, the franchise was amended in such a manner that the company is released from planking a large portion of their tracks within the village. What a snap for the company!

The Milan Leader has been sold to W. H. Hansman, of the Hanover Local. A. B. Smith, the retiring editor, started the Leader 17 years ago and has edited it ever since. Mr. and Mrs. Smith will leave Milan in about a month for California.

The Lexington News is carrying about 13 columns of advertising. We are glad to know that Bro. Keyes is being appreciated in Lexington.

Notice.

Orders for the daily Tribune and Sunday News-Tribune can now be left at the MAIL office instead of Potters news stand. The daily is delivered promptly each morning for 10c per week, and the Sunday News-Tribune is delivered at 3c each or 2c each with the daily. All orders will receive prompt attention.

G. M. ADAMS, Agent, MAIL office.

Auction Sale.

On Saturday, November 12th, 1898, at one o'clock sharp, I will auction off my household furniture, cow, wood and numerous other articles. John Bennett, auctioneer.

WILLARD BAIN, Prop.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Wayne, ss.

At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Wayne, held at the Probate Office in the City of Detroit, on the second day of November, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight.

Present, EDGAR O. DUFFEE, Judge of Probate, in the matter of the estate of JOHN SMITH, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Ella S. Smith, praying that administration of said estate may be granted to Daniel Jolliffe, or some other suitable person.

It is ordered, that the twenty-ninth day of November, instant, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said Probate Office, be appointed for hearing said petition.

And it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published three consecutive weeks previous to said time of hearing, in the PLYMOUTH MAIL, a newspaper printed and circulating in said County of Wayne.

EDGAR O. DUFFEE, Judge of Probate. HOMER A. PLINT, Register.

(A true copy.)

461-464

FIRST CHURCH OF CHRIST, SCIENTIST.

Service 10:30 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sunday school 11:45 A. M. Wednesday evening meeting, 7:30 Safford Hall.

All are most cordially invited. Subject for next Sunday will be: Morning "Mortals and Immortals," Evening, "Hezekiah restores the Feast of Unleavened Bread."

Newburg.

The fair held at the hall Friday was a decided success both socially and financially. And the chicken pies, oh, how they disappeared before the crowd. After the papas and mamas left the scene of action, the "kids," (some of large growth) remained to engage in an innocent romp.

At the regular meeting of the Hall association it was voted to hire a janitor. Sealed bids can be handed to the president, Mrs. James A. LeVan. It was also reported that there is enough money in the treasury to pay the note held against the Hall association by the Ladies Aid society. A special meeting was called for Saturday evening, November 13th.

Mrs. J. A. LeVan was called to Wayne on Sunday to assist in nursing Nettie Hoisington, who is still very sick.

Mr. and Mrs. James Rawson are visiting friends somewhere in the western part of the state.

The chapel is completed and a neat room it is too. It will be found to be convenient and useful.

Elder Oliver is giving us some excellent sermons. The people show their appreciation of them by giving him a full house.

The church is in a very prosperous condition. Attendance large.

Miss Hattie Hoisington has improved so she is able to be around a part of the time.

Livonia Center.

John Stringer took a business trip to Detroit, Monday.

Corn husking and potato digging is nearly done in this vicinity.

Tuesday morning our little burg looked as if a cyclone had struck it. Guess some one did some hard work Monday night, and the some ones are known too.

Mrs. S. Turnbull returned Wednesday from a two weeks' visit in Detroit and Goodison. She reports a good time at the latter place, as she was visiting Mrs. J. C. Dains, a former Livonia resident.

The political meeting at the Hall Monday evening was not very well attended.

The show Saturday night was a failure. As one of the parties failed to appear it was postponed until Wednesday night.

Horace Kingsley and son, Dick, made a flying trip to Detroit, Tuesday.

It is reported that some of Mr. Bradley's children are sick with diphtheria and they have stopped patrons from taking milk to the cheese factory. They lost one child this week and the doctor pronounced that case tonsillitis. It is hoped that it will not spread.

Miss Minnie Hearn still lies very low, with small hopes of her recovery.

Friends of the MAIL, having business in the judge of probate's office, will confer a favor on us if they will request that their legal notices be published in the PLYMOUTH MAIL.

An Enterprising Druggist.

There are few men more wide awake and enterprising than J. L. Gale who spares no pains to secure the best of everything in his line for his many customers. They now have the valuable agency for Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. This is a wonderful remedy that is producing such a furor all over the country by its many startling cures. It absolutely cures Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness and all affections of the Throat, Chest and Lungs. Call at above drug store and get a trial bottle free or a regular size for 50 cents and \$1.00. Guaranteed to cure or price refunded.

—GOOD coal stove for sale cheap. Inquire of

CHAS. W. VALENTINE.

W. C. T. U.

The members of the W. C. T. U. are requested to bring cans of fruit or jelly to the W. C. T. U. room next Thursday, as the union is preparing a box to send to the Temperance hospital at Chicago.

Mrs. M. S. Knaggs, of Bay City, will address our people on the subject of Equal Suffrage sometime in the near future.

Meetings of the W. C. T. U. will now be held 2:30 p. m. each Thursday until the first of April.

SUPT. OF PRESS.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Wayne, ss.

At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Wayne, held at the Probate Office in the City of Detroit, on the second day of November, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight.

Present, EDGAR O. DUFFEE, Judge of Probate, in the matter of the estate of JOHN SMITH, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Ella S. Smith, praying that administration of said estate may be granted to Daniel Jolliffe, or some other suitable person.

It is ordered, that the twenty-ninth day of November, instant, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said Probate Office, be appointed for hearing said petition.

And it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published three consecutive weeks previous to said time of hearing, in the PLYMOUTH MAIL, a newspaper printed and circulating in said County of Wayne.

EDGAR O. DUFFEE, Judge of Probate. HOMER A. PLINT, Register.

(A true copy.)

461-464

Saturday, Nov. 5 GREAT CLOAK DAY AT RIGGS

Saturday, Nov. 5, we propose to make the Greatest Cloak Selling Day in the history of our business. We are loaded with Cloaks of every description, and have just this week added one of the handsomest New York lines ever shown. Beautiful Designs, handsome cloth and natty styles, all silk and satin lined. There is no store in the county showing such a large and handsome line. Below we quote you a few of the many great bargains we have for Saturday.

Ladies' Crush Plush Capes

Worth 12, 15 and 18 dollars
Special Saturday Sale Price \$9 25, \$11.50, \$13.50

Heavy Boucle Capes worth 5, 7.50 and 10 dollars
Saturday Sale Price 2.90, 4.50 and 7.50 dollars.

Elegant Plush Capes fully lined worth 7.50, 10, 12, 15, dollars
Saturday Sale Price 5.50, 7.50, 9.75, and 12 dollars.

Ladies' Jackets beautiful new styles worth 10, 12, & 15 dollars
Saturday Sale Price 8.75, 10.50 and 12.50 dollars.

Fine new Boucle Jackets worth 5, 7.50, 10 and 12 dollars
Saturday Sale Price 3.50, 5.50, 8 and 10 dollars.



Children's Fine Jackets

Sale Price from \$1.25 up.

Misses' Fine Jackets

Sale Price from \$1.98 up.

A Fine Stock to select from.



This will be the Greatest Cloak Bargain day ever seen in this part of the county. If you want good things for a little money don't miss it. Come and be prepared to buy and bring your friends. For those who cannot get here Saturday we will

Continue Sale all Next Week.

We shall also show Great Bargains in Men's and Boys' Clothing.

E. L. RIGGS.

Don't Hack and Cough Your Life Away.

It uses up more strength to cough five minutes than to work half a day. Think of the thousands and thousands who go around clearing their throats, straining themselves to throw off the phlegm, and coughing until they are exhausted, when there is a remedy, Cleveland's Lung Healer, which is sold on a positive guarantee, no cure, no pay. The proprietors are now offering \$250 in cash prizes to the people of Plymouth in order to introduce it to everybody. For full particulars and free samples at once to Geo. W. Hunter & Co.

A Chinese Permutation.

A story which, if not true, is not badly told, appears in the Boston Transcript to the effect that while the bark Cape City was at Hong Kong a Chinaman was engaged to paint the necessary name on each bow. He produced on one bow the legend "Cape-city," without a space between the two words. Then he noted that the "y" was nearest to the ship's stern, and remembering this fact, he afforded an excellent example of how severely logical his race can be, for in a little while he had painted on the other bow the striking permutation, "Ytceapae," to his own delight and the crew's amusement.

His Ability.

Reporter—Can you substantiate that statement? McLuberty—Now, sorr; but Oi can prove ivery dom wor-rud Oi hev said!

How to Look Good.

Good looks are really more than skin deep, depending entirely upon a healthy condition of all the vital organs. If the liver be inactive, you have a bilious look; if your stomach be disordered, you have a dyspeptic look; if your kidneys be disordered, you have a pinched look. Secure good health and you will surely have good looks. "Electric Bitters" is a good Alternative and Tonic. Acts directly on the stomach, liver and kidneys. Purifies the blood, cures pimples, blotches and boils and gives a good complexion. Every bottle guaranteed. Sold at J. L. Gale's Drug Store. 50 cents per bottle.

MILLINERY!

at Maud Vrooman's for 1898-99
All the Novelties in Felt Hats for Early Fall Wear. Choice assortment of

Silk Hoods for Infant's Wear,
Pattern Hats and Bonnets.

Maud Vrooman,

Main St., Plymouth.

The Cold Wave.....

Has reached this neck o' the woods, but we were here first with a full line of

Fall and Winter Goods.

If you want goods at Bargain Prices visit the Mammoth Store. Have just put in a choice line of Ladies' Dress Skirts at prices from \$2 to \$5 each, all well made and finished. An elegant line of Ladies' and Gents' Mackintoshes and Ladies and Gents' Underwear, and children's Union Suits. See our Fall and Winter Caps, Gloves, Mittens and Overcoats. Immense stock of Rubber Goods, Boots and Shoes.

Have several more Stoves left that we offer at less than cost price. Look them over if you want a bargain. Low prices on Groceries as previously quoted.

As our government is not coining quarter cent pieces, we will continue to sell the Red Cross Water White Oil at the same old price, an even 6c a gal.

Gasoline, 6 cents a gal.

Nails, all sizes, at 2c per pound.

Do not forget that it pays to trade with

A. J. LAPHAM,

Free Delivery.

North Village.

Great Removal Sale.

We are receiving new fixtures for our new building just completed, and we are about to move. To save cost of moving, we will sell at the old stand

SHELF HARDWARE

.....At 1-4 OFF.

Water White Oil 5 3-4c per gal. Nails at 2c pound.
Sale continues as long as we remain in the old quarters

For Spot Cash Only.

Conner Hardware Co.

Oct. 31, '98.

Plymouth, Mich.

MICHIGAN NEWS SUMMARY.

Doings of the Week Recorded in a Brief Style.

CONCISE AND INTERESTING.

Three Men Killed by a Boiler Explosion at Houghton—A Dastardly Dynamite Outrage—Success for the Women's Gymnasium at the U. of M.

Dynamited an Anti-Saloonist's Home. A dastardly attempt was made to wreck with dynamite the home of James Pendell, at Marquette. Mr. Pendell has been active of late in enforcing the Sunday closing law against saloon men, and it is suspected that this outrage is the direct outcome of his efforts in that line. The dynamite was placed close to the foundation at the rear of the house. All windows in the rear of the house were shattered, and some in nearby residences. Mr. Pendell's family of five and two servant girls were sleeping in the house at the time, but were uninjured.

The 31st Michigan May go to Cuba Soon. The 31st Michigan at Knoxville, Tenn., has been furnished additional wagons and mules, two ambulances and mules, new canvas to replace worn out tents, cook stoves and any number of things that are needed. Extraordinary activity has developed in supplying the medical department, too, and the 31st is more nearly prepared now for active service than at any time in its history. Just what the sudden activity means is a matter for conjecture. Many think the 31st will be one of the first ordered to Cuba.

Three Killed by Boiler Explosion. Boiler No. 8, of the Calumet & Hecla stamp mill battery of steam boilers, exploded, at Calumet, killing two men and a boy. John Gilles, the fireman, was standing in front of the fire hold talking to a friend, Wm. Nelson, from Bruce Mine, Ont. The boilers of both were badly mutilated, death being instantaneous. The boy, Joseph Boiere, was a mill employe and was in the Hecla mill addition for steam pipes about 150 feet away. Daniel La Frenier was also fatally injured.

Willcox Division Reunion. The reunion of the Willcox division, Ninth army corps, at Battle Creek, was attended by over 500 veterans and 200 ladies. Four Michigan regiments held reunions: The Second infantry elected Gen. Wm. Humphrey, of Lansing, president; the First sharpshooters elected Geo. W. Hartley, of Toledo, president; the 17th regiment elected Alfred Miles president; and the 20th elected George J. Crowell, of Chelsea, president.

U. of M. Women's Gymnasium. Completion of the Woman's gymnasium at the U. of M. is in sight. Some years ago John W. Canfield, of Manistee, pledged \$5,000 on condition that it would not become due until enough had been subscribed so that the \$5,000 would complete the building. The regents decided recently to appropriate the amount needed whereupon Mr. Canfield paid the \$5,000. The work will be carried on this winter.

A Hardship on the Boys. The order of mustering out Co. L, Sons of Veterans, 33d Michigan, does not provide for transportation for the boys from their homes to Port Huron. As they are from all sections of the state this is quite an important matter and to some it will be a hardship. Capt. Carl A. Wagner is trying to get the war department or the state military board to furnish the men transportation.

Prominent Lake Captain Dead. A stroke of paralysis ended the eventful career of Capt. Robt. M. Wagstaff, a well-known vessel captain, at Detroit, at the age of 63. During the civil war he served in Porter's fleet and was in many engagements. When the gunboat Tulip exploded on the Potomac he was one of the three who escaped.

Was Bound to Die. J. H. Grenfell, of London, Ont., put an end to his troubles by sending a bullet through his brain, in the Michigan Exchange hotel, Detroit. In bed by his side were found three bottles, containing whisky, chloroform and morphine. Before firing the shot he had taken freely of the three poisons and would have died very soon.

Two Young Men Drowned in Duck Lake. Leroy Robertson, son of an Albion banker, and Ed Estabrooke, also of Albion, who went duck hunting at Duck lake, five miles west of Springport, are reported missing. It is feared they are drowned as their hats and an overturned boat were found floating on the lake.

Bay City Soldier Dies in Manila. Walter J. McLean, of the First Montana, who died of typhoid fever in Manila, Oct. 28, was a resident of Bay City. He started for the Klondike about a year ago, was in San Francisco when the war broke out, and enlisted. He was about 30 years old.

Stephenson Withdraws. Ex-Congressman S. M. Stephenson has withdrawn from the congressional race in the Twelfth district, leaving Congressman Sheldon to run alone.

Wm. Lawrence, aged 65, is missing from his home in Northville. The plant of the Kalamazoo Heat, Light & Power Co., at Kalamazoo, was seized by the city to collect \$300 taxes. The Saginaw Suburban railway is now an assured fact. The contract has been let and it is expected that the road will be completed as far as Elm next spring.

STATE GOSSIP.

Escanaba is to have a cracker factory. The 31st Michigan has been ordered to Atlanta. A new G. R. & I. depot will be erected at Cadillac. Rochester farmers want a beet sugar factory erected there.

J. M. McCoy, of Millburg, is missing and foul play is feared. The Detroit & Romeo electric line will be completed July 1 next. The Michigan Central is building a fine new depot at North Lansing.

Lexington schools have been closed on account of diphtheria in the village. The little 5-year-old daughter of Wm. J. Spencer, at Port Huron, was fatally burned. All four of the Grand Rapids companies of the 32d Michigan have been mustered out.

The 25th annual convention of Michigan superintendents of the poor was held at Flint. Edward Tanger, aged 30 years, of Hancock, a Rough Rider, died of malaria, at Boston. Oil has been struck by a farmer of Isabella township, Isabella Co., while drilling for water.

Over 50 children under legal age have been taken from Bay City factories and sent to school. A loss of \$1,500 was occasioned by the burning of Bronson's chicken packing house at Allegan. Geo. H. Kipp, of the 35th Michigan, died at Philadelphia. The remains were buried at Hudson.

Capt. Colby, surgeon 31st Michigan, has returned from Porto Rico, to rejoin his own regiment. Fire destroyed the barn on the farm of Herman Kienbaum, in Watertown, Sanilac county. Loss \$1,000. Insurance Commissioner Campbell has revoked the license of the Northern Assurance Co., of London.

A new stock yard and cattle farm is proposed for Bay City to utilize the refuse of the beet sugar factory. John B. Allen, one of Kalamazoo's oldest and best known citizens, committed suicide by shooting himself. The extensive gypsum beds near Omer will be developed, furnishing employment to more than 100 men.

Ward Murray, formerly of Mason, was struck by a falling tree and instantly killed while prospecting in the Klondike. George Van Ruskirk was shot and probably mortally wounded by Albert Reynolds at the disreputable house of Tillie Ray at Cadillac. Miss E. Russell, aged 40, a deaf mute, residing near Sterling, was run over by a passenger train near Standish and instantly killed.

While trying to chase his pet dog off the street car track, Chas. Wilson, a retired Detroit merchant, was struck by a car and fatally injured. Assistant Yardmaster John Marshall of the South Shore road fell from the top of a boxcar at St. Ignace and broke his neck. He leaves a widow.

The 13-year-old son of John McCrandell, of Billings, was killed by his gun slipping from a stump and being discharged, while he was hunting. Two large barns owned by Myron Cook and Chas. Clute, the latter containing Guy Monroe's household goods, burned at Marshall. Loss \$1,200. Wallace Watkins, of Battle Creek, reported drowned on the steamer Doty, is alive and well. He left the boat at Chicago just before the fatal trip.

Over 100 acres of land near Flint have been leased by E. F. Christian, of Detroit, for the development and working of coal mines on the property. Edward Sherlow, a farmer of Climax township, Chatham county, was arrested on a charge of setting fire to the home of Joseph Lewis, of Leroy township.

Mrs. Rosina Tanner, of Ionia, is 100 years old. She is hale and hearty. About 100 friends celebrated the anniversary at the home of her son, A. L. Munn. Frank W. Gregg, a Seventh Day Adventist evangelist, got on a jag in Battle Creek and flourished a revolver. He was arrested and fined, and also lost his job.

It is charged that a grand debauch characterized the closing hours of the carnival of fun at Grand Rapids, and it is unlikely that another will ever be held there. Fred L. Eaton, of the Saginaw Naval Reserves, has been restored to his position as prosecuting attorney of Saginaw county, which he resigned to go to the front.

New Michigan postmasters: Arcadia, Manistee county, Charles J. Starke; Galloway, Saginaw county, F. L. Blackburn; Greiner, Wayne county, Fred Blackett. The death rate at the U. of M. hospital for the year ending June 30, 1898, was but 2.6 per cent which is low for a hospital having a large number of operation cases.

Chas. Morton, keeper of the Holland life saving station, has been appointed superintendent of the Eleventh life saving district in which is comprised all of Lake Michigan. Some fowl scattered poison in a field on Richard Coward's farm near Bronson. Nine head of cattle and a number of sheep were found dead, and several others are likely to die. Adjt.-Gen. Fred H. Case will call a meeting of the state military board to be held in Lansing soon after election, probably Nov. 10. The question of reorganizing the state troops on a war basis will come up for discussion, and some plan may be settled on. The physical examination will be just as rigid to get into the state troops as it was last spring to get into the U. S. service.

Funeral services over the remains of Private George B. Reed, who died at Camp Ship, Ala., were held at Etrianan. David Brown, of Lansing, enlisted in the 19th U. S. infantry last summer and went to Porto Rico. He returned home, having left his regiment without leave, and was arrested as a deserter.

Leslie Parker, aged 16, was shot and instantly killed at Muskegon by Michael Burns, an aged man, upon whom a number of boys were playing some Hallowe'en pranks. Burns gave himself up. Extensive forgeries of sparrow bounty orders have been discovered at Jackson. Fred McKeever, Frank Webb and Wm. Smultzler, of Mason, and Ansel Hatfield, of Eaton Rapids, were arrested.

The Delta Lumber Co. has sold its large plant at Thompson, upper peninsula, to the Fuller & Rice Lumber Co., of Grand Rapids, and the White & Friant Lumber Co., of Muskegon, for \$125,000. Mrs. Anna Sonnabend, aged 63, living alone at Detroit, was found dead in bed and a note by her side said she had taken morphine to end her existence. She has been dead a week when discovered.

Henry McCrum, aged 65, met with a fatal accident in Weil & Co.'s furniture store, Detroit, by walking into an elevator shaft, falling 15 feet and striking his head on a cross beam, fracturing his skull. The success of the Bay City sugar beet factory has induced West Bay City people to lay plans for a big factory. It is said \$250,000 of eastern capital and \$50,000 local capital are available for the purpose.

Capt. Wheeler, of the Salvation Army, and his wife, had a quarrel at Ionia, over questions of creed and a new preacher. The captain took a dose of laudanum to kill himself, but took too much and will recover. The shock caused by the loss of 19 lives by the sinking of the steamer L. R. Doty, of which C. J. Smith, of Bay City, was managing officer, has so affected Mr. Smith that he is now confined to his bed with brain fever.

Capt. Fred M. Alger, assistant adjutant-general, son of the secretary of war, and Capt. James H. McMillan, assistant quartermaster, son of Senator McMillan, have been honorably discharged from the U. S. volunteers. A 15-year-old boy named Jones, of Vienna township, Montmorency county, was trying to draw a cartridge from a rifle when the weapon was discharged and the ball passed through the boy's younger brother's head, killing him instantly.

The Bell Telephone Co. refused to comply with a Lansing ordinance and string its wires on 50-foot poles put up for the joint use of all wires on the main streets, and the chief of police chopped down the Bell Co.'s poles on those streets. There are about 40,000 acres of swamp land in Isocoo county, between AuSable and Tawas City, much of which is pine stumps reverted to the state for non-payment of taxes. The state will be asked to appropriate a sum sufficient to drain the lands thoroughly.

The Northern Assurance Co., of London, has come to Insurance Commissioner Campbell's terms, agreeing to sever all connections with combinations and bureaus designed to maintain rates. The company pays a fine of \$150 for a renewal of its license. Shiawassee county farmers are to have free rural mail delivery from the Owosso postoffice, as an experiment. One route will extend 12 miles south and another west and south 16 miles. The carrier service was secured through the influence of Senator Burrows.

The Soldiers' Home board announces that no more veterans can be received in that institution. There are now 600 men in the home, 170 more than at this time last year. In addition there are 80 veterans out on leave who will soon return for the winter, bringing the total up to 770. The highest number ever accommodated there before was 702.

Under Michigan's new system of registering deaths nearly 50 per cent more deaths are reported than under the old system. The death rate under the new law the past 12 months was 12.4 per 1,000. Of the 37,913 deaths reported, 3,081 were of persons under one year old and 2,035 from one to four years. Consumption caused 2,456 deaths. A storm which had all the trademarks of a genuine, howling blizzard swept over Kansas, Iowa, Illinois, Wisconsin and threw up waves as high as church steeples on the Great Lakes. Railroad traffic was much delayed in the west and lake shipping ran for shelter wherever possible. Two or three craft were lost but the crews were saved.

On the evening of Oct. 14 a mail pouch was stolen from the Michigan Central depot mail truck at Jackson. Last week a quantity of the mail was found in a box car in the yards. The letters had all been opened and the money taken. Bank drafts, checks, postoffice money orders and the like, representing over \$2,000, were strewn about the car. The body of Edward Gams, who disappeared from home in Three Rivers, Oct. 17, was found about two miles south beside the Lake Shore railroad tracks with the top of his head nearly blown off. The position of the body showed deliberate suicide, one shoe and stocking were off and the gun lay beside him where he had used his toes to pull the trigger. Gams was mentally unbalanced.

The 19th U. S. infantry, now in Porto Rico, formerly at Ft. Wayne, Detroit, is being filled with details from other regiments and will be retained for garrison duty in Porto Rico.

WILL TAKE THE PHILIPPINES

American Commissioners Demand the Entire Group.

PROPOSE TO DIVIDE THE DEBT

We Will Only Assume the Portion Spent for the Benefit of the Islands—Cost of War with the Natives Must Be Defrayed by Spain.

Paris, Nov. 1.—The American peace commissioners today presented to the Spanish commissioners a written expression of the purpose of the United States to take the entire group of Philippine islands, and to assume such proportion of the Philippine debt as has been spent for the benefit of the islands or their inhabitants, in public works, improvements and permanent betterments.

It was also set forth that the United States would not assume any part of the Philippine debt which has been incurred by Spain for the furtherance of military or naval operations to quell insurrection of the natives. The session was adjourned until Friday, in order to give the Spaniards time to prepare a reply. The session today lasted a little over an hour.

The president of the Spanish commission, Senor Montero Rios, whose health at one time was so precarious as to threaten an indefinite adjournment of the sessions of the commissions, had improved to the extent of enabling him to attend. He arrived at the foreign office in a closed carriage with his colleagues, shortly after the Americans reached the meeting-place.

No Surprise in Washington. Washington, Nov. 1.—The news that the American peace commissioners had at the joint session today presented the United States government's demand for the entire Philippine group caused no surprise. It was well known here that such would be the outcome of the day and that the \$40,000,000 debt would not be guaranteed.

Such portion only of the debt as was incurred for the benefit of the islands will be carried by this country. This has been long settled, though as a feeler a story that the entire \$40,000,000 would be assumed was sent out. As anticipated, it brought forth violent protests from all parts of the country. Spain must now show how much of the \$40,000,000 she spent in improving the islands.

FOR IMPROVED ORDNANCE.

Commander Pendleton Going Abroad to Inspect Methods.

Washington, Nov. 1.—That the latest improvements in the manufacture of ordnance may be obtained for future American men-of-war, orders have been given Commander E. C. Pendleton, superintendent of the gun factory, to proceed to England to inspect the methods pursued there in the construction of guns, mounts, torpedo tubes, etc. Wire-wound guns, which have been so successfully developed for the British navy, will be carefully examined by the visiting officer, and as underwater discharge tubes for torpedoes have been adopted for the battle ships Maine, Missouri and Ohio, he will learn the method of their manufacture at the ordnance works of Armstrong. The department has purchased the rights to use the method of manufacture of underwater discharge tubes from the Armstrongs, and has also bought the right to use the breech mechanism of guns built by Vickers' Sons and Maxim.

Army Board at Knoxville. Knoxville, Tenn., Nov. 1.—The war investigation commission started early today in the camp at this place. The commissioners visited the general hospital and the Fourth Tennessee regiment in a body and then separated for the work in other commands. More time was spent at the hospital than elsewhere. There are 250 patients here, many of them typhoid-fever cases in all stages of development or convalescence, but it is claimed that the fever was imported.

They Come from Havana. New York, Nov. 1.—Among the passengers who arrived today on the steamer City of Washington from Havana were Maj. Spencer Crosby of Gen. Brooke's staff; Capt. Frank Looney of the Second Immunes, and Thomas C. Leyden, a newspaper correspondent. The City of Washington was held at quarantine island for disinfection, one of her firemen having taken sick in Havana with what seemed to be yellow fever. The sick man was sent to a hospital in Havana.

Volunteer Dies of Lockjaw. York, Pa., Nov. 1.—Corporal William Mugridge, a member of the Second regiment, West Virginia volunteers, died at the city hospital last night. Death was caused by lockjaw. Corporal Mugridge was admitted to the hospital Oct. 6. The remains were forwarded to the parents of the deceased at New Haven, W. Va.

Norfolk, Va., Has a Shock. Norfolk, Va., Nov. 1.—An earthquake shock disturbed the western part of the city at 5 o'clock this morning. Residents say the vibrations were from north to south, were distinct and lasted several seconds.

The Third to Sail To-day. Washington, Nov. 1.—The Roumania is loading the Third Illinois at Bonce and is expected to sail tomorrow for New York.

CRISIS IN FRANCE.

The Cabinet Resigns and Mobs Almost Create a Second Reign of Terror. The assembling of the French chamber of deputies, and the renewal of the Dreyfus agitation as a consequence, was the occasion of very serious rioting in Paris. The anti-Semite feeling was shown in violent attacks upon Jews in the streets, and mobs of republicans and royalists had several pitched battles in which scores were badly injured. The police arrested over 200 rioters.

At the opening session of the chamber of deputies M. Drouot made a violent attack upon the minister of war, Gen. Chanoiné, who, after vigorously defending his doings, tendered his resignation and quitted the tribunal. M. de Mahy offered a resolution calling on the government to end the "campaign of insult against the army." Then followed indescribable scenes of tumult in which there were several personal encounters. The premier, M. Brisson, refused to accept the resolution. A vote of confidence in the government was rejected, 286 to 254. The Brisson ministry then resigned.

France Must Vacate Fashoda or Fight. London: The British cabinet meeting held to consider the Fashoda matter decided that the French troops under Col. Marchand must be withdrawn unconditionally and no undertaking or promise can be given to discuss the questions raised by France in regard to access to the Nile and such like.

British Protectorate Over Egypt. It is reported that the British cabinet has decided to proclaim the protectorate of Great Britain over Egypt.

ODDITIES OF POISONING.

Much of Earthly Happiness Depends Upon What We Eat. The constitutional differences and peculiarities which exist among individuals should always be carefully watched and considered. One person can handle poison ivy with impunity while another is poisoned if only in the vicinity of the vine and without contact. Some members of a family residing in a malarial district will suffer regularly with chills and fever, while other members will not be at all affected.

Food that is actually poisonous to some persons will not act so on others. One person may eat all kinds of green fruit and vegetables with impunity, while another person could do so only at the risk of life. Certain kinds of fish are actually poisonous to some people and perfectly wholesome to others.

It is this peculiar condition of the system which constitutes the danger point in the individual case and should be prudently observed by each one for himself. Intestinal derangements frequently arise from and are aggravated by certain kinds of food. Thus a person affected with kidney or liver trouble should not eat very white bread, since the extreme whiteness is often produced by the use of alum with an inferior article of flour, and as alum is known to be poisonous in its effects on a sound constitution, this is why alum baking powder is never used by people of judgment and discretion.

More of earthly happiness depends upon what we eat than many people realize and it is for this reason that the different states are one by one passing pure-food laws.

The St. Peter Carried Seven Souls Down. The three-masted schooner St. Peter of St. Vincent, sank in Lake Ontario, about five miles from Sodus, N. Y., carrying to watery graves all on board save Capt. John Griffin, who was rescued in an unconscious condition. The dead includes Capt. Griffin's wife and six sailors.

Cost of the War. The war with Spain has cost Uncle Sam \$187,529,941, or about \$1,000,000 per day since the beginning of hostilities, April 21.

THE NEWS CONDENSED.

Mark Twain will visit Russia. Over 600,000 bu. of wheat cleared from Philadelphia for Europe in one day.

The troubles between the coal mine owners and the strikers at Virden, Ill., are to be arbitrated. Mrs. Gen. Merritt, formerly Miss Grace Williams, of Chicago, is ill with typhoid fever in London.

Wm. Whitney, a farmer residing near Ravenna, received injuries in a runaway accident which may prove fatal. Shoshone Indians, in Nye county, Nevada, threaten an outbreak and the citizens are concentrating for protection. John Anderson, colored, charged with the murder of Charles Holmes, a well-known white farmer, was lynched at Lafayette, Ala.

A boiler exploded in the Valley City desk factory, at Grand Rapids, blowing out the walls of the building and injuring five men. A Pennsylvania syndicate has contracted for coal leases on 10,000 acres in Tuscola county and test shafts are being put down. U. S. Sgt. Clarence Allen, Co. I, 8th U. S. V. infantry, colored, immunes, fired on three policemen who were attempting to arrest a colored soldier who was drunk at Chattanooga, killing Chas. Beagles. A battle with revolvers followed in which several were wounded.

The meeting of the Cuban assembly set for Oct. 20 at Santa Cruz, cannot occur until later because of delay in the arrival of delegates occasioned by bad roads. It is believed Gen. Gomez will be elected president of the Cuban republic.

FRANCE WILL YIELD FASHODA.

Will Raise the Whole Egyptian Question and Drag Other Powers Into It. Paris dispatches say, on reliable authority, that the Fashoda question will be settled favorably to Great Britain by the recall of Maj. Marchand. France yields all, reserving only the question of the right to the Bahrel-Ghazel district, which she does not consider as belonging to Egypt.

M. Delcasse, however, has now decided to raise the whole Egyptian question. When the question is thus enlarged, France will not be alone. Egypt interests all the powers. Russia has promised M. Delcasse its most effective assistance and, besides, Germany has the biggest interest, in view of her East African possessions and trade in the far east, that the Suez canal should not become exclusively British, and is disposed to support Franco-Russian arguments for a definite settlement of the Egyptian question.

18 Sailors Lost Their Lives. The steamer L. R. Doty, from Chicago for Midland, Georgian bay, with a large cargo of corn, and towing the schooner Olive Jeannette, went down in Lake Michigan off Kenosha, Wis., during the heavy storm last week and the crew of 18 men was drowned. Although the steamer did not reach her destination at the time expected there was no uneasiness for her welfare until the tug Prodigy reported large quantities of wreckage off Kenosha. A short time later the Olive Jeannette was towed into Chicago harbor and the crew confirmed the news of the loss of the steamer. The Jeannette had a terrible battle with the storm, her steering gear being demolished, the decks swept clean of everything and every shred of canvas blown away.

The sailors who went down with the Doty included Capt. Christopher Smith, of Port Huron; Chief Engineer Thos. Abernathy, Port Huron; First Mate Harry Sharpe, Detroit; Steward L. Goss, West Bay City, and 14 others. The Doty was owned at Cleveland and Bay City and was valued at \$110,000.

Col. Waring Dead. Col. Geo. E. Waring, Jr., of New York City, died at his home from yellow fever contracted while he was in the city of Havana as a special commissioner of this government to ascertain the exact sanitary conditions of that city and to form ideas for the best methods for putting the place in first class sanitary shape. He had reached New York on his return to report to the President when taken ill.

Col. Waring won fame as a sanitarian by giving New York City the most thorough system of street cleaning and sanitation it had ever had.

Philadelphia's Peace Jubilee. The return of peace was appropriately celebrated at Philadelphia, the opening feature being a grand naval parade, in which several of the vessels made famous by their part in the war participated. Then followed a splendid military pageant, a civic parade, receptions and banquets to President McKinley and many other distinguished men, including many heroes of the conflict with Spain.

May Try to Restore a French Monarchy. Prince Louis Napoleon, who was supposed to have rejoined his regiment in Russia, is really at Geneva, where he has raised, on special security, a loan of such dimensions as excluded the hypothesis of its being required for private purposes. Prince Louis has long been a candidate for the Bonapartists for the French throne.

Dreyfus Gets a New Trial. Paris: The court of cassation has decided to grant a revision of the Dreyfus case and will institute a supplementary inquiry. The court, however, has declined to order the release of Dreyfus.

Marchand Leaves Fashoda. Paris: The French foreign office has received a dispatch Cairo, confirming the reported arrival of Maj. Marchand at Khartoum on the return from Fashoda.

M. Dupuy, the New French Premier. M. Dupuy has formally informed President Faure of France, that he will accept the task of forming a new cabinet.

Thanksgiving Day, Nov. 24. The President has issued a proclamation appointing Thursday, Nov. 24, as Thanksgiving day.

Sir Henry Irving is seriously ill.

THE MARKETS.

LIVE STOCK.			
	Cattle	Sheep	Lambs
New York	40 1/2	34 1/2	23 1/2
Best grades	41 1/2	35 1/2	24 1/2
Lower grades	40 1/2	34 1/2	23 1/2
Chicago	40 1/2	34 1/2	23 1/2
Best grades	41 1/2	35 1/2	24 1/2
Lower grades	40 1/2	34 1/2	23 1/2
Detroit	40 1/2	34 1/2	23 1/2
Best grades	41 1/2	35 1/2	24 1/2
Lower grades	40 1/2	34 1/2	23 1/2
Buffalo	40 1/2	34 1/2	23 1/2
Best grades	41 1/2	35 1/2	24 1/2
Lower grades	40 1/2	34 1/2	23 1/2
Cleveland	40 1/2	34 1/2	23 1/2
Best grades	41 1/2	35 1/2	24 1/2
Lower grades	40 1/2	34 1/2	23 1/2
Cincinnati	40 1/2	34 1/2	23 1/2
Best grades	41 1/2	35 1/2	24 1/2
Lower grades	40 1/2	34 1/2	23 1/2
Pittsburg	40 1/2	34 1/2	23 1/2
Best grades	41 1/2	35 1/2	24 1/2
Lower grades	40 1/2	34 1/2	23 1/2

GRAIN, ETC.			
	Wheat	Corn	Oats
New York	92 1/2	52 1/2	32 1/2
Chicago	92 1/2	52 1/2	32 1/2
Detroit	92 1/2	52 1/2	32 1/2
Toledo	92 1/2	52 1/2	32 1/2
Cincinnati	92 1/2	52 1/2	32 1/2
Cleveland	92 1/2	52 1/2	32 1/2
Pittsburg	92 1/2	52 1/2	32 1/2
Buffalo	92 1/2	52 1/2	32 1/2
Detroit	92 1/2	52 1/2	32 1/2
Potatoes	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Butter	16 1/2	16 1/2	16 1/2

MY POOR WIFE.

BY J. P. SMITH.

CHAPTER V.

I tried to follow at the same speed, but, after going a few yards, had to come to an ignominious halt, clinging wildly to a clump of gorse. My hat went rolling steadily down to the shore, several hundred feet below, whilst my face and hands were scratched and bleeding, and my feet constantly slipping from under me. At last, jammed in between two bushes, I crouched cautiously forward to review my position. My sprightly guide had reached the sheep track, then, after looking hastily round for me, I saw her suddenly spring up the side of a block of granite, as bald as the palm of my hand, and disappear seawards over the summit.

"By Jove!" I exclaimed in utter astonishment. "Why, she's an antelope, a mountain cat, the old witch's granddaughter! I wish I had never come across either of them! I suppose I must get down somehow!"

Half kneeling, half sitting, I descended slowly, swinging myself from bush to bush, heedless of the stinging blows from furze and thistle, keeping my clumsy heels well off the treacherous soil, when suddenly, almost half-way down, from under a bed of bracken that covered her to the chin, Helen's face looked up at me full of eager, contrite concern, her strange dark eyes sweeping my disfigured, perspiring face with a look that thrilled me almost uncanonically.

"I am so sorry," she panted; "oh, so sorry! I quite forgot you were a stranger and unaccustomed to the cliffs: they are dreadfully slippery this weather. I have to go after the sheep for Mike every day now—he can't hold on a bit, though he was born on the mountain. Ah, how you have hurt yourself, to be sure! Those dreadful furze bushes! Put your hand on my shoulder, I will guide you down the rest; we have only the ferns to work through now to the path. Here's your hat: it's not spoiled a bit—I picked it up on the beach before the water had time to reach it."

"It was after my hat you were scaling that cliff?"

"Yes, I had no time to go around by the path; the tide is on the turn and would have taken it off to America in two minutes more."

"You're not going away now, are you?" I asked eagerly, lifting my hand from her slender shoulder. "You'll see me beyond the first point, won't you?"

"Yes, yes—for sure, yes," she answered quickly. "I will go with you to the Goat's Back, if you like—say, and beyond it. Oh, Mr. Dennis, what a rude, wild, ill-mannered girl you must think me to fly off and leave you like that after you being so kind to come that long way—from London itself—just to tell granny about poor Uncle Brian! Will you forgive me, please?"

I pressed the childish hand, saying smilingly—

"Yes, yes, I forgive you, Miss Helen."

"And you will let me wipe the blood from your poor face, won't you?" she pleaded, dipping a large cool leaf into a little crystal pool under a rock—handkerchief this child of nature had none, I suspected—and passing it over my hot and blood-stained face.

After this we marched on side by side and became fast friends. Long before we reached the ruined cabin, I knew the whole story of her lonely, neglected life. I knew that she had been born on the mountain—had lived there all the eighteen years of her uneventful life, never once having visited the post-town of Droomleague; that she had no father or mother, brothers nor sisters, but lived all alone with her grandmother and two servants, Mike Doolan and his wife Biddy; and finally, though the poor child made no complaint of her natural guardian or indeed seemed aware there was cause for any, yet I clearly saw that she was shamefully neglected by her, and no more concern paid to her bodily or her mental well-being than if she had been a goat: browsing on the mountain-side, instead of a dead daughter's only child.

After helping for a couple of hours every morning in the dairy and farmyard, she told me she was free to do what she pleased, wander whither she would the whole day long, make what chance acquaintance she liked, come in at any hour of the evening unquestioned, unrestrained—indeed, she had often spent the whole night lying on the cliff, when she found her ill-ventilated attic too hot and close to sleep in, and no one had been any the wiser; and even if they were, she argued—in answer to my dissenting look—Biddy wouldn't mind, and granny wouldn't care—not she! And, besides, what harm was it? Sure nothing in the world made her feel so good and happy as lying there all alone in the great stillness, waiting for the first streak of dawn to wake up the sleeping sea, watching the white-winged sea-birds sailing in and out among the great dark rocks!

"And now I must be going, Mr. Dennis," she said, when a cluster of thatched roofs lying close to the shore came within view. "For there's the Ballykilligan before you. How quickly we have walked, to be sure! I never thought I came so far. Good-by and

thank you again and again for coming. I'm afraid you won't get the train from Droomleague tonight—it's too bad!"

"Tonight?" I repeated dreamily. "I—I am not going away tonight. I think I am going to stay in this neighborhood for a few days more."

"Yes? Why, what would keep you here?"

"I don't know. What am I saying? Fishing—no, no, I mean sketching! You must know, Miss Helen, I'm a bit of an artist—a very little bit indeed, and from what I've seen of the coast today—"

"Oh, yes," she interrupted eagerly, "you're right! It's quite a familiar ground for marine artists. Two or three of them come every summer and put up at Murphy's farm at Ballykilligan, and you'll find it quite clean and comfortable. And fancy, Mr. Dennis, last year one of them put me in a picture just as I sat on a rock forlornly; only he painted my feet bare, my skirt red and my face quite—quite pretty."

"You'll let me try my hand if I bring my easel this way tomorrow?" I asked quickly; to which she gave a pleased assent and promised to show me all the picturesque points within a radius of nine miles.

CHAPTER VI.

I stayed on in Donegal, and during fourteen golden days caricatured the "royal walls of the Atlantic," while Helen sat at my feet and did the honors of her native soil, her brown hands busy all the time mending old Daddy Griffin's tattered fish nets, bleaching for miles along the parched turf that covered the brow of the cliff.

"Well, yes, it is a bit of a job, sir," she admitted deprecatingly; "but, sure, it did not do it for him, who would? His sons are away at sea, and Middy, his wife—she was my nurse when I was a baby—has gone to see her daughter at Droomleague; and he's as old and blind—the creature! Who wouldn't give him a hand?"

She nettled busily, while I daubed lazily and amused myself drawing out this impulsive child of nature, to whom all the artificial beauties and wonders of the great world beyond that lonely wall of rock were as unknown as to an inhabitant of the Caribbean Islands in the last century.

The pastime began to grow upon me; I felt a daily increasing interest in watching her dark face glowing and brightening, her strange eyes sparkling, distending with wonder, horror or delight in obedience to my capricious fancy. Then, becoming more interested in my companion, I telegraphed up to town for specimens of magical modern art, then for books, pictures, photographs, hot-house flowers, bon-bons, all of which she believed I daily unearthed from my inexhaustible portmanteau at Murphy's farm. I stayed on, heedless of aught beyond the fact that I was clearly giving pleasure—to a savage, interesting, wait, who seemed not to be worth any one's while to look after, much less amuse, and at the same time improving my own despairing condition, for the air of Donegal was certainly healing my wounded heart. Day after day the haunting image of my fair false love became fainter and less painful to my sight. I was gleefully looking forward to the time when I could cast her from me altogether and return free and whole in heart to the ancestral acres, when one morning a letter from a friend at Colworth, which commented casually on the "apparently successful findings of Lord Sandmouth's son was making with the heiress," awoke my slumbering love and jealousy to life again.

Helen at once noticed my woe-begone appearance, and, accepting pitifully my explanation of a "beastly headache," begged me to lay aside my work and lie down quietly in the shade. I complied; but, soon tiring of inaction, began to read first to myself and then aloud a rhythmic tale of love, despair, and death told by a master-hand. The sea-stained nets soon dropped from Helen's fingers; the color dyed her clear cheek, her eyes filled, then drooped, and I had the selfish satisfaction of reducing her to the same dismal, unhappy state as myself.

Neither of us rallied again; and, when we parted that night, I stood on the hill carelessly watching her retreating figure, and saw her dog—a painfully sensitive little terrier; the only living thing she loved—apparently begging to be told the cause of her unusual preoccupation, crouching, wriggling at her feet, jumping up against her, challenging her attention by every art of dog, but in vain. She walked along with downcast head, her arms drooping by her sides. I was moving after her unconsciously, to say, to do, for the life of me I did not know what. Perhaps to tell her not to mourn over imaginary woes, but to keep her real sighs or real sorrow, for the pain perhaps of love betrayed—wantonly betrayed—like mine, when a yellow hand clutched my shoulder, and a coarse voice exclaimed breathlessly—

"Stop, ye thief of the world—stop! What are ye after—eh?"

I turned indignantly and found myself confronted by an old woman in

a long blue cloak, and a limp white cap framing an ugly face.

"What dy'e mean? What business is it of yours?" I asked, shaking off her hand.

"What business? Ye may well ask, ye dirty spalpeen," she retorted bitterly. "No, no; I tell ye, I won't get out of yer way—ye'll have to knock me down first. I'm only an old woman, and ye'll do it easy enough; but even then I'll hang onto ye, an' dig me nails into ye, until ye tell me what ye've said to that motherless little crayther that hasn't sowl in the wide world to care whether she—"

"Oh!" I interrupted quickly, all the anger leaving my face and voice. "I understand. You are old Molly Griffin come home at last."

"Ay, ay, an' it's about time I did come home, but isn't this cruel world entirely! Oh, aren't ye ashamed of yerself, you that calls yerself a gentleman belikes, to—to play scoundrel like that? Wouldn't her very innocence, her forlornness spake to yer black sowl and bid yer go yer way an' lave such as her in peace?"

"Molly, Molly," I said gently, for I felt a certain respect and liking for this uncouth old dame, the only friend and protector poor Helen seemed to have, "don't let your tongue run so fast, if you please. Allow me a word in self-defense."

Then I explained the cause of the girl's depressed appearance that particular evening. After a little hesitation a look of relief crossed her face, and I saw she believed me.

"Well, well, I beg your pardon, that's all I can say. I oughtn't to have been so hasty maybe. But I've had bitter cause, heaven knows, to suspect the likes of you. Not, sir, that I've heard anything—but good of you, so far. How you've come all the way from London to tell the sowl wan' bout poor Master Brian, an' give up his letters—the heavens be his bed this night. But—but," she went on anxiously, after a slight pause,

"what I want to know is, yer kind work done, what on earth keeps ye loiterin' on here at the very back of Godspeed?"

"I am doing no harm," I muttered doggedly.

"An' I say ye are. No harm to yerself, an' manin' none mayhap, ather ways; but harm all the same to her. She was happy, contented, at last, poor child, in her lonesome, quiet ways, scampering about wid her dog, swimmin' and splashin' about in the say, until you came with yer soft voice, yer white hands, an' yer handsome face, givin' her what no wan ever give her before, flowers, an' books, sweets, an' purty gimcracks; an' a sweeter still, kind words an' smilin' looks, what her poor little heart'll miss an' hunger for sore when ye've gone yer ways an' forgotten her very name. But ye mane no harm of course, of course—ah, get away with ye, man alive; yer all the same the wurrud over, rich or poor, high or low—every mother's son of ye—self, self, self!"

"You're mistaken, you're mistaken indeed, old woman," I broke in earnestly; "she's a child, a mere child. I know her better than you. She'll forget me before I will her, you'll see."

"You know her better than me, who nursed her from the cradle an' her mother before her," retorted Molly contemptuously—"you! An' I tell ye to yer face, it's you that are mistaken, not me. I see a change in her the last month, a great change; I seen it at the first moment I looked at her last Tuesday, an' I've watched her close ever since."

"Well, what have you found out?" (To be Continued.)

JUBAL A. EARLY'S JULEP.

Temperance Commentary by Vance of North Carolina.

Nearly a quarter of a century ago, as all old and middle-aged persons will remember, the religious temperance women of the north organized a movement against the saloons, which assumed large proportions and took the form of a veritable crusade. It invaded almost every city and large town, bands of enthusiastic women going from saloon to saloon praying and singing in every place where they could secure permission. While the crusade of the "praying sisters" was at its height that staunch old rebel, Jubal A. Early, visited Richmond, Va., for the first time since the close of the civil war. "In the hotel," said he to the writer, "I met my old friend, Governor Vance of North Carolina, since United States senator. Although I was not the governor of South Carolina, Vance suggested that it had been a long time—fifteen years in our case—between drinks, and we went in quest of a julep. 'General,' said he, after remarking that Virginia was the place for juleps, 'have you read how the women of the north are trying to destroy the liquor traffic by praying in the saloons?' I told him that I had, when he asked: 'Do you believe it's true? I have an idea that it's only a joke of the yankee newspapers.' I told him that it was true, that a friend of mine had witnessed the rather unique proceeding in Columbus, O. 'Where do they get their authority, general? For the life of me I can't understand.' They profess to get it from the bible, I replied. 'Now look here, Early,' he responded very earnestly, 'as a boy and young man I was a pretty regular Sunday-school scholar, and the only instances in the bible that I can recall where any one ever asked for water was a poor devil in hell, where I think he rightly belonged.'"

The only material difference between a cold and the grip is in the doctor's bill.

FARM AND GARDEN.

MATTERS OF INTEREST TO AGRICULTURISTS.

Some Up-to-Date Hints About Cultivation of the Soil and Yields Thereof—Horticulture, Viticulture and Floriculture.

Soil Water and Crops.

To make one ton of dry matter in our grain crops, the use of from 300 to 500 tons of water is necessary. In Wisconsin, King found that a two-ton crop of oat hay required over one thousand tons of water per acre, equal to about nine inches of rainfall. The average rate for field crops at large is given by European observers at 325 times the weight of dry matter produced, being at the rate of about three inches of rainfall actually evaporated through the plant.

To evaporate this water it is necessary that the ground containing the roots should not be too full of water. One would suppose that with water flooding the roots of the plants the latter would be able to take both food and water with added ease, but such is not the case, except with aquatic and semi-aquatic plants. With most plants the action of the roots stop at the point where they reach "flood" water. Thus if at the depth of eighteen inches "flood" water be struck, the roots below the eighteen inches will cease to operate, and if the water continues they will rot off. A bulletin of the California experiment station says on this point: "This is amply apparent in some of the irrigated orange groves of southern California, where the fine roots of the trees fill the surface soil as do the roots of maize in a cornfield of the Mississippi states; so that the plow can hardly be run without turning them up and under. In these same orchards it will be observed, in digging down, that at a depth of a few feet the soil is too water-soaked to permit of the proper exercise of the root functions, and that the roots existing there are either inactive or diseased. That in such cases abundant irrigation and abundant fertilization alone can maintain an orchard in bearing condition, is a matter of course; and there can be no question that a great deal of the constant cry for the fertilization of orchards in the irrigated sections is due quite as much to the shallowness of rooting induced by over-irrigation, as to any really necessary exhaustion of the land. When the roots are induced to come to and remain at the surface, within a surface layer of eighteen to twenty inches, it naturally becomes necessary to feed these roots abundantly, both with moisture and with plant food. This has as naturally led to an over-estimate of the requirements of the trees in both respects. Had deep rooting been encouraged at first, instead of over-stimulating the growth by surface fertilization and frequent irrigation, some delay in bearing would have been amply compensated for by less of current outlay for fertilizers, and less liability to injury from frequently unavoidable delay, or from inadequacy, of irrigation."

The above is an illustration of the necessity of having land well drained. It also shows why well-drained land will stand drouth better than undrained land. On the latter kind of land the roots of plants remain near the surface, and when drouth comes they easily dry up. On well drained land the roots strike deep and when drouth comes they are protected by several feet of earth in which is a fair supply of capillary water.

Pruning Ornamental Shrubs.

Shrubs may be pruned at any season when the object is only the removal of dead wood and other unsightly parts. When living parts are to be removed, however, the summer is preferable, since wounds heal more readily during the growing season. When the aim of pruning is the production of flowers, greater care and judgment are necessary. Shrubs that bloom in the early months of the year demand different treatment from those that blossom in the late summer and early fall months. The former develop their flower buds during the season previous to flowering and protect them by means of bud scales, wax, down and other devices during the winter. It may be seen, therefore, that if these plants be pruned during the autumn, winter or early spring, the crop of flowers may be materially lessened. If the late flowering species be pruned during the summer the same result may follow. Hence the rule, prune after the blossoms fall. Many of the subjects die back in the branch that produces the flower head, leaving an unsightly, withering or dead part. Other species seem slow to overcome the effort made in flower production. In any event the pruning done after flowering will have the effect of producing more thrifty growth and an increased development of flower buds. Lilac, Japan quince, flowering currant and other early bloomers should be pruned in early June; hydrangea, burning bush, etc., late in the autumn, or at latest before growth starts in the spring. In fact, in the case of all late flowering shrubs, particularly if not perfectly hardy, the pruning may be postponed until the buds first begin to swell in the spring. In this way the shrubs need be attended to only once and at a time when there will be no danger of cutting out flowering wood, as might often be the case if the pruning were done before cold weather sets in.

Non-flowering shrubs may be handled in the same way as flowering, with the exception that evergreens must not be pruned late in the year or in the winter, since the wounds made dry out badly and are slow to heal over. The best month in which to prune them is April, because they recover

most quickly after treatment in that month.

The amount of wood to cut out at a time must be decided by the operator. It will depend largely upon the specimen, the variety and its behavior in the locality. These matters will soon be learned by the observing operator, who will quickly learn how to handle his specimens as well as a professional and probably a good deal better than most of the men that pose as experienced pruners and travel from place to place hacking things to pieces. Aside from the rules given all he need remember is to keep the specimen within natural bounds and not to trim his subjects to one form, but allow them each to follow the general lines of their natural growth, in which they will always be beautiful.—M. G. K., in Farmers' Review.

Soil Moisture and Soil Stirring.

The Kansas Experiment Station is studying the effect of various modes of soil treatment upon soil moisture. That the well-known effect of a mulch can be approached by proper tillage of soil is a fact not as widely acted upon as good farming dictates. One of the station fields which contained in round numbers 26 per cent of water in the first foot of soil, on July 7, 1898, had one portion plowed, another disk-harrowed and a portion left untreated. The ensuing dry weather in the course of four weeks, notwithstanding several light rains, reduced the moisture of the untreated part to 15 per cent and that of the disked land to 18 per cent, the plowed ground retaining 21 per cent. The last two were in excellent condition for seeding, while the first would plow up lumpy and unsatisfactory.

The weight of an acre of the dry soil to the depth of one foot may be taken as 1,600 tons. Each per cent of water in soil to that depth represents about sixteen tons of water per acre, or one-seventh of an inch. The water apparently lost by the untreated soil was 176 tons per acre, equivalent to over one and one-half inches of rain. This is about one-half that the soil would hold after a soaking rain. The real loss was much more than this, since as water escaped from the upper foot, other would be drawn up from below by capillary attraction. The figures given are minimum quantities, therefore.

Stubble ground should unquestionably be plowed while the moisture is still in the soil. Experiments of the station show that simple plowing is quite as effective for moisture conservation as any tillage yet tested. If time does not permit plowing, the speedy work of the disk harrow compares favorably in efficiency. In either case if rain follows sufficient to start the weeds, kill them with a harrow. This will at the same time break up any crust and preserve the soil mulch. This treatment not only insures a perfect seed-bed for wheat in respect to moisture, but the soil has time to settle to the firm condition so advantageous to wheat, and the bareness, warmth and moisture are most favorable to the formation of nitrates from organic matter. Nitrates are highly important for successful wheat production.

Conventions of Horticulturists.

The convention season is at hand, and a few words on the subject will not be out of place. To those that attend the manner of conducting such conventions is of prime importance. When people go a long distance to attend such assemblies they usually do it for the purpose of learning new things and better methods. This fact should be constantly in the minds of the officers. It too often occurs that a very large part of the time is taken up with routine work and in discussions that are not instructive. We have seen some unimportant amendment to the constitution consume the entire time of a session; we have seen a "fight" over officers take up another session; we have seen the vindication of some officer become the principal topic in another session. We have attended conventions that were very profitable by reason of good papers and good discussions on horticultural subjects. We have attended other conventions that appeared more of a farce than anything else. From such conventions we have gone away painfully impressed with the idea that the people that had been to the expense of coming from a distance would probably not do so again. The presiding officer holds the situation largely in his hands. If he be inert the work of the convention will lag, and foreign topics will be allowed to consume the precious hours. If he be energetic and understand his business, the speakers and those engaged in the discussions will be held to the topics before the convention, and much will be accomplished. Every presiding officer would do well to study up on parliamentary law.

Michigan Apple Crop.—E. C. Reid, secretary of the Michigan State Horticultural Society, says: "Although the crop of Michigan winter apples is not to be a large one, nor in best of condition, it will be in excess of that of any state east of the Rocky mountains and is already in exceedingly brisk demand in the market. Everything of the apple-kind in Michigan this year will command a good price. Buyers are already in the field for cider apples and drying stock, many evaporators having been erected within the state by men who have been engaged in that industry elsewhere. The early fall fruit is selling at what would be very high prices in ordinary years, commanding thirty to fifty cents per bushel."

The earlier the hens shed their old coats the sooner they will begin to make a winter egg record. Don't bet on what you feel in your bones—unless it's rheumatism.

Soldiers

From the War

Bring the germs of malaria, fever and other diseases, which may prove contagious in their own families. Hood's Sarsaparilla is a special boon to soldiers, because it eradicates all disease germs, builds up the debilitated system and brings back health. Every returned soldier and every friend and relative of soldiers should take

Hood's Sarsaparilla

America's Greatest Medicine. 50¢; six for \$5. Hood's Pills cure sick heads. 25 cents.

Unfortunate Creteans.

Even in ancient times to be born a Crete meant a life of misery and hardship. They were then as subject a race as they are now. Epimenides, as quoted by St. Paul, said: "The Creteans are always liars and evil beasts." In the Levant to this day to say that a man is a Crete is by no means a compliment. The island is inhabited by people who speak the Greek language and hold the Greek faith. They have inherited the beauty and, to a certain extent, the heroism of their immortal ancestors. They are acute, genial and come in their manners, the humblest barefooted peasant girl holding her distaff under her arm and spinning by the roadside, exactly as described by Homer, has a profile as perfect, a form as graceful and an address as courteous as though she were some princess in disguise.

The Amateurs.

Mr. Unsofski—"They say that the Minneapolis club can steam twenty-four knots in an hour." Mr. Unsofski—"That's what she can do." Mrs. Unsofski—"I suppose they steam them so that the poor sailors can untie them more easily."—Brooklyn Life.

WHAT'S IN A NAME?

Many Times Nothing—Sometimes a Fund of Knowledge.

It's a good old saying, and a true one too, "Know all men by their works." The public have been imposed upon so many times by unscrupulous claims made for selfish means of profit, they look for something more substantial; they ask for deeds. The little conqueror has earned the reputation made in Michigan and no impostor can steal it. From north to south, from east to west, in every city, town and hamlet in the state, people stand ready to testify to merit. Gratitude for comfort brought to thousands of homes brings emphatic rejoicings and words of praise like the like of which has not been equalled in modern times. Is it a wonder the name Doan is a familiar one in every household? Is it surprising the public appreciate Doan's Kidney Pills and will not be led astray by the ingenious efforts of would-be competitors? A Detroit citizen tells her why the name of Doan is dear to him: Mr. K. N. Elliott, of 143 High Street, Detroit, says:

My knowledge of Doan's Kidney Pills dates back to five years ago. I was then living in the town where Dr. Doan was located. I was tormented with kidney troubles and inflammatory rheumatism. The doctor prescribed the pills for me which have since become so justly famous. Their use quickly eliminated the uric acid from my system and with its departure came the cure of the rheumatism and the end of the kidney troubles. I took but a few boxes to accomplish this end and I feel that I owe Dr. Doan an everlasting debt of gratitude for prescribing such a valuable remedy. I have taken great pleasure in recommending this medicine to a number of my friends. I always keep a box of these pills on hand so that should I take a severe cold and feel that it is settling on my kidneys a few doses of Doan's Kidney Pills relieves all apprehension.

Doan's Kidney Pills are sold by all dealers. Price 50 cents per box. Mailed on receipt of price by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name Doan's and take no other.

Premature gray hair often causes the good to dye young.

To give and grudge is no better than not to give at all.

SYRUP OF FIGS

NEVER IMITATED IN QUALITY.

THE EXCELLENCE OF SYRUP OF FIGS

is due not only to the originality and simplicity of the combination, but also to the care and skill with which it is manufactured by scientific processes known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. only, and we wish to impress upon all the importance of purchasing the true and original remedy. As the genuine Syrup of Figs is manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. only, a knowledge of that fact will assist one in avoiding the worthless imitations manufactured by other parties. The high standing of the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. with the medical profession, and the satisfaction which the genuine Syrup of Figs has given to millions of families, makes the name of the Company a guaranty of the excellence of its remedy. It is far in advance of all other laxatives, as it acts on the kidneys, liver and bowels without irritating or weakening them, and it does not grip nor nauseate. In order to get its beneficial effects, please remember the name of the Company—

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N. Y.

CURE YOURSELF!
The Big 40¢ Bottle
Cures Coughs, Croup, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, Hoarseness, Bronchitis, Asthma, Hay Fever, and all other respiratory troubles. It is a powerful expectorant, and its use is recommended by all the leading physicians of the world. It is sold by all druggists and grocers. Price 40¢ per bottle. Made in U.S.A.

How About County Taxes?

Are they getting higher and higher without any corresponding return for the increase?

If they are, do you know the cause and the remedy? The cause is a combine of Republican county officers that has been pulling every string it could get hold of for the past eight years to perpetuate itself in office. That this is the fact was unhesitatingly stated in Schwankovsky's hall, Detroit last Saturday night by Mr. Clarence A. Black, the last Republican candidate for Mayor of the city. Mr. Black said:

"Within the last few weeks we have had an example of what was a dirty Republican convention as was ever seen. For men right on the floor of the convention hall to pull out their money and pay the delegates who voted for him is a shame."

Another prominent Republican, ex-Ald. George Beck, who sought the nomination for County Treasurer, openly charges that the delegate from his own precinct was offered \$200 to vote against him.

These are the methods employed by the Republican county combine to keep themselves in office, and gave rise to the following ringing resolution adopted by the Democratic county convention at Wyandotte:

"We call attention to the infamous office-broking trust which the Republican party has built up in Wayne County during the past eight years, a combination of time-serving applicants for public favor who have lost every semblance of office decency in attempting to perpetuate themselves in office.

"We call attention to their undignified attempts to extort dishonest fees from the public treasury and extend their terms of office without regard to the wishes of the taxpayers they represent.

"We ask the voters to repudiate these conspirators against the public interest and to elect to their places the entire Democratic ticket."

And for the purpose of offering to the voters of Wayne County a complete and perfect remedy for the disgraceful state of affairs outlined above, the Democratic county convention put in nomination the following ticket:

Democratic County Ticket.

For Sheriff.....DR. G. DUFF STEWART
For County Treasurer.....FRANK J. LICHT
For County Clerk.....CAPT. J. ED. DUPONT
For Register of Deeds.....HENRY ROEHRIG
For Prosecuting Attorney.....WALTER BARLOW
For County Auditor.....HUGH T. SCULLEN
For Circuit Court Commissioners.....DENNIS DONAHUE and WILLIAM C. SWAN
For Coroners.....DAVID J. MAY and DR. W. J. KWIECINSKI
For County Surveyor.....THOMAS CAMPAU

A word about these nominees. Dr. G. Duff Stewart is one of the best known physicians in the city of Detroit, where he was born and has lived all his life. Perhaps no other physician is so well known among the poor and humble as Dr. Stewart, for he never fails to respond to an appeal for medical assistance, let the applicant be whom he may. His life has been an open book to be read by all, and no approach, however slight, has ever been cast upon him.

Frank J. Licht, candidate for County Treasurer, and Hugh T. Scullen, candidate for County Auditor, are both members of the Detroit Common Council, and have made records in that body for honesty and uprightness that have called both the commendations of the entire press of the city regardless of party affiliations.

And then there are Capt. J. Edward Dupont, candidate for County Clerk, Sergeant Walter Barlow, candidate for Prosecuting Attorney, both of Co. K, 3rd Regt. Mich. Vol. Inf., and brave Dennis Donahue, the Evening News correspondent, who wrote fewer letters that he might attend more to the wants and sufferings of the boys before Santiago.

The nominee for Register of Deeds, Henry Roehrig, is a well-known young business man of the City of Wyandotte, and doubtless many of the readers of this paper are among his friends and acquaintances.

David J. May and Dr. W. J. Kwiecinski, the nominees for Coroners, are clean, upright men, well equipped for the office they seek.

William C. Swan, Mr. Donahue's associate in the contest for Circuit Court Commissionerships, is a young attorney, who is rapidly coming to the front in his profession.

Thomas Campau, the nominee for County Surveyor, has acceptably filled the position before and needs no introduction to Wayne County voters.

Taken as a whole or examined critically as to the individuals composing it, this ticket is the cleanest and brightest presented in this county for years, and deserves the support of every voter, regardless of party.

FOR COUNTY CLERK.

WILLIAM H. MCGREGOR, AN EXCEPTIONALY COMPETENT MAN.

Voters of Wayne County Will Make no Mistake in Voting For Him.

William H. McGregor, Republican candidate for county clerk, is a home product. He was born in Detroit, Aug. 16, 1861, and his parents, sturdy Scotch citizens, determined to give the young scion of the clan McGregor a thorough education. Just as soon as he was able to toddle off to school he did so, and as the years rolled by he climbed the ladder of grades in the public schools, and graduated high on the roll of honor from the Detroit College of Law. He scored his first success at an election when he was unanimously chosen president of the Alumni association, a distinction he still enjoys. Young McGregor was now exceptionally well qualified to enter upon a career of usefulness. The world-famed firm of Parke, Davis & Co. required a bright, energetic and competent clerk, and "Billy" McGregor was chosen. Step by step he won his way in the esteem of this great firm, and now after 18 years of continuous service he occupies a trusted position in an executive capacity. Mr. McGregor's first whirl at politics took place in the sixth ward. His friends desired him to become their candidate for the newly created board of education, and he accepted, although the board was a strongly democratic one. This fact did not discourage Mr. McGregor, and as he knew no such word as fail in his vocabulary, the campaign was waged with wonderful vigor. The eyes of the city were turned on the interesting battle for victory in the stronghold of Democracy, but when the sun went down on that eventful day "Billy" McGregor was the triumphant victor. His opponent had gone down under a tremendous landslide, and when the votes were counted, a majority of 890 had been piled up for Mr. McGregor. It was a great personal victory, that attested in no uncertain tone the popularity the young man had achieved.

He was honored by his colleagues in 1897-98 with the presidency of the board of education and he wielded the gavel of authority with dignity and ability. This is the only political office that Mr. McGregor ever sought and though there is no salary whatever attached to the office, still he is regarded as one of the ablest members of the board. In the Masonic fraternity he has attained the distinction

of a 32nd degree Mason, pastmaster of Ashlar lodge and a member of the Detroit Commandery, Knights Templar. He is also a member of the Detroit Yacht club, president of the Mervue club at the St. Clair Flats, a prominent member of the Harmonie society, and a zealous worker in the ranks of that hustling Republican organization—the Alger club. "I've always been a Republican and never before sought a public salaried office," says Mr. McGregor. "I am not connected with any of the rumored combines, and am making the run for county clerk purely on my personal merits." Mr. McGregor's



fine record with Parke, Davis & Co. and his record business qualifications are a guarantee of his eminent fitness for his occupancy of the county clerkship.

Mr. McGregor has many advantages over his rival. He has enjoyed a vast amount of practical experience in the business and political world that Mr. Dupont has had no opportunity to participate in. In all of his undertakings he has been eminently successful and his public career is without a stain. He is not in any sense a politician, but a clear-headed, thoroughly practical business man, who will manage the county clerk's office as efficiently as he has his private affairs. Mr. McGregor is methodical, exceptionally bright, and possesses all the essentials for making a first-class clerk.

HENRY ROEHRIG,
DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATE FOR REGISTER OF DEEDS

Possesses Many Admirable Qualifications for the Office.

Henry Roehrig, of Wyandotte, who was nominated for the office of Register of Deeds, by the Democratic county convention is a native born Michigander. He

comes from the fine old German stock, and there are few men in Wayne county today, young or old, who can boast of such hosts of warm admirers. Mr. Roehrig was born in the city of Wyandotte in 1866. He was educated in the public schools of his native city and grew up to manhood there. His prepossessing appearance, manly qualities and genial disposition made him hosts of friends. It was, therefore, but a short time after he attained his majority before his admirers began to shower political honors upon him. The young men of Wyandotte are nothing if not enthusiastic, and when they picked out their chum and school-mate, Henry Roehrig, for supervisor, they simply buried his opponent. When President Cleveland succeeded Harrison in the White House he appointed Henry Roehrig postmaster at Wyandotte. If anyone is desirous of knowing anything about Henry Roehrig's ability, integrity and obliging disposition, just ask any person in Wyandotte, and the answer will be that he was the best official Wyandotte ever had. So popular was he that when he tendered his resignation to President McKinley, to take effect June 30, 1897, it was not accepted. The citizens of Wyandotte, irrespective of their political affiliations, joined in a petition to President McKinley asking that Mr. Roehrig be re-



tained. As postmaster he made a most enviable record. The postoffice department at Washington, through its Republican chief, put the Wyandotte postoffice first in the list of third-class postoffices in the union. Mr. Roehrig's efficiency, honesty and executive ability were highly commended, and was a testimonial that he is very proud of. In the spring of '97 Mr. Roehrig was chosen city treasurer of Wyandotte at the April election, over Fred Ginzler, the strongest man the Republicans could put up, by 98 majority. Last spring the Republicans determined to wrest the office away from Mr. Roehrig, and they put up another strong candidate, Wm. Mueller, but he went down to defeat under a landslide, and Mr. Roehrig's majority was piled up to 468. Mr. Roehrig is one of Wyandotte's solid business men. Just as soon as he was out of his teens he started in business, and success was his from the start. He started out in the boot and shoe line and built up a prosperous trade. Then he sold out to assume the office of postmaster. After leaving the postoffice he determined to engage in real estate and fire insurance, and the firm of Roehrig & McInerney is one of the solid business houses of the "Iron City." He is identified with several fraternal organizations and the Arbelter society of which he is a leading member, have agreed to stand by his candidacy without regard to politics. He also belongs to the Independent Order of Foresters and A. O. U. W. Mr. Roehrig was in no sense a candidate for the office of Register of Deeds on the Democratic ticket. On the contrary it was a case of the office seeking the man and not the man the office. He did not expend a single dollar toward getting the honor, nor did he ask a single delegate to support him. His nomination was accorded him unanimously amid the wildest enthusiasm, and now he is determined to go out and win. His large-heartedness and frank manner will create a favorable impression anywhere and under any circumstances.

But Mr. Roehrig possesses other and higher qualifications than mere popularity. During his incumbency of the offices of supervisor, postmaster and city treasurer, he has acted upon the theory that public offices are created and sustained for the convenience of the people doing business there. He has conducted business in a business-like manner. No favor has been too great for him to grant, and the uniform courtesy and consideration which he has shown in dealing with the public, accounts in a large measure for his hold upon the people. Thoroughly democratic in his make-up, the humblest laborer or merest child has received the same treatment as the rich and powerful. During his term as postmaster he was repeatedly complimented by the officials at Washington for the promptness and accuracy of his reports and for his general conduct of the office. He will carry the same admirable methods into the Register of Deeds' office. He has already been assured of the hearty support of almost every substantial voter in Wyandotte, and his friends predict his election by a handsome majority.

The Ohio Central Lines are selling Hunters' tickets at reduced rates to the North, West and South. If you intend going on a hunting trip this fall do not fail to call on agents of P. C. Lines.

City Comforts for Country Homes

CHEAPER AND BETTER THAN ELECTRICITY-CITY GAS OIL LAMPS
Will light the house, cook, broil, roast, bake, wash, iron, heat, rooms, pump water, supply, run gas engines, etc.
Send for free Catalogue LIGHT FOR EVENING HOURS.
DETROIT HEATING AND LIGHTING CO. DETROIT MICH.

WANTED: FARM PRODUCTS IN EXCHANGE FOR BICYCLES OR HARNESS.

Money not a necessity. Who produces what we can use. We make what you want.

"Marlo" Bicycle No. 1, one-piece crank, latest model, the equal of the best Bicycle made, your own specifications, \$60.
"Marlo" Bicycle No. 2, three-piece crank, your own specifications, \$45.
"Marlo" Harness, a very fine machine, \$40.

We sell Bicycles for cash or on the monthly payment plan, anywhere in the United States or Canada. We make very liberal allowances for old wheels. We also sell second-hand wheels at from \$3 to \$20. Don't fail to write us if you want a wheel or harness on the best terms ever offered.

We allow riding Buffalo prices for all kinds of farm products that can be shipped economically to Buffalo. Tell us what you have to exchange and we will quote prices we can offer. Enclose stamps for further information or for price list of our Hand-made Harness and Horse Collars.

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61 Terrace, Buffalo, N. Y.

OLD FRIENDS ARE BEST.

Handsome. Durable.

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As place like home.

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still stands first for quality. If your dealer does not sell it, be sure and write us for SPECIAL PRICES. We make everything you need in Paints, Colors, Varnishes, Brushes, Etc.

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"ILLINOIS" BICYCLES

Are THE BEST Bicycles.

"ILLINOIS" MODEL NO. 2.
GRACEFUL OUTLINES.
LIGHT RUNNING.
SUPERB FINISH.

We can furnish any equipment desired.

SEND FOR CATALOGUE.

ILLINOIS CUTLERY CO.,
Decatur, Ill., U. S. A.

THE Best Hotel in Detroit.

Can do no more for you in the way of comfortable beds and good meals than the **FRANKLIN HOUSE**, at Bates and Larned Sts. Rates are \$1.50 to \$2.00 per day, American plan. Woodward and Jefferson Aves. are only a block away, with cars to all parts of the city. Excellent accommodations for wheelmen.

H. B. JAMES & SON, Proprietors,
Bates and Larned Sts., Detroit, Mich.

"Nothing Succeeds Like Success."

The above is an old adage but it exactly fits the Democratic nominee

For Register of Deeds, Henry Roehrig, of Wyandotte.

Mr. Roehrig comes from the country. He was the best postmaster Wyandotte ever had. All the "Iron City" people will tell you so. He is immensely popular. This is shown by the fact that he has twice been chosen City Treasurer of Wyandotte—the last time by nearly 500 majority. The county Democracy nominated him for Register unanimously amid rousing cheers. He is one of Wayne County's brightest, brainiest and most popular young men. Taxpayers and voters of Wayne County, Mr. Roehrig will make an excellent Register of Deeds.

BOOMING AGAIN!

After being shut down for some time making extensive repairs, we are pleased to announce to the public that we are again doing business with the Latest Improved Milling Machinery. We especially solicit

CUSTOM GRINDING

Which will be done promptly.

We make a specialty of
Corn, Bran, Middlings, Graham Flour Bolted Meal, etc.

Be sure and ask your dealer for Plymouth Rock Flour.

Phoenix Milling Co.,
PLYMOUTH, MICH.

A. A. TAFFT.

Is on hand for the fall campaign in Dry Goods, etc. My stock of Dress Goods, Outing Flannels, etc., is complete. In Underwear I have a large line at all Prices. Hats and Caps lots of them. Gloves and Mittens complete. Plenty of Floor Oil Cloth in both pattern and piece goods. I can sell you Linoleum for 50c per square yd. My specialties are a good factory at 3 1/2c and good Calico 3 1/2. All prices to compete with city or country. Give me a call.

A. A. TAFFT.

Horse Blankets

Square and Shaped.
Stable Blankets. Plush and Fur Robes.

Look at these prices!

9 lb. Square Blanket,	-	\$1 75
7 lb. " " "	-	1 50
6 lb. " " "	-	1 25
5 lb. " " "	-	1 00
4 1-2 " " "	-	75

The genuine Burlington Stayon Stable Blanket, \$1.25 to \$2.50
The largest and most complete line of Plush and Fur Robes, Gloves and Mittens ever shown in Plymouth.

F. E. LAMPHERE, PLYMOUTH, MICH.

The Detroit & Lima Northern Railway.
Time Card in effect May 12, 1898.

No. 1 Daily	No. 3 Daily	No. 5 Daily	No. 7 Sunday	SOUTH	LY	NORTH	No. 2 Daily	No. 4 Daily	No. 6 Daily
7:15 am	2:00 pm	6:00 pm	6:30 pm	Detroit	Ly	12:10 pm	10:30 am	5:30 pm	
7:27	2:12	6:12	6:42	Dearborn					
7:42	2:26	6:26	6:57	Ecorse		11:40 am	10:00	4:00	
7:56	2:36	6:37	7:05	Wyandotte		11:22	9:52	4:25	
8:12	2:47	6:49	7:17	Trenton		11:20	9:40	4:30	
8:15	2:50	6:52	7:20	Flat Rock		11:16	9:37	4:35	
8:25	3:02	7:13	7:39	Bryar Hill		10:58	9:16	4:05	
8:28	3:14	7:16	7:44	Carleton		10:54	9:12	4:01	
8:39	3:25	7:25	7:55	Scottdale		10:43	9:00	3:50	
8:45	3:30	7:34	8:00	Maybec		10:38	8:55	3:45	
8:50	3:36	7:41	8:07	Raisinville		10:35	8:50	3:40	
8:56	3:40	7:44	8:10	Dundee		10:32	8:45	3:35	
9:03	3:45	7:49	8:15	Tecumseh		9:48	7:50	3:30	
9:08	3:47	7:51	8:18	Adrian		9:21	7:25	3:20	
9:15	3:52	7:56	8:23	Paoli		8:57			
9:22	3:59	8:03	8:30	Denson		8:46			
9:28	4:05	8:09	8:36	Oak Shade		8:40			
9:35	4:12	8:16	8:43	Washton		8:32			
9:42	4:19	8:23	8:50	Nazmi		8:18			
9:48	4:25	8:29	8:56	Napoleon		8:00			
9:55	4:32	8:36	9:03	Malotta		7:46			
10:02	4:39	8:43	9:10	Hamlet		7:32			
10:08	4:45	8:49	9:16	Lepic		7:18			
10:15	4:52	8:56	9:23	Ottawa		7:05			
10:22	4:59	9:03	9:30	Columbus Grove		6:50			
10:28	5:05	9:09	9:36	Calico		6:35			
10:35	5:12	9:16	9:43	Lima		6:20			
10:42	5:19	9:23	9:50			6:05			
10:48	5:25	9:29	9:56			5:50			
10:55	5:32	9:36	10:03			5:35			
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11:08	5:45	9:49	10:16			5:05			
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12:02	6:39	10:43	11:10			3:05			
12:08	6:45	10:49	11:16			2:50			
12:15	6:52	10:56	11:23			2:35			
12:22	6:59	11:03	11:30			2:20			
12:28	7:05	11:09	11:36			2:05			
12:35	7:12	11:16	11:43			1:50			
12:42	7:19	11:23	11:50			1:35			
12:48	7:25	11:29	11:56			1:20			
12:55	7:32	11:36	12:03			1:05			
1:02	7:39	11:43	12:10			9:50			

For information relative to rates to all points East, West, North or South call on nearest agent or address the General Passenger Agent.
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