

# Plymouth Mail.

VOL 7 NO 26

PLYMOUTH MICH. FRIDAY, MARCH 2, 1894.

WHOLE NO 338

## THE VILLAGE TICKET.

**GEORGE W. HUNTER NOMINATED TO SUCCEED HIMSELF.**

The Balance of the Ticket Made up of Good Material.—Will There be a Second Ticket.

For President—  
GEORGE W. HUNTER.  
For Treasurer—  
EDGAR K. BENNETT.  
For Clerk—  
JAMES O. EDDY.  
For Trustees—  
BOSWELL L. ROOT,  
CHARLES A. BOE,  
DANIEL JOLLIFFE.  
For Assessor—  
GEORGE C. PETERHANS.  
For Street Commissioner—  
EDWARD CORTRIE.  
For Constable—  
JOSIAH COCHRAN.

The village caucus drew out a fair audience on Wednesday evening to place in the field candidates on the citizens ticket. Mr. Daniel Jolliffe called the meeting to order, and announced the first in order to be the selection of a chairman. Dr. Collier was chosen by a unanimous vote. The doctor took the chair and thanked them for the throne. As it was growing late, he said they would proceed to business. L. C. Hough was the unanimous choice for secretary. Messrs. Hoyt and Burrow were named as tellers.

The selection of a president to succeed George Hunter was the next in order. An informal ballot was taken, which resulted in Mr. Hunter being re-nominated by a sweeping majority. The ballot was declared formal. E. K. Bennett was nominated for treasurer by acclamation, as was J. O. Eddy, for clerk. Three trustees were selected after much hard pulling, as follows: R. L. Root to succeed himself, C. A. Roe to succeed E. C. Leach, and Daniel Jolliffe to succeed C. A. Roe. E. C. Leach, W. H. Hoyt and L. C. Hough declined all favors. For assessor, G. C. Peterhans; for street commissioner, E. Cortrie; for constable, J. Cochran; village committee, W. J. Burrow, L. C. Hough and Daniel Jolliffe.

The ticket gives general satisfaction. It is rumored another caucus will be called the first of next week and a second ticket placed in the field. We do not think that the above ticket could be improved one iota. The only advantage of a second ticket would be to make the election more interesting.

### Livonia.

Patterson & Kingsley have put a stone in their feed mill. It works well and gives a good satisfaction.

The infant child of George E. Cregers died at Northville last Sunday morning. The remains were brought here on Monday and interred in the Centre cemetery.

Charles Bentley who lost all his household goods and store a few weeks ago at Drayton Plains, will settle on his farm which he left about a year ago. We are glad that Chas. was sharp enough to keep his farm so that he could have a home to fall back on.

J. H. Patterson has rented his farm to E. Revort and will retire from farming for a while. We understand Mrs. Patterson will live with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. Bue. We are sorry to lose such good neighbors as this couple have proven themselves to be.

Mrs. Wm. Rattenbury, who has been sick for a long time, died at her home in the southern part of the town on February 29th. The funeral was held at the house last Friday, Rev. G. W. Wallace officiating. Mrs. Rattenbury has lived in the town a great many years and was very much respected by her neighbors and friends. She leaves five children besides a large circle of friends to mourn her loss.

We would like to know why we cannot get our Detroit papers more regularly. Is it customary for P. M.'s to send letters away from the post office without first putting the post mark on them? Is it customary to receive and deliver mail without first marking it? Are not all stamps to be marked so that they cannot be used again? Are outsiders allowed in a post office to look over the mail as they see fit? Is a P. M. supposed to look and see if there is any mail when a person enquires? When a little child is sent to the office, would it not be a favor if the P. M. would stamp the letters so the stamp will not come off.

Talo has recently added a trophy room to his new gymnasium.

### A PIONEER GONE.

John Kinney Passed Away on Friday Last.

It is our sad duty this week to chronicle the death of our townsman John Kinney, who died at his residence on Friday, Feb. 23rd, at 1:15 p. m. at the age of 66 years and 8 months, from a complication of la grippe, brights disease and heart trouble. The funeral was held from the Methodist church on Sunday at 2 p. m., Rev. N. N. Clark, assisted by Rev. Jay Huntington, officiating. The large attendance that filled the church attested the esteem in which the deceased was held. The pastor, Rev. Clark, paid merited tribute to his memory when he emphasized his faithfulness as a workman and his honesty in business transactions.

His fellow workman at the Markham Air Rifle shop attended the funeral in a body. He was interred in the cemetery near D. L. & N. railroad bridge.

Mr. Kinney was born at Manchester, N. H., June 11th, 1727. He came to Michigan in 1851 and settled in Ann Arbor, moving to Plymouth in the spring of 1853. On Nov. 10th, 1853, he was married to Miss Elizabeth Stevens, who survives him. In 1855 he moved to Ypsilanti, was kept in the state prison for two years. In 1865 he moved back to Plymouth, but again left and went to Detroit in 1881. After about three years of Detroit life came back to Plymouth and has resided here ever since. In September, 1888, he was appointed night watchman at the Markham Air Rifle shop. He was a very faithful and trusty employee and for four years did not lose a night. He was a good citizen and obliging neighbor. He leaves a widow and one son Frank, to mourn their loss.

Mrs. Kinney desires to thank her friends who so kindly assisted during the illness and at the funeral, also to the Methodist choir and the friends who provided the beautiful flowers that adorned the casket.

### Village Council.

The village council met last Monday evening. Nothing of importance was done, except a further discussion of the saloon question.

It appears that the marshal had instructed the liquor dealers as requested so to do by the council at their last meeting. As a result of his trouble it was said that some had sold drinks on the 22nd, also last Sunday. There was not the least doubt of it being a fact, as the members had pronounced enough to make a charge against some.

Some thought that the best way was to open the fight now. In defiance of the orders of the council they have continued to sell illegally, and to let it go on was merely insulting and making game of the council. Others thought it would be a good plan to summon the guilty ones to appear before the council at its next meeting and give them to understand that the council was "dead on them," and it was their intention to punish them if still persisted in. They desired to be as lenient as possible and act friendly in the matter, but as duty demanded that they see the law obeyed they purposed doing so.

A motion to have them appear before the council carried, so that, at the next meeting the last trumpet will be sounded and we await the results. If it has no more effect than previous soundings and the council decides to "sue it again" we will then begin to think just as many others do, that it looks like a case of bluff all round.

### W. C. T. U. Items.

The corresponding secretary has been instructed to open correspondence with Reverend Anna Shaw and if possible secure her services for a lecture in the near future. Miss Shaw's several lectures here in the past, have so pleased our people that they are sure to hail with delight the prospect of again hearing her.

Mrs. Mary Manning is recovering from her illness and hopes soon to be able to be present at the meetings.

The ladies are planning for a social to be held soon in Safford hall; particulars will be given later.

The talent meeting will be held early in April and it is to be hoped that every member will be prepared to hand in her talent with a goodly increase.

### Sept. of Press Work.

### Livery.

C. E. Penney will have his livery at the Berdan House barn until he moves his building from its present location to the Fuller lot. When settled, he will have everything in first class shape to wait the demands of the public.

C. E. PENNEY.

### Upper Plymouth.

A. O. Lyon has the grip. With some business firm would rent the Wilcox building.

Theodore Chilson will run his green house next season as usual.

Chas. Brems was called by telephone, to Detroit, Wednesday, on business.

The Wilcox firing mill has plenty of water, and is running full head.

Mack Campbell is not properly weaned yet. At any rate he is very fond of milk.

Carl Heide and John Lutz attended the ball at Clarenceville last Friday evening.

T. F. Chilson is preparing to set out 60,000 cabbage plants the coming season.

Parties desiring the services of Prof. Malvin will find him at Chas. Brems' office.

Upper Plymouth people are doing some good work helping the MAIL get subscribers.

Jolliffe Bros. are doing a land office business, buying and shipping milk to Detroit.

Rumored that one of the night force of one of our railroad companies, will soon "step off."

The improvements about F. Moore's restaurant have made it more convenient and cozy.

Pro. Dille, baggage master at D. L. & N. depot, has resigned. Fred Moore takes his place.

Alderman Smitherman takes regular trips over his beat. He keeps things in good shape.

Rumored that the young people of the Baptist church intend raising a fund to build a new church.

The recent improvements about the D. L. & N. depot have made it much easier for all concerned.

Daniel Jolliffe a new house is quite light and will be quite an addition to the precinct, when finished.

Mr. Sweet will continue his meat market in the Markham building with the genial Will Streng as clerk.

The contract for shipping milk expired with February. Jolliffe Bros. are obliged to begin churning March 1st.

It is rumored that the mineral spring water on the Lyman farm, now costs a dollar per gallon, when it was formerly free.

For Singer Sewing Machines or sewing machine repairs, drop me a line. Care of his office, William Harding, Agent Singer Mfg. Co.

Current that Czar Penney will soon move his barn from this part to the southern part of the village upon a lot bought of John Fuller. It is further reported that Czar will build a house on the same lot.

The numerous and pretty plants in the large bay window of the residence of Mrs. John Bradner, are in a flourishing condition, and presents a pretty sight. Mrs. Bradner is very fond of flowers and by careful attention keeps them in the best of condition.

Carl Heide, who has charge of the Sta. weather green houses, has 70,000 cabbage plants growing for the spring setting out. He intends setting out 100,000 cabbages, one acre of tomatoes and one acre of onions. He expects to ship a large quantity of cabbages to Chicago, Ill. Carl says a large new green house will be built next fall to accommodate the increasing business.

## SPRING

Will soon be here and you will all

## WANT SEEDS

We are headquarters for Alsylke, Mammoth and June Clover, Timothy Seed and Field Peas.

Buy your Garden Seeds in bulk and save money. We have a Complete Stock.

Our Seeds are best quality at Lowest Prices.

Feed of all Kinds. "Pearl Dust" Flour, \$3.09 per Hbl., 39 cents per sack. Hard and Soft Coal.

Give us your orders. All goods delivered promptly.

L.C. Hough & Son.  
F. & P. M. Elevator.

## We Must Have

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## MONEY! MONEY!

The time to buy goods is when prices are right. Everybody at this present date is aware that goods are now sold at very close prices, and we have decided to make the following great reductions of a few of our many articles:

Bed Room Suit that sold for \$35 now \$30	30	25
	25	20
	20	18
	17	15
Side Boards	23	20
	22	19
	17	15
Combination Book Cases at	30	25
	25	21
	23	20
Ladies Writing Desks at	20	17.50
	14	13.00
	13	12
Large Elegant Oak Stands only		1.65
Spring Beds, well worth	\$3.00	2.25
		3.25
		2.75
		3.50
		3.00

A large line of Rockers to be sold at cost and below cost. We also have a large line of Picture Mouldings that will be closed out at cost. Now is your chance people to get your pictures framed for a little money. Remember that we have many other articles that will be sold at great reductions. Come one and all and we will make you happy.

**BASSETT & SON.**

PLYMOUTH

# INGHAM CO. GRAND JURY

## RETURNS SIX TRUE BILLS AGAINST TEN MEN.

Three Indictments Against Joachim, Ham-bitzer, Berry and Ellis.—Other Michigan News.

The Ingham county grand jury investigating the constitutional amendment frauds of 1891 and 1893 has concluded its work and returned six true bills against 10 men as follows:

First, an indictment against Attorney-General Ellis for forgery of Gogebic county returns upon the salary amendment of 1891.

Second, an indictment against Secretary of State Joachim, Treasurer Ham-bitzer and Land Commissioner Berry, who constitute the board of state canvassers, for making a false public record of the vote cast upon the salaries amendment of 1893.

Third, an indictment, for the same offense as charged against the members of the canvassing board, against Clerks Frank A. Potter and George B. Warren, the two clerks who performed the labor upon the falsified canvass.

Fourth, an information for conspiracy against Attorney-General Ellis, Secretary of State Joachim, Treasurer Ham-bitzer, Land Commissioner Berry, Marcus Peterson, ex-clerk of the state board of canvassers, Clerks Frank A. Potter and George B. Warren, William May, clerk of Wayne county; J. G. Clark and George H. Bussey, of Detroit.

Fifth, an information against Attorney-General Ellis and County Clerk William May, of Wayne county, for the destruction of the records of the Wayne county canvass, while they were in the custody of County Clerk May in Lansing.

Sixth, an indictment against the state board of canvassers for willful neglect of duty.

One of the four state officers indicted will be the first of the entire 10 caught in the grand jury's net to be tried, and while it is not settled yet the attorney-general is likely to be the man. The March term begins March 12 at Lansing and Judge Person is anxious to have all of the accused persons brought to an early trial. The attorney-general came pretty nearly having an associate in the forgery indictment, and that he hasn't got one is not because the democratic members of the grand jury who were in the majority felt inclined to protect any of their own political brethren. The foreman of the jury was a Democrat and the secretary was a Republican. Though one of the most influential Democrats on the jury strongly advocated the indictment of a certain Democrat for complicity with Ellis, certain of the Republicans opposed the indictment and by their votes the motion to return an indictment was voted down. All of which is accepted as a pretty good indication that politics cut no figure in the findings of the jury. It was a jury that, taken all round, rose considerably above the average intelligence of jurors, and in which both the Democratic and Republican members of the state's counsel have had the fullest confidence from the beginning.

Although the jury has finished the work mapped out for it, Judge Person has not yet discharged it, nor will he do so for a week or more, as something further may arise in connection with the frauds that will demand investigation.

The number of witnesses already endorsed on the conspiracy indictment are 54. On the two indictments against the board 23 witnesses are endorsed; on the Ellis forgery 17 are endorsed; on the Potter and Warren indictment 17, and on the Ellis and May 26.

**Men of National Reputation.**

The ninth annual banquet of the Michigan club at the Auditorium at Detroit was the most brilliant of any yet held. The Michigan club is a Republican organization of power in the state, and the large number of men of national reputation in the party who participated in the event shows that its power is recognized beyond the confines of the Wolverine commonwealth. Hon. Thomas W. Palmer was toastmaster and was introduced by the president pro tem., Gen. R. A. Alger. Then followed toasts and speeches by Gov. John T. Rich; Senator Henry Cabot Lodge, of Massachusetts; Ex-Hawaiian Minister John L. Stevens, of Maine; Hon. Stewart L. Woodford, of New York; Senator Wm. B. Allison, of Iowa; Congressman J. P. Dooliver, of Iowa, and William W. Tracy, of Illinois, president of the National Republican league.

In the afternoon, preceding the banquet, Gen. Alger gave a reception to the distinguished guests of the club.

**Suicide in a Hospital.**

Adolph Laundry, a patient in St. Mary's hospital, Detroit, committed suicide. He went to the hospital to have an operation performed to remove a tumor from the stomach. The operation was a dangerous one, and the chances of recovery did not outnumber those in favor of a fatal termination. He had been in hospitals in Minneapolis and Ann Arbor to have the operation performed, but in both cases had weakened at the last moment. The dread of the knife so worked on his mind that he secured a revolver and ended his sufferings by shooting himself in the chest.

**Prison for One Year.**

Sidney Copperrall, a Grass Lake farmer, convicted of criminal intimacy with his niece, Mabel Copperrall, a weak-minded girl under the age of consent, was sentenced to one year at hard labor in the state prison. The extreme penalty of the crime is life imprisonment.

# MINOR MICHIGAN NEWS.

Homer is now lighted by electric lights.

Iron Mountain will vote on the country road system in April.

Work has been started on Marquette's new \$50,000 city hall.

The fish hatchery at Charlevoix has been completed and is now in operation.

The new \$55,000 First Baptist church in Lansing will be dedicated Sunday, March 18.

There are within the boundaries of Michigan 4,000 Indians, including 2,000 Indian school children.

Robert Ruble, of Keeler, was driving with his daughter, when he instantly died from his heart disease.

Over 200 people have been converted at Manistique as a result of the recent revival services at that place.

The Bear Lake village council has ordered that the saloons of that village must go or suffer the consequences.

Several hundred acres of swamp land will be reclaimed at Decatur this season and devoted to the culture of peppermint.

The younger Democrats of Muskegon have organized for the coming campaign, and will call their organization the Tilden Club.

The annual meeting of the Michigan Christian Missionary Association, district No. 2, will be held at Hartford, March 8 to 12.

The Centennial mine at Red Jacket will be put in commission again at once, as a rich deposit of copper has been recently struck.

James Corless was run over and killed on Chittenden & Herrick's railroad, near Lake City. He leaves a wife and four children.

Charles Germain, of Muskegon, has brought suit against the city for \$5,000 damages for injuries received by means of a defective sidewalk.

Dowagiac's lodge of Modern Woodmen has 135 members, a greater number, it is claimed, than any town of the same population in the state.

Cassopolis Presbyterians dedicated their handsome new church last December, since which time 31 new members have been added to the society.

Herman Weidinger was fatally injured Thursday in Solon township, Leelanaw county, by being struck on the head by a falling limb. His skull was crushed.

A rally of the school teachers of Cheboygan, Otsego, Crawford, Roscommon, Oscoda, Ogemaw and Montcalm counties will be held at Gaylord, March 9 and 10.

A Florence, St. Joseph county man, has discovered a process of tempering drills in such a way that they may be used to bore through the hardest iron or steel with ease.

Grand Haven has won her case against the Wiley water works people, and taxpayers say that they are \$100,000 better off than they would have been had the case gone the other way.

One hundred and ten students have enlisted for military instruction under Lieut. Helmick, at Hillsdale college. A heavy canon will be included in the equipments furnished by the government.

Wm. H. Borden post of Ionia will endeavor to get the G. A. R. annual encampment of 1895 to meet there. The matter will be laid before the veterans at their meeting in Owosso next month.

Experts who have examined it say that the clay in the vicinity of Water-vliet, Berrien county, is of the finest quality for brickmaking, and it is proposed to establish a brickyard in the village.

C. W. Thbrpe, of Little Prairie Ronde, has a scheme for developing a water power at that place to furnish electricity for power or lighting purposes to the villages of Marcellus and Decatur.

The Tamarack co-operative store at Calumet has probably made more money the past year than has the mine itself. It will divide among its stockholders \$35,000 as the profits on last year's business.

Capt. Alexander St. Bernard died at his home near St. Clair aged 86 years. He had charge of one of the first steamers on the great lakes, and was pilot on the United States gunboat Michigan during the war.

Marlette citizens will vote at the regular spring election on the question of bonding the village for an amount sufficient to build a 24-inch sewer, and the chances are that the question will be decided in the affirmative.

Jonesville is to have a tannery and rope factory. A company, composed of the prominent business men of the village, has been organized with \$10,000 capital, and work will begin at once in the old cotton mill building.

The village lockup at Manistique will probably be an unpopular place with tramps hereafter, the council having passed an ordinance providing that prisoners must work for the city from now on during their terms of imprisonment.

On the thirty-first anniversary of the founding of the order of Knights of Pythias, Nepeessing Lodge No. 62, of Lapeer, gave a grand musicale, banquet and party in commemoration of the event. It was the swellest affair for years. Six hundred people attended.

A man giving his name as Albert Fisher called on John Kepner, a farmer near Woodland, Barry county, to look over the latter's farm with a view to purchasing. He stayed over night, and the next day disappeared with Kepner's pocketbook, containing \$23 in cash and a note for \$300.

# A FEROCIOUS FARMER.

Fatally Stabbed His Wife, Set the House on Fire and then Suicided.

The most horrible tragedy Berrien county has known for ten years was committed in Hagar township, five miles from Benton Harbor. Frederick Westfall, a farmer about 48 years old, quarreled at breakfast with his wife about some bread, and she threw a plate at him, striking him on the head and terribly enraging him. He then attacked her with a caseknife, stabbing her about the face and head in a most brutal manner. She shielded her head with her hands, which were hacked almost to pieces. He then grabbed her by the throat to choke her to death, but she managed to get out of doors and fell, he supposed dead, in the snow. His son ran for a pitchfork to defend the mother, but he was driven away at a pistol point. While he was gone, to call help Westfall kicked over the cookstove, poured kerosene oil all over the floor and set fire to it. He also cut his own throat and wrists with a razor and started for the barn, falling on the way, but summoned strength enough to get to the shed, where he hung himself. The house and contents were burned to the ground. Mrs. Westfall, though terribly mutilated, may live. This woman was his second wife, and newly married last October. He had a divorced wife and child living at St. Joseph.

**Grand Lodge A. O. U. W.**

The 17th annual session of Michigan Grand Lodge Ancient Order of United Workmen was held at Bay City. Large attendance. According to reports submitted, the order now has 22,288 members in Michigan, the number of lodges being 1,873.

A past grand master workman's jewel was ordered made for Grand Master Workman Parish, of Grand Rapids. An amendment to the laws was agreed to whereby members of the order who enter into the business of selling by retail intoxicating liquors as a beverage forfeit all rights, benefits and privileges of the order. The reinstatement fee for suspended members was changed from \$7 to not less than \$2, the cost being the same as for the admission of a new member. Representatives to the supreme lodge were instructed to introduce an amendment providing for the admission of persons of 18 years of age to membership. The following standing committees were appointed: Finance, Edward D. Foster, George S. Tompkins and Constantine Hannah, all of Detroit; jurisprudence, William H. Baxter, of Detroit; David B. Purinton, of Coldwater, and William B. Seymour, of Ypsilanti.

Officers were elected as follows: Past grand master workman, W. F. Parish, Grand Rapids; grand master workman, Lewis H. Beck, Detroit; grand foreman, Henry A. Fox, Muskegon; grand overseer, T. E. Bissell, West Bay City; grand recorder, W. W. Wilson, Detroit; grand receiver, James W. Wood, Marshall; grand guide, Matthew E. Gleason, Republic; grand watchman, John C. Ellsworth, Fowler. The next meeting of the grand lodge will be held at Kalamazoo.

**Erastus Wiman Arrested for Forgery.**

Erastus Wiman, formerly manager for R. G. Dun & Co.'s mercantile agency of New York City, and builder of the Staten Island rapid transit railroad, was arrested charged with forgeries amounting to \$229,000. He was arraigned before Judge Martin in chambers in the general sessions, and committed to the Tombs in default of bail. The complaint charges that "by various acts of embezzlement, through misrepresentations, breaches of agreement, concealments, misuse of the powers confided to him and gross usurpation of powers with which he was not trusted, he succeeded during the years 1893, 1890, 1891, 1892, and up to February, 1893, in stealing from R. G. Dun the enormous sum of \$229,018.90."

Erastus Wiman has long been known as one of New York's prominent citizens. He was an advocate of commercial reciprocity with Canada, an authority on economic questions, a promoter of numerous projects of great financial importance, and a prominent member of the New York chamber of commerce and the board of trade. He was, until his assignment in April, 1893, considered to be a millionaire. He did much to further the interests of Staten Island, and lived in a magnificent home at Erastina. His name has hitherto been synonymous with all that was upright and honest. Mr. Wiman was born near Toronto 53 years ago, and rose from a poor farmer's boy to wealth and importance by his own exertions. His latest enterprise was the plan to tunnel between Brooklyn and Staten Island, and thereby carry the New Jersey trunk lines into Brooklyn.

**Michigan A. P. A.**

The Michigan A. P. A. state convention was held at Grand Rapids, with about 300 delegates in attendance. C. T. Beatty, of Saginaw, president, and J. A. Glasford, of Detroit, vice-president. Among the delegates were 45 from Detroit and large contingents from Saginaw and Bay City. The sessions were secret. It is claimed the order has 75,000 members in Michigan.

The election of officers was the occasion of a sharp contest and resulted as follows: President, Charles F. Beatty, Saginaw; vice-president, John A. Glasford, Detroit; secretary of state, Joseph McLean, Detroit; chaplain, Dr. Houghton, Lansing; secretary, W. D. Page, Kalamazoo; treasurer, George H. Thomas, Detroit; sergeant-at-arms, J. W. Wilson, Caribou; guard, H. B. McLaughlin, Vernon; sentinel, W. N. Tufts.

**Twenty-Five Killed.**

A St. Petersburg dispatch says: A terrible boiler explosion has taken place at the big iron works at Alexandrowsk. Twenty-five men were killed and 10 were seriously injured.

# GROVER AND HAWAII.

## HIS POLICY ALL RIGHT—HARRISON AND STEVENS ALSO.

So Were Blount and Willis and Wittes—Nobody Blamed but Queen Lili for the Present Conditions.

The majority report of the senate committee on foreign affairs was presented to the senate today. It was prepared by Senator Morgan, of Alabama. The question in point was a resolution asking information concerning what irregularities had occurred in the diplomatic and other intercourse between the United States and Hawaii.

Mr. Morgan in the first place lays down the proposition that there can be no break in the policy of the United States corresponding to a change in the presidency. A new president, however, has a right to change his opinion, and a change of policy on the part of one president from that inaugurated by his predecessor or predecessors must be regarded simply as a change of mind in the same person.

The report then denounces the principle of monarchism. It says that Hawaii is an American state, embraced in the American commercial and military system and that she has a right to expect indulgent consideration, if not active sympathy, in her efforts towards freedom.

The report details the conditions existing in Honolulu when the revolution occurred, declares that the queen was helpless, that there was no efficient executive power in the islands to protect property and that Stevens was justified in landing troops to protect American interests.

The committee takes the view that when the queen made public her decision to absolve herself from her oath to support the constitution of 1877, her abdication was complete and she no longer rightfully held office. Lilioukalanani had only been kept on her throne by the forbearing tolerance of the white people, who owned \$50,000,000 of the property on the islands. It required nothing but the determined action of what was known as the missionary party to overthrow the queen, and that action had been taken. When the troops from the Boston landed, there was no executive head of the government of Hawaii; it had perished. The report declares that the purpose of Minister Stevens and Capt. Wittes were legitimate and that they acted in good faith and with no motives except that of protecting American citizens.

The report declares that the raising of the American flag, and the declaration of a protectorate was unlawful, and the order to abandon the protectorate and haul down the flag was in accordance with the duty and honor of the United States. "To haul down the flag of the United States was only an order to preserve its honor."

The report deals extensively with the question of annexation. It does not declare in favor of annexation, but its whole tone implies a powerful desire in that direction. The Hawaiians, it says, have always contemplated annexation as not unlikely and rather desirable.

Concerning Mr. Blount's report, the committee says that he executed his commission with impartial care, but that in the agitated condition of public opinion it was next to impossible to obtain full, fair and complete information. The committee regards its own information as more reliable, and declares that Lilioukalanani originated a revolutionary movement by her own evil policy.

The testimony covers 739 printed pages. Among the most interesting statements are those made by Stevens and Blount.

Mr. Stevens explained that his reasons for declaring a protectorate were that the Japanese and the British were both proposed, and the latter were making overtures for an alliance with the native population.

In answer to a letter by the chairman Mr. Blount said: "I never dreamed of such a thing as the reinstatement of Lilioukalanani; I never heard it suggested until my return to the United States."

# MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

Grow's plurality in Pennsylvania is now estimated at 185,000.

Dr. A. T. Pierson is again being boomed as successor to Spurgeon's pulpit, the Metropolitan tabernacle of London.

Jacob I. Nave, a Louisville tough, was shot and mortally wounded by John Lemon in his saloon Sunday morning.

A number of anarchists were arrested by the police of Paris. A quantity of chlorate of potash and some documents were seized.

The Masonic temple at the corner of E and Ninth streets in Washington, opposite the Interior Department, was partially destroyed by fire.

The Indiana executive board of the United Mine Workers has issued a circular urging the miners to accept a reduction in the present price of mining.

Unofficial reports from the Illinois wheat belt are to the effect that the plant from last fall's sowing has so far escaped injury from the freezing weather.

Secretary Blippy, of the Missouri board of agriculture, predicts a fair crop of wheat as well as of apples and berries. The peach crop is a failure in that state.

A disastrous fire occurred at Keokuk, B. C., and burned nearly everything on Front street, between Third and Fourth. The total loss will reach \$50,000 or more.

# IN DEADLY PERIL.

Were Many Feeble-Minded Children in a New Jersey Institute.

Two lives were lost and a score placed in imminent peril by a fire which consumed a portion of the state home for feeble-minded children at Vineland, N. J. The victims were J. H. Sage, the engineer of the institution, and his wife, who acted as laundress. The fire was discovered in the basement of the handsome three-story brick structure known as "The Robinson Memorial Cottage." Sixteen helpless and well-nigh idiotic children slept on the lower floors. On the upper floors was about the same number of adults all of whom were unaware of the terrible fate which threatened them.

Just at that critical moment help came and a dozen brave men, headed by Augustus Speer, a stage driver, broke down the doors and rushed into the burning building, rescuing the children at the imminent risk of their own lives, and carrying to a place of safety, through the bitter cold winds, the women who had slept in the upper floors. It was thought that all had been saved when the white and terror-stricken faces of Sage and his wife appeared at a window in the third floor, and their voices were heard crying piteously for help.

Just as help was about to come, and at a time when it seemed as if they would surely be saved, both disappeared from the window and were seen no more. The flames swept on, completely gutting the building, the bodies of the unfortunates were found at the foot of the stairway; burned to a crisp, indicating that they had tried means of escape, only to rush to certain death. Loss on building and contents, \$20,000. The cause of the fire is a mystery.

# FIENDISH "FUN."

College Sophs Fill the Freshies' Banquet Hall With Gas With Fatal Results.

The freshmen of Cornell College at Ithaca, N. Y., held their banquet and the sophomores had their "fun," as they call it, with the result that Mrs. Jackson, a colored cook, is dead, and several students are not expected to live. Previous to the banquet the freshmen had a parade to the banquet hall and as they were nearing their destination the sophs made a "rush." Faces were punched, hats smashed and a general melee ensued, in which the police were tossed about like chaff. The fight was only ended when the freshmen went safely in the hall. The banquet went along until 11 o'clock when the room filled with a suffocating gas. Mrs. Jackson, the colored cook, was found in the kitchen dying and several students fainted before fresh air could be reached. The woman died soon after. Investigation showed that holes had been bored through the kitchen floor and by means of tubes, a fatal gas from a jug filled with chlorine, a mixture of salt and sulphuric acid, was let into the room. There was no clue to the party who did it, but it is naturally attributed to the sophomores. Thomas McNeil, of Pittsburg, and W. E. McCullough, of Gilbertsville, N. Y., students, may not recover.

# STEELE MACKAYE DEAD.

The Dramatist Expires Aboard a Santa Fe Train.

The actor and playwright, Steele Mackaye, died aboard a train near Lajunta, Col. Mr. Mackaye was supposed to be suffering from nervous exhaustion, caused by "overwork" and was on his way to San Diego, Cal. He was feeling quite badly when he arrived at Lajunta and the car was detached and left until the next morning, when the party started south as Mr. Mackaye seemed to be resting easier. He rapidly grew worse and died before the train reached the next station. He was conscious to the last, bade all those around him good-bye and said they had done all they could for him.

Dr. Parker and Dr. Finney the Santa Fe surgeons, held an autopsy and found the cause of death to be a cancer in the stomach. Some of the best physicians in Chicago had examined him and all decided his ailment was nervous exhaustion, except one who declared it to be a cancer. The deceased leaves a widow and six children, five boys and one girl, all grown.

# Announced the Republicans.

The election held in Pennsylvania to choose a successor to Congressman-at-Large Lilly resulted in a victory for the Republican ticket greater than any in the history of the party in the state. When the returns are all in the plurality of Galusha A. Grow will reach nearly 180,000. Before election Republican leaders said they would be satisfied if they could show up 100,000 votes to the good, while the Democratic leaders, who made an active campaign, were confident that the Republican plurality could be kept below 80,000. All returns indicate that a very heavy vote was cast considering the fact that spring elections in this state are usually light. The Democratic gains were all in rural districts. The larger cities and manufacturing and mining communities show Republican gains.

# To Wed a Prince.

The rumor is revived that Prince Isenberg von Berstein is to marry the daughter of George M. Pullman, of Chicago. When Mr. Pullman heard that it was a question whether his daughter, in the event of her becoming Princess Isenberg von Berstein, would be welcomed at the royal table, he very naturally rebelled at the proposed union, and in this case the paternal comment was absolutely necessary. This objection has been overcome now and the prince is understood to have entirely won the heart of George Pullman.

# ASTORY OF BLOOD.

BY M. E. BRADDOCK.

## CHAPTER XII.—CONTINUED.

Grillieres went up-stairs, followed by his two men. On the third floor there was a door half-open, and in the room within they saw a man sharpening his knives. The man looked up, and, seeing a stranger, was seized with an instant suspicion, and stretched out his hand to snatch up a shaving-knife, the first instrument of defence or attack which offered itself. But Monsieur Grillieres threw himself upon him. "You are my prisoner," he said.

"Why do you arrest me?" cried the man. "My name is Chaligny."

Duprat, one of the police-officers, had been immured as a hostage at the prison of La Sante during Serizier's reign of terror. He recognized the *ci-devant* colonel at a glance.

"You are Serizier," he said; "I remember you perfectly."

"Yes," answered the other doggedly. "I am Serizier. The game is up, and I know what I have to expect. But if I had seen you fellows on the staircase just now, you should not have taken me alive."

He made no resistance, and was taken to the police-office, where he himself dictated his deposition. Thence he was transferred to the Prefecture. Thence again, after the usual formalities, he was sent to the Depot.

"My affairs are settled," he said to his custodians. "I have done enough to get my head washed in a leaden bath; but it's all the same to me. I regret nothing; I only did my duty."

Colonel Serizier was right in his prophecy. His doom was to be the leaden bath; but the law's delays are tedious, and the murderer arrested in October was not to be despatched until the following February.

## CHAPTER XIII. ATONEMENT.

Kathleen's mission was accomplished. There was no more for her to do. She went back to the Rue Gite le Cœur, broken in spirit and in body. She lay on her bed, and it seemed to her that her life now was one long Sunday, a time of apathy and dumb, dull rest—joyless, hopeless. There was nothing more for her to do in this life. She had given the victim over to his executioners. She was told that the end was certain. There could be no pardon, no commutation of the law's last penalty for such a wretch as Serizier. France would rise up with one loud cry of vengeance were there any pulling for mercy here.

The slow days were on—dull gray days; storms of wind, driving showers, under the fog of November floating up from the neighboring river—and still Kathleen lay on the bed or the sofa, helpless, prostrate, as some pale flower that has been torn from its stem and flung aside to wither. It was had brought a doctor to see her; but he did not even profess the ability to cure.

"There is nothing organically wrong," he said. "Your sister must have had a very fine constitution to survive what she has gone through. It is a case of extreme weakness, loss of appetite, sleeplessness—things that tell without actual disease. If you could get her away into the country, fresh air and change of scene might do something; but she is too weak to be moved."

"We will take her away directly she is strong enough to go," said Rose.

The doctor thought that time would never come; but he held his peace, took his fee, and departed.

Rose and Philip watched the fading life in that quiet room on the upper story as devotedly as if the thread of their own lives had been intertwined with it. But their tenderness, their little plots and expedients, were all useless. They could not lure Kathleen from her solitude, or beguile her into forgetfulness of her grief.

"While I was watching for that man I forgot everything, except the task in hand," she said; "I lived and breathed only for that. My brain was burnt up with one fiery thought; and in those days I hardly grieved for Gaston—I hardly knew how much I had lost; but now I think of him, and brood upon him all day long."

"But if this goes on you will go mad, or die," said Philip, standing beside her sofa, looking down at her with honest earnest eyes, full of affection; "and that will break Rose's heart. Remember how she has reared you and cared for you! To her you are more than a common sister. She has been to you as a mother; and you owe her filial duty."

"Let her ask me anything, except to live," answered Kathleen. "I cannot live without him. O, she must let me go—in charity she will let me go—where I shall be at rest for ever, as he is. She has you and the little one. She can spare this broken life."

"But she cannot spare you—nor I, nor the little one; and it is your duty to live for our sakes. Your natural grief would respect Kathleen; but this inordinate grief, this obstinate despair—"

"Had he died a natural death, I would mourn for him as other widows mourn for their husbands; I would bow to the will of God. But he was murdered."

"And you have brought his murderer to justice. Is not that enough, Kathleen?"

"I wonder whether I shall live to hear his sentence, to know that he has suffered a murderer's doom?" she murmured; and then she turned her face to the wall, and would talk no more that day.

Rose and her husband began to despair. It seemed to them that Kathleen's vital power was ebbing day by day, gradually, imperceptibly. The loss of strength was only indicated by the facts of her daily life. Last week she had risen early every morning, and had swept and dusted her rooms, with only a little help from Rose, who was ever on the watch to aid and comfort her. This week she could only crawl about a little, dusting Gaston's books with trembling hands, arranging and rearranging his desk or his bookshelves, with a fluttered nervous air. A little while ago she had lain on her bed or her sofa all day, as if in mere purposeless apathy. Now the time had come when she lay there from sheer weakness, broken down, fading before their very eyes.

They had gradually schooled themselves to how to the rod. They began to talk to each other about her, as of one foredoomed, unsuspectingly present, inasmuch as she was

to be with them but a few weeks—perhaps but a few days. They talked sorrowfully, yet with resignation, of a future in which she was to have no part, save as a wretched sad memory.

"How fond she would have been of you, my angel," said Rose, prattling mothers' tender prattle to the baby on her knees, "if she could but have lived to see you grow up!"

One day, when the invalid up-stairs had sunk so low that it seemed as if she could hardly last to the end of the week, Philip Durand came past the little *cremerie*, which had once been Suzon Michel's, on his way home. It was between four and five, and already dusk, and he was startled to see the door of the shop open and a light within.

While he stared, wondering whether a tenant had been found for the deserted house now that trade was looking up a little, Suzon herself emerged from the darkness within, followed by a man who blew out a candle, and came into the street, carrying a bunch of keys. The man was landlord, who had been making an inspection of the premises with the old tenant.

"Come, Madame Michel," he said, as he locked the door on the outside, "you cannot do better than take down the shutters tomorrow morning; no one will do so well as you in that shop, and now that business is brisk everywhere, you may make a better trade than ever. I shall not raise your rent."

"O, but monsieur is so generous!" cried Suzon ironically; "everybody knows that rents are going up in Paris."

"Well, I say it shall be the old rent."

"I'll think it over," said Suzon; "but it will be at least a week before I can decide. Certain it is that I must do something; one cannot live upon one's savings for ever."

"It was a suicide to shut up such a shop as that, except for just the week of the barricades. But you are not half the woman you were, Madame Michel; the air of your present abode cannot agree with you."

He wished her good-evening and trotted away, fingering his bunch of keys. Two minutes afterwards she met Philip Durand face to face.

"Yes, she was changed. The woman of the people, the amazon, the petroglyph, was curiously subdued and softened. Some chastening influence had subjugated her vehement nature, and altered the expression of her countenance to a degree that was almost a transformation."

"Monsieur Durand!" she exclaimed, with a startled look; and then she said quietly, "I am a stranger in this neighborhood now. It is like coming back to an old life. How is your wife?"

"She is very well."

"And her sister—Madame Mortemar?"

"She is—dying."

"Dying! That is a strong phrase."

"It is the truth. We have done all that care and love could do, but she is slipping away from us. I have no hope that she will last to the end of the month."

"What is her malady?"

"A broken heart."

"Ah, that is more common than doctors believe! Has she never got over the loss of her husband?"

Suzon had turned to accompany Philip, and they were walking side by side towards the Rue Gite le Cœur.

"Never."

"I suppose, though, she is glad that Serizier was taken the other day?"

"She was glad; it was her own work. She only lived to bring the murderer to justice and that being accomplished, it seemed as if the mainspring of her life was broken."

"She brought him to justice!" cried Suzon. "What do you mean?"

"Simply what I say; Serizier's arrest was brought about solely by my sister-in-law; she watched and waited for him, day by day, for three months. It was she, and she only, who brought him to his doom."

"I read in the papers that it was a woman, but I thought it was a jealous woman—some discarded mistress, perhaps. And you say that it was she—that Lily-faced girl—who tracked the murderer to his hole?"

"She, and no other."

"And she is dying?"

"Yes, she is dying. The task weakened the sources of life; body and mind were alike exhausted by the long patient effort—unshared, unknown by those who loved her—and now a broken heart has done the rest."

"She shall not die!" cried Suzon, with a voice so loud that it startled the passers-by, who turned and stared at her; "no," she went on hurriedly, breathlessly, "if there is a God in heaven she shall not die. If there is no God, well, then this earth is a sham, and the innocent have no friend. She shall not die!"

"What can you do to save her?"

"Give her something to live for, give her so strong a reason why she should live that the tide of life will flow back to her veins, the weary heart will beat strong with hope and love."

"You are mad!"

"No, I am not mad. Go and get a fly. Can she be moved, do you think? Could she bear to be driven a little way?"

"God knows. She is as weak as an infant!"

"O, only go and get the carriage. We will manage it, we will carry her. So; I have but to whisper in her ear, and she will have the strength of a Bonaes. Bring the carriage to the door yonder; I will run on and see your wife."

Durand thought she must be mad; but her earnestness, her energy were electrical, and he obeyed her. In a case so hopeless any gleam of hope was welcome. There was some secret to be told, some revelation coming. He scarce asked himself what, but hurried off to engage the first prowling fly he could find.

Suzon ran up-stairs to the third floor. She listened at the door of Kathleen's sitting-room. There was a faint murmur of voices within, and she entered without knocking. Kathleen was lying on the sofa near the fireplace, her wasted cheek white as the pillow on which it rested. Rose sat by her, bending over her, talking to her in low murmurs. The room was dimly lighted by a lamp on the mantelpiece.

Suzon went across the room and knelt by the invalid's side.

"It is I, Suzon Michel," she said, "the woman who once hated you, but who has since learnt to pity you, and who now honors you. Is it true that you tracked that wild beast to his lair? that when all the police in Paris had failed to find him, you hunted that tiger down?"

"Yes, I found Serizier. They say he will be shot."

"Serizier, you, he shall be shot. The woman of the Place d'Italie—the people who lived in fear and dread of him, to whom his name was a terror—they will not let him escape, now the law has got him. Madame Mortemar, will you come with me? I want to take you to my home, yonder, close to the spot where your husband fell."

Kathleen started up into a sitting position. It was like a sudden awakening to life, as if some magic wand had been waved over her, magnetising the feeble clay.

"What?" she cried, "you live there! I thought it must be so, that night. Yes, yes, take me to the spot where he fell. Let me see it once more—once before I die. To me it is as sacred as a grave. I cannot go to his grave," she added despairingly.

"Dear love, you are too weak to stir," pleaded Rose tenderly, with her arms about her sister's wasted form.

"She is not too weak to come with me. She should come if she were in her grave-clothes. You can come with us—you can help me carry her down-stairs. Your husband will have a fly ready. Yes!" cried Suzon, running to the window. "It is there, at the door below. Bring some brandy in a bottle—wet her lips with a little first. A warm shawl, so," wrapping it round her as if she had been a child. "You are not afraid to come, are you, my little one? I have good news for you at the end of the journey."

## TO BE CONTINUED.

### How Chinese Buy Their Wives.

A Chinaman living in Australia, when anxious to have a wife of his own nation sends a letter to an agent in Hong Kong, written in some such terms as these: "I want a wife. She must be a maiden under twenty years of age, and must not have left her father's house. She must also have never read a book, and her eyelashes must be half an inch in length. Her teeth must be as sparkling as the pearls of Ceylon. Her breath must be like unto the scents of the magnificent odoriferous groves of Java and her attire must be from the silken weavers of Ka-la Ching, which are on the banks of the greatest river in the world—the ever-flowing Yang-tse-Kiang." The price of a Chinese woman, delivered in Sydney, is £38, but two-Chinese women only cost £52; therefore the Chinese import the women in couples. The importer never sees his women before they arrive, and then he generally selects the best looking one. The other is shown around to a number of well-to-do Chinese, and after they have inspected her she is submitted to what may be called public auction. The writer happened to be present at one of these sales. A young girl, aged about ten, was offered, and after some spirited bidding, purchased by a wealthy Chinese shopkeeper, whose place of business is in one of the leading towns of New South Wales, for £120. (The melancholy aspect of the girl as she went away in company of the man who purchased her was deplorable in the extreme.)

### Gold Changes Color.

It is a well known fact, says the *Jewelers' Circular*, that the human body contains various humors and acids similar in action to and having a tendency toward baser metals, and nitric and sulphuric acids have, viz., to tarnish and dissolve them, varying in quantity in different positions. We have abundant proof of this theory in the effects which the wearing of jewelry produces on different persons. Thousands wear continually, without ill effects, the cheaper class of jewelry with brass ear wires, while if others wore the same article for a few days, they would be troubled with sore ears; or, in other words, the acids contained in the system would so act on the brass as to produce ill results.

Instances have occurred in which articles of jewelry of any grade below eighteen karats have been tarnished in a few days merely from the above-named cause. True, these instances are not very frequent, nevertheless it is well to know them, and they are sufficient to prove that it is not in every case the fault of the goods not wearing well—as it is generally called—but the result of the particular constitution of the person who wears the jewelry.

### A Carving Machine.

A wood-carving machine, which is in reality an embossing machine, pressing any desired figure or form of wood engraving into a plain wood surface, has passed its experimental stage, and is now in use with large and practical results. This machine produces perfect imitations of hand carvings of all designs, on any length, width, and thickness of stock, and in the most satisfactory manner. The apparatus is simple in construction, occupies only two by four feet floor space, and is noiseless, automatic in action, and free from dust or dirt. It will perfectly finish from one thousand to two thousand lineal feet in ten hours, and from one thousand to two thousand pieces of panelling per day.

### A Grass-Eating Turtle.

The *Xerobates Agassizii*, the grass-eating turtle of the Mojave desert, is said to be the only one of the turtle species which lives by grazing like a horse or an ox. *Xerobates* digs a hole in the sand to escape the intense heat; is about ten inches in length when full grown, and weighs from six to eight pounds. Coast dealers in curiosities value them at \$5 each.

## ONE PHRASE WAS ENOUGH.

The Parrot's Vocabulary Sufficiently Extensive to Induce Proposal.

A new bird story comes to us from across the water through the Cardiff mail. A young lady was desirous of buying a parrot, so she went to a bird fancier's, and, after examining a good many birds, asked the price of one that took her fancy.

"I suppose you would like a bird that talks, miss?" asked the fancier.

"Well, yes, I should," replied the young lady.

"Then, miss, I cannot honestly recommend the bird that you have picked out, as it only seems to know one sentence, which, by the way, it is constantly repeating."

"What does it say?" inquired the young lady.

"Well, I will begin at the beginning, miss. You must know that that parrot belonged to a very poor family—a sailor son brought it from abroad—in fact, so poor that the mother was constantly running to the pawnbroker's. When the cupboard was empty and the children were hungry they always used to ask their mother: 'Aren't you going to pop (or pawn) something?' Through hearing the phrase so repeatedly the parrot picked it up, and that, apparently, is all it has picked up. No, that isn't a nice phrase, is it, miss?" asked the fancier.

The young lady reflected a moment, blushed slightly, and then said: "But there is more than one meaning in the word 'pop,' isn't there?"

"Certainly, miss," replied the fancier, with a quiet smile.

"Well, I think I'll have the bird, please; I rather like its appearance," replied the young lady.

The next afternoon when George—that was his name—called on the young lady and they were alone in the snug little parlor the parrot eyed him gravely and asked: "Aren't you going to pop?" George gave a slight start and glanced at Miss Ethel, who was busy looking out of the window, and then remarked that it looked like rain. Miss Ethel made no reply, but that parrot repeated the query, looking straight at George, who was seized with a violent fit of coughing. Then there was a dead silence until the parrot, clinging to the brass of its cage, head downward, again asked the momentous question, with almost a shriek. George could stand it no longer—Miss Ethel was blushing most becomingly and her eyes were downcast—the love that had been bottled up in his broad bosom for three years, and perhaps but for the parrot would never have been uncorked, was now poured forth; and half an hour afterward, when he left the house an accepted lover, he was not quite certain whether he would like to wring that parrot's neck or buy it an annuity for life. Marriage will settle the question. What puzzles George is how the parrot got hold of such a phrase.

### One Cent a Mile Would Pay.

President Roberts spoke words of truth and sobriety in declaring that on railroads the luxury of the rich is paid for by the fares of the poor. "Limited" trains, palace cars, sleepers and the like do not pay their way. The plain, ordinary passenger does. Now, there are only a limited number of people who want "limited" trains. The number who will travel in an ordinary way if fares are cheap enough is unlimited. If a three-hour train between New York and Philadelphia at \$1 were run twice a day it would be jammed. The trains on which \$1 extra is paid on ten lack a full load. The "Hungarian plan" succeeded not because of uniform fares, but because of low fares for the most ordinary accommodations and a low rate of speed. Travel doubled in a few months and has gone on rising month by month. The roads are making money and the habit of travel is widening and extending. The first American line which runs trains at one cent a mile with no sleepers and no extra accommodations will be amazed at the travel and its stockholders will be amazed at the profits.—Philadelphia Press.

### He Has Been Doing It.

"You must make allowance for George," said Mrs. Gargoyle, pleading with her husband to overlook his son's extravagance.

"I do," replied Mr. Gargoyle, "and I think an allowance of \$1,000 a year is amply sufficient."—Detroit Free Press.

### Just a Matter of Taste.

"Does your mother give you coffee at every meal?"

Tommy—I don't know.

"Why don't you?"

Tommy—Well, 'cause mother calls it coffee, but the boarders call it horrid.—Inter Ocean.

### Britain's Army of the Poor.

Statisticians estimate that in Great Britain there are 700 millionaire families, 9,650 families "very rich," 148,250 families "rich," 730,500 in "moderate circumstances," 2,008,000 "struggling to keep up," and 3,916,900 poor.



Sarah I. Griffin.

## Only a Scar Remains

Scrofula Cured—Blood Purified by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:"

"It is with pleasure that I send a testimonial concerning what Hood's Sarsaparilla has done for my daughter. It is a wonderful medicine and I cannot recommend it too highly. Sarah, who is fourteen years old, has been

Afflicted with Scrofula ever since she was one year old. For five years she has had a running sore on one side of her face. We tried every remedy recommended, but nothing did her any good until we commenced using Hood's Sarsaparilla. My married daughter advised me to use Hood's Sarsaparilla because

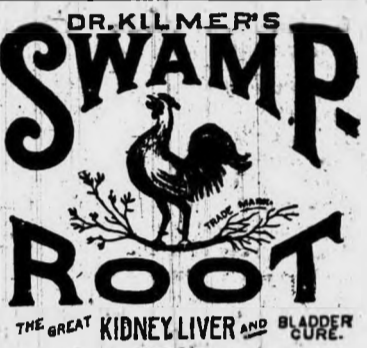
## Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

It had cured her of dyspepsia. She had been troubled with that complaint since childhood, and since her cure she has never been without a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla in the house. We commenced giving it to Sarah about one year ago, and it has conquered the running sore,

Only a Scar Remaining

As a trace of the dreadful disease. Previous to taking the medicine her eyesight was affected. But now she can see perfectly. In connection with Hood's Sarsaparilla we have used Hood's Vegetable Pills, and find them the best." Mrs. MARIA GRIFFIN, Xenia, Illinois.

Hood's Pills cure nausea, sick headache, indigestion, biliousness. Sold by all druggists.



Dissolves Gravel, Gall stone, brick dust in urine, pains in urethra, straining after urination, pain in back and hips, sudden stoppage of water with pressure.

## Bright's Disease,

Tube cists in urine, scanty urine, Swamp-Root cures urinary troubles and kidney difficulties.

## Liver Complaint,

Torpid or enlarged liver, foul breath, biliousness, bilious headache, poor digestion, gout.

## Catarrh of the Bladder,

Inflammation, irritation, ulceration, dribbling, frequent chills, pass blood mucus or pus.

Guarantee—The contents of One Bottle, if not benefited, Druggists will refund you the price paid. At Druggists, 50c. Size, \$1.00 Size. "Familiar Guide to Health" free—Consultation free. DR. KILMER & CO., BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

## 378 ACRES

One land for sale, running two miles, 200 per acre. 30 acres in the best of the R. R. 200 per acre. 561 acres with one mile of R. R. 8-room house, 625 an acre; long time if desired. Two fine mills for sale. No winter or hazzard. Grand hour a cost if the land of the horse. List free. Address: W. H. Blackley, Bowling Green, Ky.

## Ely's Cream Balm

Cleanse the Nasal Passages, Allays Pain and Inflammation, Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell, Heals the Sores.

Apply Balm into each nostril. ELY BROS., 56 Warren St., N. Y.

## BLOOD POISON A SPECIALTY.

If any one doubt that we can cure the most stubborn case in 24 to 48 days, let him write for particulars and investigate our reliable. Our financial backing is \$100,000. When necessary, a few vacancies in towns and cities. Men and women of good character will find this an exceptional opportunity for profitable employment. Send your name to E. F. JOHNSON & CO., 11th and Main Sts., Richmond, Va.



The FISH BRAND SLICKER is warranted waterproof, and will keep you dry in the hardest storm. The new FISH BRAND SLICKER is a perfect riding coat, and covers the entire saddle. Beware of imitations. Don't buy a coat if the "Fish Brand" is not on it. Illustrated Catalogue free. A. J. TOWER, Boston, Mass.

PICOS CURE FOR Consumption and people who have weak lungs or Asthma, should use Pico's Cure for Consumption. It has cured thousands. It has not injured one. It is not bad to take. It is the best cough syrup. Sold everywhere.

Churches.

Presbyterian.—Rev. G. H. Wallace, Pastor. Services, 10:30 a. m., 7:30 p. m. Sabbath School at 9:30 a. m. of morning service.

Methodist Episcopal.—Sabbath Services 10:30 a. m. followed by Sunday school. In the evening at 8:00 a. m. Social Meeting in the church for the young people and others, followed by preaching services at 7:00. Prayers meeting 7:30 p. m. Thursday. Bible from St. Matthew's Epistle, 13:1-17.

Episcopal.—(St. Thomas of Christ) Meet for worship and general explanation of the Book of Common Prayer, at the residence of H. W. Hudson, North Village, every Sunday at 1:30 p. m. All the laymen are cordially invited.

Baptist.—Rev. Jay Huntington, Pastor. Sunday services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Prayer meeting every Thursday evening at 7:30. Young People's League meets the first Tuesday evening in every month. Covenant meeting the last Saturday afternoon of each month at 2:30.

Societies.

W. O. T. C.—Meets every Thursday at their hall, in Hedden Block, on second floor across from photograph gallery. Mrs. C. A. Frisbee, president.

Plymouth Book Lovers No. 47, F. & A. M.—Friday evenings on or before the full moon. P. C. Whitbeck, W. M.; J. O. Eddy, Secretary.

U. of L. Loyal Order No. 5563.—Meets every other Friday evening, from April 1 to Oct. 1, at 7:30; from Oct. 1 to April 1 at 7:00, at K. of L. hall, G. G. Curtis, Jr., R. S.

Tongues of Fire L. O. O. F. No. 32.—Meets every Tuesday evening at Odd Fellows Hall at 7:30 p. m. J. H. Kimble, N. G.; E. C. Hough, Secy.

Clubs.—(Lovers Leap Lodge No. 111, K. of P.—Regular convocations Wednesday evenings at eight o'clock. Visiting Knights cordially welcomed. L. C. Sherwood, C. C.; P. B. Hough, K. of K. & S.

Grange, No. 286.—Meets every second Thursday afternoon and evening, alternately, at their hall, in the Hedden block. Joel Bradner, Master.

BUSINESS CARDS.

J. H. KIMBLE. PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Residence and office 2 doors south of farming mill shop Main St. Prompt attention to all calls.

PLYMOUTH MAIL. M. F. GRAY, EDITOR. FRIDAY, FEB. 22, 1894.

OBEYING THE LAW.

The question of compelling the liquor dealers to obey the law, came up again at the council meeting last Monday evening. It would appear to a man up a tree that the council was at a loss how to proceed in this matter. We have no ill will toward any liquor dealer, and as his business is a legal one, we have no desire to say how he shall conduct it, but if it is not conducted in a legal manner, then we have that duty to perform which every law-abiding citizen has—see where the wrong lies.

In Plymouth we have liquor dealers who are desirous of doing business only so far as the law allows. They would act in their capacity the same as they would obey any law, it all would do likewise. The trouble is that while some are anxious to do business on a legal basis only, others will not, and if those that want to don't keep open the same as others they are going to lose their trade. The idea of the council is to make all do as the law requires, and thus every one will have a fair show.

That the liquor dealers don't recognize the council in the matter is very clear. It was made quite plain last Monday evening as to how the liquor business, and by the way, the gambling business is conducted in this village. As far as the liquor part of it is concerned, the facts have been known for some time and by repeated instructions to the marshals, have tried to stop it. The marshal, in a measure, has done his part and it remains for the others to follow up the work. The council could act by resolutions and requests for a century, but if they don't put any more force to their work than they have they will never accomplish much on that score. It seems absurd for the council to play second fiddle to any one. They have done more than is required to try and stop it. They have ordered, requested, resolved and have known what all to get them to live up to the law, and now they have ordered that they shall appear before that august body on Monday evening next. Just what they will do we cannot say. Probably they will beg the liquor dealers to please do as the law says, and then tell them about the consequences if they don't. Gentlemen, in all candidness is that business? Is that the way you would conduct your own business? Is it becoming to your honored position to be played with thus? Then in the name of common sense why is there not more acting and not so much playing. Stand out on your dignity and act as though you really mean business. The whole community are desirous that you should. Even the liquor dealers themselves will be only too glad when they know that all are closed. Let next Monday evening's business be the last of the coaxing farce and act with more determination or drop the matter.

Publisher's Notice.

Hereafter all notices of any kind that refer to anything that has an admission fee attached to it will be charged for at the rate of one cent a word under the regular paid notice heading. In the local columns such notices will be given by the editor as he may see fit, if complimentary tickets are sent to the office. All paid notices must be given to the publisher in writing.

There will be an entertainment at the residence of Rev. Jay Huntington, on Friday evening (to-night) given by the B. Y. P. U. Everybody welcome.

Commencing with next week's issue the MAIL will charge two cents a word for paid notices in the local columns. Paid notices under the regular paid notice head will be charged for at one cent a word.

The entertainment given for the benefit of the Michigan orphans on Saturday evening last, was a grand success. The musical selections were very fine and received repeated applause. The Sweet Family were clean out of sight. Just before the curtain went up in the last part the P. L. C. B.'s marched in a body carrying their chairs and stationed themselves in a row in front of the stage. When the Sweet family appeared they were received right royally and the fun began. It is really a hard task to describe how they handled the boys. At one stage they had the pleasure of putting them fast to sleep. B, song, recitation and other means they scored the boys right to a peak. The boys furnished some very handsome and costly bouquets for the girls—onions and other delicacies. To show that there was no hard feelings in the matter, the leader invited the boys to remain and meet the girls.

Opera House Precinct.

Eddy Post G. A. R. have removed from the opera house building to the R. C. Safford hall.

Joseph Tessman and Lewis Hassenger moved into the Panches store this week, and Messrs. Black and Burrows removed from the Dodge block to the rooms just vacated by Tessman and Hassenger.

As our announcement in last week's issue we chronicle the following marriage, at the First Presbyterian church, Grand Rapids, Mich., Thursday evening March 1st, Jennie Godrich Hulbert, of Grand Rapids to Vincent Hazen Loomis, formerly of Plymouth, Mich.

Meals Mills.

H. Hughes and wife are on the sick list.

Clara Benton was home last week from the city.

Mrs. Martin goes to Detroit Saturday to spend a few weeks.

Mrs. G. R. Patterson is spending the week with Mrs. Loud.

Who can say that winter did not step down and out gracefully?

Miss Lautenslager spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Forest Pierson of Livonia.

Miss Mary Kennedy of Farmington, is spending the week with Mrs. W. G. Johnson.

Mr. Felton and wife of Flint, have been visiting relatives about here for the last few days.

Notice.

Having sold an interest in my business to Mrs. Will Slater, of Northville, I shall remove to that place and continue to sell as cheap as ever. I wish to thank those who have so liberally patronized me in the past, and would say to any one from Plymouth who patronizes us to the amount of \$1.50 or more, we will pay their car fare to Northville and return.

MRS. C. O. DICKERSON.

Known hereafter as Mrs. Dickerson & Slater, Main St., Northville.

Watch Found.

Found—On the town line between Plymouth and Canton, a watch and chain. Owner can have same by describing it and paying charges. Apply to John Quartel, Canton, Mich.

Don't Tobacco Spit or Smoke your Life away

Is the truthful, startling title of a little book that tells all about No-to-bac, the wonderful, harmless guaranteed tobacco habit curer. The cost is trifling and the man who wants to quit and can't, runs no physical or financial risk in using "No-to-bac." Sold by John L. Gale.

Books at Drug Stores or by mail free. Address The Sterling R. M. Co., Indiana Mineral Springs, Ind. 361

Cure for Headache.

As a remedy for all forms of Headache, Electric Bitters has proved to be the very best. It effects a permanent cure and the most dreaded habitual sick headaches yield to its influence. We urge all who are afflicted to procure a bottle, and give this remedy a fair trial. In cases of habitual constipation Electric Bitters cures by giving the needed tone to the bowels, and few cases long resist the use of this medicine. Try it once. Large bottles only 50 cents at John L. Gale's drug store.

Guaranteed Cure.

We authorize our advertised druggist to sell Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, upon this condition. If you are afflicted with a cough, Cold or any Lung, Throat or Chest trouble, and will use this remedy as directed, giving it a fair trial, and experience no benefit, you may return the bottle and have your money refunded. We could not make this offer did we not know that Dr. King's New Discovery could be relied on. It never disappoints. Trial bottles free at John L. Gale's drug store. Large size 50c, and \$1.00.

STORIES THAT DO TO TELL.

At the book counter in a New York store someone asked, "Have you 'Feathers, Fur and Fins'?" "No," was the reply, "but we have 'Huckleberry Fin.'" At another counter the purchases of an old lady from the country amounted to twenty-three cents. Hesitatingly, she half proffered a quarter, saying, "Can you change this?"

Cardinal Richelieu once listened to an earnest sermon by a shoemaker. The man was simple and unaffected, and apparently not at all dismayed by the presence of the cardinal. "How could you preach to me with so much confidence?" Richelieu asked him in evident surprise. "Monseigneur," replied the shoemaker, "I learned my sermon by reciting it to a field of cabbage-heads in the midst of which was one red one, and this practice enabled me to preach to you."

Some little French-Canadian children were discussing a very important matter with some of their Yankee neighbors from "over the line." The French children are in the habit of putting their shoes on the hearth instead of hanging up their stockings on the night before Christmas, and the little Vermonters naturally thought this a strange custom. "Anyway," said one of the Canadian girls, "shoes are a great deal nicer than stockings to get bottles of perfumery in; because if it breaks and spills it can't run out."

General Horace Porter always tells a good story when story telling is in order, as it was at the Lotus club dinner to Henry Irving in Boston. General Porter allowed that he was always a little bashful when called upon to speak in the presence of Englishmen, particularly after the experience of three friends of his in London. They had been invited to a swell reception in the West End and when they arrived they were met by a funky of gigantic stature, with nose high in the air. "Names, please," he said, and the spokesman replied modestly: "General Badeau, Colonel Grant and Colonel Cook." With imposing stride the funky advanced to the doors, threw them wide open and announced: "General Banjo, Colonel Drunk and the colonel's cook."

MASCULINITIES.

Brown—Which is the best position in which to sleep? Jones—On the police force.

Alberry A. Whitman, William H. A. Moore and Paul Dunbar are negro writers of highly-praised verse in Chicago.

She—Do you love me for myself alone? He—Yes, and when we're married I don't want any of the family thrown in.

Marvelous memory that man Green has! "Yes, indeed. He can remember anything he wants to, no matter if it never happened."

More than 50,000,000 pounds of chewing tobacco are made every year in St. Louis, which claims to be the greatest manufacturing center of tobacco in the world.

"What on earth got into the organist at Ethel's wedding? He played a funeral march as the bride and groom marched down the aisle." "He was one of Ethel's list of rejected."

"While a man rarely marries his first love," said the philosopher, "I notice that he is pretty well recompensed for her loss by the satisfaction he gets in talking about her to his wife."

The late Alfred W. Shield, of Richmond, Va., has left his farm, with all its stock improvements, etc., to his two colored servants, and stocks and bonds valued at \$18,000 to the university of Virginia.

Mrs. Caroline Romney, besides other patented articles, has invented a cellular brickwork dinner pail. Cellular brickwork is made of clay, sawdust and asbestos, and is warranted to keep food hot for half a dozen hours.

Emperor William has taken steps to have the milk produced on his farms at Potsdam sold at Berlin. Carts bearing his name may be seen in the streets of the capital, the drivers of which retail the fluid to any one.

"Bishop," said a young Methodist preacher to his spiritual superior, "won't you give me some advice how to gain and keep the love of my congregation?" "Yes, brother," replied the divine, "when you marry select a woman from some other congregation than your own, and be sure that she is not handsome or stylish in her dress."

CURRENT CLIPPINGS.

Sandpaper grows on trees in Guiana. Atlanta has the odd distinction of a circular boundary.

At present the population of Ireland is little more than half what it was in 1841.

Plastomenite is the name of a new smokeless powder invented by Herr W. Guttler.

Recent census figures show that the population of the city of Washington has increased 50,000 during the past year.

The first horse was brought to this continent in 1518. Now there are, in the United States alone, 14,056,750, valued at \$241,000,000.

Experiments are being made by the French department of agriculture to transform tree twigs and leaves into food for horses and cattle.

Livery and Sale Stable. Good Rigs Day or Night. ALSO Omnibus and Dray Line in Connection. 12 B is Tickets \$1.

H. C. Robinson. PLYMOUTH, MICH.

Plymouth Savings Bank. PLYMOUTH, MICH. E. C. LEACH, President. L. H. BENNETT, Cashier.

4 PER CENT. paid on Savings Deposits from One Dollar up.

Come and open an account with us.

DIRECTORS: E. C. LEACH, L. H. BENNETT, J. B. TILLOTSON, I. N. STARKWEATHER, G. S. VANSICKLE, T. V. QUACKENBUSH, L. C. HOUGH, S. J. SPRINGER, A. D. LYNDON, J. E. BOBIE, WM. MANCHESTER, WM. GEEB, L. C. SHERWOOD.

Every Inducement consistent with sound banking offered to depositors.

E. K. Bennett, Cashier.

The First National Exchange Bank

is now ready for business, in all its branches

In Their New Bank Building.

Your patronage is solicited.

DETROIT, LANSING & NORTHERN R.R. FEB. 11, 1894.

Table with columns for 'Going East', 'Going West', 'Grand Rapids', 'Lansing', 'Detroit', etc. and times.

Every day. Other trains week days only. Parlor cars on all trains between Detroit and Grand Rapids. Seats 25 cents.

CHICAGO & WEST MICHIGAN RY. Trains leave Grand Rapids. For Chicago 7:35 a. m. 1:25 p. m. 7:10 p. m. For Marquette, Traverse City, Charlevoix and Petoskey 7:30 a. m. 3:15 p. m. For Muskegon 7:35 a. m. 1:27 p. m. 8:45 p. m. Local for White Cloud, Fremont and Big Rapids 8:45 p. m.

F. & P. M. R. R. TIME TABLE. In effect Nov. 18 1893. Trains leave Plymouth as follows:

Table with columns for 'Going South', 'Going North', 'Train No.', 'Time'.

Train No. 6, connects at Ludington with steamer for Milwaukee, (during season of navigation) making connections for all points West and Northwest.

Stopping Cars between Bay City, Saginaw and Detroit.

Dropping Hook Cars between Marquette, Saginaw and Detroit.

Connections made at Port Huron and Detroit in Union depot for all points South, Canada and West.

For further information see Time Card of this company.

W. H. MALDWIN, Jr., General Manager. W. F. POTTER, General Sup.

A. PATRICKSON, Traffic Manager. General Office, Station, East Side, Mich.

[No. 8 runs daily from Detroit to Bay City, and no signal will make all stops between Wayne Junction and Bay City, Sunday excepted.] Train No. 8 runs daily from Bay City to Detroit. On Western Division it runs daily, except Sunday.

Mrs. C. E. Passage, PLYMOUTH, MICH. THE "STAR GROCERY" Staple and Fancy Groceries, PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, SCHOOL BOOKS AND SCHOOL SUPPLIES. G. A. FRISBEE, DEALER IN Lumber, Lath, Shingles, and Coal. A complete assortment of Rough and Dressed Lumber, Hard and Soft Coal. Prices as Low as the Market Allows. Yard near F. & P. M. depot, Plymouth.

120 DOLLARS PER MONTH IN YOUR OWN LOCALITY made easily and honorably, without capital, during your spare hours. Any man, woman, boy, or girl can do the work handily, without experience. Talking unnecessary. Nothing like it for money-making ever offered before. Our workers always prosper! No time wasted in learning the business. We teach you in a night how to succeed from the first hour. You can make a trial without expense to yourself. We start you, furnish everything needed to carry on the business successfully, and guarantee you against failure if you but follow our simple, plain instructions. Reader, if you are in need of ready money, and want to know all about the best paying business before the public, send us your address, and we will mail you a document giving you all the particulars.

TRUE & CO., Box 400, Augusta, Maine.

PATENTS. CAN I OBTAIN A PATENT? For a FREE BOOK and full information write to MUNN & CO., who have had nearly 30 years' experience in the patent business. Communications strictly confidential. A Handbook of Information concerning Patents and how to obtain them sent free. Also a catalogue of mechanical and scientific books sent free. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the Scientific American, and thus are brought widely before the public without cost to the inventor. This splendid newspaper weekly, elegantly illustrated, has by far the largest circulation of any scientific work in the world. \$3 a year. Sample copies sent free. Building Edition, monthly, \$1.50 a year. Single copies, 25 cents. Every number contains beautiful plates, in color, and photographs of new houses, with plans, enabling builders to show the latest designs and secure contracts. Address MUNN & CO., NEW YORK, 361 BROADWAY.

What Can't Pull Out? Why the

Non-pull-out

Bow on the Jas. Boss Filled Watch Cases, made by the Keystone Watch Case Company, Philadelphia. It protects the Watch from the pocket, and prevents it from dropping. Can only be had with cases stamped with this trade mark.

Sold, without extra charge for this bow (ring), through Watch dealers only.

Lots of watch cases are spoiled in the opening. An opener to obviate this cost free.

NEW YORK CORRESPONDENCE SCHOOL LAW FOR HOME STUDY 243 BROADWAY, N. Y. INTRODUCTORY LECTURE FREE

## OUR OWN VILLAGE.

### WHAT IS GOING ON AMONG PEOPLE OF THE OUTSIDE

The News of the week condensed for the Benefit of Mail Readers.

New spring wall paper at A. A. Taff's. This Pasterson called on friends in Livonia, Monday.

Miss Ethel M. Allen visited her parents during the week.

H. H. Wood, of Wayne, was in the village this week.

Dr. Harry Bell has purchased the business of Dr. Knight.

E. C. Hough went to Williamston Wednesday on business.

C. H. Rauch and B. B. Bennett were in Detroit Tuesday on business.

Miss Carrie Fenton was the guest of Miss Carrie Brown over Sunday.

Some of our farmers of the vicinity have commenced making sugar.

Alfred S. Lyndon called on his many friends at Dexter last Thursday.

Miss Belle Downer, of Waterford, is visiting her sister, Mrs. J. McK. ever.

Joseph Tassman and Lewis Hassenger have vacated the rooms over this office.

What lots of it! Yes lots of new wall paper at A. A. Taff's.

Mrs. Angelina Ford, of Concord, Mich., is the guest of her sister, Mrs. S. E. Armstrong.

Miss Maud M. Spangh gave a very delightful party to her many friends Monday evening.

John McLaren shipped several car loads of baled hay to New England point last week.

Mrs. Joseph Fornia, formerly Miss Susan Stevens returned to her home in Chicago, Monday.

Fred Borart has sold the Evening News here to Horace Smith. Fred will work his father's farm.

R. M. Nutt is exciting the question of a brand new school house and town hall. Both are needed very much.

John Bennett left for Hamburg Mich, Monday, to oversee the filling of an ice house—60x200 feet, owned by the T. A. A. & N. M. R. R.

The Stockbridge Esc. a recent publication of Stockbridge, Mich., came to our table this week. It is a bright and new sheet, and we predict for it a successful career.

The managers of the "Orphan Benefit" desire to thank all who contributed toward making the entertainment last Saturday evening a success. About \$39.50 was raised.

Some of our correspondents have been a little backward of late in sending us the news in their locality. If you are out of stationery let us know, and we will see that you are supplied.

Chas. Merritt moved into the brick market on Ann Arbor-st. on the 22nd. He bought out the meat business of Gordon & Sweet in the south end of the village. G. & S. will continue business at north village.

3000 rolls of new wall paper at A. A. Taff's.

One of our young men, who recently returned from Chicago, tried to make his friends believe that it was on account of dull times that he lost his position. But such is not the case. The facts are as follows: While engaged in his daily occupation as clerk in a dry goods store, a young lady stepped in and asked to be shown some hose. The clerk got down a large assortment and she selected a pair. "How high do those come," she asked in a diffident way. "I think a trifle above the knee," the unsuspecting clerk replied. With a sner she blushing left the store and the clerk was promptly fired.

A wedding occurred in the village a few days since and the bride was thoughtful enough to remember the editor and his hungry "devils". Now an editor of a paper is generally a very liberal sort of a person, and as a rule "divides the spoils" that come to his sanctum among his faithful "priests". Such was done in this case. It was a circus to hear the dreams that were related as a result of "sleeping on the cake". One of the faithful dreamed that (s)he was stealing cake from a baker (y) at the Gray dawn of early morning. The weather not being very Spring(er) like, the result was a very severe cold. Another dreamed that he was Clarking in an abstract office where a very pretty girl also held forth. He was just at the delightful point of proving his love for her and on banded knees was saying "Ma I have hope—" when he awoke and found himself in the middle of the floor, with the thermometer 14 below zero. The editor—ye gods, must it be revealed. No, it is too great a strain even to think that it was only a dream. Hereafter all cases will be divulged immediately.

Hooker's new saw mill has been closed this week.

Hiram Lyon has recovered sufficiently from his rheumatism to get out again.

Have you noticed Mrs. Roe's handsome flowers and plants in the bay window of the C. A. Roe residence.

Elmer Briggs writes from California that he is driving stage in Sonoma county, with headquarters at Freestone.

Jay Burr was taken down with the grip Sunday. Clay Hoyt assists in the store during Jay's indisposition and Ed. Tassman will deliver goods.

For Sale.—House nearly new, on Ann Arbor St. Mrs. Ruth P. Bowen. 338

Amasa Bradner was stricken with paralysis Friday, 23rd. He is confined to his bed, is conscious but unable to converse. He is 74 years of age and an old pioneer universally esteemed. This is his third stroke.

Charles Schaufele, wrote a courteous letter to the F. & R. M. railroad officials in Saginaw, in regard to his wagon being destroyed by the locomotive of the 3:20 south bound train recently, and has received a polite reply stating that the company was desirous to do what was right, and he will soon get pay for his wagon.

J. L. Heteler, painting, graining, and paper hanging, or anything in that line. First-class work guaranteed Plymouth Mich. 151f.

Those grocers and others who make or sell alleged maple sugar, maple syrup or maple molasses, should bear in mind that the law of 1893 makes it a serious offense for the seller or maker of such goods, unless the same be labelled with its appropriate name and giving the name and proportion of each ingredient used in adulterating it. The penalty for the seller is not less than fifty dollars, and for the manufacturer, or he who falsely labels or misrepresents it, is from \$500 to \$1,000.

The home of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Burch was the scene of wedding festivities on the evening of the 22nd of Feb., the occasion being the marriage of their daughter, Miss Rose Burch and Mr. Isaac Tillotson. Rev. Jay Huntington officiated at the marriage altar in the presence of relatives and friends of the bridal pair. Supper was served, and with joyful congratulations and hearty good wishes, these worthy young people started on their journey of wedded life. Mr. and Mrs. Tillotson will remain citizens of Plymouth.

Some desirable village lots for sale cheap, on Ann Arbor St., Plymouth. Inquire at this office. If.

An event of the season was the marriage at the pleasant home of Mr. and Mrs. M. S. Miller, on the afternoon of the 22nd inst., of their daughter, Miss Mae Miller to Mr. J. Waldron Clark, of Mason, Mich. The marriage service was conducted by Rev. Jay Huntington in the presence of guests from Charlotte, Howell, Detroit, Brighton, South Lyon and Plymouth. A delightful repast was served, and a beautiful display of bridal presents enjoyed, the guests dispersing at early evening. Mr. and Mrs. Clark took the evening train for Lansing, the best wishes of all following. Mr. Clark, brother of Rev. W. G. Clark, late of Plymouth, is at the head of the abstract office of Ingham County, at Mason, where they will reside.

An old editor truly remarks that when a doctor makes a mistake he buries it; when a preacher makes a mistake his congregation buries it up; when a lawyer makes a mistake it is taken away and locked up; but when an editor makes a mistake it is spread out on a sheet before the cruel gaze of an unforgiving world. In a measure the MAIL made the mistake of taking for granted that which was published in a Detroit paper concerning Albert Purdy, of the firm of Purdy Bros., bakers of this village, was true. Since our last issue we have learned that the case was greatly exaggerated. The Purdy boys came here but a few months ago and opened a bakery. They have been hard working and saving, and have made money at what several others have tried to do and failed. They are both held in high esteem for their gentlemanly and obliging disposition. A man Purdy had occasion to visit Detroit a few days since, and while there had the misfortune to fall him that many a stranger has had in Detroit. Thieves sprung upon him and soon relieved him of everything he had, leaving him to be gathered in by the police. When his story was made known to the court he was released and several crooks were arrested as suspects. Mr. Purdy has made no kick to us, nor has he even mentioned the case. He has no doubt left it to the public as to whether there was any truth in the statement as published or not. We have learned the facts of the case from another source and while we are pleased to be able to rectify the error, we regret that a false impression has been sent out. Mr. Purdy, we beg your pardon.

For Sale.—Fifty-two acres, 1 1/2 miles from Plymouth. Inquire of M. Conner.

E. L. Riggs has a brand new wagon.

Townsend Dramatic Co. village hall March 9th.

Do not forget the M. E. church socials next week.

A cousin of the Misses Streng of Detroit, is visiting them.

Reported that T. C. Sherwood will greatly enlarge his residence in the spring.

Nelt Stevens is now working at Whitmore Lake. Reported that his family will soon remove thither.

Joseph Knapp, who has been living upon the Jonathan Shearer farm for the past two years, has removed to Detroit.

J. Robertson, a tailor from Detroit, will occupy the east side of Dohm-trreich's store, after March 1st.

A. Black and Wm. Burrow sr., have formed a partnership and will occupy the second floor over the Plymouth MAIL office.

Don't forget the Townsend Dramatic Co. We can heartily recommend it.

E. R. Putnor and Ed. Harlow have formed a partnership and will make maple syrup and sugar, in D. Harlow's bush, this spring.

Wanted—Clean cotton wiping rags. Will pay 5 cents per lb. Markham Mfg. Co.

D. W. Morland general agent for great northern transportation route, was in town on Wednesday on a flying visit to his many friends here. He reports business much improved in his line.

Grover Place, six year old son of Ed. Place, of Canton, caught the little finger of his right hand in the cog wheel of a corn sheller, Saturday, badly lacerating it. It is hoped the finger will escape amputation.

Francis Baker, conference secretary of the W. F. M. S. will speak in the M. E. church, Tuesday evening, March 8th, at 7:30 Subject, Outlook and Overlook. Everybody please come. A collection will be taken for the benefit of missions.

E. L. Riggs has disposed of his business in Northville and will put his entire time to his fast increasing business here. Mr. Riggs has had everything ready to move for some time, and just as soon as can possibly be arranged will be settled here.

The beautiful domestic drama entitled Delicate Ground, by the Townsend Dramatic Co., village hall, March 9th. Be sure and go.

Mr. Harry Jolliffe called at this office on Monday and handed us eighteen subscribers. He stated that while on his way to dinner and coming from his home to this office he got the naps, being about 30 minutes doing so. We are indeed pleased to have our friends show that they appreciate our efforts in this way.

Ivor, 13 year old son of Hop Williams, surprised some musicians Tuesday, by the manner in which he played the violin for them. Considering his age and the time he has been learning to play, he did remarkably well and will make a fine player if he keeps it up.

For Sale—One light double wagon, nearly new. Made by Chas. Brems. Will sell cheap, and take good paper if necessary. W. F. Markham.

We learn that Rev. F. E. Morehouse, the well known evangelist in the state, who has labored so successfully, in the first M. E. church in Jackson, Fenton and other places, will be engaged in revivals work at the M. E. church in this village about the 2nd of March.

We mentioned a few weeks since that the editor had a new pair of shoes. Now the office boy (we have quit calling him "devil") has a new pair of pants. We say these are hard times?—Why you Pilot. Surely business is picking up in our neighbouring village. Undoubtedly, felt pants for another blizzard. "Tis an ill wind that blows nobody good!"

The celebrated Townsend Dramatic Co. will give a grand dramatic and musical entertainment at the village hall, on the evening of March 9th. Don't miss it. 25 and 35c. Seats at Chas. Roe, Hunter & Lauffer's.

There will be meetings at the Baptist church every evening of the week beginning Sunday March 4th, excepting Saturday evening. It is expected that Rev. C. Van Dorn will be present to preach and to aid in the meetings. A very cordial invitation is extended to all to attend these meetings.

#### Maccabees Ball.

Thursday night, February 22nd, Case Tent 306 celebrated Washington's birthday by giving their third annual ball in Penniman hall, about one hundred couple being present, many coming from a distance. Tinnam's orchestra furnished the music. The supper was very fine and was pronounced the best given by any society this winter. A number of the Knights acted as waiters and looked very neat with their white coats and long white aprons. Great credit is due the committee in charge for the success of the ball and supper.

# Almost Sold Out

We have but a precious few more Bed room Suits left. If you want one come early.

We have **Folding Beds** for \$10, \$18, \$20.

Worth Double the Money

Owing to our brisk trade this week we have decided to remain in Plymouth, and in a few weeks we will open one of the finest line of

## HOUSE FURNISHINGS

In the state Outside of Detroit, all brand new goods too.

## DON'T

Let anyone keep you from making great bargains by telling you they are second hand. You know yourselves how little these goods were used. Not a mar on them. Come and examine them yourself, at the

Cut Rate Furniture Store

BURT B. BENNETT.

Plymouth, - Mich.

The meanest man in Chicago robbed his dead roommate and sold the corpse to a medical student. You'll have to go to New York to beat that.

Jones, the public executioner of Victoria, Australia, was so gallant as to put an end to his own life lately rather than end that of Mrs. Knorr, who is under sentence of death for wholesale infanticide.

AFTER years of controversy money subscribed in this country for relief of distress in Ireland is about to be released by the bankers in Paris, with whom it was deposited, to escape confiscation by the "government." The delay has been due to failure of the opposing Irish parliamentary factions to agree upon a form of release which the bankers could accept as holding them blameless for its after application. The dispute has been discreditable, but it will be forgotten if further quarrels shall not block an equitable distribution of the hoard among those for whom it was intended.

THE terrible mortality which characterizes attacks of pneumonia in New York has called forth the information that among the Catskill woodchoppers pneumonia rarely proves fatal and the opinion of a New Yorker who has been on an investigating tour that the cause of the New York mortality may be found in overheated houses and stores and vehicles and consequent bad ventilation. This investigator is not particularly original when he says that foul air slays like a sword, but he is particularly truthful, and what is true about the overheated and foul air of New York houses and homes and vehicles is true of the same kind of air in houses, stores, etc., all over the country.

GERMANY is no better pleased with the equivocal position of the Guelph ruler of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha than England is. Von Caprivi explained to the reichstag that the double allegiance of the duke need cause no anxiety. "No German prince could be the subject of any foreign power." In like manner Gladstone explained to the house of commons that the duke would resign his position in the British navy, but would continue to draw his allowance from the revenues because it was "impossible for him to give up his British nationality." It is true that these two statements from the respective premiers are utterly at variance; but in that variance they perfectly agree on the only point of the least importance—namely, that the prince is to rake in all the money he can lay hands on in both countries. That is what princes are for.

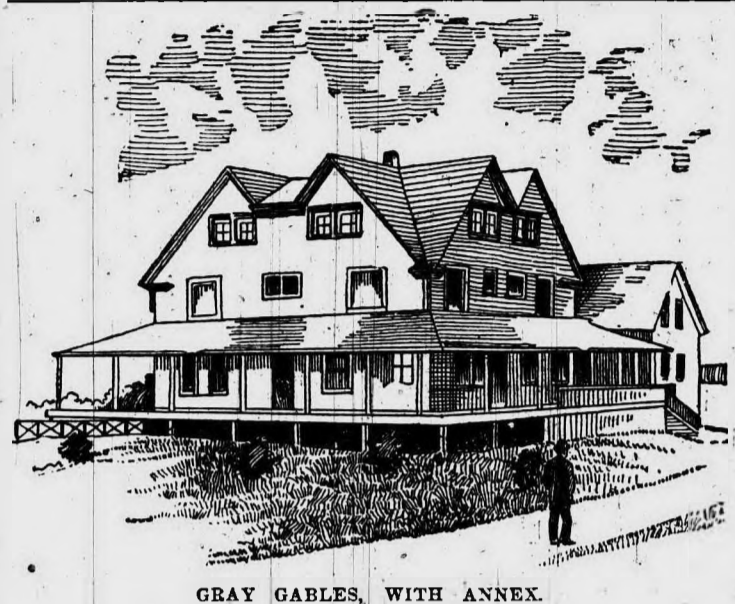
The musical prodigy "Blind Tom," who is known all over the United States, still lives concealed somewhere in New York city. He was kept in slavery years after the amendment which abolished slavery went into effect. His old master, and after his death his children, made enormous sums by exhibiting Blind Tom through the country. Now, the state of New York is about to pass a law requiring the guardians of incompetent persons to make a yearly accounting, and make known to the court the earnings of such incompetent for that period. Blind Tom's mother is still living in poverty in Georgia, though she is 80 years of age. He has also eleven brothers and sisters, and it is proposed to secure some of the money he earned years ago for his own use and that of his relatives. Tom has not lost his love for the piano, and it is quite likely that he may go through the country again giving musical entertainments.

It is full time that the United States government adopted a rational and comprehensive forestry system. The policy of reserving forest lands from settlement or private ownership has at last secured a firm place in the laws. The last administration reserved over 13,000,000 acres. The present administration has already added 4,500,000 acres to this area, and the total in forest reservations is not much below 18,000,000 acres. This is far from being the extent of timber land that should be put under government protection, but it may be considered settled that the reservations will be extended within a few years to include most of the remains of our forests. But it is not enough that forest reserves should be created. They must be rationally used if the country is to get the benefit from them. A forest can, to be sure, serve a useful purpose being left alone, for it preserves the watercourses and feeds the streams that irrigate the farms. But the forest, besides this, can be made to furnish a perpetual supply of timber. The trees are a crop that should be harvested when ripe, and when cleared away should be renewed like any other crop.

"GRAY GABLES" WILL LOOK DIFFERENT THIS SUMMER.

When the Chief Executive Returns to the Buzzard's Bay House He Will Find It Fit For an Oriental Potentate.

WHEN PRESIDENT Cleveland informs his friends next summer that the latch-string is out at his Buzzard's Bay home, Gray Gables will have several more gables than it had last summer and ten more rooms for the accommodation of guests. Besides a large addition to Gray Gables, the President has also had a lodge built near the gate which marks the entrance to his estate. This lodge con-



GRAY GABLES, WITH ANNEX.

tains nine rooms and is designed principally as a residence for the man who has charge of the place, and as a cosy place for Mr. Cleveland to live for a while in the winter, should he care to make hunting expeditions around the Plymouth woods and "down on the Cape." The lodge is built for winter use, while Gray Gables is merely a summer-house, and would be rather cold even for a party of hunters.

The addition to Gray Gables is not at all pretentious. It is back-plastered and sheathed on the inside, the outside is of shingles, and the shingles will be left as they are, unpainted, to turn gray by action of the weather. The new rooms are in the addition, or "extension," and this now forms the main portion of Gray Gables. The old Gray Gables contained only seven or eight rooms.

The new rooms have hard-pine floors. The sheathing is whitewood, and the mantels are of whitewood and in plain design. There are eight fireplaces. Some of these fireplaces are of tiles and some are of face-brick. All the windows in Gray Gables are to be plate-glass.

The new lodge will make a very attractive addition to the estate. It is covered with shingles. It is strongly



A VIEW OF THE PORTER'S LODGE, made and plastered in what is called "molded block" finish. The windows will be plate-glass.

The man who looks after the President's affairs at Buzzard's Bay will probably occupy the "cell" and one of the main rooms. The remaining rooms will be reserved for Mr. Cleveland's winter retreat.

Mr. Cleveland has had new trees set out, and has ordered a general renovation of the place.

A PENNY IN THE SLOT. And Out Comes a Measured Supply of Illuminating Gas.

After the innumerable imbecile and robber-like applications of the "penny-in-the-slot" principle, it is pleasant to record a sensible application of the same. Few of these can lay claim to the serviceability of the "penny-in-the-slot" gas machine which is now in use in parts of England, and principally by the corporation of the city of Manchester. By this application the consumer can obtain about 30 feet for one penny.

The penny is placed in the slot in the usual manner, and the rate for gas in Manchester is 3 pence per 100 feet. One burner is estimated to consume about 5 feet of gas per hour, and this system of supply has proved of great benefit to small cottage dwellers, a class to whom the occasional spending of a penny is not so sharply felt as would be the outlay under the ordinary monthly gas bill arrangement.

An Alaskan Land with Its Quiescent and Badly Mixed Population.

James Millar, who has long resided on Prince of Wales Island, and who, by reason of his being the first white settler and now controlling the largest interest, is referred to as the monarch of that island, is now in this country. Mr. Millar is located at Hunter's bay, where he has been for four years in the business of catching and salting salmon.

The strange island of Prince of Wales, on which Mr. Millar has elected to make his home, lies at the mouth of Dixon's entrance and only about three miles from the northern line of British Columbia. The island is about two hundred miles long and from ten to thirty or forty miles wide. It is singular in its make-up, having a fringe of lowland all around. Toward the center are ridges of mountains, some of them reaching lofty heights and covered with perpetual snow. There is magnificent timber in great quantities. It consists of spruce, fir, hemlock,

splendid yellow cedar and a very superior red cedar.

"The island has never been surveyed nor explored," said Mr. Millar, "and some day it must prove, I think, a most inviting field for exploration. The Indians, of whom there are probably some 3,000, are scattered around the island shores in little villages, usually of about 100 inhabitants each. They consist of many different tribes. Most of those I came in contact with are Hydahs. There are between 300 and 400 of them at Hunter's Bay, and they are quite industrious as fishermen and salters of the salmon. The Hydah Indians came up from the Queen Charlotte Islands many years ago and made conquest, driving the native tribe out. The former are very superior Indians. They are intelligent, and pick up anything very quickly. I think they originally came from Mexico, as they much resemble the Mexican race. Some of them, I have noticed, have as fine faces as any white man, and as full and fine beards.

"Though Prince of Wales Island has many resources I do not think it will be of any use for agriculture. When I left on Dec. 11 there was some snow at Hunter's Bay, but still it was not cold. My nearest white neighbors are at the Presbyterian missionary station of Howtan, twenty-five miles away. At my place there are no white persons except my wife and children, and they are away for the winter."

Mr. Millar is of middle age and has a pronounced Scotch accent. He is of a type of the hardy pioneer only to be met with at such far-away outposts.

WE GOT HIS TEETH.

A Convict Who Gives Valuable Information for a Mouthful.

A firm of bankers have just made a profitable investment. Some little time ago a man who had defrauded them of a considerable sum of money was taken into custody, convicted, and sentenced to a long term of penal servitude. As may be imagined, the prison fare did not agree with a man who by means of fraud had lived on "the fat of the land." He complained particularly of the effect the food had upon his teeth. They were neither numerous nor in good condition when he was sentenced, and as they rapidly became worse he applied to the authorities for a new set. He was told that the government did not supply convicts with artificial teeth, and at the first opportunity he wrote to the banking firm in question offering if they would send him a new set to give them some valuable information. Thereupon the bankers, thinking the offer might be a genuine one, sent the governor of the prison a cheque for £5, and asked him to supply the convict with a set of artificial teeth. In due course the convict kept his promise, and sent the bankers certain information by means of which they were enabled to recover no less than £1,500 of which they had been defrauded. They naturally regarded this as the best investment they had ever made.

Federation of Labor lecturers get \$40 a week.

Do You Ride a Victor?



If you ride why not ride the best? There is but one best and it's a Victor.

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WE PAY FREIGHT.  
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**ANOTHER NOVELTY.**  
Our Phaeton Buggy,  
With Leather Roof and Back Curtain, and Rubber Side Curtains, Trimming, Green Leather or Fine Broadcloth.  
WRITE FOR PRICES.  
See our Exhibit at the World's Fair.  
**THE DAVIS CARRIAGE COMPANY, Cincinnati, Ohio.**

**MISSING LINK IS FOUND**  
FIRE AND WATER-PROOF!  
THE STAR FINISHING CO., SIDNEY, OHIO.

CONGRESSIONAL NEWS.

SENATE.—Fifty-seventh day.—Senator DeLoach...

SENATE.—Fifty-eighth day.—Senator Allen...

SENATE.—Fifty-ninth day.—Washington's...

SENATE.—Sixtieth day.—No session. HOUSE.—...

Col. Dresser Dead. Col. Jasper M. Dresser, Sr., died suddenly...

THE MARKETS. Detroit. Oats—Good to choice...

Chicago. Oats—Steers—Common 4.75 to 5.00...

WEEKLY TRADE REVIEW. NEW YORK, February 23.—R. G. Dun & Co. weekly review of trade...

SEEK THEIR FOOD AT NIGHT.

Howling Animals Which Keep Late Hours in the Tropical Countries.

In tropical countries, where the struggle for life seems to rage even fiercer than in the temperate regions...

The Fire Department in every city could not do its work without a supply of Salvo Oil...

Contentment stiffens the joints of progress. Street-car drivers and others who are constantly exposed to all kinds of weather...

No Safer Remedy can be had for Coughs and Colds...

Schiffmann's Asthma Cure. Instantly relieves the most violent attack...

The Puzzle Solved. Perhaps no local disease has puzzled and baffled the medical profession more than nasal catarrh...

There are 800 bathhouses in Tokio, Japan, in which a bath can be had for one cent.

A couple were married one day last week at Winston, N. C., after a courtship of 27 years.

Church bells were made by Paulinus, an Italian bishop, to drive away demons about 801, A. D.

Almost 'tote the Firm.

A most remarkable case of theft was in Whitfield county, Georgia. A family living in the country left their home for a few months' visit...

The human system needs continuous and careful attention to rid itself of its impurities. Beecham's Pills act like magic.

Marrying for money is no worse than marrying for poverty.

The Modern Way. Comments itself to the well-informed, to do pleasantly and effectually what was formerly done in the crudest manner...

When some people get outside of themselves they are lost.

Deafness Cannot be Cured by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness caused by catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

It has often been observed that the nails actually grow on the stumps of amputated fingers.

1,213 BUSHELS ONIONS PER ACRE. Do you want fine vegetables just twenty days ahead of your neighbors?

The native name for a tree which is very highly esteemed in Australia is Bunya-Bunya.

A LOSS OF POWER and Manly Vigor, Nervous Debility, Paralysis, or Palsy, Organic Weakness and wasting Drains upon the system...

There are 800 bathhouses in Tokio, Japan, in which a bath can be had for one cent.

Young Wives WHO ARE FOR THE FIRST TIME TO UNDERGO WOMAN'S SEVEREST TRIAL, WE OFFER "Mothers' Friend" A remedy which, if used as directed a few weeks before confinement...

THE U. S. Government Chemists have reported, after an examination of the different brands, that the ROYAL Baking Powder is absolutely pure, greatest in strength, and superior to all others.

Visitors to Paris should be warned against purchasing any of the celluloid cigarette holders and mouthpieces turned out in large quantities by the government cigarette works.

Abraham Lincoln's Stories. An illustrated book, unparried by advertising, containing stories and anecdotes told by Abraham Lincoln...

It is proposed to tax the salaries of New York school teachers one per cent to form a fund to pension women teachers after twenty-five years of service...

ST. JACOBS OIL CURES PERMANENTLY Rheumatism. GET THERE ELI RADIS CUT THIS OUT...

ARMEMOTOR. The following cut shows the outfit which caused such a bitter squabble among the windmill exhibitors at the World's Fair.

ARMEMOTOR. The following cut shows the outfit which caused such a bitter squabble among the windmill exhibitors at the World's Fair.

Never allow stock to get out of condition. Shiloh's Consumption Cure. The long-aided hog makes the most bacon.

Hamson's Single Corn Salve. Look out for weed seed in the fence corners. Hegeman's Camphor Ice with Glycerine.

160 World's Fair Photos for \$1. These beautiful pictures are now ready for delivery in ten complete parts...

W. L. DOUGLAS'S DEFENDABLE PATENT RUBBER SHOES. \$4 in \$6, best value for the money.

W. L. DOUGLAS'S DEFENDABLE PATENT RUBBER SHOES. \$4 in \$6, best value for the money.

"COLCHESTER" SPADING BOOT. BEST IN MARKET. BEST IN WEARING QUALITY.

WALTER BAKER & CO. COCOA and CHOCOLATE. Highest Awards (Medals and Diplomas) World's Columbian Exposition.

# RIGGS GREAT CLEARING SALE

Our Store is Loaded with good Bargains. Remember Everything goes regardless of Cost during our Great Clearing Sale.

Men's Fine \$2	Shirts and Underwear	\$1 25	Men's 20 dollar Suits and Overcoats now	\$14	Boys' 12 dollar Suits and Overcoats now	\$ 8
Men's Fine 1 50	Shirts and Underwear	1	Men's 15 dollar Suits and Overcoats now	10	Boys' 10 dollar Suits and Overcoats now	7
Men's Fine 1	Shirts and Underwear	75	Men's 12 dollar Suits and Overcoats now	8	Boys' 8 dollar Suits and Overcoats now	5 50
Men's Fine 75	Shirts and Underwear	50	Men's 10 dollar Suits and Overcoats now	6 50	Boys' 6 dollar Suits and Overcoats now	4 00
Men's Fine 50	Shirts and Underwear	38	Men's 8 dollar Suits and Overcoats now	5 50	Boys' 5 dollar Suits and Overcoats now	3 50
	Men's Kip Boots	\$1 50	Men's 6 dollar Suits and Overcoats now	4	Boys' 4 dollar Suits and Overcoats now	2 75
	\$5 Shoes	3 50	Men's all wool Felt Boots	75	Boys' 3 dollar Suits and Overcoats now	2 00
	4 Shoes	3	All Rubber Goods at Reduced Prices.		Boys' 2 dollar Suits and Overcoat now	1 50
	3 Shoes	2 25	All Caps at One-Half price.		Men's 6 dollar Pants	4
	2 Shoes	1 50	Boys Short Pants	25	Men's 5 dollar Pants	3 25
	3 Boys' Shoes	2	All Hats at Cut Prices.		Men's 4 dollar Pants	2 75
	2 Boys' Shoes	1 50	All Children's Underwear about One-Half price.		Men's 3 dollar Pants	2 00
	1 50 Boys' Shoes	1			Men's 2 dollar Pants	1 25

Remember this is the Greatest Cut Price Sale of All New and desirable Goods ever given in Plymouth. Avail yourself now of this great opportunity by buying goods at almost your own price.

The Plymouth Clothier,

# RIGGS

"Ouida" expresses the opinion that the nineteenth century clothing of the Englishman is "the most frightful, grotesque and disgraceful costume the world has ever seen."

Professor Bell, the inventor of the telephone, has been grappling with aerial locomotion in Nova Scotia, and, like all other experimenters in that science, he is very hopeful of success.

Rev. William J. Potter of New Bedford, whose death has recently been reported, was the only clergyman drafted during the war. Leave of absence was granted him by his church, and he served out his term.

Madgadwia, the celebrated chieftainess whose death is announced in a Cape Town, Africa, dispatch, was the original of Rider Haggard's "Ayasha," or "She." Her legal heir (there is no female successor left) is Kashaan III., a Christian.

In his story of the last moments of Lincoln Horatio King relates that Stanton, when the attending physician, with his finger on the great martyr's pulse, announced that the end had come, said with deep feeling, "He now belongs to the ages."

In talking over old times in Boston and Cambridge Colonel Thomas Wentworth Higginson, who has just celebrated his seventieth birthday, recently gave interesting testimony to the decline of drinking among the students of Harvard university.

Andrew J. Davis, a lately deceased Montana man of great wealth, was not noted for his liberality as a rule, but to a friend who was in financial straits he once sent a check for \$100,000 with the message: "Pay me if you can; if you cannot, never mention it."

The testimony of Edward Solomon in a British court that his earnings when in the full flow of musical composition are nearly \$200 a day is edifying. The astonished counsel in the case admitted that this was more remunerative than a lawyer's earnings.

One of the wealthiest men in the Argentine republic is Senor Jose Guazone, the "wheat king." He owns 63,000 acres of land, according to South American papers. He went to Buenos Ayres in 1875, when 20 years old, with only a few dollars in his pocket.

Sig. Crispi is a man of robust physique, with an extraordinary capacity for work. He rises early, does not waste a moment of the day, and puts all his time to the best possible use. He is most abstemious in eating and drinking, and for a period of four years did not once go to the theater, though he is fond of the drama. Society bores him, and his politeness and charm of manner are consequently lost to it.

In a conversation with a visitor from Boston George W. Childs once said there was never any jealousy between Grant and Sherman, though there have been reports that such jealousy did exist, and related Grant's criticism of Kaufman's painting, the "March to the Sea," which hangs in the hall of the editor's house at Long Branch. In the picture Sherman is represented seated before his tent devoid of coat and vest but clad in a fine white shirt. Grant's first remark when he saw the painting was: "It's excellent and looks just like Sherman, but I never saw him with a boiled shirt on."

## MINOR MISCELLANY.

Coccos was sent to Europe from Mexico in 1520.

In this country 65.5 per cent of public school teachers are women.

The receipts of American railways from their passenger travel last year amounted to \$140,000,000.

The only objection to American wheat and flour in Germany is that they are too fine and costly.

The sapphire which adorns the summit of the English crown is the same that Edward the Confessor wore in his ring.

The amount of gold coin in actual circulation in the world is estimated by the Bank of England officials to be about 865 tons.

The North Congregational church of Bridgeport, Conn., will celebrate its second centennial on June 13, 1895. Preparations are already being made for the celebration.

The new Hungarian marriage law prescribes that betrothal shall give no right to compel the performance of a marriage, although it may justify a claim for compensation.

A remarkable archaeological discovery is announced from Treves. In excavating the old Roman walls close to the Moselle a complete Roman pottery establishment was discovered.

Tampa, Fla., fishermen have had such extraordinary luck this year, the best in five years, that they have over-loaded the market and the overplus is being salted for Havana and other markets.

The British board of trade reports that in 1892 there were twenty-one passengers killed in train accidents in the United Kingdom. In the same year there were 116 passengers killed in the same class of accidents in the United States.

Edward W. Highhouse, at present stopping at a New York hotel, is making several large fees by showing to physicians, students and others the pulsations of his heart by way of a large opening in the left side of his chest, through which the pulsations can be plainly seen, the hole being the result of a surgical operation for an abscess of the pleural cavity.

William Hawley, a convict in the state prison at Trenton, N. J., committed suicide the other morning by inhaling gas. He made funnels out of bits of paper and connected them with a gas fixture near his cell door. Then he drew his cot up close to the door, lay down on it and, with a blanket over his head, began to inhale the gas, death finally resulting.

## SCIENCE AND INVENTION.

Among the recent inventions is a "short-hand typewriter," designed especially for rapid work.

A new idea is to have a bath tub on wheels. The tub can thus be filled and wheeled into a bedroom, where the bath can be taken.

The development of gas and gasoline engines in this country has been so great that many believe it is only a question of time when they will supersede steam engines for the generation of the electric current.

A leading Pittsburg glass company has invented an innovation that, it is claimed, will revolutionize the manufacturing of pressed glassware. The powerful force of compressed air is ingeniously applied to the manipulation of the presses, which heretofore have only been operated by a huge lever, which the operator must pull back and throw his weight upon. The new device is simple in construction and, it is estimated, will reduce the cost of producing pressed ware seventy-five per cent.

At Berlin recently an abandoned warehouse was fitted out with fire resisting material, and, as a test, the building was fired. The Siemens fireproof glass stood the most satisfactory test. It resisted a temperature of 1,300 degrees C. for half an hour or more; bearing all manner of shocks and strains without suffering appreciable damage. As regards fireproof doors, nothing stood better than double oak covered with thin sheet iron, between which and the wood there would be a layer of asbestos cloth.

According to the Electrical Review a new device consists in providing a small socket casing, which is imbedded in the door frame directly adjacent to the latch. Within this casing is a miniature electric lamp of the incandescent form, and projecting slightly from the casing is a push-button, which, being pressed inward, closes the circuit and throws a strong illumination through the glazed opening directly upon the keyhole and its vicinity. The illumination is simple to enable the operator to select the proper key from a bunch and thus avoid annoying delay.

## WITS AT WORK.

"Do you think practice always makes perfect?" "No; it hasn't made anything but a row ever since that idiot upstairs commenced with his flute."

Little Johnny—Papa, did you ever make a snow man in the winter? Wise Father—No, my son, but I have helped to make a great big ice man in the summer.

Artist—I painted this picture, sir, to keep the wolf from the door. Dealer, after inspecting it—Well, hang it on the knob where the wolf can see it, and he'll skip quick enough.

Shoe Merchant, measuring her foot—Size two will just about fit you, I think, little girl. Little Girl, doing her own shopping—O, dear, no! That's too large. I can wear half-past one.

"What were you doing so long in the store?" "There was an Italian at the counter, and I became so much interested in his appearance that I stood there and watched until I saw the dago buy."

"I think I did a good job when I put up those strawberries," said Mrs. Snaggs, complacently, as her husband helped himself to the preserves a third time. "Yes," replied he, "they are very good for a put-up job."

Maude—We had private theatricals last evening. They went off first rate, only the folks would laugh in the wrong place. Uncle Henry—There is no such thing, Maude, as laughing in the wrong place in private theatricals.

Carruthers—I hear you are engaged to one of the Rathburne twins. How do you distinguish her from her sister? Waite—O, prior to the wedding I haven't regarded it as material, and when the time comes I presume she will know the difference.

Mr. Wickwire—You ought to be ashamed of the way you encourage that Mrs. Garsup to keep calling here. Do you really enjoy hearing your neighbors talked about? Mrs. Wickwire—No, I can't say that I do. But as long as I keep her here I know she is not talking about me.

The German professor of music to be met with in English drawing-rooms is an entertaining old gentleman. To him recently a lady said, when one of his compositions had just been rendered by one of the guests: "How did you like the rendering of your song, professor?" "Was dot my song?" replied the professor. "I did not know him."

## FRESH FRAGMENTS.

Palm leaves on the Amazon are from thirty to fifty feet long.

Football was a crime in England during the reign of Henry VIII.

Application was made at the New York postoffice the other day for mourning stamps, and the applicant expressed great disappointment when he was told that the government did not keep any in stock.

The Yorkshire Post, having announced the death of John Sedgwick, had to correct the announcement, the gentleman being still alive. By way of putting the matter right, the correction concluded thus: "The paragraph reached us from a usually trustworthy correspondent, and we regret that he appears to have been misinformed."

Even sealskin is now counterfeited, not only with plush, which was a weak device, but with a true fur that closely resembles the real thing. Muffs of this material sold last season at \$3 or more. This year they are as low as \$1.50, and so close is their resemblance to the thing they simulate that women wear them side by side with true seal garments.

In the death of George Miller, Somerset county, Pa., lost one of her most remarkable characters. Miller was seized with smallpox when only three years old, and since then he has been totally blind. Some fifty years ago he learned to make hand hay rakes, and he made them so well and substantially that he soon built up a large trade and became widely known as "the blind rake-maker."

The burgomaster of Brussels has ordered the formation of a cyclist corps in connection with the local fire brigade for the purpose of carrying the first aid to the persons in danger through an outbreak. The men are already being drilled every day, the machines selected being tricycles, upon which they carry a coil of rope, a hatchet and other articles useful in cases of emergency.

Lew Fiscus traded horses with Shad Starr. The horse given Starr was afflicted with the "heaves," as was discovered later, and Starr was dissatisfied. One night he returned the diseased horse to Fiscus and took home the horse he had traded. Fiscus prosecuted him. After hearing both sides Judge Rayburn, at Kittaning, Pa., instructed the jury to acquit the defendant, as it was shown the taking of the horse was not done feloniously, but justly.

## FADS AND SUPERSTITIONS.

An old remedy for nose bleeding is to put a drop of vinegar in the ear.

In 1878, by act of parliament, all persons were ordered to be buried in woolen.

Welsh mothers put a pair of tongs or a knife in the cradle to insure the safety of their children.

In Scotland it is said to rock the empty cradle will insure the coming of other occupants for it.

Roumanian mothers tie red ribbons around the ankles of their children to preserve them from harm.

Lord Randolph Churchill has a choice private collection of teeth of noted criminals and murderers, to which he is constantly adding.

Among the Bengalese shouting the name of the king of birds (garunda) is supposed to drive away snakes. Shouting Ram! Ram! drives ghosts away.

The minister of Paris police, M. Lepine, thinks that vanity is a very powerful motive among anarchists, and with the hope of quieting their activity he begs the papers not to publish their portraits.

John Newman, aged fourteen, son of respectable parents in West Washington, Pa., became suddenly ill a week ago and developed symptoms of rabies. He had not been bitten, but said an old woman had said mysterious words over him and that a red-eyed negro had forced something between his teeth. Some people said he had been bewitched.

## TALES OF ANIMALS.

Ostriches live thirty years.

A black fox's skin is worth \$1,000.

Among birds the swan is the longest lived.

The physical strength of a tiger is nearly twice as great as that of a lion.

The Emperor Duc-Tu of Cochinchina protects his treasures by placing them in hollow trunks of trees, which float about a huge tank situated in the center of the royal palace. There are twenty crocodiles in the tank as well. When he wishes to draw upon this bank all the reptiles are killed.

Professor Garner is by no means a pioneer in the investigation of the Simian language. Lady Burton records in her husband's biography that the late Sir Richard had forty monkeys which sat down daily with him at dinner, and that he had quite mastered the elements of their speech. He had made a list of about sixty of their most familiar words, but the paper was lost in a fire.

While a big herd of cattle, being driven from the ranch to market, was passing through the Snohomish valley, Washington, an immense deer, the largest ever seen in those parts, bounded out of the woods and joined the drove. Partly because of the difficulty of cutting out the animal from the middle of the herd, where it quickly worked its way, and partly through curiosity as to what it would do, the cowboys did not molest it. The deer remained quietly walking with the herd for eight hours, and finally entered into a corral with the cattle at Snohomish, where it was captured.

A fever thermometer is now made in chateleine form for the use of trained nurses.

A young woman of San Diego, Cal., who is noted for her pretty feet, goes barefooted about the house, and tells her friends that the doctor has ordered her to do so for her health.

London has a practical instructor in beggary in the person of a professor who furnishes dogs taught to lead the blind, twin children of unhealthy appearance, and other accessories of the sort.

Miss Gertrude Mitchell of Liverpool, 18 years of age, has achieved the first place in all England and Wales in the examinations for the queen's scholarship. Her triumph was gained over 4,750 competitors.

A runaway horse in Baltimore dashed against a lady on the sidewalk, rebounded, fell, broke his leg and was shot. The terrified lady was assisted into a drug store near by, was found not to be hurt, and walked home.

Young Husband—Don't you quite understand how to cook it darling? Young Wife, busy with cookery-book—Yes, it's all quite clear; but it says, "first clean the turkey," and I was wondering whether one should use toil or regular scouring soap.

Mrs. Jennie Athley of Texas, has 800 colonies of bees, devoted entirely to queen rearing. She is the most extensive breeder of queen bees in the world. She is 38 years old and has eight children, with whose help she does all the work in her apiary.

Princess Marie of Roumania, wife of the crown prince, has an unusual hobby—the collection of perfumery bottles. In this she resembles her grandmother, the late empress of Russia, who left a collection of beautiful perfumery bottles valued at \$20,000.

An every-day soldier is walking proudly down the street, arm-in-arm with his young woman, when he runs suddenly against his sergeant. He introduces his girl very respectfully to his superior officer. "My sister, sergeant." The Sergeant—That's all right, my boy. She used to be mine, too.

## PRISONS AND PRISONERS.

Georgia has no state prison. The lease system prevails.

California convicts each cost the state thirty-two cents a day.

The cost of prison subsistence in Colorado is eleven cents a day.

Virginia's convicts are hired out to shoe contractors and railroads.

Indiana has 619 convicts. Of these 388 are single, 200 married, 31 widowers.

Legal executions in Mexico are by shooting, and take place in the prison yard.

Texas has ten state farms on which the convicts are worked under contract.

The London police rely on their fists in the daytime. At night they carry clubs.

The North Carolina penitentiary contains 200 white and 921 colored convicts.

Smoking is permitted in the prisons of Belgium only as a reward for good behavior.

London has 5,556,000 population and 16,093 police. The total arrests in 1899 were 53,414.

Chinese jailers live on what they can squeeze out of the prisoners or the prisoners' friends.

Three-tenths of the earnings of a Belgian convict are set aside for his benefit on release.

Prisoners, when arrested in Morocco, are required to pay the policeman for his trouble in taking them to jail.

Florida has no state prison. The convicts are leased and subleased to individuals in various parts of the state.

Paris has 2,584,000 population and 7,154 police. Total arrests in 1899, 96,842, of which 26,822 were for drunkenness.

The New York state prison at Albany has 1,243 inmates. The expenditure of the institution exceed the income over \$100,000 a year.