

The Plymouth Mail.

VOLUME X, NO. 23.

PLYMOUTH, MICH., FEBRUARY 12, 1897.

WHOLE NO. 492

CROCKERY.

Gone To Smash!

Not the Crockery,
But the Prices.

We are overloaded with crockery, and must make room for a large stock which will soon arrive, and in order to do so, we will for the balance of January, sell you a \$15 semi porcelain one hundred piece dinner set for only \$10. These goods are below cost and are of a fine decoration and the best English ware guaranteed in every respect.

Lamps! And fancy decorated Crockery at 1-4 OFF.

Our Grocery Department

Our groceries are first in quality and lowest in price. We call your attention to a few leading articles: We are selling fresh roasted coffees,

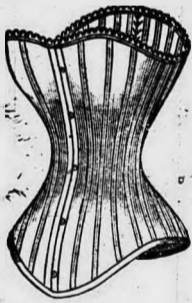
Former Price.	40c,	now	35c
"	35	"	30
"	30	"	28
"	28	"	25
"	25	"	20

10 lbs Rolled Oats, 25c; 7 bars Queen Ann Soap, 25c; Honey Drop Corn (the best) 15c per can; Gilt Edge Corn, 10c; 3 cans of good corn, 25c. Fine Granulated sugar, 5c per lb.

Something New POP CORN FRITTERS

In Our Dry Goods Department

We are making great reductions on all Winter Dress Goods and Underwear.



Reliance Corset

Displayed in our show window is a 75c Corset. We are going to sell them for the low price 50 Cents.

J. R. RAUCH & SON.

10,000 BUSHELS
Damaged Wheat,
Wanted.

Highest price paid for wheat that is grown, musty, bleached etc. Bring Sample.

L. C. HOUGH & SON.

A Dangerous Orchard Pest.

The horticultural interests of the state are seriously threatened by an insect known as the San Jose scale, which is likely to appear at any time in our midst, and which will be difficult to eradicate if it obtains a good foothold.

It made its appearance in California some twenty years ago and has caused the fruit growers of that state immense sums of money in fighting it and in the loss of trees and fruit.

It was carried to New Jersey from California in 1887 upon plum trees and was introduced into several nurseries, but its dangerous character was not fully recognized for several years. In the meantime it had multiplied rapidly and had not only spread to thousands of trees in these nurseries but had been carried on young trees to nurseries in N. Y., Maryland and other states, and had been widely distributed over the country upon nursery stock sold by them. It has thus been scattered here and there over nearly all of the Atlantic States, and has been found in Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois and other western states.

In New Jersey, where it has gained the strongest foothold, it is regarded as the most dangerous foe of the horticulturist; its presence in Ohio has been known for several years, but new colonies are being found in unexpected places, and great damage has been done in many localities notably upon Catawba Island, where at least 20,000 peach trees have been infested and many of them have been ruined by it; in Illinois it was not detected until recently, but it is now known to occur in at least fifteen places, most of which are widely scattered, and in some of them it has been distributed over an area a half mile square.

While we have no knowledge of its existence in Michigan, it is more than likely that it is scattered over the State, unnoticed, or, at least, unreported, as the number of shipments of nursery trees to Michigan from infested nurseries is three times as great as in Illinois, where fifteen colonies have been discovered, with other orchards yet to hear from.

This scale attacks the trunks, branches, and fruit of all orchard trees, and is also found on the raspberry, blackberry, currant, gooseberry, and many shade trees. It is to be especially feared on account of the rapidity with which it multiplies, as there are from three to four broods during a season, and if all come to maturity the progeny of a single female scale will number from 15,000,000 to more than 3,000,000,000 in one season. Its small size permits it to remain unnoticed until its numbers have largely increased, and it has greatly injured, if it has not ruined the tree. At best they have but little power to move about, but are distributed to considerable distances upon other insects and birds.

The most probable means of infection to Michigan orchards is upon nursery stock and particularly if within the past six years you have purchased trees from eastern nurseries we urge you to at once carefully examine them, as there is a possibility that they are infested with this scale. Particular attention should be paid to the branches that are two or three years old or to the trunks of young trees as there they will be most numerous and more easily detected. When plentiful upon the trees they will have an ash gray scurfy appearance, and may cover a considerable area of the bark with several layers of small, flattened scales that can be readily scraped off with the thumb nail. These will for the most part consist of the coverings of dead insects. The living insects are nearly black in color and are about the size of the head of a pin at this time of the year, and are of something the same shape, except that the center is slightly elevated, with a shallow, ring-like depression about it, as can be seen with a magnifying glass.

Sometimes a yellow spot will appear at the center of the elevation, and if the living scales are crushed a yellowish mass can be seen. The wintered-over females bring forth living young in May or June, and then may be as much as an eighth of an inch in diameter, but will be very much flattened.

The young insects are able to move about for a short time, but soon become fixed upon the trees, and, inserting a long slender tube into the bark, suck out the sap. With thousands and even millions upon a tree it can be readily seen that great injury will be done by robbing the tree of its food and also on account of the punctures made by the insects.

An examination of the inner bark will show it to be of a dark red color, and this can generally be taken as indicative that the San Jose scale is upon the tree. If the scales are very numerous the tree will be ruined in two or three years at most.

In case you find any insects upon your trees that answer the above description, or that you have any reason to think a San Jose scale, we urge you to cut off a little of the bark with a number of the insects upon it and, after soaking it in kerosene to destroy them and avoid the

danger of scattering them, mail them to Horticultural Department, State Experiment Station, Agricultural College, Mich.

We shall be glad to examine them and report the name of the insect, with remedies for its destruction. By your hearty cooperation in this matter we hope to check the spread of the insect, and this may save to the fruit-growers of Michigan thousands if not millions of dollars.

If you have any reason to believe that the scale has appeared in your neighborhood we shall be glad to know of it, together with any facts that you have regarding its appearance.

Yours very truly,

L. R. TAFT,

Agricultural College, Mich.

William Leadbeater.

Died, in Plymouth, on Saturday, Feb. 6th, William Leadbeater, at the advanced age of 83 years.

Mr. Leadbeater was born in Edinburgh, Scotland, on Christmas morning in the year 1813. In 1839 he was married to Rachel Medcalf. He was three months crossing the Atlantic in a sailing vessel to reach this country, when he settled on a farm in Canton, 2 1/2 miles from Plymouth, where he resided until a few years before his death.

He had always been a strong, healthy man up to six weeks ago when he was taken with his last illness.

Five children survive him, two girls and three boys.

The funeral was held at the home of his son, Henry, conducted by Rev. J. B. Oliver.

Interment at Riverside cemetery.

CONTRIBUTED

The following lines are dedicated to the memory of our beloved father, Mr. Wm. Leadbeater, who died Feb. 6, 1897:

Peaceful be thy silent slumbers,
Peaceful in thy grave so low;
Thou no more wilt join our number,
Thou no more our sorrows know.
Yet again we hope to meet thee,
When the day of life is fled;
And in Heaven with joy to greet thee,
Where no farewell tears are shed.

CARD OF THANKS.

To those who so kindly assisted us during our sad bereavement we desire to express our heartfelt thanks.

THE CHILDREN.

Fifteenth Anniversary.

On the morning of February 1st several rigs from the country west and south of the village were seen to drive in and hitch on our streets. After purchasing a beautiful lamp and a decorated water set at one of our stores, the occupants loaded themselves in their sleighs and very quietly drove to the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Rook. One load stopped at the front door and the other drove around to the rear and in less time than it takes to tell it the house was swarming with a jolly good-natured crowd of friends who had assembled to participate in the festivities of Mr. and Mrs. Rook's 15th wedding anniversary.

That the members of the Rook household were completely surprised is proven by the fact that the hostess was caught in her Monday apparel and never even thought of her appearance until one of the company informed her that she had better change her dress.

The guests were treated to an oyster dinner and when they left, declared they had enjoyed the occasion to the fullest extent and wished Mr. and Mrs. Rook many happy returns of the day.

The Popular Douglas Shoes.

There is no shoe made for men's wear that has attained a greater popularity than the celebrated W. L. Douglas shoe. The fact that they combine style and quality at a low price has given them universal indorsement. The manufacture of these shoes has made it possible for a man in the most ordinary circumstances to keep himself provided with footwear of as good style as the market affords—the extremely low price at which they are sold placing them within reach of all.

The only cheap quality in them however is the price; in all other respects they grade as high as any shoe in the market. Their lasting qualities have been fully tested and found to be unequalled. They are not only of good style when new, but retain their shape and excellent appearance until completely worn out—a very rare quality in even the highest priced shoes. They are sold in Plymouth at A. H. Dibble's, who has just received a new invoice of the various styles.

Pasteur's Remains.

The transfer of the body of Pasteur from Notre Dame cathedral to the magnificent tomb which has been erected in the Pasteur Institute in the Rue Dutot, Paris, took place the other day. Very few invitations to attend the ceremony had been sent out, as the friends of Pasteur desired the removal to be private, and also because there was little room in the chamber leading to the crypt where the body of the dead scientist will permanently repose.

Perfection! Perfection! Perfection!

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Not only a full and complete line of Perfection Dyes, but also a complete and perfect assortment of

Fancy and Staple Groceries,
All the Leading Brands of Flour,
SALT PORK, PICNIC HAMS, DRIED BEEF, LARD, Etc.

Drugs and Medicines

Cigars and Tobacco,

Candies and Stationery,

Trusses, Toilet Articles,

In fact, a perfect assortment of everything in this line, all at the

Lowest Possible Prices,

QUALITY CONSIDERED.

Everything First Quality

No Seconds,

AT

GEO. W. HUNTER
& CO.'S

GALE'S

Valentines

Now is the time to buy
Valentines. We have them
all sizes and prices.

Comic Valentines,
Lace Valentines,
Art Valentines.

Come in and see them.

This month we will sell all our
large lamps

1-4 OFF.

J. L. GALE.

PLYMOUTH MAIL.

BAKER & BALCH, PUBLS.

PLYMOUTH, MICHIGAN

COMMON COUNCIL. VILLAGE OF PLYMOUTH.

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E. C. LAUFFER, Clerk.

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J. L. GALE, WM. SMITHERMAN,
S. O. ROBINSON, W. O. ALLEN,
H. W. BAKER, A. J. LAPHAM.

Standing Committees, 1896.

WAYS AND MEANS:

Gale, Baker, Allen

CLAIMS AND ACCOUNTS:

Allen, Smitherman, Baker

STREETS:

Baker, Lapham, Smitherman

PARKS:

Robinson, Allen, Gale

HEALTH:

Smitherman, Lapham, Baker

ORDINANCE:

Gale, Allen, Robinson

POUNDS:

Lap'am, Smitherman, Robinson

LICENSE:

Baker, Allen, Lapham

CEMETERIES:

Allen, Robinson, Baker

FIRE:

Robinson, Smitherman, Lap'am

PRESIDENT PRO TEM: W. O. ALLEN.
CHIEF FIRE DEPARTMENT: GEO. W. HUNTER.
HEALTH OFFICER: DR. F. N. DEWEY.
MARSHAL: M. R. WEEKS.



For . . .

Owosso, St. Louis, Alma, Mt. Pleasant, Clare, Cadillac, Manistee, Traverse City and points in Northwestern Michigan.

WE OWN AND OPERATE

Our own Steamship Line across Lake Michigan between Frankfort and Keweenaw, Menominee and Gladstone, and are selling tickets to the Northwest CHEAPER than any all rail line.

The best trout and bass fishing in the state is found on our northern division.

Sleeping cars on night trains.

Berths, \$1.50 and \$1.00.

Free chair cars on day trains.

W. H. BENNETT,
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The "DOMESTIC"

Is absolutely the best Sewing Machine made. Leads in latest and best improvements.

SIMPLE PRACTICAL DURABLE

For over 30 years has been endorsed by the public as the most satisfactory of all sewing machines. We want your trade and can save you money. Write for free catalogue and prices.

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FARM AND GARDEN.

MATTERS OF INTEREST TO AGRICULTURISTS.

Some Up-to-date Hints About Cultivation of the Soil and Yields Thereof—Horticulture, Viticulture and Floriculture.



HE desire to cultivate as much land as possible in order to get the most possible from it has led to general neglect of meadow and pasture lands, says American Cultivator. Only when it was found that the soil had lost so much fertility that it would not pay for cultivating was it seeded down or left to grow up with such herbage, both weeds and grass, as nature provided. The result is that most of the land now in grass is by that very fact discredited as being presumably fit for nothing else. Yet there is in all grass land a constant tendency to increase in fertility. It is so even when the land is left to grow up with weeds and bushes. These shelter the surface, hold the leaves that fall on the land from being blown away. The decomposition of these leaves gradually builds up soil, and to this must be added the excrement from animals fed on the herbage which the soil is still able to grow. Usually when the improvement of grass land is determined upon the sod to be turned under and rot is regarded as an important part of the soil assets. Improving the land as meadow or pasture by manuring it and still keeping it unplowed is hardly ever thought of. Yet as in most cases this grass land is, even with manure, not quite rich enough for profitable cropping, the experiment is worth trying of applying to it such manure as can be had and see what the increased grass or hay product will be worth. This is done successfully in England. Why may it not be also in the older parts of this country? The demand for hay is generally good in all eastern cities. Will it pay to fertilize grass so as to make the growing of hay profitable? If it will not pay to maintain fertility in grass land, the logical sequence is that all hay or grass taken from it helps to reduce fertility so that the soil will be worth nothing for the production of any kind of crop. It is likely that in the future, as in the past, most of the hay crop in this country will be produced in the years when the rotation between cultivated crops and grass requires that the land be seeded. Our climate is not moist like that of England. Hence it cannot keep a good sod many years without plowing and re-seeding. This also is so much the best for cultivated land that there need be no fear that the profits of cultivated crops will so lessen the amount of land in grass that there will not be hay enough to feed with grain and coarser fodder, nor that it will fall to be supplied at reasonable prices.

Importance of Water.
The importance of water to the growing plant can only be understood when we apprehend and appreciate how large a part of its structure is composed of water, and that even this large percentage of its composition is but a fraction of the total amount used in its development. The quantity of water entering into the structure of plants varies from 60 to as high as 98 per cent of their total weight. During the entire period of growth there is a constant giving off of moisture by the foliage, and it must be made good by that which is taken up by the roots. By experiments conducted at the Wisconsin Experiment Station, it has been found that in raising oats, for every ton of dry matter produced there were required 522.4 tons of water; for every ton of dry matter of flint corn there were required 233.9 tons of water; for dent corn, 309.08 tons of water for every ton of dry matter. On plots at this station 18 tons of dry matter of oats per acre represented an expenditure of 940.32 tons of water. Potatoes used 422.7 tons of water per ton of dry matter. The yield of potatoes on the experiment plots of 450 bushels per acre during the dry season of 1895 represented an amount of water equal to 1,310.37 tons.

The Raspberry.
W. C. Freeman, at a Missouri Horticultural convention, told how to grow the raspberry. A deep, rich alluvial loam the best. If this is not to be had, the ground must be enriched by well-rotted manure. Location.—A northern slope preferred, deep plowing best. Planting.—For Red, set in fall or early spring in rows three to four feet apart, and cultivate thoroughly as long as weeds appear. Allow no fruit to set the first year. Cut back the canes to about one foot the first year. Tender varieties should be cut back near the ground. Remove all the old and dead wood. The nearer the ground the buds appear, the better. Black Caps.—Set three to seven feet apart, treat much the same as the Red Caps. Setting in the fall preferred, but may be set in the spring; if great care is used. Cultivate and hoe first year as late as October. Crops between the rows a hindrance. Only thorough work will pay. Top the plants eight or ten inches high, and if a large number of canes is wanted, top the canes. Pruning.—First year cut back to foot or eighteen inches, according to strength of plant. For weak plants cut back to ground. Top the young shoots twelve or fourteen inches high until laterals fill out the rows. Picking.—Prepare in advance crates made and filled with boxes. Secure the pickers, one-third more than you will need, assign them to certain rows and see that they work only there.

The Farm Birds.
At the recent session of the farmers' institute the question, "how to rid land of white grubs," seemed to evoke general interest, and to fall of a satisfactory answer. Fall plowing was suggested as an aid, and was spoken of, but the opinion was that birds were the most effective remedy. One speaker related an experience, and said a large pine tree stood near a piece of his land infested with the grubs and he noticed a number of black-birds making regular trips from the tree to the land, and on investigation discovered that the birds were after the worms which had been turned up by plowing. He found seven birds' nests in one tree. He said he never allowed a crow or a black-bird to be killed on his premises, and considered them the greatest benefactors the farmers have in destroying the worm pest. This is but a repetition of an oft-told tale yet one not sufficiently heeded. What possible object there can be in killing the birds no one can understand, and yet farmers and farmers' boys seem to delight in doing so. There appears to be a wantonness about it, when, if they would pause a moment, they would see that they were inflicting a severe injury on themselves. The robins may carry off a few cherries and strawberries, but it is only for a few days, and the remainder of the season they are working for you and doing work you cannot hire a man or boy to do. Protect the birds, let them build their nests on your premises, and see they are not disturbed. Encourage their increase, it will pay in more ways than one.

Soil for Berries.
Clay soil must be well drained, is more difficult to prepare, matures later crops and not so favorable for winter protection. The ideal berry ground would be, first, a rich loam with clay subsoil. Second, a dark loam or gravelly loam mixed slightly with clay, and a clay subsoil, all having a southerly or eastern exposure. Any of these mixed soils, will make good berry gardens by applying good barn yard manure, which contains all the essential elements required. When such manure cannot be obtained the commercial fertilizers rich in nitrogen and potash should be applied. Avoid low flat land unless under drained, it is usually cold, late and more subject to frosts. Avoid steep hill-sides as being more subject to drought and wash of soil by severe rains. Very few farms are without suitable soil and location for a good berry garden and that farmer who simply exists, year after year, without a good garden has not learned the first principles of living.

Fruits Healthful.—All ripe fruits are also more or less nutritious. It has been clearly demonstrated that the apple is superior to the potato in the principles that go to increase the muscle and brain of man, and in fattening qualities it is nearly equal to any other food. Ripe grapes have cured epidemic dysentery. Families where fruits are most plentifully used are most free from disease of all kinds, especially from fevers and bowel complaints. Most fruits aid digestion, some directly and some indirectly, and their free use lessens the desire for alcohol or other stimulants. The juicy ones act as diluents, and all as diuretics, the free acids neutralizing the earthy matters in the blood. I could multiply authorities, but it is sufficient to say that all agree as to the healthfulness of fruit.—Ex.

Keep the Clover Hay.—Farmers are learning that clover hay for the cow is worth more than any other kind. The wise farmer sells his timothy hay and keeps his clover. How often in my young days have I seen people buying timothy hay for cattle, thinking that because it cost the most it must therefore be worth most for cattle. When I was a boy we used to raise all of our own hay, and timothy was the standard variety. We began in the fall to feed it out to the cows and we kept at it till the mows were empty. We have learned better since. Feed the timothy to the horses and the clover to the cattle and sheep.—Nelson Smith.

A Tree an Investment.—It takes time, labor and money to grow a tree, which means that the tree is an investment, and should be as carefully guarded, for what it is worth, as any other investment. It should not be overworked. If a portion of the fruit is removed, either by pruning or thinning, the vitality of the tree is retained, the quality of the natural food improved, and the chances less of the tree asking for a "lay off" four years out of five. The successful apple grower of the future will be the specialist, the man with a "hobby," who believes in the future of apple growing; he will have the courage of his convictions.—Ex.

A rain storm in the Colorado desert is a stranger thing than many of the curious tales which for ages gave Herodotus a unique reputation among historians for mendacity. During a rain storm in the Colorado desert not a single drop of water touches the earth. The rain can be seen falling from the clouds high above the desert, but when the water reaches the strata of hot, dry air beneath the clouds it is entirely absorbed before falling half the distance to the ground.

Small Trees.—Small trees will root better than those that are larger and the young trees will start off in growth sooner and make better trees than the larger ones. There is really no time saved in attempting to use large trees. They are liable to meet with some drawback, which requires a year or more for recovery, while some of them may not thrive at all.—Ex.

All dairymen should be united for the extension of dairy education.

THE GREATEST AUTHORITY IN THE WORLD

PRESCRIBES

GUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER

COLDS IN HEAD, CATARRH, SORE THROAT, LA GRIPPE, HEADACHE or Any Head or Throat Trouble.

DR. BROWN'S SERRAVALLO'S CURE FOR THE CENTRAL LONDON THROAT AND EAR HOSPITAL. He has used it in over 1000 cases in a regular hospital for the throat and ears. For all forms of nasal disease, causing obstruction to the natural breathing, I prescribe Gushman's Menthol Inhaler to the extent of the directions on the box.

CHRONIC DISEASES ARE NEVER RADICALLY CURED!
This is why you go on in a desultory way trying to wear out your system with Gushman's Inhaler, will relieve you instantly. It is a Constant Companion! It is worth of medicine for 50 cts. No sickness or annoying drug is involved in your system. Give a refreshing and healthy sleep to you, indispensable in restoring Public Hygiene and speaking as I have said it the greatest aid in conquering the disease.

INFLUENZA! DR. J. H. SALISBURY, a distinguished physician of New York, writes: "I have used Gushman's Menthol Inhaler for about a month for Chronic Catarrh of twenty years' standing. It has given me more relief than all other remedies I ever tried. It is the best remedy I have used for Cough, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Stomachic, Croup, Whooping Cough, and all other respiratory troubles. It is quick in its action and its use is so simple that it can be used by anyone. I have had Catarrh about ten years. A friend sent me one of your Inhalers. It helped me the first time I tried it."—MORTON.

SEA SICKNESS! Dr. B. B. BERRY, in communication to the London Lancet, writes: "I have used Gushman's Menthol Inhaler in several cases of sea sickness, and it has been especially successful in the treatment of sea sickness, which remains after the actual vomiting and retching passed off."—MORTON.

Softens the Hands.
Go and get a box of Gushman's Menthol Inhaler and keep it in the house. It is the best remedy for chapped hands, cracked hands, or any skin eruptions. It is quick in its action and its use is so simple that it can be used by anyone. I have had cracked hands it is a wonderful cure. Largest box of Gushman's Inhaler.

Cured His Mother.
CARRIAGE MAN, July 24, 1895.—Your Menthol Inhaler cured my mother's hands. She has had no trouble with her hands since I got her the box. My mother is happy and does all her own work again. She was not able to do any work for three years on account of her hands. Your Inhaler has cured her. I thank you very much. ROY BARR.

It Acts Like a Charm.
EALING, Ala., April 18, 1895.—I have used your Menthol Inhaler on some old bad sores, and on two or three cases of itch and other eruptions; the patients say it "acts like a charm." Please send four boxes. I intend to encourage the use of your preparations because they do act so quickly "like a charm."—M. W. CLAYTON.

If you cannot get it of your druggist send me for one box by all leading druggists, Gushman Drug Co., Vincennes, Indiana.

DON'T STOP TOBACCO.

How to Cure Yourself While Using It.

The tobacco habit grows on a man until his nervous system is seriously affected, impairing health, comfort and happiness. To quit suddenly is too severe a shock to the system, as tobacco to an inveterate user becomes a stimulant that his system continually craves. "Baco-Curo" is a scientific cure for the tobacco habit, in all its forms, carefully compounded after the formula of an eminent Berlin physician who has used it in his private practice since 1872, without a failure. It is purely vegetable and guaranteed perfectly harmless. You can use all the tobacco you want while taking "Baco-Curo." It will notify you when to stop. We give a written guarantee to cure permanently any case with three boxes, or refund the money with 10 percent interest. "Baco-Curo" is not a substitute, but a scientific cure, that cures without the aid of will power and with no inconvenience. It leaves the system as pure and free from nicotine as the day you took your first chew or smoke.

Cured By Baco-Curo and Gained Thirty Pounds.
From hundreds of testimonials, the originals of which are on file and open to inspection, the following is presented: Clayton, Nevada Co., Ark., Jan. 28, 1895, Eureka Chemical & Mfg. Co., LaCrosse, Wis.—Gentlemen: For forty years I used tobacco in all its forms. For twenty-five years of that time I was a great sufferer from general debility and heart disease. For fifteen years I tried to quit, but couldn't. I took various remedies, among others "No-To-Bac," "The Indian Tobacco Antidote," "Double Chloride of Gold," etc., etc., but none of them did me the least bit of good. Finally, however, I purchased a box of your "Baco-Curo" and it has entirely cured me of the habit in all its forms, and I have increased thirty pounds in weight and am relieved from all the numerous aches and pains of body and mind. I could write a quire of paper upon my changed feelings and condition. Your respectfully, P. H. MAYNARD.

Pastor C. P. Church, Clayton, Ark. Sold by all druggists at \$1.00 per box; three boxes, (thirty days' treatment), \$2.50 with iron-clad, written guarantee, or sent direct upon receipt of price. Write for booklet and proofs. Eureka Chemical & Mfg. Co., LaCrosse, Wis., and Boston, Mass.

Notice. To parties having any Bites or Skin itches with Tannin, I have opened a Shop One-Half Mile South of Bragg's School-houses for such work and will make it an object to you to let me do your work. Rugs of all kinds, with or without head mounted, Robes, Gloves and Mittens. Long Wristed Driving gloves with lamb skin lining and buckskin facing a specialty. Call at my shop with
R. C. ALEXANDER,
Plymouth, Mich.

Pure Food
You agree that baking powder is best for raising. Then why not try to get its best results? Just as easy to get all its good—none of its bad, by having it made with digestion-aiding ingredients as in KEYSTAR: greatest raising strength, no bad effects. No use to clog the stomach with what never helps make flesh and blood. KEYSTAR is the one all digestible baking powder. Just right for best baking results; harmless to a delicate digestion. \$4.00 forfeit if made with alum or other bad. Fresh, sweet and pure, all foods raised with it digest so easily that you are quickly surprised with better appetite and health.

Keystar BAKING POWDER
1/4 lb CAN 12 C. 1/2 lb 22 C. 1 lb 40 C.
FACTORY RED BANK, N.J.

A WONDERFUL DISCOVERY
OR WASHING CLOTHES Without hard labor or injury to Hands or Fabric. NO ACIDS, NO LYE. FRENCH CHEMICAL WORKS, Indianapolis, Ind.

KELLER'S KOMPOUND
NO RUBBING ON WASHBOARDS. For Washing Flannels and Calicoes. Price, 5c.

RENSSELAER BIGYGLES
GIVE SATISFACTION.
Fitted with Morgan & Wright or Vim Tires. Detachable Sprockets, Wood or Metal Handlebar. GUARANTEED. Don't buy a wheel until you have seen a '97 RENSSELAER. \$75.00.

Best Value Ever Offered. Catalogue Free. **ERWIN MFG CO., Greenbush, N. Y.**

A HORSE WITHOUT A FOOT

IS OF NO VALUE, HENCE THE FEET BEING AN ALL-IMPORTANT PART SHOULD BE TREATED WITH GREAT CARE.

Morrison's English Liniment,

"THE GREAT HOOF GROWER." Saves you the trouble of soaking and packing. Cures Contracted Feet, Corns, Quarter Cracks, Thrush, Navicular Disease, Brittle Feet, Splints, Sprains, Rheumatism. Is an unequalled remedy for affections of Throat or Lungs.

The Best Healer Known.
Is sold at \$1.00 for full weight 16 ounces bottle. 5 ounce, 50 cents.

FAMILY LINIMENT, 25 cents.
Read one testimonial—we have hundreds of 'em.

St. JOHNSBURY, June 8, 1890.
I have used a liniment furnished me by George Morrison of Bath, N. H., on the fore feet of a horse, that was injured by shoeing and pinched, and have found it very beneficial, the most so of anything I have used.

JONATHAN ROSS,
Writer of the above is Chief Justice of the Vermont Supreme Court.

JAMES W. FOSTER CO., Proprietors,
Bath, N. H.

"The well-known makers of Lady Foot's Ointment."

THE ROCHESTER HAY & GRAIN CARRIERS



RIGGED FOR SLINGS OR TWO FORKS

ONE ON EACH PULLEY.

AGENTS WANTED.

Address, **W. G. RICKER,** ROCHESTER, N. Y.

Room 48, MERRILL BLOCK.

Irving W. Durfee, Attorney-at-Law, DETROIT, MICH.

Pure Food

You agree that baking powder is best for raising. Then why not try to get its best results? Just as easy to get all its good—none of its bad, by having it made with digestion-aiding ingredients as in KEYSTAR: greatest raising strength, no bad effects. No use to clog the stomach with what never helps make flesh and blood. KEYSTAR is the one all digestible baking powder. Just right for best baking results; harmless to a delicate digestion. \$4.00 forfeit if made with alum or other bad. Fresh, sweet and pure, all foods raised with it digest so easily that you are quickly surprised with better appetite and health.

Keystar BAKING POWDER
1/4 lb CAN 12 C. 1/2 lb 22 C. 1 lb 40 C.
FACTORY RED BANK, N.J.

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VEEDER CYCLOMETER.

Lightest Water-proof
Smallest Dust-proof
Best



For 26x28 Inch Wheels. May be read from the Saddle.
Weight, one ounce. Guaranteed accurate. Endorsed by the Pope. Size, 1.000 or 10,000 Miles. Nickel, Price \$2; Gold-Plated and engraved, \$3. For sale by all Dealers. Despatch Booklet free. **VEEDER MFG. CO., Hartford, Conn.** Delivered as now be made immediately.

THE MATCHLESS



This machine is the simplest and most efficient device ever invented for

PULLING STUMPS, LIFTING STONES, RAISING UP and MOVING BUILDINGS, and HANDLING ALL KINDS OF HEAVY BODIES.

We warrant these machines superior to others now in use for durability and efficiency. Send for Catalogue and prices. **ST. ALBANS FOUNDRY CO. Mfrs.** ST. ALBANS, Vt.

BURDETT ORGAN CO.
They excel in power, sweetness of tone, variety, elegance and durability. Catalogue and prices sent on application. Manufactured by **BURDETT ORGAN CO.,** Freeport, Ill. Established 1866.

VERONICA THE BEAUTIFIER.

"VERONICA" TOILET POWDER. IS A MOST SANITARY AND DELICIOUS PREPARATION. IT PURIFIES AS WELL AS BEAUTIFIES THE SKIN. Guaranteed perfectly harmless. Used by people of refinement and recommended by all who have tested its merits. PRICE, - 50 Cents. By Mail or at Druggists. (Send 10c. for sample and circular.) **CHEMICAL MFG CO.,** Lakewood, N. Y.

Keystar BAKING POWDER
1/4 lb CAN 12 C. 1/2 lb 22 C. 1 lb 40 C.
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NEWS OF THE WEEK.

LOCAL HAPPENINGS AND PERSONAL MENTION.

What Our Scribe Gathered on the Outside—Other News Items.

Read A. M. Potter's prices on blank books and envelopes.

Rev. Irl R. Hicks is prophesying cyclones for April this year.

The Universalist society realized \$11 from their chicken pie supper Saturday evening.

The Plymouth Whist Club will be entertained at the home of Ed. Cook and wife next Wednesday night.

Wednesday was a woolly day in Plymouth. A large number of sheep were shipped from this station on that day.

John Zahren, brass moulder at the Daisy shop, who has been doctoring for metal poisoning for several weeks, is slowly improving.

Mr. and Mrs. Risley, of St. Johns, are visiting their aunts, Mrs. Julia Hough, and Mrs. Cornelia Blount, and other friends this week.

We are indebted to Charles Holloway for a recent issue of the Elkhart Daily Review. The Review is the oldest daily in northern Indiana.

In one of the loads that attended the Rooke anniversary on Monday there were fourteen persons, the name of every one commencing with G and no name having over five letters in it.

Highest temperature for January, 56 on the 2nd. Lowest 16 below zero on the 25th. Snowfall 11 inches. Snowfall reduced to water makes 1 58-100 inches of water. Temperature fell below zero on five days.

Hiram Murray, for many years a reader of the Detroit Courier, has abandoned that sheet and will hereafter learn what is going on in Plymouth and vicinity through the columns of the Plymouth MAIL. Let the good work go on.

Charles Wilson, conductor on the F. & P. M. local freight was pinched between the bumpers at Monroe Saturday morning. The accident necessitated the train being eight hours late here. It was a narrow escape.—Carleton Gazette.

The Ladies' Aid and B. Y. P. U. are to be congratulated on the success of their birthday social which was held in the Baptist church on Wednesday evening. A large number were present, the program and supper were unusually fine and the societies laid away \$40 for future reference.

The winter bicycle has been introduced into Plymouth. It is simply a short runner, attached to the front forks of the frame, instead of the wheel. Albeit lacks now of perfection, is a runner in place of the hind wheel and some manner of locomotion at a 1:20 gait without exertion on the part of the rider.

J. D. Wildey has some chickens that made an enviable record last month. In the flock there are thirty-five pullets and ten old hens and in January laid 468 eggs, and since Thanksgiving have laid 863. If there is anyone around that can cackle any louder and adhere strictly to the truth, come up and let us know.

A bill against cigarettes that will be severe enough to suit even Governor Pingree will be presented to the legislature. It will make not only the sale of cigarettes illegal, but will provide that anyone using, manufacturing or having cigarettes in his possession shall be guilty of a felony and shall be sent to prison for a year if the judge pleases.

On Friday evening Mr. and Mrs. E. Patton gave a progressive pedro party to about 30 of their friends, on account of which their reputation as entertainers has gone up several degrees. Chy Hoyt and Mrs. Al. Shafer captured first prize, while Harry Robinson and Mrs. George Shafer, after a hard struggle, claimed the consolation prizes. Light refreshments were served.

Surprises are the order of the day. A complete surprise was planned by Tillie and Hattie Peterhans for their father and Uncle George on their 55th birthday. About 30 were present and were very nicely entertained by Ed Whipple and sons, Calvin and Elmer, with music and Arthur Stevens with select readings. After a carefully prepared supper the guests departed wishing the twins many happy returns of their birthday.

Northville has a unique village council at their last meeting a man who had received injuries by falling on a walk and had asked for but \$25 damages, was allowed that amount. The committee reported that the injured man had no legal case against the village, but inasmuch as he asked for such a small sum the committee begged to report in favor of the allowance and an appropriation for the amount was made.—Free Press.

The village of Northville must be in extraordinary good shape financially.

The athletic exhibition given under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A., of Northville, at village hall on Saturday evening, drew out about half a house. We have heard many comments on the entertainment both favorable and unfavorable—favorable from those who had never seen anything of the kind before, and unfavorable from those who had. The only criticism the MAIL has to make is that they didn't extend the usual courtesy to the Press. The management undoubtedly thought we would furnish them complimentary reading notices without even being asked.

AS THEY COME AND GO!

Purely Personal Paragraphs Promiscuously Picked.

George Lutz has the measles. Chauncey Rauch spent Tuesday in Detroit.

E. L. Riggs had business in Detroit Wednesday.

Sam and Carrie Ableson are tussling with measles.

Miss Carrie Steers, of Northville, visited in town Tuesday.

Mrs. J. M. Collier visited in Detroit the first part of the week.

Miss Edna Dean, of Detroit, spent Sunday with Edith Burch.

Aruna Cady lies very ill at his home in the southern part of the town.

"Tip" Weeks visited his parents in Detroit Tuesday and Wednesday.

Edith Burch entertained a small company at cards Saturday evening.

Frank Bell is putting in his spare time working for L. H. Bennett & Son.

Mrs. D. R. Penney, who is now residing in Detroit, was in town this week.

Miss Ethel Robbins, of Salem, visited her uncle, Dan Jolliffe, this week.

Mrs. John Clark, of Saginaw, was the guest of Mrs. J. R. Rauch, Monday.

Mrs. Becker, of Northville, was the guest of Mrs. E. W. Balch, Wednesday.

Mrs. C. W. Valentine returned Wednesday from a six weeks' visit in Grand Rapids.

C. A. Pinckney returned Monday evening from a five weeks' trip east and south.

Walter Riggs and wife returned Wednesday from a visit with friends in Flushing.

Mrs. E. Pelton and daughter were in Detroit Tuesday and Wednesday of this week.

J. W. Jones and family entertained a party of eighteen young people from Ann Arbor last Friday night.

Mrs. Ireland and daughter, Helen, and Miss Dodge, of Ann Arbor, are visiting with Prof. Beddow and wife.

Miss Bertha Wells, formerly stenographer for the Markham Air Rifle Co., was the guest of Mabel Lyndon over Sunday.

Harry Henderson and George Yoxen, of Wayne, were in town Monday renewing acquaintances with their lady friends.

Helen Cooley, who has been engaged as stenographer by the Daisy Manufacturing Co., during the past year, will return to her home in Ohio next week. Forest Smith, of Newburg, will take her place.

Village election will occur three weeks from Monday. Have you thought about it?

Fred Dunn has amputated his connection with J. L. Gale's drug and grocery store and his place has been taken by Fred Shafer.

Union services at the Methodist church Sunday evening. The chorus choir will lead the singing. Everybody invited to attend. Rev. Herbener will preach.

Plymouth factories are not only running full time with their usual force of men but are accommodating a number of men from Northville who are unable to get along on 24 hours work a week.

Keep in mind the masquerade to be given by the Plymouth orchestra on Monday evening, February 22nd, in Penniman Hall. Bill 75 cents, spectators 25 cents. Music by Plymouth society orchestra.

The case of Sheehan & Dunn vs. Plymouth village will be called on Wednesday, the 17th inst. This case has been hanging fire for three or four years and it is hoped it will be brought to trial and settled.

A "Yellow Ribbon Contest" will be held at the Methodist church this Friday evening. A beautiful stand will be given by the W. C. T. U. for the best rendered recitations. A fine program has been arranged. Music by the Plymouth Mandolin Club. Admission 10 cents.

The W. R. C., No. 150, of Plymouth, planned a surprise dinner for Mrs. Ellen Roe on her 54th birthday, and as it occurred on Sunday the ladies were obliged to call upon Mrs. Wilcox to help them carry out their plans, and with her assistance and Jennie Eldred's, it was a complete success. Wednesday morning about 20 ladies with well filled baskets took possession of the house. After a bountiful dinner the guests all voted Mrs. Roe and Mrs. Wilcox royal entertainers.

Huston & Co. are closing out heating stoves at a great reduction this month. If

WANTED—Family sewing at Mrs. Delos Harlows. 14-493.

ROOMS TO RENT—Furnished or unfurnished. J. D. Wildey.

HOUSE TO RENT—On Ann Arbor street. Desirable location. Inquire of Eugene Lombard. 3w*

FOR SALE.

BARGAIN—Modern ten room house, nearly new, centrally located, village Northville. \$2,100 buys it.

CHAS. H. JOHNSON, Northville, Mich.

E. P. Baker will be at his studio in Plymouth every weekday hereafter and will make photos at very reasonable rates for guaranteed work. A special feature is made in baby photos.



A Great Success Is Our "Regardless of Cost Sale," AND A Money Saver To Our Customers.

Overcoats, Suits, Capes, Jackets, Footwear, Dress Goods, Hats, Caps, Underwear,

In fact the Entire Stock is going fast at what it will bring—the cost cuts no figure. Customers coming from all the neighboring towns to secure the bargains.

Lots of Goods Being Sold at Just 1-2 Price.

We are offering great suits and overcoats now at 4, 6 and 8 dollars, worth about double the price. Never have you seen Cloaks so cheap as we are now offering them. About one-half their value.

IN FOOTWEAR We can save you 25 per cent. from other so-called cheap sales.

Remember, We mean just what we advertise—the entire stock at regardless of cost. Take advantage now of this sale and buy all the goods you can.

RIGGS' Plymouth Cash Store.

COME AND SEE ME.

The case of Mrs. Gates vs. Plymouth village for \$10,000 damages caused, as she claimed, by falling on a defective sidewalk, was non-suited in the circuit court Monday.

This was a more satisfactory termination of the affair than the village had anticipated. The case will probably never be taken up again as lawyers are scarce who are willing to spend their time and also their money in pushing a case that has no merit in it and that promises no sure returns. A number of our people believe the Gates woman and her lawyer were simply trying a bluff game and that they never intended that the case should come to trial. The cost to the village will probably be in the neighborhood of \$200.

Ladies' Literary Club.

A meeting of the L. L. C. was held in Safford's Hall on Feb. 5th.

The meeting was called to order by the 2nd Vice Pres., Mrs. John Shaw, with fourteen ladies present.

Mrs. Chaffee was appointed sec. pro tem.

An excellent paper on the "Life of Martin Luther" was read by Mrs. Loomis and was followed by an article on the "Sale of Indulgences" by Mrs. Potter.

Mrs. Roe read a fine paper on the "Reign of Charles V." then came the history lesson made so interesting by the leader, Mrs. Shaw, that the ladies were sorry when the lesson ended.

A discussion of the annual meeting ended in a motion by Mrs. Roe that the meeting pass quietly, without a reception. Seconded by Mrs. Adams. Carried.

Adjourned to meet in two weeks at Mrs. A. M. Potter's.

Republican Caucus.

A caucus of the republican electors of the township of Plymouth, for the purpose of electing four delegates to the County Convention, to be held at Concordia hall in the city of Detroit, on Saturday, February 20, 1897, at 10 a. m., that is to elect delegates to the State Convention to be held in the same city, February 23, 1897, and to transact any other proper business that may come before it, will be held in Village Hall, Plymouth, Thursday, February 18, 1897 at 3:30 p. m.

W. H. HUTTON, J. M. COLLIER, CHAS. COLDRON, Twp. Committee.

Excursion Rates to Washington for the Inauguration.

On account of the Presidential inauguration ceremonies, March 4th, the Ann Arbor R. R. will sell excursion tickets from all stations to Washington and return at one fare for the round trip. Tickets will be sold March 1st, 2nd and 3rd, limited for return to March 8th. (494)

For Sale.

Oat and rye straw and corn stalks at the Fairman barn. (492)

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE.

Services held in Safford's Hall every Sunday morning at 10:30, and every Friday evening at 7:00. All are most cordially invited to attend.

FOR SALE—House and two lots on Kellogg St. Inquire of Eugene Lombard. (491)

Vanderbilt's Teaser.

PLYMOUTH, Mich., Feb. 8, 1897.

EDITOR MAIL:

Although I am known to the public as one whose avowed object in life consists in a strong desire to enjoy the blessings of free railroad transportation from one part of the country to another by means of a peculiarly constructed hammock swung under passenger and freight trains, it becomes me at this time to say that many of the impressions in that direction are as erroneous in their nature as were the illusions concerning the great benefits promised to be brought about by the unfortunate advocates of the free-silver craze.

While I am free to confess that the reasonable railway rates under which I travel from one state to another in search of information and to avoid work have ever been a source of much pleasure to my calloused conscience. There have been times when I was puzzled to know how poor railway companies such as the Vanderbilt and other well-known railway systems could get along and still not have a chance to punch my ticket depending only on an occasional opportunity to get satisfaction by authorizing the conductors to punch my face when discovered quietly sleeping the sleep of the just.

During the recent political campaign I did all I could to place Gov. Pingree in the highest office within the gift of the people of the state of my adoption and wish to see him make an enviable record at Lansing, but I must say that I am opposed to every bill having for its object a two cent maximum mileage rate.

Those who have known me for a long time as well as those who haven't known me so long are aware that for myself I have ever been in favor of free railway transportation, and that being true it will be seen that I have no grounds for talking two-cent legislation.

My visit to Plymouth has been a very pleasant one and I know that I will be glad to come again to renew my acquaintance with the many whom I met since my arrival last Saturday morning, and to again experience that blessing of all blessings alone appreciated by the members of the tramp profession, namely, to have the wrinkles of an india-rubber-like stomach removed so emphatically that the head of a bass-drum would be loose in comparison.

I have traveled much, I have dined and associated myself with men prominently before the American public, yet in justice to myself and to the management of the Hotel Plymouth, I must say that many days have come and gone since I left a dining room feeling that while many people "eat to live," if I were permitted to reside in Plymouth, I would locate permanently at the hotel to which reference is made and live to eat, for then I would be indeed a happy hobo.

In closing I wish to acknowledge my appreciation of the cordial treatment extended by you toward me while a guest at your editorial sanctum and for the opportunity of eating a square meal at your expense and to remain your friend RAILROAD JACK, The Hammock Rider.

For Sale.

Fine farm 103 acres. Located one mile south and half mile east of Northville village. For particulars inquire of or write Mrs. J. D. Peck, Plymouth, Mich. (492-95)

South Salem.

Miss Tuna Packard was home on Sunday. She was accompanied by her friend Miss Friber of Charlotte.

The revival services at the Lapham church still continue with increased interest and good results.

Farmers are putting up ice in large quantities now a days.

Mrs. A. Comstock, of Ypsilanti, called on old friends here Saturday last.

Miss Lillian Bailey Sundayed at home.

Tom Kane has rented the Geo. McCormick place for the coming year.

Marshall Withie and a lady friend, of Detroit, spent Sunday with his parents here.

Mrs. Bert Rich and son, of Detroit, spent last week at Philo Rich's.

Mrs. Geo. Waterman, of Stores, Conn., is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Murray and other friends in Salem.

ASBESTOS BANDAGES.

They Have Come Into Use as Surgical Dressings.

Asbestos has come into use as a surgical dressing. Its softness to the touch and glistening, silky appearance commend it as being unobtrusive to the skin and cleanly, says the Philadelphia Press. But the chief reason for its use is its indestructibility by fire. This quality makes it possible to render asbestos surgical dressings absolutely free from germs. No other form of lint or cloth can be thus sterilized. Antiseptic surgery was introduced a little after the death of President Garfield. The original idea was to kill all the germs and microbes in an operation wound by means of strong disinfecting solutions, such as carbolic acid or bichloride of mercury. All operations were carried on under a spray of antiseptic solutions until the surgeons began to poison themselves by too free use of them. Next the surgeons found that if they boiled all their instruments and dressings they could dispense with the spray and many of the "antiseptic precautions." The ingenuity of instrument-makers and surgeons was exhausted in devising new forms of sterilizers. All hospitals in the city have a great number of devices for sterilizing dressings with superheated steam under a high pressure. Instruments are boiled in various solutions or baked in ovens. The chief material used is purified gauze, which has taken the place of lint. Immense quantities of it are used every day in the large hospitals, for a gauze dressing is never used twice. Asbestos dressings can be used over and over again, for no germs can stand the heating that asbestos can go through, and each time it becomes as good as new and absolutely germ-proof. It will be chiefly used for military surgery. The great problem for army surgeons is how to be perfectly antiseptic or aseptic, which means simply absolutely clean in a surgical sense, with the limited means at their service. A handful of asbestos can be sterilized instantly in a soldier's campfire. Asbestos is made from a mineral substance and consists of fine crystalline elastic fibers. It is quite cheap. A single fiber of asbestos fuses to a white enamel, but in the match it is capable of resisting ordinary flame. The ancients used it to wrap around bodies to preserve the ashes of the dead when on the funeral pile. A workman in an English foundry was accused of witchcraft in the early part of the century for having a pair of stockings which he cleaned in a furnace instead of a laundry.

Canton W. C. T. U.

An art loan will be given by the Canton W. C. T. U. on the afternoons and evenings of Thursday and Friday, February 18 and 19, at the home of Mrs. M. E. Carleton.

A good program has been prepared consisting of recitations, music and singing. Supper will be served. Admission 10c. SUPT. OF PRESS.

In the Frozen North.

A. W. Crawford Lindsay, late surgeon of the steam whaler Hope, in a recent article entitled, "Towards the Frozen North," says: When the first few scattered pieces of ice are sighted, one's feelings are difficult to analyze; delight and astonishment, interest and expectancy, are so jumbled together in one's brain. The Arctic ice, of which we have read so much, is before our eyes at last; the lovely white pieces, cut and hollowed into wonderful shapes, surround us on all sides. Here is one portion shaped like a huge rock surmounted by a castle, the turrets gleaming with opalescent colors, and the crevices and interstices shading off into the most delicate blue the eye has ever seen. With a little imagination, one can make anything out of these pieces—birds, boats, palaces, but, mitres, etc. The deep blue of the sea (the color becomes of an intense blue north of the Arctic Circle), the diamond-spark tints where the sun strikes the glittering masses, the pearly azure shading, making up a spectacle of color which must be seen to be thoroughly appreciated.

Value of Evidence in Turkey.

A few years ago an English traveller in Turkey reported a case of stealing as it was tried in the courts of that country. The Armenian newspapers of that time, commenting upon the case, said that it proved that the testimony of a calf was worth more than that of two Christians. A Turk, conveying a cow belonging to a Christian, succeeded in stealing it. The owner complained of the theft to the nearest judge, bringing a friend to corroborate his story, and he demanded the restoration of his property. The judge declined to believe either the injured man or his friend. On this the injured man said, "I have the calf of this cow at a place very near the court, and if your honor will have the cow brought to the calf and will observe the two together, he will immediately perceive by their affection for each other that the cow must be the mother of the calf, and this will prove that she belongs to me." Accordingly, the judge ordered the cow to be brought to the calf, and went himself to see the two. No sooner had the calf set eyes on the cow than it claimed her as mother. The judge was convinced, and ordered the cow to be given up to the Christian.

A Present for Queen Victoria.

Princess Henry of Prussia, nee Cornwallis-West, has sent an appeal to every English woman married to a German in the German Empire. The princess wishes to collect from her fellow-countrywomen a sum of money to buy a handsome present to give Queen Victoria on the occasion of the conclusion of the sixtieth year of her reign. Hundreds of Englishwomen have responded to the appeal, and the sum collected is likely to be a large one. More Englishwomen are married to Germans than to members of any other foreign nation.

TWEEN THE LAKES.

MICHIGAN NEWS RECORDED IN NEWS FOR MICHIGANDERS.

Wire Broke Out in the North Tamarack Mine at Calumet and Imprisoned Four Miners—City Clerk of Allegan Committed Suicide.

Fire in Tamarack Mine—Four Men In It.

Fire suddenly broke out in the ninth level of No. 4 shaft of the north Tamarack copper mine, at Calumet. At the time there were 200 men at work, all of whom managed to escape except four, who are below the fire. The four are: Peter Limpca, a Finn who has a wife and nine children; Wm. Limpca, his son; Wm. Tomaszowski and his son Antoine. Strong efforts were made to rescue them, and air was forced in the mine by means of a compressor, but it is not thought the imprisoned men can escape. Relatives have given up all hope.

Later—Nearly 36 hours after the fire broke out and when all hope of rescuing the imprisoned men had been abandoned a signal to hoist was given from the sixth level, and a party went down, finding Wm. Limpca near the bell rope, almost exhausted. His father was found back in the drift. The elder Limpca will probably die, but the boy is all right.

Michigan Forests Disappearing.

While it has often been spoken of by the press and by men who have observed the matter, the people of the state have never seemed to realize the fact that our forests are fast disappearing. Labor Commissioner Morse has investigated quite carefully and again calls attention to the matter. He says that the pine is nearly all gone and the forests of oak, ash, maple, basswood, black walnut, etc., are rapidly being destroyed. There is no doubt but that the removal of these forests has had some effect on climatic conditions. The information obtained by Mr. Morse came through township officials. The total figures for the state are: Hardwood, 6,166,977 acres; pine, 775,208; hemlock, 463,166; plains, 5,060,810; swamps, 3,263,667.

Murdered His Grandfather.

James Henderson, colored, was arrested at Pontiac for the alleged murder of his grandfather, John Stevens. Henderson and Joe Stevens, his uncle, were quarreling at the home of the grandfather and the old man attempted to separate them when Henderson struck him a blow that crushed in the front of the upper portion of his face and broke his nose, causing death. John Stevens was 70 years old. He had lived at Pontiac since the war, accumulating a nice property. He was a G. A. R. veteran. Henderson has a wife and four children in Grand Rapids, who left him, fearing violence.

Crooked Accounts Drove Him to Suicide.

Edward J. Wagner, city clerk of Allegan, shot himself in the city council chambers, dying almost instantly. He was short in his accounts about \$3,500 and had spent \$60 belonging to the A. O. U. W. lodge. The marshal had him in charge, but allowed him to go to his home instead of taking him to jail. Wagner was later allowed to go to the city hall to write a letter, and 10 minutes after arriving there he was a corpse.

Two Little Ones Burned to Death.

Secley Wakeley's house, in Grove township, Crawford county, was destroyed by fire and his two children, aged 3 and 4, were burned to death. The father was at work in the woods. The mother had been visiting relatives near by, and upon her return saw the house in flames. She attempted to rush into the house for her children, but was prevented by friends.

Red Hot Cold Storage.

The Kalamazoo cold storage building, owned by A. C. J. B. and F. C. Balch, was destroyed by fire, together with its contents, which included nearly 5,000 barrels of apples, thousands of eggs and large quantities of butter and beer. The fire caught near the top of the building, and the firemen could make no headway fighting it. The loss is about \$25,000; insurance \$11,000.

Michigan Modern Woodmen.

The state camp of Modern Woodmen met at Bay City and after transacting other business elected officers with Eli Reynolds, of Chebanus, as state adviser; M. R. Carrier, of Lansing, clerk, and Emory Townsend, of Saginaw, delegate-at-large.

Gov. Pingree has appointed Horatio J. Goodell, aged 22, of Houghton, as commissioner of mineral statistics.

The Monitor Coal Co., of Bay City, has sent to Ohio for 25 experienced miners to take the place of strikers.

Mrs. Elizabeth Stan, aged 77, an old citizen of Cass county, died from a slight scratch inflicted on her thumb last Christmas.

Andrew Hansen, a section foreman on the Manistee & Luther railroad, was killed while trying to jump on a train near Manistee.

Two children of Paul Rhyer, of Pleasant Valley, fell into an unused well. The elder, aged 6, was drowned, but the younger, aged 5, climbed out.

Wm. Stiers' residence was damaged \$800 by fire at Saginaw and during the blaze Frank Souvey, a fireman, was fatally injured by a falling chimney.

The Michigan Equal Suffrage association is sponsoring the legislature with regard to the advisability of introducing an equal suffrage bill this session.

The Lainsburg Barrel works were destroyed by fire, causing a loss of several thousand dollars with no insurance, and throwing 30 men out of work.

THE TWO PENINSULAS.

Mick Johnson was killed by a train near Gladstone.

Port Huron Odd Fellows have dedicated a new temple.

Iron churches have been closed on account of a diphtheria epidemic.

The Union Life Guards is a new fraternal insurance society established at Alpena.

Jos. Richardson, a young farmer at Long Lake, was instantly killed by a falling tree.

The office of the Arenac Independent at Standish, was partially destroyed by fire, the loss being \$1,700.

Fire destroyed the store and stock of the Star Dry Goods Co., at Eaton Rapids, causing a loss of \$15,000.

Timothy McGraw, of Benton Harbor, was killed by a train at Bangor. He had formerly lived at Bangor and was visiting his old home for the first time in eight years.

The Huron Handle and Lumber Co. has completed a large plant at Alpena and started up with a force of 50 men, but will greatly increase this number in the spring.

Willard Kirkpatrick, preferring death to unrequited love, committed suicide at Munith by taking paris green. He lavished his affections on a widow of 38 years.

C. R. Adgate's large barn in Berlin township, Ionia county, burned, together with 7 horses, 13 head of cattle, 30 sheep, hay and grain. Loss about \$5,000; insurance, \$1,300.

The board of managers of the Soldiers' Home at Grand Rapids has decided to prosecute saloonkeepers who sell liquor to inmates. Many veterans have been getting drunk of late.

Reports have been received of the ravages of an unknown malady which is killing hundreds of sheep in Cass and adjacent counties. In some cases entire flocks have died in a few days.

Chas. Schrank, near Menominee, became frightened nine years ago and lost his voice. One day last week he suddenly regained it, and is now one of the happiest men in the upper peninsula.

Prominent peach experts, such as President R. Morrill, of the state horticultural society says early varieties of peach buds, especially Crawford's, are unquestionably dead, and varieties injured have but few buds.

Anton Admanski, of Krakow, Presque Isle county, shot and fatally wounded his father-in-law, Anton Sezcynski. Admanski has been married only three months and the men quarreled over the bride's dowry.

Gov. Pingree has paroled Billy Conditine, a leader of one of the most notorious gangs of toughs of Detroit, who was convicted of theft after escaping from under a great many arrests and charges of crookedness.

Joseph White, an eccentric character of Hoppertown, near St. Joseph, and better known as "Crazy Joe," was creating a disturbance and Constable Jim Lawyer was called to quiet him down. "Crazy Joe" became violent and the constable shot him dead.

The executive committee of the state grange met at Lansing and decided to work for the passage of the anti-fee law now before the legislature. They also laid plans for a mutual fire insurance company, and for a co-operative department in the grange.

Mrs. Lovina Beckwith, aged 80, a widow of Flint, was found dead on the floor of her miserable hotel, and in her hand was a tin box containing \$1,100 in certificates of deposit on local banks. She also owns considerable property, but lived a miserly life.

The operators of the Norrie, East Norrie and Pabst mines at Ironwood have announced a reduction of 10 per cent in wages and a cessation of operations is not improbable, as the mines in that section have sold but very little ore and their stockpile room is almost filled.

Representative F. C. Chamberlain, of Gogebic, slipped away from his colleagues at Lansing presumably on legislative business, but he fooled 'em and went to Negaunee, where he was married to Miss Etta Bortle. They will be at home at 118 Ionia street west, Lansing, from Feb. 21, until the close of the legislature.

While Peter Neuman was transacting some business at Muskegon he left his son Gustave, aged 15, to hold the horses. A passing street car caused the team to run away. The boy had been standing at the horses' heads and he was caught on the wagon tongue and carried a block, when he fell and was crushed to death.

Mrs. Lovinia Healey, of Bridgeport township, Saginaw county, has been married six times and secured \$13,500 on life insurance policies. Her latest husband, J. J. Healey, is in jail at Saginaw charged with uttering forged insurance papers. The much-married woman claims that Healey has swindled her out of all of her money.

Robert Loomis, a bachelor living alone at Brinton, got drunk and started for home. Soon afterwards his house was discovered to be on fire. Neighbors found that Loomis was inside, but couldn't get him out and his body was burned beyond recognition. He was known to have some money, and it is suspected that he met with foul play.

Geo. Edward Butler, the famous Australian murderer, was captured when the ship Swanhillia arrived at San Francisco. Butler is charged by the Australian police with having murdered 11 men. His plan was to entice men whom he knew to have money into the interior under the pretense of examining mining claims and then murdering them.

Mrs. Letitia Musselman, aged 97, went to bed at Kirkwood, Pa., with her pipe in her mouth. The bedding caught fire and she was burned to death.

DAILY DOINGS OF CONGRESS.

SENATE—37th day.—The conference report on the immigration bill and a consequent discussion, the long-drawn-out Nicaragua canal bill debate, and a resolution by Mr. Chandler occupied the day. The latter declares that "the efforts of the government should be steadily directed to secure and maintain the use of silver as well as gold as standard money with the free coinage of both under a system of bimetallicism to be established through international agreement, with such safeguards of legislation as will insure the parity of value of the metals at a fixed ratio." **HOUSE.**—The diplomatic and consular appropriation bill was passed and the District of Columbia appropriation bill taken up and discussed.

SENATE—38th day.—After a brief parliamentary struggle the friends of the Nicaragua canal bill were unable to hold a quorum and sit out the obstruction to that measure. Mr. Vilas had continued his speech in opposition, this being his third successive day. No other business was attempted. **HOUSE.**—The contested election case of Cornett vs. Swanson, from the Fifth Virginia district, occupied the day and was decided in favor of Swanson.

SENATE.—39th day.—Mr. Morrill endeavored to pass the bill prohibiting the use of intoxicants in the capitol building. This aroused the opposition of Mr. Hill, of New York, who denounced the busy-bodies who inspired the bill. He prolonged the debate until its time had expired and the Nicaragua canal bill was taken up, Mr. Vilas continuing his opposition. The immigration bill was recommitted to conference. **HOUSE.**—The District of Columbia appropriation bill absorbed the time of the session.

SENATE.—40th day.—Richard R. Kenny was admitted to the Delaware seat vacated many months ago by Mr. Higgins, and which has since then been the subject of continuous controversy. This effects no essential change in party strength, but Kenny's title will be attacked later on by the Republicans, on the ground that his credentials, while prima facie correct, came from a legislature fraudulently elected. The Nicaragua canal bill was discussed by Mr. Caffery, of Louisiana, in opposition, and the pension calendar was cleared by the passage of 50 bills. **HOUSE.**—The day was devoted to private pension bills.

SENATE.—41st day.—No business was transacted, but three measures were discussed without taking action—the Pacific railways reorganization, the Nicaragua canal, and the Cameron resolutions for the recognition of Cuba. **HOUSE.**—The District of Columbia appropriation bill was the principal measure under discussion.

SENATE.—42d day.—The senate was in executive session most of the day considering the Anglo-American arbitration treaty. The bill rearranging the judicial districts of Texas was passed over the President's veto by the majority of 57 to 1. **HOUSE.**—The whole day was devoted to District of Columbia business and eight bills of more or less importance were passed.

NEWSY CONDENSATIONS.

The wife of John Cort threw her children into the Yellowstone river, near Big Timber, Mont., and then jumped in after them. All were drowned.

The Northwestern National bank, of Great Falls, Mont., one of the oldest institutions in the state, has suspended, owing to a defalcation on the part of Cashier Benton D. Hatcher of \$180,000.

Senator Merriam, of Van Buren, does not think the Pingree bills for a 2 cent passenger fare on railroads, and for local taxation of railroad property, will pass, but has great hopes for his bill to raise the specific tax on railroad property throughout the state.

A Canton special says Judge Goff, of Maryland, who was slated for a position in McKinley's cabinet, has declined the honor, owing to his wife's health. The question of who shall be the southern representative in the cabinet is now opened again with a dozen prominent candidates.

The United States government is rapidly accumulating a collection of useless war vessels, the latest acquisition being the new monitor Puritan which proved unseaworthy in her dock trial. The battleship Indiana has suddenly returned to Hampton roads and it is reported that she cannot be handled in a blow.

The Detroit pension office has been discontinued by order of President Cleveland, together with nine others in various parts of the country. Secretary of the Interior Francis recommended this move on the ground that it would reduce the cost of disbursing pensions \$150,000 per year. Payments formerly made from Detroit will be made from Indianapolis.

Great Britain and France are at odds over the Egyptian campaign, the latter having refused to allow the funds under control of the mixed European protectorate to be used to defray the expenses of the present expedition against the dervishes up the Nile. Great Britain has advanced the money, but has the support of Germany, Austria and Italy, and France may be forced to back down. Russia says she has no interests involved.

A woman in Otsego, Mich., while sorting rags, found among them a dirty-looking envelope. She opened it and discovered therein \$65 in greenbacks.

A milkman in South Bend, Ind., had diphtheria in his family and several of his patrons took the mslady. It is asserted that the disease was spread by milk tickets.

A mustard pot which does not require the use of a spoon has been invented in Germany. The mustard is supplied through a little spout by pressure on a spring.

TURKS AT IT AGAIN.

ARE BUTCHERING CHRISTIANS ON THE ISLAND OF CRETE.

Christians are Resisting as Best They Can and Have Called Upon Greece for Help—Canea and Several Other Towns Almost Destroyed by Fire.

Hundreds of Christians Murdered.

Adrics received from the island of Crete are to the effect that serious trouble has occurred at Canea as a result of the massacre of 27 Christians in several villages by moslems under protection of Turkish troops. The Christians armed themselves and attacked the troops and fighting continued several days, and it was observed that the Turkish soldiers themselves fired from the ramparts on the heads of the Christians. Several villages were destroyed by fire. Canea itself is in a state of revolt. The commanders of the Italian and French gunboats attempted to stop the fighting and landed detachments of soldiers. The Christians at Halaia sought refuge at the office of the foreign consuls and on board the gunboat. Most of the Christians at Canea and the archives of the consulates have been placed on board the warships. Two thousand Christians have gone aboard the British vessels, while 200 subjects of France went aboard the French cruiser. The total number of victims of the fight is estimated at 300.

Pennsylvania's Capitol Burned.

The Pennsylvania state capitol at Harrisburg, was destroyed by fire and the legislative halls that have served as a meeting place of the Pennsylvania legislature since 1822 are in ashes. The flames within one hour devoured \$1,500,000 worth of property. The house was in session and the senate was about to convene after a few minutes recess when the flames were discovered. During the fire several persons were slightly injured by falling timbers. For a time it looked as though the adjoining department buildings would be destroyed, but a shifting wind saved them. The records of this session were rescued. There was only about \$100,000 insurance on building and contents.

GENERAL NEWS BRIEFS.

South Dakota's senate has voted to prohibit the formation of all trusts and combinations.

Five children, from 8 to 15 years of age, broke through the ice while skating on a pond near Nebraska City, Neb., and all were drowned.

The striking miners at Leadville, Col., have become so desperate that they threaten to burn the town if men are shipped in to take their places.

The New York World asserts that the U. S. government is being robbed by the railroads of \$10,000,000 per year, by notoriously fraudulent overcharges in carrying the mails.

U. S. Consul-General Lee has recommended that President Cleveland demand of Spain the release of Julio Sanguillo, the U. S. citizen sentenced to life imprisonment in Cuba.

The American Spirits Manufacturing Co. (the alcohol trust) is endeavoring to secure the privilege from Uncle Sam of shipping alcohol to the seaboard in tank cars, instead of in barrels, as is now required. They claim they will be able to compete with foreign markets and will consume 20,000,000 more corn per year.

The Cuban filibuster steamer Three Friends has been seized and libeled by U. S. officers. The libel charges piracy, in that a Hotchkiss gun was mounted upon the bow of the steamer and was fired at a Spanish gunboat at the mouth of the San Juan river, while endeavoring to land an expedition. The name of the gunboat is not given.

Hon. Don M. Dickinson, of Detroit, chief counsel of the United States in the Bering sea seal commission, was returning from Victoria, B. C., where international inquiry was made into the extent of damages due to British sealing vessels by United States cutters in Bering sea, when his train was wrecked near Chico, Cal., and Mr. Dickinson was slightly injured.

Secretary Olney and Sir Julian Pauncefote have signed the treaty for the definition of the commission of so much of the boundary line between Alaska and the British possessions as is marked by the one hundred and forty-first meridian. Several senators have announced their opposition to the treaty as it does not settle the main point of dispute, as to what constitutes the shore of Alaska.

Mrs. Cleveland's farewell public reception drew a large crowd, despite a drizzling rain. The White House was artistically decorated with red and white roses and smilax and groups of big palms and garlands of vines. The Marine band furnished the music. Mrs. Cleveland was gowned in violet and white striped moire silk, the bodice of deep cream lace. She wore a bunch of violets, but no jewels. Mrs. Stevenson, wife of the vice-president, and the ladies of the cabinet, were the immediate assistants of the mistress of the White House.

The comparative statement of the government receipts and expenditures shows the total receipts during January to have been \$24,316,994, and the expenditures \$30,269,389. This leaves a deficit for the month of \$5,952,395, and for the seven months of the present fiscal year a deficit of \$43,834,792. The deficit for the same months of last year was \$18,686,377. The receipts for customs during the last month amounted to \$11,276,874, a falling off of over \$5,100,000 as compared with January, 1896. The public debt increased \$14,078,735 during January and now amounts to \$1,007,008,317.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

The appointment by Gov. Pingree of Gen. Wm. Hartsuff to be inspector-general of the Michigan National Guard was turned down by the Senate by a vote of 16 to 14. This appointment of Jabez Caswell, of Bay City, to be state salt inspector, was confirmed. The House bill to allow Alcona county to bond for \$10,000 to pay debts was passed by the Senate. Senator Thompson, of Wayne, presented a very important bill providing for the initiative and referendum in state, county and municipal government. Senator Forsyth would prohibit commercial agencies from quoting a financial statement upon any firm or individual unless the same shall have been secured in writing from the firm or individual. Senator Prescott offered bills providing that all cities must have matrons for police stations, and providing for a woman's reformatory, to be governed by a board of three members. The Senate agreed in the committee of the whole to a bill providing for a constitutional amendment to raise the salary of the attorney-general to \$3,500. A long memorial from the W. C. T. U. of Michigan, asking for a law to prohibit the sale of liquors was presented, and Senator Prescott had it ordered spread upon the journal in spite of the objection of Senators Barnard and Westcott. An important bill was introduced by Senator Hadslar for exemption from levy and sale by virtue of an execution and from seizure for non-payment of taxes, land purchased as a place of residence of purchaser with pension money. Senator Loomis wants \$20,000 appropriated for an executive mansion. Rep. Lusk, of Bay, wants home products used in state institutions. Rep. Gibson offered a bill providing for an appropriation of \$200,000 to pay all old soldiers, sailors and marines who served 90 days in the war between '61 and '65 a bounty of \$100. Other important measures presented to the House: Providing that in cases where the state secures land by non-payment of taxes, the mineral rights shall not be lost to those possessing them, notwithstanding the non-payment of taxes; providing that all notaries public shall keep a record of all their official acts and sign all official acts with their seal; for a \$50 license per year on all sleeping cars, and limiting their charges to \$1 a night and 50 cents per day; providing for a \$6,000 appropriation for an experimental agricultural and horticultural station in the upper peninsula; an amendment to the railroad law fixing the passenger fare at two cents per mile; to amend the criminal law so that any person breaking into a house known to be occupied in the night-time with intent to commit murder, criminal assault or robbery may be sent to prison for life.

Later developments show that the executive session of the Senate when Gen. Hartsuff's appointment was hung up was a hot one and came very near resulting in the abolishing of executive sessions, a resolution to take such action being defeated by only four votes. Two more appointments by Gov. Pingree were referred to the committee on executive business—Thos. F. Marston, of Bay, and A. C. Bird, of Oakland, as members of the board of control of Agricultural college. Senator Loomis would compel railroads to carry bicycles as baggage. Senator Warner has a bill to abolish toll road franchises if the roads are not kept in proper repair. The Senate passed the resolution proposing a constitutional amendment fixing the salary of the attorney-general at \$3,500 and requiring him to reside in Lansing. New bills introduced in the Senate prohibit railroad companies taking up their tracks and abandoning their stations; appropriating \$10,000 for Mackinac Island State park; to prevent the forfeiture of fire insurance policies by the violation of any condition of the policy when such violation has been without prejudice to the insurer. On motion of Senator Wagner a committee of five was appointed to investigate the Detroit house of correction. The colored Representative, J. H. Dickinson, of Wayne, has introduced in the House a bill against lynching and mob violence and provides for that any person injured by a mob may recover from \$500 to \$5,000 damages from the county in which the injuries were received, and that the heirs of a person who has been lynched may recover \$5,000. Other new bills in the House: Providing that all county moneys shall be placed in banks and draw interest on daily balances; providing that in cases where property is assessed unjustly high the realty owner can by court procedure have the assessment and tax against his property invalidated; to reduce the amount of wages exempt from garnishee proceedings from \$25 to \$10 a week; to repeal the provision of the pharmacy law compelling a druggist physician to have an assistant pharmacist; to compel the branding of dynamite as to explosive strength, etc.; to provide that security and deposit companies of \$50,000 capital stock can be organized in cities of 10,000 inhabitants; authorizing the use of any tested voting machine at any election; to permit tuition fees to be charged foreign pupils in the Michigan mining school; providing that all persons discharged from the home for the feeble-minded and all third-termers from penal institutions shall be emancipated. The House passed several bills, the most important providing for the continuance of the reorganization of the records of the adjutant-general's office pertaining to the history of the state's soldiers and sailors; providing for the collection and publication of divorce statistics.

THE MARKETS.

LIVE STOCK.

New York—Cattle—Sheep—Lamb—Hogs
Best grades—\$4 25/3 00 \$4 40 \$3 50 \$5 00
Lower grades—2 25/1 00 3 00 5 00 3 50

Chicago—
Best grades—4 50/3 40 4 00 5 50 3 50
Lower grades—2 75/1 25 2 50 3 75 3 15

Detroit—
Best grades—4 00/3 30 3 75 4 80 3 50
Lower grades—2 00/1 00 2 25 4 25 3 30

Buffalo—
Best grades—3 50/3 25 4 00 5 25 3 65
Lower grades—2 00/1 25 3 00 4 80 3 50

Cincinnati—
Best grades—4 00/3 40 3 75 5 10 3 50
Lower grades—2 00/1 00 2 25 4 30 3 30

Cleveland—
Best grades—4 00/3 20 3 60 5 00 3 50
Lower grades—2 00/1 00 2 00 4 00 3 30

Pittsburg—
Best grades—4 30/4 00 4 25 5 20 3 60
Lower grades—2 25/1 25 2 50 4 00 3 40

GRAIN, ETC.

Wheat—Corn—Oats—
No. 2 red No. 2 mix No. 2 white
No. 3 yellow No. 2 yellow No. 2 white

New York 90 @ 92 28 1/2 @ 29 1/2 21 1/2 @ 22 1/2
Chicago 74 1/2 @ 75 1/2 22 1/2 @ 23 1/2 21 @ 22
*Detroit 87 @ 88 24 1/2 @ 25 1/2 20 @ 21
Toledo 84 @ 85 22 1/2 @ 23 1/2 19 @ 20

Cincinnati 84 @ 85 22 1/2 @ 23 1/2 19 @ 20
Buffalo 87 @ 88 22 1/2 @ 23 1/2 18 @ 19
Cleveland 87 @ 88 21 1/2 @ 22 1/2 17 @ 18
Pittsburg 84 @ 85 22 1/2 @ 23 1/2 18 @ 19

*Detroit—No. 1 Timothy Hay, \$9.50 per ton
Potatoes, 20c per bu. Live Chickens, 84c per lb.
Turkeys, 10c; ducks, 8c. Eggs, strictly fresh, 14c per doz. Butter, fresh dairy, 12c per lb.; creamery, 10c.

Review of Trade.

No important change in business appears, but the number of manufacturing establishments starting this week exceeds the number of those closing the past week. There is an increase in orders for woolen goods, some gain in the silk manufacture, a waiting condition with gain in iron branch, book and shoe and indications of better things coming in the iron and steel manufacture. All symptoms are favorable in the money market. To many it is the most perplexing feature of current events that wheat does not rise much. The condition of the market is not explained by any special information, but current prices show that no great confidence is felt in the estimates of supplies available for the rest of the year. Failures for the past week in the United States were 31, against 20 the corresponding week last year.

Senator Holmes, of Wayne, proposes a bill to allow liquor dealers to secure bondsmen outside of their townships or cities.

The six silver senators have decided to support Gov. Pingree and his measures, and it is probable that the silver representatives will do the same.

LINCOLN THE EMANCIPATOR



LINCOLN AT RICHMOND.

WASHINGTON AND LINCOLN

THE birthday of Abraham Lincoln may never be as widely celebrated as that of Washington, but the memory of the great emancipator will always command as tender and sincere a homage as that of the "Father of his Country." Congress has not yet made the 12th of February a national holiday, but the State of Illinois has done so, and each recurrence of the day will, by formal public observance, serve to recall the example and the lesson furnished by the character and career of the great war president.

Opinions will always differ as to which was the typical American, Washington or Lincoln. Washington was the product of the monarchy under which he was born, and in spirit, as well as in fact, belonged to the aristocracy. Lincoln was a child of the republic, and in the strictest sense a man of the working classes. The one possessing hereditary wealth and the graces of eminent social culture—the other born to the inheritance of hard work, and from the age of seven to seventeen years employed as a simple farm laborer—it would be difficult to find two men of more widely different spheres and characteristics. To illustrate it is possible to think of Washington, at midnight, dancing about his chamber—with long, lean legs protruding from an abbreviated night gown—as Lincoln did when Stanton carried him the news of Gettysburg. Gen. Washington would have arrayed himself in regimentals before receiving the tidings; or he would have said: "Mr. Stanton, I shall be in the president's office to-morrow morning at nine o'clock, if you have any communication to make." Yet as a man of affairs, a practical statesman, charged with the duties of a momentous time, and in all that constitutes the highest elements of character, of personal force, of perception of the thing to be done, and of how and when to do it, Lincoln was the peer of any of the great leaders recorded in history. It will always be the glory of this country that it could offer two such men as Washington and Lincoln, who in monarchical or aristocratic states could never have reached the destiny for which they were created.

Two years ago the venerable Hannibal Hamlin, then "the surviving standard bearer of 1860," journeyed from Bangor to New York, in spite of his eighty-one years, to attend the Lincoln anniversary banquet. When complimented by the toast-master, he replied: "I came here to testify to the worth of Abraham Lincoln, and to say one thing only. We speak of the worth and wisdom of George Washington. We have a day set apart by congress to celebrate the memory of him, the Father of his Country. Why not have a day set apart to celebrate the Savior of his Country? Old as I am in years, shame covers me when I see how disgracefully our senators have deserted their duty. See that the birthday of Abraham Lincoln is made a national holiday!" If the honored guest of that occasion were still living he would rejoice to know that this demand was complied with by the state of Illinois, the last legislature having passed a bill making Feb. 12, Lincoln's birthday, a legal holiday. The occasion was variously honored in Chicago by Grand Army posts and other civic organizations, and the Auditorium was filled by an enthusiastic audience to listen to the glowing periods of Robert G. Ingersoll over the achievements of the great emancipator. But making a day a legal holiday does not seem to compel its observance in the least. All places of business should be shut down the same as on Sunday. All public, private and parochial schools should be closed. Shops and factories should be closed and employes thereof should not be "docked" for loss of time by reason of a national holiday. In fact, the only thing in the way of making Washington's birthday and Lincoln's birthday

legal holidays in the full sense of the word is the spirit of greed that exists in business men, who only become patriotic when it suits their best financial interests. If we are to have real holidays in which the true spirit of patriotism finds full play, the plain people will have to take some sort of initiative.

Lincoln's Chance for a Shave.

John J. Janney, who was a personal friend to Lincoln, called on the president one day in behalf of the reinstatement of Captain James, of the army, who had been refused further hearing by Secretary Stanton. About 100 persons were admitted to the executive private office at the same time. Mr. Janney remained till the last. He writes as follows of this visit to Mr. Lincoln:

Finally they all left but two, a young woman and myself. She beckoned me forward, and I saw she wanted the last chance at the president. I shook my head and she went forward. Upon being addressed, instead of replying she produced a tablet and pencil and commenced a conversation with the president in writing, proving to be a mute. She occupied more than half an hour, and when she left I arose and went forward and was met with: "Why, Mr. Janney, have you been waiting here all this time? Why didn't you make yourself known sooner?" My reply was that I had waited for the purpose of hearing and seeing him try all those cases, and said it had been the most interesting hour of my life. He replied that it was sometimes tiresome to him, and frequently very trying, for he had to refuse appeals which it would give him pleasure to grant if justice would allow it. That girl, he said, had no business that brought her here, but she will live happier because she has met the president; and it is better at times to let a woman have her way, and so let her talk. He said he had heard everybody that wished to be heard, and usually heard all they had to say.

He asked me if there was anything he could do for me, to which I replied there was, and commenced a statement of the case of Captain James, omitting the name to see if he would remember the case. Before I had proceeded far, he said to me: "Why, that is Captain James' case, isn't it?" I replied it was. He said he had ordered him reinstated, and finally asked me to go over to the war department to see how the case stood, and let him know the next morning. I left the room, but after closing the door opened it again without knocking, for which I apologized, and found that the president had thrown his head back in his chair, and his barber, who had evidently been watching his opportunity, had spread a towel over his breast, in order to shave him. I said



LINCOLN'S SNAP SHAVE.

I had forgotten to ask him at what hour I should call. "Call at 9 o'clock. I'll be here." I went to the war department, and upon inquiry was told they did not understand the president; as having ordered Captain James reinstated, that they thought the case had been referred to Assistant Secretary Watson, but upon inquiry, it was found, as I suspected, that Mr. Stanton had pigeon-holed it, so that his decision should not be interfered with.

Next morning I went to the White House and took a seat in the anteroom with a newspaper, in a position that would enable me to see the president when he came up the stairs. In a few minutes the president came up the stairs; and as he turned to go to his own room he looked over his shoulder and saw me, with "Come in, Mr. Jan-

ney." At that somewhat familiar salutation all eyes were turned on me with wonder as to who I was that the president addressed so familiarly.

When I reported what I had learned at the war department he took his pen and wrote an order reinstating Captain James and handed it to me and said to me to take that over to the department and see if they would understand it.

Lincoln's Kindness to a Little Girl.

Many an act of kindness has been left undone because it carried with it a seeming loss of dignity, says an exchange. The following letter of a lady of Springfield, Ill., published in McClure's Magazine, shows the self-forgetfulness and kindness of the great men we delight to honor. The incident took place after Mr. Lincoln had been to congress. We might query how many representatives of 250,000 men would forget themselves enough to do the same thing.

"The very children," the lady writes, "knew him for there was not one of them for whom he had not done some kind deed. My first impression of Mr. Lincoln was made by one of his kind deeds. I was going with a little friend for my first trip alone on the railroad cars. It was an epoch of my life. I had planned for it and dreamed of it for weeks.

"The day came, but as the hour of the train approached the hackman, through some neglect, failed to call for my trunk. As the minutes went on I realized, in a panic of grief, that I should miss the train. I was standing by the gate, my hat and gloves on, sobbing as if my heart would break, when Mr. Lincoln came by.

"Why, what's the matter?" he asked. And I poured out all my story.

"How big's the trunk? There is still time if it isn't too big," and he pushed through the gate and up to the door.

"My mother and I took him up to my room, where my little old-fashioned trunk stood, locked and tied. 'Oh, oh!' he cried. 'Wipe your eyes and come on quick.'

"And before I knew what he was going to do he had shouldered the trunk, was downstairs and striding out of the yard. Down the street he went as fast as his long legs would carry him, I trotting behind drying my tears as I went. We reached the



DOWN THE STREET HE WENT.

station in time. Mr. Lincoln put me on the train, kissed me good-by and told me to have a good time. It was just like him."

Lincoln and His Callers.

I recollect as perhaps the most interesting hour of my life one spent with President Lincoln in his office on one of his reception days. Captain James, quartermaster at Fortress Monroe, had been dismissed by Mr. Stanton, secretary of war, for a technical violation of the regulations. Stanton refused to hear any explanation in defense and the president was appealed to. I asked if I could be of any service in Washington, and upon an affirmative answer I went at once. I tried two days to get an audience, but found cabinet meetings or members of congress occupying all the time. By the third day the anteroom had become full of people waiting to see the president, men, women and boys, white and colored. I had by this time made the acquaintance of the doorkeeper, who said to me that he thought if I would wait a few minutes the whole crowd would be admitted, for that was the custom of the president whenever a crowd like that was there. If there was no cabinet meeting nor anything of that kind. In a few minutes the door opened and the crowd poured in, men, women and boys. I did not count them, but there were surely 100. As soon as I entered the room I cast my eyes over it and saw a seat, which if I could reach, would enable me to see and hear all that took place. I secured the coveted seat and saw and heard Mr. Lincoln decide their cases. The president patiently heard all they had to say and his good nature, kindness and wisdom were so manifest that all could but admire the unerring judgment and humanity with which they were all dismissed.

Lincoln to a Brave Boy.

A young lad presented himself before Lincoln in the famous Blue Room in July, 1863. "Well, my lad, what do you wish?" He wanted to go to West Point. "How old are you?" On his answer the president said, laying his hand on the lad's shoulder, "Oh, they won't receive you at West Point. You are not old enough." The boy's countenance showed great disappointment. Mr. Lincoln asked him where he lived and what he was doing. He gave his residence and said he was fier in a certain regiment. "How long have you been with the regiment?" "Ever since the war commenced." The president said, grasping the boy's hand, "go back to your regiment and do your duty, as I know you will, and when you are old enough come back here and I will send you to West Point." That seemed to add several inches to the lad's height, and he left with a proud step.

SOME SIVALENTINE DAY SKETCHES



RETRIBUTION.



A ST. VALENTINE'S DAY REVERIE.

ROMANCE OF A VALENTINE.

It was the fourteenth day of February and the lovely Estelle was sitting in her luxurious boudoir when a package was handed her which she opened and exclaimed with innocent delight:

"How exquisite this wreath of hand-painted roses—delicately tinted, as all tea-roses should be. And this little pocket! What can it contain? A ring, a ring! Amazing. And written on it this motto: 'Think of me.' There are no Cupids, with bows and arrows, and lines, rhyming with love and dove, charms and alarms, rain and pain, etc.—but a neat blank verse expressing regard and admiration, and conveying no hint of the donor or other information than that he was one unknown to her, who for the joys of art and travel, which had always ruled his life, would soon be far away on the other side of the blue waves.

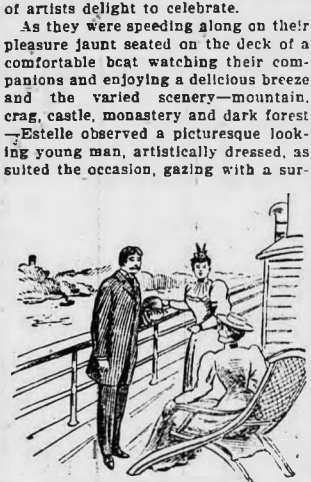
Estelle took the ring from its hiding place and slipped it on her finger, curious to know if it fitted, then her maiden modesty suggested that she ought not to accept and wear a gift from an unknown giver—and she withdrew it quickly from her finger and determined to return it. But now the question arose: to whom? where?

After reasoning with her conscience she again put it on her finger. It fitted nicely and produced a mysterious presentiment of coming bliss, and a sensation about her heart which she had never known before painted her cheek with the lovely color of the tea roses on her valentine, and she said emphatically, "He shall be my ideal; I can construct him as I like—I shall make him as handsome as Apollo and as gifted; and who can chide me if I become a hero worshiper?" And he only asks that I think of him.

Her soliloquy and state of curiosity were interrupted by a friend and comrade of the art school, Mrs. Bird, a widow lady of wealth and an enthusiast about art, like herself, whose errand was to propose a journey together to the cradle of art. Estelle was only too glad to accompany her and accepted without hesitation. A feeling she could not account for prevented her from showing her valentine or speaking until long afterward of the little talisman that now seemed almost like a betrothal ring. The congenial friends made their trip a series of delights—and would have regretted reaching their destination so soon if they had not been just in time for one of those annual fetes which the American club of artists delight to celebrate.

As they were speeding along on their pleasure jaunt seated on the deck of a comfortable boat watching their companions and enjoying a delicious breeze and the varied scenery—mountain, crag, castle, monastery and dark forest—Estelle observed a picturesque looking young man, artistically dressed, as suited the occasion, gazing with a sur-

prised and earnest look at herself. His rich brown hair and glowing eyes of the same color reminded her of her ideal, the beautiful hero whom her imagination had created, and she felt the finger circled by the mysterious ring give a little throb in unison with her heart beat. At this moment to her surprise her friend Mrs. Bird gave him a smile and nod of recognition and before she had time to recover from her confusion of mind, Mrs. Bird requested permission to introduce her artist



"HER ARTIST FRIEND."

friend, Henry St. Leger, and she very soon found herself absorbed in conversation with the most attractive man she had ever met.

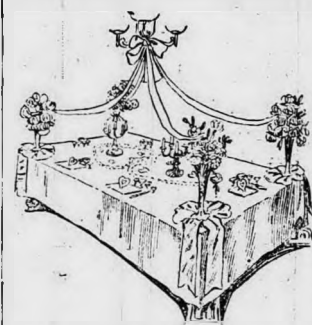
But it was long after this, on another St. Valentine day, when the artist friends homeward bound, sat gazing down into the dark blue waves—that she laughingly gave an account of her first valentine and the little circlet of gold, which she observed, but did not know why, attracted his attention and excited his curiosity, that he ventured to tell of his long years' study and self-denial, whilst at the same time he had followed and worshipped a star which he thought too far above him to be obtained, but which he now, by the aid of St. Valentine, hoped would ever more be his guiding spirit. E.

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The New York Herald offered a prize of \$25 for the best design in table decorations for a St. Valentine dinner of six. A large number of drawings were submitted, and the prize was awarded to the design herewith presented.

The table is seven feet by four and a half. The cloth is white satin damask and the center-piece a diamond shaped,



THE DINNER TABLE.

plate glass mirror, eighteen inches long by fourteen wide. Hearts fit about this outlined as solidly as possible in red carnations. Within the hearts stand five branched silver candelabra, with red candle-shades. Three small heart-shaped cut glass dishes filled with heart-shaped chocolates, peppermints and wintergreens, and one with salted almonds, are placed near the candelabra.

At the corners of the table are flat looped bows of satin ribbon, five inches wide, with long ends reaching to the bottom of the table cloth. On each bow is placed a slender cut glass vase, eighteen inches high, with twelve American Beauty roses arranged carelessly. The ribbon should match the roses. From the chandelier four ribbon streamers, four inches wide, of the same shade, are suspended and fastened on to a rose in each vase. In the center a carrier dove is hung, with a small white envelope attached to its neck by a silver cord.

At each cover are four forks, four spoons, two knives and five glasses, for water, champagne, claret, sherry and cordial. On the napkin is placed a white linen picture frame, heart-shaped and embroidered with solid red hearts, outlined in gold. In them may be inserted either the dinner cards or a suitable valentine verse, but who knows if there might not one day be slipped into some of these pretty favors the presentment of that very face which maidens long to dream of on St. Valentine's Eve?

To secure the vases to the table, a simple device may be employed. Sew a piece of kid the size of the standard of the vase, in the center of each bow, then sew each in turn firmly to the tablecloth, and underneath, to the same place, sew a piece of tape in the middle, leaving the ends to tie to the legs of the table or tuck underneath. Mix plaster of paris with water to the consistency of cream, moisten the kid with water and spread a thin layer of the plaster over it. If the vase is placed thereon and held firmly till the plaster sets, no unpleasant disaster like overturning it need be dreaded.

Overexertion on the football field caused the death of Joseph Kapp of Brooklyn, N. Y.

70,000,000

People know Hood's Sarsaparilla is the best medicine ever produced, because it cures when all others fail. Seventy millions of people have an abiding confidence in the curative power of

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The best in fact the One True Blood Purifier Hood's Pills are tasteless, mild, effective. All druggists, etc.

"Is this a free translation?" asked the girl in the book store. "No, miss," replied the clerk. "It costs 30 cents."

Aunt Rachel's Horehound and Elicampagne Combined with Speer's Grape Juice and Rock Candy for Public Speakers and Singers is being prescribed by many prominent physicians, which is a guarantee of its purity and its efficiency in curing pulmonary complaints. It is used in preference to Cod Liver Oil, and in many cases the sagacious results are quicker and more permanent. For sale by druggists. Price 25 cents and 75 cents.

"By the way, what is Maude's husband worth?" "I hear that her father gave \$300,000 for him."

Family wines that rival the world in excellence are from Speer's Fiascino, V. Vineyards. The Claret, vintage 1881, the Burgundy and Port are very old superior wines. The Port is especially for invalids. The Climax Brandy is very superior.

Do all you can find to do for the Lord at home, and you will soon believe in foreign missions.

A GRAND TRIUMPH.

Baffled Many Times but Success Comes at Last.

(From the Grand Rapids Press.)

The following incident would be hard to believe if it had not occurred right here in Grand Rapids, and investigation by our representative has placed it beyond the reach of doubt. These are the facts in detail: Mr. J. H. White of No. 25 Halfway Place, has been an instructor in penmanship in different business colleges for the past fourteen years. He says: "Last October I was suddenly taken ill. I consulted a physician, who said the pain was from 'gravel' stones; gradually grew worse; the pain was in my back and side. My back swelled up in a great ridge, and I finally grew so bad that I was taken to bed, as helpless as a child. I passed blood, and when the pain was at its worst I was like one crazy. The doctor injected morphine to give me relief, but further than that he said he was powerless, and nothing would do me any good but a surgical operation. I believe my flesh was literally cooked in the attempts to relieve my agony, everything was ailed, mustard plasters, turpentine, hot cloths and all such things. I was in this condition, given up by the doctor, and almost out of my mind with suffering. I commenced taking Don's Kidney Pills, and really I felt easier in 20 minutes. After about two hours I had a passage of urine, and passed blood and some 'gravel' stones which greatly relieved me. I rapidly improved. I took in all six boxes, and I feel to-day entirely well. Mine has been a wonderful case. I feel that I cannot say anything strong enough for Don's Kidney Pills. My great wish is that they may become well known. They will prove a boon to mankind.

For sale by all dealers, price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Millburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name, Don's, and take no other.

Cripple Creek's Output.

The total output of the Cripple Creek district from 1892 to 1895, inclusive, was \$13,700,000. It is expected that this year's output will reach 10,000,000, making a total of \$23,700,000. It is claimed that of this year's output \$3,500,000 will be net profit to the owners.

The Apparel Question.

Little girl: "Do children keep on growing after they get to heaven, mamma?" Mamma: "Yes, I suppose so." "Then where do they get their clothes?"—New York World.

YOUNG GIRLS.

Their Conduct and Health Often Mystifies Their Mothers.

Young girls often feel and consequently act, very strangely. They shed tears without apparent cause, are restless, nervous, and at times almost hysterical. They seem self-



absorbed, and heedless of things going on around them. Sometimes they complain of pain in lower parts of body, flushes of heat in head, cold feet, etc.

Young girls are not free from incipient womb troubles.

Mothers should see to it that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is promptly taken; and druggists have it. The girl will speedily be "herself again," and a probable danger be averted. Any information on this subject, or regarding all female ailments, will be cheerfully given free by Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. Write her.

The ignorance that is bliss is the ignorance of the man who thinks he knows it all.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY. Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All Druggists refund the money if it fails to cure you.

"She is always running people down." "A gossip, eh?" "No, a scorcher."

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup, Throat Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

HOW TO FIND OUT

Fill a bottle or common glass with urine and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment indicates a diseased condition of the kidneys. When urine stains linen it is positive evidence of kidney trouble. Too frequent desire to urinate or pain in the back, is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.

What to do.

There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed, that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy fulfills every wish in relieving pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passages. It corrects inability to hold urine and scalding pain in passing it, on had effect following use of liquor wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to get up many times during the night to urinate. The mild and extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists price fifty cents and one dollar. For a sample bottle and pamphlet, both sent free by mail, mention TIME, MAIL and send your full post-office address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. The proprietors of this paper guarantee the genuineness of this offer. (541)

CORRESPONDENCE.

Livonia.

Mr. and Mrs. John Base spent last Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Rosso, of Elm.

Miss Ada Creger, of Detroit, spent a few days with her aunt, Mrs. Stringer.

No school at the center this week owing to the illness of the teacher, Miss Williams, of Plymouth.

Miss Eva Smith is again under the doctor's care. Dr. Oliver, of Plymouth, is attending her now.

The Ladies' Aid Society held last Thursday at John Wilcox's was largely attended. Asa Shaw, of Elm, drawing the quilt. The next meeting will be at Mrs. John Vrooman's the first Thursday in March. All are invited.

Newburg.

Miss Bessie Rutter is on the sick list. The scarlet fever patients are slowly improving.

Choir practice at Jas. LeVan's next Saturday evening.

Chas. Ryder finished filling his ice house this week.

Frank Millard is on the sick list. His residence is 139-14th St.

Jas. LeVan is at present recuperating from the effects of a big bad boil.

The E. L. will hold a literary meeting at the home of Mrs. C. E. Ryder on Friday evening, Feb. 19. Subject, "An Evening with the Mothers." All are invited to attend.

UNCLE RASTUS.

Redford.

Frank Feerington visited friends in Novi, last week.

Mr. and Mrs. M. F. Fisher and children of Wayne, visited at the home of his brother, A. H. Fisher, last week.

Master George Norris celebrated his thirteenth birthday on Saturday evening by entertaining a company of about thirty of his young friends with music, refreshments and games.

Mr. and Mrs. O. J. Smith and Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Ziegler attended the funeral of their relative, Mr. Lasier, of Detroit, on Friday of last week. Mr. Lasier expected to leave for Florida soon to join his family there.

The DuBoisville Ladies' Aid Society met at Mrs. J. T. Ranous' on Thursday of last week when about forty-five were present and a very pleasant and profitable day was spent. The Society has given \$25 toward the M. E. minister's salary.

Mr. Fred Goers, of Livonia, will bring his saw-mill to begin work on the old Lee farm next week. He has a large amount of work to do for the neighbors in that locality. Mr. Duncan has left the Lee farm and a German occupies his place.

The Redford Literary and Social Club met at S. E. DuBois' on Saturday evening of last week. A program consisting of quotations from Longfellow, debate, recitations and singing was pleasantly carried out. Society accepted an invitation to meet with Mr. D. E. Forker in two weeks.

Muscular Rheumatism Promptly Relieved

Mr. J. K. Holton, a well known fur dealer, of Oxford, Pa., says he sometimes suffers with muscular rheumatism, and while having one of the most painful attacks, he called in W. T. J. Brown's drug store, and Mr. Brown advised him to try Chamberlain's Pain Balm, he did so, and it gave him immediate relief. Pain Balm is also recommended for rheumatism by Mr. E. W. Wheeler, of Luther Mills, Pa., who has used it and found it to be an excellent remedy. If troubled with rheumatism give it a trial. It is certain to relieve the pain as soon as applied, and its continued use will effect a cure. For sale at 25 and 50 cents per bottle by Dr. J. G. Meiler.

W. O. T. U.

Extract from the speech of Rev. Augustus Chapin, the first woman D. D.

"Whatever has been done for woman suffrage in the west had its origin largely in New England, and with men and women born in New England who have gone west. I have not done much work for suffrage myself, but I believe in it, heart and soul. Not long ago, while abroad, I attended a meeting of the Scottish Woman Suffrage Association. They were evidently far ahead of us. They are used to voting for everything except members of Parliament. I was struck by the fact that there were as many men on the platform as women, and prominent men—university professors, and other persons of note; and the very generous and brotherly way in which they treated the women was pleasant to see—all simple and matter of fact, without any patronizing manner.

One lovely young woman, a daughter of the duke of Argyle, with hair such as Titian loved to paint, spoke for suffrage most clearly and vigorously, and in a very pleasant and modest way. Mrs. Charlotte Perkins Stetson, a descendant of Lyman Beecher, also spoke at this meeting and in an oratorical sense I think she carried off the palm.

We have reason to rejoice in the great progress of our cause on the other side of the ocean.

Suffrage for woman is a fact in Idaho. The Amendment carried.

Idaho is nearly as large as New York and Pennsylvania put together. With the progress of fifty years what will it become? Its plains are dotted with thousands of little orchards. Ten years ago that land was pronounced worthless. It is now known to hold richer possibilities of fruit growing than California itself. You will hear marvelous news of progress there during the next ten years; and the women of all that vast region are guaranteed equal political rights forever. The remonstrant and the doubter may still say, "If women vote, so and so will happen." We answer, We do not have to say, "I don't think it will." "It does not." Woman suffrage is an established fact.

SCRIPT. OF FRANCHISE.

Aliens and the Ballot.

The number of states in which aliens are permitted to vote at elections after having simply declared their intention of becoming citizens has been diminished by one. At a recent election the voters of Minnesota approved a constitutional amendment which repeals the provision conditioning the vote of persons of foreign birth upon a declaration of intention. Hereafter no alien can vote in that state who has not been a resident of the United States for at least five years, and admitted to full citizenship at least three months prior to the election. It is estimated that more than one hundred thousand voters in Minnesota have never been fully naturalized.

She Knew.

The examiner wished to get the children to express moral reprobation of lazy people and he led up to it by asking them who were the persons who got all they could and did nothing in return. For some time there was silence, but at last a little girl, who had obviously reasoned out the answer inductively from her own home experience, exclaimed, with a great deal of confidence: "Please, sir, it's the baby!" —Tit-Bits.

No Fit Companion.

"Johnny," called his mother, "stop using that bad language." "Why," replied the boy, "Shakespeare said just what I did." "Well," replied the mother, growing infuriated, "you should stop going with him; he's no fit companion for you." —Tit-Bits.

A Needed Reform.

With only seven dissenting votes, the House of Representatives passed a bill prohibiting the sale of liquor in the national Capitol.

A Reminder of Army Life.

Mr. Lou Smith, editor of the Commercial, Meyersdale, Pa., says: "A chronic diarrhoea that returns at frequent intervals, as a reminder of army life, has been more effectually controlled by Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy than any other I have ever used. It possesses true merit." For sale by Dr. J. G. Meiler.

Do You Like to Read Good Novels?

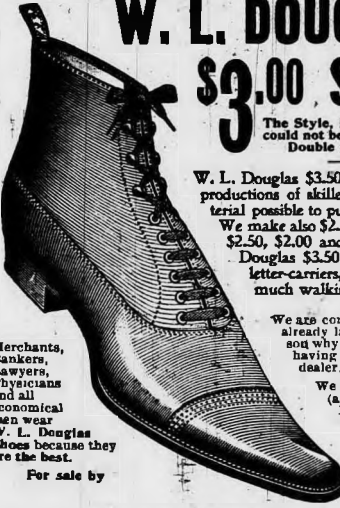
Enough For all the Winter Evenings **ALMOST FREE.**

TOWN TOPICS, will send, on receipt of this ad., and FIFTEEN cents in stamps, any one of the following prize novels (TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY-SIX pages, regular price FIFTY CENTS); for FIFTY cents any FOUR; for ONE DOLLAR any TEN; for ONE DOLLAR AND A HALF the whole library of SIXTEEN volumes.

- 6—THE SALE OF A SOUL. By C. M. S. McMillan.
- 7—THE COUSIN OF THE KING. By A. S. Van Western.
- 8—SIX MONTHS IN HADES. By Clarice I. Clifton.
- 9—THE BRIBES OF CHANCE. By Captain Alfred Thompson.
- 10—AN IRONY KENT. By Charles Stokes Wayne.
- 11—AN ECLIPSE OF VIRTUE. By Champion Hewitt.
- 12—UNSPEAKABLE SIREN. By John Gilliat.
- 13—THAT DREADFUL WOMAN. By Harold H. Brown.
- 14—A DEAL IN DENVER. By Gilman McKendree.
- 15—WHY SAYS GLADYS. By David Christie.
- 16—A VERY REMARKABLE GIRL. By L. H. Beckford.
- 17—A MARRIAGE FOR HATE. By Harold H. Brown.
- 18—OUT OF THE SULPHUR. By T. C. De Leon.
- 19—THE WING MAN. By Champion Hewitt.
- 20—THE HUNT FOR HAPPINESS. By Anita Wynne.
- 21—A STRANGE EXPERIMENT. By Harold H. Brown.

Indices by the numbers the novels you want.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3.00 SHOE



The Style, Fit and Wear could not be improved for Double the Price.

W. L. Douglas \$3.50, \$4.00 and \$5.00 Shoes are the productions of skilled workmen, from the best material possible to put into shoes sold at these prices. We make also \$2.50 and \$2.25 shoes for men, and \$2.50, \$2.00 and \$1.75 for boys, and the W. L. Douglas \$3.50 Police shoe, very suitable for letter-carriers, policemen and others having much walking to do.

We are constantly adding new styles to our already large variety, and there is no reason why you cannot be suited, so insist on having W. L. Douglas Shoes from your dealer.

We use only the best Calf, Russia Calf (all colors), French Patent Calf, French Enamel, Vici Kid, etc., graded to correspond with prices of the shoes.

If dealer cannot supply you, write W. L. DOUGLAS, Brookline, Mass. CATALOGUE FREE.

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Proprietor.

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Best \$2 a Day House In the County
Outside of Detroit.

Every room is nicely furnished
and comfortable.

Guests receive the best of attention.

Your Patronage Solicited.

RIDE? WELL! YES.

Nearly everyone rides; and to ride with ease use a pedal that's right.

ROCHESTER PEDALS ARE RIGHT

and every pair is guaranteed. Two styles, Barrel Hub Small Barrel Pedals.

Manufactured by **THE ROCHESTER PEDAL CO., Rochester, N. Y.**



FIRE FIRE FIRE.

The Plymouth Star Laundry is on earth again and running in full blast. We have reconstructed our building and will now be able to do work with neatness and dispatch. With our new machinery we are able to be prompt with our deliveries and a share of your patronage is solicited.

Satisfaction Guaranteed on All Work.

B. H. REA & CO., Propr's.

P. S.—To be able to do business, we work on cash basis.

We have just received our stock of

WOOLEN GOODS

For the coming

SPRING AND SUMMER,


From the J. H. L. Woolen House, Chicago, and solicit your inspection of same. Thanking you for past favors,

We remain, Yours truly,

J. TESSMAN & SON,
Merchant Tailors.

To Do Business

Look like it! Dress like a man who has business to do and does it. Only tailor-made clothes have a business appearance, and our made-to-order suits and overcoats are recognized as models of correctness in attire. Our fits are always perfect. With an assortment of woollens embracing everything desirable for this season, our patrons enjoy advantages in the choice of fabrics not offered elsewhere in town. Although we rank first, our prices are moderate.



ADOLPH BOYER,
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Artistic Tailor, Northville, Mich.

10 Doz

Writing Tablets. 240 pages fine wedding stock to be closed out at 6c.

50 Charts full size, 7x8 1/2, 192 pages fine quality paper will be fired out at 6c.

Papeterie from 10c to 75c, 1 off, special offer for Saturday, Feb. 13.

120 sheets good writing paper 16c. Look at it—goes for 10c, Saturday, Feb. 13.


Envelopes 8c and 10c regular—5c on Saturday, Feb. 13.

The Potter News and Subscription Agency,

17 Sutton-st., Plymouth, Mich.

Clocks

The largest assortment of new ideas in American Clocks ever shown in this City is now being displayed. The prices are adapted to all and are as low as consistent with the quality of the movements.



C. G. DRAPER, Sutton Street

Watch, Clock and Jewelry Repairing a specialty.

Blankets! Blankets

From 80c to 7.50.

76x80 5lb. Jumbo	\$1.00
80x84 6lb. Jumbo	1.25
86x90 7lb. Jumbo	1.50
76x80 5lb. All Wool	\$4.50
84x90 7lb. All Wool	\$5.00 to \$7.50
All Wool Lap Robes from	2.00 to 7.25
Plush Robes from	2.50 to 9.00
Fur Robes from	5.00 to 12.00

F. E. LAMPHERE,
Manufacturer and Dealer in **HARNESSES.**

Experience proves the merit of Hood's Sarsaparilla. It cures all forms of blood diseases, tones the stomach, builds up the nerves.