

IN TWO PENINSULAS.

NEWS OF THE HAPPENINGS IN MICHIGAN.

St. Ignace Celebrates in Honor of Father Marquette Who was Buried There—Michigan Crop Report for August—Prison Parole System Recommended.

2,300 Soldiers at Camp Devlin.

The Michigan National Guard was greeted by heavy rain when they went into camp at Island Lake. The camp was christened Camp Devlin in honor of the late quartermaster-general. There were 2,300 boys in blue in camp when the first day's work had been finished, including the Nineteenth Infantry of the U. S. Army from Ft. Wayne, Detroit. Brigadier-General Hawley was in personal command and gave the boys 18 hours work daily. Several of the boys were arrested for various offences and a court martial was necessary to enforce discipline. Wm. Bowman, of the Fourth regiment, was dishonorably discharged and drummed out of camp for drunkenness and insubordination. Patrick Cunningham and Henry J. Hastings, also of the Fourth, were fined their camp pay for deserting their posts while on guard duty. The arrival of Roy Rich, as commander-in-chief, was made the occasion of considerable display, and the old 10-pound howitzer which served in the famous Loomis battery during the war, was brought out to fire a salute of 19 guns. At the seventeenth gun a premature discharge occurred and Chas. McCullough, Frank Kelly and Ira Lent, all of Co. E, First regiment, received injuries which caused the loss of a finger to each.

In Honor of Father Marquette.

Father Marquette, the famous Jesuit missionary whose name is so closely woven into the history of Michigan, was honored by a splendid celebration at St. Ignace. The purpose of the event was to raise funds for the erection of a monument to the missionary of long ago whose remains reposed at St. Ignace for more than two centuries. The celebration opened with a parade in which were hundreds of Indians in costume. They gave a waltz dance after the march. The city fire department and civic organizations and four brass bands also participated. The formal exercises were held in a big tent on the bluff and were opened by Mayor Connors. Rev. Father J. E. Keul, of St. Ignace, told of the discovery of Marquette's remains in 1877 in the buried ruins of the ancient Jesuit mission church. Fr. Rich, Hon. T. A. E. Weadock and Hon. W. M. Springer delivered addresses and Fr. Chehal spoke to the Indians assembled. About \$2,000 was raised toward a monument.

"Hold Your Head up and Look Natural."

The Photographers' Association of America held four days' convention at the Museum of Art at Detroit. There were 400 members from the various points of the compass. On the first day the photographers did little business. President Schneider, of Columbus, O., read the annual address. The report of J. Ed. Roeche, of St. Louis, the treasurer, was read by Secretary C. M. Hayes, of Detroit. It showed the receipts last year were \$1,747.50, and the expenditures \$3,795. President Schneider's speech was brief, complimentary and encouraging. The salon exhibits comprised some of the finest specimens of the photographers' art ever shown in this country and contained several hundred very fine photographs of all classes of subjects.

Parole System Adopted by Prison Board.

The state prison boards in session at Mackinac Island adopted the parole system authorized by the legislature last winter. The rules provide that the governor may release convicts on parole upon the recommendation of the board which shall be guided by the warden's report. No convict shall be paroled until half his sentence expires and may not leave the state until the full time of sentenced is passed. He shall be deemed in the legal custody of the governor and by him may be ordered back to prison. In event of his refusing to obey he shall be considered an escaped convict. While on parole he shall be subject to prison rules and save or forfeit "good time" the same as if actually in confinement.

New Prohibition Committee.

At the meeting of the Prohibition state central committee at Jackson a resolution was adopted praising Chairman Fanning. Later Mr. Fanning presented his resignation to take effect when his back salary had been paid. Then the committee reconsidered its complimentary resolution and adopted another declaring the office of chairman vacant. A new executive committee was elected: Chairman, John Gilberson, Clair; vice chairman, Dr. H. A. Reynolds, Pontiac; secretary, W. C. Shephard, Grand Rapids; treasurer, C. K. Perrine, Jackson; members, Dr. Paul T. Butler, Alamo; Brent Harding, Bay City, and D. W. Grandon, Adrian.

Nelson Addis, a wealthy farmer near Williamston, was arrested on a charge of illegal parentage, preferred by a Mrs. Wilson, of Grand Rapids. Suit was commenced against Addis a few months ago by the woman's husband for alienating his wife's affections, claiming damages to the amount of \$10,000. Addis settled and Wilson soon after obtained a divorce from her husband, and Mrs. Addis died soon after. Addis has one child, a daughter, aged about 13 years.

The fourth annual convention of the Michigan conference branch Young Peoples' association of the Evangelical Alliance (German) was held at Detroit. There were 67 delegates in attendance, representing 2,000 members, the size of the conference being similar to those of the Epworth League.

The Copper Falls mine at Calumet, resumed work with 35 men, which force will be materially increased in the near future, as it is probable that the Arnold and Copper Falls mines will be consolidated and strongly worked. This is the first idle mine to resume since the improvement in copper.

Crop Report for August.

The Michigan crop report for the current month contains the following: Wheat is estimated to yield in the southern counties 10.33; in the central 12.14, and in the northern 11.43 bu. per acre. One year ago the estimates were for the southern counties 15.57; for the central counties 15.05, and for the northern counties 15.46, the average for the state being 15.47 bu. per acre. The reports as to quality vary greatly. The number of bushels of wheat reported marketed in July is 437,804, as compared with 847,972 in July, 1894, and the amount marketed in the twelve months, August-July, is 15,146,378 bushels, as compared with 15,146,378 bushels in the same months last year. Oats are estimated to yield 25 in the southern counties, 23 in the central, and 17 in the northern, the average for the state being 21 bu. per acre. The average condition of corn is 79 per cent, comparison being with vitality and growth of average years, and potatoes in the state are estimated to yield 70 per cent of an average crop. The estimated yield of hay per acre is only three-tenths of the yield in average years, and the condition of meadows and pastures is but 31 per cent of condition in average years. Clover sowed this year is nearly an entire failure, the estimates showing condition but 13 per cent of an average. Apples promise scarcely more than one-fourth of an average.

MICHIGAN HAPPENINGS.

Frank Jacobs, aged 8, was drowned while bathing at St. Joseph.

Huckleberries and blackberries are a total failure about Schoolcraft.

Mackinac Island has been formally transferred to the state of Michigan.

Tommy Offord, aged 12, living near Hart, was drowned in Pentwater river.

Joshua Bettis, a pioneer farmer, was fatally injured by a runaway team at Carsonville.

Detroit officials entertained 107 representatives of the official family of Columbus, O.

During a storm at Hart, lightning struck the M. E. church doing considerable damage.

Children played with matches near the barn of Chas. Boutwell, near Mt. Morris. Loss, \$2,000.

Lightning struck J. C. Jensen's barn near Greenville, and burned it with contents. Loss, \$1,500.

A. G. R. & I. train was derailed near Edgerton and 14 loaded freight cars demolished. No one injured.

A stepladder fell upon the only child, a three-year-old boy, of Gustave Balke, at Owosso, killing him instantly.

Andrew Corcoran and George Curtis were fined at Perry for catching fish with nets in Looking Glass river.

Willie Ganss, aged 12, was drowned at Saginaw by falling from a log on which he was playing in the river.

Calvin T. Beebe, aged 84, one of the oldest men connected with the state prison at Jackson, died of apoplexy.

J. W. Underhill, of Flushing, was arrested charged with improper intercourse with his 16-year-old daughter.

A bountiful rain fell at Kalamazoo in time to save the celery crop. The growers had begun to feel pretty blue.

August Staele, who visited St. Joseph on an excursion from South Bend, Ind., was drowned while bathing in the lake.

John O'Hara was kicked in the temple by a horse at Minden City. His skull was smashed, and the brain oozed out.

Chas. Harter was instantly killed by being struck by pieces of a bursting emery wheel at Postwick's factory at Millington.

N. Perkins was in the undertaking business at Clayton 51 years and has buried over 2,000 persons. He has just retired from business.

Mrs. Geo. T. Hoynton attempted to suicide by jumping into Black river at Port Huron. She was rescued by the bridge tender. Sickens.

Mrs. Richards and Pat McDonald, both of Traverse City, were severely injured by the overturning of a coach on the G. R. & I. railroad.

Battle Creek has dropped out of the state base ball league and Jackson parties have purchased the Findlay, O., team and will fill the gap.

Chas. Faust and John Johnson were caught in a cave in the Chapin mine, Iron Mountain. Faust was killed and Johnson seriously hurt.

The Brunk Shirt Co., of Albany, N. Y., signed a contract with Warden Chamberlain, of Jackson prison, to employ 200 convicts to make shirts.

Owing to a drop in salt, from 55 to 45 cents a barrel, Thompson Bros., of St. Clair have suspended salt manufacturing operations for the time being.

Henry Doberton, night operator of the G. R. & I. railroad at Sturgis, was held up in the office and \$21 of the company's money taken by a masked robber.

A 12-year-old son of O. W. Riley at Greenville, got caught between a wagon box and a beam at the Ranney refrigerator sawmill and his skull was crushed.

John Young, of Grand Traverse county, is wanted at Vicksburg for an assault on an old man, in which the latter had his skull fractured and five ribs broken.

A farmer's institute society has been organized at Coldwater, under the law of 1895, with Hon. L. M. Marsh as president, and A. J. Aldrich as secretary and treasurer.

While learning to ride a bicycle L. E. Rosenfield, of Detroit, slightly hurt his ankle, blood poisoning followed and his leg was amputated, but he died despite all the care.

Chas. Hemming's planing mill was destroyed by fire at Sebawaing. It had not been run for three years and it is thought that enemies of Mr. Hemming started the blaze.

John McDonough, Will Barnes, Asa Benson and Frank Ludwig, of South Haven, were jailed on charge of alleged illegal liquor selling, the result of a raid by Sheriff Lamberson and deputies on two "blind tigers."

HERE AND THERE.

The little village of Unadilla has had many mysterious fires, and the fire bug has again started at work. John Webb's barn and its contents went up in smoke. Loss, \$1,200.

The secret service gives warning of the discovery of a new counterfeit \$5 national bank note, series of 1882, on the First National bank of Flint. The printing of the bill is badly blurred.

The joint session of the prison boards at Mackinac Island reported 300 idle convicts at Jackson, 150 at Ionia and 100 at Marquette. It was the sense of the session that the contract labor system was the best.

Men were put at work clearing up at the Arnold mine at Houghton, preparatory to resuming work on a large scale. The mine will be unwatered and strongly worked as soon as it can be put in shape.

Isphing held a firemen's tournament for the upper peninsula. Visiting departments were present from Michigan, Negaunee, Republic, Lanz, Ironwood, Marquette, Hancock and Red Jacket.

Dingens Brandt, aged 60, while handling wheat from a stack to the threshing at Zealand slipped and fell into the machine. Both legs were taken off, one above and the other close to the knee.

Michael Kreig, a laborer at Detroit, was fatally shot by his son-in-law Wm. Haas. The latter was enraged because his wife refused to live with him, on account of his abuse, and had returned to her father's house.

Simon and Edward Kasteed tried to protect two girls from a burly Negro, Wm. Rose, at Kalamazoo. Rose pounced upon them with a knife and both were so badly cut about the arms and body that they will be disabled for life.

The forest fires which have been raging in Beaver Island since July 1 have not done any particular damage to the farmers, but destroyed valuable timber owned by Chicago parties. The hay crop on the island has been a failure, but other crops are looking fair.

R. E. Wigent, while bathing off Forest beach at Paw Paw struck on his head in shallow water and failed to come up. His wife, who had been watching him from the bank, called help and he was pulled out dead. It is thought apoplexy and not drowning caused his death.

Mabe Gray, the keeper of a questionable resort at Portland, was shot by Mrs. N. Pline. The revolver shot pierced her right shoulder, but the wound is not serious. Mrs. Pline was recently divorced from her husband and supposed her husband was at the Gray house. No arrests.

The peach crop about South Haven is the largest it has been in the history of the oldest fruit-grower. It is estimated that the crop will be 2,000,000 baskets, larger than has ever been harvested before. In many instances the trees are breaking down from the weight of the fruit.

The Port Huron-Lexington railroad may yet be a success, although the bonds couldn't be sold. The workmen, who have \$8,000 due them, made a proposition to wait six months for the money provided the work can be resumed and all labor paid every week in the future. It is claimed that \$25,000 of the \$35,000 necessary to complete the road has been raised.

Miss Fannie Hunt, an esteemed young lady near Stockbridge, was on a 20-foot ladder picking cherries when hogs knocked it from under her and she fell unconscious. An intelligent dog with her seemed to realize her position and made his master understand that something had happened and thus medical aid was summoned in time to save her life.

Lightning burned Brandt's building at Durand occupied by C. E. Glover and Mrs. M. H. Glover, with stocks of groceries, lumps and shoes and millinery goods. Glover's family lived in the upper part of the building and were badly dazed and it was with difficulty that they escaped. Nothing was saved but the seat garments they had on. The loss was \$5,000.

T. A. Carter, dry goods dealer of Ionia, missed gloves and other articles from his stock and made up his mind that they had been taken by Mrs. John Norton. He got a search warrant and succeeded in finding part of the missing goods. Mrs. Norton is over 60 years of age, in good circumstances and an old and respected resident and the news has created a sensation.

A man visited Elsie a few days ago inquiring for a daughter of John Paulding. Paulding disappeared 27 years ago and his daughter was raised by the family of Wesley Curtis and is now Mrs. Minnie Van Deusen, of Mc Bain, Mich. The stranger said Paulding had left \$70,000 in property in New York City for his daughter. Many believe the stranger was Paulding himself.

The report of Warden Chamberlain on the Jackson prison for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1895, has just been presented to the joint board of control of the state penal institutions. Total earnings, \$125,828.76; disbursements, \$137,003.53; average number of convicts, 813; earnings on contract work, \$7,183.43; total cost of food \$24,866.24; hospital expenses, not including salary of physician, \$549.57; fuel, lights and water, \$10,992.03.

Annie Kerr was arrested at Muskegon by Deputy U. S. Marshal O'Donnell, charged with using the U. S. mails fraudulently. In answer to a matrimonial advertisement she wrote to W. J. Lucas, at Red Lodge, Mont., stating that if he would send her \$20 for expenses she would go to him and become his wife. She got the money, but did not go, and Lucas made complaint. It is said that Lucas was not the first "sucker" she had caught.

The American archeological institute has just awarded two of the four fellowships under its control for study in the American college at Athens and Rome to recent graduates of the University of Michigan. The lucky men are Herbert P. Decoa, of Detroit, and Walter Dennison, of Ann Arbor. This is quite a distinction for our university as the award is made only after careful and exhaustive examination by a committee of disinterested persons.

The eighteenth annual encampment of the veteran soldiers and sailors of Macomb and St. Clair counties will be held at Marine City, August 20 and 21.

HERE AND THERE.

Missionaries in China Continue to be in Great Danger of Their Lives from Fanatical Rioters—Cuban Insurgents Form a Republic.

American Missionaries Slaughtered.

Dispatches from Foo Chow, China, say: A mob has looted the American Zion chapel at Inghok, 50 miles from here. Unless prompt action is taken there is danger of great riots in other places. The Chinese soldiers sent to protect foreign property plundered the Stewart residence and the general situation is critical. There is no American protection and that government's neglect is infamous.

Hong Kong: The British and American missions at Fat Shan, near Canton, were attacked by a large mob and the hospitals were demolished. The missionaries fled for their lives. It is rumored that other missions will be destroyed.

London: Archdeacon Wolfe cables from Foo Chow saying that the Chinese soldiers sent to protect the mission at Ku Cheng broke into and plundered it. He adds that no reliance can be placed upon the Chinese authorities. It is known that the authorities knew of the intention of the so-called vegetarians to destroy the missions and kill Christians, but they did nothing to prevent the massacres, and did even warn the Christians.

More Missionaries May be Massacred.

Dispatches from Foo Chow and Hong Kong say that the situation of European and American missionaries is critical owing to the open hostilities of the natives and native officials. If an outbreak occurs, the native officials will be unable to cope with the mob. Fu-Kien province is said to be in a state of rebellion and the mission of Fu-Fuk, in that province, has been burned. The missionaries have telegraphed for gunboats to protect the foreign settlement. The massacre at Ku Cheng was carried out in the most diabolical manner and it was evidently a premeditated and carefully arranged attack, entirely unprovoked, made upon the occupants of the missionary station while they were asleep. There are rumors of further riots at places nearer to Foo Chow than Ku Cheng. This district includes the stations of the Church of England at Zeana, the American Methodists' stations at Fuh-hien, Fuhning, Jayong, Ningtaik, Hockchiang and Huighwa.

More News of the Murders.

Foo Chow, China: Baby Stewart, the eleventh victim of the massacre of missionaries by Chinese at Hwasang is dead. One of the murderers of the Stewarts has been caught and confessed that the vegetarians cut off the hands and head of Mrs. Stewart, who was frenzied and fought till hacked to pieces. Foo Chow is cut off from Peking. The Chinese say the telegraph lines are blocked north of Yangtze river. The American warship Detroit is coming.

Washington: A telegram received at the navy department announces that Commander Newell has sailed with the U. S. cruiser Detroit from Shanghai to Che-Foo. This latter port is further from the scene of the riots than Shanghai, and the navy officials take this as indicating that the United States authorities in China do not fear further outbreaks.

Cubans Form a Republic.

Reports from the rebel headquarters in Bari, Cuba, confirm the rumored foundation of a provisional government in the valley of the Yara. Gen. Bartolome Maso, nominated by the general-in-chief, Maximo Gomez, was proclaimed as president. The cabinet is yet unannounced, though Antonio Maceo, it is said, has received an offer of the portfolio of war. It is understood that Dr. Catillo may be sent to Washington to attempt to secure recognition and belligerent rights for the provisional government. Admiral Mello, of Brazil, volunteers his services to organize a naval squadron to run the Spanish blockade. The organization of the Cuban forces there is now perfected, and is composed of 15 regiments of infantry and six of cavalry, of this number, however, only about 50 per cent are well armed. In Camaguey and Las Vegas, Gomez reports 7,000 men as under arms.

Supreme Court Justice Jackson Dead.

Hon. Howell Edmunds Jackson, associate justice of the supreme court of the United States, died at his residence at West Meade, six miles west of Nashville, Tenn., at the age of 63, of consumption. Judge Jackson had been in failing health for the past four years. The strain of the hearing of the income tax cases is believed to have hastened his death. Judge Jackson was a Democrat, but was appointed to the supreme court bench by President Harrison in 1893.

Quiet in Spring Valley.

The trouble over the race riots at mining town of Spring Valley, Ill., seems to be about over. A mass meeting was held by the miners and resolutions were adopted guaranteeing protection to all hands. The resolutions did not meet with much favor from a great many of those present, however. Manager Dalzell, of the mines, says that he will open the mines and give all hands work. If the Negroes apply they will be put to work at once.

The governments of Nicaragua and Costa Rica have notified citizenship agents that the prohibition against the landing of priests and nuns has been removed, and free entry is accorded to all, except Chinamen.

San Antonio Ezeta, an exile from San Salvador who is now in California, issued a proclamation to his countrymen saying that he will soon return to lead a revolt against the government. He says the army is discontented and will welcome him back as their leader.

The bridge across Paint creek, on the Ohio Southern railway near Bainbridge, O., gave way under a loaded freight train. The bridge, engine and ten loaded cars all went into the creek, taking with them Engineer Clint Badolffe, Fireman Howser and brakeman Thomas Byers, who were buried under the wreck. The water is 15 feet deep.

UNITED STATES HOSTILITY TOWARD BARAH

Honolulu advices contain a copy of a letter sent by U. S. Minister Willis to the Hawaiian government, demanding that reparations be made James Durel, an alleged American citizen, of Negro and Indian blood, who was arrested last January charged with treason. In refutation of the demand the Hawaiian government will prove that Durel aided the queen; that he furthered the conspiracy to reseat the queen, and that his demand of \$25,000 is exorbitant. Hawaii is viewing this action of Minister Willis with serious apprehension. They fear that it indicates active hostility toward them on the part of the American administration, and that it is designed to encourage and lead the way to a series of similar demands from Great Britain and perhaps other powers, which would be ruinous to Hawaii to comply with.

An Extra Session of Congress, Maybe.

Washington: There is considerable talk of congress, or at least the senate, being convened in extra session before the regular meeting in December, for the purpose of acting upon a nomination for justice of supreme court, so that a fall bench may assemble at the October session, which is deemed a matter of considerable public interest in view of important cases pending before that court. If both houses shall be convened, it will be because of the necessity for providing immediate relief to the treasury by raising additional revenue. Other raids upon the treasury gold reserve are confidently predicted, and the belief prevails that the syndicate may not be able, or disposed longer to protect it, in which event another bond issue will become inevitable.

Murderer Holmes Has a Rivet.

The mystery surrounding the death of Miss Lizzie Knapp, at Wellsboro, Pa., was partially cleared up by the arrest of Lottie Dutton, alias Howell, on a charge of murder. There are two other mysterious deaths which occurred in the Howell family which will probably be charged to Miss Dutton. Soon after her appearance at the Howell residence Howell's wife died under peculiar circumstances. Not long after a young son died with symptoms of poisoning and it is alleged that they were both poisoned by the Dutton woman. She now feigns insanity.

Forty Lives Lost—Two Vessels Sank.

The British ship Prince Oscar, from Liverpool, Captn. Henderson, collided in mid-ocean with an unknown sailing vessel. Both ships sank in less than ten minutes. Six members of the crew of the Prince Oscar, and all on board the unknown vessel, which doubtless had a crew of 35 men, were lost. The survivors, 17 in number, were rescued by the ship D. Harwar, after being confined in an open boat, with neither food nor water, for three days.

Big Fire in Philadelphia.

A fire which did damage amounting to between \$50,000 and \$100,000, started in the big five-story building occupied by Brown & Bailey, as a paper box manufactory at Philadelphia, and before the flames had been gotten under control the big gas fixture establishment of Luck & Co., adjoining and a dozen dwellings which surrounded the two factories were laid in ashes. Several firemen were injured, but none fatally.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Italy is crowding Brazil for a settlement of the claims of Italians resident in that country.

The Missouri Democratic convention committed itself to the free coinage of silver at a ratio of 16 to 1.

In a head-on collision between an express and a freight train near Plymouth, N. H., three trainmen were killed.

Peace has been concluded between the government of Brazil and the insurgents of the province of Rio Grande do Sul.

Toledo shippers and merchants are becoming alarmed over the presence of a large number of troublesome shoals in the harbor.

Advices from Moosh say that the Turkish authorities are placing obstacles in the way of the distribution of further relief by the Armenian committee.

An eight-story building in course of construction collapsed in New York City, carrying a number of workmen down in the ruins. Five are dead, and several severely injured.

It is reported that the United States government claims that Spain should pay interest on the Mora indemnity. It is understood that the Spanish government has decided to refuse this demand.

While Mrs. Minnie Poul was walking along the W. & L. E. tracks at Toledo carrying a two-year-old babe in her arm, she was struck by an incoming passenger train and both were instantly killed, being thrown against a loaded freight car.

Mrs. Nancy Barnum, of Bridgeport, Ct., the rich widow of P. T. Barnum, was married to Demetrius Callias Bey, of Constantinople, a titled Greek, holding high rank in the Turkish government. Mrs. Barnum was the second wife of the showman. She was born at Southampton, Lancashire, Eng., 45 years ago.

Over 35 head of cattle were killed by lightning in a most remarkable way in this county, Kan. A herd of 800 were being moved to another pasture and for a part of the distance were driven through a narrow lane hedged in by a wire fence. While in this narrow passage a thunderstorm overtook them and a bolt of lightning descended and struck a fence post, felling the wire for 200 yards. Every head of cattle that was crowded against the wire was killed.

Six men had a desperate battle in a box car between Erie, Pa., and Ashtabula, O. Three steamers, named H. G. Eastlick, Bert Spencer, and John Meinhart, boarded the train at Erie. As a water tank three tramps entered the car, drew revolvers and asked the men to hand over what money they had. Smith had a revolver and shoved it. In an instant a battle was in progress. Eastlick was shot through the groin. Smith received a wound in the neck and one of the tramps had a bullet through his neck. All three will die.

A storm did \$10,000 damage to ore dock property at Ashtabula, O.

UNION VETERANS' UNION.

Old Soldier's Meet at Lima, O. Have a Good Time and Elect Officers.

The tenth national encampment of the Union Veterans' union and the Woman's Veteran's Relief union was held at Lima, O. Commander-in-Chief Oaks' annual address showed that 32 new unions had been added during the year, Kentucky and South Carolina being in the list. Over 1,100 recruits were received, while the loss by death or expulsion amounted to 700. Officers elected were Gen. L. F. Ellis, of Lima, commander-in-chief; Gen. Sheet, of Washington, D. C., first deputy; Gen. C. Henson, of Maine, second deputy; Col. Miller, of Pennsylvania, surgeon-general; Rev. Silas J. Robbins, Rochester, N. Y., chaplain. The Women's Veteran's Relief union have elected Mrs. Hortense White, of Fremont, president; Mrs. Lorinda Smith, Lima, senior vice; Mrs. Bernard, of Maine, junior vice; Mrs. Lillie Thomas, of Washington, D. C., conductress; Mrs. Mary J. Wright Howe, Michigan, chaplain.

Prospects of a Bloody Race War.

Two colored women, refugees from Spring Valley, Ill., from whence they were driven by the Italian miners, have reached Chicago and the reports they give of the treatment of the colored people at that place have inflamed the Negroes to the highest pitch. Over 500 excited Negroes in a mass meeting at Chicago passed resolutions demanding that Gov. Altgeld protect the colored people at Spring Valley, and asserting their determination to leave for that place with arms should the governor refuse to take action. The men were excited and the speeches were violent and determined. The sentiment so alarmed the Italian consuls that they held a conference with Mayor Swift and Chief of Police Blatchford and it was decided to prevent the colored men from assembling an armed mob in Chicago.

Women Riot at Shantytown.

A riot broke out in Shantytown, Wis., the land which is claimed by the Menominee River Lumber Co. and over 200 squatters. The lumber company built a fence and 30 or 40 women attacked it with axes, tore it down and then threw the fragments into Green Bay. When another crew attempted to rebuild the fence the women chased them away with clubs, and John Lumber, the foreman, was seriously hurt. Alice Corry, superintendent of the company, attempted to start the fence building again and the women threw hot water on him. The men have decided to help the women fight it out, and they now stand with sleeves rolled up ready to drive the first man off who trespasses on their alleged rights.

German Emperor Visits England.

Emperor William, of Germany, on a visit to England stopped at Cowes for a time and later went to Lord Londdale's seat, Lowther Castle. Lord Londdale met him at Clifton station, accompanied by a body of hunters in scarlet coats drawn up on the platform. The country people from far and near came to witness the emperor's arrival. The party drove a mile in open carriages to Lowther Castle. Emperor William is to make a tour of the English lakes.

Mrs. Annie Gardner, the Nebraska delegate to the C. E. convention at Boston who so strangely disappeared and whose husband received letters saying she was dead, has been discovered at Norwich, Ct. She says she does not want to return to her home.

THE MARKETS.

LIVE STOCK.

New York—Cattle, Sheep, Lambs, Hogs. Best grades, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; 3 1/2 to 4 1/2; 4 1/2 to 5 1/2; 5 1/2 to 6 1/2.

Chicago—Best grades, 5 00 to 5 50; 5 50 to 6 00; 6 00 to 6 50; 6 50 to 7 00.

Buffalo—Best grades, 4 90 to 5 30; 5 30 to 5 70; 5 70 to 6 10; 6 10 to 6 50.

Detroit—Best grades, 4 00 to 4 25; 4 25 to 4 50; 4 50 to 5 00; 5 00 to 5 25.

Cincinnati—Best grades, 4 00 to 4 25; 4 25 to 4 50; 4 50 to 5 00; 5 00 to 5 25.

Cleveland—Best grades, 4 25 to 4 50; 4 50 to 5 00; 5 00 to 5 25; 5 25 to 5 50.

Pittsburgh—Best grades, 4 00 to 4 25; 4 25 to 4 50; 4 50 to 5 00; 5 00 to 5 25.

GRAIN, ETC.

Wheat, No. 1 red, No. 2 red, No. 3 red, No. 4 red, No. 5 red, No. 6 red, No. 7 red, No. 8 red, No. 9 red, No. 10 red.

New York 72 62 1/2; Chicago 67 1/2; Detroit 75 1/2; Total 72 1/2; Cincinnati 60 1/2; Cleveland 72 1/2; Pittsburgh 72 1/2.

Detroit—Hay, No. 1 Timothy, \$18.10; No. 2

CORNER OF ODDITIES.

QUEER AND CURIOUS TALES OF RECENT HAPPENINGS.

"There Are Two Kinds of People"—A Queer Lizard—A Lizard Finds a Friend—A Curious Find—Saved by a Girl's Heroism.

HERE are two kinds of people on earth to-day—Just two kinds of people, no more, I say.

Not the sinner and saint, for 'tis well understood The good are half bad, and the bad are half good.

Not the rich and the poor, for to count a man's wealth You must first know the state of his conscience and health.

Not the humble and proud, for in life's little span Who puts on vain airs is not counted a man.

Not the happy and sad, for the swift flying years Bring each man his laughter, and each man his tears.

No; the two kinds of people on earth I mean Are the people who lift and the people who lean.

Wherever you go, you will find the earth's masses Are always divided in just these two classes.

And, oddly enough, you will find, too, I ween, There is only one litter to twenty who lean.

In which class are you? Are you easing the load Of overtaxed lifters who toll down the road?

Or are you a leener, who lets others bear Your portion of labor, and worry, and care?

—Ella Wheeler Wilcox in Harper's Weekly.

A Curious Find.

An Atlanta paper publishes the following: Mr. W. A. Blair, of 349 West Peters street, has in his possession what he thinks is the jawbone of a human skull, which was found in the center of a Carroll County tree several months ago. The specimen is in a block of red oak wood about four inches thick, which was taken from the center of a tree two feet in diameter. Another block of wood is the part which was taken from over the bone, the prints of the teeth being plainly visible on it. The tree in which the strange bone and teeth were found was supposed to be about 80 years old, and was on the property of V. B. and P. H. Hesterly, in Carroll County. The bone was found by W. F. Turner while splitting the tree into boards, and he makes affidavit that it was four inches from the bark of the tree and four inches from the center, the tree being a little over two feet in diameter. The only explanation Mr. Blair thinks that can be offered of the strange find is that a man was murdered and his body fastened to the tree by a wedge being driven through the skull into the tree. In support of that theory there is what looks like a wedge running slantingly through the block containing the bone.

Queer Legacy.

In order that his daughter may become enlightened on the beauties of filial obedience, Richard L. Edwards, who died recently at the Pennsylvania hospital in Philadelphia, devised to her the sum of \$5 with which to purchase a treatise on the fifth commandment. The will provides that: "Whereas, my wife, Mary F. Edwards, having left my home now over four years without any just cause or provocation, and by an instrument in writing, dated April 1, 1880, duly acknowledged and approved, relieves me of all claims she may have had at that time on any real or personal estate held by me or that I may hereafter acquire, all the right of ownership or otherwise, and by a paper signed by her released me from all claim for her support during her life, and having received from me the sum of \$500, with other suitable considerations, I do not feel that I am under any obligations to treat her otherwise than an utter stranger.

"And as I justly consider my daughter, Mary Elizabeth Edwards, was the main cause of her leaving me, and to mark my detestation of her most unbecoming conduct, I will and bequeath to her the sum of \$5 to purchase a treatise on the fourth commandment."

A Lizard Finds a Friend.

It is with great pleasure that I record the following incident. It shows that there remains in some hearts a tender compassion for the lower order of creation: A lizard, imported in a bunch of bananas from Cuba, fell into the street from a vendor's wagon. Hundreds of persons passed by with a glance at the "curious creature, and some women were frightened at the sight of it. A battered wreck of what once might have been a splendid man, stooped to pick it up, and was warned by the crowd not to touch it.

"What are ye afraid of?" he asked scornfully, taking the reptile in his arms. "I know what I am doing." He went to a barroom near by and caught a few flies, which the lizard greedily devoured. Then, putting it in his pocket, he went to the office of the New York and Cuba Mail Steamship Company.

"Have you a vessel sailing within a day or two?" he asked of the agent.

"The Yucatan sails to-morrow, sir," the agent replied.

The old wreck hunted up the first officer of the Yucatan.

"Will you do me a favor?" he said. "I need to travel a great deal by your line, and have never asked a favor before. I do it now. It is only a slight thing, and won't trouble you at all."

"What is it? I would like to oblige you if I can."

FROM SIRE TO SON.

GREAT GENIUS IN THE EDISON FAMILY.

Samuel Edison, Father of the Great Inventor, Was a Giant in His Day—The Grandfather Lived to the Age of One Hundred and Four.

Touched by this strange appeal, the first officer replied: "I'll do it with pleasure. I'll see that he has the best state room on the ship, and is fed on flies every day. And I'll take him ashore at Havana in my own hands and turn him loose where he will be in no danger of being hurt. I'll do it for humanity's sake, but it is the strangest thing I ever did in my life."

The battered old wreck of a man thanked him, then, with a "Goodby, little chap," he headed for the nearest bar-room for a drink.

Whitcaps Still at Work.

Quite a sensation has been created at Corydon, Ind., by the sudden and unexpected departure of Dr. Newman, a leading specialist of New York. Dr. Newman located in Corydon four or five years ago, and in a short time built up a large practice. This is said to have excited the envy and malice of some of the practitioners, and also of two young lawyers of the town, who are supposed to be members of the whitcap organization. Harrison county has the reputation of being the birth-place and hot-bed of whitcaps, and the doctor's enemies conceived the idea of resorting to their never failing methods to get rid of him. Accordingly a secret meeting was held in a weird hollow near Corydon, and the result was that the doctor received a notice in regular whitcap form informing him that he must leave Harrison county or suffer the penalty, and being a stranger in the town and knowing something of the acts of Harrison county whitcaps on former occasions, he no doubt deemed it expedient to leave Corydon forthwith.

No Use for Cigarettes.

Wisconsin's state board of health in session at Milwaukee recently formally placed itself on record against cigarette smoking. The matter came up in the form of an inquiry from an alderman of Eau Claire, who wished to get an opinion from the board before voting on the question of a cigarette ordinance in his city. A committee was appointed to consider the question, and reported the following resolution: "Resolved, by the state board of health, that in its opinion cigarette smoking is deleterious to the health of all addicted to the habit; that it is especially deleterious to the physical growth and development of young persons." After a short discussion, during which members cited numerous cases where great injury had been caused by cigarette smoking, the resolution was unanimously passed. Secretary Wingate said that the board was seriously considering the proposition of passing some general measure to prevent the use of cigarettes by children in this state.

He Is Heir to \$225,000.

Two years ago August Dahner was sent to the Ionia (Mich.) prison for two years for whipping a man who refused to pay him his wages. Dahner served his time and was released recently. When he stepped out of prison he was met at the door by attorneys who informed him that a fortune of \$225,000 was his when he chose to claim it. It appears that Dahner's uncle was one of the original forty-niners and struck pay dirt in the Calico mining district of San Bernardino county, California, years ago, and had increased his wealth. When he died eighteen months ago he had six living heirs, one of whom is Dahner. Dahner will go back to his home and then go to California to claim the fortune. When he was sentenced to state's prison he had the sympathy of his neighborhood. Dahner is young and unmarried.

Most Gum II.

A whole family of toothless people has been discovered near Anderson, Ind. James Leonard, the toothless father, was born fifty years ago, and has passed through this much of life a sound and healthy man, but never had a tooth of any kind in his head. Twenty years ago he married a woman who had as fine a set of teeth as could be found, and still has them. They had four children, all of whom are grown, but all like their father in regard to teeth. Their gums, however, come down much further than is ordinarily the case and are as firm and hard as bone. Mr. Leonard is able to crack nuts in his jaws without any apparent effort, and seems to get along as well as though he had a good set of teeth. The others are able to do the same thing.

Will Have a Jury of Women Only.

Circuit Judge M. C. Sauffey of Lancaster proposes to try a novel suit before a novel jury at Louisville, Ky. It is an action for breach of promise brought by W. C. Stivers, a Lancaster widower, against Miss Katherine West, a young school teacher, and Judge Sauffey says that the jury before which it shall go must be composed of women. Under the new constitution they are eligible for jury service. The case will be interesting in other respects, for Stivers threatens to have Miss West's letters read in court, and her friends say that if he does there will be trouble. Miss West has engaged W. O. Bradley, the Republican nominee for governor, to defend her in the suit.

Saved by a Girl's Heroism.

The station agent and operator for the Memphis road at Sprague, Mo., is a pretty girl of 19 summers. During the wild storm the other night two box cars were blown through the switch from the side track to the main line track. Realizing that the freight and express due there in a few minutes would surely collide with the cars, the girl took her lantern, and, running up the track three-quarters of a mile, flagged the train.

No peach nor also the heart can know Which, like the needle true, Turns at the touch of joy or woe, But, turning, trembles too.

—Mrs. Greville.

Allen Thurman, son of the Old Roman, is facetiously dubbed the Roman candle of Ohio politics.

FROM SIRE TO SON.

GREAT GENIUS IN THE EDISON FAMILY.

Samuel Edison, Father of the Great Inventor, Was a Giant in His Day—The Grandfather Lived to the Age of One Hundred and Four.

HE purple asters were nodding in the crisp September air down under the great oaks and pines which stood shoulder to shoulder on the wide expanse of unkempt lawn, as I walked from the electric tramway up to the yellow house among the pines, where was then lying in a dim delirium the father of one of the most wonderful men of the century. I had gone out to this suburban part of this little city of Port Huron, Michigan, while waiting for my boat to leave, to make a call on Samuel Edison, the father of Thomas A. Edison, to gather what I might of the earlier history of the man who now stands so high among the inventors of the age.

For twenty-two years "Tom's" father—everybody calls him "Tom"—had been living in this same yellow cottage. I knew of his extreme age—he was 80 last August—and yet I had heard before I went to call on him how spry of foot he was, how keen of mind, how quick at humble repairs. So I had hoped to find this quite remarkable man both an interesting study and an encyclopedia of information. But instead I saw a long, gaunt frame lying upon what seemed to me to be his bed of death, the light of reason faded from the keen old

eyes. He was moaning in his sleep, and now and then calling out for some one, maybe his son—the son of whom he had been so proud.



SAMUEL EDISON.

You cannot ask a man on the streets of Port Huron if he knows where Mr. Edison lives without receiving an affirmative answer, and if you seem a stranger to the place there is sure to follow a recital of the old gentleman's many striking characteristics. And you will at once be corrected in your pronunciation of the name—if you follow the one in common use. It is Eedison here, a very long "e." One man will tell you that the old man has no care whatever about his personal appearance, no more than did his famous son when he was straining every nerve to get money to make investigations, and was quite willing to part with his best shirt if thereby he could purchase a few chemicals otherwise unobtainable; another relates some of the whimsicalities for which the old gentleman has become locally famous; another tells of the gifts of silk hats from son to father, the more battered and rusty the more suited to the latter's taste, providing they had only been worn by "Tom"; another discusses at length the acumen of the old gentleman; another, and many another, speaks of his uniform goodness of heart, writes W. S. Harwood in Harper's Weekly. Samuel Edison was born, so his wife told me, in Amsterdam, New York, August 18, 1804. His father lived to be 104 years of age, his grandfather to be 107. With such a long-lived ancestry to look back upon, what marvelous years, may not be before the man who so splendidly bears the family name! And by the way, Mrs. Edison, who is the stepmother of Thomas Edison, adds several years to the future for him, for she

presidential lightning rod set for some time, and as he is in favor of free coinage at 16 to 1, hopes to gain many votes from Western states. He is also more or less in favor of government ownership of gold and silver mines, railways and telegraphs. Just at present he is looking after the personnel of the Pennsylvania delegation. That it will be solid for him, as an Eastern paper puts it, "goes without saying."

CAMERON OF PENNSYLVANIA.

United States Senator Don Cameron of Pennsylvania has declared his intention to go into the next national Republican convention with the Pennsylvania delegation at his back. The senator from Pennsylvania has had his

NEW WOMAN IN RUSSIA.

A Project on Foot to Educate Female Accoucheurs and Physicians.

The council of state in St. Petersburg is busy with the project of a medical institute for women, in which women will study as accoucheurs and physicians for women and children. The course of study is to last four years, divided into eight semesters. Half yearly examinations, on passing from one course to another, will be obligatory as in ordinary universities. After completing their studies the students will have to practice for one to three years in women's clinics or similar hospitals. All women from 20 to 25 years of age who have passed the ordinary high-school examinations, including Latin and Greek, will be admitted. Those who go through the whole course and are successful in their examinations will gain the degree and name of "female physician" and can practice both in private and in hospitals for women and children, but will not be allowed to direct city hospitals or to be called as experts in law cases or for the army. The institute will be opened in 1897. It has already a fund of 576,490 rubles, and in the course of ten years will receive an income of 17,300 rubles, mostly derived from bequests as well as from the generous gift of the brothers Schenjawski. Every student will pay 100 rubles a year for her instruction.

Visitors to the Dead.

A curious fashion has come into vogue in Paris. In all the cemeteries metal boxes with a slit in the lid are placed on the tombstones to receive the cards of visitors. The relatives of the deceased are thus enabled to see who among the living still cherish the memory of their departed friends.

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this reserve strength has on many an occasion been shown to splendid advantage. The father was the most unpretentious of men, and cared little or nothing for the elegancies of life. The room where I saw him stretched on his bed, a fallen giant, was comfortable, but plainness itself. The whole house is the simplest of places—the commonest of rag carpets on the floor, walls with little adornment, homely rooms yet cheery—just such lowly rooms as delighted the owner's heart.

In the "parlor" of the little home, from which I could hear the monotonous ticking of a self-satisfied clock, and the spasmodic breathing of the old man lying upon his bed of sickness, I could see pictures of the son, neatly framed and hung on the wall, and there were several fat albums containing pictures of both branches of the family. On the slender table in the corner were two of the famous hats—hats which both the father and son have contributed to, to make famous—battered affairs of ruffled black, never too old for the proud sire to wear. A cabinet organ in the corner added the last touch of the country home of the days gone by.

"They wanted me to have a nurse," said the sober-faced wife as we stood at the side of the old man, who seemed to be so near to the entrance to the last voyage, "but he won't let anybody look after him but me. He had never been sick in his life until seven years ago, when he had a fever, and since that time he has never been so well."

When I left the little yellow house among the trees, the purple asters nodded me a good-bye, something the old man lying in the low bed with his parchment hands crossed over his shrunken breast could not vouchsafe me.

NOVELTY IN MINING.

By Means of Magnets Separating Its Greatly Simplified.

In the great West miners often find rivers that have their beds filled with enormous deposits of peculiar black sand. This sand contains large quantities of gold dust, which, however, it is extremely difficult to separate from the sand owing to the fact that the sand has very much the same specific gravity as gold and settles in about the same way as the precious metal. This sand contains iron, and it has been found profitable, to a limited extent, to have the deposits melted, but this is not a very paying business, therefore a new process has been tried with marked success. By means of magnets the iron particles are drawn away from the gold, leaving this substance quite clear. After passing through the apparatus devised for this purpose it is found that forty tons of sand yield one ton of crude sand and ore, worth about four hundred dollars a ton. If the machine that is now being tested does all that is claimed for it, it will be of very great value, as it costs but about a thousand dollars for a working plant capable of handling an enormous amount of sand per day.

DON CAMERON.

Pennsylvania's Senior Senator Is Preparing for Next Year's Convention.

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Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

SWIM AND HOLD TO A ROPE.

A New Way for Getting Chinamen Over the Line.

The wily Chinese have lately been adopting new tactics for gaining admission into the United States from Canada. In the neighborhood of Iroquois, Ont., on the Canadian side, and Hogsburg, N. Y., a new method for smuggling Chinese is in vogue. The plan is a clever one. A long rope has been stretched across the St. Lawrence, which is narrow at this point, and firmly secured to large stakes on either side of the river. On this, and aided by darkness, the celestial manages to cross the lines by swimming and holding on to the rope. The method is not as dangerous as it appears; in fact, it is quite easy to deport the Chinese across the lines without much risk to anyone but the unhappy traveler himself, perhaps, and the expense is trivial, while those who manipulate the trick get all the way from \$75 to \$150 for every Chinese smuggled by them. There are reports that these lines are in use in several places. Three minor arrests have already been made.

Tobacco's Triumph.

Every day we meet men who have apparently lost all interest in life, but they chew and smoke all the time and wonder why the sun-shine is not bright and the sweet bird's song sounds discordant. Tobacco takes away the pleasures of life and leaves irritated nerve centers in return. No Tobacco is the easy way out. Guaranteed to cure and make you well and strong, by Druggists everywhere.

Canadian Legislation.

The Canadian Parliament has voted down the bill to give Parliamentary suffrage to women, and also to raise the age of protection for girls to 18. The member who introduced the bill to raise the age of protection voted for the suffrage bill, and every member who spoke in opposition to raising the age of protection voted against woman suffrage. Another mediaeval decision against the rights of woman has just been given at Berlin. An antiquated law still exists which prohibits woman scholars and apprentices from joining a political society. A few women successfully formed in Berlin a woman suffrage committee, having for its object to obtain for women equal political rights with men. The leaders of this movement were arraigned by the public prosecutor, and the magistrate before whom they were brought fined them all, and ordered the society to be dissolved.—Woman's Journal.

REV. H. P. CARSON, Scotland, Dak., says:

"Two bottles of Hall's Catarrh Cure completely cured my little girl." Sold by Druggists, 7c.

A perfectly bright girl can do without light in the parlor.

Even catarrh, that dread breeder of consumption, succumbs to the healing influences of Thomas' Electric Oil.

Nothing is more reasonable and cheap than good manners.

Clothes do not make the man, but they have a good deal to do in making a woman.

The secret of happiness: "Keep your liver right." Burdock Blood Bitters is nature's remedy for complaints of the liver or bowels.

The people of Cornwall have a legend that the "knockers" who haunt the tin mines are the souls of the Jews who crucified Christ and were sent by the Romans to work the mines. When the Anglo-Saxons became Christianized they inclined to the opinion that the slaves were the descendants of Cain, the first murderer.



FAIR SAILING through life for the person who keeps in health. With a torpid liver and the impure blood that follows it, you are an easy prey to all sorts of ailments. That "used up" feeling is the first warning that your liver isn't doing its work.

That is the time to take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. As an appetizing, restorative tonic, to repel disease and build up the needed flesh and strength, there's nothing to equal it. It rouses every organ into healthful action, purifies and enriches the blood, braces up the whole system, and restores health and vigor.

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ARTIFICIAL LIMBS

Examination and Advice as to Patentability of Invention. Send for "Lives of the Great Inventors." PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

Patents, Trade-Marks.

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Hartford Bicycles

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Elegant in Design Superior in Workmanship Strong and Easy Riding

Hartfords are the sort of bicycles most makers ask \$100 for. Columbias are far superior to so-called "specials," for which \$125 or even \$150 is asked.

It is well to be posted upon the bicycle price situation. The great Columbia plant is working for the rider's benefit, as usual.

Columbias, \$100

POPE MFG. CO. BOSTON NEW YORK CHICAGO SAN FRANCISCO PROVIDENCE SUFFOLK HARTFORD, Conn.

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W. N. U. D.—XIII—35.

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FRICKLE, PIMPLE, BLACK HEAD, OILY SKIN, REDNESS, and ALL FACIAL BLEMISHES caused by DR. CAMPBELL'S SAFE ARSENIC COMPLEXION WAFERS. The only genuine arsenic wafer made. 4 by mail, 25¢ a box. 12, 50¢. Address all orders to 11 N. HOLLAND ST. BOSTON, Mass. ALSO AT DRUGGISTS.

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NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.
 Advertisers will please bear in mind that on and after the 1st of September, the advertising rates of this paper will be: Per column, on 1st page.....\$100.00 Per column, on 8th page..... 75.00 Per column, on any other page..... 65.00 Present contracts carried until completed.

FROM OUR EXCHANGES.

Holly business places now close at 8 p. m. local time.
 The new Catholic church recently erected at Wayne, was dedicated last Thursday. It cost \$2,500.
 Editor Peck, of the Fowlerville Observer, laments the fact that the advance agent for Duncan Clark did not leave him a "comp," so that he might attend the "event of the season."
 While doing some heavy lifting, Henry Genthe, of Wyandotte, hung up his vest containing a gold watch. When he finished his job he put his vest on, but the watch "wasn't in it."
 Miss Lottie Shattuck, nee Howlett, has sold her interest in the millinery store to Mrs. G. A. Tinnam, who will carry on the business. Mrs. S. will retire from business entirely and learn the mysteries of housekeeping.—Northville Record.
 The Wayne County Historical and Pioneer Society contemplate celebrating Wayne county's birthday, Aug. 17th, this year, because the 18th falls on Sunday. It was August 18th, 1796, that Winthrop Sargent, acting governor of northwest territory, set off the bounds of the county, which then included territory now in Illinois, Indiana and Ohio.
 A western paper tells of a fellow, who every time he gets on a spree, insists on paying a year's subscription on his town paper. He has already paid for his paper to January 1st, 1937. An effort will be made at the next press convention to ascertain what brand of whiskey that fellow is drinking, in order that it may be more generally placed upon the market.
 An exchange tells a good story of a father and mother who were trying to find names for their twin babies, who by the way were girls. It was decided that the father must name them. After casting about and finding no names that exactly suited him, he determined to end the strain on his mind and call them "Kate" and "Duplicate." In the course of time another pair of twins came, and they were boys. This was the husband's opportunity to get even, and he wanted his good wife to christen the boys. Imagine his feelings when the mother one day told him she had named the boys "Pete" and "Repeat."
 A Frenchman was boasting that he had thoroughly mastered the English language, when he was asked to write from dictation the following choice specimen of our choice eccentric vernacular: "As Hugh Hughes was hewing a yule log from a yew tree a man dressed in garments of a dark hue came up to Hugh and said: "Have you seen my ewes?" to which he replied: "If you will wait until I hew this yew. I will go with you to look for your ewes." After an attempt the Frenchman admitted his mistake. He used to imagine he was used to English speaking, but in the future he would be more careful how he used the language.
 Many an unwise parent works hard and lives sparingly all his life for the purpose of leaving enough to give his children a start in the world, as it is called. Setting a young man afloat with money left him by relatives is like tying a bladder under the arms of one who cannot swim; ten chances to one he will lose his bladder and go to the bottom. Teach him to swim and he will not need the bladder. Give your child a good education. See to it that his morals are pure, his mind cultivated and his whole nature made subservient to the laws which govern man, and you will have given what will be of more value than the wealth of the Indies. You have given him a start which no misfortune can deprive him of. The earlier you teach him to depend upon his own resources, the better.—Ez.

An exchange soliloquizes thusly: "Who is the hard-working man? He is the millionaire, the man who wanted to be rich and has got rich. Is he the happier for it? Bless your soul, he's more miserable, fuller of cares and anxieties and harder work than ever. He is the veriest slave of them all. He is pushed with business, and business is pushing him. He has so many irons in the fire that some of them are burning his fingers, while others are getting cold. His present life is a rush from the meeting of this board to that board and thence to some other board. He is a director in this company and a trustee in that, and a silent partner in another, without end and more coming. He hasn't time to eat, and hardly to sleep, and when he does lay his poor head on the pillow he can't stop business plans and schemes, hopes and fears from whirling and whirling through it. He can't take a day to spend in quiet get out of town,

and if he could he would take all of his business with him into the woods. He is a slave and a victim. His millions in the bank don't bring him so much enjoyment as a new ten-cent piece given to a boy 10 years old."

Pikes Peak.

Geo. Barnes sold his colt to John Bennett one day last week.
 Alfred Hanchett and Alf. Myhrs spent Wednesday in Detroit.
 The new bridge over the mill race east of here, is at last completed.
 C. W. Wright attended the encampment at Island Lake last Sunday.
 Farmington and Elm crossed bats last week. Score, 17 to 11 in favor of Elm.
 Gerald Knight and George Barnes started for the wild west last Wednesday evening.
 Ed Kerr, who has been spending a couple weeks in this vicinity, has returned to Wayne.
 Mr. and Mrs. Barrows, of Detroit, are the guests of the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Chilson.
 J. F. Brown is very low with nervous prostration at present, and some doubt his recovery.
 A number of people from this vicinity attended the A. O. U. W. picnic near Wayne last Wednesday.
 L. Meldrum and wife went to Ypsilanti last Wednesday to attend the wedding of Miss Meda Osband, a cousin.
 Those in this vicinity who have threshed this year, report a fair yield. Oats yielding from 40 to 72 bushels per acre, wheat averaging 20 bushels per acre.
 On Saturday evening a "falling out" occurred between Dr. Bennett and some parties on their way home from an entertainment at Elm, the cause being the capsizing of the doctor's buggy. No one was injured.
 The dedication of the new church on Friday last, drew a large attendance from the neighboring communities, as well as from our own, there being visitors from Plymouth, Wayne, Inkster, Dearborn, East Nankin, etc. The sermon at 10:30 o'clock by Presiding Elder C. T. Allen, was very interesting, he taking his text from St. John, xiv-13. Next in order was the raising of sufficient funds to clear the church of its indebtedness, which was easily accomplished, as the debt was small. The crowd then adjourned for dinner, which was served under a tent near by. After all had been satisfied with eatables, they again wended their way to the church when the dedication ceremony took place. Revs. Oliver, Morgan, Jackson and others took part in the exercises. Mrs. Coy, of Wayne, rendered a solo, which was very fine. We believe the only part not thoroughly enjoyed was the extremely warm weather. Services at the usual hour on Sunday next. Sunday school at 1:30. Preaching at 2:30 p. m.

W. O. T. U.

Sixteen ladies were present at the meeting yesterday. Although it was rather warm, the meeting was so interesting that no one seemed at all fatigued. After business matters of minor importance were discussed, the subject of the paper was brought up. The editor-in-chief reported that the editorial staff had named the paper "The Fair Messenger," and the advertising managers reported excellent work in their line. Mrs. Lillie Root gave an invitation to our people to attend the ice cream social at the home of Mrs. Ableson, tomorrow evening, the proceeds of which were to be devoted to temperance work. Mrs. M. A. Patterson brought two selection for her department: one interesting article entitled, "What Shall We Eat?" was read by Miss Cora Pelham, and another very witty article entitled, "A Psychological View of Pockets," was read by Miss Rogers. At the close of the meeting Mrs. Bolster tied the white ribbon on one new member, Mrs. Lewis, and we adjourned for one week.
 SUPT OF PRESS.

An Affidavit.

This is to certify that on May 11th, I walked to Melick's drug store on a pair of crutches and bought a bottle of Chamberlain's pain balm for inflammatory rheumatism, which had crippled me up. After using three bottles I am completely cured. I can cheerfully recommend it.—Charles Wetzel, Sunbury, Pa.
 Sworn and subscribed to before me on August 10, 1894.—Walter Shipman, J. P.
 For sale at 50 cents per bottle by Dr. J. G. Meiler, druggist.

DID YOU EVER

Try Electric Bitters as a remedy for your troubles? If not, get a bottle now and get relief. This medicine has been found to be peculiarly adapted to the relief and cure of all Female Complaints, exerting a wonderful direct influence in giving strength and tone to the organs. If you have Loss of Appetite, Constipation, Headache, Fainting Spells, or are Nervous, Sleepless, Excitable, Melancholy or troubled with Dizzy Spells, Electric Bitters is the medicine you need. Health and Strength are guaranteed by its use. Large bottles only fifty cents at John I. Cole's drug store.

FLOTSAM.

All harm from trolley railroads has been prevented in Budapest, Hungary. There the roads are in cuts below the street surface, where pedestrians never go.
 The Siamese have such a superstitious dislike of odd numbers that they studiously strive to have in their houses an even number of windows, doors, rooms, closets, etc.
 Less tobacco is consumed in Great Britain, in proportion to the inhabitants, than in any other civilized country. The average is twenty-three ounces per annum for each person.
 The smallest watch in the world has been made, after two years' labor, by a Geneva artisan. The dial is one-sixteenth of an inch in diameter, and the watch adorns the head of a pencil.
 The Arctic fox changes the hue of his coat to note the change of season. In summer his fur is dark blue; as the cold weather approaches, the shade changes until in winter it is snow white.
 Four boys in a reformatory in Naumburg, Saxony, strangled two of their fellow prisoners, with the sole object of causing their transfer to a jail, where they thought they would be more comfortable.
 A tunnel, 7,400 meters in length, to the center of Mont Blanc, has been proposed by a Swiss engineer. Then by a vertical shaft, people may ascend to the summit, 2,800 meters above the tunnel level.
 With a single blow of his fist, administered on the jaw, Senor Guerrita, of Madrid, has been known to knock down a bull. This year his profits from bull-fighting have been \$75,000. He has killed 1,400 bulls.
 Meidelssohn was not fond of feasting. He said he could live a week on a sausage and a loaf of bread. His romantic opera of "Lorely" was to some extent inspired by this diet, for he ate little else while composing it.
 A grate fire, produced by electricity, is a recent London invention. The "coals" are formed of a combination of fire-clay and chemicals; they are almost instantly made to assume a red-hot glare, and the illusion is perfect.

You need a Vacation.

The best place to spend it is in Northern Michigan. Take advantage of the D. L. & N. and C. & W. M. excursion to Potoskey August 29th. Rates are very low and tickets good, ten days. Ask agents about it. (411-15)

Nobody need have Neuralgia. Get Dr. Miles' Pain Pills from druggists. "One cent a dose."

\$1000 IN GOLD GIVEN AWAY AS PRIZES

For the Best Pictures Taken.

On November 15th, 1895, we shall give away One Thousand Dollars in gold for the best pictures taken by the La Crosse Camera.
 The prizes will be awarded as follows: \$500 in gold will be given for the best picture taken by this camera; \$100 for the second best; \$50 for the third best; \$25 for the fourth best; \$15 for the fifth best; \$10 for the sixth best, and for the next forty best \$5 each will be given; and for the next 200 best pictures taken by the La Crosse Camera \$1 each will be given, making in all \$1000 given away.
 We shall do this for two reasons, viz: The first to introduce the La Crosse Camera for 1895; the second to educate the amateurs in photography.—This contest closes November 1st, 1895.
 This Camera can be used by any one and is sold under a positive written guarantee to do the work or money refunded.
 Sent by express with full instructions and rules governing this contest upon receipt of Express money order for \$1.75.
 Remember a Written Guarantee Goes With Every Camera.
 Address: LA CROSSE SPECIALTY CO., La Crosse, Wis. 425

TO THE PATRONS OF THE

Plymouth Laundry,

I have been obliged to change my location in the Dohmstreich basement on account of my health.

Hereafter you will find me at my Residence, just east of Wills' Blacksmith Shop.

For the convenience of my patrons, Laundry may be left at J. R. Rauchs, and will receive Prompt attention.

A. F. Wilkinson,
 Ann Arbor St.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Wayne, ss. At

a session of the Probate court for said county of Wayne, held at the Probate Office, in the city of Detroit, on the twenty-sixth day of July, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five:

Present, Joseph W. Donovan, acting Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of MEEETABLE B. SAFFORD, deceased.

Robert C. Safford, the administrator with the will annexed of said estate, having rendered to this court his final accounting account; and on reading and filing the petition of said administrator praying that the residue of said estate may be assigned in accordance with the provisions of said will.

It is ordered that the third day of September, next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said Probate Office, be appointed for examining and allowing said account and hearing said petition.

And it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing, in the PLYMOUTH MAIL, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county of Wayne.

JOSEPH W. DONOVAN,
 Circuit Judge for said county, and acting Judge of Probate.

A true copy.)
 ROBERT A. FLINT, Register 413-414.

Wanted.

Good reliable men, to sell our Choice Seed, Early Nursery Stock, such as Fruit Trees, Roses, Shrubs and Ornamentals.

Ladies make this business a success! Easy work, pleasant, light and profitable. Orders FREE. Apply at once, with references secured, choice of territory. F. N. WAY COMPANY, Nurserymen and Seedmen, Rochester, N. Y.

SPECIAL
 TO
New Subscribers
THE MAIL
 FOR THE
Balance of 1895
Only 25 Cents.

PLYMOUTH FAIR
 September 17, 18, 19, 20.

GOOD RACES
BIG PREMIUMS
SPECIAL ATTRACTIONS
 Send for a Premium List to
F. D. HOLLOWAY,
Secretary.

Meat Market.
 I wish to inform the people of Plymouth that I am still in the business, and keep constantly on hand a full line of Fresh, Salt and Smoked Meats, And everything else that is usually found in a first-class market.
 Our meats are not stale and our prices are right.
 Orders called for and delivered to any part of the city.
 Resp'y,
WM. GAYDE,
 North Village, Plymouth.

Are You Going West?
 If so, Go the best route. In order To be on the sure side. Ask your nearest Railway Agent To give you a ticket via the
Great Northern R. R.
 It reaches from ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS, DULUTH and WEST SUPERIOR. 600 Stations in MINNESOTA, THE DAKOTAS, MONTANA, IDAHO and WASHINGTON.
 Do you want PUBLICATION Dry Goods, A Home? Red River Valley, A Farm? Minnesota, Or Money? The Dakotas, Or Business? Montana, Idaho and Washington.
 YOU CAN FIND ALL THESE OUT WEST. SENT FREE.
 For further information and publications, write to
D. W. H. Moreland, G. A.,
 197 Jefferson Ave. Detroit,
 OR TO
F. I. WHITNEY, G. P. & T. A.,
 St. Paul, Minn.

DETROIT, Lansing & Northern R. R.
 STANDARDS TIME
 GOING EAST
 Live Grand Rapids..... 7:00 1:20 5:25
 Howard City..... 8:50 4:45 8:10
 Ionia..... 7:30 4:45 8:00
 Grand Lodge..... 8:30 4:45 8:05
 Lansing..... 8:50 4:45 8:05
 Williamston..... 8:15 4:25 7:50
 Webberville..... 9:20 4:45 8:10
 Fowlerville..... 9:30 4:45 8:10
 Howell..... 9:35 4:45 8:10
 Howell Junction..... 9:40 4:45 8:10
 Brighton..... 10:11 4:14 8:41
 South Lyon..... 10:20 4:28 8:56
 Salem..... 10:25 4:35 9:05
 PLYMOUTH..... 10:51 4:47 9:20
 Detroit..... 11:40 5:20 10:10
 GOING WEST
 Live Detroit..... 7:40 1:10 6:00
 PLYMOUTH..... 8:25 1:45 6:45
 Salem..... 8:35 1:55 6:55
 South Lyon..... 8:45 2:07 7:04
 Brighton..... 9:08 2:20 7:28
 Howell Junction..... 9:14 2:25 7:35
 Howell..... 9:20 2:25 7:35
 Fowlerville..... 9:30 2:30 7:50
 Webberville..... 9:40 2:35 8:00
 Williamston..... 9:50 2:40 8:10
 Lansing..... 10:20 2:55 8:25
 Grand Lodge..... 10:45 3:05 8:50
 Ionia..... 11:45 4:45 10:35
 Howard City..... 1:20 11:45
 Grand Rapids..... 12:20 5:20 10:45
 All trains week days only. Parlor cars on all trains between Detroit and Grand Rapids. Seats 25 cents.
 Chicago and West Michigan Ry. Trains leave Grand Rapids. For Chicago 6:00 a. m., 1:25 p. m., and 7:10 p. m. For Manistee Traverse City Charlevoix, and Petoskey 8:05 a. m., 1:03 p. m., 5:15 and 11:00 p. m. For Muskegon 6:00 a. m., 1:25 p. m., 6:30 p. m.
 ED. PELTON, Agent, Plymouth. L. M. FULLER, Chief Clerk, Grand Rapids.
F. & P. M. R. R.
TIME TABLE
 In effect June 25 1895.
 Trains leave Plymouth as follows:
 GOING SOUTH.
 Train No. 4, 10:10 a. m. Train 1, 9:25 a. m.
 " No. 6, 9:25 p. m. " 2, 9:10 a. m.
 " No. 8, 9:00 p. m. " 5, 2:00 p. m.
 " No. 10, 6:45 a. m. " 9, 6:35 p. m.
 Train No. 5, connects at Ludington with steamer for Milwaukee, (during season of navigation), making connections for all points South and Northwest. Sleeping Parlor Cars between Bay City, Saginaw and Detroit.
 Train No. 3 runs daily from Bay City, except Saturdays. Connections made at Fort Huron and Detroit. (Union depot for all points South, Canada and the West.)
 For further information see "Time-Table of this company."
 ED. PELTON, Local Agent.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

LOCAL HAPPENINGS AND PERSONAL MENTION

What Our Scribe Gathered on the Outside.—Other News Items.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

Advertisers will please bear in mind that on and after the 1st of September, the advertising rates of this paper will be: Per column, on 1st page.....\$100.00 Per column, on 8th page..... 75.00 Per column, on any other page... 65.00 Present contracts carried until completed.

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE.

Sermons held in Safford's Hall every Sunday morning at 10:30. All are most cordially invited to attend.

A. M. Potter returned Tuesday from a week's outing.

Miss Mamie Chaffee, of Wayne, visited in town this week.

Henry Sage, of Ypsilanti, was in town the first of the week.

J. R. Rauch sold over 90 baskets of peaches last Saturday.

The last end of the camping party returned last Thursday.

Miss Minnie Fox, of Battle Creek is a guest at E. H. Briggs'.

United they stand, divided they fall—business and advertising.

Fred Dibble and wife, of Detroit, were in town the first of the week.

Northville won a game from Wayne Tuesday by a score of 14 to 13.

D. J. Briggs, of Detroit, spent Monday with E. H. Briggs and family.

George Curtiss has returned from the east and is spending a few days in town.

Miss Lillie Briggs, of Detroit, was the guest of Mrs. E. H. Briggs during the week.

C. G. Curtiss and wife attended the photographer's convention in Detroit last Friday.

Mrs. George Shafer and Edith Burch went over to Belleville on their wheels last Saturday.

Mimmack, Fisher, Draper and Lamphere left for Niagara Falls Monday morning at 10 o'clock.

We received a large order from the "Revelers" this week for bulls, tickets, etc. They expect to play here during fair week.

J. R. Rauch left Tuesday morning for a seven day's trip up the lakes. He will go up on the Canadian side and return by the D. & C. line.

The Wayne Epworth League will hold a group meeting on the evening of August 27th, to which all leaguers and friends are cordially invited.

Charley Curtiss says he can travel just as far on his face as anyone. During the past two weeks his spare time and strength has been used trying to break a "bike."

Quarterly meeting at the M. E. church next Sunday. Love feast in the morning at 9:30. Preaching at 10:30, followed by the administration of the sacrament of the Lord's supper and baptism.

It is reported that Wilson, Northville's catcher, got a little too "foxy" while playing ball at Clyde the other day and received a good drubbing at the hands of Milford toughs, who attended the game.

The W. C. T. U. ladies have been hustling for ads. this week for their fair edition. If you haven't yet secured space, do so at once. This paper will be read by every family within a radius of 20 miles.

J. L. Benjamin, Jr., of Detroit, general agent for the Granite State Provident Association, of Manchester, N. H., has been in the village this week trying to interest the people in the association which he represents.

If delinquent subscribers would pay us a dollar on subscription as often as they spend five dollars on excursions, ball games, horse races, and other amusements, we would have a paid up subscription in less than six months.

Misses Kate Penniman, Sadie Penniman, Della Entrican, Mrs. E. W. Chaffee and W. O. Allen left Monday for a three week's trip. They will visit Cleveland, Buffalo, the Adirondacks, New York, Boston and other places.

The ladies of the Universalist society will serve peaches and cream with hot biscuit and coffee at the central park, Saturday evening, Aug. 17th, from 6 to 9 o'clock. Peaches, cream and biscuits, 10 cents, coffee 5 cents extra. All are cordially invited.

J. E. Barringer, of Armada, Mich., member of the State Live Stock Sanitary Commission, was in town Wednesday with M. R. Granger, our veterinary surgeon, looking after some stock that was in quarantine on the farm of A. Shonchack, afflicted with what is supposed to be a contagious disease among cattle.

A. Mr. Sherman and son, of Livonia township, started for Plymouth mills the other day with a load of grain. When nearly opposite R. Everett's, the evening broke and the horses ran, dragging the boy off the load and some 20 or 30 rods before he could extricate himself from the lines. The horses were caught by W. J. Stewart on Mill street, having run about five miles and were badly cut up. The boy was not severely hurt.

Henry Eldred, manager of the Emerson shoe house, Detroit, has been visiting in town this week.

G. W. Oliver, of Bennington Mich., is visiting his parents Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Oliver, of this place.

Jolliffe Brothers, have made a contract with the Howell Condensed Milk Company and are shipping all their milk to that point now.

O. W. Blain, of Grand Rapids, will organize a Good Templars lodge at Cherry Hill on Saturday evening of this week. The lodge starts out with about 30 names. Plymouth good templars will attend and assist in the ceremonies.

We hope to see a large exhibit of butter and cheese at our Fair, and that all dairymen and butter makers will attend. Let your presence and interest commensurate with the importance and value of this great industry. What we need is not more butter, but better butter. Come and learn of the latest and most approved methods of practical and profitable butter making.

Died, at her home in Plymouth, on Sunday morning at 2 o'clock, Alma, the infant daughter and only child of Adna and Anna Burnett, at the age of 2½ years. The little one was taken with cholera infantum Friday noon and was sick only about two days. The funeral was held Tuesday morning at the M. E. church, interment at Riverside.

If anyone should ask you if the Plymouth boys played ball at Wayne last Friday, tell them no. They went down with the intention of playing but somehow, just at the last minute, something went wrong, and all they could do was go through the motions. Every club will occasionally run across an off day, and this was ours. Everyone was away off except Ernie Roe and Fred Burch, who played an errorless game, while the others had from two to six errors each credited to them. The score was 15 to 7 with the returns not all in. "Harry" umpired the game without a revolver or bowie knife.

The FAIR MESSENGER is the name chosen by the W. C. T. U. for the paper which they will publish the last three days of the fair. The ladies are meeting with great encouragement. Miss Mary Rogers and Miss Cora Pelham, the advertising managers, have already canvassed Plymouth, Northville and Wayne, and have been very successful. The merchants everywhere seeming to appreciate the fact that this is an excellent opportunity for advertising. The following ladies have been chosen reporters for the FAIR MESSENGER: Mrs. Vickery, Mrs. Lillie Root, Mrs. E. H. Briggs, Mrs. E. L. Beals, Miss Minnie Fowler, Mrs. G. R. Patterson, Mrs. H. R. Root, Miss Mary Rogers, Miss Cora Pelham, Mrs. R. C. Safford, Mrs. L. H. Merriman, Mrs. Clara Frisbee.

The Granite State Provident Association has its General Agent in town for the purpose of organizing a local branch of its company. The "Granite State" is the largest association of its kind in the United States, its present assets exceeding \$2,500,000. It is examined annually by the bank departments of six different states. A branch of this association was organized last spring at Detroit, which included many representative business men of that city. A few of our citizens have already taken stock, and inasmuch as this company has features in its plan superior to anything yet brought to our attention, the local undertaking is deserving of success and should secure every encouragement by those desirous of securing a first class investment. A branch was completed last week at Northville with 23 charter members.

In a letter from Maiden Bros. well and favorably known here, but now doing business in a general store at Flushing, N. J., we quote the following: "Bro. Gray—We give attention to our end of the 'phone, if we caught your number right, (\$2.40). We think you are working the old bill, which you found or the former editor's books. If so, it is now paid twice, but you can have the rake off. Although we are not fatigued from cutting coupons from government bonds, we will manage to stand it. We notice much improvement in the paper. P. S.—Please send us a large receipt, which we will post on our calendar." In regard to our doubling up the bill our friends speak of above, the editor desires to say that when we came in the MAIL office we took the mailing list as it stood, and all owing on subscription at that time was payable to us, and if paid otherwise it was not right.

Aunt Rachel's Bitters.

The undeniable fact that these bitters are composed in the main of Speer's wine with Peruvian bark, snake root, etc., analyzed and recommended to invalids and the medical profession, by the best chemists in the United States, cannot fail in inspiring confidence in the use of these malarial bitters.

Annual low rate excursion to Petoskey this year via D. L. & N. and C. & W. M. Ry. will be on August 29th. Tickets good until Sept. 7th to return. Rate from Plymouth is \$5.00. Ask agents for particulars or write to

L. M. FULLER, Chief Clerk, Grand Rapids. (411-15)

Chinese napkins at the MAIL office.

A new line of calling cards just received at the MAIL office. Latest styles.

Mrs. Eldred is visiting friends in Brighton.

Leander V. Herrick has been granted a pension.

176 tickets to Island Lake were sold here last Sunday.

Miss Fitch, of Detroit, is the guest of Miss Eldred this week.

A street fakir took a few dollars out of town Thursday evening.

Rev. Bolster writes pleasant things from Chicago, where he is hard at work.

A new walk has been laid in front of the residence occupied by Dr. Merriman.

Whooping cough seems quite prevalent among babies and small children in this vicinity.

The MAIL is pleased to note that Amos Ray and son are about to erect a cottage on Forest avenue.

Born, to the wife of Frank Ray, on Thursday last, an 8¼ pound boy. Mother and son doing well.

School begins next month, and John L. Gate states in his ad. that he is headquarters for school supplies.

S. C. Hench, of the Maple River cheese factory, was home over Sunday. He returned Tuesday afternoon.

The Pearls will play ball with the Young Americans, of Detroit, tomorrow at Plymouth. Admission, 10 cents. Ladies, 5 cents.

Through the efforts of Editor Neal, the Globe band, of Northville, has again been engaged to furnish music at the state fair at Grand Rapids.

MAIL readers will please note the change in Huston & Co.'s ad. Gasoline stoves, lawn-mowers and ice cream freezers at rock bottom prices.

S. Hench, of Shilo, Ohio, has been visiting his grandchild, S. H. Hench, of this place, the past week, returning to Ohio Wednesday morning.

Plymouth has the distinction of having among its citizens the best stone masons in the state of Michigan. If you don't think so, try Ray & Son.

We understand that Rev. W. H. Benton, a former pastor of the M. E. church in this place, was married to a Mrs. Crandell Thursday evening at Salem, Mich.

Rev. Mr. Grow, a former pastor of the Baptist church, will preach to the congregation Sunday morning and evening, Aug. 18th. Mr. Grow has been 50 years in the ministry, and is happy to preach again to old friends, some of whom he baptized 40 years ago.

The following lines were composed by Mrs. Mariah Dolly, of Galen, Wayne county, New York, who came to this state about the year 1835, her husband having preceded her and erected a home for them in St. Joseph county. In less than six weeks from the time of leaving her home in New York, she was back again having buried all her family:

My dear young people, far and near,
A story I relate
Of the affliction I passed through,
When in a western state,
My husband left this settled state
To go to Michigan,
That he might there select a home
On the rich and fertile land.
He had been there about nine months,
When sent for me to come
That we add our two children there,
Might have a happy home.
I left connection all behind
To go unto the west,
That my companion might see
Which I did love the best.
It was about the first of June
When we arrived there,
And settled on St. Joseph's banks,
Whose waters were so clear.
But oh, alas, it was designed
By the same hand that gave,
So called, my little daughter dear,
Into the silent grave.
She had been dead about nine days,
Oh, dreadful to unfold,
When my companion dear, was called
Into another world.
Then I and my dear babe were left
Afflicted and alone.
I prayed the Lord that he would spare
My darling little son,
But he had otherwise designed
And did as he thought best.
So took my darling child
From its poor mother's breast.
Oh! the anguish of my heart
I am sure no tongue can tell,
Until those words came to my mind
And bade me to be still,
"Be still and know that I am God,
And in my promise trust.
Although you are afflicted now,
It may be for the best."
May I like job—be patient still,
And freely say the same,
The Lord He gave and took away,
And blessed be His name!

Card of Thanks.

We desire to express our deepest gratitude and extend thanks to the friends and neighbors who so kindly assisted us during our late bereavement.

Mr. and Mrs. Burnett.

FOR SALE.

My lot on south side of park, next to Dr. Collier's. (16-405)

C. A. FRISBEE.

Sunday Excursion to Detroit.

It won't be the last excursion to Detroit however, but don't wait on that account. You know, of course, what a delightful day may be spent in Detroit with the opportunities of boating, visiting beautiful Belle Isle and other attractions. It costs very little to go, and you need the recreation.

Special train will leave Plymouth Aug. 25 at 10:00 a. m. and leave Detroit at 6:30 p. m. Round trip rate to Detroit \$0.50

L. M. FULLER, Chief Clerk. (415)

525 Hammond Bldg. Phone 1587

Irving W. Durfee,

Attorney-at-Law,

DETROIT, MICH.

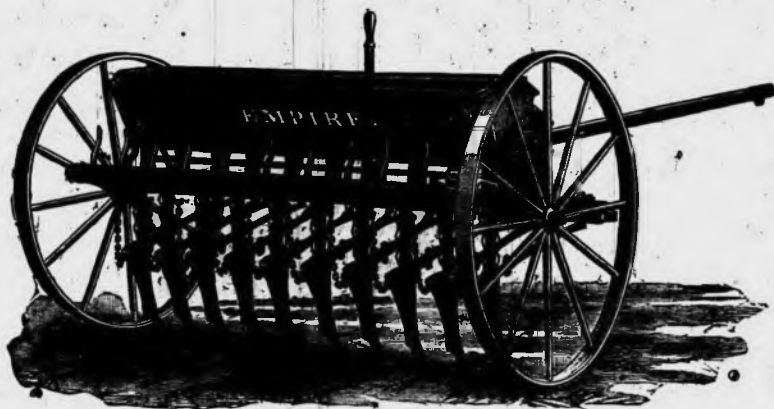
104 papers. \$1. a Year.

BACK

Advanced Remedies relieved by Dr. Miles' Nerve Restorer.

There is nothing too good for our customers

The Best Is



The Cheapest

And we are bound they shall have the Best.

The EMPIRE Drill

Sows all sizes Seed Grain and Beans with or without fertilizer attachment

For Sale By **W. J. & H. E. BRADNER, PLYMOUTH.**
Two Doors West of Fair Grounds Entrance.

CYCLE REPAIRING

and Extras for Cycles.

Pneumatic Tires, Inner Tubes, Outside Casings, Valve Stems, Valves, Steel Balls, Nipples, Air Pumps, Spokes, Tire Cement in bulk or liquid, Tire Tape, Rubber Solution to repair Tires and Tubes, Plungers, Caps, Springs, Patching Rubber, Linen Thread, Cork Handles, Wrenches.

W. N. WHERRY,
PLYMOUTH, MICH.

104 papers. \$1. a Year.

4 Months on trial for 25 Cents

HAVE YOU SEEN

A COPY OF THE

Twice-Week

Detroit Free Press

If not, Send a Postal Card to the Publishers and they will send you one.

The Twice-a-Week
FREE PRESS

Is the Best Possible Substitute for a daily paper. Published on Tuesday and Friday mornings in time to catch the early trains.

16 Pages a Week.

104 Papers a year.

All For Only \$1.00

All the Latest News up to the time of going to press. Complete Market Reports in each Issue.

EVERY FARMER SHOULD SUBSCRIBE FOR THIS IDEAL PAPER.

Address: THE FREE PRESS CO.

Detroit, Mich.

104 papers. \$1. a Year.

CHAS. BREMS

Is the place to buy
Haying Tools.

He keeps all kinds of *

Sections, Rivets, Rake Teeth, Tedder Forks, Rope Pulleys.

Mowing Machines and Binders.

AND IF YOU WANT

A Good Buggy
Call and See Him.

104 papers. \$1. a Year.

PLYMOUTH SAVINGS BANK

Conducts a general Banking business in both Savings and Commercial Departments, and offers its customers every banking facility, liberal treatment, prompt and careful attention to all business intrusted.

4 Per Cent paid on Saving deposits. Money loaned on real estate and other collateral security.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE SOLD.

E. K. BENNETT, Cashier.

National Exchange Bank
CAPITAL, \$50,000.

A General Banking Business Transacted.

4 PER CENT

Interest paid on Savings and Time Deposits

YOUR PATRONAGE SOLICITED.

O. A. FRASER, CASHIER.

COAL! COAL!

Now is the time to put in your winter's supply. We handle Best Grades of Scranton and Lehigh Valley. Also a Complete Stock of Lumber, Sash, Doors, etc.

See us and get our prices and you will go no farther. Full Line of Tile and Sewer Pipe. Special Rates on large bills.

C. A. FRISBEE,
Plymouth.

EXCURSION

—TO—
Niagara Falls

—VIA—
F. & P. M. R. R.

Friday, Aug. 16.

LOW RATES.

Tickets Good Six Days.

See Local Ticket Agent for Particulars.

A. PATRIARCHE
Traffic Manager.

LIVERY

AND
SALE STABLE

First Glass Rigs

Reasonable Charges

PATRONS ACCOMMODATED DAY OR NIGHT.

GZAR PENNEY,
Plymouth, Mich.

Gentlemen!

If you want a really first-class, high grade job of Laundry work done, try LOU HILLMER'S

HOME LAUNDRY.

It's there you get High Gloss, Medium or Domestic Finish as you may desire.

Shirts with Percalés, Brocade or Plaited fronts will be laundered right.

We make a Specialty

of Gentlemen's work, and if you have a fine Suit that has become soiled or out of shape, we can make it look about as good as new.

Try the "HOME LAUNDRY." Next door to Cable's "Star Grocery."

PLYMOUTH MAIL.

M. F. GRAY, Publisher.

PLYMOUTH, MICHIGAN.

If Mrs. Corbett gets alimony she will be more interested in the pulling off of the Texas fight than Corbett himself.

"Yachting and chicken stealing" are spoken of as "the two principal amusements" at an Eastern watering place.

It is said that Ambassador Euasts never goes to his rest without looking under the bed for a French reporter.

Neal Dow's 91 years lend color to the hope that eventually we shall have a centenarian who does not use tobacco or rum.

The Chicago papers are coming out against bicycle flirtations. It is probable very few of the Chicago editors can ride a bicycle.

New York's intention to establish a botanic garden is more commendable than the green goods industry by which it is best known.

Mrs. Anna Besant is scolding her theological friends with great vigor. As a theologian she should maintain a Karma aspect.

A Chicago negro was arrested with ten revolvers in his possession and not a single razor. Civilization seems to be getting into a new chute.

Between what China has paid John W. Foster, and what she must pay Japan, the Celestial Empire will not be in funds for some time to come.

A San Francisco lady en route to France stopped in New York long enough to get bunked out of \$200. She will return via another route.

Never hold anyone by the button or the hand in order to be heard to; for if people are unwilling to hear you, you had better hold your tongue than them.

A Cincinnati judge recently declared that the man who gave all his wages to his wife was a fool. The married women of Cincinnati are now positive that the judge gives his wife every cent he earns.

Somebody reports that Mark Twain has announced his intention of returning to his home in Hartford after his lecturing tour and making that city his abiding-place. Here's a hoping that Mr. Clemens will return from his tour so rich that he will need to ask nothing further from the world except society and insurance. He can get both in Hartford.

The dainty pictures of pretty girls in graceful bathing costumes make one long for the seashore. They are all right in the illustrated newspapers, but when one reaches the shore and comes in contact with the matter-of-fact bathing suit, the abnormally developed mosquito, and the cramped sleeping apartment, he at once wishes himself home again.

Max Garner, who lives near Greenup, Ky., was terribly frightened when he went to bed the other night. Some of the boys had placed several Bologna sausages between the sheets, and when Max blew out the light and rolled in upon them he imagined he had struck a nest of snakes. He leaped out with a terrific yell, and immediately went into spasms, from which it was thought at last accounts he could not recover.

A Bridgeport clergyman thanked God in a sermon last spring that there had been frost enough to destroy the apple blossoms in the neighborhood, and hoped that it would destroy every apple blossom throughout the length of the land, so that there would be no cider. This would, no doubt, be very helpful to the cause of temperance, but it would be more to the point if the minister had prayed for a blight on the corn and rye crops. The grapes seem to have suffered sufficiently already to satisfy the most devout of prohibitionists, but the blackberries, gooseberries and currants should not be forgotten.

Even as virtue is its own reward, so the bloomer brings its own punishment. Witness the case of Miss Fuhr, of New York. She wore bloomers, doubtfully at first, of course, but with increasing hardihood and confidence. At length the bloomers entirely won her confidence. She even put her money in the right-hand breeches pocket of them. Then came a robber in the night and demanded her money or her life. Speechless with fright she pointed to the bloomers—those blue, shapeless, treacherous bloomers. The robber thrust his hand in the pocket, drew out the money and fled. If Mamie Fuhr had worn a skirt and put her money in the pocket of it the robber would have been looking for the pocketbook still. Women will find out sooner or later that the bloomer is as a broken reed to lean upon.

Woman is still clamoring for her "vested rights," in spite of the fact that she is not only vested, but is necktied, standing-collared, shirt-bosomed, and, since bloomers have come in, other things as well. The rest will come if she is only patient. It is nerve-tearing to be over-hasty.

On one page of the article, "Americans in Paris," by Richard Harding Davis, there are fifty-two personal pronouns referring to the author. It is to be hoped that the article will fall flat enough to knock out some of its P's.

COMING ELECTIONS.

INFLUENCE OF THIS YEAR'S VOTING WILL BE FELT.

Many of the United States Senators Whose Terms Expire March 4, 1897, Will Be Affected—Money Question Creates Interest.



THIS will be a year of few elections. In most of the states the elections of last year, resulting in the choice of congressional and legislative representatives, put a stop to activity at the polls for about two years, excepting merely local controversies. The few local elections held since the fall elections of 1894 have been spiritless, for the most part, and it was not until the introduction of national questions, and particularly the money question, into the state campaigns of this year that they began to interest.

State elections will be held on November 5 in twelve states, as follows: Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Maryland, Massachusetts, Mississippi, Nebraska, New York, New Jersey, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Virginia, and in the territory of Utah, which will, by that time, have about complied with all the conditions required of it in making it a state. Oregon, Rhode Island, Michigan and Wisconsin held elections early in the year. The look ahead at the election of 1896 is highly interesting, not only because a president and vice-president are to be chosen, but because a new house of representatives must be elected, and the fate of twenty-nine senators, whose terms expire in 1897, will be affected by the determination of contests in their states.

The senators of the United States whose terms will expire in 1897 are James L. Pugh (dem.), Alabama; Jas. K. Jones (dem.), Arkansas; George C. Perkins (rep.), California; Henry M. Teller (rep.), Colorado; Orville H. Platt (rep.), Connecticut; Wilkinson Call (dem.), Florida; John B. Gordon (dem.), Georgia; Fred T. Dubois (rep.), Idaho; John M. Palmer (dem.), Illinois; Daniel W. Voorhees (dem.), Indiana; William B. Allison (rep.), Iowa; William A. Peffer (pop.), Kansas; J. C. S. Blackburn (dem.), Kentucky; Newton C. Blanchard (dem.), Louisiana; Charles H. Gibson (dem.), Maryland; George C. Vest (dem.), Missouri; John P. Jones (rep.), Nevada; Jacob H. Gallinger (rep.), New Hampshire; David B. Hill (dem.), New York; Peter C. Pritchard (rep.), North Carolina; Henry C. Hansbrough (rep.), North Dakota; Calvin S. Brice (dem.), Ohio; John H. Mitchell (rep.), Oregon; James D. Cameron (rep.), Pennsylvania; John L. M. Irby (dem.), South Carolina; James H. Kyle (pop.), South Dakota; Justin H. Morrill (rep.), Vermont; Watson C. Squire (rep.), Washington; Wm. F. Vilas (dem.), Wisconsin.

The state legislature, to be chosen in August, 1896, in Alabama, will elect the successor of Senator Pugh. In Arkansas the successor to Senator Jones will be chosen by the legislature to be elected in September, 1896. The successor to Senator Teller will be chosen by the legislature to be elected in 1896. Senator Platt's successor will be elected in Connecticut by the legislature to be chosen in 1896. The election in Florida of a successor to Senator Call will be made by the legislature to be chosen a year from next November. In Georgia the legislature that is to elect the successor to Senator Gordon will not be chosen until 1896. In Idaho, Senator Dubois' successor will be elected by the legislature to be chosen in the general election of 1896.

The entire assembly and one-half the senate of the state of Illinois, to elect a successor to Senator Palmer, will be chosen in November, 1896. The successor to Senator Voorhees of Indiana will be chosen by the legislature to be elected next year. Senator Allison will be succeeded by a senator to be chosen by the legislature to be elected November 5. The senator from Kansas, to succeed William A. Peffer, will be chosen November 5, 1896. The election in Kentucky, besides an interesting contest for state offices, is one for half the senate and all of the assembly that will choose Senator Blackburn's successor. The successor to Senator Blanchard (dem.) of Louisiana will be elected by the session of the legislature to be held in May, 1896.

The successor of Senator Gibson of Maryland will be elected by the fourteen senators and all of the lower house of the legislature to be chosen November 5. In Missouri, the successor of Senator Vest (dem.) will be chosen by the legislature to be elected in November, 1896, at which time also Nevada will choose a legislature that will elect a successor to Senator John P. Jones (rep.). On the same day New Hampshire will elect a legislature to choose a successor to Senator Gallinger (rep.) and New York will elect, with fifty senators to be elected in November, 150 assemblymen, who will elect a successor to Senator Hill (dem.). North Carolina will elect a successor to Senator Pritchard in January, 1897, the legislature to choose a senator to be elected in November, 1896, also in January, 1897. North Dakota will elect a successor to Senator Hansbrough (rep.). Ohio will elect the successor to Senator Brice in the same month. Oregon will elect the successor to Senator Mitchell (rep.). In Pennsylvania, a successor will be chosen for Senator Cameron (rep.). South Carolina will elect a successor to Senator Irby by the legislature to be chosen in November, 1896.

South Dakota's senator, now Kyle (pop.), will be elected in January, 1897, by the legislature to be chosen in November, 1896. Washington will next year choose a legislature that must elect the successor to Senator Squire (rep.) about the same time that Wisconsin is to elect a successor to Senator Vilas (dem.). Utah will probably be prepared by the election of November 5 to elect two senators, to be seated in 1896.

In Georgia, it is expected that there will be a new election for representative in congress in the Tenth district, in which J. C. Black was returned as re-elected. "Tom" Watson asserted fraud in the election, and to remove all question about it the two candidates will resubmit themselves to a vote of the district. A vacancy having been created in the Sixth Massachusetts district by the death of Representative William Cogswell, an election to supply the place will probably be held November 5. Representative Myron B. Wright, of Pennsylvania, elected in 1894, died November 13, soon after his re-election, and the Fifteenth district elected James H. Coddling as his successor.

Connecticut, October 7.—Town elections throughout the state, at which the people will vote upon the constitutional amendments, adopted by the last legislature to re-district the state. Iowa, November 5.—Governor (term two years), to succeed Frank D. Jackson (rep.). Lieutenant-governor (term two years), to succeed Warren S. Dungan (rep.). Superintendent of public instruction (term two years), to succeed Henry Sabin (rep.). Judge of the supreme court (term six years), to succeed Josiah Given (rep.). A legislature to elect a United States senator, to succeed William B. Allison, whose term will expire March 3, 1897. Kansas, November 5.—Chief justice of the supreme court (term one year), to succeed David Martin (rep.). Governor (term four years), to succeed John Young Brown (dem.). Lieutenant-governor (term four years), to succeed M. C. Alford (dem.). Secretary of state (term four years), to succeed John W. Headley (dem.). Treasurer (term four years), to succeed H. S. Hale (dem.). Auditor (term four years), to succeed L. C. Norman (dem.). Superintendent of public instruction (term four years), to succeed E. Porter Thompson (dem.). Commissioner of agriculture (term four years), to succeed Nicholas McDowell (dem.). Attorney-general (term four years), to succeed W. J. Hendricks (dem.). Adjutant-general (term four years), to succeed A. J. Gross (dem.). Register of land office (term four years), to succeed G. E. Swango (dem.). Railroad commissioners (term four years), to succeed C. C. McCord, Urey Woodson, Charles B. Poyntz (dem.). Also one judge of the court of appeals (term eight years), in the Louisville district, to succeed Major George B. Easton; also, a legislature, which will elect a senator of the United States in place of J. S. Blackburn, whose term will expire March 3, 1897. Maryland, November 5.—Governor (term four years), to succeed Frank Dixon (dem.). Comptroller (term two years), to succeed Marion De Kalb Smith (dem.). Attorney-general (term four years), to succeed John P. Poe (dem.). Also the lower house of the general assembly and fourteen senators. The general assembly will elect a senator of the United States to succeed Charles H. Gibson (dem.), whose term will expire March 3, 1897; also, a state treasurer (term two years), to succeed Spencer C. Jones (dem.). In the Sixth Judicial circuit, composed of the counties of Frederick and Montgomery, an associate justice will be elected for fifteen years, to succeed James B. Henderson (dem.), appointed by the governor, to succeed John T. Vinton (rep.), retired on account of age. In each county a state's attorney and sheriff will be elected, and in several of the counties county commissioners and clerks of the circuit court. Massachusetts, November 5.—Governor (term one year), to succeed Frederick T. Greenhalge (rep.). Lieutenant-governor (term one year), to succeed Roger Wolcott (rep.). Secretary (term one year), to succeed William M. Olib (rep.). Treasurer and receiver general (term one year), to succeed Edwin P. Shaw (rep.). Auditor (term one year), to succeed John W. Kimball (rep.). Attorney-general (term one year), to succeed Hosea M. Knowlton (rep.). An executive council of eight members, of whom seven are republicans. A new legislature, to succeed the present senate of forty, of whom thirty-five are republicans, and a house of representatives of 246 members, of whom 206 are republicans. Also, a sheriff, register of deeds and treasurer in each of the fourteen counties. All are elected for three years and all are republicans, or democrats endorsed by republicans. One county commissioner in each county; two special commissioners in each county; probably a representative in congress from the Sixth district, to succeed the late William Cogswell. Mississippi, November 5.—Governor (term four years), to succeed John M. Stone (dem.). Lieutenant-governor (term four years), to succeed M. M. Evans (dem.). Secretary of state (term four years), to succeed George M. Govan (dem.). Attorney-general (term four years), to succeed Frank Johnston (dem.). Auditor-general (term four years), to succeed W. W. Stone (dem.). Treasurer (term four years), to succeed J. J. Evans (dem.). Superintendent of education (term four years), to succeed T. R. Preston (dem.). Land commissioner (term four years), to succeed Edgar S. Wilson (dem.). Revenue agent (term four years), to succeed Wirt Adams (dem.).

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Judge of the supreme court (term six years), to succeed Josiah Given (rep.). A legislature to elect a United States senator, to succeed William B. Allison, whose term will expire March 3, 1897.

Kansas, November 5.—Chief justice of the supreme court (term one year), to succeed David Martin (rep.). Governor (term four years), to succeed John Young Brown (dem.).

Lieutenant-governor (term four years), to succeed M. C. Alford (dem.). Secretary of state (term four years), to succeed John W. Headley (dem.).

Treasurer (term four years), to succeed H. S. Hale (dem.). Auditor (term four years), to succeed L. C. Norman (dem.).

Superintendent of public instruction (term four years), to succeed E. Porter Thompson (dem.). Commissioner of agriculture (term four years), to succeed Nicholas McDowell (dem.).

Attorney-general (term four years), to succeed W. J. Hendricks (dem.). Adjutant-general (term four years), to succeed A. J. Gross (dem.).

Register of land office (term four years), to succeed G. E. Swango (dem.). Railroad commissioners (term four years), to succeed C. C. McCord, Urey Woodson, Charles B. Poyntz (dem.).

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Attorney-general (term one year), to succeed Hosea M. Knowlton (rep.). An executive council of eight members, of whom seven are republicans. A new legislature, to succeed the present senate of forty, of whom thirty-five are republicans, and a house of representatives of 246 members, of whom 206 are republicans.

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Mississippi, November 5.—Governor (term four years), to succeed John M. Stone (dem.). Lieutenant-governor (term four years), to succeed M. M. Evans (dem.). Secretary of state (term four years), to succeed George M. Govan (dem.).

Attorney-general (term four years), to succeed Frank Johnston (dem.). Auditor-general (term four years), to succeed W. W. Stone (dem.).

Treasurer (term four years), to succeed J. J. Evans (dem.). Superintendent of education (term four years), to succeed T. R. Preston (dem.).

Land commissioner (term four years), to succeed Edgar S. Wilson (dem.). Revenue agent (term four years), to succeed Wirt Adams (dem.).

Clerk of the supreme court (term four years), to succeed Oliver Clifton (dem.).

Three railroad commissioners (term four years), to succeed Walter McLaughlin, J. F. Sessions and J. H. Askew (dem.).

A legislature that will elect a United States senator to succeed James Z. George, whose term expires March 3, 1899. The legislature will elect at the first sitting of the four years' term for which it is elected.

A sheriff, chancery clerk, circuit clerk, treasurer, assessor, surveyor, coroner and ranger, and five members of the board of supervisors are to be chosen for each of the seventy-five counties of the state, together with from three to five justices of the peace and constables in the five supervisors' districts of the same counties.

Nebraska, November 5.—Justices of the supreme court (term six years), to succeed T. L. Norval (rep.). Two regents of the State university (term six years), to succeed C. H. Morrill and T. L. Knight (rep.).

New Jersey, November 5.—Governor (term three years), to succeed George T. Werts (dem.). Seven state senators (term three years), to succeed S. D. Hoffman (rep.) of Atlantic county, H. D. Winton (dem.) of Bergen county, E. C. Stokes (rep.) of Cumberland county, W. S. Daly (dem.) of Hudson county, E. C. Drake (dem.) of Morris county and G. G. Smith (rep.), of Ocean county.

Also, an entire assembly of sixty members. New York, November 5.—Secretary of state (term three years), to succeed John Palmer (rep.). Comptroller (term three years), to succeed James B. Roberts (rep.).

Treasurer (term three years), to succeed Addison B. Colvin (rep.). Attorney-general (term three years), to succeed Theodore D. Hancock (rep.). State engineer and surveyor (term three years), to succeed Campbell W. Adams (rep.).

Judge of the court of appeals (term fourteen years), to succeed Francis M. Finch (rep.). Also, an entire legislature, to consist of fifty senators, for terms of three years, and 150 assemblymen for terms of one year each. The senators chosen at this election will participate in the election of a United States senator to succeed David B. Hill, whose term will expire March 3, 1897. There will be also chosen at this election twelve judges of the supreme court (term fourteen years), in the eight judicial districts. These are new offices created by the constitution, which took effect January 1, 1895. The First and Second judicial districts will each choose three judges, the remaining six districts one judge each.

County judges will be chosen in twenty-four counties, district attorneys in thirty-five counties and county clerks and treasurers in ten counties.

A vote will also be taken upon the proposition to bond the state in the sum of \$9,000,000, to be applied to the deepening of the Erie and Oswego canals from seven to nine feet.

Ohio, November 5.—Governor (term two years), to succeed William McKinley (rep.). Lieutenant-governor (term two years), to succeed Andrew L. Harris (rep.).

Auditor of state (term four years), to succeed E. W. Poe (rep.). Treasurer of state (term two years), to succeed William T. Cope (rep.).

Judge of supreme court (term five years), to succeed Thaddeus A. Winshall (rep.). Attorney-general (term two years), to succeed John K. Richards (rep.).

Clerk of supreme court (term three years), to succeed Josiah B. Allen (rep.). Member of board of public works (term three years), to succeed Edward L. Lybarger (rep.).

There will also be elected a legislature, which will elect a successor to United States Senator Calvin S. Brice, whose term will expire March 3, 1897.

Pennsylvania election will be held November 5.—State treasurer (term three years), to succeed Samuel M. Jackson (rep.).

Also seven judges of the superior court (term ten years), a court recently created by the legislature and filled by Governor Hastings by the appointment of Judges James A. Beaver, John J. Wickham, E. N. Willard, George B. Orady, Charles E. Rice, Howard J. (rep.), Henry J. McCarthy (dem.). The law provides that one member of the court shall be a member of the minority party, no voter in the state being permitted to vote for more than six of the seven judges.

Utah, November 5.—Governor (term four years), to succeed C. W. West (dem.), appointed by President Cleveland.

Secretary of state (term four years), to succeed C. C. Richards (dem.), appointed by President Cleveland.

Attorney-general (term four years), to succeed J. W. Judd (dem.), United States attorney, appointed by President Cleveland.

Auditor (term four years), to succeed John T. Caine (dem.), appointed by Governor West.

Treasurer (term four years), to succeed J. W. Whitehead, Jr., (dem.), appointed by Governor West.

Superintendent of public instruction (term four years), to succeed T. B. Lewis (dem.), territorial commissioner of schools, appointed by the supreme court.

Representative in congress (term two years), to succeed Frank J. Cannon (rep.), elected November 6, 1894.

Three supreme court judges (terms three, five and seven years, to be determined by drawing after election), to succeed S. A. Merritt, W. H. King, H. W. Smith (dem.), appointed by President Cleveland; George W. Barch (rep.), appointed by President Harrison.

Also, a legislature, which will be entitled to choose two senators of the United States.

Advertisement for FUNK'S FOLDING DASH CHURN. Includes text: 'You Can Churn Inside of 9 Minutes with FUNK'S FOLDING DASH CHURN. MORE and BETTER BUTTER can be made with this Churn, from same amount of cream than any Churn in the market. No Iron Bearings to Color Butter. Every Churn warranted as represented. There are only two motions in Churning, one is the dash motion, up and down, and the circular motion. The circular keeps the cream running round without much effect, not breaking the globules; while the dash motion gives it a perfect hammering; hence the success of the dash churn over all others.' Includes an image of the churn and a woman operating it.

Advertisement for CHESTERTON PAINT MFG. CO. Includes text: 'WHY NOT BUY THE BEST? EAGLE BRAND Ready Mixed Paints. Try it once and you will use no other. For sale by all the LEADING DEALERS. CHESTERTON PAINT MFG. CO., Chesterton, Ind.' Includes an image of an eagle.

Advertisement for DON'T STOP TOBACCO. Includes text: 'IT'S INJURIOUS TO STOP SUDDENLY and don't be imposed upon by buying a remedy that requires you to do so, as it is nothing more than a substitute. In the sudden stoppage of tobacco you must have some stimulant, and in most all cases, the effect of the stimulant, be it opium, morphine, or other opiates, leaves a far worse habit contracted. Ask your druggist about BACO-CURO. It is purely vegetable. You do not have to stop using tobacco with BACO-CURO. It will notify you when to stop and your desire for tobacco will cease. Your system will be as free from nicotine as the day before you took your first chew or smoke. An iron-clad written guarantee to absolutely cure the tobacco habit in all its forms, or money refunded. Price \$1.00 per box or 3 boxes (30 days treatment and guaranteed cure) \$2.50. For sale by all druggists or will be sent by mail upon receipt of price. SEND SIX TWO CENT STAMPS FOR SAMPLE BOX. Booklets and proofs free. Eureka Chemical & Mfg Co., La Crosse, Wis.' Includes an image of a man smoking.

Advertisement for THE IOWA STANDARD SCALE. Includes text: 'THE IOWA STANDARD SCALE \$1800.00 GIVEN AWAY TO INVENTORS. \$150.00 every month given away to any one who applies through us for the most meritorious patent during the month preceding. We secure the best patents for our clients, and the object of this offer is to encourage inventors to keep track of their bright ideas. At the same time we wish to impress upon the public the fact that IT'S THE SIMPLE, TRIVIAL INVENTIONS THAT YIELD FORTUNES, such as the "car-window" which can be easily slid up and down without breaking the passenger's back, "saucer-gan," "collar-button," "nut-lock," "bottle-stopper," and a thousand other little things that most any one can find a way of improving; and these simple inventions are the ones that bring largest returns to the author. Try to think of something to invent. IT IS NOT SO HARD AS IT SEEMS. Patents taken out through us receive special notice in the "National Recorder," published at Washington, D. C., which is the best newspaper published in America in the interests of inventors. We furnish a year's subscription to this journal, free of cost, to all our clients. We also advertise, free of cost, the invention each month which wins our \$150 prize, and hundreds of thousands of copies of the "National Recorder," containing a sketch of the winner, a description of his invention, will be scattered throughout the United States among capitalists and manufacturers, thus bringing to their attention the merits of the invention. All communications regarded strictly confidential. Address JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Solicitors of American and Foreign Patents, 618 F Street, N. W., Box 385, Washington, D. C. Reference—editor of this paper. Write for our 50-page pamphlet, FREE.' Includes an image of a scale.

Advertisement for Citizens Livery. Includes text: 'Citizens Livery AND SALE STABLE Good Rigs Day or Night Also Omnibus and Dray Line in Connection. 12 Bus Tickets for \$1.00 H. G. ROBINSON, PLYMOUTH, MICH. I wish to inform the public that I am prepared to do anything in the line of PLUMBING Steam Fitting Gas Fitting and Sanitary work of all kinds. I do the work myself, and, as far as prices are concerned, do not bar Detroit or any other city. A full line of gas pipe, water fixtures, and all necessary appliances for water works always on hand. Respectfully, James Hewett General Plumber and Contractor.' Includes an image of a horse-drawn carriage.

Advertisement for FRANKLIN HOUSE. Includes text: 'FRANKLIN HOUSE DETROIT, MICH. It is well before leaving home, whether for business or pleasure, to decide upon a hotel and thereby avoid confusion. When you visit Detroit we would be pleased to have you stop at the old "Franklin House," cor. Larned and Baker Sts., where you will have a good meal and a clean bed at moderate rates. The house has been renovated from top to bottom, and is now in first-class condition. Respectfully, H. H. JAMES. Meals, 35c. Lodging, 50c. Per Day, \$1.50.' Includes an image of the Franklin House building.

Makes the Weak Strong

Hood's Sarsaparilla tones and strengthens the digestive organs, creates an appetite, and gives a refreshing sleep. Remember

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the one True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills the after-dinner pill and family cathartic. 25c.

Built Himself a Wooden Elke.

An employe at the Kentucky Wagon Works, Louisville, who is somewhat of an artist in his line, has gone all the builders of novelty bicycles one better, and has constructed a wheel entirely of wood. The frame is of bent hickory, and the wheels, axles, etc., are of wood, but it is a flyer, and few wheels of high grade wheels are able to pass it on the street. The machine, as it comes tearing down the granite streets, bearing its owner to and from his work, rattles like a road wagon, attracting considerable attention, and creating a great deal of amusement, but the rider gets there just the same. It answers his purpose and saves car fare.

Entitled to Her Say.

The story of a scene at a funeral at the Mount Moriah Baptist Church, on Bull Skin Creek, has reached this place. Miss Madie Walsh had died apparently and the funeral was being held at the church. When the coffin was opened for a last look several persons declared the girl was not dead. The undertaker noticed a spasmodic motion of the girl's hand. In a moment the supposed corpse rose and sat up in the coffin, exclaiming: "Thank God!" She said she was conscious all the time, but could give no sign.

A GREAT EXPENSE

To Carry on an Almost Helpless Fight. —At Last the Fight is Over.

(From the Battle Creek Moon.)

Our representative called at 26 Battle Creek Avenue, the residence of S. I. Robbins and in an interview with him brought out the following facts. Mr. Robbins tells of his wife's experience in a manner that carries conviction with his words. He says: "I am sorry my wife is not at home this P. M., but no one knows better than I how she has suffered during past years. For twenty years she has been afflicted with the various forms of kidney complaint and an enlargement of the liver. She was often confined to her bed for more than two weeks at a time suffering untold agony. She has doctored constantly, and I have paid out in doctors' bills for her alone as much as \$3000.00, and then her relief was only such that she would be able to be around for a spell. Some time ago she felt the symptoms of another attack coming on, such as a pain in through the kidneys and back. I hardly know what induced me to get a box of Doan's Kidney Pills, instead of sending for the family physician; however, I got some and she commenced their use. It was a surprise to us both to see their action; the attack was warded off, and she continued taking them with marked improvement each day of their use. She is better now than she has been in years, the pain in the back and others in the kidneys have entirely gone. Hardly a day goes by that we do not mention the great good Doan's Kidney Pills have done her. I was always opposed to patent medicines, but confess that my wife's experience with Doan's Kidney Pills has done much to change my opinions. If it were not for those pills she would not have been able to be out this afternoon.

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers—price, 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name, Doan's, and take no other.

SWAMP The Great
KIDNEY,
LIVER &
BLADDER
CURE.
At Druggists, 50c & \$1.
Advice & Pamphlet free.
Dr. Kilmer & Co., Blinhamton, N. Y.

ASK YOUR DRUGGIST FOR

IMPERIAL GRANUM
IT IS
THE BEST
FOOD
FOR
Dyspeptic, Delicate, Infirm and
AGED PERSONS
JOHN CARLE & SONS, New York.

UNIVERSITY OF NOTRE DAME.
THE FIFTY-SECOND YEAR WILL OPEN
TUESDAY, SEPT. 30, 1895.
Full courses in Classics, Letters, Science, Law, Civil and Mechanical Engineering, Thorough Preparation for Commerce, etc. St. Francis Hall for boys under 13 in charge of the superior staff of teachers. Catalogue sent free on application to Rev. Andrew McManister, C. S. C., Notre Dame, Ind.

BLOOD POISON
A SPECIALTY Primary, Secondary or Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently cured in 15 to 30 days. You can be treated in your home for same price under same guarantee. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bill and no charge. If you fall to cure, if you have taken mercury, iodine, potassium, and still have active patches, it is the Secondary BLOOD POISON we guarantee to cure. We will send you a pamphlet and also the name of the nearest physician. Address: **DR. C. W. KEMPEY, CO., 201 N. Dearborn St., CHICAGO, ILL.**
Cut Out and send this Advertisement.

PISO'S CURE FOR
GOUT, GRAVEL, RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, MIGRAINE, SCIATICA, BRUISES, SWELLINGS, AND ALL AFFECTIONS OF THE URINARY SYSTEM.



CHAPTER IX.—(Continued.)

It devised the entire estate, including slaves, and excepting one thousand dollars per annum, to Samuel, the oldest son—to Joseph Blake, son of Jefferson Blake, and grandson of the testator. And it provided that, until the return of Joseph, and proof of his identity, the elder son, Samuel, and Myra, wife of Jefferson, should remain in joint charge and occupancy of the estate, dividing the income equally between them.

When, two weeks later, Vivette received a letter from her father, announcing the cessation of cholera in the city, and inviting her return, she and Adolf bid farewell to Gray Sulphur Springs and returned to Cincinnati.

CHAPTER X.

A LOST MEDAL—ADOLF DEPARTS—A WEDDING ANNIVERSARY.

Then she looked in her reticule for the medal. The notes were not there. She searched her traveling bag, her portfolio, her pocket book and the bosom of her dress; they were nowhere to be found.

"I had the little book in my hand just before we left the ferryboat and entered the carriage. We took a hack—No. 29, for I observed it—I must have dropped it in the carriage—or possibly in the boat. But it is no matter. I have it every word in my memory. The Blake family has had a strange history, and I can remember it all."

"That will do, Vivette, for the present. You are a good girl and have done well. Say nothing to Adolf about this—nor to any one—now or hereafter. Come up to my room after supper and tell me all you can remember."

Then Adolf and Vivette, returning from Gray Sulphur Springs, crossed the ferry from Newport to Cincinnati, they turned the team over to a veterinary surgeon at the landing to treat one of the horses which had fallen lame, and took a carriage for their home on Lower Market street. It was a joyful meeting between Vivette and her father, and mutual congratulations passed between them on their escape from cholera. But soon as Vivette entered her father's bedroom, she exclaimed:

"Oh, papa! some one has been sick here."

Then seeing in her father's face an expression of assent, she added:

and I looked after him and took the doctor's orders and saw to the giving of the medicine—that's all. It was cholera, the doctor said, that cured him."

Old Charley laughed a low chuckle, and said:

"My doctor said No. 6 cured me, and that cholera was even worse than cholera! But we are all alike. We laugh at the doctors and decry their remedies while we are well; but no sooner are we sick than we call for both—cholera or 'No. 6'—it's all the same. I got well on a bushel of boiled oats!"

"Why, papa?" exclaimed Vivette.

"I didn't swallow them, of course, Vivette. They just wrapped me up in the oats boiling hot; never felt anything so reviving in my life."

After Adolf went out, and father and daughter were alone, Old Charley took a small memorandum book, and with pencil in hand, requested Vivette to give him a statement of all she had learned of the people at Gray Sulphur Springs.

"But I have it already written down in full, papa; you will not need to write."

Then she looked in her reticule for the memorandum. The notes were not there. She searched her traveling bag, her portfolio, her pocket book and the bosom of her dress; they were nowhere to be found.

"I had the little book in my hand just before we left the ferryboat and entered the carriage. We took a hack—No. 29, for I observed it—I must have dropped it in the carriage—or possibly in the boat. But it is no matter. I have it every word in my memory. The Blake family has had a strange history, and I can remember it all."

"The Blakewell family you mean?"

"No; their name is Blake—not Blakewell."

"And you are sure of that?"

"Perfectly sure: there was 'Old Tom' Blake, as everybody called the father—he died while we were there, poor old man!—and his son, 40 years old or more—Sam Blake (they only use half the name in Kentucky, it seems); Sam is the host and general superintendent at the Springs; and Mrs. Myra Blake—a very nice lady (she and I became friends); and this Myra Blake's the widow of a lost son named 'Jeff'—Jefferson I suppose—who has not been heard of for thirteen years."

"That will do, Vivette, for the present. You are a good girl and have done well. Say nothing to Adolf about this—nor to any one—now or hereafter. Come up to my room after supper and tell me all you can remember."

Then Adolf and Vivette, returning from Gray Sulphur Springs, crossed the ferry from Newport to Cincinnati, they turned the team over to a veterinary surgeon at the landing to treat one of the horses which had fallen lame, and took a carriage for their home on Lower Market street. It was a joyful meeting between Vivette and her father, and mutual congratulations passed between them on their escape from cholera. But soon as Vivette entered her father's bedroom, she exclaimed:

"Oh, papa! some one has been sick here."

Then seeing in her father's face an expression of assent, she added:

"Oh, why did you not send for me?"

"What would I have done?" inquired Adolf, with a quizzical look.

Then it was Old Charley's turn to be surprised!

"And you have had cholera, Adolf, as well as I? Who nursed you?"

"I owe my life to Vivette. But where in this panic-stricken city, uncle, could a nurse be found for you?"

"I was very sick," replied Moller; "had a quack doctor who cured me by steam. He sent two young men to nurse me—God bless 'em!"

"God bless them, indeed!" responded Vivette. "Adolf had cholera at the Springs, but did not reach the stage of collapse. Everybody was frightened,

"You are a good girl, Vivette. Did

Mr. Gust write to you?—how is it, my pet?"

"He wrote to me once; I could not prevent that."

"And didn't want to very much, eh?" (not unpleasantly). "Did he say anything about my attack of cholera?"

"Not a word. Of course he did not know of it, or he would have told me."

"No, he would not. He did know it; but he knew also I would not wish you to learn of my sickness until your return." Then after a brief hesitation,

"Vivette, it was Joseph Gust nursed me all through that terrible agony!"

The girl started, suppressed an exclamation, but made no response.

"Do you know anything of Joe Gust's history? Has he told you any of his suspicions as to his parentage? Have you heard anything about that matter in any way?"

"Not a word, papa, from him or from others. Why, papa?"

"Very good. Do not ask him if you meet—as I suppose you will."

"You did not forbid that, papa?"

"No; I do not now forbid it. Has your cousin Adolf asked your hand?"

"He has."

"You rejected him?"

"It gave me great pain to do so, on your account, papa—and his."

"I can not doubt your word, my daughter; but you know the alternative?"

"I pledged you not to marry without your approval. I can not break my word, even—"

"Even for Joe Gust, my pet? Never mind, keep your pledge. And now for the Gray Sulphur."

And for two hours Vivette recited to her father what she had learned of the Blakes and their history—Moller taking notes in his memorandum book. At length he said:

"And neither yourself nor anybody else has any suspicion as to what became of Jeff Blake—and the boy?"

"I have none, certainly; and I know that Mrs. Blake has none. She told me all her feelings. She is a noble woman, papa."

"Good night, my daughter. It is getting late."

And when Vivette had retired, Old Charley talked to himself:

"Get the whole story—old Tom was his grandfather—Sam Blakewell his uncle—great scoundrel—father was Jeff—high life folks, and rich—Joe's a man all over—has got Kentucky blood—gets the whole estate by the will—sorry for Adolf, though; couldn't be helped—bad about the medal; but the wax will cure that—and that lost memorandum may breed trouble."

And so he mumbled on for half an hour, when he prepared for bed, saying as he tumbled in:

"I'll bring Mr. Sam Blakewell to time!" And in ten minutes he snored like one with a clear conscience.

And now Adolf Moller was preparing for his return to New Orleans. He had been met with such an emphatic "No" from his cousin Vivette's lips—all regardless of his feelings though it had been—that he abandoned his suit in despair, though he loved her all the more. He had never read a certain now oft-quoted poem, but he meditated on what "might have been," like one forsaken of all men as well as one woman. But Vivette kissed him good-bye when he left with much honest cousinly warmth, but not a spark of love. And Adolf left for New Orleans wise enough to be thankful for what he got, remembering Dr. Goforth's philosophy, and regretting that he was not six feet high in his stockings.

A few days after Adolf Moller had departed for New Orleans, Mr. Joseph Gust, junior, called at Charley Moller's jewelry store to say that he had been commissioned by his father and mother to invite Mr. Moller and daughter to be present at the thirty-first anniversary of their marriage. And he requested that the old man should communicate the invitation to his daughter.

"They deserve to be your father and mother, Joe—excuse me; I knew you as 'Little Joe' when you did not know yourself—and for Gust's sake—I have known him for twenty years—and for yours, Mr.—Gust, I would like to be there. But I never go out. Vivette will go; she is in her room; she would be pleased to have her invitation at first hands. Will you go up?—first door to the right above stairs?"

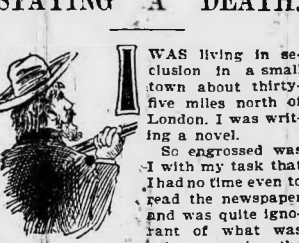
Gust needed no urging; he went at once.

Vivette was pleased, and promised to go, of course. It had been long since they had met under her father's roof, though they had frequently met elsewhere; and her father had himself sent him up; they discussed this fact, and wondered what might be its import. They did not talk tender nonsense; their love was too well established for that; and arranging that Gust was to call for her at 8 in the evening, the long-battered lovers separated with hope renewed.

At the appointed hour there were gathered at the pleasant home of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Gust, a small and select (because carefully selected) company. Among these, Rev. William Burky, ("Billy Burky" as everybody called him), was certainly the most noted. He had, in his day, tied the marriage knot more frequently than any man west of the mountains. A marriage performed by any other was hardly a marriage at all. And when he pronounced the ceremony complete, by saying way down in his throat, betwixt a chuckle and a growl, "In accordance with the law of God and of the state of Ohio, I pronounce you husband and wife," every one present felt that if the knot slipped it was not the fault of Billy Burky. He had lost his voice straining to reach refractory sinners at "camp-meetings" many years before, and he ever after that spoke in a bull-frog whisper—hoarse, but cheery. Fat, rosy, jolly, sociable, with a kind word for all, Rev. William Burky was a favorite with old and young.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

STAYING A DEATH.



I WAS living in seclusion in a small town about thirty-five miles north of London. I was writing a novel.

So engrossed was I with my task that I had no time even to read the newspaper and was quite ignorant of what was going on in the world.

It was a little after 8 o'clock one evening in April that I finished the second volume of my work. It was with great satisfaction that I wrote, and with considerable flourish, too, the words, "End of Volume the Second."

It was useless doing any more that night, so I put on my hat and coat and started off for an evening stroll. I had no sooner stepped into the street than a boy accosted me with a bundle of papers under his arm and the request, "Buy an evening paper."

I bought one, put it in my pocket, and resumed my walk.

My landlady had brought in my supper, and, as my walk had given me an appetite, it was with no small pleasure that I viewed a goodly joint of cold beef awaiting my attack.

I had laid the newspaper on the table when entering the room, intending to read it during supper, but it was not till I had lit a pipe and subsided into a cozy armchair by the fire that I unfolded the sheet of printed matter.

Therefore I looked at the "leader." Something about a new "Greek loan." That didn't interest me. I skipped through the little items of news and hurried jottings and summaries peculiar to our evening papers. Presently my eye was caught with the following paragraph heading:

"Impending Execution of the Cliffold Murderer."

"The murderer of the unfortunate James Renfrew will be hanged tomorrow morning at 8 o'clock. The wretched man, whose name—Charles Fenthurst—is now in everybody's mouth, still persists in his plea of innocence."

The name of Fenthurst was most familiar to me. I had formed a deep friendship with a man of that name. He was a good fifteen years my senior and had died about two years previously. I knew he had a son named Charles, a young fellow, who had emigrated to south Africa early in life. Could this be the same man? I read on:

"It will be remembered that at the trial the strongest circumstantial evidence was brought to bear upon Fenthurst. The murder took place in a house on the outskirts of the small town of Cliffold."

It was proved that Fenthurst was in the habit of frequenting Renfrew's premises and that, apparently, he was expected there on the evening in question. He was seen near the place soon after the crime was committed and several other proofs of a strongly condemnatory character were also laid against him.

"He has persisted from the first, however, in maintaining that he was absent from Cliffold at the very time the murder took place. This was about 7 o'clock in the evening. At that hour he says he was returning from London, where



"OH! YOU'VE COME TO, HAVE YOU?"

he had been spending part of the day. Only one witness, he says, could prove this, and this is an individual who traveled with him as far as P— and entered into conversation with him. Advertisements have been inserted in all the papers by Fenthurst's legal advisers, but as no answer has been forthcoming, it is generally believed that the whole story is a myth. The murder was committed on February 6. Since his condemnation the prisoner has been confined in Silkminster jail, where his execution will take place."

Astonishment and dismay confronted me as I laid the paper down. I was the missing witness they had so vainly sought.

I had entered into conversation on the return journey with the only other occupant of my compartment, a young man with a small black bag, on which were painted the letters "C. F." I remembered all this distinctly. In order to make sure I snatched up my diary and quickly turned to the date of the murder, February 6. There was the entry.

The horror of the situation now flashed upon me. A man's life—the life of my old friend's son—depended upon me.

I looked at my watch. It was just 11 o'clock. Hurriedly I dragged on my boots, thinking the while what I should do.

My first impulse was to rush to the telegraph office. Then, with dismay, I remembered that it was shut for the night after 8 o'clock and that the postmaster took the 8:30 train to a large town about five miles off, leaving the office for the night in the charge of a caretaker, and returning by an early train the next morning.

Then I thought of going to the police (there were just two constables and a sergeant in our little town), but what could they do more than I?

Madly I threw on my hat and rushed out. I ran in a mechanical way to the post-office.

Then I started for the railway station. This was about half a mile from town. As I hurried along, I thought, with fresh dismay, that this would also prove a fruitless errand, for the last train to Silkminster was the 8:30 p. m.

Should I wait till the morning and

telegraph? I remembered that the office did not open till 8 o'clock.

I had, by this time, reached the station. Of course it was all shut up and all the lights were out except those in the signal lamps for the night express. It is now 11:30. Was there any hope? Yes!

At this moment my eye caught a light in the signal box, about a quarter of a mile up the line. I could see the signalman in his box, the outline of his figure standing out against the light within.

I looked at my watch; the down express from London was almost due. I would make a rush for that signal box, and compel the occupant to put the signal against it and stop it.

Even as I reached the rails, a semaphore signal that was near me fell flat its arm, and the red light changed into a brilliant green. Would there be time?

It was very dark, and I stumbled over and over again. I had cleared about half the distance, when I heard the ominous roar ahead, and in a few seconds could distinguish the distant glitter of the engine's lamp-head bearing towards me.

At that instant my eye fell upon a ghastly-looking structure by the side of the track, looming grimly through the darkness. It resembled a one-arm gallows with a man dangling from it!

This strange looking apparition was none other than a mail bag suspended from a post—in fact, part of the apparatus by which a train going at full speed picks up the mails.

A mad and desperate idea took possession of me. The train that was bearing down, and that would reach me in one minute, should pick me up with the mails. If I could hang on to that bag so that it came between me and the net, it would break the force of the shock, and the net would receive me as well as the bag.

The bag hung just over my head. I jumped at it, seized it, drew myself up parallel with it, held it firmly at the top, where it swung by a hook, and drew my legs up so as to present as small a compass as possible.

Then I waited. It was but a few seconds, but it seemed hours. I heard the roar of the approaching train. Then the engine dashed past me.

I shall never forget the row of lighted carriages passing about a foot away from me—closer even than that, I suppose—and I hanging and waiting for the crash to come.

And it came. There was a dull thud—a whirr and a rush, and all was dark.

When I came to my senses I was lying on the floor of the postal van. Two men in their shirt sleeves were busily engaged in sorting letters at a rack. I felt bruised and stiff all over, and I found that my left arm was bound in a sling, made out of a handkerchief.

"Where are we?" I asked.

"Oh, you've come to, have you?" said one of them. "Now, perhaps you'll give an account of yourself. It's precious lucky you're here at all, let me tell you, for if you had been a taller man we should only have got a part of you in the net. As it is, you've got your collar bone broken. Now, perhaps you'll speak out; and look here, if we find you've been dodging the police, don't you go thinking you'll give 'em the slip any further. The mail van isn't a refuge of that sort."

They would not believe me at first. Luckily, though, I had put the evening paper, and my diary in my pocket, so I showed them the paragraph and the entry. They were civil enough then.

"Well, sir, we shall be in Silkminster about 2, or a little later. I hope you'll be able to save the poor beggar. You must excuse our turning to work again, and the best thing for you will be to rest yourself."

Before he went to work again the other one said:

"What a pity you never thought of a better way out of the difficulty than coming in here so sudden like."

"What was that?"

"Why, you should have got the signalman to telegraph to Silkminster; he could have done it all right."

"What an idiot I had been after all! However, I should be in time to stop the execution."

A little after 3 we drew up at Silkminster station. There was a policeman on the platform, and I at once told my story to him, the result being that we drove around to the jail and insisted upon seeing the governor.

Of course, he was deeply interested in what I had to tell him, and at once made arrangements to stop the execution. The home secretary was communicated with by means of special wire. Fortunately he happened to be in town, and after a couple of hours anxious suspense, a reprieve was received from him.

Little remains to be told. I soon identified the condemned man as the person whom I had met in the train. He also turned out to be the son of my old friend, as I had fully expected. After the due formalities he was discharged, and about a fortnight afterward the real murderer was discovered and captured.

DOLLARS AND CENTS.

The little state of Delaware might be bought for \$59,951,643.

In 1891 there were \$407,000,000 in gold, and \$59,000,000 in silver.

South Carolina's wealth of all kinds is estimated at \$133,560,135.

There are over \$120,000,000 worth of hats now worn by our people.

Oregon, with all its resources, is estimated to be worth \$52,522,094.

The state of Louisiana, sugar plantations and all, is worth \$160,162,459.

The state of Colorado was estimated at the last census at \$74,471,693.

Washington, including real and personal property, is valued at \$23,810,693.

The most marked increase in value in this country has been in the land.

There are believed to be over 40,000,000 watches in use among our people.

In 1880 over \$2,000,000 worth of property was legally exempt from taxation.

The great state of California was valued by the assessors of 1890 at \$584,578,036.

Utah, including the improvements made by the Mormons, is worth \$24,775,279.

The Dakotas were rated in the eleventh census as having a wealth of \$22,321,530.

The Lone Star State of Texas has in its enormous territory a wealth of \$239,364,815.

The state of Alabama, including cotton fields and iron mines, is worth \$122,867,253.

Crop Report.

The estimates in this report are based on more than 800 returns received since August 1. Wheat is estimated to yield in the southern counties 10.38 bushels; in the central 12.14 bushels and in the northern 11.48 bushels per acre, the average for the State being 10.91 bushels per acre.

The number of bushels of wheat reported marketed in July is 437,804 as compared with 847,972 reported marketed in July, 1894, and the amount marketed in the twelve months, August-July is 11,007,604 bushels as compared with 15,148,278 bushels in the same months last year.

Oats are estimated to yield 22 bushels per acre in the southern counties, 23 in the central, and 17 in the northern, the average for the State being 21.

The average condition of corn is 79 per cent, comparison being with vitality and growth of average years, and potatoes in the State are estimated to yield 70 per cent of an average crop.

The estimated yield of hay per acre is only three-fourths of the yield in average years, and the condition of meadows and pastures is but 31 per cent of condition in average years.

Apples promise scarcely more than one-fourth of an average crop.

The mean temperature of the State for July was 67.8 degrees, which is about 1.0 degree below the normal. It was below the normal in each of the four sections of the State.

The average precipitation in the State during July was 1.28 inches, which was about one-half the normal. The average in the southern four tiers of counties was 1.62 inches as compared with the normal of 2.51 inches.

There was practically no rainfall in the lower peninsula before about the middle of the month. Three light rains have since passed over the State, the first occurring on the 15th, the second on the 19th to 21st, and the third on the 27th to 29th.

Meads Mills.

Miss Clara Benton is visiting in Detroit for a few days.

C. E. Rogers and wife visited Island Lake last Friday.

Mrs. White, of Canton, visited relatives at this place last Sunday.

Mrs. Abbey, of Walled Lake, spent last Thursday with Mrs. D. Barber.

Harry King and family visited at Ypsilanti, a week ago last Sunday.

Miss Avis Green and brother Matt, visited with Novi friends last week.

Mrs. Cable and Mrs. Arthur, of Plymouth, visited Cal. Thomas last week.

Mr. Root and wife, of Novi, visited relatives at this place, a few days last week.

Miss Sadie Hughes, is in Detroit with her uncle, Frank Hughes, for a short visit.

Mrs. Wilkins, of Northville, was a visitor at Charles Clement's one day last week.

A number from this place "took in" the soldier's encampment at Island Lake, last Sunday.

The school house is now ready for occupancy. The repairs it has received will make it much warmer.

Nothing Succeeds like Success.

The success of the Speer N. J. Wine Co. in producing an extra quality of grape brandy is marvelous. They rely alone on the grape for body and flavor, and hence there is a wide and growing demand for this brandy, which rivals the old brands of Cognac, France.

Nothing is finer or richer than Speer's Old Cognac Brandy and his old port five to fifteen years old. For table use their claret, sauternes, Burgundies and P. J. sherry are unsurpassed. For the sick room, hospital and sacramental purposes their unfermented grape juice is recommended and used by both physicians and divines. Sold by druggists.

Sunday Excursion to Island Lake and Grand Ledge.

Probably the last chance to see Grand Ledge on Sunday this year, and surely the last chance to see Island Lake. Spiritualist's camp meeting will close soon, so if you want to attend it you'd better go on this date.

Of course you want to visit Grand Ledge again. It's a delightful place to spend Sunday and the fare is very low. Special train will leave Plymouth Aug. 25 at 8:45 a. m., and leave Grand Ledge at 8:00 p. m. Round trip rates—to Island Lake \$0.35—to Grand Ledge \$0.75.

L. M. FULLER, Chief Clerk.

Novi.

Miss Lulu Becker is visiting in Detroit. Miss Lizzie Taylor spent last Sunday at South Lyon.

Mrs. George Sutton spent a part of last week with her daughter, Mrs. Simons.

Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Kirk, of South Lyon, spent Monday with friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Tibbits entertained the former's sister, of Chicago, last week.

Miss Lizzie Taylor left for Detroit Friday. She will take a lake trip with Detroit friends.

Mrs. Anna Smith and Miss Minta Coates spent Wednesday at Northville, guests of Mrs. Walter Leonard.

Livonia.

Did you find any use for your overcoat last Saturday?

Miss Ethel McKeen, of Detroit, visited at P. Chilson's last week.

The potato vines on the low land of this town have been struck by the blight.

Wm. Barrows and wife, of Detroit, visited friends at this place last Saturday.

Paul Helm has quite a curiosity at his place, it being a chicken with four legs.

Report says one of our young men starts for Chicago on his wheel this week.

Mrs. J. C. Fairchild, of Detroit, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. Turnbull, of this village.

The social held at the house of John Bentley was a very pleasant affair. Everybody reports a good time.

Your correspondent made a bad mistake last week. It was Charles Kuhnour, highway commissioner, who built the bridge, instead of Charles Helm, as reported.

There seems to be a number of young men and boys in this town, who take delight in hanging everything they can lay their hands upon. They had better stop at once, as they are watched, and may get themselves into a trap.

Matthew B. Shaw died at his father's home in the east part of town, Aug. 8, after a painful illness of many months. The funeral was held in the Baptist church at Bedford Center last Sunday, and he was laid to rest beside the remains of his wife, who died several years ago. He leaves an aged father and several brothers and sisters to mourn his loss.

Salem.

The Cherry Hill nine played the third game with our boys Friday, and for "various reasons" came off victorious.

Rev. Conrad, of the Baptist church, of this place, and Rev. A. L. Lockert, of Milford will exchange pulpits next Sunday. Those who have heard Rev. Lockert will be pleased to learn of this contemplated exchange.

The social at E. T. Walker's on Friday evening was a grand success, about 200 people were present and a good time was reported. Mr. and Mrs. Walker always do the handsome by the way of entertaining company.

Thomas Heenev, who has been under the doctor's care for several weeks, is very little better at this writing. His two brothers are visiting him at present.

The Lutheran society has purchased the old Congregational church at the Summit. They have re-shingled and plastered the building, and are now treating it to a coat of paint, which adds greatly to its appearance. The repairs to the structure were indispensable, as it is several years since it has been used as a place of worship.

Notwithstanding the severe drought in the early part of the season, crops are better in this locality than many predicted.

A ride through the country reveals the fact that corn has attained an excellent growth in the stalk, and is earing uncommonly well. If the frost holds off for three weeks longer farmers will have an abundance of good corn, excepting on very heavy clay soil, where it failed to get a good start before the drought commenced.

We have noticed (or fancied we did) a far away lingering kind of expression resting at times on the visage of our genial friend, Will Thayer, ever since he left the U. S. fish hatchery and took up the occupation of farmer. But recently we have observed a change. Will is again feeding fish and a satisfied smile rests upon his face. We think it is not all owing to the return to his former position, however, but attribute some of those smiles of satisfaction to the arrival in his home of a fine young daughter recently.

On Thursday of this week, at James Murray's grove near the center of the town, will be held the annual Sunday school picnic of the five schools of Salem township. A great big time is expected, and an excellent program has been prepared for the occasion.

During the winter of 1893, F. M. Martin, of Long Beach, West Va., contracted a severe cold which left him with a cough. In speaking of how he cured it he says: "I used several different kinds of cough syrup, but found no relief until I bought a bottle of Chamberlain's cough remedy, which relieved me almost instantly, and in a short time brought about a complete cure." When troubled with a cough for cold use this remedy and you will not find it necessary to try several kinds before you get relief. It has been on the market for over 20 years, and constantly grows in favor and popularity. For sale at 25 and 50 cents per bottle by Dr. J. G. Meller, druggist.

YEARS OF INTENSE PAIN.

Dr. J. H. Watts, druggist and physician, Humboldt, Neb., who suffered with heart disease for four years, trying every remedy and all treatments known to himself and fellow-practitioners, believes that heart disease is curable. He writes: "I wish to tell what your valuable medicine has done for me. For four years I had heart disease of the very worst kind. Several physicians I consulted, and it was Rheumatism of the Heart.



DR. J. H. WATTS. I finally tried

Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure, and was surprised at the result. It put new life into me and made a new man of me. I have not had a symptom of trouble since and I am satisfied your medicine has cured me for I have now enjoyed, since taking it

Three Years of Splendid Health. I might add that I am a druggist and have sold and recommended your Heart Cure, for I know what it has done for me and only wish I could state more clearly my suffering then and the good health I now enjoy. Your Nerve and other remedies also give excellent satisfaction." J. H. WATTS.

Humboldt, Neb., May 9, '94. Dr. Miles Heart Cure is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at \$1.50 bottles for \$5, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure Restores Health

will be run this year on Thursday, August 29, affording an opportunity for everybody to visit the resorts of northern Michigan with little expense. The train will run as usual via Grand Rapids and the West Michigan scenic line, the popular route to Charlevoix, Petoskey and Bay View.

The beautiful scenery along this line north of Traverse City is alone sufficient attraction to make the trip a delightful one.

Tickets will be good to return on all regular trains until Sept. 7th, inclusive. Train will leave Plymouth at 8:45 a. m., stopping at Grand Rapids 39 minutes for dinner and arriving at Traverse City at 8:45 p. m.

Charlevoix 8:15 p. m., Petoskey—Bay View 8:50 p. m. Round trip rate to either point \$5.00.

Stops will also be made at Manistee Crossing (for Manistee), Thompsonville (for Frankfort), and at all stations north of Traverse City, to let off passengers. Baggage will be checked accordingly. No stop-off allowed on tickets.

There's great fishing along the line north of Traverse City. Take your fish line with you. L. M. FULLER, C. C. P. D. (411-15)

It will be an agreeable surprise to people subject to attacks of bilious colic to learn that prompt relief may be had by taking Chamberlain's cholera, cholera, and diarrhoea remedy. In many instances the attack may be prevented by taking this remedy as soon as the first symptoms of the disease appear. 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by Dr. J. G. Meller, druggist.

VACATION DAYS.

A Delightful Place to Spend Them.

The approach of vacation days is a time for selecting some interesting place for a summer outing. A few places combine so many advantages that will quickly suggest themselves when vacation plans are canvassed. One of these is always Bay View, rich in varied recreational delights, social and educational advantages, and growing more interesting every year. This season's summer announcements are particularly attractive, filling nearly sixty pages of the Bay View Magazine, and beautiful with a hundred halftone views. The Flint and Pere Marquette Railroad has secured a quantity of the magazines, and placed a liberal supply at their ticket office in this place for the public.

All persons planning a vacation, or intending to attend some summer school will be interested in the Bay View announcements. The public is invited to call for copies.

The F. & P. M. R. R. will as usual make very low rates to Bay View. Besides the low priced summer tourist tickets now on sale, half fare tickets to Bay View will be sold from July 8 to 17, inclusive, return limit August 15th. 416

Don't Stop Tobacco.

How to Cure Yourself While Using It.

The tobacco habit grows on a man until his nervous system is seriously affected, impairing health, comfort and happiness. To quit suddenly is too severe a shock to the system, as tobacco, to an inveterate user becomes a stimulant that his system continually craves. Baco-Curo is a scientific cure for the tobacco habit, in all its forms, carefully compounded after the formula of an eminent Berlin Physician who has used it in his private practice since 1873, without a failure, purely vegetable and guaranteed perfectly harmless. You can use all the tobacco you want, while taking Baco-Curo, it will notify you when to stop. We give a written guarantee to permanently cure any case with three boxes, or refund the money with 10 per cent interest. Baco-Curo is not a substitute, but a scientific cure, that cures without the aid of will power and with no inconvenience. It leaves the system as pure and free from nicotine as the day you took your first chew or smoke. Sold by all druggists, with our ironclad guarantee, at \$1.00 per box, three boxes, (thirty days treatment), \$3.00, or sent direct upon receipt of price. SEND SIX TWO-CENT STAMPS FOR SAMPLE BOX, BOOKLET AND PROOF'S FREE. Eureka Chemical & Manufacturing Chemists, LaCrosse, Wisconsin.

ALL ON THE QUIET

We wish to say that we do not Carry AEOLIAN INSTRUMENTS— But we do carry the most complete line of Drugs, Patent Medicines, Paints, Oils, Brushes, Combs, Toilet Soaps, Tooth Brushes, Sponges, Chamios, Perfumes, Dyes, Tube Paints, Tooth Powders, Stationery, Confectionery, Fruits, Zenoleum, Antiseptic Wall Paper Cleaner,

In the City. CHAFFEE, HUNTER & LAUFFER'S. Groceries, Provisions,

Canned Goods, Sweet Cakes, Fancy Crackers, Pan Cake Flour, Breakfast Flakes, Hornby Steam Cooked Oat Meal, Prunes, Jelly Cured Apricots, Salt White Fish, Good Friday Mackerel, Codfish, Heinz Bros. Sweet Pickles, Olives in Bulk, Rifle Nut Ginger Snaps, Reception Flakes, Sultana Fruit, Family Pretzelettes, Soda Crackers, Graham or Oat Meal Wafers, Reception Tea Pepsin Crackers, Cracknells, Lemon and Vanilla Wafers, Coconut Taffy, Banner Salt Crackers,

The Finest Mocha and Java Coffee Best Black, Green, and Ceylon Teas.

Are what you want, we have them. PRICES RIGHT—GOODS FIRST-CLASS—FREE DELIVERY,

AT "93" PHARMACY

If You Want Stale Groceries, High Prices, Poor Treatment, etc., Don't Go to Cable's.

Our stock is Fresh and we aim to please. "Wonderful Dream" Salve, at our store. Try our "CC" Prize Coffee. We are Headquarters for School Supplies.

L. E. CABLE.

\$\$ Saved \$\$

By buying your Gasoline Stoves of Huston & Co. Six left, price from \$4 to \$20 Also two Lawn Mowers at \$2 75 Ice Cream Freezers from \$1 50 to \$2 25 3 ply Rubber Hose 8c per ft.

New Stock of Cook Stoves and Ranges ready to show you any time at

HUSTON & CO.'S Cash Hardware.

M. CONNER & SON Hardware Merchants.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

THE BEST SALVE in the World for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Furred Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chafed Feet, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For Sale By John L. Gale.

DO YOU WANT TO STOP TOBACCO?

You Can Be Cured While Using It.

The habit of using tobacco grows on a man until grave diseases are produced. Tobacco causes cancer of the mouth and stomach; dyspepsia; loss of memory; nervous affections; congestion of the retina, and wasting of the optic nerve resulting in impairment of vision, even to the extent of blindness; dizziness, or vertigo; tobacco asthma; nightly suffocation; dull pain in region of the heart, followed later by sharp pains, palpitation and weakened pulse, resulting in fatal heart disease. It also causes loss of vitality.

QUIT, BEFORE IT IS TOO LATE.

To quit suddenly is too severe a shock to the system as tobacco—to an inveterate user, becomes a stimulant that his system continually craves. "BACO-CURO" is a scientific and reliable vegetable remedy guaranteed to be perfectly harmless, and which has been in use for the last 23 years having cured thousands of habitual tobacco users—smokers, chewers, and snuff-dippers.

YOU CAN USE ALL THE TOBACCO YOU WANT, WHILE TAKING "BACO-CURO." IT WILL NOTIFY YOU WHEN TO STOP. WE GIVE A WRITTEN GUARANTEE to permanently cure any case with three boxes, or refund the money with 10 per cent interest.

"BACO-CURO" is not a substitute, but a reliable scientific cure—which absolutely destroys the craving for tobacco without the aid of will power, and with no inconvenience. It leaves the system as pure and free from nicotine, as the day you took your first chew or smoke.

Sold by all druggists, at \$1.00 per box, three boxes, (thirty days treatment), and GUARANTEED CURE. \$2.50 or sent direct upon receipt of price. SEND SIX TWO-CENT STAMPS FOR SAMPLE BOX, BOOKLET AND PROOF'S FREE. Eureka Chemical & Manufacturing Company, Manufacturing Chemists, LaCrosse, Wisconsin.

LUDINGTON ON LAKE MICHIGAN.

Epworth League Assembly Season of 1895.

The assembly opens July 6, and continues until July 28. Tourists should visit this delightful resort on Lake Michigan. First class accommodations on the grounds. Fine boating, bathing, fresh air, beautiful walks over hill and dale. Destined to be the grandest resort on Lake Michigan. Cars direct to the grounds. Don't forget to visit Ludington on Lake Michigan. Reduced rates via Flint & Pere Marquette R. R. 416

OF INTEREST TO LADIES.

We offer no apology for placing before you "The Ladies' Safe Protector," it is absolutely reliable, easily adjusted, does not become misplaced and insures protection. Can be worn when desired without observation or knowledge of another and prevents disagreeable annoyance under certain conditions. If you use it once you will never be without it. It is a faithful, safe and reliable friend whenever needed by special circumstances requiring its use. It is an article every woman should keep ready for immediate use. It is simple to use, and inspires confidence to the woman using it. It is reliable and scientifically made, insures protection without injury to health, as any good physician would say. We are of the opinion that no article has been made which will give as much satisfaction to the woman of to-day as "The Ladies' Safe Protector." The immense sales of this article is a substantial endorsement of our claim. Do not therefore experiment with any of the numerous unreliable articles, as it is both dangerous to health, and expensive to do so. Such experimenting can only result in loss of time, disappointment and dismal failure. Ladies should remember this before ordering other goods and not waste their time and money on inferior articles. The best is always the cheapest. "The Ladies' Safe Protector" is sold under a positive guarantee for one year, with full directions, and is sent sealed in plain wrapper, upon receipt of express money order for \$2.00, three for \$5.00. Do not wait but order at once. Address THE LA CROSSE SPECIALTY CO., LaCrosse, Wis.

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AND THEN SEE THE WHEEL!



It has more points of merit than any other high grade bicycle built to-day.

Peerless—Model G. Light Roadster, 21 lbs. " BB, Track Racer, 27 " " K, Ladies', 24 " Triangle—H. Roadster, 24 "

A postal card brings the catalogue; the catalogue brings your order, and you will be happy.

Don't ask why? When you ride the wheel you'll know!

THE PEERLESS MFG. CO., CLEVELAND, OHIO.

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OFFER LIBERAL TERMS TO AGENTS. Salary and expenses of demonstration. Stock at low prices. Specialties. Seed Men Wanted.

In every town, steady work. For weekly. H. E. WILLIAMS, SEPT, PORTLAND, Oct. 29.