

IN TWO PENINSULAS.

MICHIGAN PEOPLE AND WHAT THEY ARE DOING.

State Conventions of the Grand Army of the Republic, Women's Relief Corps, Christian Endeavorers and the Epworth League—Brief Mention.

Light Vote Polled.

The Republicans of Michigan elected their state ticket in the spring election—Judge Joseph H. Moore, of Lapeer, being chosen as justice of the state supreme court by a plurality of over 35,000. The vote throughout the state was very light, more so than usual in spring elections, in many sections less than half the normal vote being cast. The general apathy did not appear in any one vicinity or party, but was quite universal. The Republican candidates for regents of Michigan University—Messrs. Hutterfeld and Hackley—were elected by about the same pluralities as Judge Moore.

First returns on the salaries amendment were very meager and showed a close race between "yes" and "no." There were a number of special local contests in various cities and counties. In Wayne county the proposition to bond the county for \$1,500,000 for the erection of a new county building met with evident favor with the voters. In Detroit over 16,000 electors out of the 23,000 voting took enough interest in the project to vote upon it, and the proposition carried by a big majority, although the county vote was principally adverse.

The proposition to bond the city of Port Huron for a \$30,000 electric light plant, was defeated by over 100.

Benzie county gives Frankfort the county seat, now at Benzonia, by about 300 majority.

Milnes Defeated Todd in the Third.

Probably the contest in the Third congressional district—to choose a successor to the chair in congress made vacant by sending Hon. J. C. Burrows to the senate—was the most intense of any in the state. Lieut-Gov. Milnes was the Republican candidate and his opponent was A. M. Todd, of Kalamazoo, the nominee of the Populists, Prohibitionists, Free Silverites and endorsed by the Democrats. Five counties—Kalamazoo, Calhoun, Hillsdale, Branch and Eaton—comprise the district and the Republican candidate was elected by 2,000 plurality.

State Senatorship in the Tenth.

The fight in the Tenth senatorial district to see who should succeed the late Senator Watts proved an easy victory for Charles H. Smith, the Republican candidate.

Endeavorers at Bay City.

Bay Cityans had the honor of having about 1,000 live, active young people gather within the walls of their city as the ninth annual convention of the Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor of Michigan, and each and everyone of the 1,000 delegates was simply overflowing with enthusiasm. The convention was held at the city hall, the opening song to the closing benediction. The reports of officers showed the society in a flourishing condition. The secretary, Miss Luella E. Holland, of Saginaw, gave a detailed report of the work of the society during the year. The number of societies has increased from 610 last year, with a membership of 29,400, to 777 senior societies with 27,195 active, 11,635 associate members and 231 junior societies with 9,240 members, making a total of 1,007 societies with a combined membership of 49,090. The hope was expressed that this number would be increased to 50,000 before the national convention at Boston in July.

The officers chosen for the ensuing year were: President, W. H. Strong, Detroit; vice-president, George P. Cole, Ann Arbor; corresponding and statistical secretary, Miss Luella E. Holland, Saginaw; treasurer, H. O. Fanning, Grand Rapids; junior superintendent, Miss Mary G. Hawkins, Detroit; missionary superintendent, B. R. Hoobler, Bay City. The convention of '06 was secured for Ionia.

With Rousing Arous.

With their pretty badges of white satin, with a scarlet thread and the Maltese cross bearing the motto, "Look up! Lift up!—the colors and emblem of the young people's society of the M. E. church—over 1,300 delegates to the fifth annual convention assembled in the Central M. E. church, Detroit. In the opening session particular interest was shown in the address of State Senator E. C. Albion, of Saginaw, who said that with three years of the Epworth league in Michigan a membership of 30,000 was enrolled. Having secured the numbers he advised that now attention be turned to evangelization and reforms. The reports of the officers showed that there are now in Michigan 500 Epworth Leagues, with a membership of 36,418; of which 409 leagues, with a membership of 26,197, are seniors and 184, with 9,221 members, are juniors. These raised a total of \$16,351.36 the past year. New leagues formed during the year, 33; gain of membership, 6,881. The election of officers resulted: President, F. K. McKelowney, Detroit; first vice, Rev. Wm. Puffer, Manistee; second, Miss Mary Ninde, Wyandotte; third, Prof. D. B. Waldo, Albion; fourth, Mrs. O. R. Lovejoy, Big Rapids; secretary, J. H. Van Tassel, Ann Arbor; treasurer, Frank Morgan, Saginaw; superintendent of junior league work, Miss Nellie J. Chase, Grand Rapids. Ludington was decided upon as the place for holding the next convention.

The large barn of Mr. Tobias Boil, a farmer near Milford, burned. A quantity of grain, a horse, cow, calf and sheep were burned. The fire was caused by a spark from Mr. Boil's pipe lighting a stack of straw. Loss \$2,500.

An interesting experiment is being made at Calumet by the Calumet & Hecla Mining company. It is a test of a newly-invented mechanical stoker, to see whether its work is equal to that of a human fireman. One boiler is being fed by the mechanical stoker and another by men, and so far they have kept about even.

Mary, the 18-year-old daughter of Farmer Dado, near Battle Creek took a dose of Paris green, and died in great agony. She wanted to go to a dance and her parents refused the request, and she took the poison just to frighten her people, not expecting that it would prove fatal.

MICHIGAN HAPPENINGS.

J. Todd, a deaf farmer aged 70, was instantly killed by a train near Paris. The Weyers homestead at Port Huron was totally destroyed by fire. Loss \$2,000.

Bethune Digelow, a West Bloomfield tilemaker, stands 6 feet 7 1/2 inches with his boots off.

The residence of George Raub burned at Greenville; loss \$1,000; fully covered by insurance.

The Manistique street railway has notified its employees that they must swear off drinking or else quit their jobs.

Fowlerville citizens want the council to raise the bonds of saloonkeepers to \$5,000 or else close up the saloons entirely.

The 47th anniversary of modern spiritualism was celebrated by the spiritualists of the Saginaw valley at Saginaw.

The Odd Fellows' hall in Haynes township, Alcona county, was destroyed by fire, together with the contents. Loss \$1,500.

Wm. Jolly, a married man, aged 27, of Brockway, was arrested at Yale on a charge of assaulting the 12-year-old daughter of Ed. King.

The Centennial flouring mills at Lapeer for some time idle, will shortly resume again under the management of A. W. Kelly, of Detroit.

Gen. George A. Hart, of Manistee, has 200 vacant lots which he proposes to apportion out to poor families for potato raising, a la Pinglee.

Feed Matthew, sent from Detroit for burglary and Bruce Soosfield, from Greenville, for forgery, both trustees, ran away from the Ionia prison.

Jackson county Sunday school people met at Jackson and elected E. A. Hough president. They reported 142 schools and 11,946 pupils in the county.

Mrs. Henry B. Ledyard, wife of the president of the Michigan Central railroad, dropped dead on Chene street, Detroit, without a moment's warning.

Fr. McNamara, one of the most eloquent priests in the Grand Rapids diocese, fell from a train at Lansing and suffered injuries that may prove serious.

Woodchucks are plenty around Middleville. Over 350 have been killed in Thornapple township during the past month. The treasurer of the township paid out \$84.25 in bounties.

Another dividend of 6 per cent has been declared by Receiver Stone, of the Central Michigan Savings bank, Lansing, making a total of 50 per cent since the bank went under.

Osage ladies were much horrified last week to see the "Spanish Student" performances illustrated in the Police Gazette. The pictures were, purely imaginary and, unlike the reality, were far from modest.

Walter Thurlby, a young Birmingham blacksmith, charged with taking Fred Stephens' pocketbook containing \$365, was honorably discharged. Friends gave him an ovation, and he is the hero of the hour.

A large eastern car manufacturing company is negotiating with Buchanan citizens in view of locating there. If the deal is consummated the factory will employ 1,000 men and use the entire power from the new dam.

Rev. John Hooper, the former Presbyterian minister at Cadillac, involved in a row that led to several lawsuits and to his retirement from the ministry, passed a creditable examination at Benzonia and was admitted to the bar.

Miss Lucy Whitney, aged 10, Metamora, O., but attending school at Blissfield, left to attend teachers' examination at Adrian. Instead, she purchased a ticket for Detroit. Her father received a letter saying "farewell forever, as she would never return home."

The case against Dr. Myron S. Brownson, of Kingsley, who is charged with causing the death of Lattie Belle by a criminal operation, has created a sensation at Traverse City, at Kingsley and at Wexford, the home of the girl.

A bull that a farmer was bringing into Little Creek broke loose on Maple street and ran amuck, causing a stampede among the people. He became perfectly infuriated and drove the people off the street. It was found necessary to shoot the animal.

Fire started in Fickle's boat house at Wyandotte, and owing to a strong wind the flames spread rapidly. The new Wyandotte boat house, four single houses, Marx Bros. and the Eureka ice houses were all destroyed. Loss \$1,000, with no insurance.

Charles Cort tried to cross the track on his bicycle ahead of an approaching train at Royal Oak, but his wheel slipped, and the train struck him. His left leg was cut off between the knee and ankle, and his right foot was taken off just above the ankle. He is about 24 years old. Later Cort died from his injuries.

Mrs. Wilbur Berry, a colored woman at Battle Creek shot her husband and herself. The woman is insane. She ordered her husband out of the house, and he started to leave when she shot him between the shoulders. The wound is not fatal. She shot herself under the chin, the ball passing up into her head. Her wound is considered fatal.

Oxford held an election last fall and voted in favor of a water works system, but the election was declared illegal, and a second one was held for the purpose of voting upon the proposition to bond the village for \$25,000 for water works and an electric light system. There were 235 cast in favor of and 67 against the proposition. Both systems are to be completed by June 1.

Albert Legner, the 11-year-old son of Henry Legner, of Maple Ridge township, Alpena county, was killed in a strange manner. He and his father were felling a tree, which lodged in another. His father proceeded to dislodge it, and Albert stood over 100 feet away watching when the top broke, a large limb flying and striking the boy square on the forehead, completely severing his head.

The splendid residence of Hon. T. W. Palmer, on Woodward avenue, Detroit, narrowly escaped total destruction by fire. The burning of the south wing entailed a loss of \$30,000.

STATE G. A. R. ENCAMPMENT.

Michigan Veterans—"Fall in" at Mt. Clemens.—W. E. C. Also in Convention.

Mt. Clemens, "the city of mineral waters," entertained the encampment of Grand Army of the Republic, department of Michigan and the 12th annual convention of the Women's Relief Corps, auxiliary to the G. A. R. The veterans' opening session was called to order by Department Commander Knautz, who in his annual report said that the department is in splendid condition. Five new posts have been added and seven surrendered their charters during the year. He said that last Memorial Day 12,303 graves were decorated; the W. R. C. had been of great help to every post; the S. of V. should be encouraged; permanent headquarters at the Grand Rapids Soldiers' Home was recommended; politics in the G. A. R. are condemned.

The report of the assistant adjutant-general, John R. Bennett, showed that the membership of the department had dropped from 19,016 to 18,059 during the year, much less than was expected. The gain was 1,741 and the loss 2,693, making the net loss 952. There were 284 posts in the state at the beginning of the year. An amendment to the constitution and a legislative report was adopted to the effect that the board of managers of the Soldier's Home was to consist of six members in addition to the governor and that two of the members were to be women having, in all matters relating to the management of the home, exact equality with the male members of the board.

Commander-in-chief Thos. G. Lawler, who is on a tour of the various states complimented the Michigan department on her prosperity. He also made a strong arraignment of the pension department's attitude toward the old soldiers.

The parade of about 500 veterans and the election of officers concluded the formalities of the encampment.

The election resulted as follows: Department Commander, S. H. Daboll, of St. Johns; Senior Vice-Commander, M. L. Skillman, of Mt. Clemens; Junior Vice-Commander, Norm. G. Cooper, of Sturgis; Medical Inspector, Dr. Oscar Palmer, of Grayling; Chaplain, Rev. Henry M. Conden, of Port Huron; Council of Administration, John R. Bennett, of Muskegon; M. C. Barney, of Flint; W. K. Childs, of Ann Arbor; Joseph Vanbuskirk, of Harrisville, and W. W. Cook, of Lansing. The contest for the next state encampment was won by Saginaw.

The Ladies' Department.

The Women's Relief Corps convention was a busy one, Mrs. Ann M. Barney, of Kalamazoo, department president, presiding. The report of the department secretary, Mrs. Anna L. Shakespeare, of Kalamazoo, showed that at the beginning of the year there were 234 corps, with a total membership of 7,451. During the year 12 corps were organized and 12 were disbanded. The membership now is 7,690. Assistance was given to 1,640 soldiers and their families, and 1,045 members and their families. Relief to the amount of \$2,344.18 in money and \$4,056.56 in supplies was given. The corps which stood at the head in relief work in cash were: Detroit, No. 10, \$203; Grayling, No. 162, \$202.77. Petasky was at the head for supplies other than cash. The various corps contributed to their respective posts a total of \$1,884.88. The corps turning over the largest amount of money to its post was Kalkaska, No. 92, the amount being \$141. Adrian, No. 72 reported the largest membership of any corps in the department, having 115.

Mrs. Emma R. Wallace, of Chicago, national president of the W. R. C., accompanied by National Secretary Miss Jennie Gross, were distinguished guests, and were accorded an enthusiastic welcome. Mrs. Wallace reported that the W. R. C. has at present 34 state departments and 52 detached corps in the territories, southwestern states and foreign countries. They have 13,000 members and have expended in the 11 years of their history more than \$1,000,000.

Beyond several very good addresses the election of officers filled the last day of the convention. The new officers are: President, Mrs. Emma E. Knapp, of Howell; Senior Vice-President, Mrs. G. S. Plummer, of Benton Harbor; Junior Vice-President, Mrs. F. Babbitt, of Ypsilanti; Treasurer, Mrs. Kate Collins, of Howell.

Neighbors Snapped Foul Play at Fenton. Fenton and vicinity was considerably exercised over the burning of the residence of Frank Annis, a farmer living four miles north. His wife perished under somewhat peculiar circumstances. The blaze occurred at 4 o'clock a. m. A coroner's jury was summoned and the testimony of her daughter, aged 10, showed that she heard a sound as if a match was being scratched, then footsteps. Soon afterwards the smell of smoke arose. Her mother was on fire. She tried to awaken her mother but was unable to do so. She and a younger sister then ran from the building. The husband and child testified that Mrs. Annis had been suffering from neuralgia and had been in the habit of taking morphine and chloroform to ease the pain. Annis went to Fenton at 3 a. m. after a physician. During his absence the fire occurred. She recently took out a policy in the Maccabees for \$1,000.

While a gang of workmen were releasing the snow sleepers from Sterling's slip at Monroe they discovered the body of a woman. The body was taken to the morgue. The woman was 40 years old, of medium height, who would possibly weigh 140 pounds. The body was identified by W. F. Smith, of Toledo, as that of his wife who had wandered from home while temporarily insane last November.

The land office at Marquette has decided 50 of the 80 contracts between the settlers and the Portage Lake Canal company, and all but two were decided in favor of the company. All are issues of the fact as to whether bona fide settlement was made prior to May, 1888. But the canal company will appeal to the general land office. All the cases decided against it were on the point as to what constitutes a bona fide settlement.

The W. C. Shipley Manufacturing company has located at Benton Harbor for the purpose of making Egyptian cement, mullage and glue.

SUCCESS!

THE MABLEY, HARVEY & COMPANY OPENING.

Their Magnificent Store,
CORNER STATE AND WOODWARD, DETROIT.

Crowded from morning until night. Beautiful floral offerings were received from many of the leading wholesale merchants throughout the country, together with kindly letters wishing them every success. Congratulatory telegrams have been pouring in from their friends throughout the country.

A superb floral horseshoe, a gift from the employees, reading in letters of flowers, "We are with you to succeed," occupies a conspicuous place near the front entrance. The whole exterior of the huge building was beautifully decorated with flags and the interior with flowers. A band discoursed sweet music on the second floor during the afternoon and evening. The firm gave away a beautiful souvenir picture, finely mounted, representing a couple of conical tile dardies.

Mr. Mabley, who by the way is a nephew of the late C. R. Mabley, and Mr. Harvey, the proprietors, were kept busy all day shaking hands with their friends, and Mr. Mabley announces that he will always be found on the floor of the store showing goods and waiting on customers. The immense stock of

Clothing, Hats, Caps and Gents' Furnishing Goods,

all new and fresh, were admired by everybody. All goods are marked in plain figures, and the array of clerks are courteous and obliging and are all thoroughly experienced in their different departments. The firm invite our readers to call upon them.

Remember the location—Cor. State and Woodward, Detroit

SPORTING NOTES.

Casper Leon may leave the ring and return to cigar-making.

Yachting in the west shows unprecedented popular interest and new craft for inland lakes are being devised.

An international regatta between yachts of the second class is practically assured.

The Alisa defeated the Britannia in the race for the James Gordon Bennett cup by two minutes actual time.

Prince Imperial won the Orleans handicap on the Crescent City course, Rapidan, hard pressed, finished first in the two mile race.

Meadows, carrying 100 pounds, covered four and one-half furlongs in the fastest time on record at St. Asaph's, if the timekeepers did not err.

John L. Sullivan will go into training for a fight with Kilrain or O'Donnell. He prefers to fight O'Donnell.

CASUALTIES.

Six men were killed and several seriously hurt by the explosion of a boiler in the Cann tannery in Woburn, Mass.

Robert Thomason and Hugula Noe were killed in Broadhead Bros' mine, Tripstadt, Colo., by falling coal and timbers.

C. W. Malnes, who was leading a cow by a rope, was dragged half a mile and killed at Sedalia, Mo.

Silver City, a suburb of Milwaukee, Wis., was visited by fire which destroyed property worth \$25,000.

Six stores and residences and a number of barns were burned at Wonevok, Wis., entailing a loss of \$10,000.

Extensive planing mill of Gustzkow Brothers, on Vogel's Island, Menominee Valley, Wis., was destroyed. Loss, \$10,000.

Prairie fires which have been raging in western Nebraska for three days have destroyed a number of ranches.

MISCELLANEOUS.

St. Louis ministers visited many of the city's dives Sunday and then swore out warrants for their keepers.

Suit has been brought against the Waters-Pierce oil company, a standard concern, under the Texas anti-trust law.

Mrs. Hallington Booth of the Salvation army, visited the St. Louis Merchants' exchange and addressed the brokers.

Option held by an English syndicate on fifty paper mills in Wisconsin was allowed to expire.

Judge Scott of Omaha, Neb., has refused to obey an order to appear and testify before the fire and police commissioners.

Iowa was visited by a snowstorm, while heavy rains in other western states allayed all fears of drought.

The British ship Moresby, long overdue, reached San Francisco 41 days from Liverpool, having been delayed and disabled by South Atlantic storms.

It is reported from St. Louis that the former members of the Merchants' Elevator company will force a final settlement from Capt. D. P. Slattery, who was its president. Slattery says it is an attack on him inspired by his enemies without cause.

The jury in the case of M. A. Spurr was yesterday discharged by United States District Judge Clark at Nashville, Tenn. The jury stood seven for conviction and five for acquittal. Spurr was tried on a charge of certifying checks falsely as president of the Commercial National bank.

A Yazoo & Mississippi Valley freight train pulled out of Memphis, Tenn., for New Orleans with a shipment of cotton, consisting of 10,521 bales, all billed through to Liverpool. The largest previous shipment was 8,175 bales.

Two thousand five hundred coal miners in the Appanose (La.) district have quit work.

Iron-workers have met in Cleveland, O., and agreed upon a scale of wages satisfactory to both sides.

The coal miners of F. L. Robbins in the Pittsburgh district, have resumed work at 60 cents a ton.

Cannelville (Pa.) coke operators will pay their men the 15 cents increase announced by the Frick company.

Auditor Gore of Illinois says strictures on the management of his office are unwarranted and untrue.

ACTIVITY IN SILVER.

Star Colgate Says It is All on a Speculative Basis.

New York, April 3.—Activity in silver which has been noted of late, continued yesterday, when about 300,000 ounces were sold in the market here. In speaking of the silver market and the causes and prospects of the present movement Mr. Starr Colgate of the firm of Nesbitt, Colgate & Co., said:

"The movement began on receipt of the news from Germany favoring a bimetallic conference. It was helped yesterday when a motion that seemed to lead toward such a conference was made in the English house of commons. The news of peace negotiations between Japan and China, to carry a large indemnity in silver, also had propelling force. A good deal of silver is now under lock. It will come out fast enough when the speculators believe that the advance is over. I cannot see in the movement much beyond the speculative feature. Talk of bimetallic action by Germany and England seems to have subsided. If it is to be revived it must be done by these countries. A debtor country like the United States cannot lead in such a movement. We have had silver troubles enough without inviting others."

"In regard to an indemnity to be paid by China, it has seemed to me that gold might be demanded. Dispatches speak more of silver, but Japan is earning a reputation as a country of advanced ideas, and it may be that talk there of putting the finances on a gold basis may be emphasized in the demands on China. I am inclined to look on the present movement as speculative."

OBITUARY.

Camille Doucet, who since 1875 had been perpetual secretary of the French academy, died at Paris.

A. C. Hesting, editor of the Staats Zeeving and father of the postmaster of Chicago, died at the age of 72.

Edward Bradford Barnes, a well-known newspaper man, died at Corning, N. Y.

Dr. William Hotchkiss, who, it is thought, was 140 years old, died in St. Louis. He had been a free mason 100 years.

Senator Robert Turner, formerly of Chicago, died at Denver after a lingering illness, aged 55 years.

FOREIGN.

Thousands of Germans showed their love and admiration for Bismarck by celebrating his eightieth birthday. Large crowds gathered at his house.

Spanish government has called out 20,000 reserves, owing to the re-enforcements sent to Cuba.

The Welsh church disestablishment bill passed its second reading in commons with a majority of forty-four.

The bill for the disestablishment of the Church of Wales passed its second reading in the House of Commons. The government had a majority of 41, the vote standing 304 in favor of the measure to 260 against it.

Disquieting news has been received here from Algiers in regard to the health of the Czarowitz. His mother, the Dowager Empress of Russia, will probably shorten her stay there.

Glassworkers in the Charleroi district of Belgium have declared a strike.

President Diaz of Mexico will recommend the abolition of the alcabala, or inter-State customs duties.

POLITICAL.

Elections were held in Ohio and Michigan. In most of the larger cities republicans were victorious.

Gov. Morton is said to be conducting a quiet but aggressive campaign for the republican presidential nomination.

Mayor Strong of New York has notified Police Commissioners Murray and Kerwin that their resignations would be acceptable.

It is expected that the legislature of Michigan will vote upon woman suffrage during the week.

Final session of the Nebraska legislature will probably be marked by a general scramble over private bills.

For the first time in the history of Ohio women are permitted to vote for members of school boards.

Supporters of Judge Winslow are confident of his re-election to the Supreme bench in Wisconsin.

A committee was appointed by the Illinois senate to investigate alleged illegal acts of the St. Louis Bridge company.

Insurance committee of the Illinois house agreed to a bill to abolish the state department, and decided to investigate Superintendent Durfee.

The Torrens bill to reform the system of transferring land titles in Illinois failed to pass the state senate.

A populist member, refusing to obey a call to order, caused a row in the Nebraska senate.

W. H. Condon of Chicago, presented charges against the manager of the Illinois Industrial Home for the Blind to the senate committee and asked for an investigation.

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NATION'S DEBT IS LARGER.

Carlisle's Report for March Shows an Increase of \$18,317,105.

Washington, April 3.—The monthly treasury statement of the public debt shows that on March 30, 1895, the public debt, less cash in the treasury, amounted to \$958,730,046, an increase for the month of \$18,317,105. The amount of new 4 per cent bonds issued during the month was \$25,807,900.

Following is a recapitulation of the debt: Interest-bearing debt, \$713,851,960; increase during the month, \$28,808,100; debt on which interest has ceased since maturity, \$1,770,250, decrease during the month, \$9,950; debt bearing no interest, \$381,787,366, decrease during the month, \$782,270; total debt, \$1,654,531,749, of which \$567,944,442 is certificates and treasury notes offset by an equal amount of cash in the treasury.

The treasury cash is classified as follows: Gold, \$159,486,496; silver, \$510,259,879; paper, \$131,227,047; general amount, disbursing officers' balances, etc., \$16,224,166; total, \$797,237,589, against which there are demand liabilities amounting to \$609,320,328, leaving a cash balance of \$187,917,261, of which \$90,643,307 is gold reserve.

Howgate Again Indicted.

Washington, April 3.—Captain Howgate has been indicted for alleged frauds on the government during the time he was disbursing officer of the signal service. The new indictments are three in number. One alleges forgery of a \$4,000 account with the American Union Telegraph company in 1879, another charges embezzlement and the third falsification of accounts.

Gilles on the Chesapeake Board.

Memphis, Tenn., April 3.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Chesapeake & Ohio & Southwestern railway was held in this city yesterday. With the exception of Holmes Cummings all the members of the old board were re-elected. M. Gilles was chosen to fill the vacancy occasioned by Mr. Cummings' resignation.

American Support for Rebels.

Tampa, Fla., April 3.—Senor Rivero, editor of Cuba, has received a communication from a strong American club just organized at Atlanta, the members of which offer pecuniary support, and, if necessary, active efforts, in aiding the revolution in Cuba. Senor Figueredo has a similar letter from Ocala.

NEWS OF MANY KINDS

NEWS OF INTEREST AND MORE OR LESS IMPORTANCE.

An Armistice Declared by the Emperor of Japan, but Formosa is Excepted and Japs are Winning There—Spain Promises to do the Right Thing.

Japs Victorious in Southern Formosa.

Hong Kong: The general commander of the Chinese forces on Pescadore islands, part of Formosa, telegraphed that he had sunk two Japanese vessels. Later he telegraphed that the Japanese had captured two forts. A Shanghai dispatch says that nine Japanese cruisers and two gunboats, the squadron being under the command of Admiral Ito, bombarded the east forts on Penghu island. One thousand troops were landed from five transports and an attack was made on the fort which dominated the others. The Chinese evacuated the position during the night and the Japanese entered on the morning of March 24. The Japanese then turned the guns on the other forts, which made no reply. The magazine of one of the western forts exploded before the position was evacuated by its defenders. Only 1,000 prisoners were taken, the other Chinese being allowed to escape to the junks off the shore. The Japanese loss was one killed and 27 wounded. The Japanese have now secured a southern base for their operations. The British consul has advised that all foreign women and children leave Formosa. A number have already gone to Amoy and Hong Kong.

Chang's Absolution in Prison for Life.

Shimonaki: Kovana Rokunski, the young Japanese who attempted to assassinate Li Hung Chang, has been sentenced to work in the mines for life. The armistice established by the order of the mikado extends to April 20, but it will terminate if the peace negotiations are broken in the meantime. According to the terms of the armistice the movement of troops and the transportation of contraband of war by sea is forbidden. As the terms of the armistice do not embrace the island of Formosa, the Japanese operations there will continue.

Spain Will Do the Proper Thing.

Washington: Reports that the Spanish government is taking steps to meet the requests of the United States in the Alliance affair, that the commander of the offending Spanish cruiser has been relieved from his ship and that orders have been sent to the other Spanish commanders in Cuban waters to observe the requirements of international law and refrain from improper interference with the ships of the United States or other foreign nations, has caused much gratification in official circles here. There is little doubt that the new Spanish minister, Senor de Lome, will go to Cuba before coming here.

Tampa, Fla: Puerto Principe has been declared in a state of rebellion by the Spanish government. This makes four out of five provinces of the island in a state of revolution. The manifesto issued by the rebels inviting Spaniards to espouse the Cuban cause has resulted in gaining valuable support for the insurgents. Reports show that the insurgents are daily gaining ground, but the Spanish government has issued orders for 7,000 troops to sail for Cuba at once.

Emperor of Japan Declares an Armistice.

Tokio: The emperor of Japan has declared an unconditional armistice. The decision of the emperor was greatly due to the extreme indignation aroused by the attack on the Chinese peace ambassador, Viceroy Li Hung Chang. There will be no withdrawal of Japanese troops from China until the peace treaty is complete. In the armistice the island of Formosa is excepted.

The power of the Japanese government to execute the armistice will now be put to a critical test. The military power of Japan in the judgment of intelligent observers has almost outstripped the civil power during the war. This has caused serious concern, as it has been feared that the military element, backed by the war spirit among the people, would not submit to an armistice, even if the civil authorities ordered one.

Hong Kong: The Japanese are bombarding Tai Wan, the capital town of Formosa.

Four Young Men Fatally Injured.

A west-bound freight train was wrecked on the Panhandle near Newcomerstown, O., and four young men of nearby towns were seriously if not fatally injured. The men all stood on the end sill of a car about midway of the train. As the train approached the siding to pass in the engine found he was running at a high rate of speed and made an emergency stop. The force broke a car coupling just in front of the one the men were on and they were allowed to drop into the jaws of death.

The old soldiers' colony, consisting of 14,000 heads of families representing 40,000 persons, will locate in southern Georgia.

While excavating for the new Presbyterian church, Port Huron workmen found a skeleton, apparently 50 years old, buried only a few inches beneath the surface. Nobody knows anything about it.

Deckerville will have a flax mill this spring operated by James Livingstone & Co., of Baden, Ont., who owns several mills in the eastern part of Michigan. Over 100 acres of land are being prepared for the crop.

The Minnesota senate passed a joint resolution looking to the annexation of that part of Wisconsin in which the city of Superior is located, to Minnesota, the object being to consolidate the cities of Duluth and Superior.

Mrs. Popendek, a widow near Paw Paw, rented her farm to W. S. Cole last year. This spring Cole rented another place and was removing his hay and had a load on the barn floor and went out for an errand, and when he returned Mrs. Popendek, it is alleged, was on the load of hay scattering paria green all over it. Cole caught her in the act. She was arrested.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

SENATE—30th day.—Bills passed: To prevent the transportation of corpses on highways as well as railroads when death has resulted from communicable disease; for examination of witnesses in open court; chancery proceedings; for appointment of receivers for solvent though embarrassed corporations; to prevent sacrifice of assets; Soldiers Home appropriation bill (H. R. 107); to Nov. 25 as open season for deer in both hemispheres. The event of the Senate session was the discussion of the bill to amend the act of consent which was finally passed at 11 years of age. The normal school committee recommended the passage of the following appropriations for that institution: \$50,000 for 1899 and \$37,700 for 1900, \$2,000 each to be available for library purposes, \$20,000 for a practice and training school, and for a permanent tax of one-fifth of a mill for normal current expenses. House.—Bills passed were mostly local. The one of general importance provided for a physical and military examination by a state board of persons elected or recommended for appointment as officers in the National Guard below the rank of major. The mortgage law of 1891 came up near being killed as a thing could and still not give up the ghost. There was a hard fight by its friends to save it. All the old arguments were used to save it, but it was finally used for the first time, and when the House, in committee of the whole, came to vote on the motion to strike out all after the enacting clause, the vote was 41 to 40, and the bill was carried over by being laid upon the table. The bill authorizing the use of the Myers and Abbott voting machines was reported without recommendation and laid on the table. The committee of the whole struck all after the enacting clause out of the bill providing that formal proceedings should be had in all cases of exonerations. The opinion was entertained that it might be of advantage to tax shares. A resolution was adopted providing that a committee be appointed to investigate and report which would make an annual statement of their disbursements and expenditures.

SENATE—31st day.—Bills passed: Graduated school for county officers; Reorganize county school commission; bill legalizing action of D. H. county in creating county hospital; using use of county at 10 cents; in general; reorganize on the nominations of Mrs. Mary C. Spencer a state librarian and George H. Newitt an auditing statistician, were continued. Senator McLaughlin has a bill which will probably evade the opposition of county legislators who voted against the repeal of the mortgage tax law. It is to arrange the law so that mortgagors will not have to pay mortgage taxes and contracts for their municipal affairs. House.—Bills passed: Amending the act relative to the appointment of special administrators; authorizing damage suits for injuries incurred through failure to make repairs on toll roads; joint resolution submitting to the people a proposed constitutional amendment giving the constitution of legislators at \$750 per session with mileage at 5 cents per mile. Liquor legislation was the principal feature of the day. April 1st, 1900, the act which was informally passed by a very close vote and against the wishes of Mr. Apple was made the special order of April 1st, 1900, in the Senate. The bill was passed by a vote of 18 to 17. The bill providing an exception to the law which prohibits the sale of intoxicating liquors within one mile of the Soldiers Home at Jackson, Mich., and which should allow the West Michigan fair the privilege of the exception. This was defeated in committee of the whole and an amendment to exempt it from the law was introduced and passed through to the third reading when it was tabled. Senator McLaughlin's bill prescribing elective qualifications, which requires every voter in Michigan to be able to read the state constitution in English and to write his name in full was under discussion in committee of the whole and no action was taken. The Senate bill providing that U. S. flags shall be displayed on all public school buildings was agreed to in committee of the whole. The bill providing to abolish the grand jury in state board of health. The judiciary committee reported favorably the bill providing pensions for Detroit police. Speaker Gordon appointed the following Michigan and Michigan special committee to investigate toll road companies.

SENATE—32d day.—Nothing of importance transacted. House.—Bills passed: Preventing fraud in contracts, chattel mortgages, etc., all such papers to be filed with township or city clerk and to be recorded in the office of the United States judge on public school buildings; for the reorganization of the fire and marine insurance companies whose terms expire on the 31st day of March next; to provide to notify foreign consuls of applications for the appointment of administrators in certain cases; amending act in regard to suit against foreign corporations; relating to writs of habeas corpus; real estate; requiring personal actions to be begun within two years; amending law for the formation of mutual benefit associations; the date for the hearing on the liquor tax bill was reconsidered and finally passed at April 11. The committee on the State University made a report and appropriated appropriation bills for that institution. The bill originally called for \$135,000, but the committee recommended that the amount be cut to \$130,000 (level in 1899 and \$40,000 in 1900). The terms of the light plant, \$1,000; repair of chemical laboratory, \$15,000; home for nurses and superintendent of hospital, \$25,000; equipment of the library \$25,000; reimburse general fund for deficiency caused by a new heating plant \$2,000. The items of \$15,000 for an addition to the chemical laboratory and of \$10,000 for equipment of the anatomical laboratory were struck out of the bill.

Bismarck's 80th Birthday.

Germany's grand old man, Prince Bismarck, celebrated his 80th birthday anniversary at Friedrichsruhe and the whole nation did honor to the occasion. Thousands upon thousands of visitors from all parts of the empire which he founded visited the castle and surroundings to show their devotion to the iron chancellor. Presents by the railroad were sent and carried to Prince Bismarck and congratulations were received from many titled and eminent people of both hemispheres. Perhaps the most touching tribute was the visit of 4,000 students from 30 universities, in their gala uniforms, and the presentation of a handsome shaft of marble, iron, silver and gold, with symbolical figures. Prince Bismarck, amid renewed cheers, said: "Your masters pay me a tribute of acknowledgment of the past (referring to the visit of the university professors in the morning); your greetings are to me a pledge of the future that until the middle of the next century will I shall long have been dead, you will continue to utter the same feelings which you proclaimed to-day. What a German is enthused about in his youth he never lets drop altogether in his mature age. That which the government of William I. instilled into our hearts will always bear forth its fruits, no matter what shape the institution of the state may take."

Michigan Monuments at Chikamauga.

The Chickamauga and Missionary Ridge military park commission, in session at Grand Rapids, selected the designs for the monuments. The first one agreed upon was that of Maurice J. Powers, of New York, for the Engineers and Mechanics. The monument will be of white Maine granite. It will be 14 feet long, 2 1/2 feet thick and 11 feet high. The base will be two heavy foundation stones rising to the height of 3 feet; then a large polished stone with a bronze tablet 3 feet 1 inch by 4 1/2 feet, upon which will be shown a view of the laying of the first pontoon bridge at Ironwood Ferry. The reverse side of the monument will bear a bronze plate with an inscription of 150 words telling the story of the regiment.

Ex-Postmaster Charles A. Baldwin, of Vicksburg, once a prosperous man, has been sentenced to the Detroit House of Correction for 80 days.

In Lions township, Ionia county, an enthusiastic free silver club, with 200 members, has been organized. Rufus Kelly, a Democrat, is president, but half the officers are Republicans.

Mrs. Ellen Shane, died at Port Huron from the effects of a dose of strychnine taken late last evening, presumably with suicidal intent, as she had been known to have made threats to that effect.

THREE FATAL JOUROS.

Woman Leap From a Car Going Down a Mountain a Mile a Minute.

Three persons were instantly killed, two probably fatally injured and ten others slightly hurt on the Lehigh Traction Company's railroad by jumping from a runaway trolley car on the mountain near Jeannville, Pa. As the car passed out on the grade leading down the mountain, tripman Seitz applied the brake, but the chain snapped. He then threw the safety lever. This refused to work, and the terrified motorman sprang to the reverse brake, hoping to control the car by the current. The actions of the motorman and the speed of the car had by this time alarmed the passengers. Failing to control the car, Seitz shouted to Conductor Socks to apply the rear brake. The motorman's shouts caused a panic in the car, and the passengers made a rush for the platform and crowded the conductor so he could do nothing. The car was going down the mountain at a mile a minute. Several passengers jumped and were dashed to death on the rocks. The car left the track and was badly wrecked.

Fearful Forest Fires.

Reports from southern Indiana and Kentucky say that forest fires are causing great damage to property and some loss of life. Very little definite information can be secured. Eight miles from Bowling Green, Ky., the homes of Otis Smith, James Waters and Henry Filer were burned after 500 acres of timber were swept away. The families mounted horses and escaped. Henry Filer was so badly burned that he died and a Negro farm hand perished. At Annetta and Blount town large tracts of timber were burned. William Edwards, colored, was burned to death while fighting the fire. Since the turning of James V. Penny's house in Indiana his wife has been missing and is now believed to have perished in the woods while trying to escape. In Clark county, Ind., the farms of Bates and Weber were burned over, causing a loss of \$20,000. Prof. Chas. Brunner was burned to death in the woods near Victory, Ky.

Three Train Robbers Killed.

One of the most daring and at the same time most unsuccessful attempts at train robbery occurred in the southern portion of Kentucky, when six men undertook to rob the southbound train No. 2, on the Queen & Crescent line. One of the six was killed outright, another died two hours later, third giving the name of Miller, died later in the day, and the other three have not been heard from. The train was delayed not more than ten minutes, and reached Chattanooga on time. The express company has adopted the plan of a secret service to protect its property against robbers. This is the first result of the new method. While it is costly, it is infinitely more effective than any amount of lynx-eyed detective business employed to arrest and punish robbers.

Minister Thurston Leaves the U. S.

Washington: Hawaiian Minister Thurston has accepted the indignity imposed upon him by Secretary Graham and has decided to leave this country without waiting for formal notice from his government to return. Mr. Thurston reached this conclusion suddenly. He left Washington the next day and will sail from San Francisco on April 4 on the steamer Arroyo.

Spanish Soldier Shoots an English Sailor.

Baltimore: At 2 o'clock on the morning of March 19, Spanish sentries murderously shot and killed a seaman of the British steamship Laertes, and badly wounded a Cuban Negro at St. Jago, Cuba. The British government is investigating the matter and complications between Great Britain and Spain may result.

THE MARKETS.

Table with columns: LIVE STOCK, Buffalo, Cattle, Sheep, Lambs, Hogs. Includes prices for various grades and locations like New York, Chicago, Detroit, etc.

REVIEW OF TRADE.

NEW YORK.—Dun's weekly review of trade says: Signs of improvement are all the more satisfactory because neither accompanied or apparent. It is a remarkable feature that the listing this year begins at the bottom, so to speak, raw materials are raised before there is any larger demand for their finished products. The fact is that the past week in all these cases it is reasoned that the larger demand for consumption, though yet wanting, must come when it is seen that prices are going up. So far there is no answering increase in demand or in price for manufactured products and on the whole the range is slightly lower than a week ago. The fact is that the past week was 24 in the United States against 283 last year.

Big Fire at Milwaukee.

Lower Grand avenue, Milwaukee, Wis., where the heart of the wholesale and retail commerce of the west side is situated, was the scene of one of the most disastrous fires in the history of the city. Several leading mercantile institutions are in ruins. The fire was the most disastrous since the big conflagration of October 28, 1892, and the loss will exceed \$1,000,000. It furnished a magnificent spectacle for the thousands that filled the avenue and watched it from surrounding buildings. There were, however, scarcely no fatalities.

Electrical Theories in the Seventies.

An electrical journal, in commenting on the increase in the number of schools and courses devoted to electrical subjects, says the rapidly growing interest of the public in things electrical is being met by a much higher standard of electrical information in the leading daily newspapers, and one result of this popular education is that it is by no means an uncommon thing to hear practical electrical questions discussed intelligently by those who have no technical training. This is the more noticeable when the dense ignorance in regard to the phenomena of electricity, which reigned outside of professional circles not many years ago, is considered. C. F. Brush, who is well known as one of the pioneers of electric lighting in this country, recently told a convention of the National Electric Light association something of his experience in 1878, when the first arc lighting machine was started in Cincinnati. The lights were exhibited from the balcony on one of the principal streets. It was a 4,000 candle-light, and, of course, it attracted a large crowd of the natives, and every man in the crowd seemed anxious and ready to fall into the hands of the man who collected quite an audience about him. He called attention to the seal on the top of the lamp, "That," he said, "is the cap that holds the oil," and, speaking of the side rod of the lamp, "that is the tube which conducts the oil from the can to the burner." He said nothing whatever about electricity, but the crowd was not satisfied by his language. One of the artist lighting machines was about the same time taken to Cleveland, where it was shown in operation to a number of invited guests. One of the guests looked the whole apparatus over carefully for about half an hour, and then, pointing to the line wire, said to Mr. Brush: "How large is the hole in that wire that the electricity flows through?" Another spectator, who was connected with the company in whose works the machine was being shown, watched its operation for about five minutes in silence. By that time he had digested the whole thing, and was ready to tell Mr. Brush all about it. He said: "The electricity in that thing is generated by that revolving business, there, rubbing the air up against these iron blades (meaning the field magnets), just as you get sparks when you rub a cat's back." Mr. Brush ventured to remark that, while that was a good theory, it did not fully meet the facts. The objection was promptly put aside: "The whole thing is plain. If you should run that machine in a vacuum where there is no air, you could not get any electricity." Mr. Brush related another incident illustrative of the vagueness of the popular ideas of the electric light in the pioneer days. When the first commercial arc lights were installed in Cleveland the "power" system was used. Twelve lights of the so-called 2,000 candle-power were massed on the top of high ornamental poles in the public square. The little park was packed from side to side, and many of the people, in expectation of a blinding glare of light, had provided themselves with colored spectacles and some with smoked glasses.

A Cruel Use for the Electric Light.

Sir Herbert Maxwell, writing to the London "Times," draws attention to a form of cruelty, which, he claims, should be sternly discouraged. On a recent occasion he attended a most elaborately appointed dinner. The center of the table was occupied by a crystal bowl in which were half a dozen gold fish. Among these an electric lamp had been introduced, and its strong light beat on the fish with an effect that must have been excruciating. Fish are extremely sensitive to light, not only in their eyes but (some of them) over the whole surface of their bodies, as is shown by the faculty possessed by trout of altering their color according to that of the ground over which they swim. The peculiarity which renders exposure to strong light intolerable to fish is that they have no eyelids. If the rays of light had struck the globe obliquely the harshness of their effect would have been to some extent modified, but the full brilliance of the lamp was broadly close to and level with the fish, which had no cranny in which to screen their lidless eyes. Sir Herbert asks: "How would the guests have enjoyed their feast if the center of the table had been occupied by a pillar of intense light, 6 feet high, that being the proportion to their stature which the burner bore to the size of the gold fish." He believes that this is one of the thoughtless uses of the electric light which will be abandoned as soon as those who have adopted it realize its cruelty. There is scientific warrant for this appeal. It is well known that the intense light of the electric arc produces a painful ailment called "electric sunstroke" upon workmen who are exposed to its influence when large arcs are used, as in electric welding, and it has been clearly demonstrated that the light of even the incandescent lamp has a powerful effect upon the surface of the human body.

Difference Between Hail and Sleet.

We are apt to speak of hail and sleet as being very similar phenomena, but, in fact, they are widely different. Hailstones are composed of alternate concentric layers of hard opaque and transparent ice. In the latitude of Missouri hail seldom falls except in summer. Sleet, on the contrary, always falls in winter or late fall or early spring, and is composed of minute particles of transparent ice. It is caused by rain falling from a high, warm cloud, which has a stratum of cold air lying directly beneath as a pole, but this cold air stratum may be immediately above the earth's surface. In this event it will be noticed that there is a mixture of rain and ice particles which fall and give everything an icy coating.

Purification of Water.

In 1874, when preparations were being made for the Ashantee war, Dr. Crookes was requested by the British army medical department to suggest a mode of protecting the troops against the use of the highly impure waters of the Gold Coast. After some experiments on polluted waters, he recommended as an addition to the impure water the following mixture: Calcium permanganate, one part, aluminum sulphate, ten parts; fine clay, thirty parts. This mixture, in the proportion of one c. to 10,000 parts even of London sewage, effects a rapid purification.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder ABSOLUTELY PURE

MISCELLANEOUS JOTTINGS.

The bang is now little used in children's hair. The preferred arrangement for little girls from 6 to 10 is in loose curls about the face, with the hair hanging to the shoulders, the ends loosely curled.

Mrs. M. B. Brown, of Washington, N. C., has lately deeded her beautiful home to the state council of King's Daughters, to be used as a home for imbecile children. There are said to be 4,000 of such unfortunates in that state, and it is expected that with this encouraging start of a place to put them the legislature will make an appropriation for its support.

The newest post office in Michigan is called Tobacco.

The Hot Springs of South Dakota. The following letter from Mr. W. M. Tyson, commander of the Pennsylvania Soldiers and Sailors Home at Erie, Pa., written on his return home after a stay of some weeks at Hot Springs, S. D., indicates that the Springs are in a fair way to become one of the leading health resorts of the country.

Dear Sir:—Among the many who have been benefited by treatment at the Hot Springs, S. D., and have experienced courteous hospitality at your hands, I claim the right to say a word in behalf of the Springs as a health resort, and cannot do better than to state the facts in my own case.

I left Erie, Pa., about Nov. 1, 1894, my friends at the time doubting whether I would ever recover my health. I arrived at Hot Springs weak and disheartened, that I required aid to leave the cars and reach the hotel. For the first two weeks I felt no improvement. Then I experienced a change, which continued until my departure, and returned to my home very much stronger and almost free from pain.

I do not hesitate to say to any one seeking relief from pain and desiring rest that I do not believe there is any place where an invalid can go and find so many advantages, such as healing waters, pure air, grand mountain scenery, and comfortable hotel accommodations, as Hot Springs, S. D. The elegant Evans hotel is all that goes to make one feel at home. I am so thoroughly convinced of the many advantages to be found at your location that it is a pleasure for me to recommend the Hot Springs to invalids and to those seeking amusement as well as health.

Wishing you every success, and that Hot Springs may become better known and appreciated, I am, truly yours, (Signed) W. M. TYSON.

The Hot Springs of South Dakota are reached directly by the Burlington route.

The Evolution

Of medicinal agents is gradually relegating the old-time herbs, pills, draughts and vegetable extracts to the rear and bringing into general use the pleasant and effective liquid laxative, Syrup of Figs. To get the true remedy see that it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only. For sale by all leading druggists.

A dry April is not the farmer's will; rain in April is what he wishes.

Profitable Farming in Wisconsin.

Settlers on the timber lands, now being offered in small tracts by the Northwestern Lumber Co., Eau Claire, Wis., are finding the soil so well adapted to growing all varieties of tame grasses, that they are able to make dairy farming a very profitable industry. It is also said that potatoes and all other vegetables yield remarkably well, and are of such excellent quality that they sell readily at top prices in the big cities of the northwest. These lands are located in a thickly settled country, convenient to schools, churches and good markets.

Not even a canal, these would ever get ahead if he didn't have a pull.

Henry Schoenhals, foreman Henry Krug Packing Co., St. Joseph, Mo., uses Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil with his men for sprains, cuts, bruises, chapped hands, etc. It is the best.

The future is of itself a great fortune, provided it is properly spent.

Bicycles will be used the coming season more generally than ever before, especially as they have been greatly reduced in price. The Chicago Scale Co. are leaders for low prices on the best wheels, as well as many other articles, and all kinds of Scales.

If some of our brads were not so big our hearts would grow faster.

FOR RHEUMATISM, LUMBAGO, NEURALGIA, CRAMP and COLIC there is no remedy superior to the genuine Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil.

It takes adverse circumstances to develop man's staying qualities. The man who does not care for the good opinions of others has very little self-respect. Few men are so sure as they are in their pocket may be looked upon as vested security.

THE PEOPLE'S COMMON SENSE MEDICAL ADVISER, BY R. V. PIERCE, M. D., Chief Consulting Physician to the Inva... Institute, Buffalo, a book of over 1,000 illustrations, pages and 300 colored and other large pages, in strong paper cover, to any one sending a cent in one-cent stamps, (packing and postage only). Over 60,000 copies of this complete Family Doctor Book already sold in cloth binding at regular price of \$1.50. Address: (with stamps and this Coupon) WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, No. 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

SWAMP ROOT THE Great KIDNEY, LIVER & BLADDER CURE.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

Cures ST. JACOBS OIL Cures

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE IS THE BEST FIT FOR A KING.

"COLCHESTER" SPADING BOOT.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE IS THE BEST FIT FOR A KING.

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PLYMOUTH MAIL.

M. FRED GRAY, - EDITOR.

\$1.00 a Year, in Advance.

Single copies 3 Cents.

Entered at Plymouth P. O. as second class matter.

Cards of Thanks sets.
Resolutions of Condolence sets.
Paid notices set a word; in local sets a word.
Reading notice where charges are made sets a line.

Friday April 5, 1895.

The Newspaper Law.

The following is the law as it stands relating to newspapers and subscriptions:

1. Subscribers who do not give express notice to the contrary are considered wishing to continue their subscription.
2. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the postoffice, whether directed in his name or another's, or whether he has subscribed or not is responsible for payment.
3. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made, and then collect the whole amount whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
4. The courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the postoffice, or removing and leaving them unopened for a prima facie evidence of intent to defraud.

THE WOMEN'S ISSUE

WILL GO FORTH TO THE WORLD ON TUESDAY NEXT.

The Ladies are Hard at Work and every Indication Points to Grand Success.

The women's edition is assured grand success. The truth we are telling, no more and no less. But if a few think it any great snap. Just "invite the ladies" and give it a rap. You may be quite sorry before you are through. And care the poor "devil" until you are blue. The ladies—"God bless them"—we love to have by. But if tackled again, we swear we will fly. For a woman's edition is no snap we declare. But keeps us continually offering up prayer.

The L. O. T. M. Easter edition of the PLYMOUTH MAIL is being rapidly pushed to a focus, and every woman connected therewith is exerting every muscle, in order to make it the winning issue of the day. We are not going to give anything away that is to be published, but articles from the Rev. Lee S. McCollister, (on the "Prodigal Son"), Emma Bower, Lillian M. Hollister, etc., assures us that the reading matter will be particularly interesting. Aside from this a complete review of the societies of the village lends tone to the edition, while the editorial and local matter will be simply up to date.

If you desire an extra copy you must order at once.

At present an edition of 2,500 is figured on and nearly every copy has a place laid aside for it.

Any of the ladies can accommodate you, or leave orders at any store or at the MAIL office.

Remember no less than 16 pages and indications point to 20 pages.

Pikes Peak.

Jas. Stephenson is better at this writing.

The Ladies Aid Society met on Wednesday afternoon with Mrs. Thos. Fox.

There will be a concert at the P. of I. hall next Saturday evening. The proceeds will go toward buying seats for the new church.

Dr. J. D. Bennett has moved from the Trevis house to Willard Sherman's where he will have his office until he leaves for Chicago.

Wm. Parmelee went to Detroit on business on Tuesday last. We think he deserves the patronage of the community as he is a wide-awake thorough going merchant and exceedingly accommodating.

C. F. Nollert has rented the place belonging to Philip Larkins, and moved thereon.

The township election in this town (Nankin) resulted in a victory for the republican party. **THE PARSON.**

Meads Mills.

Mrs. Jane Downey and granddaughter, Edna McKeever of Plymouth, visited at Bert Hughes', last week.

Masters Don and Charlie Rogers gave a birthday party to their little friends last Thursday, it being Don's fifth birthday.

Mr. Jensen's people of South Lyon, visited at Cal. Stevens last Sunday.

Charlie Waterman is home to stay. He has been a porter for two years or more at the M. C. depot, Detroit. He has a better situation in view.

Miss Avis Greene visited at Farmington last week for a few days.

Mrs. C. E. Rogers visited at Novi last Sunday.

Low Cammon and son Garr, visited Frank Taylor Sunday.

Wm. McRoberts is taking electric treatments at Plymouth of Dr. Bovee for nervousness. He thinks he is better.

Mrs. Frances is quite a little better.

Card of Thanks.

Mr. J. F. Cuenat and Mrs. C. W. Chambers, children of the late Catherine Cuenat, desire to extend their grateful thanks to their neighbors and friends and the officiating clergyman for their kind services during their late bereavement.

"And the King shall answer and say unto them, Verily I say unto you, inasmuch as ye have done it unto one of the least of these my brethren, ye have done it unto me."

FOR SALE.

Having bought an interest in the Becker Sorghum mill in Plymouth, will offer my mill in Livonia for sale cheap. Come and see it.

L. DEAN.

THE SITUATION.

The report of the United States bureau of statistics, shows that in the month of February of this year the imports exceeded the exports to the amount of \$2,017,809. February 1894 the exports exceeded the imports by \$11,812,190, making a comparative difference against us in the two corresponding months of \$13,829,999. The balance of foreign trade in favor of the United States during the eight months ending February 29, 1895, was \$91,967,932. For the eight months ending February 28, 1894, it was \$216,061,832, showing a comparative falling off in favorable balance of \$124,093,900.

At this rate of declining balance it will not take very long to change the balance of about \$236,000,000 in our favor in 1894 to a credit on the other side. This indicates that our debt paying capacity is being rapidly reduced, and that if we would successfully compete with other countries, products must go still lower in price. In the effort to meet competition labor saving improvements are being introduced at the average rate of the capacity of \$1,000,000, or more of manual workers per year. The first result of these improvements is to cheapen products in the branches to which they are applied. The second result is to cheapen labor by throwing so much of it back upon the labor market. The third result is to injure the market for products by cutting off about \$300,000,000 from the amount paid for labor each year which would otherwise be spent by the laborers as consumers. Thus the cheapening of commodities by invention acts and reacts upon the markets and the welfare of the people in concentric waves of never ending succession.

As all countries are using similar means to outdo the others and acquire supremacy and within the different nations, individuals, monopolies and trusts, are engaged in the same kind of warfare upon each other, they are all aiding in hastening the general ruin that must inevitably follow an indefinite expansion of production and a constant contraction of consumption. Under this method we have already passed the point, as a nation, of keeping even with our debts, and although there is much whistling being done to keep courage up, there is no use in denying that all the "wise statesmen" have utterly failed thus far in staying the downward trend. They seem to be unable to find anything adequate to patch up and perpetuate a system that is afflicted with an incurable decline, and in the very nature of things this must be so. So long as they continue to live on the traditions of past glories and tender their unholy devotions and address vain petitions to their gold and silver idols, so long will their hopes be fruitless.

No metallic God can restore the past or remove the causes that have brought on this paralysis which betokens death. The competitive system belongs to the age of brutality and small achievements. It is plain that the great syndicates, monopolies and trusts are about the only enterprises that are having marked success. Their individual members have given up the idea of "each one managing his own business in his own way" and by adopting the principle of co-operation, they attain success where nearly all others fail or have a hard struggle to live.

Each day it grows darker for competition and brighter for socialism. How long the people will continue in the present downward course or how far they will consent to descend into the pit of destruction, will depend upon their time honored prejudice and powers of endurance. This is the time of disintegration of the old and the seed time of thought for the new "As ye sow, so shall ye reap."

A BIG SCHEME.

The Huron river rises in Oakland county this state, draining White, Union, Upper Strait, Lower Strait, Lino, Spring, First and Second Base, Strawberry and Portage Lakes, and about 950 square miles of territory, it has an average fall of five feet per mile and a minimum flow of 265 cubic feet per second. It is proposed to build a dam at French Landing of solid masonry 312 feet long with an eight foot crest, giving a total fall of 14 feet and six inches. The distance between the proposed dam and the Pelant mill property is by river about six miles thereby giving for the dam at French Landing a large reservoir or storage, whereby a power equal to 3,500 horsepower can be developed for a twelve hour service.

A power house will be built at the dam and horizontal turbine wheels will be used and electric dynamos connected direct with the axes of the turbines, and from this general power station pole line and copper cable will convey the power to surrounding cities. We understand that electric power will be for sale at the rate of \$30 per horse power per annum, this for city lighting would mean that an arc light will cost about \$30 per annum, including trimming and carbons, and that an incandescent light of 16 candle will cost about \$25.00 per annum. It is proposed to furnish Wayne, Plymouth, Northville, Belleville and Ypsilanti with cheap lights sufficient to pay interest on the money invested, and devote the balance of power as an inducement for manufacturing interests to locate here.

Agreements for damages for all land to be submerged are now being entered into and the site for the dam is already purchased.

The estimated cost of the plant is \$250,000.—Belleville Enterprise.

Don't send your laundry out of town, Try the Plymouth laundry.

Salem.

At the rate our young people were married last week, it is evident that marriageable persons in this vicinity will be scarce, if this state of things continue. During the week, F. C. Wheeler and Jennie Westfall were made one; also Wesley McPhadden and a young lady by the name of McPhadden (her first name not known to the writer) entered upon the duties of married life; while Walker went way down to Wayne and married a Kings daughter and returned to his farm in this township, where in the future they will reside. In regard to each of these couples, the MAIL scribe wishes them a long and prosperous life and much happiness, and mildly suggests that as this item meets their eye a hungry scribe can eat candy, peanuts, or in fact anything that's good.

Bert Rich who is at present handling colts, had a check put upon operations by a serious case of distemper afflicting one of the animals.

Dr. Walker, who has been on the sick list during the past week, is so far recovered as to be able to be about. "Whoop-ee," Doc. says, "it takes more than one dose of grip to keep me in."

Joseph Deane was among the sick ones this week. Dr. Adams of Plymouth, is the attending physician.

On account of the funeral services at the Lapham's M. E. church last Sabbath, the union concert was postponed for one week. Consequently it will be held April 7th. An interesting program is arranged for the occasion.

One of our enterprising farmers in this locality has a novel way of feeding poultry. In the building in which they are allowed to roam is also a flock of fine wool sheep, and during the winter the hens have picked and devoured a large portion of the wool of the sheep. Considering the price of wool and the price of eggs, and also that the farmer is a high tariff man, we believe it goes to show that there is more than one way to make sheep pay.

If the actions of certain persons on March 29, and the remarks we have heard made in regard to them, are any criterion to judge by, we should say that awful correspondent of the Northville News was not so far-out of the way when he intimated that Salem was not christianized. "Shame."

Sugar making is booming, but alas, your humble servant has not been invited to even indulge in a wholesome drink of sap, to say nothing about warm sugar. But thus it is, the editor and the scribe, although working for the interests of the community at large, are seldom appreciated except when we knock someone else

SUPERVISOR HOYT

AGAIN RETURNED TO REPRESENT HIS TOWNSHIP.

Five Times Elected Supervisor. The Balance of the Republican Ticket Won out.

The township election was very quiet indeed with pure democratic weather prevailing. A good vote, however, was polled. For the fifth time Wm. H. Hoyt has been elected supervisor.

The republican ticket swept everything. E. Lauffer made an excellent run for treasurer, leading his ticket by over 50.

The following is the official report. Republicans are named first, democrats second, prohibitionists third:

Supervisor.	1st p.	2d p.	Tot.
Wm. H. Hoyt	288	180	477
L. A. Babbit	89	80	169
R. C. Safford	31	26	57
Clerk.			
Wm. H. Nichols	309	166	475
W. T. Conner	76	93	169
F. D. Adams	23	41	64
Treasurer.			
S. W. Knapp	292	111	403
E. C. Lauffer	85	151	236
J. Bogert	26	41	67
Justice.			
E. P. Lombard	287	168	455
J. M. Ward	84	96	180
H. Hurd	31	39	70
Highway Com.			
F. N. Johnson	286	178	464
A. Houk	91	81	172
M. D. Gorton	28	40	68
Drain Com.			
G. P. Benton	283	168	451
F. B. Park	85	86	171
L. Deane	32	45	77
School Insp.			
C. L. Dubaut	284	177	461
C. Booth	91	85	176
Bd. Review.			
E. K. Starkweather	264	172	436
D. B. Northrop	109	84	193
G. E. Bradley	30	44	74
Constables.			
W. H. Brigham	282	173	455
C. Stewart	86	83	169
L. Lamreaux	38	42	80
E. N. Perrin	289	175	462
G. Wager	81	83	164
J. Hamilton	32	43	75
J. Hood	284	169	453
E. Cortrite	83	88	171
T. F. Chilson	30	43	73
M. R. Weeks	282	172	454
G. Van de Car	85	88	173
J. Smye	30	39	69

Wayne Co Bonds.

No.	Yes
Wayne Co Bonds	470
Am't. Circuit Court	318
Am't. State Salaries	437
	148

HOSE CO. NO. 3.

The following is a list of the officers and members of Hose Co. No. 3:

Captain Robert Mimmack; Lieutenant, Theo. Chilson; Secretary, John Smye; Treasurer, Chas. Brems; Pipemen, August Campbell and John Smye; First linemen, Bert Robinson and Bert Gunsolly; Second linemen, Edward Gayde and Geo. Wilcox; Hydrantmen, Chas. Brems and John Smith; Ladderman, Elmer Willett; Honorary members, Geo. Springer, Fred Reeves, Wm. Gayde.


A list of the members of the other two companies will be given next week.

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How Dr. Miles' Nerve Restored One of Kentucky's Business Men to Health.



No DISEASE has ever presented so many peculiarities as LaGrippe. No disease leaves its victims so debilitated, useless, sickly, nervous, as LaGrippe.

Mr. D. W. Hilton, state agent of the Mutual Life Insurance Co., of Kentucky, says: "In 1899 and '90 I had two severe attacks of LaGrippe, the last one attacking my nervous system with such severity that my life was despaired of. I had not slept for more than two months except by the use of narcotics that stupored me, but gave me no rest. I was only conscious of intense mental weakness, agonizing bodily pain and the fact that I was hourly growing weaker. When in this condition, I commenced using Dr. Miles' Restorative Nerve. In two days I began to improve and in one month's time I was cured, much to the surprise of all who knew of my condition. I have been in excellent health since and have recommended your remedies to many of my friends." Louisville, Jan. 22, 1895. D. W. HILTON.

Dr. Miles' Nerve Restores Health.

DETROIT, NOV. 25, 1894.

STANDARD TIME.

GOING EAST	A. M.	P. M.
Grand Rapids	7:00	1:20
Howland City	5:50	4:50
Ionia	7:30	5:35
Grand Lodge	8:30	3:45
Lansing	9:30	2:05
Williamston	8:15	3:25
Wellsville	9:25	3:44
Fowlerville	9:35	3:50
Howell Junction	9:55	—
Brighton	10:11	4:14
South Lyon	10:26	4:28
Salem	10:36	4:47
PLYMOUTH	11:40	5:51
Detroit	11:40	5:51

COUNCIL MEETING

Geo. W. Hunter Chosen Chief of the Fire Department.

The council met in regular session on Monday evening, but owing to the fact that it was election night, some of the members were necessarily absent, therefore, not much business was transacted.

The president announced the following standing committees for the year:

Ways and means—
Gale, Root, Roe.

Claims and accounts—
Root, Roe, Smitherman.

Streets—
Root, Jolliffe, Robinson.

Parks—
Roe, Smitherman, Jolliffe.

Health—
Smitherman, Roe, Gale.

Ordinance—
Robinson, Jolliffe, Gale.

Pounds—
Jolliffe, Robinson, Roe.

License—
Gale, Smitherman, Root.

Cemeteries—
Jolliffe, Robinson, Roe.

Fire—
Roe, Smitherman, Robinson.

A number of bills were read and allowed.

The president requested the council to take action on the appointing of a chief of the fire department, and recommended that Geo. W. Hunter be chosen.

It did not take the trustees long to confirm the recommendation and all spoke very highly of the president's choice.

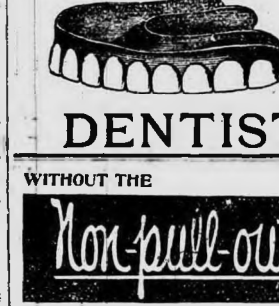
The bonds of C. A. Pinckney, as treasurer, with A. A. Taft and L. H. Bennett as sureties, and E. C. Lauffer, as clerk, with E. W. Chaffee and Geo. Vaudecar as sureties, were accepted.

Geo. W. Hunter came in the council room and was called upon to acknowledge his appointment. He spoke very briefly thanking the council for the honor and promising to discharge the duties as faithfully as possible.

Mr. Markham sent in a communication relative to the town paying \$5.00 per month towards providing a night watch, which was laid on the table without any action being taken. That we should have a night watch no one can dispute, and that no one man can cover the whole town, yet the main portion of it should be looked after. We think that \$3.50 a month would be a good investment in a night watch.

DENTIST.

WITHOUT THE



Don't pull out

BOW (RING)

It is easy to steal or ring watches from the pocket. The thief gets the watch in one hand, the chain in the other and gives a short, quick jerk—the ring slips off the watch stem, and away goes the watch, leaving the victim only the chain.

This idea stopped that little game!


The bow has a groove on each end. A collar runs down inside the pendant (stem) and fits into the groove, firmly locking the bow to the pendant, so that it cannot be pulled or twisted off.

Sold by all watch dealers, without cost, on Jas. Boss Filled and other cases containing this trade mark—
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It Does the Work if Properly Set.

Address for Prices,
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National Exchange Bank
CAPITAL, \$50,000.

A General Banking Business Transacted.

4 PER CENT.

Interest paid on Savings and Time Deposits

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SALEM TOWNSHIP

Salem township went republican at the township election.

The funeral services of Mrs. Lillie Brown, of Webberville, were held in the Congregational church, on Friday, March 25th. The deceased was a former resident of Salem, her maiden name being Stanbro. Her death was caused by nervous prostration, which followed the removal of a cancer. She leaves a husband, and one son by her first husband, and also two sisters to mourn her loss.

George Walker has commenced to build his new brick house on his farm in the south part of this township. When completed it will be a fine structure.

Woodchuck hunters got rather a set back this year in this township. A 15c bounty for green scalps was voted upon and carried, principally by a lot of boys, and then the indignant farmers arose in their might and voted not to appropriate any money to pay said bounty. So now, boys, shoot the chucks and then whistle for your pay, while you keep the scalps green. We—"Guess"—don't see anything green, do you? **GUESS.**

REV. W. H. BENTON.

Rev. W. H. Benton is the pastor of the two M. E. churches of this township, and also has the church at Emery. He preaches each alternate Sunday morning at Lapham's church, and each intervening Sunday morning at Emery, while every Sunday afternoon finds him at the west M. E. church. During the past winter he has held revival services at Emery and also at Lapham's church, assisted by an evangelist. The results of the meetings were very gratifying indeed.

Mr. Benton is a man past middle life, of pleasing address and sound mental ability, a powerful speaker, and a gentleman in every sense of the term. Since coming to Salem he has been called to mourn the loss of a beloved wife, who died during the first year of his pastorate in this field. The genial disposition of this earnest pastor together with his other sterling qualities, causes Mr. Benton to be loved and respected, not only by his own people, but the community as well.

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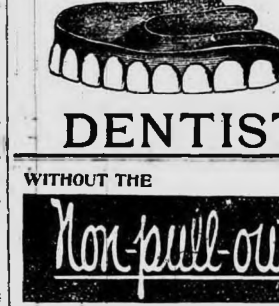
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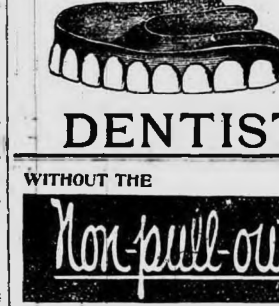
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Roe, Smitherman, Jolliffe.

Health—
Smitherman, Roe, Gale.

Ordinance—
Robinson, Jolliffe, Gale.

Pounds—
Jolliffe, Robinson, Roe.

License—
Gale, Smitherman, Root.

Cemeteries—
Jolliffe, Robinson, Roe.

Fire—
Roe, Smitherman, Robinson.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

LOCAL HAPPENINGS AND PERSONAL MENTION.

What Our Scribe Gathered on the Outside.—Other News Items.

Chief Hunter we salute thee.

Miss Vrooman's ad appears this week.

Nellie Steele was in Detroit Tuesday.

C. F. Bennett was in Detroit Tuesday.

Mrs. A. H. Dibble visited in Fowlerville last week.

N. T. Bradner, of Detroit, was in the village this week.

Miss Lena Paddock returned from Detroit Monday last.

Mrs. Loud, of Waterford, is visiting at Mrs. G. R. Patterson's.

Alfred Hamner, of Ypsilanti, was in town Thursday.

Mrs. Anna Taft now occupies part of the Coleman house.

Girls Wanted.—At the Plymouth cigar factory to strip tobacco.

Mrs. Dr. Kendrick left for Ann Arbor Thursday where she will reside.

Walter Riggs and wife have moved into Mrs. Voorhies house on Sutton St.

George Hall and Ed Hough left Monday for a three week's trip to Virginia.

Mrs. M. R. Weeks had a slight stroke of paralysis this week and is reported quite ill.

Harrison Peck and family have moved into the house recently vacated by Mrs. A. Taft.

Ed. Pelton and Charley Butterfield took a flying trip to Detroit Wednesday afternoon.

W. H. Palmer reports more business than for several months. It speaks hosts for his photos.

On Tuesday, April 9th, the regular "donation festivities" will take place at the M. E. church. Go.

Claude Bennett and Arthur Cable attended Sousa's band concert in Detroit last Sunday evening.

Herbert Harrison has rented the Henry Safford farm and will move thereon with his family in a few days.

Mrs. Maggie Doolittle left Wednesday for Columbus, Ohio, where she will make her home with her brother.

Bear in mind that on Tuesday, April 9th, the Methodist church will be wide open for the purpose of receiving the yearly donations.

Claude Bennett and Ford Lyndon went over to Walled Lake to spear pike last Wednesday night. We have not seen any samples, so must draw our own inferences.

Lindemann piano, upright, for sale. Good as new. Cheap. Enquire of

L. C. SHERWOOD.

F. F. BENNETT.

Mrs. Dr. Kimble left Thursday for West Virginia, where she will spend a few days with her husband who is traveling in that section of the country at present.

Mr. Petrequin, of Detroit, with whom a number of our readers are acquainted, has a situation in the new establishment of Mabley, Harvey & Co., corner of Woodward avenue and State st.

Special Easter services will be held in the M. E. church, on Easter Sunday, April 14th. Preparations are in progress for a very interesting program. Everybody invited.

A lecture will be given at the Baptist church, Tuesday evening, April 9th, under the auspices of the B. Y. P. U., by Rev. C. A. Cadwell, of Detroit. Subject, "Witnessing for Christ." All invited. Collection taken.

The W. C. T. U. held their birthday banquet at Mrs. Frisbee's Thursday afternoon. Forty-five ladies were present. Mrs. Andrews, from Detroit, being one of the guests. When the box was opened over \$20.00 was realized.

The editor and his family have been moving this week. That, together with the immense amount of extra work required in getting out the women's edition, has caused us to slight this week's paper to a certain extent. By next week we will probably be in good shape again.

W. J. and H. E. Bradner, well known in Plymouth, and who have been residing in Lansing for some months past, have moved back to Plymouth and will conduct an implement business, two doors west of the fair grounds entrance. An advertisement will appear in the MAIL soon, as they say if they "cannot do business and advertise they will quit business."

Harry Morgan, baritone, well known in the village, will give a concert in the village hall during Easter week, assisted by the Misses Sherwood of the village, and the following well known Detroit artists: Prof. C. M. Vet, violinist (late of Paris), of the Vet academy of music, Detroit; Mrs. Stoddart, Detroit's celebrated contralto; Miss L. Burns, elocutionist, of the Barrett school of expression, and Miss Maude Markham, pianist, pupil of Prof. J. H. Hahn. With such artists participating, it is needless to say that a programme of surpassing quality will be rendered. Mr. Morgan has been studying under one of Detroit's finest vocal teachers for some time, and the proceeds of the concert is to assist him in continuing his musical studies. Admission 25c. Programme and date announced in next week's MAIL.

Read C. G. Draper's ad.

Have you ordered a copy of the women's edition of the MAIL?

Rob-Mimnaek spent Sunday last with Claude Briggs, of Detroit.

Don't be surprised when the wedding bell's ring in the near future.

Mrs. Ruel Durfee is visiting with her niece, Mrs. Sarah Armstrong.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Nicolais were in town one day during the week.

Miss Allie Safford spent Sunday with her sister, Mrs. H. Harrison, of Inkster.

The Plymouth laundry is a home institution. Support it.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. FOR SALE By John L. Gale.

We have a few more 10c, 15c, and 18c, writing pads at 5 cents each. Call at the MAIL office before they are all gone.

The Plymouth laundry is a home industry. Patronize it.

Chinese napkins at the MAIL office.

CANOPY TOP, dog cart for sale at a bargain. Inquire F. & P. M. Elevator.

Don't forget the Plymouth Laundry.

Pedro score cards at the MAIL office.

VARIOUS CELEBRITIES.

It is due to the late M. Worth to say that he didn't invent the balloon sleeves.

The curious statement is made that the favorite book in the Turkish harem is a translation of Kingsley's "Westward, Ho!"

Though Miss Frances E. Willard is supposed to have gone to Europe largely for rest, she declares that she will be busy laboring for the right.

The first prize of \$5,000 for a design for the Hahnemann monument, to be erected at Washington, has been awarded to Charles Henry Niehaus of New York city. The design includes a seated figure of the eminent pioneer of homoeopathy, placed on a pedestal.

When Lillian Russell was asked to sing "The Star Spangled Banner" in the new Carnegie Music hall in Pittsburgh to test its acoustic qualities she said she did not know the words of the song. None of the committee with her knew the words, so the song was not sung.

Miss Mary Stockman of Germany, who is said to be now in this country, has recently patented a series of printed designs in raised type, by means of which readers who are blind are enabled readily to count the stitches and to determine the colors needed for any special pattern.

VIEWS AND VARIETIES.

but you need feel no concern about your reputation." "No," returned the judge, "I don't; I'm only concerned about the reputation of the Supreme court."

A story is told of a member of the Boston bar, who, meeting Judge Lord one day, said to him; "I see, Judge Lord, that the Supreme court has overruled you in the case of — vs. —."

Mr. Carlin, an oyster saloon proprietor of Middleborough, Eng., while opening a native oyster the other day found that it contained a nine-karat gold ring of singular design. The ring resembles a curb chain.

The greatest depth in which a ship has been anchored is 3,000 fathoms (considerably more than two miles.) This was accomplished by the United States vessel Blake when employed on the work of chartering the various ocean currents.

Geneva, in Switzerland, has the largest fountain in the world. It has only been finished lately and is situated on the shore of Lake Lemna. The water rises in a column 300 feet high. It is turned on every Sunday, and in the evening the main fountain is divided into a number of smaller sprays, which are illuminated by electricity in colors.

SUNFLOWER PHILOSOPHY.

Worthlessness comes mighty natural to a man.

The surest way to be a good husband is to be a bachelor.

You will hear the same old complaints as long as you live.

When some people take a hint they take their hats with it.

No woman truly loves a man unless she thinks he can sing.

When a man's whiskers come in gray he is apt to shave every morning.

For Sale, Cheap.

One of the best farm properties, containing 100 acres, in Plymouth township. Will take resident property in Plymouth or Northville for part pay. Apply at M.J.L. office.

The first Bible printed in the point alphabet for the blind has been issued in Louisville. It contains 1,839 pages.

Pure titanium has been obtained by M. Moissan by means of the electric furnace. It is an extremely hard metal capable of scratching diamond, but is soluble in lead, copper and iron. It is the most refractory metal with which M. Moissan has yet dealt.

The most ancient English decoration was the Order of the Round Table, said to have been founded in 516 or 523.

The Order of the Garter is the most highly esteemed English decoration. The story of its origin in 1349 is too well known to need repeating.

Extract from catalogue of a leading library: "In the novels and stories marked with an asterisk, the happy couples get married at the finish."

27 Moffat Bldg. Phone 1548

John E. McGill,

Attorney-at-Law,

DETROIT, MICH.

Agricultural Colleges and Dairying.

Prof. C. S. Plumb has made a review for the Indiana Farmer of the relation of our agricultural colleges to the dairy interests, and finds that:

"At the present time special courses in dairying are provided in the agricultural colleges of Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa, Pennsylvania, Indiana, Vermont, New York, Maine and Michigan. Of these states, Wisconsin devotes entirely to dairying a \$40,000 building and equipments, New York a \$50,000 building, Minnesota one costing about \$25,000, Iowa \$4,000 and Indiana \$1,500. Dairying in the other colleges is taught in buildings used for other purposes also. At the present time the course in dairying in each of these agricultural schools is, I believe, a thorough success, although Michigan is this year attempting the work for the first time."

One of the great disappointments of the friends of agricultural colleges has been the meagre patronage of these schools of learning by farmers. There is no disguising the fact that no substantial demand for an agricultural education to be used in tilling the soil has been developed. Such is not the case with the dairy schools, which are a part of the life of these colleges. Why is this? Two facts stand out prominently in the history of the dairy schools, namely: Their course of study are short and directly applicable to a department of farming and turn out young men who are at once given positions that return a compensation above that of a day laborer.

Testing Homoeopathic Remedies.

While I rely on spongia in most all cases of roup, yet it is not a specific by any means, writes E. W. Amsden in Southern Fancier. In the first symptoms, running at the nostrils, and a short, quick sneeze, acconitum nux as a remedy is preferable. When there is a thick discharge from the nose, mercurius is indicated. We have found hepar-sulphur, in alternation with spongia, effective as a cure when spongia alone would not be sufficient. Spongia is very effective when there is a rattling sound in the throat. For canker, first clean the cankerous substance off the surface; rinse the mouth and throat clean, and apply either burned, pulverized alum or powdered borax, with a little sulphate of copper mixed with it; put hepar-sulphur in the drinking water.

Here is a remedy for warts, or sore head, as it is commonly called. It is a species of roup. I have had towia's combs and wattles filled with these little cankerous sores before they were discovered. I first bathe the head in warm water and vinegar or boracic acid. Soak the sore spots well, then wipe dry with a clean cloth. Now take a piece of copperas, dip it in water and rub it on the sore spots; it will kill the cankerous matter of the sore and dry it up in 12 hours. This is a never-failing remedy for canker sores. You need not be afraid of getting it in the eye, for it will do no hurt. If the fowl is feverish, give aconite in the drinking water. Epsom salt, one tablespoonful to a quart of water, is a good preventive. Homoeopathic remedies are easily administered, and if the right remedy is selected, they are a sure cure. Fowls are very susceptible to homoeopathic treatment.

English Butter Market.

The competition in furnishing fresh butter for the English market grows daily keener. Once the Danes had it all their own way, and Danish butter was in demand at the highest prices. Seeing that the dairy schools had accomplished for that little kingdom, other nations followed suit and began a vigorous rivalry for the London market.

Sweden has been so successful in her efforts that by many her product is reckoned even superior to the Danish article. French butter at one time ranked very high, but carelessness and the admixture of oleomargarine caused it to fall in disrepute. It has only just regained its lost footing by exercising extreme care in the preparation of the article and by the rigid exclusion of all adulterating substances. By herculean efforts Australia has succeeded in placing on the market a butter of excellent quality, and there is no room to doubt the rapid betterment of the Canadian and American article. The butter standard throughout the world has steadily risen. In nothing are the benefits of competition more clearly shown than in this one product. The average butter has improved more within the past decade than during the whole of the preceding century.—World.

Doubts Tuberculosis.

Dr. W. L. Zuill, chairman of the veterinary faculty of the University of Pennsylvania, declares that tuberculosis will not react in every case of tubercular disease, but will react where no tuberculosis exists, and therefore is not reliable. He says it is positively dangerous, as it may arouse a latent or quiescent tubercle into activity, and thus cause an aggravated tuberculosis that will render the milk unfit for food and hasten the cow's death, whereas without tuberculin such a cow might enjoy health and yield perfectly harmless milk. Prof. Guillehan of the veterinary school at Berne, Switzerland, expresses the same opinion and adds that because of the great loss in cattle and danger in milk by the use of tuberculin, he thinks it will never be rendered obligatory by law. Dr. Zuill concludes: "My position is this: I cannot do, and will not endorse the indiscriminate use of tuberculin as an agent for diagnosing tuberculosis in dairy cattle. Every new report we get of the general arbitrary use of this substance proves it unreliable. It is not used by law in any country of the world."

Froth in Separated Cream.

Many people who use the hand separator frequently find that they produce a great deal of froth in the cream, and it is not uncommon to notice that they are unaware of a method of avoiding this, says Dairy (London, England). A visitor to a recent dairy exhibition, who had met with such a difficulty, saw a plan which prevented it, and, although it is not new, he does well to speak of it. He says that, while watching the operations, he noticed that the cream of the separators, after the milk was whirled, had no froth or foam upon it, and in appearance resembled the cream from the deep setters. As this was a matter worthy of inquiry, it was soon demonstrated that if the cream as it came from the separator spout was run through a small hair sieve on its way to the cream can, the foam would be all obliterated or diffused, and in the

MILLINERY OPENING

Ladies of Plymouth and vicinity are respectfully invited to attend our Millinery Opening on Thursday, Friday and Saturday,

April 4, 5 & 6

When we will show an entirely new and complete line of Millinery specially selected for our trade. No trouble to show goods whether you desire to purchase now or not.

NELLIE STEELE & COMPANY.

In addition to the above, we will show a handsome line of Perfumes and Toilet articles. Largest Variety in town.

ADIRONDA TRADE MARK

Wheeler's Heart Cure AND Nerve

HEART DISEASE, EPILEPSY, NERVOUS PROSTRATION.

Sleeplessness and all derangements of the Nervous System.

Unexcelled for Restless Babies.

Purely Vegetable, Guaranteed free from Opium, 100 full size doses, 50c.

Rev. R. M. Middleton, M. E. Clergyman, Spring Lake, Mich., says: "Sleep and rest were strangers to me after preaching till I used 'Adironda.'" "Now I sleep soundly and awake refreshed and can heartily recommend it."

Prepared by WHEELER & FUELER MEDICINE CO., Cedar Springs, Mich.

Sold by J. L. Gale, Plymouth

COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE.

In the matter of the estate of Mary J. Leonard, deceased. We, the undersigned, having been appointed by the Probate Court, for the County of Wayne, State of Michigan, Commissioners to receive, examine, and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against said deceased, do hereby give notice, that we will meet at the office of Geo. A. Starkweather, in the village of Plymouth in said county, on Monday the twenty-eighth day of May, A. D. 1905, and on Monday, the twenty-sixth day of August, A. D. 1905, at ten o'clock a. m. of each said days, for the purpose of examining and allowing said claims, and that six months from the twenty-sixth day of February, A. D. 1905, were allowed by said Court for creditors to present their claims to us for examination and allowance.

GEO. A. STARKWEATHER, ROBERT C. SAFFORD, Commissioners.

Dated, March 14th, 1905.

COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE.

In the matter of the estate of William M. Manchester, deceased. We, the undersigned, having been appointed by the Probate Court, for the County of Wayne, State of Michigan, Commissioners to receive, examine, and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against said deceased, do hereby give notice that we will meet at the store of Albert H. Dibble, in the village of Plymouth, in said County, on Thursday the thirtieth day of June, A. D. 1905, on Thursday, the twelfth day of September, A. D. 1905, at ten o'clock a. m. of each of said days, for the purpose of examining and allowing said claims, and that six months from the thirtieth day of March, A. D. 1905, were allowed by said Court for creditors to present their claims to us for examination and allowance.

WILLIAM H. HOYT, ALBERT H. DIBBLE, Commissioners.

Dated April 4th, 1905.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, VILLAGE OF PLYMOUTH.

Notice is hereby given, that pursuant to the law thereof it is a part of the front door of the Village Hall in said village and that on FRIDAY, the tenth day of May, A. D. 1905, at public auction, commencing at the hour of 9 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, the several lands, tenements, hereditaments and premises hereinafter described in consideration of advancing the sum or sums, which were agreed by the Commission on Council of said village, under the said sum or sums, with the sale and charge thereon shall be sold that it to be paid or satisfied, which the owners, occupants of, or parties interested therein, in said lands, tenements, hereditaments and premises, against which said sum or sums have been advanced, are hereby required to do. One brick bakery in section 26, bounded on the north by Burrows, on the east by Shortness, south and west by street, corner of South Main and Wing streets.

CYRUS A. PINCKNEY, Village Treasurer.

TOWER'S SURFACE CULTIVATOR



IS THE PIONEER OF ITS CLASS, And as now perfected

Cannot be equalled for Corn, Potatoes, Cabbage and Tobacco Culture.

IT IS A PERFECT ERADICATOR of Morning Glories, Cocksburrs, Barn Grass and other noxious Weeds.

EQUALLY AS EFFICIENT IN WET AS IN DRY SEASONS.

All the Agricultural Experiment Stations in the country have decided in favor of surface culture, and all of them who have tested it, have decided in favor of the Tower's Hoe Cultivator for that purpose.

Manufactured by J. D. TOWER & BRO., MENDOTA, ILL.

Cash Hardware, Plymouth.

Chain Pumps, Stock Pumps, Cistern Pumps, Wood or Cistern.

Just arrived for Spring Trade. Prices lower than ever before. Also a few more Wood Heaters Cheap at

HUSTON & CO

Are You in Need Of a Gasoline Stove.

If so call at LAPHAM'S and examine the new Process Gasoline stove, the best in the world, at rock bottom prices. While there get prices on Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots and Shoes, Window Shades and Wall Paper. He leads them all in low prices. No trouble to show goods. Orders delivered promptly. Remember the place in North Village

THE MAMMOTH STORE. A. J. LAPHAM.

WOOD CISTERNS

We have not advertised wood cisterns for years. They seem to advertise themselves, for we have sold since our Mr. Markham first introduced them some 16 years ago

OVER EIGHT THOUSAND!

and are still selling them. They are the best cistern that is made, and give complete satisfaction. Although lumber is nearly twice as high, the old price remains, & c.

13 Barrel Cistern	\$ 6.50
20 Barrel Cistern	8.00
30 Barrel Cistern	10.00

Windmill and Stock Tanks, Reservoirs, Iron Pumps, Gas Pipe and General Plumbing. Planing, Matching, Mouldings, Brackets, Band Sawing and General Job Work.

The Markham Mfg Co.

W. F. Markham, Manager.

Something New in WATCHES, CLOCKS, SILVERWARE, and JEWELRY.



C. G. DRAPER.

Everything Warranted to be as represented. Call and get prices before purchasing elsewhere.



With the only complete bicycle plant in the world, where every part of the machine is made from A to Z, it is any wonder that Victor Bicycles are acknowledged leaders? There's no bicycle like a Victor, and no plant so grandly complete as the one devoted exclusively to the manufacture of this king of wheels.

OVERMAN WHEEL CO.
BOSTON, WASHINGTON, DENVER, SAN FRANCISCO.

THE "IDEAL" EXTENSION TABLE
WITH PATENT SLIDE LEAF.

No Leaves to be Removed and Scored.
Table can be Extended and Closed in five seconds.
In extending table cloth and dishes are not disturbed.
The top being solid veneer there is no chance for warping, a feature so troublesome in other tables. Owing to simplicity of construction we place our table on the market at a price not exceeding that of the old style top.
ASK YOUR DEALER TO SHOW THEM TO YOU.
SEEING IS BELIEVING.
If the house you deal with does not handle this table, write us and we will give you the name of one in your locality that does.
WARREN EXTENSION TABLE CO., WARREN, PA.



PLYMOUTH MAIL.

M. F. GRAY, Publisher.
PLYMOUTH, MICHIGAN.

FRANCIS HAS SEEN THEM.
Wide Reptilian Experience of a Well-Known Railroad.

George B. Francis, a constructing engineer by profession, has had a wide experience with snakes. While surveying on the routes of the South Penn and the Oregon Railway and Navigator company Mr. Francis saw hundreds of rattlesnakes, and never had a disagreeable encounter with one of them. According to his observations the rattlesnake, as a rule, will not bite except in self-defense, and when attacked will not fight if he can escape. This, however, does not apply to the big diamond rattlers of Pennsylvania, whose prowess was not put to test by the South Penn surveyors. When the railroad was built in Oregon rattlers were as numerous as water snakes and checked riders in the reservoirs west of Hartford. The engineers, protected by high leather boots, were in no danger of being bitten, as the Oregon snake cannot strike more than two feet and is so small as to be easily killed with a walking stick. In a few weeks the engineers became so accustomed to snakes that they seldom gave them a thought, and the general indifference to snakes was shared by the wife of one of the engineers who spent a summer in the Oregon camp and who didn't consider a rattler worth noticing except when within striking distance of her 2-year-old boy. She killed several snakes and brought the rattlers to her New England home as mementoes of life in the mountains. On the route of the abandoned South Penn, in Pennsylvania, the rattlers were double the size of their relations beyond the Rocky mountains. Mr. Francis frequently encountered snakes from six to seven feet long and from ten to twelve inches in circumference. These diamond rattlers were not disturbed by the engineers. Frequently the big snakes acted as if they wanted provocation to fight, and sometimes they refused the fight of way to the intruders. On such occasions work was suspended until the snake retired to his den, none of the engineers caring to irritate a six-foot-rattler capable of striking four feet and having jaws apparently strong enough to drive his fangs through a leather bootleg.

RUINS OF YUCATAN.

Prof. W. H. HOLMES TELLS OF EXPLORATIONS THERE.

With a Party of Americans He Visits Old Aztec Temples and Sees Many Things of Great Archaeological Interest.

Prof. W. H. Holmes, curator of anthropology in the Columbian museum, returned recently from his voyage of archaeological discovery to Mexico with Allison V. Armour and other friends in Mr. Armour's steam yacht Ituna, says the Chicago Tribune. It sailed from New York Dec. 15, with Mr. Armour, Prof. Marquand of Princeton, and Norman Williams of Chicago. It reached Jacksonville, Fla., Dec. 20 and took on Prof. Holmes and Prof. C. F. Millspaugh, curator of botany in the museum. It anchored Dec. 24 at Havana, from which point Mr. Williams returned to Chicago. From Havana Dec. 25, the company sailed direct to Progreso, the port of Yucatan, on the northernmost point of the peninsula, where they were joined by ex-United States consul E. H. Thompson, who owns a hacienda in the vicinity, and who has been for ten years a student of Yucatan archaeology. The departure from Progreso, with the party complete, was the commencement of the scientific expedition. "Our first trip," said Prof. Holmes, "was to what are called the eastern islands of Cozumel, Muceres, and Contoy, lying along the eastern coast of the peninsula. We were attracted to the locality by the fact that travelers had never visited it before. These islands are dotted with the ruins of temples and temple accessories. These were occupied when the Spaniards came, and the natives possess records of the conquest. The inscriptions, which are numerous, were made by the priests, and have never been deciphered. We came in sight of Tuloon, an immense fortress on the mainland, but were not permitted to land. Returning to Progreso we journeyed southward to Merida and visited three great ruined cities within seventy-five miles of it. These were Uxmal and Chichenitza, the ruined temples of which were reproduced at the World's Fair by ex-consul Thompson and Izmel. Here we carried our explorations and studies perhaps farther than any other travelers that ever visited the country. The extent of the ruins is something wonderful. They were found in a boundless tropical forest, and consisted largely of stone pillars two feet in diameter and probably eight feet high. Sometimes we saw five rows of them together. We made a great number of photographs and sketches. This country is watered entirely by wells which connect with subterranean rivers. The country, though beautiful, is rocky and barren, and it is a question how the population of these immense ruined cities subsisted. Having returned to Progreso we coasted southward along the west coast of Yucatan to the adjoining state of Campeche and its port Laguna. We ascended the river Usumacinta fifty miles in a river steamer, the shallow water not admitting our yacht, but took our steam launch along. Reaching the state of Tabasco we ascended a tributary of the river as far as our launch could carry us, and some miles further in canoes. Then we took horses and traveled thirty-five miles farther, to the base of the mountains forming the boundary between Mexico and Guatemala. The object was to visit the great ruined city, Yaxchilan, in the midst of a dense forest in the state of Chiapas. The ruins were all temples and their associate buildings and were as well preserved as any ruins of the Aztecs. The place has been visited by travelers before, but was unknown to the Spaniards of the conquest. Those ruins must be 1,000 years old and they contain many features of beauty. While we were on this journey our botanist met with an accident and returned to this country. Returning to Laguna we sailed south and west toward Contoy, from which point we intended to cross the isthmus by rail to Tehuacan. But in three hours we got caught in a norther which was said to be the fiercest ever seen in those seas. It was the same storm that gave New Orleans ten inches of snow. It lasted for three days, during which we did not have our boots off. The waves swept over the deck and down into the cabin, and everything we had was wet. The yachtsmen were constantly dipping into the water on each side. This storm caused us to abandon our Tehuacan trip, and sail for Vera Cruz. On anchoring in that port we went by rail to Puebla, and by the Mexican Central to Oaxaca. In this neighborhood we visited the ruins of Mitla, one of the chief cities of the Zapotecs. The distinguishing feature of these ruins is the great size of the blocks of stone used. They were 18x33 feet in size, were quarried with stone picks, and brought many miles without beasts of burden. "Returning to Oaxaca we visited the great ruins at Monte Alban, one of the most remarkable ruins in Mexico. Then we visited the City of Mexico, and inspected the ancient capital of the Aztecs. Finally we journeyed twenty-five miles north to see the ruins of San Juan Teotihuacan. We then returned to Vera Cruz, sailed to Progreso, and then to New Orleans. Then I parted with Mr. Armour and returned to Chicago by rail. I brought little or nothing with me, and secured no treasure for the Field Columbian museum."

Don't Stop Tobacco.

How to Cure Yourself While Using It.

The tobacco habit grows on a man until his nervous system is seriously affected, impairing health, comfort and happiness. To quit suddenly is too severe a shock to the system, as tobacco, to an inveterate user becomes a stimulant that his system continually craves. Baco-Curo is a scientific cure for the tobacco habit, in all its forms, carefully compounded after the formula of an eminent Berlin Physician who has used it in his private practice since 1873, without a failure, purely vegetable and guaranteed perfectly harmless. You can use all the tobacco you want, while taking Baco-Curo, it will notify you when to stop. We give a written guarantee to permanently cure any case with three boxes, or refund the money with 10 per cent interest. Baco-Curo is not a substitute, but a scientific cure that cures without the aid of will power and with no inconvenience. It leaves the system as pure and free from nicotine as the day you took your first chew or smoke. Sold by all druggists, with our iron-clad guarantee, at \$1.00 per box, three boxes, (thirty days treatment) \$2.50, or sent direct upon receipt of price. SEND SIX TWO-CENT STAMPS FOR SAMPLE BOX, BOOKLET AND PROOFS FREE. Eureka Chemical & Manufacturing Chemists, LaCrosse, Wisconsin. 483

Citizens

Of Plymouth and Vicinity
I wish to inform the public that I am prepared to do anything in the line of

PLUMBING

Steam Fitting Gas Fitting and Sanitary work of all kinds.

I do the work myself, and, as far as prices are concerned, do not bar Detroit or any other city.

A full line of gas pipe, water fixtures, and all necessary appliances for water works always on hand. Respectfully,

James Hewett

General Plumber and Contractor.

FRANKLIN HOUSE

DETROIT, MICH.
It is well before leaving home, whether for business or pleasure, to decide upon a hotel and thereby avoid confusion. When you visit Detroit we would be pleased to have you stop at the old "Franklin House," cor. Larned and Bates Sts., where you will have good meals and a clean bed at moderate rates. The house has been renovated from top to bottom, and is now in first-class condition. Respectfully,
H. H. JAMES.
Meals, 35c. Lodgings, 50c. Per Day, \$1.50.

Livery

AND
SALE STABLE
Good Rigs Day or Night
Also Omnibus and Dray Line in Connection.

12 Bus Tickets for \$1.00
H. G. ROBINSON,
PLYMOUTH, MICH.

JUICY FRUIT CHEWING GUM.

It is the largest package and the finest flavored gum on earth.

BABY'S BIRTHDAY

A beautiful lithograph in 10 colors sent FREE on receipt of one JUICY FRUIT wrapper and 4c. in stamps.
ADDRESS
WM. WRIGLEY, JR., & CO.,
85 & 87 KINZIE ST.,
CHICAGO, ILL.

BEST ON EARTH



1 lb. Can 35c.
CLEVELAND BROTHERS,
102 Murray St., New York.

FEATHERBONE CORSETS AND WAISTS.

Correct Shapes. Best Materials. Latest Styles. Most Comfortable. Recommended by Ladies who wear them.



TRADE-MARK REGISTERED.
Dress-Makers say: "They are the best fitting corset on the market." Merchants cheerfully refund the money after a week's trial if not satisfactory. Call for them at the stores.

FEATHERBONE CORSET CO.,
SOLE MANUFACTURERS,
KALAMAZOO, MICHIGAN.

FOR SALE BY
E. L. RIGGS, Dry Goods and Notions, Plymouth

DON'T STOP TOBACCO

IT'S INJURIOUS TO STOP SUDDENLY and don't be imposed upon by buying a remedy that requires you to do so, as it is nothing more than a substitute. In the sudden stoppage of tobacco you must have some stimulant, and in most cases, the effect of the stimulant, be it opium, morphine, or other opiates, leaves a far worse habit contracted. Ask your druggist about BACO-CURO. It is purely vegetable. You do not have to stop using tobacco with BACO-CURO. It will notify you when to stop and your desire for tobacco will cease. Your system will be as free from nicotine as the day before you took your first chew or smoke. An iron-clad written guarantee to absolutely cure the tobacco habit in all its forms, and in most cases, the effect of the stimulant, be it opium, morphine, or other opiates, leaves a far worse habit contracted. Ask your druggist about BACO-CURO. It is purely vegetable. You do not have to stop using tobacco with BACO-CURO. 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WEAK NERVES

Indicate as surely as any physical symptom shows anything, that the organs and tissues of the body are not satisfied with their nourishment.

They draw their sustenance from the blood, and if the blood is thin, impure, or insufficient, they are in a state of revolt. Their complaints are made to the brain, the king of the body, through the nervous system, and the result of the general dissatisfaction is what we call Nervousness.

This is a concise, reasonable explanation of the whole matter.

The cure for Nervousness, then, is simple. Purify and enrich your blood by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, and the nerves, tissues and organs will have the healthful nourishment they crave. Nervousness and Weakness will then give way to strength and health.

That this is not theory but fact is proven by the voluntary statements of thousands cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla. Read the next column.

"With pleasure I will state that Hood's Sarsaparilla has helped me wonderfully. For several months I could not lie down to sleep on account of heart trouble and also

Prostration of the Nerves.
For three years I had been doctoring, but could not get cured. I received relief for a while, but not permanent. Soon after beginning to take Hood's Sarsaparilla there was a change for the better. In a short time I was feeling splendidly. I now rest well and am able to do work of whatever kind. If I had not tried Hood's Sarsaparilla I do not know what would have become of me. I keep it in my house all the time, and other members of the family take it, and all say there is

Nothing Like Hood's
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ELLY'S CREAM BALM opens and cleanses the Nasal Passages, Alleviates Pain and Inflammation, Heals the Sinus, protects the Membrane from Cold, Restores the Sense of Taste and Smell. The Balm is quickly absorbed and gives relief at once.

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"OLD GLORY" NOW!
With love that knows no measure
We love our country's flag;
We joy to see it waving
O'er plain and mountain crag.
Its folds so soft and faultless,
Divine its every hue,
It speaks to us of heaven
And all that's good and true.
All hail thee glorious banner!
All hail red, white and blue,
For thou dost speak of heaven,
And all that's good and true.
It floats upon the billows,
The glory of the sea;
By every nation honored,
By every breeze that blows;
It greets mankind as brothers
And binds them all in one,
Whatever their creed or color,
Beneath the shining sun.
Where'er it waves the captive
Beholds a broken chain,
And sees the throne of justice
Destroy the tyrant's reign.
The harbinger of morning,
It ushers in the day;
That watchmen on the towers
Have seen so far away.
O glorious, glorious banner!
O glorious, glorious flag,
With blood of patriots purchased
And sacred to the soul,
Wave on, wave on forever,
O'er freedom's fragrant sod,
And let thy glorious brightness
Bless with the throne of God!
—Inter Ocean.

That Winter Night.

BY ROBERT BUCHANAN.

CHAPTER IX.—CONTINUED.

"You have more cause than I thought, to hate me and mine. I have abused your charity by remaining so long. I will send word to one of your soldiers to remove me to Fe-camp."

Drying her eyes quickly, Blanche turned toward him.

"You are not strong enough to go, monsieur."

"I have no right to linger; I have brought desolation to your home."

"Ah! do not talk like that. As well say I had desolated your home, since your sister has lost a brother, your mother a son. It is the war—this terrible war, which I pray may soon end. Since you are in trouble, you are no longer my enemy—unless, indeed, your hand had been raised against my dear father, and then—"

"And then, fraulein—even then you would minister to me, as you did when I lay at your mercy?" he asked eagerly.

"Ah! monsieur, do not ask me," she answered, turning her white face from him. "It would be through God's mercy if I did my duty then. I am not strong or good. I am only a girl."

"You are more—you are an angel."

"Monsieur!"

"I say again, you are an angel. And—God help me—I admire you with my whole soul."

He spoke impulsively, and stretched out his hand toward Blanche. With a startled cry she drew back, and gazed half fearfully into his eyes. Then, as he made a movement to approach her, she waved him back.

"You should not speak to me so," she said, turning away.

In a moment he was beside her.

"You must not go," he said, "you must not leave me like this. I know I have offended and wounded you. How could it be otherwise? But you must say you forgive me—that you do not despise me. Had I been able to bear your contempt, I should have broken my parole, I think, and slunk away, bearing my secret with me; but the fear of your contempt held me. And now I have spoken."

She stood very still, but did not answer him; and he could not see her face for it was turned away.

"Fraulein," he murmured, "you are not angry with me? I might have known it could not have been otherwise, you are so beautiful. But you yourself have said, 'Why should we be enemies?' Will you not let me kiss your hand, fraulein?"

"No, monsieur, I can not."

"Then you do not forgive me? You, who showed such divine mercy when I had committed offenses against your country, can not forgive now that I have committed an offense against you?"

In a moment her hand was extended. He took it and kissed it, then it was hastily withdrawn, and before he could utter another word the girl had left him and was hastening with rapid steps toward the chateau.

CHAPTER X.

The face in the Woods.

Scarcely had Blanche left the soldier's side when a wild cry of voices, followed by the sharp sound of firing, came from the village. Hartmann hastened to the hill-top and looked down. The whole place was in commotion: wreaths of smoke were coming from the house windows, while down the further hill-side galloped a troop of cavalry, half concealed in the clouds raised by the horses' hoofs. Hartmann recognized them in a moment. They were Uhlans.

A scene so common in those days followed. The few straggling Franco-Tireurs who occupied the place were speedily put to flight; but the armed villagers from roof and windows continued the skirmish. As the Uhlans galloped along, they rode down the frightened men and women who still lingered in the streets; then, pausing in the market place, they aimed their pistols at the figures who fired at them from above. The firing grew fainter and fainter; only every now and then was there the crack of a rifle, and a wild shriek or cry. Dismounting, some of the Germans forced their way into the houses, to unearth the hidden enemy. Those they found had short shrift.

Scarcely knowing what he did, Hartmann descended the hill-side. Troops of panic-stricken men and women rushed past him, making for the shelter of the cliffs. He was standing close above the highway, when he perceived, just below him, a scattered group of cavalry, following the fugi-

tives at a hard gallop. As they came up they reined in, wild and covered with dust, he recognized among them his brother officer Vogel, who had been with him when he first encountered Blanche de Gavrolles.

He hailed him in the German tongue. Vogel looked up, and uttered an amazed cry.

"Himmel! It is Hartmann—alive!" Hartmann nodded and descended to the road, where he shook hands with his comrade.

"Where the thunder have you been?" growled Vogel, wiping his brow. "We gave you up for dead."

"I escaped, as you see."

"Well, there is no time to be lost. We must get out of this as we came. Mount up behind me; there, give me your hand."

"I cannot. I am a prisoner on parole."

"Parole, or no parole, now is your chance. Come, before the French devils return upon us in force."

"It is impossible," said Hartmann. "Away with you. I shall not break my word."

As he spoke, a large body of French infantry were seen approaching along the highway, at the rear. Hartmann turned and hastened up the hill-side under the shelter of some trees. He heard the word of command, then a clatter of horses' hoofs, and the Germans had disappeared. Fortunately for him he was not perceived by the soldiers of the advancing body. They passed by rapidly, every now and then pausing to fire at the retreating Uhlans. In a few minutes Hartmann had reached his former point of vantage, close to the little chapel. Here he paused, and, looking down, saw the French soldiers thronging the market place, while the little body of German cavalry, now sadly decimated, galloped until they reached the further heights. Here they paused for a moment, and, waving their lances, uttered a mocking yell, which was answered by the enemy who thronged below. Then, galloping for life, they disappeared in the direction of Havre.

Sadly and wearily Hartmann retraced his steps, and returned towards the woods of Grandpre. What he had just seen only impressed his soul more fully with the hopelessness of his passion for the beautiful French girl. His mind was made up. He would linger no longer in the place, but deliver himself up at once to the French authorities. To stay on at Grandpre would be torture to himself and perhaps to her.

He entered the gate and passed into the shadow of the woods. As he did so he heard a sound as of a foot crushing the brushwood among the trees at his side. He paused and looked in the direction of the sound, but saw nothing. Reassured, he moved slowly on, till he came in sight of the chateau.

Behind and on each side of him the woods stretched dark and gloomy. Close to him was the trunk of a fallen tree; he sat down thinking. Suddenly he seemed to hear a sound again, as of some one moving in the wood close to him. He turned his head and this time saw, glaring from the foliage, what seemed a pair of human eyes. The next moment there was a flash, a sharp report. He staggered to his feet, and, with a low cry of pain fell forward on his face.

CHAPTER XI.

Blanche's Vigil.

The shot was heard from the chateau. Some of the servants, standing on the terrace, saw the German fall; but fully a quarter of an hour elapsed before anyone came to his assistance. Then old Hubert, trembling like a leaf, and looking on every side of him as if fearing a vagrant bullet, came cautiously to the place, followed by several women. As they bent over him in horror, afraid to touch him, Houzel the keeper came striding along the path and joined them. Curiously enough, he was unarmed.

"Halloo!" he cried, gruffly, "what is the matter?"

"See for yourself," answered Hubert, quaking in every limb. "It is the German! Some one has settled his business at last."

Houzel knelt down, raised the prostrate form, and turned the pale face to the light. The eyes were glazed and half closed, and a thin drop of blood was oozing from the bearded lips.

"He is done for, as you say," muttered the keeper. "How did it happen?"

No one could tell, all the servants knew was that they had noticed the German sitting far down the wood-lane path, and had suddenly seen him start up and fall, simultaneously with the report of a gun.

The smoke came from the bushes yonder," cried Hubert. "Some one is in hiding."

The keeper, without hesitating a moment, ran off in the direction indicated, and was seen forcing his way among the trees and pushing aside the branches. He came back, looking pale and agitated.

"No one is there; but there has been fighting down yonder in the village, and perhaps some of our people picked him off as they went by."

"No doubt," answered Hubert; "but what is to be done?"

As he spoke, a scream arose from the women.

"See, he is moving," they cried.

Hartmann's eyes had opened as he lay face upward, and he was moving his head from side to side. Houzel went white as death.

"Yes, he lives! but it is nearly over!" the keeper cried, eagerly, as if the wish were father to the thought. Just then another figure joined the group—Father Andre, flushed and breathless from hastening to the chateau with news of the skirmish in

the village. Directly he saw the state of affairs, he ordered the German to be carried instantly into the chateau.

"Where is the use?" muttered Houzel; "the man is dead!"

"Do as I bid you!" cried the little cure; "he breathes still, poor fellow!"

They carried him slowly to the house, Father Andre himself assisting. As they entered the hall with their burden, Blanche met them, and uttered a cry of horror.

"Who has done this?" she demanded.

"No one can tell," answered the cure. "There has been fighting yonder; that is all I know."

"He is dead!" she moaned, bending over him.

Her tears fell upon his face. Then carefully and silently, they carried him upstairs and laid him on the bed. They had scarcely done so when a light foot was heard upon the stair, and Dr. Huet entered the room.

"What is the matter here?" he demanded.

The story was soon told. Bending over Hartmann, the doctor made a hurried examination.

"This is an ugly business. I fear there is no chance for the poor fellow this time. He has been shot through the back; the bullet is lodged in the pleura, close to the heart."

As he spoke he stripped off his coat and rolled up his sleeves.

"He breathes still," he continued. "Bring me hot water and some linon quickly."

It was Blanche herself who hurried away to seek what was required. Now that the first shock of horror was over, her natural self-command asserted itself, and she was the calmest there.

With a face white as death, but seemingly otherwise unmoved, she stood calmly by while the doctor did his terrible work—probed the bullet and dressed the wound; and when all was over, the doctor and Blanche stood facing each other, while the young officer lay motionless upon the bed.

"Tell me the truth, Doctor Huet," said Blanche, in a terribly calm voice. "You think he must die?"

"Yes, I fear so now."

"Think, think!" she urged. "Is there nothing would save him—nothing?"

"While there is life, Mademoiselle Blanche, there is always hope. The only remedy would suggest would be an impossibility."

"How?"

"No one could be got to obey my instructions. They might be carried out if a Frenchman's life were at stake, but with a German, never!"

"I tended him before; can I not do so again?"

The doctor opened his eyes.

"No, no; it is impossible now. Before it was nothing; now, at any moment he might die suddenly."

"Tell me what to do," persisted Blanche, "and I will watch."

"You would have to watch all night," exclaimed the doctor.

"Night after night, if need be! Ah! do not be afraid; God will give me strength and courage."

Dr. Huet led her quietly aside.

"Keep watch then, through the night, since you are quite determined. Now, take this vial; it contains a valuable anodyne, which has already, as you have seen, greatly soothed the patient. Give him ten drops of this—ten drops, you will remember?—in a little water every thirty minutes, that is to say, twice in the hour."

"I understand—ten drops?"

"Yes; if you should see him sinking suddenly, double the dose—give twenty, even thirty—till he breathes as easily as he is breathing now."

"I understand."

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

WEAKNESSES OF FAMOUS MEN

Many Geniuses Have Been Deficient in Mental and Moral Health.

Dr. James Weir observes that mechanical geniuses, or those who deal mainly with material facts, do not, as a rule, show any signs of mental degeneration. In proof of this, says the London Public Opinion, one need only instance Darwin, Galileo, Edison, Maxwell, Watt, Humsby, Howe, etc. It is only the genius of aestheticism, the genius of the emotions, that is generally accompanied by unmistakable signs of degeneration. Swinburne's poems show the mental bias of their author, who is described as peculiar and eccentric. Many of the men who have aided in making the world's history, were victims of epilepsy, as was Julius Caesar, military leader, statesman and author. Many men of genius have suffered from choleric and spasmodic movements, notably Lenoir, Montesquieu, Buffon, Dr. Johnson, Thomas Campbell, Napoleon and Socrates. Suicide, essentially a symptom of mental disorder, has carried off many a man of genius, including such immortals as Chatterton, Blount, Haydon, Clive and David. Alcoholism and morphinism are now regarded as evidences of degeneration, and have had as victims Coleridge, Sheridan, Steele, Addison, Hoffman, Charles Lamb, Burns and many others. In men of genius the moral sense is sometimes obtunded or absent. Fallout, Seneca and Bacon were suspected felons; Rousseau, Byron, Foscolo and Casanova were grossly immoral, and Casanova, the gifted mathematician, was a common swindler.

A Political Motto.

"My friend," said the truly patriotic citizen, "you are becoming prominent in politics." "That I am," replied the local leader. "I trust that you will adopt as your motto the good old phrase, 'Be sure your're right, and then go ahead.'" "Not exactly, though you are guessing pretty close. De motto of our association is, 'Be sure ye get ahead; ye kin make it right after ward.'"

ACUTE DYSPEPSIA.

SYMPTOMATIC HEART DISEASE OFTEN ATTENDS IT.

The Modern Treatment Consists in Removing the Cause.

From Cedar Rapids, Iowa Republican.

Mrs. V. Curley who has resided in Clarence, Iowa, for the past twenty-two years, tells an interesting story of what she considers rescue from premature death. Her narrative follows:

"For the most part, my life was a constant sufferer from acute stomach trouble. I had all the manifold symptoms of acute dyspepsia, and at times other troubles were present in complication—I did not know what it was to enjoy a meal. No matter how carefully I might be as to the quality, quantity and preparation of my food, distress always followed eating. I was dependent and blue. Almost to the point of insanity at times, and would have been glad to die. Often and often could not sleep. Sympathetic heart trouble set in and time and again I was obliged to call a doctor in the night to relieve sudden attacks of suffocation which would come on without a moment's warning.

My troubles increased as time wore on and I spent large sums in doctor bills, being compelled to have medical attendants almost constantly from 1882 and 1883. It was impossible for me to retain food, and water brushes plagued me. I was reduced to a skeleton. A consultation of physicians was unable to determine just what did ail me. The doctors gave up as their opinion that the probable trouble was ulceration of the coats of the stomach and held out no hope of recovery. One doctor said, "All I can do to relieve your suffering is by the use of opium."

About this time a friend of mine, Mrs. Symantha Smith of Ghidlen, Iowa, told me about the case of Mrs. Thurston of Oxford Junction, Iowa. This lady said she had been afflicted much the same as I had. She had consulted local physicians without relief, and had gone to Davenport for treatment. Giving up all hope of recovery, she was cured by a friend to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. The result was almost magical.

I was led to try them from her experience, and before many months I felt better than I had for a dozen years. I am now almost free from trouble, and if through some error of diet I feel badly, this little remedy sets me right again. I have regained my strength and am once more in my usual flesh. I sleep well and can eat without distress. I have no doubt that I owe my recovery to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are for sale by all druggists, or may be had by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, \$2.50—by addressing Dr. Williams' six boxes for \$2.50.

April breaks three days from March, and they are ill.

A NEW SPECIALIST

SOLVED A PROBLEM.

HOW TO LIVE LIKE A KING ON \$1,000 A YEAR.

Four Young Bachelors, Aided by a Georgia Aunty as Manager, Living in Luxury in New York—Economy Worked Down.

There are in New York four young men, clerks and heads of certain business departments, who took hold of the home question with such good results that it is worth while to see what one of them said to a writer for the Press. "There were four of us, all southerners," he said, "with incomes of not over \$1,000 each, and with acquaintances as numerous and well placed socially as our own incomes were small. For awhile we lived in cheap boarding-houses, and told fearful lies about the way we were situated at 'our hotel,' but finally one day, in a fit of desperation, we met together and planned. We would have an establishment of our own, where we could feel at home and entertain. It must be large enough for a drawing-room, dining-room and kitchen and four bedrooms. It must be heated by steam and there must be a janitor. It ought likewise to be situated, so that we need not always take a car line when going out to spend an evening.

"Finally, and most important, as our incomes were not over \$20 a week, it must cost us enough less than \$10 a week to enable us to buy clothes and cover all our expenses on that sum. Thus we would have \$10 a week for our social expenses, and for saving, if we were frugally inclined.

"After considerable running about evenings we found such an apartment in the top of a very modest flat house for \$18 a month. It was a rear flat, but we didn't care for that. It brought our month's lodging apiece to about \$4.50. "By carefully looking up the subject of creamed codfish, macaroni and egg breakfasts and simple dinners, we found that four men that did not intend to have many pies or cakes or puddings, can set a table well on \$1 a day—\$1 a week for all. This calculation left us still under \$12 a month apiece, with lodging and meals found. But there were other things. Starting right here, though we hired the flat christened it 'The Eaves,' and engaged a housekeeper. But, oh, dear, how expensive it was! At the end of a month we discharged our girl, and now we have the prize plan of living of the century.

"Way down in Georgia there lives, or did live, an old darky aunty, dear to the memory of two of us, and as we wrestled with the question of 'help,' and the attendant one of 'profit and loss,' we decided to bring her north if she would come. Getting a vacation of a week last summer, I visited my people in the south and got aunty. A few days later she was installed in 'The Eaves,' with a beautiful little decorated front room all her own, and a general sweep of management that reconciled her to 'them dar cramped northern ways. Aunty had never seen a flat before. After looking things over pretty well she decided that she 'wud do it all an hav' time fur ter spare on her hands. Next aunty decided that she would do all the laundry work. And when we got her a washing machine and a nice little set of wringers and presses, and all the things that her soul coveted, she decided that she would also do the part usually relegated to the accomplished but ruthless hands of the Chinaman. In other words she 'does up' our fine linen and puts a polish upon a dress shirt that causes us to be objects of envy among our friends.

"There really seemed to be no limit to the things that aunty could and would do. And as we freely supplied her with all things for convenience, she seemed to think she had a very easy lot indeed. There was a great deal of mending to be done. And it looked as if we would have to spend more than the \$10 per week in replenishing socks and under clothes. But one day Adolphus, the dudu of the company, walked home with a package that convulsed us as much as it delighted aunty. This package consisted of a pattern for footling socks. Adolphus had seen it advertised and bought one; and besides there was a splendidly contrived 'seat' for putting 'jeans' in apple order. Aunty fairly gloated over the purchase. And that night at dinner we noticed that the best portions of the fried chicken were placed near Adolphus and that he got more than his meed of aunty's southern nut pudding.

"About aunty's pay we were in perplexity at first. At her southern home, with a relative of my own she had been 'gettin' keep an' 'bout hunderd dollars a year.' But that did not seem right in view of northern prices for help; so, as we were getting off with less than \$1 a week apiece thus far, we decided to pay aunty \$1 a week apiece, or \$16 a month. This seemed such a fortune to her that she is saving money, sending funds home, and bargaining for our provender as though our lives depended upon the turn of 1 cent.

"We had a little trouble at first about clothes. If you are a clerk, trying to go in good society on \$20 a week—so thousands really do—you will have some apprehension of the dismay with which you view a cracked shoe or the dismalness of a fringe around your trouser leg. If a man has a wife and a modest home he can live all right on \$1,000 a year and look well, but for a clerk who must throw away his clothes when they get worn it is pretty hard. We talked all this over and hit upon a plan. We hired Adolphus to spend his evenings for a week with a Ninth avenue tailor, and when he 'graduated' at the end of the week he knew so much about creases and buttons and restoring color and pressing that we were awed at his knowledge. Next came the T club. "Among our friends the T club is a mysterious organization, a veritable secret society at which many things are learned and many new branches studied. Our respective new girls now think it an organization for the study of the Japanese language and literature and not long ago it was a tariff research club, and it means that every man must or many bring out his clothes for the refurbishing which is so necessary for their social appearance. Adolphus superintends the process, but aunty does the work. Under the tutelage of Adolphus, she has mastered all the arts so patiently learned by himself, and she can put creases equal to any Broadway tailor yet found."

LACEMAKING.

How the Different Kinds of Hand-Made Lace Are Woven.

Gulpure is a term applied to designate a thick cord effect, over which a silk, gold or silver thread is twisted. Originally slips of parchment were used, but as these were more or less injured by atmospheric changes, a cotton material called canettile was substituted. During the seventeenth century, when gimps, braids and laces were made of linen thread to imitate the high relief of the needle-made thick cord, worked over with thread or guipe, was introduced to more clearly define the salient points in the pattern. Thus the term gulpure was applied to the thread laces with gulpure reliefs. This designation has since remained in use in reference to all laces without grounds in which the various patterns are united by "bridges." The term gulpure is also applied to those bold, flowing patterns, united by a coarse reseau ground, which are noticeable in the products of Flanders and Italy. Lace consists of two parts—the pattern and the ground upon which it is wrought.

The older laces, such as point and guipure, according to the Dry Goods Economist, are not worked upon a network ground, the flowers are connected by irregular threads, overcast with buttonhole stitches, and are sometimes fringed with loops, or knots, known as "thorns" or "ruffles."

To designate the honeycomb or network ground, the terms reseau, champ, treillis or entourage are all employed. The flower or ornamental pattern is either made together with the ground, as in Valenciennes and Mechlin, or separately, in the form of an applique, open-work stitches introduced into the pattern are known as modes, fairs or fillings. All lace is terminated by two edges, the pearl, spot or couronne—a row of little points at equal distance—and the footing, or engrulure—a narrow lace which serves to keep the stitches of the ground firm and to sew the lace to the garment on which it is to be worn. Lace is divided into two distinct classes—point and pillow. The former is made by the needle on a parchment pattern, and is termed needle point. Pillow lace is made on a cushion placed upon the knees of the workwoman. On this pillow is fixed a stiff piece of parchment with small holes pricked through to mark the pattern. Through these holes pins are inserted into the cushion. The threads with which the lace is formed are wound upon bobbins having round their upper ends a deep groove in which the thread is wound, a separate bobbin being used for each thread. The pattern or figure technically known as gimp is made by interweaving a thread much thicker than that forming the groundwork, according to the design pricked out on the parchment.

SOLDIERS POOR COOKS.

Some of the Makeshifts Resorted to During the Crimean War. In those Crimean days our soldiers had no knowledge of cooking, being in this respect far behind the French and Turks. But even had our men been perfect cooks they would have had but little opportunity of exercising their skill. Camp kettles were issued at Kalamita bay, when the troops landed, in the proportion of one to five men. Now, the kettle would cook fresh, but not salt meat for five men, as more water is required to extract the brine from salt meat than the kettle could hold, and, moreover, this number (five) represented nothing then, nor does it now, in our regimental systems. Most of the kettles had been dropped at the Alma or in the subsequent march, and the soldiers for all cooking purposes to a mess tin which each man carried on his back. These were inadequate. The lids, perhaps, were most prized, for when the body is wet and cold there is a craving for a hot drink, and it took less time and fuel to roast the green coffee berries in the lid than to boil the salt meat in the body of the tin. It had not occurred to any one in the department then responsible for our commissariat that to make a mug of coffee out of green berries roasting and grinding apparatus was essential, and till January, when some roasted coffee was landed, our men might be seen pounding with a stone or round shot the berries in a fragment of exploded shell.—Fortnightly Review.

Shoe Superstitions.

When you buy a pair of new shoes never put them on a shelf higher than your head, unless you want to bring bad luck; and if you blacken them before you have had both shoes on you may meet with an accident, or even have a sudden death. This is an old Irish superstition. The Scotch girls believe that if they drop their shoes before they are worn trouble will ensue, while a French lady losing her heel is sure of some disappointment in love, and a German mother in the same predicament feels that she will soon lose one of her children. You must not put your right shoe on your left-foot or your left on your right, nor must you put your left shoe on before the right unless you want bad luck. This superstition dates back to one of the Emperors of Rome, who, it is recorded, put on his left shoe one morning and came near being assassinated during the day.

BACKACHE AND RHEUMATISM relieved by Dr. Miles' Nerve Plasters. Dr. Miles' Pain Pills are guaranteed to stop pain in 20 minutes. "One cent a dose." Dr. Miles' Nerve Plasters for Rheumatism. Dr. Miles' Nerve Plasters 25c. at all druggists.

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Try Electric Bitters as a remedy for your troubles? If not, get a bottle now and get relief. This medicine has been found to be peculiarly adapted to the relief and cure of all Female Complaints, exerting a wonderful direct influence in giving strength and tone to the organs. If you have Loss of Appetite, Constipation, Headache, Fainting Spells, or are Nervous, Sleepless, Excitable, Melancholy or troubled with Dizzy Spells, Electric Bitters is the medicine you need. Health and Strength are guaranteed by its use. Large bottles only fifty cents at John L. Gale's drug store.

A Dollar is working for you long after Love is crippled and worn out. Women don't hate the devil as much as they pretend to; it is his wife they do not like.

A fresh, fat woman of 50 who has a sickly husband will claim that she is not over 22.

Every boy should remember that every decent man in the world has tried to quit swearing.

Society must let go of any man who has to work more than six hours a day, or his employer will.

The only friends who are not ashamed of you in your shabby clothes are the friends whose clothes are shabbier than your own.

TIMELY TOPICS.

There are thirteen miles of bookshelves in the British museum, London. "Rattle for a dimon pin" is the top line on a sign back of the bar attached to a popular New York cafe.

The estimated value of educational institutions in the United States owned by the Lutheran church is \$4,889,550.

It is said that the only lineal descendant of John Knox, the Scotch reformer, is a member of the congregation of the Holy Cross at Notre Dame.

The Congregationalists of Chicago and its suburbs claim that their churches have increased from seven to seventy during the last twelve years.

The bishops of London and Rochester decided recently that to require any qualification in a member of an ecclesiastical vestry save payment of taxes would imperil the national character of the English church.

The English Church Quarterly Review contained recently a very severe attack on Archdeacon Farrar's "Life of Christ in Art." The reviewer summed up thus: "In a word, Dr. Farrar's knowledge of art is of the most shallow and superficial kind, and the book which he has produced is thoroughly untrustworthy."

PEOPLE AND EVENTS.

The Philadelphia postoffice will start postal cars on two (Fourth and Eighth streets) of the city's trolley lines.

The Maine state senate has unanimously adopted a resolution to make Lincoln's birthday a holiday in the state.

Beatrice Harraden, who has not yet returned to England, has written a California story during her stay in this country.

W. E. Foster, the editor of the Buffalo Commercial, has just celebrated the twenty-fifth anniversary of his connection with the paper.

The Maharajah of Kueh Behar, India, has given an order to a Birmingham firm to make for him a silver dessert service that will cost more than \$15,000.

Miss Helen Brice, daughter of Senator Brice is reported engaged to Mr. Henry Outram Bax Ironsides, second secretary to the British Legation at Washington.

ALL FREE.

Those who have used Dr. King's New Discovery know its value, and those who have not, have now the opportunity to try it free. Call on the advertised Druggist and get a Trial Bottle, Free. Send your name and address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills, Free, as well as a copy of Guide of Health and Household Instructor, Free. All of which is guaranteed to do you good and cost you nothing. John L. Gale's Drug store.

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We are showing Carpets from 19c to \$1.50 per yard. Hemps, Ingrains, Brussels, Moquettes, Wiltons, Velvets, Axminsters.

Lace Curtains from \$1.00 to \$5.00 a pair. Shades complete with fixtures from 20 cents to 50 cents each. Draperies from \$3.00 to \$6.00 a pair. Large Assortment of Moquette and Smyrna Rugs from \$1.00 to \$5.00. Come and look over our Fine Assortment and see how we can Save You Money over Detroit prices.

No Trouble to Show Goods. Call and Inspect.
E. L. RIGGS,
The Plymouth Cash Outfitter.

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No need of going to Detroit for Fine Wool Dress Goods. Full line of Beautiful Satines, Gingham and Prints. Well come and see for yourself.

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