

The Plymouth Mail.

VOL 7 NO 44

PLYMOUTH MICH. FRIDAY, JULY 6 1894.

WHOLE NO 356

IN GRAND STYLE.

THAT WAS THE WAY THE PROGRAM WAS CARRIED OUT.

A Fine Ball Game and a Big Crowd—Capt. Fitzgibbons Speaks.

The Fourth of July celebration opened bright and early with the firing of the artil and other fire arms, which was continued throughout the whole day.

In the forenoon the races were held at the park, and passed off very pleasantly.

The bicycle race had five starters, and caused much merriment for the spectators. Ed. Fisher of Wayne, won first and Ford Lyndon second. The hundred yard race was a well contested feature and won by half a breast by H. Roe, a Mr. Corwin of Cherry Hill, being second. The boys racing was particularly interesting and laughable, and the boys were handled by the management with ease. The 70 yard race, turn at stake, was hotly contested and won by about a foot by Theron Harmon with Corwin second. The crowd then dispersed for dinner. In the afternoon the first on the program was the address by Hon. R. E. Frazer. Dr. Collier in a few choice words introduced the speaker of the day. Mr. Frazer spoke in his usual eloquent manner on subjects of interest for to-day—the government, the law, the law makers, duties of citizens, the great strike, etc., He briefly summed up the difference between city life and country life, one farmer and another, the husband and the wife, and the duties we owe to one another as a great educated people in the greatest nation of the world under the only free flag—the stars and stripes. For half an hour he held his hearers in perfect silence, broken only by repeated applause.

About 1500 of the crowd then wended their way to the ball park, where Wayne and Plymouth were to have a friendly contest at base ball. By the forethought of the managers, boughs were hung over the seats making it very comfortable for those who were fortunate enough to get a seat under them.

We have had two or three good ball games here this season, but by a unanimous vote the Wayne vs Plymouth game was voted the best of the season. In short, the game cannot be spoken of in any better terms than the following from Capt. Fitzgibbons:

"When I arrived at the park and saw the immense crowd, admirers of both teams, and later when we began to play, and realized that on all sides people had gathered to witness the ball game, it was then I thought that it would be impossible to hold such a crowd from making some demonstration of their feelings. But as the game progressed I saw that the managers had them under good control, and only worthy applause was shown when a good play was made. In years gone by I have played a number of games with the Plymouth boys and have also umpired several games they played in and I must say that but once had I any occasion to find fault and that was but slight and of no consequence.

The Plymouth boys and the Plymouth people in general have always treated me with every respect and our ball boys in the same manner, and in behalf of the ball team and Wayne citizens in general I wish to extend special thanks for the game of July Fourth, the cordial welcome and royal entertainment given us while in Plymouth. No story could influence us to believe that Plymouth boys or Plymouth people would be guilty of any such conduct as the D. O. H. manager would have people think, and when gentlemen appear in Plymouth to play ball they can be assured that they will receive all respect due them as gentlemen. Assuring you that we will do our utmost to return the compliment when you visit our village, yours, in behalf of the club,

JOHN FITZGIBBONS, Captain.
In the evening the park and Main street was black with people to witness the display of fireworks, which were very fine, but could have been shown to better advantage had more care been exercised. The bowery dance in the evening drew a crowd that remained until the wee small hours. Altogether the day was a very pleasant one, and a good crowd for so short a notice.

Mrs. G. A. Link, Cedar Springs, Mich., says: "As a harmless quieting remedy I have never found an equal to Adironda when my baby is fretful. Sold by J. L. Gale.

WIN AND LOSE.

The D. O. H. Lose to Plymouth While Dearborn Wins.

The D. O. H. vs. Plymouth game at the base ball park last Friday afternoon was the first game played here this season that has in any way marred the pleasure and enjoyment found in a game of base ball. The D. O. H. has been making a tour of the state, and we understand had won every game played up to the time of playing with Plymouth. To be sure they were anxious to win from Plymouth.

The game started and Plymouth was at its best. It became very evident that something besides playing ball had to be done in order to change what looked to be a sure thing for Plymouth boys. The D. O. H. started by pulling the wool over their umpire's eyes, because he was only a boy. This led to a round or two among themselves and the Giants began playing the good Samaritan, only to get in one of the worst base ball kicking scrapes, it has been Plymouth's displeasure to witness.

The D. O. H. kicked at everything, and the Giants followed suit. Spranger, the boss kicker of the D. O. H. got boiling hot because his umpire called him out against his own wish, and kicked for half an hour over it. When it would come to making a decision, Spranger would give his views and the umpire would back him up, until such time as the thing got too monotonous and bare faced, and the umpire did some thinking for himself which led to several words between him and his team. They were politely told by the umpire that if they did not quit their "chewing" he would "quit them dead". It was agreed to play seven innings for a game as the D. O. H. boys wanted to catch a train. At the end of the seven innings the score stood 10 to 9 in Plymouth's favor. The D. O. H. made a grand kick on counting a certain run under dispute. The scorer had it down and they wanted it marked out leaving the score a tie. Then they found out they did not care whether they caught the train or not and wanted to play the full nine innings.

The game was broken up, the men dispersed and with the score 10 to 9 it was not necessary so they left the field. At the depot, Spranger admitted that Plymouth won the game fairly and squarely but it was hard to give up the first game lost.

The following is the score.

D. O. H.	T	B	R	I	B	T	H	P	O	A	E
M. Spranger, rf.	5	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dwyer, 3b.	5	1	1	2	3	1	1	1	1	1	1
Calahan, 2b.	5	0	1	1	6	3	1	1	1	1	1
Osborn, 1b.	4	1	0	0	6	0	1	1	1	1	1
F. Spranger, c.	4	1	0	0	3	0	1	1	1	1	1
Woods, ss.	4	1	1	1	0	4	1	1	1	1	1
Donoven, cf.	4	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1
Sweeney, lf.	4	2	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1
Leonard, p.	3	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1
Totals	38	6	6	7	21	10	6	10	13	13	9

Umpire, McClure.

On Saturday Dearborn and Plymouth played a game. The game was so far ahead of the one played the day previous that we feel like calling it a "Northville Record Sunday school game." Honest John Fitzgibbons of Wayne, umpired the game with such perfect satisfaction that all through the play not one kick was made on either side. Plymouth lost, however, by a score of 13 to 4. At the end of the fifth inning the score stood 3 to 2 in Plymouth's favor, but the Jonah innings that seems to hover over the Plymouth nine made its appearance, and lost them.

To an eye witness it would appear as if some of the Plymouth men were playing a "record game." They fear touching the ball on account of making errors. To such men we would say, have the manhood to either quit playing or play ball all the time. If it continues we will have to make it known who they are, and public sentiment calls for fair play to the other men who work so hard to win a game, to the extent that the manager of the team will have to retire such players. That such was the case was made plain in Saturday's game, much to the disgust of the patrons of the game. We like to see a man make an effort to play ball, and not avoid the ball on account of errors being placed against him. If he is afraid of errors, and avoids the ball on that account, he should quit playing.

Again players should bear in mind that they have a captain and a manager to

govern all games and they should not be so quick to kick. If any objections are to be made let them be made through the captain. If a disagreement is in progress let players keep their places in the field or on the bench and the captain and manager will settle the matter without any assistance, unless call for.

We will make an effort hereafter, to report games just as they are played by innings, and will do so without fear or favor, placing credit where credit is due and correcting where correcting is necessary.

The following is Saturday score:

DEARBORN.	T	B	R	I	B	T	H	P	O	A	E
Pierce, 1b.	6	1	1	1	9	0	0	0	0	0	0
Howe, 2b.	6	2	1	1	3	1	1	1	1	1	1
Hantz, ss.	5	0	3	4	2	1	2	1	1	1	1
Leet, c.	6	1	1	3	11	1	1	1	1	1	1
Fields, 3b.	6	1	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
German, p.	5	3	3	3	0	4	2	1	1	1	1
G. Gordon, cf.	5	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
S. Gordon, rf.	5	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gary, lf.	5	1	1	1	0	0	2	1	1	1	1
Totals	49	12	13	17	27	7	8	10	13	13	9

PLYMOUTH.	T	B	R	I	B	T	H	P	O	A	E
Harmon, ss.	5	1	1	2	0	7	2	1	1	1	1
E. Roe, lf.	5	1	1	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
Tuttle, 2b.	5	1	2	3	4	0	2	1	1	1	1
H. Roe, 1b.	4	0	0	0	11	0	2	1	1	1	1
McClumphia, cf.	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rutter, 3b.	4	1	1	1	2	2	3	1	1	1	1
Burch, rf.	4	0	0	0	1	1	2	1	1	1	1
Penny, p.	4	0	0	0	0	6	0	1	1	1	1
Shields, c.	4	0	0	0	6	3	1	1	1	1	1
Totals	39	4	5	8	26	20	13	10	13	13	9

Umpire, Fitzgibbons.

WAYNE SECURES THEM
For Two Nights, July 12th and 13th.
The Famous Canadian Jubilee Singers and Imperial Orchestra

This world-wide famous company of colored singers will appear in the Congregational church of Wayne, the night of July 12th, and in the opera house of Wayne the night of the 13th, at the exceedingly low price of only 25 cents for adults and 15 cents for children under 12. They traveled all through England, Ireland and Wales for five years filling to overflowing the largest halls, and turning away large crowds. They appeared before the royal family and nobility. Rev. Joseph Parker, D. D., City Temple, London, says: "I take great pleasure in thus testifying my sense of the great ability of the Canadian Jubilee Singers, and in warmly commending them to all who know me." The Ogdensburg Journal (N. Y.) says: "Nine nights crowded nightly to hear the Famous Canadian Jubilee Singers, the best company of colored artists traveling. Their voices are of the richest and sweetest class. The orchestra play excellently." They come from Jackson to Wayne, and are booked for a whole week, at L. Morgan Wood's church, Detroit.

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MICHIGAN MENTION.

CONDENSED NEWS FROM ALL OVER THE STATE.

A Case of the Deadly and Dreaded Typhus Fever Discovered in Van Buren County
—Counterfeiter Captured Red-Headed near Adrian—Breivites.

Typhus Fever in Michigan.
It looks very much as though Michigan has a genuine case of typhus fever. Secretary Baker, of the state board of health, received a telegram from Dr. C. W. Huff, health officer at Goble, Van Buren county, informing him of a suspected case of this dread disease at that place. Dr. Huff said that the body of G. E. Mentger, who died at Atlanta, Ga., was shipped to Goble for burial. The accompanying certificate gave the cause of death as typhoid fever, but friends of the deceased now say that the case was really typhus fever. A son of the dead man is now sick with all the symptoms of the latter disease.
Secretary Baker ordered Dr. Huff to at once enforce absolute isolation of all persons infected and to institute a system of thorough disinfection. Dr. Baker has also telegraphed the health officer at Atlanta, advising him of the circumstances, giving him the name of the deceased and the date of his death in that city and requesting a prompt investigation and report.

Cornerstone Laying at Lapeer.

The cornerstone of the Home for the Feeble-minded and Epileptic, at Lapeer, was laid with proper ceremonies under the auspices of the grand lodge of F. & A. M. of Michigan. Most Worthy Grand Master W. H. Phillips was master of ceremonies. A procession, headed by Gov. Rich and staff, containing over 2,000 men, representing the Michigan National Guard and various secret societies, marched two miles to the building site. Mayor Vincent delivered the address of welcome and after the usual ceremonies the remainder of the program was carried out in the beautiful grove adjoining, which forms part of the state's property. The venerable ex-Gov. LeGole was introduced. Hon. Cyrus G. Luce delivered the oration of the day. Hon. W. B. Baum, of Saginaw, the father of the bill to establish the home, spoke concerning the necessity of such a home and the objects of it. Gov. Rich spoke briefly concerning state affairs in the line of providing protection, aid and charity to its unfortunate. The program closed with a dress parade of the Detroit Knights Templar, and a lantern parade and fireworks by bicyclists.

Albion Class Day.

Class day in Albion College so far as class '04 is concerned, was a tremendous success. The programme opened with a piano solo by Miss Jennie Fielden; invocation was offered by Dr. Fiske; a duet was sung by Misses Henry and Baird. Then Mr. Prentiss E. Whitman delivered a brief eulogy of Lincoln, and, throwing back the Stars and Stripes, unveiled a magnificent portrait of Lincoln, which was displayed in the Michigan building at the World's Fair, which had been purchased from its painter, Prof. F. C. Courter, of the college, and which, on behalf of the class, he presented to President Fiske for the college. The remainder of the program was: Vale captions, Strickland, Clarissa Dickie; oration, "The Material and Immaterial," Ernest R. Moulton; class poem, Winifred Gale; address to undergraduates, Mae B. Hunt; vocal solo, "Ave-Maria," Pearl M. Henry; class history, Helen E. Osborne; valedictory, "The Sense, Life vs. Spirit Life," Clarence E. Allen; vocal duet, "O. Happy Swallow," Cora Harrington, Charles B. Gale. The day ended with a reception to the college classes at the home of Mr. V. J. Tefft.

Sons of Veterans.

The Sons of Veterans of Michigan assembled at Three Rivers and held a three days' convention. The election of officers resulted: Fred J. McMurtie, of Three Rivers, colonel; H. E. Cowden, of Rockford, senior vice; Claud H. Whitnev, of Tekonsha, junior vice; D. J. Porter, Three Rivers, adjutant; Mrs. Emma Moore, of Benton Harbor, was chosen division president of the Ladies Aid society; Mrs. E. Schuader, of St. Joseph, vice-president; Mrs. Amy L. Hall, chief of staff; Mrs. J. Triplett, Hillsdale, chairman; Mrs. M. J. Beck, of St. Joseph, treasurer; Miss Dora Fowler, of Hallett, division inspector. A joint installation of officers was held, with Col. Fred M. Twiss as installing officer. A banquet was held after the election.

Wreck Near Benton Harbor.

An excursion train on the Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis road, was derailed between Niles and Granger owing to heavy rains undermining the track and leaving the first two cars and badly shaking up about 200 excursionists bound for the lake shore breezes. No one was injured, but it was only a miracle that they escaped, as the track broke after the engine passed over, letting the train into the washout.

The mill dam at Trist, Jackson county, was washed away by the heavy rains. Jacob Trist's son lost his clothes and came near drowning.

Cartis Fall, a hoopmaker of Mt. Forest, crazed by ill-health, sawed his throat with an old case knife in the presence of his wife and little children, who fled in terror. The knife was so dull that he could not sever the jugular vein, but he will die.

MINOR MICHIGAN NEWS.

A barrel of apples from Grand Traverse county brought \$25 in Chicago.

Samuel Sondag, of Detroit, was killed by a falling tree while peeling bark on Bois Blanc island.

The Spring Lake blast furnace, which has been idle about a year, is making preparations to resume work.

Edward Delisle, of Benton Harbor, was drowned in the St. Joseph river while fishing. He was about 25 years of age.

All the smallpox patients in Bay City have recovered. The disease was confined to one house, and one death, that of an 8-weeks' old child, occurred.

The little town of Posen, on the new Alpena & Northern railroad, is booming. It is located in a splendid farming country. Many buildings are going up.

James Waldron, the leader of the gang of burglars, pleaded guilty of burglary at Traverse City and Judge Corbett sentenced him to ten years in the state prison.

The infant child of J. W. Cummings, of Traverse City, wandered off into a potato patch and was dining off parsnips when discovered by its parents. Emetics saved its life.

Leonard Briggs, a well-known Saginaw jeweler, who has been confined in the county jail on account of insanity, was found hanging by the neck in his cell. The turnkey saved his life.

The board of control have made it compulsory for all officers at the house of correction, Ionia, to wear blue uniforms. They will be made in the institution, at the expense of the officer.

Henry Lange, for nine years a clerk Riel Bros.' clothing store, at Saginaw, fell in an apoplexy fit upon the stone sidewalk, fracturing his skull and breaking his ear drum. He died soon afterwards.

The body of Milo B. Gibbs was found near Manistique with a bullet hole in the head. The jury found that he died from a shot fired by some unknown person, though suicide is also hinted at.

Some incendiary seems determined to destroy the unoccupied buildings in the Klonman mine location at Republic as within a week a dwelling house, a large blacksmith shop and an engine house have been burned.

New officers have been elected by the F. & P. M. railroad company since the resignation of General Manager W. H. Baldwin, Jr., as follows: President, W. W. Crapo, and Henry C. Potter, Jr., secretary and treasurer.

Gus B. Grundman's little four-year-old boy found a bottle of carbolic acid in the house at Carleton and drank about two ounces of it. Physicians were called but they could do nothing. The child died about an hour afterwards in great agony.

An attempt was made to burn the freight depot at Standish. A piece of engine waste which was saturated with oil, was ignited and thrown under the building. Prompt action saved the building, which contained from \$3,000 to \$1,000 worth of merchandise.

Miss Josie Moeller, a well-known resident of Saginaw, committed suicide by taking carbolic acid. She had been in ill-health, and it is thought despondency prompted the deed. She was for many years a teacher in the public schools and was 35 years old.

The \$10,000 library building of Hope College at Holland was dedicated, and addresses were delivered by Rev. Dr. Philip Phelps, of New York; Rev. Dr. Peter Mordyke, of Chicago, and N. F. Graves, of Syracuse. The building was named after Mr. Graves, and to his generosity its erection was largely due.

Miss Maggie Sharpe, a young lady employed in the telephone office at Ann Arbor, is dead. Two weeks before while passing along the street she was struck on the side of the head with a base ball thrown by students who were playing. The post-mortem of Drs. Darling and Nancidez showed that a vein had been ruptured.

James Bradford was arrested at St. Joseph on a warrant sworn out by Mayor Preston, charging him with insulting that official of St. Joseph by using indecent and improper language to him and ridiculing him for the manner in which he conducts the affairs of the city. Both are prominent men. The insult was given before over 100 people.

Sharpers at Otter Lake have been working a vaccination scheme. They registered as Dr. C. H. Harrison and Dr. E. H. Williams, of Saginaw, and announced that the township board had ordered general vaccination, the victim to pay 50 cents for the work. Many arms were scratched and points applied, but whether or not vaccination resulted time alone will tell.

Michigan's musicians met in convention at Ypsilanti and elected officers: N. J. Corey, of Detroit, president, and F. L. Appel, of Detroit, secretary and treasurer. The executive committee elected for the ensuing year is as follows: F. H. Pease, Mrs. J. A. Watling, Mrs. T. C. Owen, Mrs. D. O'Geoghegan, of Ypsilanti, and Mrs. Angell, of Ann Arbor. Ypsilanti was chosen as the place of meeting next year.

There is no thought of a strike among the miners on the Menominee range. The citizens at Iron Mountain threaten rough treatment to any agitator who puts in an appearance. The Lewabic company, which employs about 600 men, announced that they would increase the pay of their employees 25 per cent. at once. The other companies will follow suit. There are 3,000 men employed in the mines about Iron Mountain.

RAILROADS WILL FIGHT.

Formed an Association and Will Stay in to a Finish.—May Arrest Debs.

Chicago: John M. Egan, representing the General Managers' association, furnished an estimate of the number of men who had struck on the Chicago lines within the terminal limits at about 25,000.

Mr. Egan said: "I anticipate before the close of the strike serious trouble. I do not look for any easy termination of the strike, but we will certainly be prepared hereafter to secure all the men that we wish and to bring about as early a termination of the strike as possible, and while it will take time to get order out of the chaos that has been precipitated, we will do this. I do not anticipate the slightest difficulty in getting all of the men that we need, and they will be practical railroad men. We are in the fight to stay, and there will be no compromise nor give up."

It was reported in connection with the general managers' conference, that plans had been formulated for the arrest on charges of conspiracy of President Debs and Organizer Lynch. It was said that the general managers had been advised to arrest those men and have them searched for papers that, if found, would furnish indisputable evidence that certain men were amenable to the conspiracy law.

CONGRESSIONAL NEWS.

SENATE.—1924 day.—Mr. Allen made another ineffectual attempt to secure consideration for his resolution directing the secretary of the treasury to inform the Senate of the total number of persons engaged in protected industries, whose wages might be affected by tariff legislation. Then the Senate resumed the consideration of the income tax provisions of the tariff bill. Mr. Hill withdrew the amendment he had offered to strike out the provision for a tax on the interest on bonds from the operation of the tax. His object in offering the amendment, Mr. Hill said, was to call the attention of the country to the fact that the operation of property in government bonds was necessary to the operation of the income tax under the law, although the ostensible purpose of the income tax was to reach wealth and equalize taxation. There was a enormous investment of capital which the income tax could not reach. Mr. Hill then moved to exempt state county and municipal bonds. He argued that taxation of state bonds by the federal government would be a direct attack upon the administration of the states. The discussion on the operation of the income tax on a state and county bonds was continued; several Senators coinciding with Mr. Hill's idea. The amendment was defeated, however. Mr. Hill then moved to exempt state bonds. A motion to strike out that provision for a tax on personal property acquired by gift or inheritance was lost. The proviso offered by Mr. Vest as an amendment to section 5, "that in computing the income of any person, corporation, company or association, there shall not be included the amount received from any corporations, etc., as interest or dividend upon the bonds or stock of such corporations, etc., if the tax of 2 per cent has been paid upon its net profits by said corporation as required by this act," was an amendment of Mr. Allen's. It is a general exemption in rebuttal before collectors of internal revenue as to the amount of incomes, was agreed to, as was the Vest amendment excluding in the calculation of the income of such persons, companies, or societies, life, fire and other insurance companies, railroad, canal, telephone, telegraph and other companies' actual operating and business expenses, losses and interest on bonds and securities held by such persons, companies or associations organized and conducted solely for charitable, religious, educational purposes, including fraternal beneficiary societies, orders or associations operating upon the lodge system, and providing for the payment of life, sick, accident and other benefits to the members of such societies, orders or associations, and the dependents of such members, nor to the stocks, shares, funds or securities held by any fiduciary or trustee, or charitable, religious or educational purposes; nor to the loans made by building and loan associations to their shareholders for the purpose of enabling them to purchase for themselves or their families, or for their dependents, life, fire and other insurance companies, railroad, canal, telephone, telegraph and other companies' actual operating and business expenses, losses and interest on bonds and securities held by such persons, companies or associations organized and conducted solely for charitable, religious, educational purposes, including fraternal beneficiary societies, orders or associations operating upon the lodge system, and providing for the payment of life, sick, accident and other benefits to the members of such societies, orders or associations, and the dependents of such members, nor to the stocks, shares, funds or securities held by any fiduciary or trustee, or charitable, religious or educational purposes; 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ALONE.

Alone when the day is dawning,
Alone when the night dew falls;
Under the veil of the bridal,
Under the moon at the pall,

Cardinal Richelieu.

Founded on the Play of "Richelieu," by Lord Lytton.

CHAPTER IV.—CONTINUED.

His lace ruffles were valuable, and fell thickly and snowily upon muscular hands; the inner sleeves, of equally as fresh and costly linon, peeped out of the slashes in the purple double sleeves and in the interval between the upper garment and the blue velvet breeches.

Adrien looked curiously at the master whom he had not seen for years, not because he was eager to view his judge again, but because there was more dearly than ever in his mind the remembrance that the minister's ward was that Julie de Mortemar whose presence in the capital had attracted him hither beyond any other charm.

But the difficulty of approaching a maid of honor had disheartened him until, as we have seen, the young knight had plunged into fashionable dissipation to the loss of the remainder of his patrimony.

The cardinal had eyed him also from top to toe with the scrutiny of a leader of a forlorn hope choosing his ensign, as well as the searchingness of a father judging a prospective son-in-law—two excellent investigators of young men.

"Approach, sir," said he at last, after he had seen Huguet, with a lighter step than his bulk and his armor would seem to have permitted him, get behind the screen to keep the unarmed visitor under his musketoon. "Approach, sir, my table. Can you call to mind the hour, three years since, when in this room your presence honored me?"

"My lord, 'tis one of my most—"

"Delightful recollections," supplying the break with a dry humor which made the young man start from the aged man who, on the brink of the grave, could jest at the ax and the executioner.

"You were then accorded a mercy ill-requited, Adrien de Mauprat, how hast thou since consumed the time allotted thee for serious thought and solemn penitence? I'll answer for thee. What thou hast not done is briefly told; what done, a volume! Wild debauch; turbulent riot; for the morn the dice box, at noon the forbidden duet, and the night the wassail—these your most holy, pure preparatives for death and judgment. Do I wrong you, sir?"

The knight smiled mournfully. "If my nature is changed," he responded, "blame the specter—your eminence appeared to me like a shadow. Any one would have erred like me who had the same fate your lordship inflicted."

"I might like you have been a brawler and a reveler," granted the cardinal; "but not like you, a trickster and a thief."

"Lord cardinal!" cried the youth, "unsay those words!"

As he advanced threateningly the armed man behind the screen leaned forward for the better aim; but Richelieu waved him back, since Mauprat had instantly checked himself.

"In short," said the elder, studying the effect of his every phrase, "you have out-run your fortune: I do not blame you that you would be a beggar. Each to his taste! But I do charge you, sir, that, being beggared, you would coin false moneys out of that crucible called debt by such as you, but by plain folk theft! You must pay your debts."

"With all my heart, my lord," answered the humorous dare-devil. "Where shall I borrow then, the money?"

The soldier behind the screen laughed to himself; and the cardinal smiled, for this was the very man to suit his purpose, ready, frank and bold.

"Adrien de Mauprat, men have

called me cruel," he proceeded: "I am not. I am really just! You shall be my champion to confute my maligners." He offered his emaciated hand, which the chevalier greeted respectfully.

"France needs all her sons. You shall wipe off all stains—be rich, honored, great. In return I ask, sir, this hand, to gift it with a bride whose dower shall match yet not exceed her beauty."

"My lord," said the young man rising from his knee, and hesitating—"I have no wish to marry—to die were scarcely worse, for the poorest coward must die; but knowingly to march to marriage exacts the courage of a lion."

"Traitor!" cried Richelieu, "thou triflest with me! I know all!"

The knight started. With his supernatural means of obtaining information, had the omnipotent statesman already become cognizant of that treaty signed a few hours since by the hand which he had unfettered so nobly? Impossible! and Mauprat breathed less heavily.

"Young Adrien," went on the prelate, "thou hast dared to love my ward."

"It is true," responded the knight manfully; "a priest may not know how blessed a thing it was to my dark hour to nurse the one sweet thought you bid me banish. He was a base knight and false lover who bartered all that soothed in grief or sanctified despair for life and gold. Revoke your mercy."

There was no mistaking the firmness of his decision.

"I thought we met as foes to part as friends," muttered the prime minister regretfully.

"Alas! I prefer the fate I looked for than so great a gladness at that price."

"Then, Huguet!"—as the guardsman came forward with the musketoon in the hollow of his brawny arm—"step into the tapestried chamber and send me the person there awaiting my orders."

As the soldier disappeared Mauprat sighed to himself, but with that single exhalation he recovered his equanimity to face the executioner whom he expected was thus summoned.

"My execution will be private," thought he, as the cardinal, with what seemed reckless courage alone before a desperate man in condemnation, placidly went on with his scribbling. "I am not a Count Chalais, but I trust I shall, as nobly meet my doomsman."

The door opened, but the step was a light and joyous one which transported Julie in amazement to his side. They gazed at one another with a love which had no need of words for mutual comprehension.

Wondering, the man, with a terrible revulsion at his heart, turned to the cardinal, who, flinging down his goosequill, was resting his thin, long face between his hands and his elbows on the table, smiling on the pair.

"You smile!" cried Julie, shrinking back no longer from the confidently opening arms of her lover, in which, not caring to restrain themselves, their sister corals met in a loving kiss, to word it after the troubadour, who would have rejoiced to see so admirably a fitted pair.

"Oh, my father!" she pursued, as the two knelt for the venerable statesman's blessing, "from my heart forever, now, I'll blot the name of orphan."

"Rise, my children," said the other, "for ye are mine—mine both. We men are arrows, and nothing sends us so straight as love." In their sweet delight, perhaps, he saw a revivification of his own first amorous dreams.

"You shall have my summer-house in the Luxembourg gardens. There, I behold such a smile on your lips, my boy, as her father wore when I received that trust beside his deathbed. Go, my children, stroll in the gardens in the last sun that shall see you unwedded. You bear it bravely, Adrien," he subjoined, pushing the interlaced pair from his cabinet, "though you know it requires lionine courage!"

But the laugh of the infirm old man died away before even the sound of their gay footsteps. They would be married on the morrow, and be happy without a care, whilst he had all the world desirous to pluck from his heart his mistress, France—the sweet and precious girdle round his native Paris, from both of which they sought to divorce him by poison or the dagger.

"For a day I will make merry in honor of the sterling fellow and my darling, the fairest bride," mused he, "and let that venomous hatching of the sting-fly courtier spring up, bud, ripen, flaunt in the day, and burst to the Dead sea fruit of ashes—ashes which I will scatter to the winds to manure the soil of power, and ripen such full sheaves of greatness that all the summer of my fate shall seem fruitless beside the autumn. Then will fall a lull, and I shall, ha! ha! have leisure for my diversions. My great play shall be completed, and Julie and Adrien will applaud judiciously from the best box!"

He was still chafing his hands gleefully with the eyes on the tragedy in question, when a bell tinkled in a drawer of his writing table. He opened it, and saw a note already shot there by some secret mechanism from without.

"It is from Marion," he said, taking it up, but without eagerness, as if he divined its revelation would clash with his private joy.

The note was in cipher, the sand glistening on the still fresh ink like a serpent's scales.

"Baradas, Orleans, and their colleagues in some scheme meet at my house this night. They come to sign a pledge of support to Bouillon and Soissons, and to choose the desperate hand that will strike your ducal eminence."

So ran the warning when interpreted. The threatened man lifted an unruffled brow.

"Hum! to gain the prize they must destroy all the eyes of the Argus. Good Marion! at her house they plot, the fools!—at her house, whence issued the knight of Mauprat! Hem! can he kiss my hand when he was reeking with the Florentine perfume of the traitorous Cain, the duke of Orleans? When I shall unfold that compact of the treason-mongers, shall I see your name, Adrien, amidst those of many even more trusted, only less beholden to the dying defender of a realm again to be racked?"

A knock at the door, through which the lovers had passed, full of gladness, and Mauprat alone walked in, at the permission.

"My lord and father," said he solemnly, "before one takes a marvel of purity to his bosom he should be a soul-cleansed man. And I—"

"Ha! You, then, have put your hand and stamped with your sword-pommel that contract of the traitors signed in the house of that Delorme serpent?" cried the priest, enjoying the amazement which over-spread the young man's features at bringing twice-told intelligence.

"I thought you—"

"Whatever you thought me, my son," said Richelieu, loftily, "you should not have bound yourself to make away with your king—"

"I—the king—"

"For in leveling your piece at Louis the Thirteenth, be his defects as ruler what they may, you assail royalty, and no gentleman should palter with the tempters who counsel that."

"My lord, a party headed by—"

"As I know all you can betray no confidence. Gaston of Orleans is a living example of the wisdom of the Turks in letting no male of the blood-royal live to threaten the throne. The man who disowned Chalais to protect his head will let his brother be murdered on the very steps of the throne, and mount them with unflinching feet, though the blood dye his slipper to the rosette."

"But I expressly stated that the king was to be sacred."

"That is, all the violence expended upon me. Thanks for the preference, son so filial! But run away and pluck a bouquet for Julie. I want none of your confessions for my knowledge of the 'low intrigues that seethe in the witches' caldrons.'"

Again Adrien kissed his hand and flew out with an unchanged brow.

Richelieu looked at the back of his hand searchingly, as if a Judas-kiss must have left a sting and a blackening ellipse.

"Let them be happy! No one will heed them in their momentous plots. But I must be on the alert."

"I will go in the night to my stronghold of Reuil, where I doubt the assassin can penetrate. Huguet, though, I half suspect; when he aimed at Mauprat he had my head in the line, and these eyes are not so bleared with study that I did not see infernal comprehension of his power to slay me at any moment blaze in his orbs! Joseph?—all the world fears him and loves him not, and I alone can persuade Rome to make him a bishop; but, then, the king whispers 'Cardinal' and Gaston may hold up a semblance of the tiara. I will trust not a soul! I will act alone—alone am I! Old, childless, now that young rose is worn on another's breast—broken, forsaken! All alone, but for the indomitable heart of Armand Richelieu!"

CHAPTER V. The Clew.

Women are so overjoyed at a success in perfidy that no indignation of an honest man at being suspected of infidelity could equal the white-hot fury of Marion Delorme in being debarred from the secret confabulation of the prince of Orleans, Baradas, and their confederates. This formal conclusion did not render her a stranger to their negotiations, since she had been enabled to inform the cardinal of so much of their support, and it would have been remarkable in that period of intrigue if a house especially built for a dominant beauty should not contain traps and "eavesdroppers' holes."

But she was piqued; and a Marion piqued is a woman dismissing every thought but the desire for reprisal out of her mind.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]



Admitted to be the finest preparation of the kind in the market. Makes the best and most wholesome bread, cake, and biscuit.

A hundred thousand unsolicited testimonials to this effect are received annually by its manufacturers. Its sale is greater than that of all other baking powders combined.

ABSOLUTELY PURE.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST., NEW-YORK.

Canada exports every year over \$3,000,000 worth of wool and its manufactures and \$2,000,000 worth of cheese.

The leading products of Austria are the food-grains, sugar-beets, tobacco, hemp, wine, iron, coal and the precious metals.

Russia exports wheat, cattle, hides, wool, gold, iron, copper, lumber and platinum, and manufactures enormous quantities of alcohol and sugar.

The United States manufactures more iron, steel, copper and lead than any other country on the globe, Great Britain being a little ahead on zinc and tin.

Hall's Catarrh Cure

Is taken internally. Price, 75c.

Insect eggs have the greatest vitality.

FOR EARACHE, Toothache, Sore Throat, Swelled Neck, and the results of colds and inflammation, use Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil—the great pain destroyer.

The United States has but six legal holidays while England has 33 and Russia 34.

In Holland, Mich. C. J. Doesbury publishes the News, and in its columns strongly recommends Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil for coughs, colds, sore throat, catarrh and asthma.

According to the Siamese belief it takes the soul seven days to reach heaven after death.

Adolf Laloz, carriage manufacturer, 119 Carroll street, Buffalo, N. Y., states: "I was troubled with nausea of the stomach, sick headache and general debility. Burdock Blood Bitters cured me."

Knives and forks were not in general use until the 17th century.

The essential lung-healing principle of the pine tree has finally been successfully separated and refined into a perfect cough medicine, Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. Sold by all dealers on a guarantee of satisfaction.

The average weight of 20,000 men and women weighed at Boston was, men 141 1/2 pounds; women 124 1/2 pounds.

When Traveling.

Whether on pleasure bent or business, take on every trip a bottle of Syrup of Figs, as it acts most pleasantly and effectually on the kidneys, liver and bowels, preventing fevers, headaches and other forms of sickness. For sale in 50c and \$1 bottles by all leading druggists. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co., only.

Misses, arranging for dinner—Didn't the macaroni come from the grocer's, Bridget? Bridget—Yis, mum, but o' sint it back. Every wan av thim stims was impty.

"Dah's a good deal in mekin' a judicious choice ob yoh field ob endeavor," said Uncle Eben. "Industry an' perseverance an' gwine ter he'd de handorgan grinder dat plays in front of a deaf an' dumb asylum."



BACKACHE.

Perhaps you don't know that BACKACHE and LAME BACK come from disorder of the KIDNEYS. We give you two points; ninety per cent. of Backache is due to improper working of the kidneys. Doan's Kidney Pills are sure cure for all Kidney Complaints. This assertion can be backed by strongest testimony. Fifty cents will prove it to you. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N.Y., Sole Agents for the United States.

Price, 50 cents per box, or six boxes for \$2.50. Sent by mail on receipt of price. For sale by all dealers.

Italians have the most holidays. Karl's Clover Root Tea. The great blood purifier, freshens and cleanses to the complexion and cures constipation.

Yellow is the most lasting color. Hegeman's Camphor Ice with Glycerine. Cures Chapped Hands and Face, Tender or Sore Feet, Chlambians, Piles, &c. C. G. Clark Co., New Haven, Ct.

Artificial ear-drums are a success. Hanson's Magic Corn Salve. Warranted to cure or money refunded. Ask your druggist for it. Price 15 cents.

Belgium has the deepest coal mine. John L. Stoddard, the world-famous traveler and lecturer, has enjoyed unexampled opportunities for the collection of the finest and best selected photographs of American scenery, the choicest of which are published in a series of sixteen portfolios, with eloquent descriptive sketches from his own pen.

In connection with this work, "Our Country and Our Neighbors," the publishers offer a large new steel plate of Niagara Falls, the finest ever engraved, and which can be procured in no other manner, both for the absurdly low price of \$3. Call at the Michigan Central ticket office and see them.

It is unlucky for a stray swarm of bees to alight on your land, and if bees swarm on a rotten tree a death in the family will occur within a year. If a person suffering from whooping cough asks advice of a man riding on a piebald horse, the malady will be cured by doing what the man tells him to do.

A BAD WRECK. Of the constitution may follow in the track of a disordered system. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery prevents and CURES all liver and kidney diseases. It rouses the liver to healthy action, purifies the blood and allays congestion of the kidneys.

GEO. W. SWEENEY, Esq., of Haydentown, Pa., says: "I was for years hardly able to go about. I suffered from liver and kidney trouble, six different Doctors treated me during that time but could do me no good. I give you 'Medical Discovery' the praise for my cure. Then, too, my wife had a bad case of Asthma which was cured by the use of that wonderful blood-purifier."

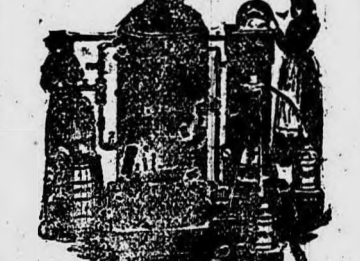


PIERCE Guar-antes a CURE OR MONEY RETURNED. Patents, Trade-Marks.

Examination and Advice as to Patentability of Invention. Send for "Inventors' Guide, or How to Get a Patent." PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

WIFE CANNOT SEE HOW YOU DO IT AND PAY FREIGHT. Sewer cutters, nickel plated, adapted to light and heavy work guaranteed for 10 years, with Automatic Bobbin Winder, Self-Threading Cylinder Shuttle, Self-Setting Sewer and a complete set of Sewing Machine. Shipped any where on 30 Days Trial. No money required in advance. 75,000 now in use. World's Fair Medal awarded machine and attachments. Buy from factory and save dealer's and agent's profit. Get this Out and send today for machine or large free FREE CATALOGUE, containing all appliances of the World's Fair. OXFORD MFG. CO., 342 Wabash Ave., CHICAGO, ILL.

WORN NIGHT AND DAY. Holds the worst rupture with ease under all circumstances. Perfect Adjustment. Comfort and Cure. New Patented Improvement. Illustrated catalogue and rules for self-examination sent securely boxed. G. V. HODDER MFG. CO., 14 Broadway, New York City.



Davis' Cream Separator. Churn, powder hot water and feed cooker combined. Agents wanted. Send for circular. All sizes Hand Cream Separators. Davis & Rankin B. & M. Co. Chicago.

W. N. U., D—XII—27. When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention this Paper.

PLYMOUTH MAIL.

M. F. GRAY,

EDITOR.

FRIDAY, JULY 4, 1894.

WILL YOU HELP US?

We have this week mailed to a number of our subscribers a request to remit to us their subscription arrearages. We do not do this because we like to send "dunning" letters, or because we had nothing else to do; on the contrary, we do it because we want the money and want it bad; because several of our subscribers ask "why we do not stop the paper when the time is out?" and because we want to get our list in shape to know who wants the paper and are willing to pay for it. We intend to get our list in a paid-up condition and then if the paper is wanted it must be paid for in advance. We have grown tired of subscribing saying that they ordered the paper stopped, when time is out, and kick because they have to pay for it.

You cannot blame us then for insisting that the subscribers must positively pay in advance if only for three months at twenty-five cents. To those who get the paper outside of the village we say if you do not remit now we will cut you off; to village subscribers we say it is an easy matter for you to call and pay up. If you are backward in calling or have not time, our collector will call on you and that in a few days.

It is our intention to enlarge the paper to six columns. If we have the interest of subscribers to give them the best possible for their money, surely they can have interest enough to pay for the paper and help us along. We have now five hundred subscribers, lacking but a very few, and out of that list the majority owe us in sums ranging from five dollars down to fifty cents. They should all be paid in advance at least three months. Will you do it or shall we cut you off?

Hereafter when a subscriber's time expires we will send three papers and mark them by a stamp "Time Out". If not renewed by that time we will take it for granted that the paper is not wanted, and will therefore cut the subscriber off. This course will be strictly enforced regardless of favor. In this issue we mark every subscriber who is owing us, and will do so for three weeks, and if not paid for then we will cut the subscriber off.

If you do not want the paper stopped please call and make some settlement. The number of this paper is 356. Look on your address label and see what number it bears. Find out the difference between the two and multiply it by two. The result will tell you just what you owe us. That is just what we want, with a renewal of subscription.

Why Are People Dishonest?

Were it possible to so amend and amplify our criminal laws as to cover all shades of dishonesty and were such laws rigidly enforced, the criminal class would probably be in the majority, but the adoption of such a policy would result in the destruction of the whole commercial system. Our present laws will punish theft and at the same time will defend, as legitimate, the profits of speculation.

Society denominates one as stealing, the other as fortunate investment, yet both are the same in motive and result viz.—the taking of value from another without rendering equal value in return. The only difference is in the methods employed.

The primal cause of dishonesty is to be found in the fact that the material interests of each individual is so often antagonistic to the interests of other members of society.

The present system of economic society is founded on the principle of anarchic war wherein each individual is taught to regard his fellowman as his legitimate prey. Each man is supposed to secure a living for himself and family—if he has one—and accumulate for the proverbial rainy day in opposition to and in spite of all of the rest of the world, and he who can acquire the largest accumulation is lauded as highly worthy of emulation while those whom he has plundered and driven to starvation, suicide or crime are derided as the scum of the earth. It would be folly for us to believe that the masses of the people will develop and practice an ideal system of morality based upon the highest principles of honor so long as Mammon is the ruling God with dishonesty a corner stone of his temple and an essential element in the achievement of what the world calls success, and it must reasonably be expected that dishonesty will increase in proportion as the competitive conflict for individual supremacy becomes more intense. Our only hope for permanent reform lies in the complete re-organization of society on the basis of peace and co-operation which will remove both the motive and opportunity to be dishonest. It is the only system under which it will be possible to "do unto others as you would that they should do unto you".

STATES STILL PENNILESS.

But the Humble Cent is Getting a Sure Footing Everywhere.

Until the last few years cents were not recognized as currency in the West and South. Of late they have begun to be used all over the country, though their introduction has been gradual and their acceptance reluctant. During the last year, says the Washington Star, California received from the treasury and circulated 52,000 cents. Louisiana took 3,000 cents, Utah 2,000 and New Mexico 4,000. These are small amounts, but they show that coppers are making their way into the states which until lately have refused to recognize them. Cents are as yet practically unknown in Nevada, Wyoming and Arizona. New York employs the greatest number of pennies. Last year that state drew for currency 7,994,000 brand-new cents from the treasury. Illinois came next, with a demand for 5,673,000 coppers, partly on account of the world's fair. Massachusetts was third, calling for 4,293,000 cents, and Pennsylvania fourth, with 3,373,500.

During the year the treasury manufactured 48,731,700 new cents. About that many have to be turned out annually in order to keep the requisite number of coppers in circulation, because so many of them are lost. Being transferred from hand to hand so often they are exposed to many more dangers than are incurred by coins of higher denominations, and their value is so small that people do not take much care of them. They have recently become redundant in New York and Chicago, largely on account of the fact that those two cities are headquarters for slot machines. In each of the dozen biggest cities in the country a supply of coppers is kept on hand by the local subtreasury, which will furnish them on demand. Anybody residing in any other town may procure any quantity of new cents by sending a check to the superintendent of the mint in Philadelphia, who will ship them at the expense of the government. All of the coppers are made at the mint in Philadelphia. Uncle Sam makes a large profit on his minor coins, as pennies and nickels are termed. Blank pieces all ready to be stamped are furnished to the government by contract. The bronze discs for cents cost twenty cents a pound—14¢ to a pound. A notion of the rate at which these small coins are lost is given by the fact that 119,000,000 of the old copper pennies remain to this day unaccounted for. They have not been returned to the treasury for redemption or reminting, and it is very rarely that one of them is seen.

Encores Given C. O. D.

An Italian impresario has discovered a way out of the "encore" difficulty that is not open to the objections made to Hermann Veizin's proposal that they should be forbidden by the public authorities. The impresario in question controls a small operatic theater in Milan, and he has absolutely forbidden his singers to repeat any of their songs, but at the same time he has placed the following notice in the vestibules: "Those persons who wish for a repetition of any number from the opera, or of any part of the ballet dancing, are begged to hand their names in at the box office. At the end of the performance they will enjoy the encores demanded on paying for their seats over again." Since this measure was first adopted no one has availed himself of the privilege thus granted, and the performances have not been interrupted by demands for encores. — London Daily News.

Money in Shoes.

Shoe Dealer—It won't pay me to handle these shoes on such a small margin. Drummer—I know the profits are small; but, my dear sir, just look at the shoes and see how they are made.

"Humph! They are made very badly, miserable stuff, too—won't last a week."

"That's it, that's it. You'll sell five pairs of these shoes to one of any others."

The Underground Railways.

An automatic apparatus for indicating to passengers in railway cars the name of the next station has been adopted on the underground railway in London. As each station is passed a card bearing the name of the next station drops into place in a glass-covered frame and an electric bell rings to call attention to the change.

Her Revenge.

First Lady, in Chicago—Are you going to Miss Solong's wedding? Second Lady—Yes. It's my revenge on my late fourth husband, whom she's going to marry. —New York Herald.

An Odd Accident.

At Trenton, Wis., a man, while driving one horse and leading another, had his arm broken by a sudden jerk of the head of the horse he was leading.

Upper Plymouth.

Gilman Beals of Detroit, made his mother a pleasant call Sunday.

A few took in the excursion to Holly on the 4th to assist in a grand celebration. John Lutz was in Detroit visiting friends the 4th.

Miss Bertha Frede of Detroit, visited at C. Springer's the 4th.

Mr. and Mrs. George Springer spent the 4th with friends in Detroit.

Mr. and Mrs. Willard Roe are visiting their daughter, Mrs. Brown, at Saginaw this week.

George Hillmer of Detroit, visited his parents this week.

F. L. Moore has sold out and rented his lunch room to Robert Burch who will conduct the business hereafter. We wish him success.

An exciting game of ball was played here last week between the Upper Plymouth and Oak Street nines, the score being 42 to 22 favor of Upper Plymouth.

John Smye was in Detroit on business Monday.

Asa Lyon is in the employ of H. Heide at present writing.

Will Alexander, while delivering ice for H. Heide, had a narrow escape last as he was crossing the new road lately filled in at Phoenix. He had on two tons of ice and when nearly across, the wagon began to sink and he jumped in time to save himself. The whiffletree broke which saved the horses, but the wagon and ice rolled down the bank.

Dearborn.

Born to the wife of Mr. R. H. Hall on July 2nd, a daughter. Mother and child doing well.

Mr. Edward Brock of Detroit, spent Sunday with parents.

Miss Minnie Dingman of Detroit, spent the 4th with her sister, Mrs. Chas. Wagner.

Mr. Chas. Farland has returned home from the east, where he has been spending a few weeks.

Mr. Chas. Bieber spent a few days last week at Jackson.

Mr. Joseph Ledbeter of Detroit, was the guest of his daughter Mrs. W. H. Clark July 4th.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Clark attended the funeral of conductor Kelding at Albion Saturday.

FOUR BIG SUCCESSES.

Having the needed merit to more than make good all the advertising claimed for them, the following four remedies have reached a phenomenal sale. Dr. King's New Discovery, for consumption, Coughs and Colds, each bottle guaranteed—Electric Bitters, the great remedy for Liver, Stomach and Kidneys. Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the best in the world, and Dr. King's New Life Pills, which are a perfect pill. All these remedies are guaranteed to do just what is claimed for them and the dealer whose name is attached herewith will be glad to tell you more of them. Sold at John L. Gale's drug store.

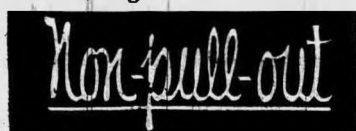
LA GRIPPE.

During the prevalence of Grippe the past seasons it was a noticeable fact that those who depended upon Dr. King's New Discovery not only had a speedy recovery, but escaped all of the troublesome after effects of the malady. This remedy seems to have a peculiar power in effecting rapid cures not only in cases of La Grippe, but in all Diseases of Throat, Chest and Lungs, and has cured cases of Asthma and Hay Fever of long standing. Try it and be convinced. It won't disappoint. Free Trial Bottles at J. L. Gale's Drug Store. 1 and 4

The Keystone Watch Case Co. of Philadelphia,

the largest watch case manufacturing concern in the world, is now putting upon the Jas. Boss Filled and other cases made by it, a bow (ring) which cannot be twisted or pulled off the watch.

It is a sure protection against the pickpocket and the many accidents that befall watches fitted with the old-style bow, which is simply held in by friction and can be twisted off with the fingers. It is called the



and CAN ONLY BE HAD with cases bearing their trade mark— Sold only through watch dealers, without extra charge. Don't use your knife or finger nails to open your watch case. Send for an opener (free).

LIVERY AND SALE STABLE

First Glass Rigs Reasonable Charges

PATRONS ACCOMMODATED DAY OR NIGHT.

GZAR PENNEY, Plymouth, Mich.

Citizens

Of Plymouth and Vicinity

I wish to inform the public that I am prepared to do anything in the line of

PLUMBING

Steam Fitting, Gas Fitting and Sanitary work of all kinds.

I do the work myself, and, as far as prices are concerned, do not bar Detroit or any other city.

A full line of gas pipe, water fixtures, and all necessary appliances for water works always on hand. Respectfully,

James Hewett

General Plumber and Contractor.

GO TO THE "O K STORE"

When you want

Dry Goods, Crockery, Groceries, Glasswear

They lead them all in low prices. You can get

- 26 lbs Brown Sugar for \$1.00
- 24 lbs Coffee Sugar for 1.00
- 22 lbs Granulated Sugar for 1.00
- 2 1/2 lbs Best Japan Tea for 1.00
- 6 lbs of Starch for .25c
- 5 lbs of Rice for .25c
- 4 lbs of V. Crackers for .25c
- 6 Dozen Pickles for .25c
- 6 Bars Queen Ann Soap for .25c
- 3 lbs good Tea Dust for .25c
- 1 lb strictly Pure Blk Pepper, ground 25c

At the O. K. Store, Thanking you for past favors and hope you will still continue trading with us.

JOHN SMYE, North Village.

The First National Exchange Bank

is now ready for business, in all its branches

In Their New Bank Building.

Your patronage is solicited.

Plymouth Savings Bank

PLYMOUTH, MICH. E. C. LEACH, President. L. H. BENNETT, Cashier.

4 PER CENT, paid on Savings Deposits from One Dollar up.

Come and open an account with us.

DIRECTORS:

- E. C. LEACH, L. H. BENNETT,
- J. B. TILLOTSON, I. N. STARKWEATHER
- G. S. VANSICKLE, T. V. QUACKENBUSH,
- L. C. HOUGH, B. J. SPRINGER,
- A. D. LYNDON, J. R. HOSE,
- WM. MANCHESTER, WM. GEEB,
- L. C. SHERWOOD.

Every Inducement consistent with sound banking offered to depositors.

E. K. Bennett, Cashier.

Livery

Sale Stable

Good Rigs Day or Night.

ALSO Omnibus and Dray Line in Connection **12 B is Tickets \$1.**

H. C. Robinson PLYMOUTH, MICH.

DETROIT, LANSING & NORTHERN R.R. FEB. 11, 1894.

STANDARD TIME.			
Going East.	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.
Grand Rapids	7:00	1:20	5:25
Howard City	5:50		4:00
Ionia	7:30	1:35	5:55
Grand Ledge	8:30	2:43	7:00
Lansing	8:54	3:04	7:25
Williamston	9:30	3:26	7:50
Webberville	9:31		8:00
Fowlerville	9:41	3:42	8:10
Howell Junction	9:56	3:57	8:25
Howell	9:59		
Brighton	10:13	4:12	8:45
South Lyon	10:29	4:26	8:57
Salem	10:38		9:07
Plymouth	10:58	4:47	9:22
Detroit	11:40	5:33	10:10
Going West.	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.
Detroit	7:40	1:10	6:00
Plymouth	8:25	1:44	6:45
Salem	8:38		6:51
South Lyon	8:48	2:04	7:01
Brighton	9:04	2:18	7:15
Howell Junction	9:16		7:27
Howell	9:25	2:32	7:38
Fowlerville	9:41	2:47	7:54
Webberville	9:51		7:58
Williamston	10:01	3:03	8:10
Lansing	10:27	3:28	8:34
Grand Ledge	10:53	3:50	9:00
Ionia	11:53	4:45	10:05
Howard City	1:35		11:45
Grand Rapids	12:40	5:15	10:45

Trains week days only. Parlor cars on all trains between Detroit and Grand Rapids. Seats 25 cents.

CHICAGO & WEST MICHIGAN RY. Trains leave Grand Rapids. For Chicago 7:25 a. m. 1:25 p. m. 11:30 p. m. For Manistee, Traverse City, Charlevoix and Petoskey 7:30 a. m. 3:15 p. m. For Muskegon 7:25 a. m. 1:25 p. m. 5:45 p. m. Ed. FELTON, Agent, Plymouth. Geo. DeHAVEN, General Pass'r. Agent, Grand Rapids.

F. & P. M. R. R.

TIME TABLE. In effect June 17 1894. Trains leave Plymouth as follows: STANDARD TIME.

GOING SOUTH.	GOING NORTH.
Train No. 4, 10:05 a. m.	Train No. 1, 8:35 a. m.
" No. 8, 2:27 p. m.	" No. 3, 9:15 a. m.
" No. 10, 12:35 a. m.	" No. 5, 2:10 p. m.
	" No. 7, 6:55 p. m.

Train No. 5, connects at Ledington with steamer for Milwaukee, (during season of navigation), making connections for all points West and Northwest. Sleeping Parlor Cars between Bay City, Saginaw and Detroit.

Train No. 8 runs daily, from Bay City to Detroit. On Western Division it runs daily, except Sunday. Connections made at Port Huron and Detroit Union depot for all points South, Canada and the East. For further information see Time Card of this company. W. H. BALDWIN, JR., General Manager. W. F. POTTS, General Supt. A. PATLACHOFF, Traffic Manager. General Offices, Saginaw, East Side, Mich.

SCHOOL LAW

FOR HOME STUDY 243 BROADWAY, N. Y. INTRODUCTORY LECTURES FREE

OUR OWN VILLAGE.

WHAT IS GOING ON AMONG PEOPLE ON THE OUTSIDE

The News of the week condensed for the Benefit of Mail Readers.

Miss Laura Seeley of Caro, is visiting Ada Safford.

Wayne vs. Plymouth July 13th at Wayne.

Josiah Cochrane, our night watchman, has returned from his trip east.

The Milan boys had a little the best of the game last week Thursday, when rain interfered.

The social in the park last Saturday evening, netted the Epworth League about eight dollars.

Chas. Shattuck, who is engaged at the Pontiac asylum, was in town last week Thursday returning Friday morning.

Invitations are out announcing the 19th annual meeting of the Plymouth W. C. T. U. to be held July 12th at Baptist church.

Rev. C. P. Nash of Holly, will preach at the village hall next Sunday, the 8th inst., at 7:30 o'clock p. m. All are invited.

We extend thanks to the Wayne papers for their efforts and good will towards making our Fourth of July celebration a success.

John Fitzgibbons of Wayne, was in town last Saturday on business and incidentally took in the ball game, Dearborn vs Plymouth.

Work on the Northrop spring was completed last Tuesday. It has been cleaned out and walled with stone. Finer drinking water cannot be found.

Our fish peddler, who was reported to have died from small-pox, was on our streets this week looking as well as usual. He says the report has hurt his business to quite an extent.

Dearborn's second nine will play the Plymouth club to-morrow afternoon. A stiff game may be looked for—Dearborn Advance. If it was your second nine that played here last Saturday, brother, pray don't send your first nine up this way.

The Adrian scholarship, which was to have been awarded to one of the graduates on commencement evening, was not received until last Friday. It was immediately turned over to Miss Muriel Decker, she having obtained the highest general average for the last four years.

The union services and choir musical at the M. E. Church last Sunday evening, was a very pleasant affair. The audience was not very large owing to the hot weather. The music, recitations, etc., were of a very pleasing nature and very appropriate. Another musical may be rendered before long.

The Dearborn—Plymouth ball game Saturday was a good game in every respect. There is even credit due to the losing team in such a game of ball. In fact every game could be played with the same ease if such men as John Fitzgibbons were at the helm. When the base ball season for 1895, opens up, why would it not be a good idea to form a league and put up a pennant to play for. A good league could be formed among the neighboring teams that would put new life in the game and make it more interesting. Don't lose sight of the idea.

Manager Thompson of the D. O. H. told the Free Press man that the crowd presented a runner from making first base. In plain language that is as bare faced a lie as man ever uttered. During the whole game only those who had a right to, were allowed inside the ropes—and the poor fellow was so scared that he was afraid some of his men were going to be injured by the crowd. Well, Thompson what kind of vegetables did you eat at Brighton? By the way, the Northville Record wants a base ball crank, that can down the MAIL man who is of the first water—if the Record knows. They want a game with police protection. Well, we should say so. If they had their police here Friday—well no telling the results.

The D. O. H. manager has made a kick in the Free Press regarding the game played here last Friday. He should be the last one to kick but he did nearly as much of it as Spranger, captain of the D. O. H. team. He wants to play for money but we never play for money. We are out for fun and glory, and can give the D. O. H. another game on those terms. Had an umpire handled the game who was not so easily influenced by such bluffs as the D. O. H. boys hung out, a nine inning game would have been played and a far different score in Plymouth's favor. Some of the D. O. H. boys admitted that the Giants played better ball that day than the D. O. H. team did. They are a good lot of fellows, however, when not playing ball, but they put great stress on their ability to play ball by kicking.

Get your Stationery at the MAIL office.

Paul Voorhies spent the 4th in Plymouth.

J. S. Kellogg is having a coat of paint applied to his home.

F. R. Panches of Toledo, visited his old friends here the Fourth.

If your subscription is not paid for your paper will be stopped.

Papa Kelly played here with the Wayne boys on the Fourth.

Union services will be held at the Baptist church Sunday evening.

Miss Minnie Clayborne of Marshall, is visiting her cousin, Miss Mabel Spicer.

Catherine M. Covert of Leslie, will spend the summer with Miss M. Root.

How did you enjoy the Fourth? Had a boss time—cooking for my country cousins.

We need money and that very badly. Read the article on page 4 and help us out.

Miss Flora Millard left Thursday for Mackinac Island where she will remain six weeks.

Irving Durfee, a recent graduate of the Law Department of Ann Arbor, was in town this week.

Joe Eaton, the famous drummer boy of Ypsilanti, spent the Fourth in town and drummed for the Plymouth band.

E. Pelton and bride returned from their honeymoon on Tuesday and have commenced house-keeping in the first house north of the Baptist church.

The famous Canadian Jubilee Singers and Imperial Orchestra are booked for two nights at Wayne, July 12th and 13th. They are well worth going to hear. Only 25 and 15 cents.

Mr. and Mrs. George Chadwick, who are visiting Mrs. Chadwick's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Baker, are the proud owners of a bran new boy. He arrived on the morning of the Fourth just in time to help the Eagle out.

Will bet \$4.14 that the Record thinks by this time it don't know anything about base ball, and feels somewhat doubtful on other matters, since the Wayne Review and Wayne Tidings have scored it severely for its lack of judgement. No hard feelings brethren.

Bert Rea, a lad of about 15 years, will probably remember July 4th, 1894 as long as he lives. He was celebrating early in the morning with a small cannon made from a gun barrel. About 4 o'clock while trying to light it, the weapon kicked back and struck him in the left hand tearing away the thumb and fore finger. Drs. Dewey and Collier dressed the injured member. How long before people will learn to profit by what they see and hear? The careful handling of powder is evidence of good judgment not cowardice.

The Plymouth Cigar and Tobacco Co are always on the alert for advertising schemes. Their latest production is a base ball team called the "Play-mates" after their famous "Play-mate" cigar. The team is a good one and will give opponents some hard work in a game. It should be understood that this team is strictly for a business purpose and not in any way to conflict with our local nine. All suppositions that it was organized to oppose the local team are misplaced, as the firm are strong supporters and admirers of the Giants.

Wayne intended to get up a celebration for the Fourth, but on hearing that Plymouth was to celebrate they gave up the idea, returned the money subscribed and voted unanimously to turn in and celebrate with Plymouth. The Wayne papers used their columns to advocate the cause for Plymouth and as a result an immense crowd from Wayne was here on the Fourth and we hope had a good time. On the other hand Northville did not celebrate, nor had any intention to, and we suggested that they join with us and we would with them in '95. The Record said it was a go and would be "wid" us, but in another place advocated the cause of Holly and advised people to follow the band and ball team. That is hardly what you could term "being wid us." But "you" pays your money and takes your choice," and they had a perfect right to do so. No doubt we will do likewise in '95 and Wayne will have a good representation from Plymouth.

LIVONIA.

Mrs. J. C. Fairchild of Detroit, is visiting friends at this place.

We had a fine shower last Thursday evening.

Levi Joslin of Detroit, is visiting his young friends in this town.

There has been a fine stone erected at the head of the grave of Miss M. A. Leach in our cemetery.

Some of our farmers have begun haying.

LOST—Parcel of cuffs and collars. Finder please leave at the MAIL office.

Some desirable village lots, for sale cheap, on Ann Arbor St., Plymouth. Inquire at this office.

L. L. May & Co. have an ad in this issue that will be worth your while investigating. They are reliable, and offer eight or ten men good situations. 50 barrel upright tank for sale. W. O. Allen.

Maud Vrooman

Gives you



Bargains

THIS WEEK IN

HATS.

Our Lot of Hats at 25c Each regardless of cost.

All Trimmed Hats in Stock 1-4 off.

MAUD VROOMAN, PLYMOUTH.

L. E. CABLE,

Successor to C. E. Passage,

THE "STAR GROCERY"

PLYMOUTH, MICH.

Staple and Fancy

Groceries.

SCHOOL BOOKS AND SCHOOL SUPPLIES.

A Full Line of Tobaccos and Cigars.

ADIRONDA TRADE MARK

Wheeler's Heart Cure AND Nerve Cure

—Positively Cures—

HEART DISEASE, EPILEPSY, NERVOUS PROSTRATION.

Helplessness and all derangements of the Nervous System.

Unexcelled for Restless Babies.

Purely Vegetable, Guaranteed free from Opium. 100 full size doses, 50c. Rev. R. M. Middleton, M. E. Clergyman, Cedar Springs, Mich., says: "Sleep and rest were strangers to me after preaching till I used 'Adironda'. Now I sleep soundly and awake refreshed, and I can heartily recommend it." Prepared by WHEELER and FULLER MEDICINE CO., Cedar Springs, Mich. Sold by J. L. Gale, druggist, Plymouth. 4-21-95

G. A. FRISBEE,

DEALER IN

Lumber, Lath, Shingles, and Coal

A complete assortment of Rough and Dressed Lumber, Hard and Soft Coal.

Prices as Low as the Market Allows.

Yard near F. & P. M. depot, Plymouth.

A. PELHAM,



DENTIST.

WANTED.—Local and traveling salesmen to handle our Canadian grown nursery stock. We guarantee satisfaction to representatives and customers. Largest growers of high grade stock. Over 700 acres under cultivation. No substitution in orders. Exclusive territory and liberal terms to whole or part time agents. Write us. STONE & WELLINGTON Madison Wis. July 1st.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve,

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by John L. Gale, Druggist.

Bell's Dental Parlors.

(Over Plymouth Savings Bank.)

VITALIZED AIR ADMINISTERED

And all Modern Improvements used.

All Work Guaranteed.

A Call Solicited.

Sell or Trade!

A THIRTY ACRE FARM FOR PLYMOUTH PROPERTY.

I have a farm of 30 acres, situated in Salem village, that I will exchange for Plymouth residence property. There is a good house on the place. Strawberries, blackberries, etc. are in good condition. A more desirable place cannot be found. Enquire of

J. E. BULLOCK, Salem, Mich.

Or at the MAIL office.



CAN I OBTAIN A PATENT? For a prompt answer and an honest opinion, write to MUNN & CO., who have had nearly fifty years' experience in the patent business. Communications strictly confidential. A Handbook of information concerning Patents and how to obtain them sent free. Also a catalogue of mechanical and scientific books sent free. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the Scientific American, and thus are brought widely before the public without cost to the inventor. This splendid paper, issued weekly, elegantly illustrated, has by far the largest circulation of any scientific work in the world. \$3 a year. Single copies sent free. Building Edition, monthly, \$2.50 a year. Single copies, 25 cents. Every number contains beautiful plates, in colors, and photographs of new houses, with plans, showing builders how to show the latest designs and secure contracts. Address MUNN & CO., NEW YORK, 361 BROADWAY.

Wanted! 8 or 10 men to solicit orders for Hardy Nursery Stock, Fruit and Ornamentals; also new and valuable varieties of seed Potatoes. Permanent positions; good salary, ranging from \$75 to \$125 per month. Apply quick, with references. L. L. MAY & CO., St. Paul, Minn. Nurserymen, Florists and Seedsmen.

MORTGAGE SALE.—Default having been made in the condition of a certain mortgage bearing date the fourth day of February, A. D. 1887, made and executed by Della M. Oster, of the town of Plymouth, County of Wayne, State of Michigan to Maria Seeley of the said town of Plymouth, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for the County of Wayne, State of Michigan, on the 23rd day of February, A. D. 1887 in Liber 225 of mortgages on page 575 by the non-payment of moneys due thereon, whereby the power of sale therein contained has become operative, and on which there is claimed to be due, and is due, at the date of this notice the sum of seven hundred and ten dollars and sixty-nine cents, of which said sum five hundred dollars is principal and two hundred and ten dollars and sixty-nine cents is interest, and no suit or proceeding at law or in equity having been instituted to recover the amount due and secured by said mortgage or any part thereof: Notice is therefore hereby given that on Monday the twenty-ninth day of August, A. D. 1894, at twelve o'clock p. m. on local time, there will be sold at the westerly or Griswold Street entrance of the City Hall, in the City of Detroit, County of Wayne, State of Michigan, (that being the building in which the Circuit Court for the said County of Wayne is held) at public vendue to the highest bidder, the land and premises described in and covered by said mortgage, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the amount due on said mortgage as above set forth, together with the interest on so thereof as shall be subject to interest, at the rate of seven per cent and the one-eighth dollar attorney fee provided for in said mortgage, said lands and premises are situated in the township of Plymouth, County of Wayne, State of Michigan, and are described as commencing at the center stake of section twenty-six in the town of Plymouth, County of Wayne, State of Michigan, running thence northerly along the center of the highway fourteen (14) chains; thence easterly along the southern boundary line of lands formerly owned by Thomas F. May, Daniel Webber and Isaac N. Hedden, seven (7) rods and thirty-five (35) links, to a stake thence southerly and parallel with the highway aforesaid fourteen (14) chains; thence westerly along the east and west center line of said section twenty-six (26) to the place of beginning containing ten (10) acres of land be the same more or less Dated May 28th, 1894. GEO. A. STURKMEYER, MARIA SEELEY, Att'ys for Mortgage.

COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE In the matter of the estate of Mary A. Allen, deceased. We, the undersigned, having been appointed by the Probate Court, for the County of Wayne, State of Michigan, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against said deceased, do hereby give notice that we will meet at the store of Albert H. Dibble, in the village of Plymouth, in said County, on Friday the twenty-eighth day of September, A. D. 1894, and on Friday the twenty-third day of November, A. D. 1894, at ten o'clock a. m. of each of said days, for the purpose of examining and allowing said claims, and that six months from the twenty-third day of May, A. D. 1894, were allowed by said Court for creditors to present their claims to us for examination and allowance. ALBERT H. DIBBLE, GEORGE W. HUNTER, Commissioners. 351-353

STATE OF MICHIGAN In the Circuit Court for the County of Wayne, in Chancery Udoen Beam complainant vs Louise Beam defendant. It satisfactorily appearing to this Court by affidavit on file that defendant is not a resident of this State and that her present residence is not known, on motion of William S. Jackson, complainant's solicitor, it is ordered that defendant appear and answer the bill of complaint in this cause within six months from this date, and in default thereof said bill of complaint be confessed. W. S. JACKSON, J. W. DONOVAN, Complainant's Solicitor, Circuit Judge. Dated May 17th, 1894.

I wish to call the public's attention to the following line of new goods.

1st. EGGINE

The Only True Health and Egg Producing Food in the world. Eggine will make your hens lay. Eggine will cure roup, cholera, and all curable diseases, and will increase your profit one hundred per cent. Price 25 cts. per box.

2d. Ground Sea Shells,

for chickens 2 cts per pound.

3d.

Startuvants Slug Killer.

Sure death to all Vegetable Parasites. Kills potato Bugs and Slugs, Cabbage, Currant, and Canker Worms, Lice, Caterpillars, Fleas, and Cut worms. Apply with a fine duster or cloth bag; handled with perfect safety. Price 25 cts Large package.

4th. Tobacco and Sulphur Insecticide and Fertilizer.

This powder will destroy Rose bugs, Lice, Cut worms, Vine bugs, Currant worms, Cabbage Lice, Parasites of all description. Should be applied when foliage is wet.

J. L. GALE, Plymouth.

PLYMOUTH LAUNDRY.

I desire to inform the citizens of Plymouth and vicinity that I have bought the Plymouth Laundry Business and will conduct the business hereafter in a first-class way, guaranteeing satisfaction.

Laundry will be called for and delivered if desired. An experienced workman will have full charge of laundry.

R. L. BRIGGS.

The Wherry Mole Trap.



THE BEST TRAP MADE

It Does the Work if Properly Set.

Address for Prices,

W. N. WHERRY, Plymouth Mich.

I Make a Specialty of

DRESS SUITS

And all

Clothing Made to Order

Is Guaranteed. I have Some choice

Pant and Suit Patterns

That I will make up at Reasonable Prices.

M. ROSEN.

PLYMOUTH MAIL.

M. F. GRAY, Publisher.

PLYMOUTH, MICHIGAN.

CHINESE gamblers in San Francisco whose dens were closed and incidentally marred during the process have sued members of the police squad that wielded the reformatory axes. They ask the sum of \$25,000 from each policeman. "Ask and it shall be given" is an old adage, but it seems likely on this occasion to be knocked out.

It took two clergymen to marry a well-known couple in Nashville, Tenn. The first clergyman was no less a person than a bishop, who went through the ceremony in such a queer manner that the bridegroom was not satisfied he was married and sent for a second clergyman. The second clergyman united the happy couple again. It was discovered that the bishop had been ill for a long time and had taken a great deal of morphine to relieve the pains of rheumatism.

HASTY marriages are inadvisable and unwise, but it is to be hoped that the example of Paul Netzbund and Rosa Scholz, who took out a marriage license ten years ago and only got married last week, will not be generally followed. Engagements of this length would pauperize the average young man if the prospective bride were addicted to the ice cream and caramel habit, and house-keeping commenced on a capital of unpaid livery bills, would scarcely be an unqualified success.

AFROPOS of Prince Bismarck's denunciation of bores, which are the bane of the life of so many men in public and private station, it is recalled that during one of Lord Beaconsfield's cauls upon the German chancellor he asked the prince how he managed to get rid of bores. "Oh," said Bismarck, "that is very simple. My wife knows the people whom I regard as bores, and whenever she thinks any one of them is boring me, she sends for me. At that moment a servant entered with a message that the Princess Bismarck desired the presence of the prince at once."

SEÑOR IDIARTE BORDA, the new president of the Uruguay republic, is not exactly in the business of beating swords into plow-shares and spears into pruning hooks, but he is engaged in work equally commendable—devoting treasury funds at his disposal to introducing the telephone throughout his domain. This is not in line with the action of the heads of the Latin-American countries. Any little spare change left lingering in their treasuries has hitherto gone towards buying the latest device in shooting-irons to be used in suppressing any device for a change of administration.

Red Cross society has complete a remarkable piece of work in the relief which it has conveyed to the stricken people of the Sea Islands off the coast of South Carolina. It was in September last that the islands were devastated and thousands of people left homeless and helpless. The general work of relieving the distress was intrusted to the Red Cross society, which, by reason of its experience and equipment, was admirably prepared to perform it. During all the intervening months its agents have been caring for those in need of assistance and distributing the bounty which generous-minded people provided for the suffering.

A JAPANESE mosquito-catching plant was exhibited in New York lately. The bare mention of such a thing suggests infinite possibilities. The real name of it is Vincetoxicum acuminatum, but its name is a matter of no consequence. What we should like to know is why it has up to the present time been blushing unseen. In the specimen exhibited every blossom held within its embrace a mosquito, which appeared to be fast beyond possibility of escape. In a little time we may expect to see summer hotels and boarding-houses announcing in flaming letters that they are fully equipped with large fields devoted to the cultivation of this plant.

THE morphine habit among women in London is asserted by medical men to be greatly on the increase, and those who choose to regard it as a penalty inflicted on the British people by Providence for its agency in forcing the poisonous drug upon the Chinese for commercial reasons, thereby inflicting on them untold injury and misery, may find it a good subject to moralize upon, though the two things have no necessary logical connection. The use of the drug among London women is probably no greater in ratio than elsewhere in large aggregates of population; but physicians write in testimony that it is more prevalent than most people suppose, and that it is increasing.

NAMED THEIR MEN.

DEMOCRATS OF MICHIGAN IN CONVENTION.

Spencer O. Fisher, of Bay City, the Choice for Governor—Edwin F. Uhl, of Grand Rapids, and John Strong to Run for the Long and Short Term Senatorships.

The Democrats of Michigan met in convention at Grand Rapids and named a state ticket and two candidates for the United States senate—for the long and short terms.

Chairman Daniel J. Campau called the convention to order, and Rev. M. Goodman opened with prayer. Acting Secretary H. J. Coburn, of Detroit, read the call for the convention. Chairman Campau then made his opening address.

As he concluded Mr. Campau named Wm. F. McKnight as temporary chairman, and he was escorted to the chair.



HON. SPENCER O. FISHER.

Mr. McKnight in his speech thanking the convention for the honor, said that the assertions in the Republican press of the state that there were divisions and dissensions in the Democratic ranks were utter falsehoods which were to distract the attention of the people from the war which is on in their own ranks. He then said the convention was assembled not only to nominate men for various offices, but also to reaffirm allegiance to the principles of our government and to tender a vote of confidence to President Grover Cleveland. Mr. McKnight praised the national platform adopted in Chicago two years ago; laid upon the Republican party the blame for the present condition of financial and industrial affairs; affirmed a pride in the dispatch of business by the Democratic house of representatives and deplored the tardy methods of the senate. He concluded by calling upon Democrats to stand firm and triumphant vindication of Democratic principles would follow.

Mr. Turner, of Kent, moved that the usual committee be appointed. Mr. Murphy, of Port Huron, presented the objections of 23 delegates to the persons appointed to act on committees. There were contestants in four counties: Ottawa, Muskegon, Tuscola and St. Clair, and while considerable feeling was shown and hot words passed there was not a very great amount of strife. Chairman McKnight read a telegram from Congressman Levi T. Griffin, of the First district. A motion was made to adjourn until 3 o'clock and a substitute to make it 2 o'clock was offered. There was a contest on this which resulted in the defeat of the substitute.

It was long after 4 o'clock before any attempt was made to resume and there was a great deal of impatience shown when the temporary chairman announced that the committee on credentials was not ready to report and it was impossible to proceed until they were ready. At last the committee on permanent organization was ready to report and the convention decided to proceed without the credentials committee. Elliott G. Stevenson, of Oakland, was made permanent chairman and C. Kirke White, of Owosso, permanent secretary. Mr. Stevenson simply thanked the convention for the honor and then there was another halt in the proceedings.

Don. M. Dickinson then proposed that while they were waiting a telegram be sent to President Cleveland.

After a few speeches by prominent Democrats to find in time, Hon. W. R. Burt moved that the convention proceed with the nominations. The motion was carried. M. M. Houseman, of the fifth district, made a neat speech, endorsing Hon. Edwin F. Uhl for long term senator. The nomination was heartily endorsed by delegates from the Eleventh and Twelfth districts and there being no other names the nomination of Mr. Uhl was made unanimous.

Chas. R. Whitman, of the second district, presented the name of ex-Lieut. Gov. Strong for short term senator and it was made unanimous.

On motion of I. M. Weston the nominating speeches for governor were received. Carlos E. Warner stated that the First district nominated Spencer O. Fisher. Every district supported the nomination up to the Tenth, when Mr. Weadock, in supporting the candidate, said he was a man of unparalleled strength, and described his splendid political career. "I move his nomination by a rising vote," said Mr. Weadock. Peter White, on behalf of the Twelfth, moved that Mr. Fisher's nomination be made unanimous. "All in favor of making the nomination signify by a rising vote." Everyone responded with a cheer of exultation. A com-

mittee was appointed to escort the candidate to the platform, but Mr. Fisher was not in the hall. When Mr. Fisher entered the hall, amid cheers, the band began playing the "Fisher's Hornpipe." "Three cheers for Spencer O. Fisher" shouted someone. The nominee thanked the delegates as soon as the great noise had ceased. He said he appreciated the honor. He was happy to have labored in the same party which had for its head Grover Cleveland. In the course of his remarks he paid a high tribute to representative Democrats throughout the state. The resolutions, he said, had been read by him and he could endorse them. He had received the nomination without any solicitation, and he asked the support of the entire Democracy. He stated he was in favor of unlimited free coinage of silver; tariff reform as laid down by the Wilson bill; free lumber, free wool, free iron ore and free coal, announcements which were received with the greatest satisfaction. He was in favor of an income tax, and in favor of the election of senators by the people.

"The committee of resolutions is ready to report," announced the chairman and Chairman Black read the platform of which the following is the substance: The Democratic party of the state of Michigan, in convention assembled, declare that we believe there are at this time certain principles to be settled by the people through their government, and that such principles are important and should be approached and considered with courage, candor and deliberation. Therefore, with malice toward none and with charity for all, we resolve as follows:

For the expenditure of public money only for actual necessities of the government. Denounce the taxation upon consumption of articles as advocated by the protection system of the Republican party as enriching the rich at the expense of the poor, and we therefore reaffirm the principles of the Democratic national convention in Chicago in 1888, and repudiate any departure therefrom. We declare in favor of the free, unlimited coinage of silver at a ratio that will permit the debtors to pay their debts upon the same basis in which they were contracted. Demand that all issues of circulating medium be under act of government and full legal tender. Favor home rule and that changes in municipal charters be submitted for the approval of the people and condemn local gerrymanders by the Republican legislature.

Denounce any effort to make religion a test to eligibility to hold office. Whereas, it is charged that certain corporations in the upper peninsula dominated by English and eastern capital have maintained possession of many thousands of acres of valuable timber and mineral lands, the equitable ownership of which is in the United States. Resolved, That we call upon the present administration and our senators and representatives to take such measures as will bring about the speedy restoration of all such lands to the public domain for the benefit of actual settlers, without return of value of any kind. Recommend the nomination of candidates for senator by the representatives of the people in state convention.

Denounce all fraudulent alterations of election returns on amendments and demands that all state officers of the same shall receive criminal punishment. New laws should be passed by the next legislature of Michigan providing better safeguards against fraudulent elections returns.

Denounce an open waterway for shipment to the coast the highest estimate of such cost is \$40,000,000 and that work of necessary public improvement will give work to an army of unemployed and enable the northwest to reach the seaboard without being robbed by corporations engaged in territorial charges, etc.

We endorse Grover Cleveland as our leader and as president, and we are unflinching in our faith in his patriotism, statesmanship, unswerving honesty of intellect and of heart and his splendid courage and sterling integrity. We pledge to him and to his entire administration our undoubting and devoted support.

We declare in favor of legislation which will bring about a fair system of arbitration to settle difficulties that may arise between capital and labor. We declare in favor of liberal pensions to soldiers of the United States army, and believe the per diem pension bill before congress will fully cover all claims.

We denounce the system of protection. We invite the attention of the voters or this state to a comparison of the lavish appropriations and expenditure of the Republican administration of this state with the strict economy of the Democratic administration of Gov. Winans. We emphatically declare against the publicly owned and controlled operation of the state public school lands into a public debt.

When the work on nominations was resumed the ticket was completed as follows, with the principal contest for the office of attorney-general between John D. Conely, of Wayne, and James D. O'Hara, of Muskegon; Lieutenant-governor, ex-Senator Jordan, of Barry; secretary of state, Lewis E. Ireland, of Plainwell; attorney-general, James D. O'Hara, of Muskegon; state treasurer, Otto Karste, of Ironwood; auditor-general, Frank H. Gill, of Kent; commissioner of state land office, Peter Mulvaney, of Calhoun county; superintendent of public instruction, Albert E. Jennings, of Manistee; member of the state board of education, Michael Devereaux, of Mt. Pleasant.

After the work was all done, the credentials committee came in with their report. Chairman Jerry Falvey presented a majority report and Nat Stuart a minority report. Peter White moved the adoption of the majority report. A very hot time was experienced. The committee in its majority report stated that all counties were entitled to full delegations except the counties of St. Clair, Ottawa, Tuscola and Muskegon. The committee reported in favor of seating the Howell delegation in Tuscola, the Waalkes delegation in Muskegon county, the seating of Mr. Burch in place of Mr. Harrison in the Cass county delegation. The Seventh district delegation was on hand with a grievance. The Phillips delegation was seated after a protracted debate. When the list of committees had reached the Seventh the report was read, when John F. Murphy, of Port Huron, arose and asked by what authority the report was made, as there had been no caucus held. In fact the caucus had broken up in a row on account of the referee and anti-referee factions, which failed to agree.) The D. O. Watson delegation in Ottawa was seated. A motion to seat all contestants and contestees was carried.

There was a hot discussion as to whether the chairman of the state central committee should be chosen by the convention or by the committee. It was finally decided in favor of the committee. Votes of thanks were tendered the retiring chairman, Daniel J. Campau, and the officers of the convention for their services, and the convention adjourned.

THE OLD, OLD STORY.

BRAKEMAN'S HAND CRUSHED COUPLING CARS.

Gangrene Causes Blood Poisoning and Paralysis—Pronounced Incurable and Paid His Insurance Money—The Man Restored to Health.

TORONTO, July 2.—The Daily Mail of this city lately published a series of articles that make out a story hard to believe. The subject of the articles is a Grand Trunk brakeman named Sam Murray, who has crowded into his twenty-nine years of life an experience that would kill a dozen men.

One day a few months ago Murray had three fingers crushed while coupling cars. In a short time the injured hand became gangrened, and the three fingers had to be amputated. It was five months before the hand healed and then Murray went back to his work as brakeman. But he never recovered his old time health. On the contrary, he fell in weight from 200 to 140 pounds. He was constantly troubled with pain in the back and dizziness. He failed so that many thought he was going into consumption. Still he kept on with his work.

He was walking down street one evening, when he suddenly fell. He was carried into the office of a doctor, who pronounced the case one of paralysis. Murray recovered in a little while, but was advised by the doctor to be very careful. A few days afterward his arms gave out. This loss of control over his limbs occurred with alarming frequency. Pimples and boils appeared all over his body, and his limbs became swollen so that he could not wear boots. His physician told him that he had blood poisoning and he was as good as a dead man.

Murray belonged to the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen and to the insurance branch of the Grand Trunk railway, and received sick benefits. The Grand Trunk had Murray examined when his case became so serious, and four physicians certified on oath that he could never recover. Then the Grand Trunk company paid him his life insurance money on account of total disability.

About this time Murray heard of DODDS Kidney Pills, and of cases similar to his they had cured. He at once bought a box and before it was finished he had begun to improve. One dozen boxes cured him. To show that there is no doubt of the cure, and that it is permanent, Murray has since had his life insured in a leading company, after a thorough examination by two physicians as to his physical condition, and is to-day a healthy, happy and hearty man.

These pills are now within easy reach of every citizen of the United States. If the local druggist has not got them in stock, they may be procured by writing The DODDS Medicine Co., limited, Buffalo, N. Y., or Toronto, Canada. Price, 50 cents per box, or six boxes for \$2.50. Be sure to get DODDS.

Human Labor at Great Altitudes.

Investigation among the workmen on the Peruvian Central railroad has brought some curious facts to light concerning the capabilities of men to labor in rarified atmosphere. The line starts at Lima, in latitude 12 degrees, and the highest point reached by the road is at the tunnel of Galicia, which is 15,645 feet above the sea level. From deductions made by the investigators it appears that the men were able to perform a fair "sea level" day's work at any place along the route where the altitude was not greater than 8,000 or 10,000 feet, providing they had generally worked up to that height from lower levels. At altitudes above 10,000 feet and under 12,000 the amount of work performed by each man showed a sudden falling off of from one-fourth to one-third, and at from 13,000 to 15,000 feet 100 men could do no more work than fifty would at sea level.

Would She Do It.

The Nervous Woman—How long did you say it was before the train leaves?

Station Agent—One hour and a half, ma'am.

The Nervous Woman—Are you sure?

Station Agent—Yes, ma'am.

The Nervous Woman—That would make it safe for me to go out for a short time, wouldn't it?

Station Agent—Certainly.

The Nervous Woman—You are positive?

Station Agent—Yes, ma'am. How far did you wish to go?

Nervous Woman—I want to go over to that newsstand on the other side of the street and get a paper. But if I lose the train I'll report you, now mind.—Chicago Record.

Bad Management.

"And you are going to give up your plans for going on the stage?"

"Yes," she replied with a sob.

"It is too bad. The drama was the ambition of your life."

"It was. But I am obliged to relinquish it."

"What is the trouble?"

"The evidence in my divorce suit didn't appeal to the popular taste."

A NEW PRESIDENT.

M. Casimir-Perier Chosen as Successor to the Late M. Carnot as President.

Versailles: M. Casimir-Perier has been elected president of the French republic, in succession to the late M. Carnot. The election was by the senate and chamber of deputies sitting as the national assembly in the great hall of the historic palace of Versailles. The hall was filled with spectators. M. Challemeil-Lacour presided, by virtue of his position as president of the senate. After a sympathetic reference to the late President Carnot, he read the article of the constitution relative to the election of a president, and then declared the national assembly opened. The voting was more close than had been anticipated. The assembly consists of about 884 members. The following is the complete result of the poll: M. Casimir-Perier, 451; M. Brisson, 191; M. Dupuy, 99; Gen. Ferrier, 53; M. Arago, 27; scattering, 32; total, 853. M. Casimir-Perier was not present during the proceedings. Much confusion prevailed throughout the session.

In officially notifying M. Casimir-Perier of his election to the presidency, M. Challemeil-Lacour delivered an eloquent oration. A little later a four-horse landau drove into the courtyard. M. Casimir-Perier entered the vehicle and started for Paris escorted by a detachment of dragoons with lances from which bright-colored pennons were flying. The new president received an immense ovation from the dense crowds of people who lined the route from Versailles to Paris.

The ministers, shortly after the president's arrival, formally tendered their resignations to him. Casimir-Perier requested them to remain in office. It is doubtful, however, whether Dupuy, the prime minister, will retain office. It is expected in the event of his insisting upon his resignation being accepted that the president will summon Bourdeau to form a cabinet. This will enable Dupuy to hold his old position of president of the chamber of deputies.

Henry A. Salzer, manager of the John A. Salzer Seed company, La Crosse, Wis., is in Europe looking up rare novelties in vegetables and new things in the farm seed line. He will visit the celebrated farming districts of France, Germany, England, Belgium, Russia and Bohemia, and the customers of this wide-awake firm can congratulate themselves upon his bringing along the cream of farm and vegetable seeds that these foreign countries offer.

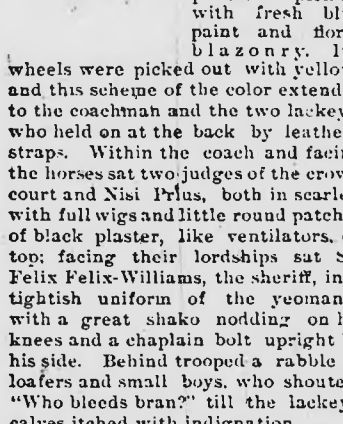
THE MARKETS.

Table with market prices for various goods including Cattle, Sheep, Wheat, and Corn in New York, Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Toledo, and Chicago.

WEEKLY REVIEW OF TRADE.

New York—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says: The great decline of rail-traders has ended at most points, but another threatens to interrupt business more seriously for a time, though the number of hands engaged is comparatively small. Travel and traffic are well-nigh arrested on about 20 routes already, and strikes are threatened on all roads which use Pullman cars. On the whole, other changes during the week have been for the better. Many manufacturing establishments which were stopped by want of fuel have resumed. The depletion of the treasury reserve has been checked by the voluntary deposits of gold by the New York banks. Exports of gold have almost ceased. Congress has made much progress toward final disposition of the tariff question. Crop prospects grow better as the harvest draws against. The resumption of work in mines and mills has made good progress, but the demand for products is as yet smaller and less urgent than was expected. Buyers apparently wait for lower prices of iron and steel products, which manufacturers are slow to give in view of the increased cost of materials and production. After a suspension of half the working force for more than a month it was expected that orders for products would be very large, but instead there is general complaint of dullness and narrow demand. The textile manufacturers are threatened on all sides by the near approach of probable change in the tariff, the effect of which cannot yet be calculated. In spite of this reason for deferring orders and purchases, the number of mills quitting work is not yet large as was expected, for the appearance of a little more demand from clothiers and jobbers. Wheat has declined 2 cents, corn has declined 1/2 c, and a heavy crop is expected. Pork products are also a shade lower. Failures have been 214 in the United States against 200 last year, and 35 in Canada against 37 last year. Of late the number and importance of failures have increased a little, as is usual near the close of a half year.

THE DRAWN BLIND.



SILVER trumpets sounded a flourish, and the javelin men came pacing down Tregarick Fore street, with the sheriff's coach swinging behind them, its panels splendid with fresh blue paint and florid blazonry. Its wheels were picked out with yellow, and this scheme of the color extended to the coachman and the two lackeys, who held on at the back by leathern straps. Within the coach and facing the horses sat two judges of the crown court and Nisi Plus, both in scarlet, with full wigs and little round patches of black plaster, like ventilators, on top; facing their lordships sat Sir Felix Felix-Williams, the sheriff, in a tightish uniform of the yeomanry with a great shako nodding on his knees and a chaplain bolt upright by his side. Behind trooped a rabble of loafers and small boys, who shouted, "Who bleeds bran?" till the lackeys' calves itched with indignation.

I was standing in the archway of the backhorse inn, among the maids and stable boys gathered to see the pageant pass on its way to hear the Assize sermon.

At the moment when the trumpets rang out, a very old woman, in a blue camlet cloak, came hobbling out of a grocer's shop some twenty yards up the pavement, and tottered down ahead of the procession as fast as her decrepit legs would move. There was no occasion for hurrying to avoid the crowd, but she went by the backhorse doorway as if swift horsemen were after her, clutching the camlet cloak across her bosom, glancing over her shoulder and working her lips inaudibly. I could not help remarking the position of her right arm. She held it bent exactly as though she held an infant to her old breast, and shielded it while she ran.

A few paces beyond the inn door she halted on the edge of the curb, flung another look up the street, and darted across the roadway. There stood a little shop—a watchmaker's—just opposite, and next to the shop a small outhouse with one dingy window over it. She vanished up the passage, at the entrance of which I was still staring idly, when, half a minute later, a skinny trembling hand appeared at the window and drew down the blind.

"Who is that old woman?" I asked, touching Caleb, the head hostler, on the shoulder.

"What woman?"

"She in the blue cloak, d'ee mean?—an old, ancient, wisht-lookin' body?"

"Yes."

"A timmersome woman, like?"

"That's it."

"Cordely Pinsent, widow of old Key Pinsent, that was tailor to all the grandees in the county so far back as I can mind. I can just mind Key Pinsent—a great, red, rory-cumtury chap, with a high stock and a wig like King George—my royal patron he called 'em, havin' by some means got leave to hoist the king's arms over his door.

off like the snuff of a candle at the age of forty-two, she was left unprovided, with a son of thirteen to maintain, or go 'pon the parish. She was a Menhennick, tho', from t'other side o' the duchy—a very proud family—and didn't mean to dip the knee to nobody, and all the less because she'd demeaned herself to start with, by wedding a tailor. But Key Pinsent, by all allowance, was handsome as a blaze, and well informed up to a point that he read Shakespeare for the mere pleasure o't.

"Well, she sold up the stock in trade an' hired a couple o' rooms—the self-same rooms you see—and then she at less 'n a mouse an' took to needle-work, plain an' fancy, for a lot o' the gentry's wives round the neighborhood befriended her, though they had to be sly an' hide that they meant it for a favor, or she'd ha' snapped their heads off. An' all the while she was teachin' her boy and tellin' 'em what-ever happened, to remember he was a gentleman, an' lovin' 'em with all the strength of a desolate woman.

"This Willie Pinsent was a comely boy, too; handsome as old Key, an' quick at his books. He'd a bold, masterful way, bein' proud as ever his mother was, an' well knowin' there wasn't his match in Tregarick for headwork. Such a beautiful hand he wrote! When he was barely turned sixteen they gave 'em a place in Gregory's bank—Wilkins an' Gregory it was in those aged times. He still lived home w' his mother, reatin' a room extra out of his earnings, and turnin' one of the bedrooms into a parlor. That's the very room you're lookin' at. An' when any father in Tregarick had a bone to pick with his sons he'd advise 'em to talk; example by young Pinsent, 'so clever and good, too, there was no tellin' what he mightn't come to in time."

"Well-a-well, to cut it short, the lad was too clever. It came out, after, that he'd took to bettin his employers' money agen the rich men up at the Royal exchange. An' the up-shot was that one evenin' while he was drinkin' tea with his mother in his lovin', light hearted way, in walks a brace o' constables an' says, 'William Pinsent, young chap, I arrest thee upon a charge o' counterfeitin' old Gregory's handwritin' which is a hangin' matter!"

"An' now, sir, comes the curious part of the tale; for, if you'll believe me, this poor woman wouldn't listen to it—wouldn't hear a word o't. 'What! my son Willie, she flames, hot as Lucifer. My son Willie a forger; my boy that I have nussed an' reared up, an' studied, markin' all his pretty talkin' ways since he learned to crawl! Gentlemen, she says, stan'lin' up an' facin' 'em down, 'what mother knows her son, if not I! I give you my word it's all a mistake."

"Ay, an' she would have it no other. While her son was havin' his trial in jail, she walked the streets with her head high, scornin' the folk as passed."

"But her greatest freak was seen when the Assizes came. Sir, she wouldn't even go to the trial. She disclaimed it. An' when that mornin' the judges had driven by her window, same as they drove to-day, what d'ee think she did?"

"She began to lay the cloth up in the parlor yonder, an' there set out the rarest meal, ready for her boy. There was meats, roasted chickens, an' a tongue, an' a great ham. There was cheese cakes that she made after a little secret of her own, an' a bowl of junkat, an inch deep in cream, that bein' his pet dish, an' all kinds o' knick-knacks, w' grapes an' peaches an' apricots, an' decanters o' wine, white an' red. Ay, sir, there was even crackers for mother an' son to pull together, with scraps o' poetry inside. An' flowers—the table was bloomin' with flowers. For weeks she'd been a plannin' it, an' all the forenoon she moved about that table, givin' it a touch here an' a touch there, an' takin' a step back to see how beautiful it looked. An' then, as the day wore on, she pulled a chair over by the window, an' sat down an' waited.

"In those days a capital trial was kept up till late into the night, if need were. By an' by she called up her little servin' gal that was then, (she's a gran'mother now), an' sent her down to the courthouse to learn how far the trial had got, an' run back with the news."

"Down runs Selina Mary, an' back with word: 'They're a-sunnin' up,' says she. 'Thea Mrs. Pinsent went an' lit eight candles. Four she set 'pon the table an' four 'pon the mantel shelf. You could see the blaze out in the street, an' the room lit up, w' the flowers, an' fruit, an' shinin' glasses. 'So the poor woman sat a while longer an' then she calls: 'Selina Mary, run down agen, an' as he comes out, tell 'em to hurry. They must be finished by now.' The maid was gone twenty minutes this time. The evenin' was hot an' the window open; an' now all the town that wasn't listenin' to the trial was gathered in front, gazin' cur'ously at the woman inside. She was tittatin' the table for the fiftieth time, an' touchin' up the flowers that had drooped a bit i' the bowls. 'But after twenty minutes Selina Mary came runnin' up the street, an'

etched her breath at the front door, and went up stairs slowly and 'pon tip-toe. Her face at the parlor door was white as paper; an' while she stood there the voices of the crowd outside began to take all one tone, and beat into the room like the sound o' waves 'pon a beach.

"Oh, missis," she begins. "Have they finished?"

"The poor cheald was only able to nod."

"Then, where's Willie? Why isn't he here?"

"Oh, missis, they're going to hang 'em."

"Mrs. Pinsent moved across the room and gave her a little push out into the street. Not a word did she say, but shut the door 'pon her, very gentlelike. Then she went back and pulled the blind down slowly. The crowd outside watched her do it. Her manner was quite ordinary. They stood there for a minute or so, an' behind the blind the eight candles went out, one by one. By the time the judges passed homeward 'twas all dark, only the blind showin' white by the street lamp opposite. From that year to this she has pulled it down whenever a judge drives by."

THE PRETTY GIRL.

And the Drummer Who Tried to Make an Impression.

he drummer was leaning up against the hotel counter talking to the clerk.

"You look worried about something," said the clerk.

"I am," responded the drummer, promptly. "I saw the prettiest girl on the train to-day I have seen in a dozen years of travel."

"That oughtn't to worry you."

"Pretty women have worried better men than I am," ventured the drummer.

"Who was she?"

"Blamed if I know."

"Didn't you get acquainted with her?"

"Of course not; you must think I got acquainted with every woman I see."

"You do, don't you?"

"No, I don't; nor do any of us; that's a vile slander on the profession."

"Did you try to?" asked the clerk, with a smile of doubt.

"No, I didn't."

"Then what's worrying you?"

"The way she treated me."

"What did she do?"

The drummer fired his half-smoked cigar at the cuspidor viciously.

"Well," he explained, "after I had been gazing at her for an hour or so, I thought I'd try her with a newspaper; she declined it with thanks and a beautiful smile; then I tried her with a new novel, with the same result; then I sent her over some nice fresh fruit and it came back; then I wanted to fix the window for her, and again she thanks and the declination. That lovely smile is what broke me up," said the drummer, "and I was sure, if I had half a chance, I would get acquainted. About ten minutes after I had made the last offer the train stopped at a station, and she nodded for me to come over. By George, I was sure I had made a ten-strike, and I fairly flew to her."

"Will you do me a favor?" she asked, with that same enchanting smile, as if I wouldn't have done her a million, and the drummer sighed again.

"Certainly, with the greatest of pleasure," said I.

"Well," says she, "suppose you get off at this station and take the train that comes along this evening; you make me dead tired where you are."

The clerk's eyes filled with tears and the drummer went out and stood in the door gloomily.

Temperature of the Earth.

Goldthwaite's Geographical Magazine is authority for the statement that the temperature of the earth increases one degree on an average for each fifty-five feet of descent into the interior, basing its conclusions on observations made at the great shaft at Sponenberg, Germany, which is the deepest boring ever made by man—1,112 feet. At such a rate of increase the earth's temperature of only 200 miles is 18,000 degrees above the zero of Fahrenheit's thermometer. One curious point in this connection is that 18,000 degrees is Professor Rosetti's estimate of the probable temperature of the sun.

The Young Moon.

In a recent story two friends are described as sitting out one summer evening looking over the Thames, and the writer goes on to say: "By this time the young moon had arisen, and its cold light shimmered over the misty river." Such writers are reminded that the young moon goes to bed early, and can never be seen in the process of rising.

A Neglectful Citizen.

South American Wife, early morning—Hark! Hear the cannon and the rattle of musketry, the clash of swords and the yells! Listen! Husband—Meo Gracia! This must be election day, and I forgot to register.

DIVED IN A STREET DRESS.

A Plucky California Girl Who Wouldn't Take a Dare.

Miss Josie Sheehy, a trim, natty young girl wearing a tailor-made gown and a jaunty bit of millinery on her head, was leaving the Olympic natorium, in San Francisco, a few days ago, followed by the other members of the female class. Standing near the door were a number of young men waiting for the hour when they should be admitted, among them being Arthur Callan, an acquaintance of Miss Josie. Young Callan made a remark jocularly reflecting on the ability of girl swimmers in general and Miss Sheehy promptly retorted in kind. Repartee was exchanged laughingly for a few moments, and at last Miss Josie said, unguardedly:

"I wouldn't be afraid to jump in as I am."

"I dare you," said Callan, as Miss Sheehy hesitated. "I'll bet you \$25 you dare not."

The bet was promptly accepted, and the whole party returned to the swimming school. Despite his offer, young Callan had some difficulty in putting up his part of the stakes; but the \$25 was finally placed in the instructor's hands, and Miss Sheehy removed the pretty little hat, that being apparently the most highly prized part of her costume. One of the attendants swam out into the tank to be in readiness in case of emergency, but he might have saved himself the trouble.

The plucky young girl tripped lightly to the gallery, which is fifteen feet above the water, and posed herself for a moment. Then she brought the tips of her fingers together above her head. The next moment there was a swish of skirts as she dived, followed by a splash as the trim figure struck the water. The diver rose gracefully to the surface, and with a couple of long strokes reached the steps, up which she climbed laughingly to



SHE TOOK A HEADER.

claim her \$25. The money was turned over, and one of Miss Sheehy's friends was dispatched for dry clothing. Young Callan ignominiously fled, and at last accounts had not reappeared at the scene of his discomfiture.

AN INVENTIVE GENIUS.

Devere's Labor Saving Device for Handling Wood.

A New York wood dealer, who handles many cargoes of cordwood annually, finding that the time consumed in unloading carts at the yard amounted to a considerable item of expense, has invented a cart by which this item is eliminated entirely. The cart has a horizontal platform hung low between a pair of wheels on a crank axle. The platform is held in place by a button shutting into a slot in the forward part of the frame of a cart. The driver backs up to the string piece on the wharf and his cart is loaded. Then he drives to the yard and when he is at the spot where it is desired to unload the wood he simply turns the button and releases the platform and the cart unloads itself. The driver never stops at all—he just keeps right on to the wharf again. The operation is so extremely simple and so obviously economical that it is a delight to the eye of even the most casual observer.

"THE LONDON STONE."

One of the Interesting Sights of the English Capital.

Most travelers while in London pay a visit to "London Stone." This historic stone is oblong in shape, of a grayish color, and is imbedded in the slabs of the foundation of St. Swithin's church, which is situated right in the heart of the city. This stone was erected by the Romans half a century before the birth of the Saviour as the central milestone of point of their possessions in Britain. From it all roads, divisions of property and distances throughout the province were measured. It has been recognized as the heart of England from which all its arteries flowed by every historian or antiquary known to English literature. A feeling has always existed among Englishmen about this stone which was not altogether superstition, that as all distances were reckoned from it so it was in a certain way the base of the stability of England.

Ape European Ways.

Central Asian potentates are growing very European in their ways. Since the Emir of Bokhara visited St. Petersburg he has quite adopted western habits, throwing open his palace to Russian ladies and giving regular balls. After European comforts he finds his palace very bare, so he has invited a French architect to build another in European style.



BLOOD POISON

By try or live oak, caused inflammation, eruptions and intense itching and burning on my legs. I decided to try Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

I have taken Hood's Sarsaparilla and do not have any poison symptoms. I have gained 12 pounds since taking Hood's. C. E. DONALD, West Union, Minnesota. Get Hood's. Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills, Biliousness.

Venezuela gives sugar, coffee, vanilla, rubber, tonca beans and cocoa. Switzerland yields cheese, butter, condensed milk, clocks and watches. France exports wines, silks, chestnuts, walnuts, olives, plums and fashions. Servia gives the rest of the world about 20,000 pounds of dried plums every year. Spain exports wine, raisins, onions, oranges, nuts, olives, iron, quicksilver, lead and copper. The principal agricultural product of Germany is potatoes; the second is hay; the third is beets. The leading articles of export from Great Britain are cotton goods, woollens, linens and metals.

DR. KILMER'S SWAMP ROOT

THE GREAT KIDNEY, LIVER AND BLADDER CURE. Dissolves Gravel. Bright's Disease. Liver Complaint.

Torpid or enlarged liver, foul breath, biliousness, bilious headache, poor digestion, gout, Catarrh of the Bladder. Inflammation, irritation, ulceration, dribbling, frequent calls, pass blood, mucus or pus. At Drugists 50 cents and \$1.00 Size. "Invaluable Guide to Health," free—consultation free. DR. KILMER & CO., BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

WE WILL MAIL POSTPAID a fine framed picture, entitled "MEDITATION" in exchange for 12 Large Lion Heads, cut from Lion Coffee wrappers, and a 2-cent stamp to pay postage. Write for list of our other fine premiums, including books, a knife, etc. WOLSON Spice Co., 420 Huron St., TOLEDO, OHIO.

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PRICE 50 CENTS, ALL DRUGGISTS

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Appreciating the fact that thousands of ladies of the U. S. have not used my Face Bleach, on account of price, which is \$3 per bottle, and in order that all may give it a fair trial, I will send a Sample Bottle, safely packed, all charges prepaid, on receipt of 25c. FACE BLEACH removes and cures almost all freckles, pimples, spots, blackheads, sallowness, acne, eczema, wrinkles, or roughness of skin, and beautifies the complexion. Address Mrs. A. RUPPERT, 6 E. 14th St., N.Y. CITY

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE

IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING. 55 CORDOVAN, FRENCH ENAMELED CALF. \$4.50 FINE CALF & KANGAROO. \$3.50 POLICE, 3 SOLES. \$2.50 WORKINGMEN'S EXTRA FINE. \$2.00 BOYS SCHOOL SHOES. LADIES. \$2.50 & \$2.75. BEST CORDOVAN. SEND FOR CATALOGUE. W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASS.

You can save money by wearing the W. L. Douglas \$3.00 Shoe. Because, we are the largest manufacturers of this grade of shoes in the world, and guarantee their value by stamping the name and price on the bottom, which protect you against high prices and the middleman's profit. Our shoes equal custom work in style, easy fitting and wearing qualities. We have them sold everywhere at lower prices for the value given than any other make. Take no substitute. If your dealer cannot supply you, we can.

PISOS CURT FOR

Consumptives and people who have weak lungs or Asthma, should use Piso's Cure for Consumption. It has cured thousands. It has not injured one. It is not bad to take. It is the best cough syrup. Sold everywhere. 25c.

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Everything in Summer Goods goes at Clearing Sale Prices. Now is the time to buy bargains.
All Light Clothing. Everything in Summer Dress Goods, Shoes and Slippers at astonishingly Low Prices.
Straw Hats at Half Price. Fine Neckwear, Shirts and Underwear at Clearing Sale Prices.
Buy a Fine Summer Suit now at your own price. Watch this space from week to week now and see the great Bargains we are offering.

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We want your Trade.

E. L. RIGGS, The Plymouth Cash Outfitter

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A Sad Reminder of the Misfortunes of His Last Days.

The lofty brownstone mansion of the late Cyrus W. Field, at the corner of Lexington avenue and Gramercy park, New York, has remained vacant since the death of its former owner and occupant. It is four stories and a basement high, very deep, and has a stable in the rear accessible from the avenue. On the quaint iron railing of the old-fashioned balcony, in front, a large placard is displayed, bearing, in bold letters, the legend: "For sale or to lease," and a similar announcement is conspicuously posted on the side of the house. On the front door is a brass plate, inscribed "C. W. Field," in old English letters, and on a side door is one of nickel, inscribed "Cyrus W. Field," in plain block letters. Closed wooden blinds at every window are weatherbeaten and grimy. The stately old mansion is a sad reminder of its distinguished departed owner and the melancholy disasters by which he and his family were overwhelmed in his declining years. It stands in gloomy silence and strange contrast with its halcyon days, when oft within its once hospitable walls "the light shown o'er fair women and brave men, and all went merry as a marriage bell."

A SNAKE STORY.

She Had Seen More Snakes Than She Could Count Without Help.

"Oh," exclaimed the miraculous woman, "I wouldn't go to Florida again for anything."

"And why not?" inquired her caller. "Oh, it's just horrid down there. Why, our party saw 500 snakes one morning."

She had gone down there with an excursion party for a week.

"Not five hundred live snakes," protested the caller.

"Yes, that's what they said. I only saw ten myself."

"How many were in your party?"

"Fifty."

"Possibly each one saw the same ten snakes, and the liar of the party counted fifty times ten to make the total."

The returned excursionist began to look confused and silly.

"I wonder," she said sheepishly, "if that man was mean enough to impose on me that way? I believed him when he told me, for he had been there before and I hadn't."

A Sharp Panama Scheme.

The natives of Colon and Panama were lately discovered in a fairly sharp scheme to rob the steamship company. The transfer of bales and packages of India rubber over the isthmus is always large in volume after the arrival of steamers from Peru and Mexico. Then there are constant arrivals from Columbia and Nicaragua, as well as local receipts from within a few miles of Colon. These, piled on the docks, make a large aggregate and at favorable opportunity a bale or two would be dropped overboard, and as rubber naturally will float, it was comparatively an easy matter to pilot the booty to a point whence it could be readily handled and disposed of by a "fence." As a bale weighs from 100 to 200 pounds, the haul was a good one to the native. The loss could not be discovered until after the steamer reached New York, and it bothered American detectives for months, until the leak was finally located.

A Tax on the Dowry.

Too many Englishmen marry American brides for their money—so declares a portion of the American press, enumerating their countrywomen who have bestowed themselves and their fortunes on British aristocrats. Over £10,000,000 sterling in cash have lately found their way to England in this fashion. The remedy suggested is to levy a tax of fifty per cent on the dowry of an American girl marrying any foreign nobleman and seventy-five per cent if the bridegroom is an Englishman.

Not the Question.

In a case in which a man was accused of forgery, a witness for the defense managed to say: "I know that the prisoner cannot write his own name." "All that is excluded," said the judge; "the prisoner is not charged with writing his own name, but that of some one else!"

In the California penitentiary there is one prisoner 98 years old, two aged 75, one 74, one 73, one 72 and two 71.

A new cigarette machine has been invented that feeds, rolls, pastes and makes 10,000 perfect cigarettes in ten hours.

Dougherty county, Georgia, has a negro who makes it the business of his life to kill rattlesnakes and sell the buttons.

Among the numerous towns that ought to be pretty well soaked is Wallace, Idaho. With a population of 1,200 they have fifty-seven saloons.

Hermann Harnes, who formerly lived on a farm near East St. Louis, but who was last heard from in Minnesota, once slept forty-four months without waking.

At the lunch given by the municipality of Rome to the physicians who attended the recent international congress, 6,000 bottles and 260 flasks of wine were consumed.

Captain E. C. Baker of the Nighthawk sent his vest to a Brooklyn tailor the other day to be repaired. In the pocket were bank bills amounting to \$9,400, which the honest workman into whose hands the garment fell promptly returned.

In Lynchburg, Va., Colonel T. W. Ford, who had just had the curbing removed from his well, twenty-five feet deep, was awakened at night by a noise in his hen-house. He ran out just in time to see the thief drop into the well. He succeeded in drawing him out.

Tom Burrows of Aldershot, just outside of London, claims that he can swing a pair of Indian clubs longer than any man in the world. The other day he swung a pair of clubs weighing ten pounds two ounces each for eight hours and a quarter without stopping.

The Poverty Bay Herald records the finding of a strange sea reptile two feet in length, more like a snake in appearance than an eel. It has a flat head. The skin being a beautiful green color on the belly and black on the back. About six inches from the tip of the tail are mottled black and white marks. These are no feet.

GLEANINGS.

The czar of Russia takes 300 trunks with him when he travels.

It would take sound fourteen years to travel from the sun to the earth.

Diamonds so small that 1,500 go to the carat have been cut in Holland.

Nearly all the gum Arabic of commerce comes from the desert of Sahara.

The public debt of the United States amounts to about one-fifth that of France.

More suicides occur in June than in any other month, and fewer in December.

Wives come cheap at Columbus, Wis. A resident of that place recently secured one for three cords of wood.

The Electrical Review says that the electrical purification of sewage "is a complete success, chemically and bacteriologically."

Dr. Hyde stated at the medical congress in Washington that it is believed that there are about ninety-two lepers now in this country.

The Hindoo god of marriage is represented with a human body and elephant's head, seated on a throne resting on a circle of human skulls.

Buffalo has 40,000 Poles, living chiefly in a quarter of their own where English is little spoken, and many business signs are in Polish or Russian.

Five men suspected of being jewelry thieves were arrested at Wellsburg, W. Va. One of them threw away forty rings and eight watch chains when apprehended.

According to the annual report the Salvation army is now established in forty-two countries. It has 1,997 corps, numbering 6,443 officers, 10,328 local officers and 3,331 bandsmen.

MINOR SELECTIONS.

The laboring classes of Holland eat more horseflesh than meat of any other kind.

There are about 6,000 lighthouse stations in the world, of which the United States has 802.

LITTLE ABSURDITIES.

"Is it possible the colonel is running for office?" "No; he hasn't run since the war!"

"Are you not ashamed not to do any work all the year round?" "Oh, I would rather be ashamed than work."

"Why is it that Toner's pupils all seem to take hold of the music better at this concert?" "It may be because it is all Handel's."

George—Amelia, dear, do you believe love is blind? Amelia—Yes, George, darling. George—Then, dear, I do not see any need of keeping the gas burning.

"Ob eoh'se," said Uncle Eben, "time is money. But it do beat all how much easier 'tis ter gib a frien' two houahs' talk 'bout economy dan 'tis ter len' 'm fifty cents."

"Is it true that your bride is very hard of hearing?" "It is. Why, when I proposed to her I had to shout out so loud that all the neighbors ran in and congratulated me."

Mamma—Robbie, don't eat that candy, or you'll have the toothache. Robbie—I don't care. I'll make nurse tell me an awful ghost story, and I won't know my tooth aches."

Officer Phoneyhann—I hear you was fired for sleepin' on footy. Is that so? Ex-Officer McBroyde—No, Mike, no; never say that. It wasn't for the sleepin'; 'twas fur the wakin' up too late.

Little Johnny—Sammy Sims called me a liar to-day. Mother—I hope you were able to convince him that you were a lover of truth. Little Johnny Guess I did. I didn't let up till he hollered "Enough."

"Herbert," she said, "tell me one thing, and tell me truthfully. Were you ever intoxicated?" "Well, replied the young man, "I was air-tight once." "What do you mean?" "I had a tooth pulled and took laughing gas."

"Daubs is mad as hops about his picture that was on exhibition." "Wasn't it noticed?" "Yes, took a prize." "What's he mad about, then?" "Well, it was a picture of cows, and it was awarded the prize for the best picture of sheep."

HOW THEY COMPOSED.

Halevy liked smoking and always composed best with a long pipe in his mouth, the bowl resting on the floor. Sullivan does not write more than one or two songs a year. He receives hundreds of poems for music, but generally does not read them.

Donizetti was of a melancholy temperament and subject to fits of mental depression without visible cause. During the last three years his melancholia became so pronounced that he was incapable of giving attention to his work.

Cherubini so closely identified his sympathies with his work that when writing a pathetic passage he would cry like a child. He was often found in tears over his score, and some of his manuscripts are thus so blotted as to be almost illegible.

Schubert was so prolific of songs that he never remembered, a few days later, what he had written. A friend placed one of Schubert's own songs before its composer two weeks after it had been produced. The latter had forgotten it and asked whose it was.

Wagner had a clearly molded, classical face, with thin, cynical lips, which seemed to wear a perpetual sneer. He was exceedingly vain, greatly disliked to hear words of praise given to any other composer, and rarely spoke even in faint commendation of the greatest of his predecessors.

Liszt was tall, angular and thin. His hands were very large and his fingers so long as to enable him to cover an octave and a half. His side face bore a striking resemblance to that of Calhoun. His marvelous dexterity at the piano was the result of native talent, aided by almost incredible labor. As a child he practiced ten hours a day, and increased this time as he approached manhood.

DAME NATURE AND MAN.

Next to Niagara, the largest water power plant in this country is in Portland, Ore.

The cocoa palm is the most useful tree on earth. The nuts furnish water, food, milk and wine, and the buds a good substitute for cabbage. The shells, utensils, and the fiber clothing and textile fabrics, its juices ink, and its leaves pens and paper.

The substitution of camel's hair, cotton, paint and chemicals for leather in machinery belting is said to be meeting with some success by manufacturers who have examined into the matter. It is an English invention, and the material is claimed to be stronger than any other belting, more durable, more efficient and as low-priced.

A Hanoverian botanist, named Wehmer, is reported to have discovered a microbe in the atmosphere, pure cultures of which will convert sugar into an acid identical with that of the lemon. This discovery is expected to revolutionize the citric acid industry and injure the lemon growers. Eleven parts of sugar by the new process, with very little effort, are said to give six parts of acid.

CONVERSATIONAL WAIFS.

"These girls that marry foreigners ought to be very careful." "Well, as a general rule they examine the titles pretty closely."

Figg—Chestermead is a very gentlemanly fellow. Fogg—You may well say that. I have known him to purposely run into people on the sidewalk in order to say something polite and pleasing.

Bertha—Sometimes you appear really manly, and sometimes you are absolutely effeminate. How do you account for it? Harold—I suppose it is hereditary. Half my ancestors were males and the other half females.

"You are indeed kind to me," said the bore, languishingly, "but, Ethel, I would rather have you sincere than kind." "And I, on the contrary," said the commonsense girl, earnestly, "would rather be kind than disagreeable."

"Mr. Silverback, who are you supporting in this campaign?" Mr. Silverback—My son-in-law, sir. "Well—oh—I didn't know he was a candidate." Mr. Silverback—Possibly, not, sir, possibly not; but I have to support him all the same.

"Then, when you have finished your lecture," said the professor of elocution and deportment to young Dulle, "bow gracefully, and leave the platform on tiptoe." "Why on tiptoe?" queried Dulle. "So as not to wake the audience," replied the professor.

Auntie—How very industrious you are. I love to see little boys studying at home. Little Johnny—Yes'm I always learn all my lessons at home. Auntie—That's exactly what all children should do. Little Johnny—Yes'm. It gives us more time to have fun at school.

AMONG THE ASIATICS.

Artisans on the imperial buildings at Peking having organized a strike, the emperor had the leaders strangled, and the more zealous followers exiled, and the dispatch naively adds, "the strike collapsed."

The mikado of Japan was recently presented with a tame bear, which developed a great fondness for the wicker work furniture in the palace. After chewing off the legs of four chairs and trying to chew the mikado's leg by way of variety, the bear was chained up and his teeth were pulled. Now he is gumming it on milk and soup.

Budwa Menkudinoff and Saranga Ulanoff, the two Buddhist Sartars, who recently succeeded in entering the city of Lhassa, the sacred city of Tibet, had a perilous journey. Their object was to get a supply of prayer-wheels and books that could be relied upon as genuine. They left home three years ago, and it took them fourteen months of constant traveling to reach the sacred city. In crossing over what has been expressively called "the roof of the world," they passed over mountains so high that the blood flowed from their eyes and ears. By concealing the fact that they were Russians they were enabled to enter Lhassa. The Lama personally gave them a Buddhist bible, in 120 volumes, and they bought twenty large packages of prayers, charms, etc.

A late English nobleman left his horse trainer \$80,000, his cook \$5,000, and his chaplain but \$1,000.

France is the only European country which has to-day fewer able-bodied men than it had thirty years ago.

Two hundred women are employed by Edison in working at the more delicate details of his electrical inventions.

Buffalo can claim the distinction of being the only city in the United States that has furnished two presidents.

A spaniel owned by Dr. Frederick A. Lyons of New York city, has adopted a chicken, which it cares for incessantly.

Photographs showing images of future husband or wife are sold by a Chicago firm. The supposed correct likeness is caused by a fakish device.

Lieutenant Wæthe of the German army, who intends to found a vegetarian and anti-clothing colony on a South Pacific island, has not eaten meat in ten years. He neither drinks alcoholic liquor nor smokes.

A unique case is announced from Toronto, Ont. A woman who was too lazy to bake her own bread bought a loaf from a baker, and while eating a slice of it swallowed a pin. Now she is suing the baker for heavy damages.

The notion of wearing real jewels in the bonnet is one which has taken the fancy of some ladies whose jewel cases are well furnished. It permits an individuality of decoration that would always be pleasant if fashion would permit it.

A Buckingham, W. Va., man, Colonel Bill Hall by name, had \$1,300 in the pocket of his coat when he laid it down on the grass to start a fire to burn off some weeds. He forgot all about the coat, and it, with the money, was burned.

A servant in Russia is expected to provide her own mattress, and can pitch her moving camp in any odd corner she finds suitable; the idea of providing rooms for servants would strike a Russian housekeeper as something supremely ridiculous. The servants sleep on the kitchen stove in winter and in the corridor or out in the yard in summer.

CHIEFLY CHAFF.

"Miss Oldgirl has lovely teeth!" "Yes, like her sex, they are fair but false."

The boy who goes fishing without permission may sit in the shade, but he usually gets tanned.

A.—Has she given you any encouragement? B.—Oh, yes. She says she will get all her father's money when he dies.

"She isn't all that my fancy painted her!" bitterly exclaimed a rejected lover; "and, worse than that, she isn't all that she paints herself."

Mrs. Houser—Is the oath of office I read so much about profane? Houser—Humph! Depends a good deal whether it is taken going in or coming out.

She—Why is it they speak of a man as a "strong" candidate? He doesn't have to lift anything, does he? He—Er—not exactly; but his friends all expect him to carry the day.

Impatient Guest, to waiter, after waiting an hour and a quarter—Why, this is beef; I ordered veal. Waiter—I know, but just think how long since you ordered it. It was veal then.

"Ah, well," remarked Hardup, cheerfully, as he threw a pile of unopened bills into the waste basket, and touched the office boy for a cigarette, "at least I never borrow trouble."

"Don't you find it very uncomfortable to fast 30 days?" said the visitor to a man who was doing the act in a dime museum. "Well," replied the freak, "I don't mind telling you confidentially that I can stand fasting 30 days pretty well, so long as I can get a square meal every night."

A friend of mine is interested in the baby carriage manufacturing business. He grumbled about trade. "Why," I asked him, "aren't as many babies born as formerly?" "Yes!" "Well, why isn't your business good?" "More twins. There never was a year when so many twins were born—knocks our single baby carriage business in the head!"